# ACTS OF THE LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 2004 Constitutional Amendment, 2004 First Extraordinary Session, 2004 Second Extraordinary Session, 2004

> Volume I Chapters 1 – 139

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## FOREWORD

These volumes contain the Acts of the Second Regular Session and the First and Second Extraordinary Sessions of the 76th Legislature, 2004.

#### Second Regular Session, 2004

The Second Regular Session of the 76th Legislature convened on January 14, 2004. The Constitutional sixty-day limit on the duration of the session was midnight, March 13, 2004. The Governor issued a Proclamation on March 10, extending the session for the purpose of considering the Budget and supplementary appropriation bills, and the Legislature adjourned *sine die* on March 21, 2004.

Bills totaling 2,127 were introduced in the two houses during the session (1,390 House, 623 of which were carryover bills from the 2003 Regular Session, and 737 Senate). The Legislature passed 280 bills, 168 House and 112 Senate.

The Governor vetoed 5 House bills (H. B. 4119, Allowing a phase-in of the transfer of hotel taxing authority when a municipality annexes a hotel to allow the retirement of any debt incurred by the county or to otherwise phase in the transfer of taxing authority to the municipality; H. B. 4308, Providing immunity from civil damages to workers who in good faith provide services or materials, without remuneration, to build or install certain universal accessibility features in accordance with applicable state and federal laws; H. B. 4354, Authorizing county commissions to adopt ordinances to reduce false alarms; H. B. 4377, Assessing a penalty on those physicians who fail to pay the special assessment; and H. B. 4623, Repealing the section of the code relating to expenditure of excess in collections upon approval of governor) and 7 Senate bills (S. B. 160, Extending time to appropriate money from public employees insurance agency reserve fund to bureau of medical services; S. B. 197, Relating generally to distribution of net terminal income of racetrack video

#### FOREWORD

lottery terminals; S. B. 563, Relating to public employees retirement act; S. B. 566, Establishing Unborn Victims of Violence Act; S. B. 616, Relating to environmental protection advisory council; S. B. 636, Relating to employment of members of teachers defined benefit retirement system; and S. B. 694, Establishing Fairness in Competitive Bidding Act). The Legislature amended and again passed H. B. 4308, H. B. 4377 and S. B. 197, leaving a net total of 271 bills, 165 House and 106 Senate, which became law.

There were 200 Concurrent Resolutions introduced during the session, 98 House and 102 Senate, of which 39 House and 23 Senate were adopted. Twenty-six House Joint Resolutions (12 of which were carryover House Joint Resolutions) and 11 Senate Joint Resolutions were introduced, proposing amendments to the State Constitution, of which 1 House Joint Resolution (H. J. R. 114, Veterans Bonus Amendment of 2004) was adopted. The House introduced 21 House Resolutions, and the Senate introduced 45 Senate Resolutions, of which 11 House and 45 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 82 House bills passed by the House, and 61 Senate bills failed passage by the House. Six House bills and 7 Senate bills were pending conference. The Senate failed to introduce 3 House bills passed by the House and 3 Senate bills, passed by the Senate, failed to be introduced in the House.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### First Extraordinary Session, 2004

The Proclamation calling the Legislature into Extraordinary Session immediately following the conclusion of business and adjournment *sine die* of the Regular Session, March 21, 2004, contained supplemental appropriation bills for consideration.

The Legislature passed 14 bills, of which 1 was a House bill and 13 were Senate bills.

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The Governor vetoed 1 Senate bill (S. B. 1013, Expiring funds to unappropriated balance in general revenue fund to department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections), leaving a net total of 13 bills, 1 House and 12 Senate, which became law.

Two Concurrent Resolutions were adopted, 1 House and 1 Senate. The Senate adopted 4 Senate Resolutions.

The Legislature adjourned the Extraordinary Session *sine die* 8:40 P.M. the same day.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### Second Extraordinary Session, 2004

The Proclamation calling the Legislature into Extraordinary Session at 5:00 P.M., June 15, 2004, contained 29 items for consideration.

The Legislature passed 13 bills, of which 7 were House bills and 6 were Senate bills.

One House Concurrent Resolution was adopted and the Senate adopted 5 Senate Resolutions.

The Legislature adjourned the Extraordinary Session *sine die* 7:48 P.M. the same day.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

These volumes will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia.

These Acts may be purchased from the Office of the Clerk of the House, 212 Main Unit, State Capitol, Charleston, West Virginia, 25305.

GREGORY M. GRAY Clerk of the House and Keeper of the Rolls. 

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196.	(*HB4291)	Continuing Education Requirements for Licensed Healthcare Professionals on the Subject of End-of-Life Care Training
197.	(HB4484)	Allowing a Limited License to Practice Medicine and Surgery Without Examination to an Individual Appointed to a West Virginia Medical School Faculty who Holds a Valid License to Practice Medicine and Surgery from Another Country
198.	(*HB4377)	Assessing a Penalty on Those Physicians who Fail to Pay the Special Assessment 1923
199.	(HB4587)	Including Persons who are Members or Consultants to Organizations within the Definition of Health Care Professionals for Peer Review Purposes 1935
200.	(HB4247)	Clarifying that the Board of Registration for Professional Engineers may Assess Civil Penalties
201.	(*SB460)	Relating to Regulating Surveyors and Underground Surveyors
202.	(SB718)	Authorizing the Board of Examiners of Psychologists to Set Fees by Rule
203.	(HB4641)	Establishing a Credentialing Program for Dialysis Technicians by the Board of Registered Professional Nurses 1992

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205.	(*HB4559)	Providing Urban Mass Transportation Authorities Expanded Competitive Procurement Procedures for the Purchase of Supplies, Equipment and Materials
	RACIAL	PROFILING DATA COLLECTION ACT
206.	(*SB271)	Relating to Racial Profiling Data Collection
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207.	(*SB596)	Relating to Powers and Duties of the Board of Directors of the State Board of Risk and Insurance Management
208.	(SB402)	Relating to the Authority of the Board of Risk and Insurance Management to Promulgate Certain Legislative Rules 2021
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209.	(HB4745)	Relating to Administration of Repairs to Vehicles and Equipment by the Division of Highways
210.	(*HB4033)	Authorizing the Issuance of New Parkway Revenue Bonds
211.	(SB673)	Regulating Weights of Vehicles on Roads and Highways Generally
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212.	(SB717)	Terminating Agencies Following Full Performance Evaluations
213.	(HB4531)	Continuing the Public Employees Insurance Agency Finance Board

214.	(HB4304)	Continuing the Children's Health Insurance Board
215.	(SB578)	Continuing the Design-Build Board 2053
216.	(SB269)	Continuing the Division of Purchasing within Department of Administration 2054
217.	(HB4479)	Continuing the Department of Health and Human Resources
218.	(HB4083)	Continuing the Veterans' Council
219.	(HB4350)	Continuing the West Virginia State Police
220.	(HB4581)	Continuing the Division of Protective Services
221.	(SB268)	Continuing the Division of Motor Vehicles
222.	(SB575)	Continuing the Motor Vehicle Dealers Advisory Board
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224.	(HB4157)	Continuing the Rural Health Advisory Panel
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226.	(SB323)	Continuing the Office of Explosives and Blasting
227.	(HB4248)	Continuing the Office of Environmental Advocate
228.	(SB469)	Continuing the Interstate Commission on Uniform State Laws
229.	(HB4532)	Continuing the State Fire Commission 2066
230.	(SB324)	Continuing the Division of Personnel 2066
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240.	(SB148)	Creating the Tax Amnesty Program of 2004
241.	(*SB404)	Clarifying the Term "Behavioral Health Services"; Removing "Community Care Services"
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243.	(*HB4047)	Creating a High Growth Business Investment Tax Credit to Encourage Investment by State Citizens and Businesses in Certain Companies Started by Fellow West Virginians
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### MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

#### **REGULAR SESSION, 2004**

### OFFICERS

### Speaker — Robert S. Kiss, Beckley Clerk — Gregory M. Gray, Charleston Sergeant at Arms — Oce Smith, Fairmont Doorkeeper — John A. Roberts, Hedgesville

District	Name	Address	Legislative Service
First	Joe DeLong (D)	Weirton	75th-76th
	Randy Swartzmiller (D)		
Second	Timothy R. Ennis (D)	Wellsburg	72nd-76th
	Jack Yost (D)	Wellsburg	76th
Third	Christopher Wakim (R)		
	L. Gil White (R)		
Fourth	Kenneth D. Tucker (D)		
	Scott G. Varner (D)	Moundsville	71st-76th
Fifth	Dave Pethtel (D)	Hundred	69th-71st; 74th-76th
Sixth	William Roger Romine (R)	West Union	75th-76th
	Otis A. Leggett (R)		
Eighth	Everette W. Anderson, Jr.(R)	Williamstown	71st-76th
	Larry W. Border (R)		
Tenth	Tom Azinger (R)	Vienna	72nd-76th
	J. D. Beane (D)	Parkersburg	70th-76th
	John Ellem (R)		
Eleventh	Bob Ashley (R)		
	Mitch Carmichael (R)		
	Dale Martin (D)		
Fourteenth	Mike Hall (R)		
i our toontar	Patti Eagloski Schoen (R)		
Fifteenth	Kevin J. Craig (D)		
I incontai	Margarette R. Leach (D)		
Sixteenth	Greg Howard (R)	Huntington	76th
Sixteenth			
	Kelli Sobonya (R)		
Seventeenth	Don C. Perdue (D)		
Seventeentin			65th, Resigned 6/81; 75th-76th
Fighteenth	Earnest H. Kuhn (D)		
Nineteentii	Greg Butcher (D)		
			66th; 68th-70th; 74th-76th
	Lidella Wilson Hrutkay (D)		
Transford	Bill Wright (D)	. Soa	/oth
	K. Steven Kominar (D)		
•	•		Appt. 9/11/92,70th; 71st-76th
Twenty-second	Richard Browning (D)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Rick Staton (D)		
Iwenty-third	Emily Yeager (D)	Welch	Appt. 3/10/93, 71st; 72nd-76th
Twenty-fourth .	Eustace Frederick (D)	Bluefield	Appt. 10/17/93, 71st; 72nd-76th
Twenty-fifth	Don Caruth (R)	Athens	76th
	Marshall Long (D)		
	Gerald Crosier (D)		
Twenty-seventh	Robert S. Kiss (D)		
	Virginia Mahan (D)		
	Linda Sumner (R)		
	Sally Matz Susman (D)		
	Ron Thompson (D)	Beckley	72nd-76th

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### MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES - Continued

District	Name	Address	Legislative Service
Twenty-eighth	Thomas W. Campbell (D)	. Lewisburg	73rd-76th
	Ray Canterbury (R)	. Ronceverte	75th-76th
Twenty-ninth	Tom Louisos (D)	. Oak Hill	67th-68th; 70th-76th
	David G. Perry (D)	. Oak Hill	75th-76th
	John Pino (D)	. Oak Hill	67th-68th; 71st-76th
Thirtieth	Jon Amores (D)	. Charleston	72nd-76th
	Bonnie Brown (D)	. South Charleston	66th-68th; 70th; 75th-76th
	Ann Calvert (R)	. South Charleston	70th-72nd; 74th; 76th
	Dan Foster (D)	. South Charleston	76th
	Barbara Burruss Hatfield (D)	) South Charleston	68th-70th; 74th-76th
	Corey Palumbo (D)		
			66th; 68th-71st; 73rd-76th
Thirty-first	Carrie Webster (D)		
			Appt. 9/5/98, 73rd; 74th-76th
	Ron Walters (R)		
	Charles Rusty Webb (R)		
Thirty-third	William F. Stemple (D)		
	Brent Boggs (D)		
	John W. Shelton (D)	•	
	Joe Talbott (D)		
	William G. Hartman (D)		
inity betendin	Bill Proudfoot (D)		
Chirty_eighth	Doug Stalnaker (D)		
	Bill Hamilton (R)		
	Mary M. Poling (D)		
ony-mst	Samuel J. Cann (D)		
	Ron Fragale (D)		
Zantas as a nul	Barbara A. Warner (D)		
Forty-second		Gration	/ 3rd- / 0th
rony-unra	Michael Caputo (D)		
	<sup>i</sup> Tim Manchin (D)		
7	Donna Renner (D)		
orty-fourth	Robert D. Beach (D)	. Morgantown	Appt. 5/98 served 7 months, 73rd;
			75th-76th
	Barbara Evans Fleischauer (I		
	Cindy Frich (R)	•	
	Nancy Houston (D)		
			Appt. 10/08/93,71st; 72nd-76th
	Stanley E. Shaver (D)		
	Harold K. Michael (D)		
	Allen V. Evans (R)		
	Robert A. Schadler (R)		
	Jerry L. Mezzatesta (D)		
	Charles S. Trump, IV (R)		
	Craig P. Blair (R)		
Fifty-third	Larry V. Faircloth (R)	Inwood	65th-76th
	Walter E. Duke (R)		
<sup>2</sup> ifty-fifth	John Overington (R)	Martinsburg	67th-76th
Fifty-sixth	Robert C. Tabb (D)	Kearneyville	76th
Fifty-seventh	John Doyle (D)	Shepherdstown	66th; 71st-76th
	Dale Manuel (D)		
(D)	Democrats		
(R)	Republicans		
			<u> </u>

<sup>1</sup>Appointed Nov. 20, 2003, to fill the vacancy created by the death of A. James Manchin.

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### MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

#### **REGULAR SESSION, 2004**

### **OFFICERS**

### President — Earl Ray Tomblin, Chapmanville Clerk — Darrell E. Holmes, Charleston Sergeant at Arms — Tony DeRaimo, St. Albans Doorkeeper — Andrew J. Trail, Charleston

District	Name	Address	Legislative Service
First	Edwin J. Bowman (D)	Weirton	
	Andy McKenzie (R)	Wheeling	73rd-76th
Second	Larry J. Edgell (D)	New Martinsbur	g 74th-76th
	Jeffrey V. Kessler (D)	Glen Dale	Appt. 11/97,73rd; 74th-76th
Third	Donna J. Boley (R)	St. Marys	Appt. 5/14/85, 67th; 68th-76th
	J. Frank Deem (R)	Vienna	(House 52nd-56th); 57th-62nd;
			64th-65th; (House 69th); 72nd-76t
Fourth	Karen L. Facemyer (R)	Ripley	(House 71st-74th); 75th-76th
			(House 74th-75th); 76th
Fifth	Robert H. Plymale (D)		
			(House 72nd-74th); 76th
Sixth	H. Truman Chafin (D)		
Seventh	Tracy Dempsey (D)		
			(House 62nd-64th); 65th-76th
Eighth	Steve Harrison (R)		
			(House 72nd); 73rd-76th
Ninth			Appt. 1/9/91,70th; 71st-76th
	Russ Weeks (R)		
Tenth	Anita Skeens Caldwell (D)		
tonui	Jesse O. Guills (R)		
Fleventh	Shirley Love (D)		
Lievenin			s (House 73rd-75th); 76th
Twelfth			
I wentur		Clarksburg	67th-69th); 70th-71st; 75th-76th
	William R. Sharpe, Jr. (D)	Weston	
Thirteenth	Michael A. Oliverio, II (D)		
i initeentii			(House 71st), 72nd-70th 
Fourtoonth	Jon Blair Hunter (D)		
routteentii	Sarah M. Minear (R)		
Eifteenth	· · ·		
Filteentn	wait Heimick (D)	Mariinton	(House 1 yr., 69th); Appt. 9/13/89,
		<b>a</b> 1	69th;70th-76th
<b>C</b> <sup>1</sup> · · · ·	Mike Ross (D)		
Sixteenth	Herbert S. Snyder (D)		
	John R. Unger, II (D)	0	
Seventeenth	Brooks F. McCabe, Jr. (D)		
	Larry L. Rowe (D)	Malden	(House 73rd-74th); 75th-76th
(D)	) Democrats		
(R	Republicans		
	-		
	TOTAL		34

### COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES Regular Session, 2004

### STANDING

### AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Stemple (*Chair of Agriculture*), Boggs (*Vice Chair of Agriculture*), Yeager (*Chair of Natural Resources*), Beach (*Vice Chair of Natural Resources*), Crosier, DeLong, Long, Louisos, Manuel, Paxton, Pethtel, Poling, Shaver, Swartzmiller, Tabb, R. Thompson, Williams, Anderson, Border, Duke, Evans, Leggett, Overington, Romine and Schoen.

### **BANKING AND INSURANCE**

R. M. Thompson (*Chair of Banking*), Perry (*Vice Chair of Banking*), H. White (*Chair of Insurance*), Hrutkay (*Vice Chair of Insurance*), Beach, Butcher, Cann, Craig, Foster, Hartman, Hatfield, Iaquinta, Morgan, Perdue, Pino, Spencer, Webster, Azinger, Canterbury, Carmichael, Faircloth, Frich, Hamilton, Walters and G. White.

### **CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION**

Fleischauer (*Chair*), Webster (*Vice Chair*), Caputo, Crosier, Fragale, Houston, Kominar, Long, Louisos, Manuel, Pino, Renner, Spencer, Staton, Talbott, Varner, H. White, Armstead, Blair, Calvert, Hamilton, Overington, Schoen, Sobonya and Webb.

#### EDUCATION

Mezzatesta (*Chair*), Williams (*Vice Chair*), Beach, Crosier, Fragale, Hartman, Kuhn, Long, Paxton, Perry, Poling, Renner, Shaver, Shelton, Stemple, Swartzmiller, Tabb, Canterbury, Duke, Hamilton, Howard, Romine, Sobonya, Sumner and Wakim.

#### FINANCE

Michael (*Chair*), Doyle (*Vice Chair*), Boggs, Browning, Campbell, Cann, Foster, Frederick, Houston, Leach, Mezzatesta, Proudfoot, Stalnaker, Susman, R. M. Thompson, Varner, Warner, H. White, Anderson, Ashley, Border, Carmichael, Evans, Hall and G. White.

#### **GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION**

Beane (*Chair*), Ennis (*Vice Chair*), Butcher, Ferrell, Hatfield, Iaquinta, Louisos, Manchin, Manuel, Martin, Perdue, Spencer, Talbott, Tucker, Wright, Yeager, Yost, Azinger, Blair, Caruth, Frich, Leggett, Romine, Schoen and Walters.

### HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Perdue (*Chair*), Hatfield (*Vice Chair*), Brown, DeLong, Fleischauer, Foster, Frederick, Hrutkay, Iaquinta, Leach, Mahan, Paxton, Spencer, Susman, Warner, Webster, Yost, Ashley, Carmichael, Hall, Howard, Schadler, Sobonya, Sumner and Wakim.

### INDUSTRY AND LABOR, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND SMALL BUSINESS

Pethtel (Chair of Industry & Labor), Tucker (Vice Chair of Industry & Labor), Cann (Chair of Economic Development & Small Business), Frederick (Vice Chair of Economic Development & Small Business), Browning, Caputo, Coleman, Fragale, Hartman, Kuhn, Martin, Palumbo, Perry, Poling, Talbott, Williams, Wright, Canterbury, Caruth, Ellem, Frich, Howard, Sobonya, Walters and G. White.

#### JUDICIARY

Amores (*Chair*), Kominar (*Vice Chair*), Caputo, Craig, Brown, DeLong, Fleischauer, Coleman, Hrutkay, Mahan, Morgan, Palumbo, Pethtel, Pino, Stemple, R. Thompson, Webster, Armstead, Calvert, Ellem, Faircloth, Overington, Schadler, Smirl and Webb.

### **POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS**

Proudfoot (*Chair*), Susman (*Vice Chair*), Brown, Caputo, Campbell, Doyle, Ferrell, Houston, Manchin, Martin, Morgan, Palumbo, Perry, Swartzmiller, Tabb, Varner, Yost, Anderson, Armstead, Calvert, Duke, Schadler, Smirl, Stalnaker and Sumner.

### **ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION**

Warner (*Chair*), Shelton (*Vice Chair*), Beach, Boggs, Butcher, Coleman, Craig, Ennis, Hartman, Kominar, Manchin, Renner, Susman, R. Thompson, R. M. Thompson, Wright, Yeager, Blair, Border, Caruth, Evans, Leggett, Romine, Schadler and Stalnaker.

#### **RULES**

Kiss (*Chair*), Amores, Beane, Kominar, Mahan, Mezzatesta, Michael, Pino, Staton, Varner, Warner, Trump, Anderson, Faircloth, Hall and Smirl.

### **VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOMELAND SECURITY**

Kuhn (Chair of Veterans Affairs), Shaver (Vice Chair of Veterans Affairs), Browning (Chair of Homeland Security) Swartzmiller (Vice Chair of Homeland Security), Coleman, Butcher, Hrutkay, Iaquinta, Paxton, Poling, Proudfoot, Shelton, Stemple, R. M. Thompson, Tucker, H. White, Yeager, Ashley, Azinger, Ellem, Howard, Schoen, Smirl, Wakim and Webb.

#### JOINT

#### **ENROLLED BILLS**

Spencer (*Chair*), Butcher (*Vice Chair*), Varner and Overington.

#### **LEGISLATIVE RULE-MAKING REVIEW**

Mahan (*Chair*), R. Thompson (*Vice Chair*), Cann, Kominar, Armstead and Faircloth.

### XLVI HOUSE OF DELEGATES COMMITTEES

### **PENSIONS AND RETIREMENT**

Campbell (*Chair*), Craig (*Vice Chair*), Browning, Frederick, Williams, Duke and Hall.

### RULES

Kiss (Chair), Staton and Trump.

### COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE Regular Session, 2004

### STANDING

#### AGRICULTURE

Edgell (*Chair*), Love (*Vice Chair*), Bailey, Dempsey, Hunter, Ross, Unger, Weeks, Facemyer and Guills.

### **BANKING AND INSURANCE**

Minard (*Chair*), Jenkins (*Vice Chair*), Chafin, Fanning, Helmick, Kessler, Prezioso, Sharpe, Snyder, Deem, Facemyer, Harrison and Minear.

#### **CONFIRMATIONS**

Love (*Chair*), Chafin (*Vice Chair*), Bailey, Bowman, Minard, Plymale, Harrison, McKenzie and Smith.

### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

McCabe (*Chair*), Oliverio (*Vice Chair*), Bowman, Chafin, Fanning, Helmick, Kessler, Minard, Plymale, Prezioso, Unger, Facemyer, Guills, McKenzie and Minear.

### EDUCATION

Plymale (*Chair*), Edgell (*Vice Chair*), Bailey, Bowman, Caldwell, Dempsey, Hunter, Oliverio, Unger, White, Boley, Guills, Harrison and Sprouse.

### **ENERGY, INDUSTRY AND MINING**

Sharpe (*Chair*), Dempsey (*Vice Chair*), Chafin, Fanning, Helmick, Hunter, Jenkins, Kessler, Oliverio, Ross, Deem, Guills, McKenzie and Weeks.

#### SENATE COMMITTEES

### FINANCE

Helmick (*Chair*), Sharpe (*Vice Chair*), Bailey, Bowman, Chafin, Dempsey, Edgell, Love, McCabe, Plymale, Prezioso, Unger, Boley, Facemyer, Guills, Minear and Sprouse.

### **GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION**

Bowman (*Chair*), Bailey (*Vice Chair*), Caldwell, Chafin, Jenkins, Kessler, McCabe, Minard, Rowe, Snyder, White, Boley, Minear, Smith and Weeks.

### **HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES**

Prezioso (*Chair*), Unger (*Vice Chair*), Edgell, Hunter, Jenkins, McCabe, Ross, Rowe, Sharpe, Snyder, Boley, Guills, Smith and Weeks.

### **INTERSTATE COOPERATION**

Caldwell (*Chair*), Dempsey (*Vice Chair*), Minard, Rowe, Unger, Minear and Smith.

### JUDICIARY

Kessler (*Chair*), Snyder (*Vice Chair*), Caldwell, Fanning, Hunter, Jenkins, Minard, Oliverio, Ross, Rowe, White, Deem, Harrison, McKenzie, Smith and Weeks.

### LABOR

Snyder (*Chair*), Rowe (*Vice Chair*), Dempsey, Edgell, Hunter, Love, Prezioso, Boley, Deem and Harrison.

#### MILITARY

Hunter (*Chair*), Caldwell (*Vice Chair*), Bailey, Dempsey, Minard, Oliverio, Boley, Deem and Weeks.

#### **NATURAL RESOURCES**

Fanning (*Chair*), White (*Vice Chair*), Bowman, Helmick, Love, McCabe, Plymale, Prezioso, Ross, Snyder, Deem, Facemyer, Minear and Smith.

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### SENATE COMMITTEES

#### PENSIONS

Jenkins (*Chair*), Fanning (*Vice Chair*), Edgell, McCabe, Plymale, Boley and Harrison.

#### RULES

Tomblin (*Chair*), Bowman, Chafin, Helmick, Kessler, Prezioso, Sharpe, McKenzie, Minear and Sprouse.

### **TRANSPORTATION**

Ross (*Chair*), Caldwell (*Vice Chair*), Love, Oliverio, Rowe, White, Deem, Facemyer and McKenzie.

#### JOINT

### **ENROLLED BILLS**

Rowe (Chair), Bailey, Caldwell, White and Facemyer.

### LEGISLATIVE RULE-MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE

Ross (*Chair*), Minard (*Vice Chair*), Snyder, Unger, Boley and Minear.

### **PENSIONS AND RETIREMENT**

Jenkins (*Chair*), Fanning (*Vice Chair*), Edgell, McCabe, Plymale, Boley and Harrison.

#### RULES

Tomblin (Chair), Chafin and Sprouse.

### LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

# ACTS

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 2004

# **CHAPTER 1**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4250 — By Delegates Brown, Amores, Palumbo and Mahan)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §55-7-21, relating to legal actions against psychologists and psychiatrists appointed by a court to provide expert testimony for child custody evaluations; providing standard for good faith; barring of anonymous administrative complaints; providing method for assigning costs of proceedings; and awarding of attorneys fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §55-7-21, to read as follows:

#### **ACTIONS AND SUITS**

#### **ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.**

### §55-7-21. Creating presumption of good faith for court-appointed licensed psychologists and psychiatrists conducting a child custody evaluation; method for assigning court and legal fees.

(a) A licensed psychologist or licensed psychiatrist who has
 been appointed by a court to conduct a child custody evaluation
 in a judicial proceeding shall be presumed to be acting in good
 faith if the evaluation has been conducted consistent with
 standards established by the American psychological associa tion's guidelines for child custody evaluations in divorce
 proceedings.

8 (b) No complaint to a licensing or accrediting entity against 9 a court-appointed licensed psychologist or psychiatrist relating 10 to a child custody evaluation shall be considered if it is filed 11 anonymously and does not include the full name, address and 12 telephone number of the complainant.

13 (c) Any action filed against a licensed psychologist or licensed psychiatrist alleging tortious conduct related to 14 evidence provided while acting as a court-appointed expert in 15 a child custody matter shall contain a recitation of a specific 16 17 allegation of breaches of American psychological association's guidelines for child custody evaluations in divorce proceedings. 18 19 Failure to specifically plead such violations shall be cause for dismissal of the action. 20

(d) Any licensed psychologist or licensed psychiatrist who is named in a civil action as a defendant because of his or her performance of a child custody evaluation while acting as a court-appointed expert and who prevails due to a finding that he or she acted consistently with the American psychological association's guidelines shall be entitled to reimbursement of all reasonable costs and attorneys fees expended. Ch. 2]

**ACTIONS AND SUITS** 



# **CHAPTER 2**

(H. B. 4658 — By Delegates Stemple and Faircloth)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §55-7-22, relating to defense of property; providing limited immunity from civil liability; and exceptions.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §55-7-22, to read as follows:

### **ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.**

### §55-7-22. Civil immunity to persons resisting criminal activities.

(a) Any person who unlawfully enters upon the property of
 another for purposes of engaging in criminal conduct assumes
 the risk for any injury caused to him or her by the reasonable
 and proportionate acts of the owner or his agent in resisting the
 commission of the criminal conduct.

6 (b) The provisions of this section do not apply to the 7 creation of a hazardous or dangerous condition on the property 8 designed to prevent criminal conduct or cause injury to a person 9 engaging in criminal conduct. ACTIONS AND SUITS



# CHAPTER 3

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 3097 — By Delegates Craig, Leach, Morgan, Smirl, Beach and Amores)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §14-2-2a, relating to prescribing proper venue in suits involving West Virginia University or Marshall University.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §14-2-2a, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

### §14-2-2a. Venue for suits and actions involving West Virginia University and Marshall University.

1 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two of this 2 article, any civil action in which the West Virginia University 3 board of governors, West Virginia University, the West Vir-4 ginia University Medical School, or any department or office of 5 any of those entities, or any officer, employee, agent, intern or resident of any of those entities, acting within the scope of his 6 or her employment, is made a party defendant, shall be brought 7 8 in the circuit court of any county wherein the cause of action 9 arose, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.

10 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two of this 11 article, any civil action in which Marshall University board of

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governors, Marshall University, the Marshall University School
of Medicine or any department or office of any of those entities,
or any officer, employee, agent, intern or resident of any of
those entities, acting within the scope of his or her employment,
is made a party defendant, shall be brought in the circuit court
of any county wherein the cause of action arose, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.

19 (c) The exclusive venue provisions of this section are not20 applicable to:

(1) An action involving an entity or person named in subsections (a) or (b) of this section as garnishee or suggestee; and

(2) A proceeding for injunctive or mandamus relief involving the taking, title, or collection for or prevention of damage
to real property, and where general laws or court rules provide
that proper venue is in the county in which the real property
affected is situate.

(d) This section shall apply only to such proceedings as are
not prohibited by the constitutional immunity of the state from
suit under section thirty-five, article VI of the Constitution of
the state.



# **CHAPTER 4**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 209 — By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, Chafin, Sharpe, Minear, Ross, Unger, McCabe, Rowe, Fanning, Facemyer, Helmick, White, Plymale, Jenkins, Sprouse and Bowman)

[Passed February 26, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-6-4a, relating to requiring review of certain state leases and purchases of real property by the joint committee on government and finance; requiring the secretary of administration to provide copies of contracts, agreements and reports; and requiring an inventory and master plan for the utilization of office space for state agencies.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-6-4a, to read as follows:

### **ARTICLE 6. STATE BUILDINGS.**

### §5-6-4a. Review of real property contracts and agreements; master plan for office space.

1 (a) The secretary of administration shall provide to the joint committee on government and finance a copy of a contract or 2 3 agreement for real property exceeding one million dollars and 4 a report setting forth a detailed summary of the terms of the 5 contract or agreement, including the name of the owner of the 6 property and the agent involved in the sale, at least thirty days prior to any sale, exchange, transfer, purchase, lease purchase, 7 lease or rental of real property, any refundings of lease pur-8 9 chases, leases or rental agreements, any construction of new 10 buildings and any other acquisition or lease of buildings, office space or grounds by any state agency, including the higher edu-11 12 cation policy commission, but excepting the transactions of the division of highways for state road purposes pursuant to article 13 14 two-a, chapter seventeen of this code: Provided, That a contract or agreement for the lease purchase, lease or rental of real prop-15 16 erty by any state agency, where the costs of real property acqui-17 sition and improvements are to be financed, in whole or in part, 18 with bond proceeds, may contain a preliminary schedule of 19 rents and leases for purposes of review by the committee.

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(b) For renewals of contracts or agreements required to be
reported by the provisions of this section, the secretary of administration shall provide a report setting forth a detailed summary of the terms of the contract or agreement, including the
name of the owner of the property.

- (c) Within thirty days after receipt of the contract, agreement or report, the committee shall meet and review the contract, agreement or report.
- 28 (d) On or before the first day of July, two thousand six, the
- 29 secretary of administration shall conduct an inventory of avail-
- 30 able office space and office space needs and shall develop and
- 31 present a master plan for the utilization of office space for state
- 32 agencies to the joint committee on government and finance.



# **CHAPTER 5**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4266 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegates Walters, Trump, Webb, Beane, Cann and Browning)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §5-29-1 and §5-29-2, all relating to requiring certain state regulatory agencies to study ways and develop plans to expedite the issuance and renewal of licenses, permits and certificates to business entities in good standing; and requiring reports to the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §5-29-1 and §5-29-2, all to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 29. EXPEDITIOUS ISSUANCE OF LICENSES BY REGULATORY AGENCIES.

§5-29-1. Purpose of article.

8

§5-29-2. Regulatory agencies to study expedited permits, licenses and certificates; reports to the Legislature.

### §5-29-1. Purpose of article.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to provide for more expedi-
- 2 tious and efficient issuance of permits, licenses or certificates
- 3 by state regulatory agencies to business entities that are in good
- 4 standing in the payment of taxes and other obligations to the
- 5 state. For the purposes of this article, a business entity in good
- 6 standing is one that:
- 7 (1) Has conducted commercial activities in this state for at8 least two years;
- 9 (2) Has paid any business tax, workers' compensation or 10 unemployment compensation premiums due in the preceding 11 two years; and
- (3) Has not engaged in activities for which any claim of asubstantial violation of any statute or rule has occurred in the
- 14 previous two years.

### \$5-29-2. Regulatory agencies to study expedited permits, licenses and certificates; reports to the Legislature.

- 1 (a) The following regulatory agencies shall study, review
- 2 and develop a plan for expediting the issuance and renewal of
- 3 permits, licenses and certificates for business entities in good
- 4 standing:

5 (1) Division of labor;

6 (2) The office of miners' health, safety and training; (3) the7 division of forestry;

- 8 (4) The office of health facilities licensure and certification9 within the department of health and human resources; and
- 10 (5) The department of environmental protection excepting11 the oil and gas inspectors' examining board.

(b) On or before the first day of December, two thousand four, each agency to which this article applies shall file a report with the joint standing committee on government organization, setting forth the findings of its study, its plan to expedite the issuance and renewal of permits, licenses and certificates to business entities in good standing, and its recommendations for any legislation required to meet the purposes of this article.



# **CHAPTER 6**

(H. B. 4134 — By Delegates Pethtel, Varner, Stemple, Ennis, Schadler and Beane)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5A-1A-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to deleting reference to the secretary of the department of commerce, labor and environmental services as a member of the employee suggestion award program and replacing the reference with the governor's chief technology officer; and increasing membership in the program by one senator and one delegate.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5A-1A-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1A. CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER.

### §5A-1A-2. Board created; term of members.

1 There is hereby continued an employee suggestion award 2 board which shall be composed of the secretary of administra-3 tion or his or her designee, governor's chief technology officer 4 or his or her designee, the president of the Senate or his or her 5 designee, the speaker of the House of Delegates or his or her 6 designee, two members of the House of Delegates from 7 different political parties to be appointed by the speaker of the House of Delegates, two members of the Senate from different 8 political parties to be appointed by the president of the Senate, 9 10 and the secretary of the department of health and human 11 resources or his or her designee. The terms of the members of 12 the board shall be consistent with the terms of the offices to 13 which they have been elected or appointed.

# CHAPTER 7

(S. B. 100 — By Senators Rowe, Caldwell, White and Hunter)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5A-3-10a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to prohibiting the state and its political subdivisions from contracting with vendors owing a debt to the state or its political subdivisions.

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### Ch. 7] ADMINISTRATION

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5A-3-10a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### **ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.**

### §5A-3-10a. Prohibition for awarding contracts to vendors which owe a debt to the state or its political subdivisions.

(a) Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning,
 for the purposes of this section, the terms:

3 (1) "Debt" means any assessment, premium, penalty, fine, 4 tax or other amount of money owed to the state or any of its political subdivisions because of a judgment, fine, permit 5 violation, license assessment, defaulted workers' compensation 6 7 premium, penalty or other assessment presently delinquent or 8 due and required to be paid to the state or any of its political 9 subdivisions, including any interest or additional penalties 10 accrued thereon.

(2) "Debtor" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company or any other form
or business association owing a debt to the state or any of its
political subdivisions.

15 (3) "Political subdivision" means any county commission; 16 municipality; county board of education; any instrumentality 17 established by a county or municipality; any separate corpora-18 tion or instrumentality established by one or more counties or 19 municipalities, as permitted by law; or any public body charged by law with the performance of a government function and 20 21 whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties or municipalities. 22

23 (4) "Related party" means a party, whether an individual, 24 corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company 25 or any other form or business association or other entity 26 whatsoever, related to any vendor by blood, marriage, owner-27 ship or contract through which the party has a relationship of 28 ownership or other interest with the vendor so that the party 29 will actually or by effect receive or control a portion of the 30 benefit, profit or other consideration from performance of a 31 vendor contract with the party receiving an amount that meets 32 or exceeds five percent of the total contract amount.

(b) No contract or renewal of any contract may be awarded
by the state or any of its political subdivisions to any vendor or
prospective vendor when the vendor or prospective vendor or
a related party to the vendor or prospective vendor is a debtor
and the debt owed is an amount greater than one thousand
dollars in the aggregate.

39 (c) The prohibition of this section does not apply where a 40 vendor has contested any tax administered pursuant to chapter 41 eleven of this code, workers' compensation premium, permit 42 fee or environmental fee or assessment and the matter has not 43 become final or where the vendor has entered into a payment 44 plan or agreement and the vendor is not in default of any of the 45 provisions of such plan or agreement.

(d) All bids, contract proposals or contracts with the state
or any of its political subdivisions submitted or approved under
the provisions of this code shall include an affidavit that the
vendor, prospective vendor or a related party to the vendor or
prospective vendor does not owe any debt in an amount in
excess of one thousand dollars or, if a debt is owed, that the
provisions of subsection (c) of this section apply.

# **CHAPTER 8**

(H. B. 4008 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5-10D-1, §5-10D-2 and §5-10D-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §5-16-3 and §5-16-4 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-16-4b; to amend and reenact §5A-1-2 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §5A-10-1, §5A-10-2 and §5A-10-3; and to amend and reenact §29-6-5 and §29-6-6 of said code, all relating to creating a new employee and insurance services division within the department of administration and revising the law governing its component agencies and boards; providing that the division incorporate the consolidated public retirement board, the public employees insurance agency, the board of risk and insurance management, the children's health insurance agency, the education and state employees grievance board and the personnel division; creating the office of commissioner of the division; providing for the powers and duties of the commissioner; authorizing the commissioner to consolidate or reorganize certain internal functions and operations, transfer funds within the agencies and assess agencies with costs; providing that the commissioner chair certain boards and appoint directors of component state agencies within the division; providing for sunset review of division and office of commissioner; establishing employment requirements for director of public employees insurance agency; and adding members to public employees insurance agency finance board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5-10D-1, §5-10D-2 and §5-10D-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §5-16-3 and §5-16-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-16-4b; that §5A-1-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §5A-10-1, §5A-10-2 and §5A-10-3; and that §29-6-5 and §29-6-6 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 5A. Department of Administration.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

### CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTOR-NEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCEL-LANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

#### Article

- 10D. Consolidated Public Retirement Board.
- 16. West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Act.

#### ARTICLE 10D. CONSOLIDATED PUBLIC RETIREMENT BOARD.

- §5-10D-1. Consolidated public retirement board continued; members; vacancies; investment of plan funds.
- §5-10D-2. Chairman and vice chairman; executive director; employees; legal advisor; actuary.
- §5-10D-3. Board meetings; quorum; vote; proceedings; compensation.

### §5-10D-1. Consolidated public retirement board continued; members; vacancies; investment of plan funds.

- 1 (a) The consolidated public retirement board is continued
- 2 to administer all public retirement plans in this state. It shall
- 3 administer the public employees retirement system established
- 4 in article ten of this chapter; the teachers retirement system

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5 established in article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code; the 6 teachers' defined contribution retirement system created by 7 article seven-b of said chapter; the West Virginia state police 8 death, disability and retirement fund created by article two, 9 chapter fifteen of this code; the West Virginia state police 10 retirement system created by article two-a of said chapter; the 11 death, disability and retirement fund for deputy sheriffs created 12 by article fourteen-d, chapter seven of this code; and the judges' 13 retirement system created under article nine, chapter fifty-one 14 of this code.

(b) The membership of the consolidated public retirementboard consists of:

- 17 (1) The governor or his or her designee;
- 18 (2) The state treasurer or his or her designee;
- 19 (3) The state auditor or his or her designee;
- 20 (4) The commissioner of the employee and insurance21 services division of the department of administration;

(5) Four residents of the state, who are not members,
retirants or beneficiaries of any of the public retirement
systems, to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and
consent of the Senate; and

26 (6) A member, annuitant or retirant of the public employees 27 retirement system who is or was a state employee; a member, 28 annuitant or retirant of the public employees retirement system 29 who is not or was not a state employee; a member, annuitant or 30 retirant of the teachers retirement system; a member, annuitant or retirant of the West Virginia state police death, disability and 31 32 retirement fund; a member, annuitant or retirant of the deputy 33 sheriff's death, disability and retirement fund; and a member, 34 annuitant or retirant of the teachers' defined contribution

retirement system, all to be appointed by the governor, with theadvice and consent of the Senate.

37 (c) The appointed members of the board shall serve 38 five-year terms. A member appointed pursuant to subdivision 39 (6), subsection (b) of this section ceases to be a member of the 40 board if he or she ceases to be a member of the represented system. If a vacancy occurs in the appointed membership, the 41 42 governor, within sixty days, shall fill the vacancy by appoint-43 ment for the unexpired term. No more than five appointees shall 44 be of the same political party.

45 (d) The consolidated public retirement board has all the 46 powers, duties, responsibilities and liabilities of the public 47 employees retirement system established pursuant to article ten 48 of this chapter; the teachers retirement system established 49 pursuant to article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code; the 50 teachers' defined contribution system established pursuant to 51 article seven-b of said chapter; the West Virginia state police 52 death, disability and retirement fund created pursuant to article 53 two, chapter fifteen of this code; the death, disability and 54 retirement fund for deputy sheriffs created pursuant to article 55 fourteen-d, chapter seven of this code; and the judges' retirement system created pursuant to article nine, chapter fifty-one 56 57 of this code and their appropriate governing boards. The 58 consolidated public retirement board may propose for promul-59 gation all rules necessary to effectuate its powers, duties and 60 responsibilities pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a 61 of this code: Provided, That the board may adopt any or all of 62 the rules, previously promulgated, of a retirement system which 63 it administers.

(e) The consolidated public retirement board shall continue
to transfer all funds received for the benefit of the retirement
systems within the consolidated pension plan as defined in
section three-c, article six-b, chapter forty-four of this code,

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68 including, but not limited to, all employer and employee contributions, to the West Virginia investment management 69 board: Provided, That the employer and employee contributions 70 71 of the teachers' defined contribution system, established in 72 section three, article seven-b, chapter eighteen of this code, and voluntary deferred compensation funds invested by the West 73 74 Virginia consolidated public retirement board pursuant to section five, article ten-b of this chapter may not be transferred 75 76 to the West Virginia investment management board.

77 (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this code or any 78 legislative rule to the contrary, all assets of the public retirement plans set forth in subsection (a) of this section shall be 79 80 held in trust. The consolidated public retirement board shall be 81 a trustee for all public retirement plans, except with regard to 82 the investment of funds: Provided, That the consolidated public 83 retirement board shall be a trustee with regard to the investments of the teachers' defined contribution system, the volun-84 tary deferred compensation funds invested pursuant to section 85 86 five, article ten-b of this chapter and any other assets of the public retirement plans administered by the consolidated public 87 88 retirement board as set forth in subsection (a) of this section for 89 which no trustee has been expressly designated in this code.

(g) The board may employ the West Virginia investment
management board to provide investment management consulting services for the investment of funds in the teachers' defined
contribution system.

### §5-10D-2. Chairman and vice chairman; executive director; employees; legal advisor; actuary.

(a) The board shall elect from its own number a chairman
 and vice chairman.

3 (b) The board shall appoint an executive director of the 4 retirement systems. The executive director shall be the chief

administrative officer of all the systems and he or she shall not 5 be a member of the board. He or she shall perform such duties 6 7 as are required of him or her in this article and as the board 8 from time to time delegates to him or her. The compensation of 9 the executive director shall be fixed by the board subject to the 10 approval of the governor. The executive director shall, with the 11 approval of the board of trustees, employ any administrative, 12 technical and clerical employees required in the proper opera-13 tion of the systems.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, article
three of this chapter, the board shall employ and be represented
by an attorney licensed to practice law in the state of West
Virginia who is not an active member of any of the retirement
systems administered by the board.

(d) An actuary, employed by the state or the board pursuantto section four of this article, shall be the actuarial consultant tothe board.

### §5-10D-3. Board meetings; quorum; vote; proceedings; compensation.

(a) The board shall hold a meeting at least once each three
 months, and shall designate the time and place of the meeting.
 Seven voting trustees constitute a quorum at any meeting of the
 board. Each member is entitled to one vote on each question
 before the board. The board shall adopt its own rules of
 procedure and shall keep a record of its proceedings. All
 meetings of the board shall be public.

8 (b) The members shall serve as members without compen-9 sation for their services as such: *Provided*, That each member 10 shall be reimbursed, upon approval of the board, for any 11 necessary expenses actually incurred by him or her in carrying 12 out his or her duties. No public employee member may suffer

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any loss of salary or wages on account of his or her service astrustee.

#### ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.

- §5-16-3. Composition of public employees insurance agency; appointment, qualification, compensation and duties of director of agency; employees; civil service coverage; director vested after specified date with powers of public employees insurance board.
- §5-16-4. Public employees insurance agency finance board continued; qualifications, terms and removal of members; quorum; compensation and expenses; termination date.
- §5-16-4b. Continuation of the public employees insurance agency finance board.
- §5-16-3. Composition of public employees insurance agency; appointment, qualification, compensation and duties of director of agency; employees; civil service coverage; director vested after specified date with powers of public employees insurance board.

1 (a) The public employees insurance agency consists of the director, the finance board, the advisory board and any employ-2 3 ees who may be authorized by law. The director shall be appointed by the commissioner of the employee and insurance 4 services division of the department of administration. The 5 6 director shall have at least three years' experience in health or governmental health benefit administration as his or her 7 primary employment duty prior to appointment as director. The 8 9 director shall be employed pursuant to an employment contract which may have a multi-year term, not to exceed five years per 10 contract. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 11 the contrary, the director's salary shall be set by the commis-12 13 sioner of the employee and insurance services division, with the 14 approval of the secretary of the department of administration. 15 The current director shall continue to be eligible to serve as director through the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four. 16 17 The director shall receive actual expenses incurred in the performance of official business. The director shall employ any 18

administrative, technical and clerical employees required for
the proper administration of the insurance programs provided
for in this article. The director shall perform the duties that are
required of him or her under the provisions of this article and is
the chief administrative officer of the public employees
insurance agency. The director may employ a deputy director.

25 (b) All positions in the agency, except for the director, his 26 or her personal secretary, the deputy director and the chief 27 financial officer shall be included in the classified service of the 28 civil service system pursuant to article six, chapter twenty-nine 29 of this code. Any person required to be included in the classi-30 fied service by the provisions of this subsection who was 31 employed in any of the positions included in this subsection on 32 or after the effective date of this article shall not be required to 33 take and pass qualifying or competitive examinations upon or 34 as a condition to being added to the classified service: Pro-35 vided, That no person required to be included in the classified 36 service by the provisions of this subsection who was employed 37 in any of the positions included in this subsection as of the effective date of this section shall be thereafter severed. 38 removed or terminated in his or her employment prior to his or 39 40 her entry into the classified service except for cause as if the 41 person had been in the classified service when severed, 42 removed or terminated.

43 (c) The director is responsible for the administration and 44 management of the public employees insurance agency as 45 provided for in this article and in connection with his or her responsibility may make all rules necessary to effectuate the 46 47 provisions of this article. Nothing in section four or five of this 48 article limits the director's ability to manage on a day-to-day 49 basis the group insurance plans required or authorized by this 50 article, including, but not limited to, administrative contracting, studies, analyses and audits, eligibility determinations, utiliza-51 52 tion management provisions and incentives, provider negotia-

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53 tions, provider contracting and payment, designation of covered 54 and noncovered services, offering of additional coverage 55 options or cost containment incentives, pursuit of coordination of benefits and subrogation, or any other actions which would 56 57 serve to implement the plan or plans designed by the finance 58 board. The director is to function as a benefits management 59 professional and should avoid political involvement in manag-60 ing the affairs of the public employees insurance agency.

### \*§5-16-4. Public employees insurance agency finance board continued; qualifications, terms and removal of members; quorum; compensation and expenses; termination date.

1 (a) The public employees insurance agency finance board, 2 is continued and consists of the commissioner of the employee 3 and insurance services division of the department of administration and eight members appointed by the governor with the 4 5 advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four years and 6 until the appointment of their successors. Members may be 7 reappointed for successive terms. No more than five members 8 (including the commissioner) may be of the same political 9 party.

10 (b) Of the eight members appointed by the governor, one 11 member shall represent the interests of education employees, 12 one shall represent the interests of public employees, one shall 13 represent the interests of retired employees, one shall represent 14 the interests of organized labor and four shall be selected from 15 the public at large. The governor shall appoint the member 16 representing the interests of education employees from a list of 17 three names submitted by the largest organization of education 18 employees in this state. The governor shall appoint the member representing the interests of organized labor from a list of three 19

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by H. B. 4531 (Chapter 213), which passed prior to this act.

20 names submitted by the state's largest organization representing 21 labor affiliates. The four members appointed from the public 22 shall each have experience in the financing, development or 23 management of employee benefit programs. All appointments 24 shall be selected to represent the different geographical areas 25 within the state and all members shall be residents of West 26 Virginia. No member may be removed from office by the 27 governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect 28 of duty, neglect of fiduciary duty or other specific responsibility 29 imposed by this article, or gross immorality.

30 (c) The commissioner of the employee and insurance 31 services division shall serve as chair of the finance board. 32 which shall meet at times and places specified by the call of the 33 chair or upon the written request to the chair of at least two members. The director of the public employees insurance 34 35 agency shall serve as staff to the board. Notice of each meeting 36 shall be given in writing to each member by the director at least 37 three days in advance of the meeting. Five members constitute 38 a quorum. The board shall pay each member the same compen-39 sation and expense reimbursement that is paid to members of 40 the Legislature for their interim duties, as recommended by the 41 citizens legislative compensation commission and authorized 42 by law for each day or portion of a day engaged in the discharge 43 of official duties.

44 (d) Upon termination of the board and notwithstanding any 45 provisions in this article to the contrary, the director is autho-46 rized to assess monthly employee premium contributions and 47 to change the types and levels of costs to employees only in 48 accordance with this subsection. Any assessments or changes 49 in costs imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imple-50 mented by legislative rule proposed by the director for promul-51 gation pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter 52 twenty-nine-a of this code; any employee assessments or costs 53 previously authorized by the finance board shall then remain in
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54 effect until amended by rule of the director promulgated55 pursuant to this subsection.

# §5-16-4b. Continuation of the public employees insurance agency finance board.

1 The public employees insurance agency finance board shall 2 continue to exist, pursuant to the provisions of article ten, 3 chapter four of this code, until the first day of July, two 4 thousand five, unless sooner terminated, continued or reestab-5 lished pursuant to the provisions of that article.

## CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

Article

- 1. Department of Administration.
- 10. Employee and Insurance Services Division.

#### ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

## \*§5A-1-2. Department of administration and office of secretary; secretary; divisions; directors.

(a) The department of administration and the office of
 secretary of administration are continued in the executive
 branch of state government. The secretary shall be the chief
 executive officer of the department and shall be appointed by
 the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate,
 for a term not exceeding the term of the governor.

7 (b) The department of administration may receive federal8 funds.

9 (c) The secretary shall serve at the will and pleasure of the 10 governor. The annual compensation of the secretary shall be as

\* CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by S. B. 149 (Chapter 239), which passed prior to this act.

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specified in section two-a, article seven, chapter six of thiscode.

13 (d) There shall be in the department of administration a 14 finance division, a general services division, an information 15 services and communications division, an employee and insurance services division and a purchasing division. Each 16 17 division shall be headed by a director who may also head any and all sections within that division and who shall be appointed 18 19 by the secretary, except that the commissioner of the employee 20 and insurance services division shall be appointed by the 21 governor with the advice and consent of the Senate as provided 22 in article ten of this chapter. In addition to the divisions 23 enumerated in this subsection, there shall also be in the 24 department of administration those agencies, boards, commissions and councils specified in section one, article two, chapter 25 26 five-f of this code.

#### ARTICLE 10. EMPLOYEE AND INSURANCE SERVICES DIVISION.

- §5A-10-1. Division created; purpose and functions; cooperation.
- §5A-10-2. Creation of office of commissioner of the employee and insurance services division; qualifications; powers and duties.
- §5A-10-3. Continuation of division.

## §5A-10-1. Division created; purpose and functions; cooperation.

- 1 (a) There is created within the department of administra-
- 2 tion, an employee and insurance services division. The follow-
- 3 ing agencies of the department of administration are incorpo-
- 4 rated within the employee and insurance services division:
- 5 (1) The consolidated public retirement board provided for 6 in article ten-d, chapter five of this code and the retirement 7 programs administered by the board;
- 8 (2) The public employees insurance agency and associated9 boards provided for in article sixteen, chapter five of this code;

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(3) The division of personnel provided for in article six,chapter twenty-nine of this code;

12 (4) The board of risk and insurance management provided13 for in article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

14 (5) The childrens health insurance agency and associated
15 boards provided for in article sixteen-b, chapter five of this
16 code; and

17 (6) The education and state employees grievance board18 provided for in article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

19 (b) The purpose and function of the division of employee 20 and insurance services is to preserve the integrity of a system of 21 personnel administration for state agencies based on merit 22 principles; to provide to the state employees who are stake-23 holders, fairness, confidence and security in the administration 24 of state insurance and retirement benefit plans; to provide for 25 long-term fiscal security and enhance the state's ability to 26 assure its fiscal obligations under its insurance, risk and benefit 27 plans; to promote loss control in state programs and agencies; 28 and to coordinate and consolidate technical functions of the 29 component agencies while preserving inviolate their separate 30 trust responsibilities.

31 (c) The director of the purchasing division and the chief 32 technology officer within the office of the governor shall 33 cooperate and provide assistance in the consolidation, reorgani-34 zation and integration of functions of the division and its 35 component agencies and programs, and shall expedite all 36 reasonable requests in order to assure efficient and adequate 37 systems support.

38 (d) Any agency or board incorporated into the division39 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section which disagrees with

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40 an action of the commissioner may refer the disagreement to41 the secretary for review.

## §5A-10-2. Creation of office of commissioner of the employee and insurance services division; qualifications; powers and duties.

1 (a) The office of commissioner of the employee and 2 insurance services division is created. On the effective date of 3 this section, the director of the former insurance and retirement division shall serve as acting commissioner of the employee 4 5 and insurance services division and shall immediately assume the duties of the office. Not later than the thirtieth day of 6 7 January, two thousand five, the governor shall appoint the 8 commissioner with the advice and consent of the Senate, to 9 serve at the will and pleasure of the governor, at a salary to be 10 established by the governor. The commissioner shall have 11 knowledge in the areas of self-insured risk pools and employee 12 benefit program administration, knowledge of the special trust 13 requirements of benefit programs with respect to stakeholders, 14 and an understanding of the special demands upon government with respect to budgetary constraints, the protection of public 15 16 funds, and federal and state standards of accountability. 17 (b) The commissioner may: 18 (1) Coordinate overall policy within the division; 19 (2) Propose comprehensive budgets for consideration by the 20 secretary of the department of administration and the governor; 21 (3) Develop and provide to the governor, the speaker of the 22 House of Delegates and the president of the Senate, on an 23 annual basis, long-range financial forecasts for the insurance 24 and benefit programs administered by the division, which shall 25 include cash-flow projections for future budget years, based on 26 known facts and reasonable, clearly stated actuarial assump-

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(4) Interact with stakeholders, staff of the component
agencies and outside agencies to develop long-term strategies
for delivering quality services, reducing unfunded liabilities,
and assuring the fiscal viability of programs;

(5) Propose and provide to the governor, the speaker of the
House of Delegates and the president of the Senate, on an
annual basis, long-term strategic plans to provide for the fiscal
security of the programs administered by the agencies within
the division and minimize the fiscal burden upon limited state
resources;

38 (6) Employ and discharge, with the approval of the
39 secretary of the department of administration, employees within
40 the office of the commissioner, to serve at the will and pleasure
41 of the commissioner;

42 (7) Eliminate or consolidate positions, with the approval of
43 the secretary of the department of administration, other than
44 positions of administrators or positions of board members, and
45 name a person to fill more than one position;

46 (8) Delegate, assign, transfer or combine responsibilities or
47 duties to or among employees, other than administrators or
48 board members;

49 (9) Reorganize internal functions or operations;

50 (10) Transfer within the division, with the approval of the 51 secretary of the department of administration, funds appropri-52 ated to the various agencies of the division: Provided, That no 53 funds may be transferred from a claims payment account, 54 retiree benefit account, trust account or any other account or 55 funds specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer: 56 Provided, however, That authority to transfer funds pursuant to 57 this section expires on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 58 five:

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59 (11) Enter into contracts or agreements requiring the
60 expenditure of public funds, and authorize the expenditure or
61 obligating of public funds as authorized by law;

62 (12) Acquire by lease or purchase property of whatever
63 kind or character, and convey or dispose of any property of
64 whatever kind or character as authorized by law;

65 (13) Conduct internal audits;

66 (14) Supervise internal management;

(15) Recommend to the secretary the promulgation of rules
to implement and make effective the powers, authority and
duties granted and imposed by the provisions of this article. The
rules, unless specifically exempted in accordance with the
provisions of this code, shall be proposed in accordance with
the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;

(16) Delegate duties to administrators in order to facilitate
execution of the powers, authority and duties of the commissioner;

(17) Consolidate data, accounting and claims administration
systems and propose to the secretary of the department of
administration the termination or renegotiation of contracts;

(18) Take any other action involving or relating to internalmanagement not otherwise prohibited by law;

81 (19) With approval of the secretary of the department of
82 administration, assess all agencies within the employee and
83 insurance services division a reasonable amount to cover the
84 costs of the division; and

85 (20) Promote combined purchasing of components within86 the division.

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87 (c) The commissioner shall work cooperatively with the 88 consolidated public retirement board and the public employees 89 insurance agency to acquire and implement combined data 90 systems for the retirement and health plans administered by the 91 consolidated public retirement board and the public employees 92 insurance agency. Beginning on the first day of January, two 93 thousand five, and continuing until the combined data system is fully implemented, the commissioner shall provide to the 94 95 joint committee on government and finance, or any other 96 committee as the Legislature directs, monthly updates on the 97 development and implementation of the system.

98 (d) Nothing contained in this section may be construed to 99 limit the powers of the secretary of the department of administration pursuant to chapter five-f of this code, or to enlarge the 100 101 power and authority granted to any agency or administrator 102 within the division. Nothing contained in this section may be construed to limit the rights of any beneficiary of a retirement 103 104 or benefit program arising by operation of law or any trust 105 instrument. No power granted to the commissioner may be 106 exercised if to do so would violate or be inconsistent with the 107 separate fiduciary responsibilities with respect to the respective 108 funds under the commissioners' authority, or with the provi-109 sions of any federal law or regulation, any federal-state program 110 or federally delegated program, or jeopardize the approval, 111 existence or funding of any program. The powers granted to the 112 commissioner to enter into contracts or agreements and to make 113 expenditures or obligations of public funds under this provision 114 may not exceed or be interpreted as authority to exceed the 115 powers previously granted by the Legislature to the various 116 administrators or board members of the various agencies or boards that comprise and are incorporated into the division. 117 118 Nothing contained in this section may be construed to limit the 119 rights of employees within the classified service of the state as 120 provided in subsection (d), section two, article two, chapter 121 five-f of this code.

#### §5A-10-3. Continuation of division.

1 The division of employee and insurance services and the 2 office of commissioner of the division of employee and 3 insurance services shall continue to exist, pursuant to the 4 provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code, until the first 5 day of July, two thousand five, unless sooner terminated, 6 continued or reestablished pursuant to the provisions of that 7 article.

## CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

#### ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

- §29-6-5. Division of personnel continued; sections.
- §29-6-6. State personnel board continued; members; term; quorum; vacancies; powers and duties.

#### §29-6-5. Division of personnel continued; sections.

- 1 (a) The division of personnel is continued within the
- 2 employee and insurance services division of the department of
- 3 administration.
- 4 (b) The division of personnel shall perform the following 5 functions:
- 6 (1) Applicant services;
- 7 (2) Classification and compensation;
- 8 (3) Management development and training;
- 9 (4) Program evaluation and payroll;
- 10 (5) Employee services;
- 11 (6) Employee relations; and

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12 (7) Administrative and staff services.

13 (c) The commissioner of the employee and insurance 14 services division shall establish any sections of the division that 15 are necessary to carry out the functions of the division and the 16 purposes of this article. Each section shall be under the control 17 of a section chief to be appointed by the director who shall be 18 qualified by reason of exceptional training and experience in 19 the field of activities of the respective section.

# §29-6-6. State personnel board continued; members; term; quorum; vacancies; powers and duties.

1 (a) There is continued within the division a state personnel 2 board which consists of the commissioner of the employee and insurance services division or his or her designee, who shall 3 4 serve as an ex officio member and five members appointed by 5 the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four years and until the appointment of their succes-6 sors. No more than four members may be of the same political 7 8 party. Four members of the board constitute a quorum.

9 (b) A member of the board may not be removed from office 10 except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, 11 gross immorality or malfeasance, and then only in the manner 12 prescribed in article six, chapter six of this code for the removal 13 by the governor of state elected officers.

(c) Citizen members of the board shall each be paid one
hundred dollars for each day devoted to the work of the board.
Each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and
necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his
or her duties, except that in the event the expenses are paid, or
are to be paid, by a third party, the members shall not be
reimbursed by the state.

(d) The commissioner of the employee and insuranceservices division of the department of administration or his or

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her designee shall serve as chair of the board. The board shall
meet at the time and place specified by the call of the chair. At
least one meeting shall be held in each month. All meetings
shall be open to the public. Notice of each meeting shall be
given in writing to each member by the director at least three
days in advance of the meeting period.

(e) In addition to other powers and duties invested in it bythis article or by any other law, the board shall:

31 (1) Propose rules for promulgation in accordance with
32 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions
33 of this article;

34 (2) Interpret the application of this article to any public35 body or entity; and

36 (3) Authorize and conduct any studies, inquiries, investiga37 tions or hearings in the operation of this article it considers
38 necessary.

39 (f) The director or the board may subpoena and require the
40 attendance of witnesses in the production of evidence or
41 documents relevant to any proceeding under this article.



## **CHAPTER 9**

(S. B. 631 — By Senator Snyder)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §19-15-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding

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thereto a new section, designated §19-15-16a, all relating to the West Virginia fertilizer law; definitions; and political subdivisions not to regulate packaging, labeling, sale, storage, distribution, use or application of fertilizers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §19-15-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §19-15-16a, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA FERTILIZER LAW.

§19-15-1. Definitions of words and terms.

§19-15-16a. Local legislation prohibited.

### §19-15-1. Definitions of words and terms.

1 (a) "Brand" means a term, design or trademark used in 2 connection with one or several grades of regulated product.

3 (b) "Bulk fertilizer" means fertilizer delivered to the 4 purchaser either in solid or liquid state in a nonpackage form to 5 which a label cannot be attached.

6 (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture 7 of the state of West Virginia or his or her duly authorized agent.

8 (d) "Compost" means a biologically stable material derived9 from the composting process.

(e) "Custom media" means a horticultural growing medium
prepared to exact specifications of the person who will be
planting in the medium.

(f) "Department" means the department of agriculture ofthe state of West Virginia.

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(g) "Distribute" means to import, consign, to offer for sale,
sell, barter, warehouse or otherwise supply a regulated product
in this state.

18 (h) "Distributor" means any person who distributes a19 regulated product in this state.

(i) "Embargo" means a written stop sale order issued by the
commissioner of agriculture prohibiting the sale, use of or
transportation of any regulated product in any manner until the
embargo is released by the commissioner.

(j) "Fertilizer" means any substance containing one or more
recognized plant nutrients, including natural organic fertilizer,
which is designed for use or claimed to have value in promoting
plant growth, except unmanipulated animal and vegetable
manures, marl, lime, limestone, wood ashes and gypsum and
other products exempted by rule of the commissioner.

30 (k) "Fertilizer material" means a fertilizer which either:

(1) Contains important quantities of no more than one of
the primary plant nutrients: (nitrogen (N), available phosphate
(P205) and soluble potash (K20); or

34 (2) Has eighty-five percent or more of its plant nutrient35 content present in the form of a single chemical compound; or

36 (3) Is derived from a plant or animal residue or by-product
37 or a natural material deposit which has been processed in such
38 a way that its content of primary plant nutrients has not been
39 materially changed except by purification and concentration.

40 (1) "Grade" means the percentage of total nitrogen, avail41 able phosphate and soluble potash stated in whole numbers in
42 the same terms, order and percentages as in the guaranteed
43 analysis: *Provided*, That specialty fertilizers may be guaranteed

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in fractional units of less than one percent of total nitrogen,
available phosphate and soluble potash: *Provided, however*,
That fertilizer materials, bone meal, manures and similar raw
materials may be guaranteed in fractional units.

48 (m) "Guaranteed analysis" means the minimum percentage49 of plant nutrients claimed in the following order and form:

50	(1)	Total nitrogen (N) percent
51		Available phosphate (P205) percent
52		Soluble potash (K201) percent

53 (2) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic materials and basic
54 slag, bone, tankage and other organic phosphatic materials, the
55 total available phosphate or degree of fineness may also be
56 guaranteed.

57 (3) Guarantees for other plant nutrients may be permitted 58 or required by rule of the commissioner and shall be expressed 59 in the form of the element. The sources of such other nutrients 60 (oxides, salt, chelates, etc.) may be required to be stated on the application for registration and may be included as a parentheti-61 62 cal statement on the label. Other beneficial substances or 63 compounds, determinable by laboratory methods, also may be 64 guaranteed by permission of the commissioner. When any plant 65 nutrients or other substances or compounds are guaranteed, they 66 shall be subject to inspection and analysis in accord with the 67 methods and rules prescribed by the commissioner.

(n) "Horticultural growing medium" means any substance
or mixture of substances promoted as or intended to function as
a commercial or consumer growing medium for the managed
growth of horticultural crops in containers.

(o) "Investigational allowance" means an allowance for
variations inherent in the collection, preparation and analysis of
an official sample of regulated product.

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(p) "Label" means the display of all written, printed or
graphic matter upon the immediate container or statement
accompanying a regulated product.

(q) "Labeling" means all written, printed or graphic matter,
upon or accompanying any regulated product, or advertisements, brochures, posters or electronic announcements used in
promoting the sale of regulated products.

(r) "Local legislation" means, but not limited to, any
ordinance, motion, resolution, amendment, regulation or rule
adopted by a political subdivision.

85 (s) "Manufacture" means to produce, compound, mix, blend
86 or in any way alter the chemical or physical characteristics of
87 a regulated product.

(t) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures aregulated product.

90 (u) "Mixed fertilizer" means a fertilizer containing any91 combination or mixture of fertilizer materials.

92 (v) "Natural organic fertilizer" means materials derived 93 from either plant or animal products containing one or more 94 elements other than carbon, hydrogen and oxygen which are 95 essential for plant growth. These materials may be subjected to 96 biological degradation processes under normal conditions of 97 aging, rainfall, sun-curing, air drying, composting, rotting, 98 enzymatic or anaerobic/aerobic bacterial action or any combi-99 nation of these. These materials may not be mixed with 100 synthetic materials or changed in any physical or chemical 101 manner from their initial state except by manipulations such as 102 drying, cooking, chopping, grinding, shredding, hydrolysis or 103 pelleting.

(w) "Official sample" means any sample of regulated
product collected by the commissioner or his or her agent and
designated as "official" by the commissioner.

107 (x) "Percent" or "percentage" means the percentage by108 weight.

109 (y) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association,110 firm or corporation.

(z) "Political subdivision" means any local government
entity which includes, but is not limited to, any city, county or
municipal corporation and any other body corporate and politic
that is responsible for government activities in a geographical
area smaller than that of the state.

(aa) "Primary nutrients" means nitrogen (N), availablephosphate (P205) and soluble potash (K20).

(bb) "Registrant" means the person who registers regulatedproducts under the provisions of this article.

(cc) "Regulated product" means any product governed by
this article, including any fertilizer, specialty fertilizer, soil
amendment and horticultural growing medium.

(dd) "Soil amendment" means any substance or mixture of 123 substances, imported, manufactured, prepared or sold for 124 125 manurial, soil enriching or soil corrective purposes, or intended 126 to be used for promoting or stimulating the growth of plants, increasing the productivity of plants, improving the quality of 127 crops or producing any chemical or physical change in the soil. 128 129 The following are exempt from the definition of "soil amend-130 ment": Fertilizer, unmanipulated animal manures, horticultural 131 growing medium, agricultural liming materials, unmixed mulch 132 and unmixed peat.

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(ee) "Specialty fertilizer" means a fertilizer distributed
primarily for nonfarm use, such as home gardens, lawns,
shrubbery, flowers, house plants, golf courses, municipal parks,
cemeteries, greenhouses and nurseries.

(ff) "Synthetic" means any substance generated fromanother material or materials by means of a chemical reaction.

(gg) "Ton" means a net weight of two thousand poundsavoirdupois.

141 (hh) "Unmanipulated manure" means substances composed 142 of the excreta of domestic animals, or domestic fowls, which 143 has not been processed or conditioned in any manner, including, but not limited to, processing or conditioning by drying, 144 145 grinding, pelleting, shredding, addition of plant food, mixing 146 artificially with any material or materials, other than those 147 which have been used for bedding, sanitary or feeding purposes 148 for animals or fowls or by any other means.

## §19-15-16a. Local legislation prohibited.

1 No political subdivision may regulate the registration, 2 packaging, labeling, sale, storage, distribution, use and applica-3 tion of fertilizers; and, in addition, no political subdivision may 4 adopt or continue in effect local legislation relating to the 5 registration, packaging, labeling, sale, storage, distribution, use 6 or application of fertilizers.

7 Local legislation in violation of this section is void and8 unenforceable.

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**CHAPTER 10** 

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4516 — By Delegates Boggs, Michael, Kominar and Evans)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §19-21A-4 and §19-21A-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the state conservation committee and conservation districts; adding a member to the state conservation committee; designating the administrative officer and the support staff as the West Virginia conservation agency; and increasing the per diem rate for conservation supervisors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §19-21A-4 and §19-21A-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 21A. CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.**

- §19-21A-4. State conservation committee; continuation.
- §19-21A-7. Supervisors to constitute governing body of district; qualifications and terms of supervisors; powers and duties.

#### **§19-21A-4.** State conservation committee; continuation.

- 1 (a) The state conservation committee is continued. It serves
- 2 as an agency of the state and is to perform the functions
- 3 conferred upon it in this article. The committee consists of the
- 4 following ten members:
- 5 (1) Four citizen members;

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6 (2) The following ex officio members:

7 (A) The director of the state cooperative extension service;

8 (B) The director of the state agricultural and forestry 9 experiment station;

10 (C) The secretary of the department of environmental 11 protection;

12 (D) The state commissioner of agriculture, who is the 13 chairperson of the committee;

14 (E) The director of the division of forestry; and

15 (F) The president of the West Virginia association of 16 conservation districts.

17 (b) The governor shall appoint, by and with the consent of 18 the Senate, the four citizens members. Members shall be 19 appointed for four-year terms, which are staggered in accor-20 dance with the initial appointments under prior enactment of 21 this section. In the event of a vacancy, the appointment is for 22 the unexpired term.

(c) The committee may invite the secretary of agriculture
of the United States of America to appoint one person to serve
with the committee as an advisory member.

(d) The committee shall keep a record of its official actions,
shall adopt a seal, which shall be judicially noticed, and may
perform those acts, hold public hearings and adopt or propose
for legislative approval rules necessary for the execution of its
functions under this article.

(e) The state conservation committee may employ an
administrative officer, technical experts and other agents and
employees, permanent and temporary, as it requires. The

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administrative officer and support staff shall be known as the 34 West Virginia conservation agency. The committee shall 35 determine their qualifications, duties and compensation. The 36 37 committee may call upon the attorney general of the state for legal services it requires. It may delegate to its chairperson, to 38 39 one or more of its members, or to one or more agents or 40 employees, powers and duties it considers proper. The committee may secure necessary and suitable office accommodations 41 and the necessary supplies and equipment. Upon request of the 42 43 committee, for the purpose of carrying out any of its functions, 44 the supervising officer of any state agency or of any state 45 institution of learning shall, insofar as may be possible, under available appropriations and having due regard to the needs of 46 the agency to which the request is directed, assign or detail to 47 48 the committee, members of the staff or personnel of the agency 49 or institution of learning and make special reports, surveys or 50 studies required by the committee.

51 (f) A member of the committee holds office so long as he 52 or she retains the office by virtue of which he or she is serving on the committee. A majority of the committee is a quorum and 53 54 the concurrence of a majority in any matter within their duties 55 is required for its determination. The chairperson and members of the committee may receive no compensation for their 56 services on the committee, but are entitled to reimbursement of 57 58 expenses, including traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties on the committee. The committee 59 60 shall:

61 (1) Require the execution of surety bonds for all employees62 and officers who are entrusted with funds or property;

63 (2) Provide for the keeping of a full and accurate public
64 record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, rules and orders
65 issued or adopted; and

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66 67	(3) Provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements.
68 69	(g) In addition to other duties and powers conferred upon the state conservation committee, it may:
70	(1) Offer appropriate assistance to the supervisors of
71	conservation districts, organized as provided in this article, in
72	the carrying out of any of their powers and programs;
73	(2) Keep the supervisors of each of the several districts,
74	organized under the provisions of this article, informed of the
75	activities and experience of all other districts organized under
76	this article and facilitate an interchange of advice and experi-
77	ence between the districts and cooperation between them;
78	(3) Coordinate the programs of the several conservation
79	districts so far as this may be done by advice and consultation;
80	(4) Secure the cooperation and assistance of the United
81	States and any of its agencies and of agencies of this state in the
82	work of the districts;
83	(5) Disseminate information throughout the state concern-
84	ing the activities and programs of the conservation districts and
85	encourage the formation of the districts in areas where their
86	organization is desirable;
87	(6) Accept and receive donations, gifts, contributions,
88	grants and appropriations in money, services, materials or
89	otherwise from the United States or any of its agencies, from
90	the state of West Virginia or from other sources and use or
91	expend the money, services, materials or other contributions in
92	carrying out the policy and provisions of this article, including
93	the right to allocate the money, services or materials in part to
94	the various conservation districts created by this article in order
95	to assist them in carrying on their operations; and

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96 (7) Obtain options upon and acquire by purchase, exchange, 97 lease, gift, grant, bequest, devise or otherwise any property, real 98 or personal, or rights or interests in the property; maintain, 99 administer, operate and improve any properties acquired; 100 receive and retain income from the property and to expend the 101 income as required for operation, maintenance, administration 102 or improvement of the properties or in otherwise carrying out 103 the purposes and provisions of this article; and sell, lease or 104 otherwise dispose of any of its property or interests in the 105 property in furtherance of the purposes and the provisions of 106 this article. Money received from the sale of land acquired in 107 the small watershed program shall be deposited in the special 108 account of the state conservation committee and expended as 109 provided in this article.

## §19-21A-7. Supervisors to constitute governing body of district; qualifications and terms of supervisors; powers and duties.

(a) The governing body of the district consists of the
 supervisors, appointed or elected, as provided in this article.
 The two supervisors appointed by the committee shall be
 persons who are by training and experience qualified to perform
 the specialized skilled services which are required of them in
 the performance of their duties under this section and shall be
 legal residents and landowners in the district.

8 (b) The supervisors shall designate a chairperson and may, 9 from time to time, change the designation. The term of office of each supervisor is three years. A supervisor holds office until 10 11 his or her successor has been elected or appointed. In case a 12 new county or portion of a county is added to a district, the 13 committee may appoint a supervisor to represent it until the 14 next regular election of supervisors for the district takes place. 15 If a vacancy occurs among the elected supervisors of a district, 16 the committee shall appoint a successor from the same county

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17 to fill the unexpired term. The appointment shall be made from

- 18 a name or list of names submitted by local farm organizations
- 19 and agencies.

20 (c) When any county or portion of a county lying within the 21 boundaries of a district has in effect eight hundred or more 22 signed agreements of cooperation with occupiers of land 23 located within the county, then at the next regular election of 24 supervisors the land occupiers within the county or portion of 25 the county are entitled to elect two supervisors to represent the 26 county instead of one for the term and in the manner prescribed 27 in this section. A majority of the supervisors constitutes a 28 quorum and the concurrence of a majority in any matter within 29 their duties is required for its determination.

30 (d) A supervisor is entitled to expenses and a per diem not
31 to exceed thirty dollars when engaged in the performance of his
32 or her duties.

33 (e) The supervisors may, with the approval of the state 34 committee, employ a secretary, technical experts and any other 35 officers, agents and employees, permanent and temporary, as 36 they may require and shall determine their qualifications, duties 37 and compensation. The supervisors may delegate to their 38 chairperson, to one or more supervisors or to one or more 39 agents, or employees, those administrative powers and duties 40 they consider proper. The supervisors shall furnish to the state 41 conservation committee, upon request, copies of the ordinances, 42 rules, orders, contracts, forms and other documents they adopt 43 or employ and any other information concerning their activities 44 required in the performance of state conservation committee's 45 duties under this article.

46 (f) The supervisors shall:

47 (1) Require the execution of surety bonds for all employees48 and officers who are entrusted with funds or property;

45
•

49 (2) Provide for the keeping of a full and accurate record of
50 all proceedings and of all resolutions, rules and orders issued or
51 adopted; and

52 (3) Provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts53 and disbursements.

(g) Any supervisor may be removed by the state conservation committee upon notice and hearing for neglect of duty or
malfeasance in office, but for no other reason.

57 (h) The supervisors may invite the legislative body of any 58 municipality or county located near the territory comprised 59 within the district to designate a representative to advise and 60 consult with the supervisors of a district on all questions of 61 program and policy which may affect the property, water 62 supply or other interests of the municipality or county.



## CHAPTER 11

(S. B. 574 — By Senators Bowman, Bailey, Caldwell, Jenkins, Kessler, Minard, Rowe, Snyder, White, Boley, Minear and Weeks)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §60-2-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating generally to powers and duties of the alcohol beverage control commissioner; allowing commissioner to sell liquor warehouse, upon approval of governor and board of public works, when sale is in best interest of state; and making technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ALCOHOL

That §60-2-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL COMMISSIONER.

#### §60-2-11. Powers and duties.

- 1 The alcohol beverage control commissioner shall have the 2 following powers and duties and any and all other powers and 3 duties reasonably necessary and convenient for the purpose of 4 this chapter:
- 5 (1) Exercise general supervision of, and make rules and 6 regulations for, the management of his or her agency;

7 (2) Sign and execute in the name of the commissioner any8 contract or agreement authorized by this chapter;

9 (3) Supervise the fiscal affairs and responsibilities of the 10 agency;

11 (4) With the approval of the governor, acquire title to and 12 purchase real estate containing 12.168 acres situate on River 13 Road in the Hub Industrial Park, Nitro, Putnam County, which 14 real estate is improved by block and steel building containing 15 approximately one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) square 16 feet, formerly known as the Heck's warehouse, for a sale price 17 not to exceed two million, two hundred fifty thousand dollars 18 (\$ 2,250,000.00);

(5) With the approval of the governor and the board of
public works, sell, in part or in whole, the real estate containing
12.168 acres and a warehouse situate on River Road in the Hub
Industrial Park, Nitro, Putnam County, for a sale price of at
least the appraised fair market value and upon terms the
commissioner determines to be in the best interest of the state
of West Virginia;

(6) With the approval of the governor and the board of
public works, and upon the sale of real estate containing 12.168
acres and a warehouse situate on River Road in the Hub

Industrial Park, Nitro, Putnam County, acquire title to and
purchase, upon terms the commissioner determines to be in the
best interest of the state of West Virginia, real estate containing
a replacement warehouse of a size and in a location that the
commissioner determines meets the storage needs of the
agency;

35 (7) Keep a complete and accurate record of all proceedings,
36 record and file all bonds and contracts taken or entered into and
37 assume responsibility for the custody and preservation of all
38 papers and documents pertaining to the commissioner;

39 (8) Purchase or lease as provided by law all equipment40 necessary for the conduct of the agency;

41 (9) Report to the governor each year all information relative
42 to the operation and functions of the agency. The commissioner
43 shall make such other reports and recommendations as may be
44 required by the governor;

45 (10) Exercise any other power that may be necessary or
46 proper for the orderly conduct of the business and the effective
47 discharge of the duties of the commissioner; and

48 (11) Invoke any legal or equitable remedies for the enforce49 ment of the orders of the commissioner or the provisions of this
50 chapter.



CHAPTER 12

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4022 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed February 26, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new chapter, designated §17F-1-1, §17F-1-2, §17F-1-3, §17F-1-4, §17F-1-5, §17F-1-6, §17F-1-7, §17F-1-8 and §17F-1-9, all relating to the regulation of all-terrain vehicles generally; prohibiting operation on interstate highways and on center-lined roads or roads with more than two lanes; exceptions to prohibition; prohibiting operation with more than one passenger unless allowed under manufacturers' specifications; prohibiting child passengers unless operator is an adult or has a level two intermediate driver's license; requiring certain equipment; prohibiting riders under the age of eighteen without a helmet; providing for criminal penalties for violations; requiring safety awareness courses; creating exceptions; providing for regulation by local government authority; requiring rental dealers to provide safety equipment; providing certain exemptions for use on private property; providing exemption for farm and commercial use; and clarifying application of rules of operation.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new chapter, designated §17F-1-1, §17F-1-2, §17F-1-3, §17F-1-4, §17F-1-5, §17F-1-6, §17F-1-7, §17F-1-8 and §17F-1-9, all to read as follows:

#### CHAPTER 17F. ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES.

#### ARTICLE 1. REGULATION OF ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES.

- §17F-1-1. Acts prohibited by operator; penalties for violations.
- §17F-1-2. Safety awareness courses.
- §17F-1-3. Local government authority to regulate.
- §17F-1-4. All-terrain vehicle rental dealers required to provide safety equipment.
- §17F-1-5. Private property exemption.
- §17F-1-6. Exemption for farm, commercial use; current regulations.
- §17F-1-7. Applicability of rules of operation.
- §17F-1-8. Criminal penalties.
- §17F-1-9. Definition of all-terrain vehicle.

#### §17F-1-1. Acts prohibited by operator; penalties for violations.

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1 (a) No all-terrain vehicle may be operated in this state:

2 (1) On any interstate highway except by public safety3 personnel responding to emergencies;

4 (2) On any road or highway with a center line or more than 5 two lanes except for the purpose of crossing the road, street or 6 highway, if:

7 (A) The crossing is made at an angle of approximately
8 ninety degrees to the direction of the highway and at a place
9 where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;

10 (B) The vehicle is brought to a complete stop before 11 crossing the shoulder or main traveled way of the highway;

12 (C) The operator yields his or her right-of-way to all
13 oncoming traffic that constitutes an immediate potential hazard;
14 and

(D) Both the headlight and taillight are illuminated whenthe crossing is made if the vehicle is so equipped;

(3) With more than one passenger unless more passengersare allowed under manufacturers' recommendations;

(4) With a passenger under the age of eighteen, unless the
operator has at a minimum a level two intermediate driver's
license or its equivalent or is eighteen years of age or older;

(5) Unless riders under the age of eighteen are wearing size
appropriate protective helmets that meet the current performance specifications established by the American national
standards institute standard, z 90.1, the United States department of transportation federal motor vehicle safety standard no.
218 or Snell safety standards for protective headgear for vehicle
users;

(6) Anytime from sunset to sunrise without an illuminatedheadlight or lights and taillights;

31 (7) Without a manufacturer-installed or equivalent spark
32 arrester and a manufacturer-installed or equivalent muffler in
33 proper working order and properly connected to the vehicle's
34 exhaust system; or

(8) Unless operating in compliance with the provisions ofsection two of this article.

(b) An all-terrain vehicle may, for the sole purpose of
getting from one trail, field or area of operation to another, be
operated upon the shoulder of any road, street or highway
referred to in subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section,
other than an interstate highway, for a distance not to exceed
ten miles, if:

43 (1) The vehicle is operated at speeds of twenty-five miles44 per hour or less; and

45 (2) The vehicle is operated at any time from sunset to
46 sunrise, the all-terrain vehicle must be equipped with headlights
47 and taillights which must be illuminated.

48 (c) Operation of an all-terrain vehicle in accordance with
49 subsection (b) shall not constitute operation of a motor vehicle
50 on a road or highway of this state as contemplated by the
51 provisions of section seven of this article.

52 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the 53 contrary, a municipality, county or other political subdivision 54 of the state may authorize the operation of all-terrain vehicles on certain specified roads, streets or highways which are 55 56 marked with centerline pavement markings, other than inter-57 state highways, to allow participation in parades, exhibitions 58 and other special events, in emergencies or for specified 59 purposes.

## §17F-1-2. Safety awareness courses.

1 (a) On and after the first day of September, two thousand 2 four, the commissioner of motor vehicles shall offer a free all-

terrain vehicle rider safety awareness course, and may approve
other all-terrain vehicle rider safety awareness courses, to meet
the reasonably anticipated needs of the public. The commissioner shall offer free safety awareness course materials to
authorized dealers of all-terrain vehicles for use by purchasers
and potential purchasers free of charge.

9 (b) The commissioner shall issue certificates of completion 10 to persons who satisfactorily complete the requirements of an 11 approved course. The commissioner may authorize a dealer of 12 all-terrain vehicles and other approved providers to issue the 13 certificates of completion.

(c) On and after the first day of January, two thousand five,
no person under the age of eighteen may operate an all-terrain
vehicle without a certificate of completion of a vehicle rider
awareness course as offered or approved by the commissioner.

(d) The provisions of subsection (c) of this section do not
apply to the operation of an all-terrain vehicle on any private or
public recreational trail or area or affiliated trail or area
operated by a person or entity which has in place a safety
program.

## §17F-1-3. Local government authority to regulate.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the 2 contrary:

3 (1) The governing body of a municipality may regulate in
4 any manner or prohibit, by lawfully enacted ordinance, the
5 operation of all-terrain vehicles upon any street, road or avenue
6 within the municipal corporate limits.

7 (2) Homeowner associations may petition the county 8 commission of the county in which the area regulated by the 9 homeowner association is located for an ordinance to regulate 10 or prohibit the operation of all-terrain vehicles upon any street, 11 road or avenue within the area regulated by the homeowner 12 association. County commissions are hereby authorized, upon

- 13 receipt of a petition authorized by the provisions of this section,
- 14 to enact an ordinance regulating or prohibiting the operation of
- 15 all-terrain vehicles.

16 (3) The county commission of any county which has in effect and is operating under a countywide comprehensive plan 17 18 may by lawfully enacted ordinance regulate or prohibit the 19 operation of all-terrain vehicles on any road in the county, 20 except interstate highways: Provided, That any county which enacts any such ordinance shall notify the West Virginia state 21 22 police and all law-enforcement agencies in the county of its 23 action in writing, together with a copy of the ordinance.

## §17F-1-4. All-terrain vehicle rental dealers required to provide safety equipment.

1 Any person or entity renting or leasing all-terrain vehicles 2 for recreational purposes must provide protective helmets as defined by the provisions of subdivision (5), subsection (a), 3 4 section one of this article, to all persons using such vehicles who are under the age of eighteen and offer protective helmets 5 to all persons eighteen and older using the rented or leased 6 vehicles: Provided, That for the provisions of this section to be 7 8 applicable, the age and identity of the users of the all-terrain 9 vehicle must be disclosed to the person or entity providing the rented or leased vehicle. 10

## §17F-1-5. Private property exemption.

- 1 Except as provided by the provisions of subdivisions (3),
- 2 (4) and (5), subsection (a), section one of this article, and except
- as provided by the provisions of section two of this article, the 3
- provisions of this article do not apply if the all-terrain vehicle 4
- 5 is operated exclusively on lands owned or leased by the vehicle
- 6 owner or on private lands of others with the owner's permis-7 sion.
- §17F-1-6. Exemption for farm, commercial use; current regulations.

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(a) Except as provided by the provisions of subdivisions (4)
 and (5), subsection (a), section one, nothing in this article may
 be construed to preclude or limit the use or operation of all terrain vehicles for lawful nonrecreational commercial pur poses, including, but not limited to, farm use, oil and gas
 operations, timbering, surveying and public utilities access.

(b) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to supersede
or contravene the provisions of any agreement between the state
of West Virginia and any private or governmental entity entered
into prior to the effective date of this chapter, or any lawfully
promulgated legislative rule, including any emergency legislative rule, regulating the operation of all-terrain vehicles.

## §17F-1-7. Applicability of rules of operation.

1 (a) Every person operating an all-terrain vehicle upon a 2 public road or highway of this state shall be subject to all of the 3 duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle by the provisions of 4 chapter seventeen-c of this code except where inconsistent with 5 the provisions of this article and except as to those provisions 6 of chapter seventeen-c of this code which by their nature can 7 have no application.

8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 9 section, a motor vehicle operator's license is not required of an 10 operator of an all-terrain vehicle when he or she is operating 11 said vehicle in conformity with the provisions of subdivision 12 (2), subsection (a) or subsection (b), section one of this chapter 13 except when the operator is under the age of eighteen and is 14 transporting a passenger under the age of eighteen.

## §17F-1-8. Criminal penalties.

(a) Except as provided in the provisions of subsection (b)
 of this section and in addition to any other legal remedy for
 violation of civil or criminal provisions of this code, any person
 who violates the provisions of this article or municipal or
 county ordinance enacted pursuant to the provisions of section

## ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES [Ch. 12

6 three of this article or who owns or has control over an all-

terrain vehicle and knowingly permits it to be used in violation
of the provisions of this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one

10 hundred dollars.

11 (b) Any parent, legal guardian or person who has actual 12 responsibility for a child under eighteen years of age who 13 knows or should have known the child is operating or is a 14 passenger on an all-terrain vehicle without a helmet as required 15 by the provisions of section one of this article is guilty of a 16 misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be subject to the 17 following penalties:

18 (1) For a first offense, a fine of not less than fifty dollars
19 nor more than one hundred dollars or not more than ten hours
20 of community service, or both;

(2) For a second offense, a fine of not less than one hundred
dollars nor more than two hundred dollars or not more than
twenty hours of community service, or both;

(3) For a third or subsequent offense, a fine of not less than
two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or not
more than one hundred hours of community service, or both.

## §17F-1-9. Definition of all-terrain vehicle.

1 As used in this chapter, "all-terrain vehicle" or "ATV" 2 shall mean any motor vehicle, fifty-two inches or less in width, 3 having an unladen weight of eight hundred pounds or less, 4 traveling on three or more low pressure tires with a seat 5 designed to be straddled by the rider, designed for or capable of 6 travel over unimproved terrain.

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## CHAPTER 13

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 133 — By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 21, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article VI of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Title

- I. General Provisions.
- **II.** Appropriations.
- III. Administration.

TITLE I-GENERAL PROVISIONS.

#### TITLE I – GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditures.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.
  - 1 Section 1. General policy. The purpose of this bill is to
  - 2 appropriate money necessary for the economical and
  - 3 efficient discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the
  - 4 state and its agencies during the fiscal year two thousand5 five.
  - 1 Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this bill:

2 "Governor" shall mean the governor of the state of West3 Virginia.

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4 "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one 5 thousand nine-hundred thirty-one, as amended.

6 "Spending unit" shall mean the department, bureau,
7 division, office, board, commission, agency or institution
8 to which an appropriation is made.

9 The "fiscal year two thousand five" shall mean the 10 period from the first day of July, two thousand four, 11 through the thirtieth day of June, two thousand five.

12 "General revenue fund" shall mean the general operating fund of the state and includes all moneys received or collected by the state except as provided in section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code or as otherwise provided.

17 "Special revenue funds" shall mean specific revenue
18 sources which by legislative enactments are not required to
19 be accounted for as general revenue, including federal
20 funds.

21"From collections" shall mean that part of the total appropriation which must be collected by the spending 22unit to be available for expenditure. If the authorized 23amount of collections is not collected, the total appropria-24tion for the spending unit shall be reduced automatically 2526by the amount of the deficiency in the collections. If the  $\mathbf{27}$ amount collected exceeds the amount designated "from collections," the excess shall be set aside in a special 28surplus fund and may be expended for the purpose of the 29spending unit as provided by article two, chapter five-a of 30the code. 31

Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations. — An appropria tion for:

"Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and other
compensation paid to full-time, part-time and temporary
employees of the spending unit but shall not include fees or
contractual payments paid to consultants or to independent contractors engaged by the spending unit.

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8 Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for "personal

9 services" shall include salaries of heads of spending units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated for
"eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in
accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall betransferred to "personal services" or other designateditems only as required.

"Employee benefits" shall mean social security matching, 16 17 workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, 18 pension and retirement contributions, public employees insurance matching, personnel fees or any other benefit 19 normally paid by the employer as a direct cost of employ-20ment. Should the appropriation be insufficient to cover 2122such costs, the remainder of such cost shall be transferred by each spending unit from its "personal services" line 23item or its "unclassified" line item or other appropriate 24line item to its "employee benefits" line item. If there is no 25appropriation for "employee benefits," such costs shall be 2627paid by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item, its "unclassified" line item or other appropriate 28 line item. Each spending unit is hereby authorized and 29 required to make such payments in accordance with the 30 provisions of article two, chapter five-a of the code. 31

32 "BRIM Premiums" shall mean the amount charged as 33 consideration for insurance protection and includes the 34 present value of projected losses and administrative 35 expenses. Premiums are assessed for coverages, as defined 36 in the applicable policies, for claims arising from, inter 37 alia, general liability, wrongful acts, property, professional 38 liability and automobile exposures.

Should the appropriation for "BRIM Premiums" be
insufficient to cover such cost, the remainder of such costs
shall be transferred by each spending unit from its
"personal services" line item, its "employee benefit" line
item, its "unclassified" line item or any other appropriate
line item to "BRIM Premiums" for payment to the Board

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45 of Risk and Insurance Management. Each spending unit is

46 hereby authorized and required to make such payments.

47 Each spending unit shall be responsible for all contribu48 tions, payments or other costs related to coverage and
49 claims of its employees for unemployment compensation.
50 Such expenditures shall be considered an employee
51 benefit.

52 "Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other
53 than personal services and shall not include equipment,
54 repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.

Each spending unit shall be responsible for and charged
monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse
the appropriate revolving fund monthly for all such
amounts. Such expenditures shall be considered a current
expense.

60 "Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have an
61 appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in excess
62 of one year.

63 "Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine mainte64 nance and repairs to structures and minor improvements
65 to property which do not increase the capital assets.

66 "Buildings" shall include new construction and major
67 alteration of existing structures and the improvement of
68 lands and shall include shelter, support, storage, protec69 tion or the improvement of a natural condition.

"Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property orinterest in real property.

"Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, lands
or buildings and lands, with such category or item of
appropriation to remain in effect as provided by section
twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.

From appropriations made to the spending units of state
government, upon approval of the governor there may be
transferred to a special account an amount sufficient to
match federal funds under any federal act.
#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

80 Appropriations classified in any of the above categories shall be expended only for the purposes as defined above 81 82 and only for the spending units herein designated: Pro-83 vided, That the secretary of each department and the 84 commissioner of the bureau of commerce shall have the 85 authority to transfer within the department or bureau those general revenue funds appropriated to the various 86 agencies of the department or bureau: Provided, however, 87 88 That no more than five percent of the general revenue 89 funds appropriated to any one agency or board may be 90 transferred to other agencies or boards within the depart-91 ment or bureau: Provided further, That the secretary of 92 each department and the director, commissioner, executive 93 secretary, superintendent, chairman or any other agency 94 head not governed by a departmental secretary as established by chapter five-f of the code shall have the author-95 ity to transfer funds appropriated to "personal services" 96 97 and "employee benefits" to other lines within the same 98 account and no funds from other lines shall be transferred to the "personal services" line: And provided further, That 99 100 the secretary of each department and the director, commis-101 sioner, executive secretary, superintendent, chairman or 102any other agency head not governed by a departmental secretary as established by chapter five-f of the code shall 103 104 have the authority to transfer general revenue funds appropriated to "annual increment" to other general 105106 revenue accounts within the same department, bureau or 107commission for the purpose of providing an annual incre-108 ment in accordance with article five, chapter five of the 109 code: And provided further, That if the Legislature by 110 subsequent enactment consolidates agencies, boards or 111 functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly 112appropriated to such agency, board or function in order to 113implement such consolidation. No funds may be trans-114 ferred from a special revenue account, dedicated account, 115capital expenditure account or any other account or fund 116 specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer, except that the use of the appropriations from the state 117 118 road fund for the office of the secretary of the department 119 of transportation is not a use other than the purpose for 120 which such funds were dedicated and is permitted.

Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit the freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications.

**Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.**—Money appropriated by this bill, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be appropriated and expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code or according to any law detailing a procedure specifically limiting that article.

- 1 Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or re-
- 2 quirement of law shall be interpreted as requiring or
- 3 permitting an expenditure in excess of the appropriations
- 4 set out in this bill.

#### TITLE II-APPROPRIATIONS.

§1. Appropriations from general revenue.

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Administration, Department of-Office of the	
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- §14. Sinking fund deficiencies.
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**Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.**—From the state fund, general revenue, there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year two thousand five.

#### LEGISLATIVE

#### 1-Senate

#### Fund 0165 FY 2005 Org 2100

	Activi	ty	General Revenue Fund
1	Compensation of Members (R) 003	\$	1,010,000
<b>2</b>	Compensation and Per Diem		
3	of Officers and Employees (R) 005		3,003,210
4	Employee Benefits (R) 010		597,712
5	Current Expenses and		
6	Contingent Fund (R) 021		700,000
7	Repairs and Alterations (R) 064		450,000
8	Computer Supplies (R) 101		40,000
9	Computer Systems (R) 102		250,000
10	Printing Blue Book (R) 103		150,000
11	Expenses of Members (R) 399		700,000
12	BRIM Premium (R) 913		18,877
13	Total	\$	6,919,799

14 The appropriations for the senate for the fiscal year 2004 15 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby 16 reappropriated to June 30, 2005. Any balances so 17 reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 18 fiscal year 2005 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, the
auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total
appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency
of the service.

23The clerk of the senate, with the approval of the presi-24dent, is authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the 25auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contin-26gent Fund of the senate, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the senate and not 27 $\mathbf{28}$ included in the appropriation bill, for supplies and services incurred in preparation for the opening, the conduct  $\mathbf{29}$ 30of the business and after adjournment of any regular or extraordinary session, and for the necessary operation of
the senate offices, the requisitions for which are to be
accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

34 The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the 35 president, or the president of the senate shall have author-36 ity to employ such staff personnel during any session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition to staff 37 38 personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted 39 during any such session. The clerk of the senate, with the 40 written approval of the president, or the president of the 41 senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel 42between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, the 43 compensation of all staff personnel during and between 44 sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be fixed by the president of the 45 46 senate. The clerk is hereby authorized to draw his or her 47 requisitions upon the auditor for the payment of all such 48 staff personnel for such services, payable out of the 49 appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers 50 and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund 51of the senate.

52 For duties imposed by law and by the senate, the clerk 53 of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided by 54 the senate resolution, unless increased between sessions 55 under the authority of the president, payable out of the 56 appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers 57 and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund 58 of the senate.

59 The distribution of the blue book shall be by the office 60 of the clerk of the senate and shall include seventy-five 61 copies for each member of the Legislature and two copies 62 for each classified and approved high school and junior 63 high school and one copy for each elementary school 64 within the state.

#### 2-House of Delegates

#### Fund <u>0170</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>2200</u>

1 Compensation of Members (R) ... 003 \$ 2,270,000

6	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
2	Compensation and Per Diem		
3	of Officers and Employees (R)	005	600,000
4	Current Expenses and		
5	Contingent Fund (R)	021	4,221,162
6	Expenses of Members (R)	399	1,190,000
7	BRIM Premium (R)	913	20,515
8	Total		\$8,301,677

9 The appropriations for the house of delegates for the 10fiscal year 2004 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 2005. Any balances 11 12so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the fiscal year 2005 accounts. 13

14 Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of 15delegates, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or 1617increase the efficiency of the service.

18 The clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of 19 the speaker, is authorized to draw his or her requisitions 20upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and 21Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any bills for 22supplies and services that may have been incurred by the 23house of delegates and not included in the appropriation  $\mathbf{24}$ bill, for bills for services and supplies incurred in prepara-25tion for the opening of the session and after adjournment, 26and for the necessary operation of the house of delegates' 27offices, the requisitions for which are to be accompanied 28by bills to be filed with the auditor.

29The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval of 30 the house committee on rules, shall have authority to 31employ such staff personnel during and between sessions 32of the Legislature as shall be needed, in addition to 33personnel designated in the house resolution, and the 34 compensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such 35 house resolution for the session, or fixed by the speaker, 36 with the approval of the house committee on rules, during 37and between sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding 38 such house resolution. The clerk of the house is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the auditor for such 39

## Ch. 13] APPROPRIATIONS

40 services, payable out of the appropriation for the Compen-

41 sation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current

42 Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

43 For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of the rolls, the 44 clerk of the house of delegates shall be paid a monthly 45 salary as provided in the house resolution, unless increased 46 47 between sessions under the authority of the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, and payable 48 out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem 49 50 of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates. 51

3-Joint Expenses

### (WV Code Chapter 4)

### Fund 0175 FY 2005 Org 2300

1	Joint Committee on	
<b>2</b>	Government and Finance (R) 104	\$ 6,317,298
3	Legislative Printing (R) 105	940,000
4	Legislative Rule-Making	
5	Review Committee (R) 106	$226,\!050$
6	Legislative Computer System (R) . 107	1,138,121
7	Joint Standing Committee	
8	on Education (R) 108	74,500
9	Tax Reduction and Federal Funding	
10	Increased Compliance	
11	(TRAFFIC)(R) 642	9,400,000
12	BRIM Premium (R) 913	14,220
13	Total	\$18,110,189

14 The appropriations for the joint expenses for the fiscal 15 year 2004 are to remain in full force and effect and are 16 hereby reappropriated to June 30, 2005. Any balances so 17 reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 18 fiscal year 2005 accounts.

19 Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, with20 the approval of the president of the senate, and the clerk21 of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker

### APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 13

22 of the house of delegates, and a copy to the legislative

23 auditor, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items

24 of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase

25 the efficiency of the service.

The appropriation for the Tax Reduction and Federal Funding Increased Compliance (TRAFFIC) (fund 0175, activity 642) is intended for possible general state tax reductions or the offsetting of any reductions in federal funding for state programs.

### JUDICIAL

4-Supreme Court-General Judicial

### Fund 0180 FY 2005 Org 2400

1	Personal Services (R)	001	\$ 46,784,820
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment (R)	004	475,000
3	Employee Benefits (R)	010	15,712,329
4	Unclassified (R)	099	$6,\!377,\!846$
5	Judges' Retirement System (R)	110	6,758,174
6	BRIM Premium (R)	913	 294,341
7	Total		\$ $76,\!402,\!510$

8 The appropriations to the supreme court of appeals for 9 the fiscal years 2002, 2003 and 2004 are to remain in full 10 force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 11 2005. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred 12 and credited to the fiscal year 2005 accounts.

This appropriation shall be administered by the administrative director of the supreme court of appeals, who
shall draw requisitions for warrants in payment in the
form of payrolls, making deductions therefrom as required
by law for taxes and other items.

18 The appropriation for the Judges' Retirement System is 19 to be transferred to the consolidated public retirement 20 board, in accordance with the law relating thereto, upon 21 requisition of the administrative director of the supreme 22 court of appeals.

#### EXECUTIVE

#### 5-Governor's Office

### (WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund <u>0101</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

	1	Personal Services	001	\$	2,245,000
	<b>2</b>	Salary of Governor	002		95,000
	3	Annual Increment	004		17,745
	4	Employee Benefits	010		699,040
	5	Unclassified (R)	099		830,386
	6	Jobs for American Graduates	089		-0-
	7	National Governors' Association .	123		77,500
	8	Southern States Energy Board	124		5,740
	9	Publication of Papers and			
1	10	Transition Expenses (R)	465		-0-
	11	BRIM Premium	913	_	267,409
	12	Total		:	\$ 4,237,820

13Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 0101, activity 099), Publica-14 tion of Papers and Transition Expenses (fund 0101, 15activity 465), Publication of Papers and Transition 1617 Expenses-Surplus (fund 0101, activity 359) and Southern 18 Governors' Association-Surplus (fund 0101, activity 962) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby 19 20reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

> 6-Governor's Office-Custodial Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund <u>0102</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ..... 096 \$ 424,974

To be used for current general expenses, including
compensation of employees, household maintenance, cost
of official functions and additional household expenses
occasioned by such official functions.

### 7–Governor's Office– Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families

#### (WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund <u>0104</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1	Personal Services	010	\$ $178,\!288$
2	Annual Increment	004	2,050
3	Employee Benefits	010	45,065
4	Unclassified	099	55,757
5	Family Resource Networks (R)	274	$1,\!205,\!935$
6	Early Parenting Education	559	285,000
7	Starting Points Centers and		
8	Parent Education Services (R)	316	 -0-
9	Total		\$ 1,772,095

10 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Family Resource Networks (fund 0104, activity 11 274), Starting Points Centers and Parent Education 1213Services (fund 0104, activity 316) and Educare (fund 0104, 14 activity 895) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, 1516 with the exception of fund 0104, fiscal year 2004, activity 274 (\$38,899); and fund 0104, fiscal year 2004, activity 316 17 18 (\$38,899) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

### 8–Governor's Office– Civil Contingent Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund <u>0105</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1	Business & Economic Development			
<b>2</b>	Stimulus (R)	586	\$	-0-
3	Civil Contingent Fund - Total (R)	114	9,10	0,000
4	Total		\$	-0-

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Civil Contingent Fund—Total (fund 0105, activity
114), Civil Contingent Fund—Total—Surplus (fund 0105,
activity 238), Civil Contingent Fund (fund 0105, activity
614) and Business and Economic Development Stimulus

### Ch. 13] APPROPRIATIONS

10 (fund 0105, activity 586) at the close of the fiscal year 2004

11 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the12 fiscal year 2005.

13 From this appropriation there may be expended, at the 14 discretion of the governor, an amount not to exceed one 15 thousand dollars as West Virginia's contribution to the 16 interstate oil compact commission.

17 The above appropriation is intended to provide contin-18 gency funding for accidental, unanticipated, emergency or 19 unplanned events which may occur during the fiscal year 20 and is not to be expended for the normal day-to-day 21 operations of the governor's office.

### 9—Auditor's Office— General Administration

### (WV Code Chapter 12)

### Fund 0116 FY 2005 Org 1200

1	Personal Services	001	2,087,640
<b>2</b>	Salary of Auditor	002	75,000
3	Annual Increment	004	$37,\!265$
4	Employee Benefits	010	$662,\!576$
5	Unclassified	099	703,936
6	BRIM Premium	913	$_{13,374}$
7	Total		3,579,791

### 10-Treasurer's Office

### (WV Code Chapter 12)

### Fund 0126 FY 2005 Org 1300

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,667,893
<b>2</b>	Salary of Treasurer	002	75,000
3	Annual Increment	004	20,563
4	Employee Benefits	010	$534,\!401$
5	Unclassified (R)	099	942,889
6	Abandoned Property Program	118	283,029
7	Tuition Trust Fund (R)	692	$148,\!549$

82	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
8	BRIM Premium	913	32,909
9	Total		3,705,233

10Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 0126, activity 099) and Tuition 11 Trust Fund (fund 0126, activity 692) at the close of the 1213fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 14 0126, fiscal year 2004, activity 009 (\$42,549) which shall 1516expire on June 30, 2004.

11-Department of Agriculture

#### (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Fund 0131 FY 2005 Org 1400

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 3,596,423
2	Salary of Commissioner	002	75,000
3	Annual Increment	004	77,138
4	Employee Benefits	010	1,307,831
5	State Farm Museum	055	110,000
6	General John McCausland		
7	Memorial Farm	095	-0-
8	Unclassified (R)	099	$788,\!483$
9	Gypsy Moth Program (R)	119	$945,\!905$
10	Huntington Farmers Market	128	50,000
11	Black Fly Control (R)	137	$428,\!606$
12	Donated Foods Program	363	50,000
13	Predator Control	470	140,000
14	Bee Research	691	$32,\!421$
15	Microbiology Program (R)	785	152,905
16	Moorefield Agriculture Center (R)	786	995,883
17	BRIM Premium	913	114,505
18	WV Food Banks	969	100,000
19	Animal Identification Program	039	200,000
20	Seniors' Farmers' Market Nutrition		
21	Coupon Program	970	60,000
22	Total		\$ 9,225,100

23Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-24tions for Unclassified (fund 0131, activity 099), Gypsy

#### APPROPRIATIONS

25Moth Program (fund 0131, activity 119), Black Fly Control (fund 0131, activity 137), Charleston Farmers Market 2627(fund 0131, activity 476), Capital Improvements-Total  $\mathbf{28}$ -Surplus (fund 0131, activity 672), Microbiology Program 29(fund 0131, activity 785) and Moorefield Agriculture 30 Center (fund 0131, activity 786) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure 3132during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 330131, fiscal year 2004, activity 119 (\$63,473); fund 0131, 34 fiscal year, 2004, activity 137 (\$55,000); and fund 0131, 35 fiscal year 2004, activity 786 (\$49,706) which shall expire 36 on the June 30, 2004.

A portion of the Unclassified appropriation may be
transferred to a special revenue fund for the purpose of
matching federal funds for marketing and development
activities.

#### 12-West Virginia Conservation Agency

#### (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Fund 0132 FY 2005 Org 1400

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 464,113
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	8,150
3	Employee Benefits	010	175,037
4	Unclassified (R)	099	$331,\!252$
5	Soil Conservation Projects (R)	120	$2,\!688,\!089$
6	Maintenance of Flood		
7	Control Projects (R)	522	$2,\!170,\!438$
8	BRIM Premium	913	5,090
9	Total		5,842,169

10 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-11 tions for Soil Conservation Projects (fund 0132, activity 12 120), Soil Conservation Projects—Surplus (fund 0132, 13 activity 269) and Maintenance of Flood Control Projects 14 (fund 0132, activity 522), and Unclassified (fund 0132, 15 activity 099) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby 16 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005,

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with the exception of fund 0132, fiscal year 2004, activity 17

120 (\$157,964) which shall expire on June 30, 2004. 18

> 13-Department of Agriculture-Meat Inspection

> > (WV Code Chapter 19)

### Fund 0135 FY 2005 Org 1400

Unclassified - Total ..... 096 \$ 617,112 1

 $\mathbf{2}$ Any part or all of this appropriation may be transferred

to a special revenue fund for the purpose of matching 3

4 federal funds for the above-named program.

### 14-Department of Agriculture-Agricultural Awards

(WV Code Chapter 19)

### Fund 0136 FY 2005 Org 1400

<b>1</b>	Commissioner's Awards			
<b>2</b>	and Programs	737	\$	$43,\!650$
3	Programs & Awards for 4-H			
4	Clubs and FFA/FHA	577		
5			<u>15,0</u>	000
6	Total		\$	$58,\!650$

### 15-Attorney General

(WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46A and 47)

### Fund 0150 FY 2005 Org 1500

1	Personal Services (R)	001	1,907,267
<b>2</b>	Salary of Attorney General	002	80,000
3	Annual Increment	004	$46,\!284$
4	Employee Benefits (R)	010	$738,\!947$
5	Unclassified (R)	099	316,716
6	Better Government Bureau	740	$295,\!054$
7	BRIM Premium	913	131,565
8	Total		3,515,833

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

9 Any unexpended balances remaining in the above 10 appropriations for Personal Services (fund 0150, activity 001), Employee Benefits (fund 0150, activity 010) and 11 12 Unclassified (fund 0150, activity 099) at the close of the 13 fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005 with the exception of fund 14 15 0150, fiscal year 2004, activity 001 (\$107,746) which shall 16 expire on June 30, 2004.

17 When legal counsel or secretarial help is appointed by 18 the attorney general for any state spending unit, this account shall be reimbursed from such spending units 1920specifically appropriated account or from accounts 21appropriated by general language contained within this 22bill: Provided, That the spending unit shall reimburse at 23a rate and upon terms agreed to by the state spending unit 24 and the attorney general: Provided, however, That if the 25spending unit and the attorney general are unable to agree 26on the amount and terms of the reimbursement, the 27spending unit and the attorney general shall submit their 28 proposed reimbursement rates and terms to the joint 29committee on government and finance for final determina-30 tion.

#### 16-Secretary of State

#### (WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)

#### Fund 0155 FY 2005 Org 1600

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $607,\!425$
<b>2</b>	Salary of Secretary of State	002	70,000
3	Annual Increment	004	10,900
4	Employee Benefits	010	$226,\!267$
5	Unclassified (R)	099	124,858
6	BRIM Premium	913	 43,724
7	Total		\$ 1,083,174

8 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria9 tions for Unclassified (fund 0155, activity 099) and Admin10 istrative Law Division Improvements (fund 0155, activity

### APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 13

11 880) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby

12 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005,

- 13 with the exception of fund 0155, fiscal year 2004, activity
- 14 099 (\$31,927) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

### $17-State\ Election\ Commission$

(WV Code Chapter 3)

### Fund 0160 FY 2005 Org 1601

1 Unclassified—Total ..... 096 \$ 10,275

### DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

18-Department of Administration-Office of the Secretary

### (WV Code Chapter 5F)

### Fund 0186 FY 2005 Org 0201

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 271,097
<b>2</b>	Lease Rental Payments	516	$11,\!463,\!103$
3	Pay Equity Reserve	364	250,000
4	BRIM Premium	913	14,073
5	Total		\$11,998,273

6 The appropriation for Lease Rental Payments shall be 7 disbursed as provided by chapter thirty-one, article 8 fifteen, section six-b of the code.

19-Consolidated Public Retirement Board

(WV Code Chapter 5)

### Fund 0195 FY 2005 Org 0205

1 The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, 2 bureau of employment programs, public service commis-3 sion and other departments, bureaus, divisions, or commis-4 sions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal 5 funds shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement

#### APPROPRIATIONS

- 6 costs for their respective divisions. When specific appro-
- 7 priations are not made, such payments may be made from
- 8 the balances in the various special revenue funds in excess
- 9 of specific appropriations.

### $20-Division \ of \ Finance$

### (WV Code Chapter 5A)

### Fund 0203 FY 2005 Org 0209

1	Personal Services	001	\$	102,940
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004		713
3	Employee Benefits	010		$27,\!936$
4	Unclassified	099		140,823
5	GAAP Project (R)	125		$995,\!934$
6	BRIM Premium	913	_	70,609
7	Total		\$	1,338,955

8 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

9 for GAAP Project (fund 0203, activity 125) at the close of

10 the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expendi-

11 ture during the fiscal year 2005.

### 21-Division of General Services

### (WV Code Chapter 5A)

### Fund 0230 FY 2005 Org 0211

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 582,902
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	14,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$237,\!351$
4	Unclassified	099	$527,\!649$
5	Fire Service Fee	126	14,000
6	Capitol Complex - Capital Outlay	417	-0-
7	BRIM Premium	913	 98,759
8	Total		\$ 1,474,661

22-Division of Purchasing

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Fund <u>0210</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0213</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $620,\!344$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	10,928
<b>3</b>	Employee Benefits	010	$196,\!554$
4	Unclassified	099	$8,\!247$
5	BRIM Premium	913	 $3,\!594$
6	Total		\$ $839,\!667$

7 The division of highways shall reimburse the Unclassi-8 fied appropriation (fund 2031, activity 099) within the 9 division of purchasing for all actual expenses incurred 10 pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen, article 11 two-a, chapter seventeen of the code.

23-Commission on Uniform State Laws

### (WV Code Chapter 29)

### Fund <u>0214</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0217</u>

1 Unclassified-Total	096	\$	31,000
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2 To pay expenses for members of the commission on 3 uniform state laws.

24-Board of Risk and Insurance Management

#### (WV Code Chapter 29)

### Fund <u>0217</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0218</u>

- 2 These funds may be transferred to a special account for
- 3 the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss
- 4 adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees
- 5 and may be transferred to a special account for disburse-
- 6 ment for payment of premiums and insurance losses.

25-Education and State Employees' Grievance Board

### (WV Code Chapter 18)

### Fund 0220 FY 2005 Org 0219

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 624,084
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	8,775

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3	Employee Benefits	010	166,359
4	Unclassified	099	$137,\!334$
5	BRIM Premium	913	 2,116
6	Total		\$ $938,\!668$

### 26-Ethics Commission

#### (WV Code Chapter 6B)

### Fund 0223 FY 2005 Org 0220

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $219,\!694$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,900
3	Employee Benefits	010	64,402
4	Unclassified	099	1,968
5	BRIM Premium	913	 3,735
6	Total		\$ $291,\!699$

### 27-Public Defender Services

### (WV Code Chapter 29)

### Fund <u>0226</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0221</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 548,011
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$5,\!275$
3	Employee Benefits	010	192,885
4	Unclassified	099	$315,\!074$
<b>5</b>	Appointed Counsel Fees and		
6	Public Defender Corporations	127	-0-
$\overline{7}$	Appointed Counsel Fees	788	9,795,756
8	Public Defender Corporations	352	12,773,436
9	Appointed Counsel-Public		
10	Defender Conflicts	568	$3,\!265,\!252$
11	BRIM Premium	913	47,190
12	Total		\$26,942,879

13 Any unexpended balances remaining in the above 14 appropriations for Public Defender Corporations (fund 15 0226, activity 352), and Appointed Counsel Fees (fund 16 0226, activity 788) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are 17 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 18 year 2005.

### 28-Committee for the Purchase of Commodities and Services from the Handicapped

#### (WV Code Chapter 5A)

#### Fund 0233 FY 2005 Org 0224

1 Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 5,046

29-Public Employees Insurance Agency

#### (WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund 0200 FY 2005 Org 0225

The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, 1

 $\mathbf{2}$ bureau of employment programs, public service commis-3 sion and other departments, bureaus, divisions, or commis-

sions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal 4

5 funds shall pay their proportionate share of the public

6

employees health insurance cost for their respective divisions. 7

#### 30-West Virginia Prosecuting Attorneys' Institute

#### Fund 0557 FY 2005 Org 0228

1	Forensic Medical		
<b>2</b>	Examinations (R)	683	\$ 100,000
3	Federal Funds/Grant Match (R)	749	 88,000
4	Total		\$ 188,000
5	Any unexpended balances remaini	na in th	 oproprio

tions for Forensic Medical Examinations (fund 0557, 6 7 activity 683) and Federal Funds/Grant Match (fund 0557, activity 749) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby 8 9 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005,

with the exception of fund 0557, fiscal year 2004, activity 10

11 683 (\$8,204) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

31-Children's Health Insurance Agency

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Fund 0588 FY 2005 Org 0230

Ch. 1	3] APPROPRIATIONS		91
1	Unclassified-Total (R)	096	\$ 7,122,654

 $2\qquad {\rm Any}\, {\rm unexpended}\, {\rm balance}\, {\rm remaining}\, {\rm in}\, {\rm the}\, {\rm appropriation}$ 

3 for Unclassified-Total (fund 0588, activity 096) at the close
4 of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for

5 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

### 32-State Department of Education-School Lunch Program

#### (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

#### Fund <u>0303</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $214,\!437$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$3,\!594$
3	Employee Benefits	010	77,799
4	Unclassified	099	 1,660,000
5	Total		\$ 1,955,830

33-State FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

### Fund 0306 FY 2005 Org 0402

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $557,\!252$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	12,350
3	Employee Benefits	010	226,888
4	Unclassified	099	141,864
5	BRIM Premium	913	 41,436
6	Total		\$ 979,790

#### 34-State Department of Education

# (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

### Fund <u>0313</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 2,805,924
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	37,695
3	Employee Benefits	010	$892,\!172$
4	Unclassified (R)	099	3,800,000

92	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
5	WV Education Information		
6	System (WVEIS)	138	-0-
7	34/1000 Waiver	139	400,000
8	Traditional Student Increased		
9	Enrollmt 5yr-12th grade	997	$2,\!600,\!000$
10	Collaborative Resource Allocation	041	3,631,694
11	Safe Schools	143	2,000,000
12	Educational Achievement		
13	Incentive	042	$5,\!208,\!396$
14	Teacher Mentor (R)	158	400,000
15	National Teacher Certification (R)	161	50,000
16	HVAC Technicians	355	$315,\!493$
17	Early Retirement		
18	Notification Incentive	366	150,000
19	FBI Checks	372	97,985
20	Foreign Student Education (R)	636	80,113
21	Bridges Program	394	150,000
22	State Teacher of the Year	640	38,499
23	Principals Mentorship	649	50,000
24	Allowance for Work Based		
25	Learning	744	120,000
26	Marshall University Graduate College		
27	Writing Project	807	25,000
28	Regional Education		
29	Service Agencies	972	4,400,000
30	Sparse Population Allocation	973	625,000
31	BRIM Premium	913	328,295
32	Total		\$28,206,266

33The above appropriation includes the state board of 34education and their executive office.

35Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 0313, activity 099), 36S.U.C.C.E.S.S.-Surplus (fund 0313, activity 964), Com-37puter Basic Skills-Surplus (fund 0313, activity 965), 38 Teacher Mentor (fund 0313, activity 158), National 39Teacher Certification (fund 0313, activity 161) and Foreign 40Student Education (fund 0313, activity 636) at the close of 41

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42 the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expen-

43 diture during the fiscal year 2005.

### 35-State Department of Education-Aid for Exceptional Children

### (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

### Fund <u>0314</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Special Education-Counties	159	\$ 7,271,757
2	Special Education-Institutions	160	3,217,483
3	Education of Juveniles Held in		÷
4	Predispositional Juvenile		
5	Detention Centers	302	$581,\!478$
6	Education of Institutionalized		
7	Juveniles and Adults	472	$11,\!503,\!434$
8	Potomac Center	810	-0-
9	Educational Programs at Beckley		
10	and Burlington Centers	975	
11	Total		\$22,574,152

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
for Unclassified–Surplus (fund 0314, activity 097) at the
close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for
expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

16 From the above appropriations, the superintendent shall
17 have authority to expend funds for the costs of special
18 education for those children residing in out-of-state
19 placements.

### 36-State Department of Education-State Aid to Schools

### (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

### Fund <u>0317</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Other Current Expenses	022	\$125,826,312
<b>2</b>	Professional Educators	151	731,600,242
3	Service Personnel	152	$243,\!025,\!520$
4	Fixed Charges	153	88,788,405

5	Transportation	154	25,787,620
6	Administration	155	3,023,492
<b>7</b>	Improve Instructional Programs	156	33,000,000
8	Basic Foundation Allowances		$1,\!251,\!051,\!591$
9	Less Local Share		(305, 560, 152)
10	Total Basic State Aid		$945,\!491,\!439$
11	Early Childhood Collaborative	018	34,760,421
12	Public Employees'		
13	Insurance Matching	012	$177,\!271,\!016$
14	Teachers' Retirement System	019	$345,\!376,\!678$
15	School Building Authority	453	$_{21,561,365}$
16	Total		\$1,524,460,919

### 37-State Board of Education-Vocational Division

### (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

### Fund <u>0390</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 902,344
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	16,099
3	Employee Benefits	010	307,091
4	Unclassified	099	1,110,000
5	Wood Products-Forestry		
6	Vocational Program	146	$56,\!220$
7	Albert Yanni Vocational		
8	Program	147	124,263
9	Vocational Aid	148	14,404,493
10	Adult Basic Education	149	$3,\!113,\!039$
11	Partnership Development/Staff	171	-0-
12	Program Modernization	305	725,000
13	Technical and Secondary Program		
14	Improvement Staff	330	260,871
15	GED Testing	339	291,160
16	Aquaculture Support	769	80,000
17	Total		\$ $21,\!390,\!580$

38-State Board of Education-Division of Educational Performance Audits

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)
# Fund 0573 FY 2005 Org 0402

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 414,244
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	3,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	120,899
4	Unclassified	099	 162,384
5	Total		\$ 700,527

39-West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

# Fund 0320 FY 2005 Org 0403

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 6,857,223
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	5,550
3	Employee Benefits	010	2,507,476
4	Unclassified	099	$1,\!613,\!470$
5	BRIM Premium	913	 68,938
6	Total		\$ $11,\!052,\!657$

# DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

40-Department of Education and the Arts-Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

# Fund 0294 FY 2005 Org 0431

Governor's Honor Academy and			
School for the Arts (R)	030	\$	-0-
Governor's Honor Academy	478		390,150
Unclassified (R)	099		777,735
Center for Professional			
Development (R)	115		1,200,000
Center for Professional Developmen	t-		
Principals' Academy (R)	415		398,970
Teacher Education			
Partnerships (R)	576		500,000
Energy Express	861		450,000
BRIM Premium	913		3,821
Total		\$	3,720,676
	School for the Arts (R)Governor's Honor AcademyUnclassified (R)Center for ProfessionalDevelopment (R)Center for Professional DevelopmenPrincipals' Academy (R)Teacher EducationPartnerships (R)Energy ExpressBRIM Premium	School for the Arts (R)030Governor's Honor Academy478Unclassified (R)099Center for Professional115Development (R)115Center for Professional Development- Principals' Academy (R)415Teacher Education Partnerships (R)576Energy Express861BRIM Premium913	School for the Arts (R)030Governor's Honor Academy478Unclassified (R)099Center for Professional099Development (R)115Center for Professional Development- Principals' Academy (R)415Teacher Education Partnerships (R)576Energy Express861BRIM Premium913

14Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Governor's Honors Academy and School for the 1516Arts (fund 0294, activity 030), Unclassified (fund 0294, activity 099), Center for Professional Development (fund 17 18 0294, activity 115), Center for Professional Development-19Principals' Academy (fund 0294, activity 415) and Teacher 20Education Partnerships (fund 0294, activity 576) at the 21close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for 22expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception 23of fund 0294, fiscal year 2004, activity 415 (\$35,000); fund 240294, fiscal year 2004, activity 115 (\$24,322); fund 0294, fiscal year 2004, activity 576 (\$65,000); and fund 0294. 25fiscal year 2004, activity 099(\$11,391) which shall expire 2627on June 30, 2004.

#### 41-Division of Culture and History

#### (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 0293 FY 2005 Org 0432

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 2,144,527
2	Annual Increment	004	40,162
3	Employee Benefits	010	$893,\!273$
4	Unclassified	099	470,000
5	Culture and History		
6	Programming	732	300,000
7	BRIM Premium	913	61,293
8	Total		\$ $3,\!909,\!255$

9 The Unclassified appropriation includes funding for the 10 arts funds, department programming funds, grants, fairs 11 and festivals and Camp Washington Carver and shall be 12 expended only upon authorization of the division of 13 culture and history and in accordance with the provisions 14 of chapter five-a, article three, and chapter twelve of the 15 code.

All federal moneys received as reimbursement to the
division of culture and history for moneys expended from
the general revenue fund for the arts fund and historical
preservation are hereby reappropriated for the purposes as

20 originally made, including personal services, current21 expenses and equipment.

#### 42-Library Commission

### (WV Code Chapter 10)

#### Fund <u>0296</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0433</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $866,\!543$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$28,\!100$
3	Employee Benefits	010	$349,\!668$
4	Unclassified	099	$229,\!809$
5	Services to Blind		
6	and Handicapped	181	$38,\!456$
7	EBA Contractual Services	044	50,000
8	BRIM Premium	913	31,822
9	Total		\$ $1,\!594,\!398$

#### 43-Educational Broadcasting Authority

#### (WV Code Chapter 10)

#### Fund <u>0300</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0439</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 3,030,517
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$61,\!492$
3	Employee Benefits	010	1,039,610
4	Unclassified	099	$492,\!586$
5	BRIM Premium	913	 69,225
6	Total		\$ $4,\!693,\!430$

7 These funds may be transferred to special revenue8 accounts for matching college, university, city, county,9 federal and/or other generated revenues.

# 44-State Board of Rehabilitation-Division of Rehabilitation Services

#### (WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Fund <u>0310</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0932</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $6,\!439,\!706$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	134,049

97

98	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
3	Employee Benefits	010	$2,\!648,\!899$
4	Unclassified	099	-0-
5	Employment Attendant		
6	Care Program	598	179,000
7	Workshop Development	163	1,816,149
8	Supported Employment		
9	Extended Services	206	119,032
10	Ron Yost Personal		
11	Assistance Fund (R)	407	340,000
12	Independent Living Services	009	24,000
13	BRIM Premium	913	68,263
14	Total		\$ 11,769,098

15 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Technology-Related Assistance Revolving Loan 16 Fund for Individuals with Disabilities (fund 0310, activity 17 766) is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the 18 fiscal year 2005 and may be transferred to a special 19 20account for the purpose of disbursement or loan. Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for 2122Capital Improvements -Surplus (fund 0310, activity 661), 23Unclassified - Surplus (fund 0310, activity 097) and Ron 24 Yost Personal Assistant Fund (fund 0310, activity 406) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated 2526for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

45-Department of Health and Human Resources-Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

#### Fund <u>0400</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0501</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 137,929

46-Division of Health-Central Office

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Fund 0407 FY 2005 Org 0506

Ch. 13	3] APPROPRIATIONS		99
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 7,262,502
2	Annual Increment	004	164,981
3	Employee Benefits	010	3,132,691
4	Level 1, 2 and 3 Trauma Centers .	013	675,594
5	Unclassified	099	$2,\!677,\!222$
6	Safe Drinking Water Program	187	506,098
7	Pet Scan Support	209	100,000
8	Women, Infants and Children	210	45,000
9	Basic Public Health		
10	Services Support	212	4,324,216
11	Early Intervention	223	3,307,043
12	Cancer Registry	225	$272,\!671$
13	State EMS Technical Assistance .	379	1,404,020
14	EMS Program for Children	381	49,864
15	Statewide EMS Program Support	383	554,181
16	Primary Care Centers -		
17	Mortgage Finance	413	621,718
18	Black Lung Clinics	467	198,646
19	Women's Right to Know	546	200,000
20	Pediatric Dental Services	550	150,000
21	Vaccine for Children	551	$432,\!457$
22	Adult Influenza Vaccine	552	65,000
23	Tuberculosis Control	553	254,042
24	Maternal and Child Health Clinics,		
25	<b>Clinicians and Medical Contracts</b>		
26	and Fees (R)	575	4,614,362
27	Epidemiology Support	626	$379,\!593$
28	Primary Care Support	628	7,254,178
29	State Aid to Local		
30	Health Departments	702	$9,\!257,\!684$
31	Health Right Free Clinics	727	2,747,836
32	Osteoporosis Prevention Fund	729	$156,\!696$
33	Center for End of Life	545	195,000
34	Tobacco Education Program	906	-0-
35	CARDIAC Project	375	250,000
36	<b>Emergency Response Entities-</b>		
37	Special Projects	822	400,000
38	Chief Medical Examiner	045	3,384,423
39	BRIM Premium	913	 $_{224,757}$
40	Total		\$ 55,262,475

41 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-42tions for Unclassified (fund 0407, fiscal year 1997, activity 099) and Maternal and Child Health Clinics, Clinicians 4344 and Medical Contracts and Fees (fund 0407, activity 575) 45at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reap-46 propriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, 47with the exception of fund 0407, fiscal year 2004, activity 48 575 (\$69,213) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

From the Maternal and Child Health Clinics, Clinicians,
and Medical Contracts and Fees line item, \$400,000 shall
be transferred to the Breast and Cervical Cancer Diagnostic Treatment Fund.

53Included in the above appropriation for Primary Care 54Centers-Mortgage Finance is \$50,000 for the mortgage payment for the Lincoln Primary Care Center, Inc.; 5556\$53.140 for the mortgage payment for the Monroe Health 57Center; \$42,564 for the mortgage payment for Roane 58County Family Health Care, Inc.; \$25,000 for the mortgage payment for the Tug River Health Association, Inc.; 59\$48,000 for the mortgage payment for the Primary Care 60 Systems (Clay); \$10,800 for the mortgage for the Belington 61 62Clinic; \$30,000 for the mortgage payment for the Tri-County Health Clinic; \$15,000 for the mortgage payments 63 64 for Valley Health Care (Randolph); \$58,560 for the mort-65 gage payment for Valley Health Systems, Inc. (Woman's 66 Place and Harts Health Clinic): \$46,958 for the mortgage 67 payment for Ritchie County Primary Care Association, 68 Inc.; \$24,000 for the mortgage payment for Camden-on-Gauley Primary Care Center; \$8,000 for the mortgage 69 payment for Northern Greenbrier Health Clinic; \$12,696 70for the mortgage payment for the Women's Care, Inc. 7172(Putnam); \$25,000 for the mortgage payment for the 73Preston-Taylor Community Health Centers, Inc.; \$20,000 74for the mortgage payments for the North Fork Clinic 75(Pendleton); \$40,000 for the mortgage payments for the Pendleton Community Care; \$27,000 for the mortgage for 7677South Branch Health Facility (Upper Tract); \$38,400 for 78the mortgage payment for Clay-Battelle Community

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Health Center; \$33,600 for the mortgage payment for
Mountaineer Health Clinic in Paw Paw and \$13,000 be
expended for the mortgage payment for the St. George
Medical Clinic.

# 47-Consolidated Medical Service Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 16)

#### Fund <u>0525</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 616,833
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	11,991
3	Employee Benefits	010	252,697
4	Special Olympics	208	26,074
5	Behavioral Health Program-		
6	Unclassified (R)	219	$41,\!179,\!562$
7	Family Support Act	221	1,092,753
8	Institutional Facilities		
9	Operations	335	46,712,385
10	Colin Anderson Community		
11	Placement (R)	803	$3,\!264,\!325$
12	Renaissance Program	804	194,000
13	BRIM Premium	913	 $1,\!152,\!725$
14	Total		\$ 94,503,345

15Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-16tions for Behavioral Health Program-Unclassified (fund 0525, activity 219) and Colin Anderson Community 1718 Placement (fund 0525, activity 803) at the close of the 19fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure 20during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 210525, fiscal year 2004, activity 219 (\$2,064,354); and fund 0525, fiscal year 2004, activity 803 (\$2,100,325) which 2223shall expire on June 30, 2004.

The secretary of the department of health and human resources, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor and the department of revenue an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the above account and which receives a portion of the above

appropriation for Institutional Facilities Operations. The
secretary shall also, within fifteen days after the close of
the six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the
legislative auditor and the department of revenue an
itemized report of expenditures made during the preceding
six-month period.

From the Colin Anderson Community Placement (fund
0525, activity 803) funds may be both expended for the
community placement costs of the Colin Anderson clients
and transferred to the Medical Services Program Fund to
pay the Medicaid state share of the Medicaid cost of Colin
Anderson clients in the community.

42 From the above appropriation to Institutional Facilities Operations, together with available funds from the 43 44 division of health-hospital services revenue account (fund 45 5156, activity 335) and tobacco settlement expenditure 46 fund (fund 5124, activity 335), on July 1, 2004, the sum of 47 one hundred sixty thousand dollars shall be transferred to 48 the department of agriculture-land division as advance 49 payment for the purchase of food products; actual pay-50ments for such purchases shall not be required until such 51credits have been completely expended.

52Additional funds have been appropriated in fund 5124, fiscal year 2005, organization 0506 and fund 5156, fiscal 53year 2005, organization 0506, for the operation of the 5455 institutional facilities. The secretary of the department of 56health and human resources is authorized to utilize up to 57 ten percent of the funds from the Institutional Facilities 58 Operations line item to facilitate cost effective and cost 59 saving services at the community level.

# 48-Division of Health-West Virginia Drinking Water Treatment

(WV Code Chapter 16)

# Fund 0561 FY 2005 Org 0506

1 West Virginia Drinking Water Treatment

Ch. 13	APPROPRIATIONS103
2	Revolving Fund-Transfer689700,000
3	The above appropriation for Drinking Water Treatment
4	Revolving Fund-Transfer shall be transferred to the West
5	Virginia Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Fund or
6	appropriate bank depository and the Drinking Water
7	Treatment Revolving-Administrative Expense Fund as
8	provided by chapter sixteen of the code.

# 49-Human Rights Commission

# (WV Code Chapter 5)

# Fund <u>0416</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0510</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 667, 467
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	16,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	222,794
4	Unclassified	099	$254,\!684$
5	BRIM Premium	913	 20,668
6	Total		\$ 1,181,613

50-Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

# Fund <u>0403</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $21,\!465,\!192$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	648,734
3	Employee Benefits	010	8,449,645
4	Unclassified	099	16,731,576
5	Child Care Development	144	$1,\!447,\!463$
6	Medical Services Contracts		
7	and Office of Managed Care	183	$2,\!329,\!730$
8	Medical Services	189	239,070,628
9	Women's Commission	191	133,381
10	Social Services	195	$60,\!105,\!425$
11	Family Preservation Program	196	1,565,000
12	Domestic Violence Legal		
13	Services Fund	384	150,000
14	James "Tiger" Morton Catastrophic		
15	Illness Fund	455	940,000

104	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
16	Child Protective Services		
17	Case Workers	468	$11,\!917,\!452$
18	Medical Services Trust		
19	Fund Transfer	512	5,000,000
20	OSCAR and RAPIDS	515	$3,\!471,\!648$
21	WV Teaching Hospitals		
22	Tertiary/Safety Net	547	1,750,000
23	Child Welfare System	603	$2,\!581,\!948$
24	Commission for the Deaf and		
25	Hard of Hearing	704	$263,\!473$
26	Child Support Enforcement	705	2,758,468
27	Medicaid Auditing	706	590,841
28	Temporary Assistance for Needy		
29	Families/Maintenance of Effort	707	22,969,096
30	Child Care-Maintenance of		
31	Effort and Match	708	4,409,643
32	Grants for Licensed Domestic		
33	Violence Programs and Statewide		
34	Prevention	750	1,000,000
35	Indigent Burials (R)	851	$1,\!200,\!000$
36	*Sole Community/Medicare Depend	ent	
37	<del>Hospitals under 100 beds-</del> <del>-</del>	-046	750,000
38	BRIM Premium	913	882,229
39	**Total		412,581,572
			411,831,572

40Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-41 tions for Indigent Burials (fund 0403, activity 851) and 42 Medical Services (fund 0403, activity 189) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expen-4344 diture during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 0403, fiscal year 2004, activity 189 (\$122,818); and 45fund 0403, fiscal year 2004, activity 851 (\$325,000) which 4647shall expire on June 30, 2004.

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck language on lines 36 and 37.

**<sup>\*\*</sup>CLERK'S NOTE:** The Governor also reduced the total on line 39 from "\$412,581,572" to "411,831,572" to reflect the deletion.

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The above appropriation for James "Tiger" Morton
Catastrophic Illness Fund (activity 455) shall be transferred to the James "Tiger" Morton Catastrophic Illness
Fund (fund 5454) as provided by chapter sixteen, article
five-q, of the code.

53 The above appropriation for Domestic Violence Legal
54 Services Fund (activity 384) shall be transferred to the
55 Domestic Violence Legal Services Fund (fund 5455).

56 Notwithstanding the provisions of Title I, section three 57 of this bill, the secretary of the department of health and 58 human resources shall have the authority to transfer funds 59 within the above account: *Provided*, That no more than 60 five percent of the funds appropriated to one line item may 61 be transferred to other line items: Provided, however, That 62 no funds from other line items shall be transferred to the 63 personal services line item.

64 The secretary shall have authority to expend funds for
65 the educational costs of those children residing in out-of66 state placements, excluding the costs of special education
67 programs.

68 \*The above appropriation for Sole Community/Medicare

69 Dependent Hospitals under 100 beds shall be used as

70 additional state match for cost based reimbursement.

# DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY

51-Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety-Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

# Fund <u>0430</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0601</u>

1 Unclassified (R) ..... 099 \$ 529,199

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck language on lines 68, 69 and 70.

106	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
2	BRIM Premium	913	 11,194
3	Total		\$ 540,393

4 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

5~ for Unclassified (fund 0430, activity 099) at the close of the

6 fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure

7 during the fiscal year 2005.

#### 52-Adjutant General-

#### State Militia

### (WV Code Chapter 15)

#### Fund 0433 FY 2005 Org 0603

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $387,\!196$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	9,900
3	Employee Benefits	010	127,063
4	Unclassified (R)	099	$13,\!186,\!283$
5	Mountaineer ChalleNGe Academy	709	$1,\!200,\!000$
6	BRIM Premium	913	 45,086
7	Total		\$ $14,\!955,\!528$

8 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
9 for Unclassified (fund 0433, activity 099) at the close of the
10 fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
11 during the fiscal year 2005.

From the above appropriation an amount approved by
the adjutant general and the secretary of military affairs
and public safety may be transferred to the State Armory
Board for operation and maintenance of National Guard
Armories.

#### 53-West Virginia Parole Board

#### (WV Code Chapter 62)

# Fund 0440 FY 2005 Org 0605

1	Personal Services	001 \$	122,751
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,744

Ch. 1	3] APPROPRIATIONS		107
3	Employee Benefits	010	$127,\!119$
4	Unclassified	099	119,325
5	Salaries of Members of West		
6	Virginia Parole Board	227	$225,\!000$
7	BRIM Premium	913	 17,511
8	Total		\$ 613,450

54-Office of Emergency Services

(WV Code Chapter 15)

# Fund 0443 FY 2005 Org 0606

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $222,\!636$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	5,500
3	Employee Benefits	010	84,834
4	Unclassified	099	106,841
5	Federal Emergency Management		
6	Agency Match (R)	188	210,937
7	Radiological Emergency		
8	Preparedness	554	25,600
9	Early Warning Flood System	877	$324,\!264$
10	BRIM Premium	913	 12,598
11	Total		\$ 993,210

12Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-13tions for Federal Emergency Management Agency Match-Surplus (fund 0443, activity 121), Federal Emer-14 15 gency Management Agency Match (fund 0443, activity 188), Flood Reparations (fund 0443, activity 400) and 1617Homeland Security Grant Match-Surplus (fund 0443, activity 957) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby 18 19reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

# 55-Division of Corrections-Central Office

### (WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)

#### Fund 0446 FY 2005 Org 0608

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $357,\!881$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	5,775

108	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
3	Employee Benefits	010	117,832
4	Unclassified	099	97,594
5	Total		\$ 579,082

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 6 7 for Management Information System (fund 0446, activity 398) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby 8 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005. 9

> 56-Division of Corrections-Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)

# Fund <u>0450</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0608</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 896,204
<b>2</b>	Employee Benefits	010	324,385
3	Charleston Work Release	456	834,089
4	Beckley Correctional Center	490	919,012
5	Huntington Work Release	495	712,740
6	Anthony Center	504	4,219,340
7	Huttonsville Correctional Center .	514	13,730,212
8	Northern Correctional Facility	534	5,968,468
9	Inmate Medical Expenses	535	$12,\!371,\!767$
10	Pruntytown Correctional Center .	543	5,657,088
11	Payments to Federal, County and/or		
12	Regional Jails	555	8,303,000
13	Corrections Academy	569	995,100
14	Martinsburg Correctional Center .	663	3,060,000
15	Parole Services	686	1,982,452
16	Special Services	687	2,091,002
17	St. Mary's Correctional Facility	881	10,720,652
18	Denmar Correctional Facility	882	3,584,430
19	Ohio County		
20	Correctional Facility	883	$1,\!179,\!235$
21	Mt. Olive Correctional Facility	888	$16,\!673,\!064$
22	Lakin Correctional Facility	896	$7,\!245,\!722$
23	BRIM Premium	913	 853,296
24	Total		\$ 102,321,258

1

### Ch. 13]

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

25The commissioner of corrections shall within fifteen 26days after the close of each six-month period of said fiscal 27year, file with the legislative auditor and the department  $\mathbf{28}$ of revenue an itemized report of expenditures made during 29the preceding six-month period. Such report shall include 30 the total of expenditures made for personal services, 31annual increment, current expenses (inmate medical 32expenses and other), repairs and alterations and equip-33 ment. The commissioner of corrections shall also have the authority to transfer between line items appropriated to 34the individual correctional units above and may transfer 3536 funds from the individuals units to Payments to Federal, 37County and/or Regional Jails (fund 0450, activity 555) or 38 the Inmate Medical Expenses (fund 0450, activity 535).

39 From the above appropriation to Unclassified, on July 1, 40 2004, the sum of three hundred thousand dollars shall be 41 transferred to the department of agriculture-land division 42 as advance payment for the purchase of food products; 43 actual payments for such purchases shall not be required 44 until such credits have been completely expended.

# 57-West Virginia State Police

### (WV Code Chapter 15)

#### Fund <u>0453</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$27,590,156
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	198,050
3	Employee Benefits	010	6,727,064
4	Unclassified	099	6,091,191
5	Handgun Replacement	289	-0-
6	Vehicle Purchase	451	1,000,000
7	Barracks Maintenance		
8	and Construction (R)	494	98,068
9	Trooper Class (R)	521	$3,\!670,\!885$
10	Barracks Lease Payments	556	440,088
11	Communications and		
12	Other Equipment (R)	558	613,285
13	Trooper Retirement Fund	605	27,780,136

110	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
14	Handgun Administration		
15	Expense	747	$70,\!544$
16	Automated Fingerprint		
17	Identification System	898	496,122
18	BRIM Premium	913	6,731,157
19	Total		81,506,746

20Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-21tions for Barracks Maintenance and Construction (fund 220453, activity 494), Trooper Class (fund 0453, activity 521) 23and Communications and Other Equipment (fund 0453, 24 activity 558) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005. 25

26From the reappropriated balance of the Barracks 27Maintenance and Construction line item above, at least 28\$500,000 shall be utilized to repair and renovate the 29Martinsburg Barracks.

#### 58-Division of Veterans' Affairs

#### (WV Code Chapter 9A)

#### Fund 0456 FY 2005 Org 0613

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 872,723
2	Annual Increment	004	27,330
3	Employee Benefits	010	387,973
4	Unclassified	099	50,000
5	Veterans' Field Offices	228	180,000
6	Veterans' Nursing Home	286	750,000
7	Veterans' Toll Free		
8	Assistance Line	328	5,000
9	Veterans' Reeducation		
10	Assistance (R)	329	$211,\!604$
11	Veterans' Grant Program (R)	342	150,000
12	Memorial Day Patriotic Exercise .	697	20,000
13	BRIM Premium	913	 27,978
14	Total		\$ 2,682,608

15Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Veterans' Reeducation Assistance (fund 0456, 16

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17 activity 329), Veterans' Grant Program (fund 0456, activity

18 342), Women's Veterans' Monument (fund 0456, activity

19 385) and Veterans' Monuments (fund 0456, activity 817) at

20 the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated

21 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

The above appropriation for Veterans' Nursing Home (fund 0456, activity 286) may be transferred to the Veterans' Nursing Home Support Fund (fund 6703, org 0613) at the discretion of the director of the Division of Veterans' Affairs.

# 59-Division of Veterans' Affairs-Veterans' Home

# (WV Code Chapter 9A)

# Fund <u>0460</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0618</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 668,646
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	15,100
3	Employee Benefits	010	312,663
4	Unclassified	099	 37,316
5	Total		\$ 1,033,725

**60-Fire** Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

# Fund 0436 FY 2005 Org 0619

1 Safe Schools Hotline - Total ..... 093 \$ 200,000

61-Division of Criminal Justice Services

(WV Code Chapter 15)

# Fund 0546 FY 2005 Org 0620

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 236,236
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$3,\!645$
3	Employee Benefits	010	78,755
4	Unclassified	099	129,583
5	Statistical Analysis Program	597	$48,\!265$
6	Sentencing Commission	976	-0-

112	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
7	BRIM Premium	913	1,462
8	Total		\$ 497,946
	62-Division of Juvenile Ser	vices	
	(WV Code Chapter 49	)	
	Fund <u>0570</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	<u>0621</u>	
1	Robert L. Shell Juvenile Center	267	\$ 1,573,072
2	Donald R. Kuhn		
3	Diagnostic Center	283	2,078,265
4	Central Office	701	1,825,015
5	BRIM Premium	913	$31,\!436$
6	WV Industrial Home for Youth	979	10,689,850
7	Davis Center	980	$2,\!117,\!417$
8	Eastern Regional Juvenile Center	981	$1,\!257,\!152$
9	Northern Regional		
10	Juvenile Center	982	$912,\!807$
11	North Central Regional		
12	Juvenile Center	983	$1,\!602,\!290$
13	Southern Regional		
14	Juvenile Center	984	1,704,494
15	Tiger Morton Center	985	1,814,195
16	Donald R. Kuhn Juvenile Center .	986	$1,\!458,\!122$
17	J.M. "Chick" Buckbee		
18	Juvenile Center	987	1,834,552
19	Salem Canine	988	87,651
<b>20</b>	Davis Canine	989	83,611
21	The Academy	990	128,857
22	Mt. Hope Juvenile Center	991	 1,742,028
23	Total		\$ 30,940,814

24 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified (fund 0570, activity 099) at the close of the 25fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure 2627during the fiscal year 2005.

From the above appropriation to Unclassified, on July 1,  $\mathbf{28}$ 2004, the sum of fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred 29to the department of agriculture-land division as advance 30 payment for the purchase of food products; actual pay-31

# Ch. 13] APPROPRIATIONS

32 ments for such purchases shall not be required until such

33 credits have been completely expended.

34 The director of juvenile services shall also have the 35 authority to transfer between line items appropriated to 36 the individual juvenile centers above.

63-Division of Protective Services

### (WV Code Chapter 15)

### Fund 0585 FY 2005 Org 0622

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 864,051
2	Annual Increment	004	9,350
3	Employee Benefits	010	343,713
4	Unclassified (R)	099	514,518
5	BRIM Premium	913	 6,816
6	Total		\$ 1,738,448

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Equipment (fund 0585, activity 070) and Unclassified (fund 0585, activity 099) at the close of the fiscal
year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure
during the fiscal year 2005.

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

64-Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 11)

# Fund 0465 FY 2005 Org 0701

1 Unclassified - Total ..... 096 \$ 622,000

# 65-Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)

# Fund <u>0470</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0702</u>

1	Personal Services (R)	001	\$ 11,002,709
2	Annual Increment	004	259,060
3	Employee Benefits (R)	010	$4,\!194,\!362$

4	Tax Technology Upgrade	094	1,815,000
5	Unclassified (R)	099	6,417,510
6	GIS Development Project	562	150,000
7	Remittance Processor	570	381,015
8	Multi State Tax Commission	653	77,958
9	BRIM Premium	913	11,711
10	Total		\$ 24,309,325

11 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-12tions for Personal Services (fund 0470, activity 001), 13 Employee Benefits (fund 0470, activity 010), Unclassified-Surplus (fund 0470, activity 097), Unclassified (fund 0470, 14 15activity 099), and Tax Technology Upgrade-Surplus (fund 160470, activity 450) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are 17hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 18 year 2005.

#### 66-State Budget Office

(WV Code Chapter 11B)

#### Fund 0595 FY 2005 Org 0703

1 Unclassified - Total ..... 096 \$ 1,050,000

67-West Virginia Office of Tax Appeals

#### (WV Code Chapter 11)

#### Fund <u>0593</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0709</u>

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 644,413

2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

3 for Unclassified—Total (fund 0593, activity 096) at the

4 close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for

5 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception

6 of fund 0593, fiscal year 2004, activity 096 (\$18,636) which

7 shall expire on June 30, 2004.

68-Division of Professional and Occupational Licenses-State Athletic Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 0523 FY 2005 Org 0933

1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$ 10,000
<b>2</b>	Unclassified	099	-0-
3	BRIM Premium	913	 
4	Total		\$ -0-

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### 69-State Rail Authority

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 0506 FY 2005 Org 0804

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 3,096,347
<b>2</b>	BRIM Premium	913	 270,874
3	Total		\$ 3,367,221

# 70-Division of Public Transit

(WV Code Chapter 17)

#### Fund 0510 FY 2005 Org 0805

1	Unclassified (R)	099	\$ $1,\!258,\!342$
<b>2</b>	Grant Match (R)	388	 1,000,000
3	Total		\$ $2,\!258,\!342$

4 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 0510, activity 099), Grant 5 Match (fund 0510, activity 388) and Federal Funds/Grant 6 7 Match (fund 0510, activity 749) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure 8 9 during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 0510, fiscal year 2004, activity 099 (\$37,531); and fund 100510, fiscal year 2004, activity 749 (\$29,000) which shall 11 12expire on June 30, 2004.

#### 71-Public Port Authority

(WV Code Chapter 17)

#### Fund 0581 FY 2005 Org 0806

1 Unclassified	099	\$	460,537
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116	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
2	BRIM Premium	913	 649
3	Total		\$ 461,186

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified-Total (fund 0581, activity 096) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 0581, fiscal year 2004, activity 096 (\$21,040) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

#### 72-Aeronautics Commission

# (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 0582 FY 2005 Org 0807

1	Unclassified (R)	099	\$ 1,169,436
2	Civil Air Patrol	234	 151,384
3	Total		\$ 1,320,820

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified (fund 0582, activity 099) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 0582, fiscal year 2004, activity 099 (\$35,606) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

#### **BUREAU OF COMMERCE**

#### 73-Division of Forestry

#### (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Fund 0250 FY 2005 Org 0305

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $1,\!631,\!940$
2	Annual Increment	004	43,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$736,\!845$
4	Aerial Tanker	047	200,000
5	BRIM Premium	913	 208,855
6	Total		\$ $2,\!820,\!640$

Out of the above appropriation a sum may be used to
match federal funds for cooperative studies or other funds
for similar purposes.

#### 74-Geological and Economic Survey

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund <u>0253</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0306</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $1,\!243,\!962$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	35,564
3	Employee Benefits	010	415,126
4	Unclassified	099	201,317
5	Mineral Mapping System (R)	207	$1,\!556,\!636$
6	BRIM Premium	913	 34,291
7	Total		\$ 3,486,896

8 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-9 tions for Mineral Mapping System (fund 0253, activity 207) and Geographic Information System (fund 0253, 10 activity 214) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby 11 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, 1213 with the exception of fund 0253, fiscal year 2004, activity 214 (\$8,527); and fund 0253, fiscal year 2004, activity 207 14 15 (\$65,450) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

The above Unclassified appropriation includes funding
to secure federal and other contracts and may be transferred to a special revolving fund (fund 3105, activity 099)
for the purpose of providing advance funding for such
contracts.

#### 75-West Virginia Development Office

#### (WV Code Chapter 5B)

#### Fund 0256 FY 2005 Org 0307

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $2,\!354,\!456$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	34,180
3	Employee Benefits	010	730,222
4	Energy Village	090	-0-
5	Unclassified	099	$2,\!493,\!845$
6	Partnership Grants (R)	131	$2,\!640,\!244$
7	National Youth Science Camp	132	149,039

118	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
8	Local Economic Development		·
9	Partnerships (R)	133	$1,\!650,\!000$
10	ARC Assessment	136	$167,\!308$
11	Institute for Software Research	217	$76,\!213$
12	West Virginia Steel Advisory	230	-0-
13	Mid-Atlantic Aerospace		
14	Complex (R)	231	176,783
15	Guaranteed Work		
16	Force Grant (R)	242	$2,\!378,\!267$
17	Mingo County Surface		
18	Mine Project	<b>296</b>	125,000
19	Small Business Financial		
20	Assistance (R)	360	356,695
21	Robert C. Byrd Institute for Advance	ed/	
22	Flexible Manufacturing-Technolog	gу	
23	Outreach and Programs for		
24	Environmental and		
25	Advanced Technologies	367	549,990
26	Advantage Valley	389	78,570
27	Chemical Alliance Zone	390	40,500
28	WV High Tech Consortium	391	159,570
29	Charleston Farmers Market (R)	476	90,000
30	Industrial Park Assistance (R)	480	445,000
31	Leverage Technology and Small		
32	Business Development		
33	Program (R)	525	639,614
34	International Offices (R)	593	690,644
35	WV Manufacturing		
36	Extension Partnership	731	$152,\!426$
<b>37</b>	Small Business Work Force (R)	735	417,341
38	Polymer Alliance	754	76,213
39	National Institute		
40	of Chemical Studies	805	74,519
41	Local Economic		
42	Development Assistance (R) $\ldots$	819	4,778,516
43	Community College		
44	Workforce Development (R)	878	642,943
45	BRIM Premium	913	24,130
46	Hardwood Alliance Zone	992	45,000

47 ARC-WV Home of Your

48	Own Alliance	048	 40,000
49	Total		\$ $22,\!277,\!228$

50 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-51tions for Partnership Grants (fund 0256, activity 131), Local Economic Development Partnerships (fund 0256, 52activity 133), Mid-Atlantic Aerospace Complex (fund 0256, 53activity 231), Guaranteed Work Force Grant (fund 0256, 54 55 activity 242), Local Economic Development Assistance-Surplus (fund 0256, activity 266), Small Business 56 Financial Assistance (fund 0256, activity 360), Charleston 57Farmers Market (fund 0256, activity 476), Industrial Park 58 Assistance (fund 0256, activity 480), Leverage Technology 5960 and Small Business Development Program (fund 0256, 61 activity 525), International Offices (fund 0256, activity 62 593), Small Business Work Force (fund 0256, activity 735), 63 Local Economic Development Assistance (fund 0256, activity 819), Community College Workforce Development 64 (fund 0256, activity 878), Economic Development Assis-65 tance (fund 0256, activity 900) and Technology Initiatives 66 67 (fund 0256, activity 901) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the 68 fiscal year 2005, with the exception of fund 0256, fiscal 69 70year 2004, activity 131 (\$152,922); fund 0256, fiscal year 712004, activity 133 (\$109,132); fund 0256, fiscal year 2004, 72activity 231 (\$5,696); fund 0256, fiscal year 2004, activity 73242 (\$78,375); fund 0256, fiscal year 2004, activity 476 74 (\$2,610); fund 0256, fiscal year 2004, activity 480 (\$64,134); fund 0256, fiscal year 2004, activity 525 (\$20,835); fund 750256, fiscal year 2004, activity 593 (\$22,504); fund 0256, 76 fiscal year 2004, activity 735 (\$15,344); fund 0256, fiscal 77 78 year 2004, activity 819 (\$171,208); and fund 0256, fiscal 79 year 2004, activity 878 (\$20,950) which shall expire on June 80 30, 2004.

The above appropriation to Local Economic Development Partnerships shall be used by the West Virginia development office for the award of funding assistance to county and regional economic development corporations or

#### APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 13]

85 authorities participating in the certified development community program developed under the provisions of 86 section three, article two, chapter five-b of the code. The 87 88 West Virginia development office shall award the funding assistance through a matching grant program, based upon 89 a formula whereby funding assistance may not exceed 90 91 thirty thousand dollars per county served by an economic 92 development corporation or authority.

#### 76-Division of Labor

(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)

#### Fund <u>0260</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0308</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,605,054
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	25,072
3	Employee Benefits	010	666,904
4	Unclassified	099	565,789
5	BRIM Premium	913	 49,987
6	Total		\$ 2,912,806

#### 77-Division of Natural Resources

#### (WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Fund <u>0265</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	6,741,356
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004		220,037
3	Employee Benefits	010		$3,\!280,\!120$
4	Gypsy Moth Suppression Program –			
5	Wildlife Management Areas	014		45,500
6	Unclassified	099		19,089
7	Litter Control Conservation			
8	Officers	564		150,000
9	Upper Mud River Flood Control	654		150,000
10	Law Enforcement	806		759,589
11	BRIM Premium	913	·····	326,638
12	Total		\$	$11,\!692,\!329$

Any revenue derived from mineral extraction at anystate park shall be deposited in a special revenue account

120

15 of the division of natural resources, first for bond debt

- 16 payment purposes and with any remainder to be for park
- 17 operation and improvement purposes.

# 78-Division of Miners' Health, Safety and Training

#### (WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Fund <u>0277</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0314</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $3,\!648,\!406$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	70,750
3	Employee Benefits	010	1,391,000
4	Unclassified	099	676,068
5	WV Diesel Equipment		
6	Commission	712	38,034
7	BRIM Premium	913	 61,503
8	Total		\$ 5,885,761

# 79-Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety

### (WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Fund <u>0280</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0319</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 110,950
2	Annual Increment	004	600
3	Employee Benefits	010	28,736
4	Unclassified	099	 29,115
5	Total		\$ 169,401

80-Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee

(WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Fund <u>0285</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0320</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 63,352

# DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

81-Environmental Quality Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Fund <u>0270</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0311</u>

# 121

122	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 82,085
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	965
3	Employee Benefits	010	$17,\!445$
4	Unclassified	099	4,873
5	BRIM Premium	913	 -0-
6	Total		\$ 105,368

# 82-Division of Environmental Protection

# (WV Code Chapter 22)

# Fund 0273 FY 2005 Org 0313

1	Personal Services	001	\$	3,716,672		
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004		64,009		
3	Employee Benefits	010		$1,\!253,\!967$		
4	West Virginia's Contribution to the					
5	Interstate Commission on					
6	Potomac River Basin	091		38,493		
7	West Virginia's Contribution to the					
8	Ohio River Valley Water					
9	Sanitation Commission	092		109,992		
10	Unclassified	099		$971,\!225$		
11	Dam Safety	607		$213,\!997$		
12	Office of Water Resources					
13	Non-Enforcement Activity	855		$1,\!155,\!645$		
14	BRIM Premium	913		$31,\!620$		
15	Welch DEP Office					
16	Continuing Operation	993		83,720		
17	Total		\$	7,639,340		
83-Air Quality Board						
	(WV Code Chapter 16)					

# Fund <u>0550</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0325</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 79,390
<b>2</b>	BRIM Premium	913	 3,124
3	Total		\$ 82,514

# **BUREAU OF SENIOR SERVICES**

84-Bureau of Senior Services

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund <u>0420</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0508</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 125,099
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	2,350
3	Employee Benefits	010	61,168
4	Unclassified	099	$344,\!277$
5	Silver Haired Legislature	202	15,000
6	Area Agencies Administration	203	78,685
7	Alzheimers Respite Care	565	250,000
8	BRIM Premium	913	 6,389
9	Total		\$ 882,968

#### HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY COMMISSION

85-Higher Education Policy Commission-Administration-Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

#### Fund <u>0589</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0441</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 2,000,000
<b>2</b>	WVNET	169	1,952,662
3	West Virginia Council for Communit	y	
4	and Technical Education (R)	392	-0-
5	Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences		
6	-Rural Health Initiative Program		
7	and Site Support (R)	595	-0-
8	BRIM Premium	913	 66,509
9	Total		\$ 4,019,171

10 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-11 tions for Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences-Rural Health 12Initiative Program and Site Support (fund 0589, activity 595), Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences-Rural Health 1314 Residency Program (fund 0589, activity 601), West Virginia Council for Community and Technical Education 15(fund 0589, activity 392) and HEAPS Grant Program (fund 160589, activity 867) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are 1718 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal

19year 2005, with the exception of fund 0589, fiscal year 202004, activity 595, organization 0441 (\$27,976); fund 0343, 21fiscal year 2004, activity 595, organization 0463 (\$21,906); 22fund 0347, fiscal year 2004, activity 595, organization 0471 23(\$75,000); fund 0589, fiscal year 2004, activity 601, organization 0441 (\$1,400); fund 0347, fiscal year 2004, activity 24601, organization 0471 (\$86,122); and fund 0589, fiscal 25year 2004, activity 392, organization 0441 (\$8,808) which 26shall expire on June 30, 2004. 27

# 86-Higher Education Policy Commission-System-Control Account

#### (WV Code Chapter 18B)

#### Fund 0586 FY 2005 Org 0442

1	Marshall Medical School	173	\$ 12,841,156
2	WVU - School of Health Sciences	174	41,670,694
3	WVU School of Health Sciences -		
4	Charleston Division	175	3,732,313
5	WVU School of Health Sciences		
6	Eastern Division	056	1,600,000
7	Primary Health Education Medical		
8	School Program Support (R)	177	$2,\!165,\!141$
9	New River Community and		
10	Technical College		
11	of Bluefield State College	358	-0-
12	Bluefield State College	408	$3,\!205,\!566$
13	Concord College	410	$8,\!294,\!215$
14	Eastern West Virginia Community		
15	and Technical College	412	-0-
16	Fairmont State College	414	$11,\!214,\!165$
17	Fairmont State Community and		
18	Technical College	421	-0-
19	Glenville State College	428	$5,\!493,\!196$
20	Shepherd College	432	$8,\!522,\!724$
21	West Liberty State College	439	$8,\!570,\!738$
22	Shepherd Community and		
23	Technical College	434	-0-

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24	West Virginia State College 44	1 9,513,158
25	West Virginia State Community and	
26	Technical College 44	5 -0-
27	Southern West Virginia Community and	l
28	Technical College 44	6 -0-
29	West Virginia Northern Community and	l
30	Technical College 44	7 -0-
31	Marshall University 44	8 39,426,465
32	Marshall University Medical School	
33	BRIM Subsidy 44	9 728,167
34	West Virginia University 45	9 83,734,963
35	West Virginia University School of	
36	Medicine BRIM Subsidy 46	0 1,438,380
37	West Virginia University -	
38	Parkersburg 47	1 -0-
39	West Virginia University Institute	
40	for Technology 47	9 6,145,888
41	West Virginia University Institute	
42	for Technology Community and	
43	Technical College 48	6 -0-
44	Marshall University Community and	
45	Technical College 48	7 -0-
46	Blanchette Rockefeller	
47	Neurological Institute 63	5 -0-
48	West Virginia University -	
49	Potomac State 99	44,018,430
50	Total	\$ 252,315,359

51 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-52tions for Primary Health Education Medical School 53Program Support (fund 0586, activity 177), Jackson's Mill (fund 0586, activity 461), Marshall University Forensic 5455 Lab (fund 0586, activity 572), Jackson's Mill-Surplus (fund 56 0586, activity 842) and WVU College of Engineering and 57 Mineral Resources-Diesel Training-Transfer (fund 0586, 58 activity 852) at the close of fiscal year 2004 are hereby 59 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, 60 with the exception of fund 0586, fiscal year 2004, activity 61 177, organization 0442 (\$392); fund 0347, fiscal year 2004, 62activity 177, organization 0471 (\$50,000); and fund 0343,

fiscal year 2004, activity 177, organization 0463 (\$23,759)
which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

65 Included in the appropriation for WVU-School of 66 Health Sciences and Marshall Medical School are \$943,080 67 and \$295,477, respectively, for Graduate Medical Educa-68 tion which may be transferred to the Department of 69 Health and Human Resources' Medical Service Fund (fund 70 5084) for the purpose of matching federal or other funds to 71be used in support of graduate medical education, subject 72to the Vice-Chancellor for Health Sciences and the Secre-73tary of the Department of Health and Human Resources. If approval is denied, the funds may be utilized by the 7475respective institutions for expenditure on graduate medical 76education.

77 Included in the above appropriation for WVU - School of 78 Health Sciences is \$511,105 for the WVU Charleston 79 Division Poison Control Hotline. This amount shall be 80 enhanced by an allocation for the director's salary as well 81 as in-kind assistance. These amounts shall be allocated 82 equally among the four quarters of the fiscal year for 83 disbursement to the WVU-Charleston Division Poison Control Hotline. Also included is an additional \$800,000 84 85 for the Blanchette Rockefeller Project.

86 Included in the above appropriation for West Virginia 87 University is \$34,500 for the Marshall and WVU Faculty 88 and Course Development International Study Project, 89 \$246,429 for the WVU Law School - Skills Program, 90 \$147,857 for the WVU Coal and Energy Research Bureau, 91 \$19,714 for the WVU College of Engineering and Mineral 92 Resources - Diesel Training - Transfer, \$153,000 for the WVU-Sheep Study, \$80,000 for a veterinarian, and 93 94 \$100,000 for the rifle team.

95 Included in the above appropriation for Marshall
96 Medical School is \$417,351 for the Marshall University
97 Forensic Lab and \$175,061 for the Marshall University
98 Center for Rural Health.

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99 Included in the above appropriation for Marshall
100 University is \$181,280 for the Marshall University-South101 ern WV CTC 2+2 Program and \$795,597 for the Marshall
102 University Autism Training Center.

103 Included in the above appropriation for Concord College104 is \$100,000 for the Geographic Alliance.

105 Included in the above appropriation for Shepherd106 College is \$100,000 for the Gateway Program.

The institutions operating from special revenue funds
and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of
the Board of Risk and Insurance Management total

110 insurance premium cost for their respective institutions.

# 87-West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Council-Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

# Fund FY 2005 Org 0442

1	WV Council for CTC Education *(R)	392	\$ 650,000	
<b>2</b>	New River Community and Technica	1		
3	College of Bluefield State College	358	5,315,219	
4	Eastern West Virginia Community			
5	and Technical College	412	1,967,728	
6	Fairmont State Community and			
<b>7</b>	Technical College	421	7,394,285	
8	Shepherd Community and			
9	Technical College	434	2,307,838	
10	West Virginia State Community and			
11	Technical College	445	2,734,186	
12	Southern West Virginia Community			
13	and Technical College	446	7,658,467	
14	West Virginia Northern Community			
15	and Technical College	447	5,729,485	

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck the designation "(R)" in Item No. 87, line 1.

128	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
16	West Virginia University –		
17	Parkersburg	471	8,035,367
18	West Virginia University Institute		
19	for Technology Community and		
20	Technical College	486	$3,\!200,\!538$
21	Marshall University Community and	1	
22	Technical College	487	 5,220,038
23	Total		\$ $50,\!213,\!151$

\*Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriation for the West Virginia Council for Community and
Technical Education (fund 0589, activity 392) at the close
of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for
expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception
of fund 0355, fiscal year 2004, activity 488 (\$1,050) which
shall expire June 30, 2004.

Included in the above appropriation for Southern West
Virginia Community and Technical College is \$373,774 for
the Marshall University—Southern WV Community and
Technical College 2+2 Program, \$98,912 for delivery of the
associate degree nursing program to Eastern WV Community and Technical College, and \$25,000 for the Appleread
Program.

The institutions operating with special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the Board of Risk and Insurance Management total insurance premium cost for their respective institutions.

> 88-Higher Education Policy Commission-Health Sciences-Control Account

# (WV Code Chapter 18B)

# Fund 0590 FY 2005 Org 0477

1 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-

2 tions for Primary Health Education Medical School

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck language on line 24 through line 30.

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3 Program Support (fund 0590, activity 177), Correctional 4 Telemedicine Project (fund 0590, activity 406), WVU 5 Charleston Division-Poison Control Hot Line (fund 0590, activity 510), Capital Outlay and Equipment (fund 0590, 6 7 activity 542) and Rural Health Initiative Site Support Program (fund 0590, activity 853) at the close of the fiscal 8 9 year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005. 10

# 89-Higher Education Policy Commission– Legislative-Funding Priorities Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

### Fund 0591 FY 2005 Org 0441

1 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria- $\mathbf{2}$ tions for Higher Education-Special Projects (fund 0591, 3 activity 488), Independently Accredited Community and 4 Technical College Development (fund 0591, activity 491) 5 and Research Challenge (fund 0591, activity 502) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for 6  $\overline{7}$ expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the exception 8 of fund 0355, fiscal year 2004, activity 488, organization 9 0482 (\$1,050) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

The above appropriation shall be allocated only to the
State's post-secondary institutions with compacts approved by the Higher Education Policy Commission, as
stated in §18B-1A-5.

### **MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS**

90-Workers' Compensation Commission

(WV Code Chapter 23)

#### Fund <u>0594</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0322</u>

1 Unclassified - Total - Transfer . . 402 \$ 5,000,000

130	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 13
2	Total TITLE II, Section 1-	
3	General Revenue	\$ 3.053.286.599

**Sec. 2.** Appropriations from state road fund.-From the state road fund there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year two thousand five.

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

91-Division of Motor Vehicles

(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 17D, 20 and 24A)

### Fund 9007 FY 2005 Org 0802

	Acti	vity	State Road Fund
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 13,022,017
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$206,\!350$
3	Employee Benefits	010	5,567,059
4	Unclassified	099	$19,\!648,\!868$
5	Jefferson County Regional Office .	613	 550,000
6	Total		\$ 38,994,294

92-Division of Highways

(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)

#### Fund <u>9017</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0803</u>

1	Debt Service	040	\$ 50,000,000
<b>2</b>	Maintenance	237	249,700,000
3	Maintenance, Contract Paving and		
4	Secondary Road Maintenance	272	50,000,000
5	Bridge Repair and Replacement	273	30,000,000
6	Inventory Revolving	275	2,000,000
7	Equipment Revolving	276	15,000,000
8	General Operations	277	46,500,000
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9	Interstate Construction	278	70,000,000
10	Other Federal Aid Programs	279	300,700,000
11	Appalachian Programs	280	200,000,000
12	Nonfederal Aid Construction	281	25,000,000
13	Highway Litter Control	282	1,775,000
14	PSC Weight Enforcement	345	4,566,000
15	Total		\$1,045,241,000

16 The above appropriation for PSC Weight Enforcement17 (activity 345) shall be transferred to the Public Service18 Commission Fund (fund 8623).

19 The above appropriations are to be expended in accor-20 dance with the provisions of chapters seventeen and21 seventeen-c of the code.

The commissioner of highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types of equipment used directly and indirectly in the construction and maintenance of roads and for the purchase of inventories and materials and supplies.

There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.

33 It is the intent of the Legislature to capture and match 34all federal funds available for expenditure on the Appala-35 chian highway system at the earliest possible time. 36 Therefore, should amounts in excess of those appropriated 37be required for the purposes of Appalachian programs, 38 funds in excess of the amount appropriated may be made 39 available upon recommendation of the commissioner and 40 approval of the governor. Further, for the purpose of 41 Appalachian programs, funds appropriated to line items 42may be transferred to other line items upon recommenda-43tion of the commissioner and approval of the governor.

44 Total TITLE II, Section 2-

132	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 13
45	State Road Fund	\$ <u>1,084,235,294</u>

Appropriations from other funds.-From the 1 Sec. 3.  $\mathbf{2}$ funds designated there are hereby appropriated condition-3 ally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following 4 amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal 5 6 year two thousand five.

### LEGISLATIVE

93-Crime Victims Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 14)

### Fund <u>1731</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>2300</u>

		Activit	У	Other Funds
1	Personal Services	001	\$	214,000
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004		5,000
3	Employee Benefits	010		73,500
4	Unclassified	099		51,000
5	Economic Loss Claim			
6	Payment Fund (R)	334		2,921,500
7	Total		\$	3,265,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 8

9 for Economic Loss Claim Payment Fund (fund 1731,

activity 334) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby 10

11 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

> 94-Tax Reduction and Federal Funding Increased Compliance

# (WV Code Chapter 4)

#### Fund <u>1732</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>2300</u>

1	Unclassified—Total—		
2	Transfer	402	\$ -0-

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- 3 \*From the above appropriation for Unclassi-
- 4 fied-Total-Transfer a total of \$6,624,593.38 shall be
- 5 transferred to the general revenue fund.

### EXECUTIVE

### 95-Chief Technology Officer Administration Fund

# (WV Code Chapter 5)

### Fund <u>1028</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 1,872,961
<b>2</b>	EPSCoR Undergraduate Scientific		
3	Instrumentation Program	829	 150,000
4	Total		\$ 2,022,961

96-Auditor's Office-Land Operating Fund

### (WV Code Chapters 11A, 12 and 36)

### Fund <u>1206</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1200</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $209,\!629$
2	Annual Increment	004	7,500
3	Employee Benefits	010	67,081
4	Unclassified	099	 395,416
5	Total		\$ $679,\!626$

6 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in addition 7 to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the 8 expenditure of funds other than personal services or 9 employee benefits to enable the division to pay the direct 10 expenses relating to land sales as provided in Chapter 11 eleven-a of the West Virginia Code.

12 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid13 from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections as14 provided by law.

97-Auditor's Office-Securities Regulation Fund 133

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck language in Item No. 94, lines 3, 4 and 5.

### (WV Code Chapter 32)

### Fund <u>1225</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1200</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,011,298
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	8,700
3	Employee Benefits	010	$332,\!940$
4	Unclassified	099	 1,168,017
5	Total		\$ $2,\!520,\!955$

# 98-Auditor's Office-Technology Support and Acquisition

(WV Code Chapter 12)

### Fund <u>1233</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1200</u>

1	Unclassified-Total	096	¢	747,368
<b>T</b>	Unclassificu-iotal	000	Ψ	111,000

2 Fifty percent of the deposits made into this fund shall be

3 transferred to the Treasurer's Office-Technology Support

- 4 and Acquisition(fund 1329, org 1300) for expenditure for
- 5 the purposes described in West Virginia Code §12-3-10c.

# 99-Auditor's Office-

### Purchasing Card Administration Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 12)

#### Fund <u>1234</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1200</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 600,000

# 100-Auditor's Office-Office of the Chief Inspector

### (WV Code Chapter 6)

#### Fund <u>1235</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1200</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,769,646
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	30,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$568,\!489$
4	Unclassified	099	 431,865
5	Total		\$ 2,800,000

101-Treasurer's Office-Technology Support and Acquisition

(WV Code Chapter 12)

### Fund <u>1329</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1300</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 475,000

102-Department of Agriculture-Agriculture Fees Fund

(WV Code Chapter 19)

# Fund 1401 FY 2005 Org 1400

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 936,844
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	10,550
3	Employee Benefits	010	$317,\!340$
4	Unclassified	099	 1,313,366
5	Total		\$ $2,\!578,\!100$

103-Department of Agriculture-West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program

(WV Code Chapter 19)

# Fund <u>1408</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1400</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 50,304
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	800
3	Employee Benefits	010	14,128
4	Unclassified	099	 476,306
5	Total		\$ 541,538

104-Department of Agriculture-General John McCausland Memorial Farm

(WV Code Chapter 19)

# Fund 1409 FY 2005 Org 1400

	1	Unclassified-Total		096	\$	80,133
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2 The above appropriation shall be expended in accor-

3 dance with article twenty-six, chapter nineteen of the

4 code.

105-Department of Agriculture-Farm Operating Fund

(WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Fund <u>1412</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1400</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,028,903

106-Department of Agriculture-Donated Food Fund

(WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Fund <u>1446</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1400</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 3,040,000

107-Attorney General-Antitrust Enforcement

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Fund 1507 FY 2005 Org 1500

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $216,\!640$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,650
3	Employee Benefits	010	70,081
4	Unclassified	099	 178,285
5	Total		\$ 466,656

108-Attorney General-Preneed Funeral Regulation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Fund <u>1513</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1500</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 227,284

109-Attorney General-Preneed Funeral Guarantee Fund

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### APPROPRIATIONS

### (WV Code Chapter 47)

# Fund <u>1514</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1500</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 775,000

# 110–Secretary of State-Service Fees and Collection Account

(WV Code Chapters 3, 5, and 59)

# Fund <u>1612</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1600</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 968,032
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	9,950
3	Employee Benefits	010	237,600
4	Unclassified	099	 1,138,431
5	Total		\$ $2,\!354,\!013$

111–Secretary of State-State Election Fund

(WV Code Chapter 3)

### Fund <u>1614</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1600</u>

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 2 for Unclassified - Total (fund 1614, activity 096) at the 3 close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for 4 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

### DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

112-Office of the Secretary-Tobacco Settlement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 4)

### Fund <u>2041</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0201</u>

- 1 Tobacco Settlement Fund-
- 2 Transfer ..... 902 \$ 25,400,000
- 3 The above appropriation for Tobacco Settlement Fund-
- 4 Transfer shall be transferred to the Division of Health
- 5 (fund 5124, org 0506) for expenditure.

### 113-Division of Information Services and Communications

### (WV Code Chapter 5A)

### Fund <u>2220</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0210</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $10,\!327,\!242$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	132,300
3	Employee Benefits	010	$3,\!334,\!251$
4	Unclassified	099	 6,571,771
5	Total		\$ $20,\!365,\!564$

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from
7 a special revenue fund out of collections made by the
8 division of information services and communications as
9 provided by law.

10 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in addition 11 to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the 12 expenditure of funds other than personal services or 13 employee benefits to enable the division to provide 14 information processing services to user agencies. These 15 services include, but are not limited to, data processing 16 equipment, office automation and telecommunications.

17 Each spending unit operating from the general revenue 18 fund, from special revenue funds or receiving reimburse-19 ment for postage from the federal government shall be 20 charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall 21 reimburse the revolving fund monthly for all such 22 amounts.

### 114-Division of Personnel

### (WV Code Chapter 29)

### Fund <u>2440</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0222</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $2,\!586,\!137$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	54,850
3	Employee Benefits	010	851,083
4	Unclassified	099	 872,975
5	Total		\$ 4,365,045

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- 6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid
- 7 from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the
- 8 division of personnel.

# 115-WV Prosecuting Attorneys Institute

# (WV Code Chapter 7)

# Fund <u>2521</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0228</u>

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 574,113

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified-Total (fund 2521, activity 096) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, except for fund 2521, activity 096 (fiscal years 2002 and 2003) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

116-State Board of Education-Strategic Staff Development

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Fund <u>3937</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

- 1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 505,000
- 2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
- 3 for Unclassified-Total (fund 3937, activity 096) at the close
- 4 of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expen-
- 5 diture during the fiscal year 2005.

117-State Department of Education-School Building Authority

### (WV Code Chapter 18)

### Fund <u>3959</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	661,719
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$7,\!350$
3	Employee Benefits	010	$230,\!170$

140	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
4 5	Unclassified		$rac{264,099}{1,163,338}$

6 The above appropriation for the administrative expenses 7 of the school building authority shall be paid from the 8 interest earnings on debt service reserve accounts main-9 tained on behalf of said authority.

# 118-State Department of Education-FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center

### (WV Code Chapter 18)

### Fund 3960 FY 2005 Org 0402

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 800,000
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	12,800
3	Employee Benefits	010	$280,\!693$
4	Unclassified	099	 906,507
5	Total		\$ 2,000,000

### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

119-Office of the Secretary-Lottery Education Fund Interest Earnings-Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 29)

### Fund 3508 FY 2005 Org 0431

1 EPSCoR - Total ..... 651 \$ 300,000

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified-Total (fund 3508, activity 096),
Research Challenge (fund 3508, activity 502) and EPSCoR
(fund 3508, activity 571) at the close of the fiscal year 2004
are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the
fiscal year 2005.

120-Division of Culture and History– Public Records and Preservation Revenue Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

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	Fund <u>3542</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0</u>	<u>432</u>		
1	Unclassified–Total	096	\$	500,000
121-State Board of Rehabilitation- Division of Rehabilitation Services- West Virginia Rehabilitation Center- Special Account				
(WV Code Chapter 18)				
Fund <u>8664</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0932</u>				
1	Unclassified	099	\$	2,802,182
2	Workshop Development	163		450,000
3	Workshop-Supported			
4	Employment	484		50,000
5	Total		\$	3,302,182
DEDADTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN DESOLDOES				

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

122-Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists

(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)

# Fund <u>5425</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0505</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $235,\!246$
2	Annual Increment	004	4,861
3	Employee Benefits	010	96,500
4	Unclassified	099	 107,591
5	Total		\$ 444,198

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid
7 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by the
8 board of barbers and cosmetologists as provided by law.

123-WV Board of Medicine

(WV Code Chapter 30)

# Fund <u>5106</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,170,080

# 124-Division of Health-Tobacco Settlement Expenditure Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 4)

### Fund <u>5124</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1	ABCA Tobacco Retailer Education		
<b>2</b>	Program-Transfer	239	\$ 200,000
<b>3</b>	Institutional Facilities		
4	Operations (R)	335	$19,\!549,\!408$
5	Tobacco Education Program (R)	906	 5,650,592
6	Total		\$ $25,\!400,\!000$

7 Any unexpended balances remaining in the above 8 appropriations for Institutional Facilities Operations (fund 9 5124, activity 335) and Tobacco Education Program (fund 10 5124, activity 906) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are 11 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 12 year 2005.

13 From the above appropriation for ABCA Tobacco
14 Retailer Education Program-Transfer, \$200,000 shall be
15 transferred to the Alcohol Beverage Control Administra16 tion (fund 7352, org 0708) for expenditure.

17 The secretary of the department of health and human 18 resources, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor and the department of 19 20revenue an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the 2122above account and which receives a portion of the above 23appropriation for Institutional Facilities Operations. The 24 secretary shall also, within fifteen days after the close of 25the six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the  $\mathbf{26}$ legislative auditor and the department of revenue an 27itemized report of expenditures made during the preceding 28 six-month period.

Additional funds have been appropriated in fund 0525,
fiscal year 2005, organization 0506, and fund 5156, fiscal
year 2005, organization 0506, for the operation of the

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institutional facilities. The secretary of the department of
health and human resources is authorized to utilize up to
ten percent of the funds from the Institutional Facilities
Operations line item to facilitate cost effective and cost
saving services at the community level.

37 From the above appropriation to Institutional Facilities Operations, together with available funds from the 38 39 division of health-hospital services revenue account (fund 40 5156, activity 335) and consolidated medical services fund 41 (fund 0525, activity 335), on July 1, 2004, the sum of one 42hundred sixty thousand dollars shall be transferred to the 43 department of agriculture-land division as advance payment for the purchase of food products; actual pay-44 ments for such purchases shall not be required until such 4546 credits have been completely expended.

# 125-Division of Health-Vital Statistics

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

### Fund 5144 FY 2005 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $263,\!211$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	8,553
3	Employee Benefits	010	113, 319
4	Unclassified	099	 100,354
5	Total		\$ $485,\!437$

# 126-Division of Health-

# Hospital Services Revenue Account (Special Fund)

(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operations)

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

# Fund 5156 FY 2005 Org 0506

1	Debt Service (R)	040	\$ 2,420,000
<b>2</b>	Institutional Facilities		
3	Operations (R)	335	$38,\!671,\!470$
4	Medical Services Trust Fund-		

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5	Transfer (R)	512	 23,300,000
6	Total		\$ 64,391,470

7 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

8 for hospital services revenue account at the close of the

9 fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure10 during the fiscal year 2005, except for fund 5156, activity

during the fiscal year 2005, except for fund 5156, activity
040 (fiscal year 2003) which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

12 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 13 from the hospital services revenue account special fund 14 created by section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen of 15 the code, and shall be used for operating expenses and for 16 improvements in connection with existing facilities and 17 bond payments.

18 The secretary of the department of health and human 19 resources is authorized to utilize up to ten percent of the 20 funds from the appropriation for Institutional Facilities 21 Operations line to facilitate cost effective and cost saving 22 services at the community level.

23Necessary funds from the above appropriation may be  $\mathbf{24}$ used for medical facilities operations, either in connection with this account or in connection with the line item 25designated Institutional Facilities Operations in the 2627consolidated medical service fund (fund 0525, fiscal year 28 2005, organization 0506) and the tobacco settlement  $\mathbf{29}$ expenditure fund (fund 5124, fiscal year 2005, organiza-30tion 0506).

31From the above appropriation to Institutional Facilities 32Operations, together with available funds from the 33 consolidated medical services fund (fund 0525, activity 34 335) and the tobacco settlement expenditure fund (fund 35 5124, activity 335), on July 1, 2004, the sum of one hun-36 dred sixty thousand dollars shall be transferred to the 37department of agriculture-land division as advance 38 payment for the purchase of food products; actual pay-39 ments for such purchases shall not be required until such 40 credits have been completely expended.

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# 127-Division of Health-Laboratory Services

(WV Code Chapter 16)

# Fund 5163 FY 2005 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $502,\!830$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	10,310
3	Employee Benefits	010	$198,\!208$
4	Unclassified	099	 $125,\!448$
5	Total		\$ $836,\!796$

# 128-Division of Health-Health Facility Licensing

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

# Fund 5172 FY 2005 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $201,\!430$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	3,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$72,\!220$
4	Unclassified	099	 96,362
5	Total		\$ 373,012

129-Division of Health-Hepatitis B Vaccine

#### (WV Code Chapter 16)

# Fund 5183 FY 2005 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 56,071
2	Annual Increment	004	1,380
3	Employee Benefits	010	20,574
4	Unclassified	099	 2,996,821
5	Total		\$ 3,074,846

130-Division of Health-Lead Abatement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 16)

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### Fund <u>5204</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 20,000

# 131-Division of Health-West Virginia Birth to Three Fund

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

### Fund <u>5214</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 500,000
2	Annual Increment	004	4,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$192,\!276$
4	Unclassified	099	 20,303,724
5	Total		\$ 21,000,000

132-West Virginia Health Care Authority

### (WV Code Chapter 16)

### Fund <u>5375</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0507</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 2,010,764
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	22,500
3	Employee Benefits	010	601,545
4	Hospital Assistance	025	600,000
5	Unclassified	099	 3,346,482
6	Total		\$ 6,581,291

7 The above appropriation is to be expended in accordance 8 with and pursuant to the provisions of article 9 twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code and from the 10 special revolving fund designated health care cost review 11 fund.

# 133-Division of Human Services-Health Care Provider Tax

### (WV Code Chapter 11)

### Fund 5090 FY 2005 Org 0511

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 144,535,538

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From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of health and human resources for administrative purposes. The remainder of all moneys deposited in the fund shall be transferred to the West Virginia medical services fund.

# 134-Division of Human Services-Child Support Enforcement

(WV Code Chapter 48A)

# Fund <u>5094</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 30,781,971

2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 3 for Unclassified-Total (fund 5094, activity 096) at the close

4 of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for

5 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

135-Division of Human Services-Medical Services Trust Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 9)

### Fund <u>5185</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ $27,\!877,\!927$
<b>2</b>	Eligibility Expansion	582	1,958,066
3	Public Employees Insurance		
4	Reserve Fund-Transfer	903	 7,000,000
5	Total		\$ 36,835,993

6 The above appropriation to Unclassified shall be used to provide state match of Medicaid expenditures as defined 7 and authorized in subsection (c) of Chapter 9-4A-2a. 8 9 Expenditures from the fund are limited to the following: 10 payment of backlogged billings, funding for services to future federally mandated population groups and payment 11 of the required state match for medicaid disproportionate 12share payments. The remainder of all moneys deposited in 13

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14 the fund shall be transferred to the division of human15 services accounts.

\*From the above appropriation, Public Employees
Insurance Reserve Fund-Transfer, \$1,000,000 shall be
expended for the Sole Community Hospitals and Medicare
Dependent Hospitals who have under 100 beds. These
funds shall be used as additional state match to establish

21 cost based reimbursement.

136-Division of Human Services-James "Tiger" Morton Catastrophic Illness Fund

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Fund 5454 FY 2005 Org 0511

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,700,000

137–Family Protection Services Board-Domestic Violence Legal Services Fund

(WV Code Chapter 48)

Fund 5455 FY 2005 Org 0511

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 622,245

# DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY

138-Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety-Office of the Secretary-Law-Enforcement, Safety and Emergency Worker Funeral Expense Payment Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

### Fund 6003 FY 2005 Org 0601

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 20,000

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck language in Item No. 135, line 16 through line 21.

# 139-State Armory Board-General Armory Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

# Fund 6057 FY 2005 Org 0603

1 Unclassified-Total	096	\$	480,000
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# 140-West Virginia Division of Corrections-Parolee Supervision Fees

### (WV Code Chapter 62)

#### Fund <u>6362</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0608</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 116,774
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,651
3	Employee Benefits	010	52,130
4	Unclassified	099	 234,989
<b>5</b>	Total		\$ $405,\!544$

141-West Virginia State Police-Motor Vehicle Inspection Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17C)

#### Fund <u>6501</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $1,\!112,\!117$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$12,\!650$
3	Employee Benefits	010	380,623
4	Unclassified	099	491,797
5	BRIM Premium	913	 247,888
6	Total		\$ $2,\!245,\!075$

7 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 8 from the special revenue fund out of fees collected for 9 inspection stickers as provided by law.

> 142-West Virginia State Police-Drunk Driving Prevention Fund

> > (WV Code Chapter 15)

Fund <u>6513</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ $1,\!156,\!317$
<b>2</b>	BRIM Premium	913	 126,595
3	Total		\$ 1,282,912

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of receipts collected pursuant to sections nine-a and sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code and paid into a revolving fund account in the state treasury.

> 143-West Virginia State Police-Surplus Real Property Proceeds Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 15)

# Fund <u>6516</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1	Unclassified	099	\$ $454,\!475$
<b>2</b>	BRIM Premium	913	 63,294
3	Total		\$ 517,769

4 Contingent upon the purchase of property vacated by 5 Shawnee Hills, Inc. and the reimbursement of funding from the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority 6 for the cost and acquisition of the same property, from the 7 cash balance available, the amount of \$1,200,000 may be 8 9 transferred to Fund 6519, fiscal year 2005, organization 0612, as reimbursement for funds transferred by the 10legislative action during fiscal year 2003. 11

> 144-West Virginia State Police-Surplus Transfer Account

### (WV Code Chapter 15)

### Fund <u>6519</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1	Unclassified (R)	099	\$ 339,774
<b>2</b>	BRIM Premium	913	 44,312
3	Total		\$ 384,086

4 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 5 for Unclassified (fund 6519, activity 099) at the close of the

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7 during the fiscal year 2005.

145-West Virginia State Police-Central Abuse Registry Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

# Fund 6527 FY 2005 Org 0612

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 204,989
<b>2</b>	BRIM Premium	913	15,182
3	Total		\$ 220,171

146-West Virginia State Police-Bail Bond Enforcer Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

# Fund 6532 FY 2005 Org 0612

1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$	3,500				
	147-Division of Veterans' Affairs- Veterans' Facilities Support Fund							
	(WV Code Chapter 19A	<b>A</b> )						
	Fund <u>6703</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0613</u>							
1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$	3,100,000				
	148-Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority							
	(WV Code Chapter 31	)						
	Fund <u>6675</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	<u>0615</u>						
1	Personal Services	001	\$	1,213,846				
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004		16,550				
3	Employee Benefits	010		406,374				
4	Debt Service	040		9,000,000				
5	Unclassified	099		672,230				
6	Total		\$	11,309,000				

7 The Legislature reasonably expects the West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority to 8 9 reimburse the West Virginia State Police for the cost of the acquisition of the approximate 32 acres and three build-10ings situated along Academy Drive, Institute, West 11 Virginia, and abutting the West Virginia State Police 12 13Academy from proceeds of bonds issued by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority on behalf of 14 the West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facility 15 Authority, anticipated to be issued during fiscal year 2005. 16 The source of original payment for the land acquisition 17 was fund 6516, organization 0612 and upon issuance of the 18 19 bonds, proceeds thereof not to exceed the amount of such 20capital expenditures will be applied to reimbursement of fund 6516, organization 0612 from the appropriate 2122account(s) or fund(s) from the West Virginia Regional Jail 23and Correctional Facility Authority or its trustee. The maximum amount of such reimbursement is \$1,500,000 24and the maximum principal amount of bonds to be issued 25for design, acquisition, construction, and equipping of the 26Regional Jail and Economic Development Authority 27 $\mathbf{28}$ Projects is \$50,000,000.

# 149-Division of Veterans' Affairs-Veterans' Home

### (WV Code Chapter 19A)

#### Fund 6754 FY 2005 Org 0618

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 466,000 150-Fire Commission-Fire Marshal Fees (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 6152 FY 2005 Org 0619

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,900,000
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	18,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	672,000
4	Unclassified	099	644,722

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5 6	BRIM Premium	913	\$	50,000 3,284,722	
<ul> <li>Any unexpended cash balance remaining in fund 6152 at</li> <li>the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby available for</li> <li>expenditure as part of the fiscal year 2005 appropriation.</li> </ul>					
	151-Division of Criminal Justice WV Community Corrections				
	(WV Code Chapter 62	)			
	Fund <u>6386</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>(</u>	0620			
1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$	2,000,000	
	152-Criminal Justice Serv Court Security Fund	ices-			
	(Executive Order)				
	Fund <u>6804</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	0620			
1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$	1,050,000	
	DEPARTMENT OF REVE	NUE			
	153-Division of Bankin	$^{ag}$			
	(WV Code Chapter 31A	<b>A</b> )			
	Fund <u>3041</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	0 <u>303</u>			
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	001 004 010 099	\$	$1,537,881 \\ 14,000 \\ 430,695 \\ 680,988 \\ 2,663,564$	
	154-Tax Division- Cemetery Company Account				
	(WV Code Chapter 35)				

# Fund <u>7071</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0702</u>

1 Personal Services 001	\$ 1	$7,\!274$
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<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	150
3	Employee Benefits	010	5,870
4	Unclassified	099	 9,633
5	Total		\$ 32,927
5	Total		\$ 32

# 155-Tax Division-Special Audit and Investigative Unit

# (WV Code Chapter 11)

### Fund <u>7073</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0702</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 830,304
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	17,500
3	Employee Benefits	010	308,900
4	Unclassified	099	 322,186
5	Total		\$ $1,\!478,\!890$

# 156-State Budget Office-Public Employees Insurance Reserve Fund

# (WV Code Chapter 11B)

### Fund 7400 FY 2005 Org 0703

1	Public Employees Insurance Reserve	9		
<b>2</b>	Fund – Transfer	903	\$	7,000,000
3	The above appropriation for Public	Empl	0.000	os Insurance

- The above appropriation for Public Employees Insurance 3
- 4 Reserve Fund - Transfer shall be transferred to the Medical
- Services Trust Fund (fund 5185, org 0511) for expenditure. 5

157-Insurance Commissioner-Examination Revolving Fund

(WV Code Chapter 33)

# Fund 7150 FY 2005 Org 0704

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 556,330
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	3,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	152,738
4	Unclassified	099	 487,742
5	Total		\$ 1,199,810

# 158-Insurance Commissioner-Consumer Advocate

(WV Code Chapter 33)

### Fund 7151 FY 2005 Org 0704

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 331,028
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	4,050
3	Employee Benefits	010	92,344
4	Unclassified	099	 103,149
5	Total		\$ $530,\!571$

### 159-Insurance Commissioner

### (WV Code Chapter 33)

### Fund 7152 FY 2005 Org 0704

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 2,996,953
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	42,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	977,860
4	Unclassified	099	 1,338,194
5	Total		\$ 5,355,007

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of collections of fees and 8 charges as provided by law.

# 160-Racing Commission-Relief Fund

(WV Code Chapter 19)

### Fund <u>7300</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0707</u>

1 Medical Expenses-Total ..... 245 \$ 57,000

2 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 3 from the special revenue fund out of collections of license 4 fees and fines as provided by law.

5 No expenditures shall be made from this account except
6 for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral expenses
7 for persons contributing to this fund.

# 161-Racing Commission-Administration and Promotion

### (WV Code Chapter 19)

# Fund 7304 FY 2005 Org 0707

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $66,\!444$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	24,152
4	Unclassified	099	 47,358
5	Total		\$ 138,954

162-Racing Commission-General Administration

#### (WV Code Chapter 19)

### Fund 7305 FY 2005 Org 0707

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,770,000
2	Annual Increment	004	20,250
3	Employee Benefits	010	459,000
4	Unclassified	099	 533,796
5	Total		\$ 2,783,046

#### 163-Racing Commission-

Administration, Promotion and Education Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 19)

# Fund 7307 FY 2005 Org 0707

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 65,000

164-Alcohol Beverage Control Administration-Wine License Special Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 60)

### Fund 7351 FY 2005 Org 0708

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 224,718
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	4,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	88,780

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4	Unclassified	09	9	145,292
5	Total		\$	462,790

6 To the extent permitted by law, four classified exempt

7 positions shall be provided from Personal Services line

8 item for field auditors.

165-Alcohol Beverage Control Administration

### (WV Code Chapter 60)

# Fund 7352 FY 2005 Org 0708

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 3,585,014
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	79,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	1,341,893
4	Unclassified (R)	099	 1,855,070
5	Total		\$ 6,860,977

Any unexpended balance remaining in Unclassified
(fund 7352, activity 099) at the close of the fiscal year 2004
is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal
year 2005.

From the above appropriation an amount of \$500,000shall be used for the Tobacco/Alcohol Education Program.

12 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid13 from a special revenue fund out of liquor revenues.

14 The above appropriation includes the salary of the 15 commissioner and the salaries, expenses and equipment of 16 administrative offices, warehouses and inspectors.

17 There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in18 addition to the above appropriation, the necessary amount19 for the purchase of liquor as provided by law.

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

166-Division of Motor Vehicles-Driver's License Reinstatement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17B)

# Fund <u>8213</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>

$1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5$	Personal Services001Annual Increment004Employee Benefits010Unclassified099Total	\$	439,810 6,500 202,704 <u>276,708</u> 925,722
5	167-Division of Motor Vehicles- Driver Rehabilitation	Ψ	526,122
	(WV Code Chapter 17C)		
	Fund <u>8214</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total	\$	182,194
	168-Division of Motor Vehicles- Insurance Certificate Fees		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Fund <u>8215</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services001Annual Increment004Employee Benefits010Unclassified099Total	\$	$621,000 \\ 15,850 \\ 275,533 \\ 31,078 \\ 943,461$
	169-Division of Motor Vehicles- Motorboat Licenses		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Fund <u>8216</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total	\$	397,704
	170-Division of Motor Vehicles-		
	<b>Returned Check Fees</b>		
	(WV Code Chapter 17)		
	Fund <u>8217</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total	\$	16,000

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	171-Division of Motor Vehicles- Dealer Recovery Fund				
	(WV Code Chapter 17)				
	Fund <u>8220</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>				
1	Unclassified-Total	\$	200,000		
	172-Division of Highways- A. James Manchin Fund				
	(WV Code Chapter 17)				
	Fund <u>8319</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0803</u>				
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	3,625,000		
	<b>BUREAU OF COMMERCE</b>				
	173-Division of Forestry				
	(WV Code Chapter 19)				
	Fund <u>3081</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0305</u>				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services001Annual Increment004Employee Benefits010Unclassified099	\$	343,845 7,250 146,854 452,519		
5	Total	\$	950,468		
174-Division of Forestry- Timberland Enforcement Operations					
(WV Code Chapter 19)					
	Fund <u>3082</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0305</u>				
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	150,000		
	175-Division of Forestry-				

Severance Tax Operations

(WV Code Chapter 11)

### Fund <u>3084</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0305</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 2,953,665

# 176-Geological and Economic Survey

### (WV Code Chapter 29)

### Fund <u>3100</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0306</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 42,818
2	Annual Increment	004	406
3	Employee Benefits	010	$7,\!683$
4	Unclassified	099	 177,249
5	Total		\$ $228,\!156$

6 The above appropriation shall be used in accordance 7 with section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the 8 code.

> 177-West Virginia Development Office-Energy Assistance

### (WV Code Chapter 5B)

### Fund <u>3144</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0307</u>

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

2 for Energy Assistance-Total (fund 3144, activity 647) at the

3 close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for

4 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

178-West Virginia Development Office-Office of Coal Field Community Development

### (WV Code Chapter 5B)

### Fund <u>3162</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0307</u>

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 730,000

2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the above appro-

3 priation for Unclassified-Total (fund 3162, activity 096) at

4 the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

5 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

# 179-Division of Labor-Contractor Licensing Board Fund

(WV Code Chapter 21)

# Fund 3187 FY 2005 Org 0308

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $940,\!540$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	13,090
3	Employee Benefits	010	$395,\!070$
4	Unclassified	099	 542,986
<b>5</b>	Total		\$ $1,\!891,\!686$

# 180-Division of Labor-Elevator Safety Act

(WV Code Chapter 21)

### Fund 3188 FY 2005 Org 0308

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 162,700
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,723
<b>3</b>	Employee Benefits	010	68,067
4	Unclassified	099	 83,571
5	Total		\$ 316,061

181-Division of Labor-Crane Operator Certification Fund

(WV Code Chapter 21)

# Fund <u>3191</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0308</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 115,031

182-Division of Labor-Amusement Rides/Amusement Attraction Safety Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 21)

# Fund <u>3192</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0308</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 101,135

### 183-Division of Natural Resources

# (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund <u>3200</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Wildlife Resources	023	\$ 6,074,534
<b>2</b>	Administration	155	1,656,690
3	Capital Improvements and		
4	Land Purchase (R)	248	$1,\!260,\!000$
5	Radio System-Law Enforcement .	058	265,000
6	Law Enforcement	806	 6,074,534
7	Total		\$ $15,\!330,\!758$

8 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from
9 a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the division
10 of natural resources.

11	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-
12	tions for Point of Sale Licensing System (fund 3200,
13	activity 043) and Capital Improvements and Land Pur-
14	chase (fund 3200, activity 248) at the close of the fiscal
15	year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure
16	during the fiscal year 2005.

# 184-Division of Natural Resources-Game, Fish and Aquatic Life Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 20)

# Fund 3202 FY 2005 Org 0310

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 20,000

185-Division of Natural Resources-Nongame Fund

# (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund 3203 FY 2005 Org 0310

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $237,\!855$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,700
3	Employee Benefits	010	$83,\!470$

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4	Unclassified		099	 293,727
5	Total			\$ 616.752

# 186-Division of Natural Resources-Planning and Development Division

# (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund <u>3205</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $234,\!568$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	6,400
3	Employee Benefits	010	89,039
4	Unclassified	099	 162,031
5	Total		\$ 492,038

# 187-Division of Natural Resources-Whitewater Study and Improvement Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund <u>3253</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1 Unclassified-Total 096	\$	185,000
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188-Division of Natural Resources-Recycling Assistance Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund <u>3254</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $233,\!206$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$3,\!255$
3	Employee Benefits	010	107,520
4	Unclassified (R)	099	 2,300,019
5	Total		\$ 2,644,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
for Unclassified (fund 3254, activity 099) at the close of the
fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
during the fiscal year 2005.

189-Division of Natural Resources-Whitewater Advertising and Promotion Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund 3256 FY 2005 Org 0310

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 20,000

# 190-Miners' Health, Safety and Training Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 22A)

### Fund <u>3355</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0314</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 400,300
<b>2</b>	Employee Benefits	010	138,000
3	Unclassified	099	851,700
4	WV Mining Extension Service	026	 150,000
5	Total		\$ $1,\!540,\!000$

### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

191-Solid Waste Management Board

#### (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund <u>3288</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0312</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $631,\!515$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	$3,\!250$
3	Employee Benefits	010	191,400
4	Unclassified	099	 1,893,883
5	Total		\$ 2,720,048

192-Division of Environmental Protection-Hazardous Waste Management Fund

(WV Code Chapter 22)

### Fund 3023 FY 2005 Org 0313

1 Unclassified - Total ..... 096 \$ 100,000

193-Division of Environmental Protection-Special Reclamation Trust Fund

(WV Code Chapter 22A)

Fund <u>3321</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0313</u>

Ch. 1	3] APPROPRIATIONS			165
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	001 004 010 099	\$	$1,190,610 \\9,650 \\409,417 \\17,215,791 \\18,825,468$
	194-Division of Environmental Oil and Gas Reclamation		ction	<i>ı</i> –
	(WV Code Chapter 22F	3)		
	Fund <u>3322</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	<u>0313</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$	200,000
195-Division of Environmental Protection- Oil and Gas Operating Permits				
(WV Code Chapter 22B)				
	Fund <u>3323</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	<u>0313</u>		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	001 004 010 099	\$	$326,253 \\ 2,350 \\ 111,114 \\ 521,185 \\ 960,902$
	196-Division of Environmental Mining and Reclamation Opera			
	(WV Code Chapter 22	)		
	Fund <u>3324</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org	<u>0313</u>		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	001 004 010 099	\$	4,882,259 57,153 1,580,684 <u>1,936,218</u> 8,456,314

197-Division of Environmental Protection-Underground Storage Tanks-Administrative Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund 3325 FY 2005 Org 0313

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 326,988
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	3,575
3	Employee Benefits	010	$127,\!429$
4	Unclassified	099	 73,415
5	Total		\$ $531,\!407$

# 198-Division of Environmental Protection-Hazardous Waste Emergency and Response Fund

# (WV Code Chapter 20)

# Fund 3331 FY 2005 Org 0313

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $498,\!485$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	7,775
3	Employee Benefits	010	$177,\!428$
4	Unclassified	099	 940,408
5	Total		\$ 1,624,096

# 199-Division of Environmental Protection-Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 20)

# Fund 3332 FY 2005 Org 0313

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $238,\!196$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	1,900
3	Employee Benefits	010	73,084
4	Unclassified	099	 1,008,156
5	Total		\$ $1,\!321,\!336$

# 200-Division of Environmental Protection-Solid Waste Enforcement Fund

### (WV Code Chapter 20)

### Fund 3333 FY 2005 Org 0313

1 Personal Services ...... 001 \$ 1,596,773
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-		001	20,100
3	Employee Benefits	010	552,718
4	Unclassified	099	 1,237,849
5	Total		\$ 3,411,040

201-Division of Environmental Protection-Fees and Operating Expenses

### (WV Code Chapter 16)

## Fund <u>3336</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0313</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 3,780,910
2	Annual Increment	004	32,875
<b>3</b>	Employee Benefits	010	1,129,486
4	Unclassified	099	 2,040,172
5	Total		\$ 6,983,443

## 202-Division of Environmental Protection-Environmental Laboratory Certification Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 22)

## Fund <u>3340</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0313</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 128,772
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	2,150
3	Employee Benefits	010	$48,\!532$
4	Unclassified	099	 192,388
5	Total		\$ $371,\!842$

203-Division of Environmental Protection-Stream Restoration Fund

## Fund <u>3349</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0313</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,000,000

204-Division of Environmental Protection-Mountaintop Removal Fund

(WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Fund <u>3490</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0313</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,415,856

## 205-Oil and Gas Conservation Commission

#### (WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Fund <u>3371</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0315</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 154,869
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	2,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$32,\!226$
4	Unclassified	099	 45,862
5	Total		\$ 234,957

#### HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY COMMISSION

206-Higher Education Policy Commission-System-Registration Fee Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund) Control Account

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Fund <u>4902</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0442</u>

1	Debt Service (R)	040	\$ 4,822,241
<b>2</b>	General Capital Expenditures (R)	306	 500,000
3	Total		\$ $5,\!322,\!241$

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations at the close of fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005 with the exception of fund 4902, fiscal year 1987, activity 338 which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

9 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from 10 the special capital improvement fund created in section 11 eight, article ten, chapter eighteen-b of the code. Projects 12 are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the 13 date of passage.

The above appropriations, except for debt service, may
be transferred to special revenue funds for capital improvement projects at the institutions.

## 207-Higher Education Policy Commission-System-Tuition Fee Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund) Control Account

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

#### Fund <u>4903</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0442</u>

1	Debt Service (R)	040	\$ 13,774,581
<b>2</b>	General Capital Expenditures (R)	306	500,000
3	Facilities Planning		
4	and Administration (R)	386	 387,975
5	Total		\$ $14,\!662,\!556$

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-6 tions at the close of fiscal year 2004 are hereby 7 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005 8 9 with the exception of fund 4903, fiscal year 2002, activity 040, fund 4903, fiscal year 1991, activity 259, fund 4903, 10 fiscal year 2000, activity 259, fund 4903, fiscal year 1985, 11 activity 353, and fund 4903, fiscal year 1993, activity 457 1213 which shall expire on June 30, 2004.

14 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from 15 the special capital improvement fund created in article 16 twelve<sub>5</sub>b, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be 17 paid on a cash basis and made available from the date of 18 passage.

The above appropriations, except for debt service, may
be transferred to special revenue funds for capital improvement projects at the institutions.

## 208-Higher Education Policy Commission-1977 State System Registration Fee Refund Revenue Construction Fund

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

#### Fund 4905 FY 2005 Org 0442

1 Capital Outlay - Total ..... 321 \$ 10,000

2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

3 at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

4 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

5 The appropriation shall be paid from available unex-6 pended cash balances and interest earnings accruing to the 7 fund. The appropriation shall be expended at the discre-8 tion of the Higher Education Policy Commission and the 9 funds may be allocated to any institution within the 10 system.

11 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from 12 the unexpended proceeds of revenue bonds previously 13 issued pursuant to section eight, article ten, chapter 14 eighteen-b of the code, which have since been refunded.

> 209-Higher Education Policy Commission-Tuition Fee Revenue Bond Construction Fund

> > (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

## Fund <u>4906</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0442</u>

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

2 at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

3 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005, with the

4 exception of fund 4906, fiscal year 2000, activity 511 which

5 shall expire on June 30, 2004.

6 The appropriation shall be paid from available unex-7 pended cash balances and interest earnings accruing to the 8 fund. The appropriation shall be expended at the discre-9 tion of the Higher Education Policy Commission and the 10 funds may be allocated to any institution within the 11 system.

12 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from13 the unexpended proceeds of revenue bonds previously

- 14 issued pursuant to section eight, article twelve-b, chapter
- 15 eighteen of the code, which have since been refunded.

210-Health Sciences-West Virginia University Health Sciences Center

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

## Fund <u>4179</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0463</u>

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 15,359,466

2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

3 for the West Virginia University Health Sciences Center at

- 4 the close of fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for
- 5 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

## 211-Higher Education Policy Commission-Fairmont State College

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

## Fund <u>4457</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0484</u>

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

2 at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

3 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

## MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

212-Workers' Compensation Fund

## (WV Code Chapter 23)

## Fund <u>3440</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0322</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 31,400,673
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	501,653
3	Employee Benefits	010	11,825,710
4	Unclassified (R)	099	$22,\!531,\!695$
5	Employer Excess Liability Fund	226	 117,197
6	Total		\$ $66,\!376,\!928$

7 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-8 tions for Unclassified (fund 3440, activity 099) and Tech-

- 9 nology Improvements (fund 3440, activity 599) at the close
- 10 of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for
- 11 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

### 213-Hospital Finance Authority

#### (WV Code Chapter 16)

#### Fund <u>5475</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0509</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 46,024
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	700
3	Employee Benefits	010	$16,\!663$
4	Unclassified	099	 36,613
5	Total		\$ 100,000

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from 7 the special revenue fund out of fees and collections as 8 provided by article twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of the 9 code.

#### 214-Municipal Bond Commission

#### (WV Code Chapter 13)

### Fund 7253 FY 2005 Org 0706

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $161,\!262$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	4,300
3	Employee Benefits	010	58,713
4	Unclassified	099	 81,890
5	Total		\$ 306, 165

215-WV State Board of Examiners for Licensed Practical Nurses

#### (WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund 8517 FY 2005 Org 0906

216-WV Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

#### (WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund <u>8520</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0907</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 882,136

#### 217-Public Service Commission

(WV Code Chapter 24)

#### Fund <u>8623</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0926</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 7,916,582
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	130,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	$2,\!671,\!106$
4	Unclassified	099	2,313,705
5	Weight Enforcement Program	345	4,566,000
6	Debt Payment/Capital Outlay	520	350,000
7	BRIM Premium	913	 139,752
8	Total		\$ 18,087,145

9 The total amount of this appropriation except for the 10 PSC Weight Enforcement appropriation (activity 345) shall 11 be paid from a special revenue fund out of collection for 12 special license fees from public service corporations as 13 provided by law. The amount appropriated to the PSC 14 Weight Enforcement (activity 345) shall be paid from the 15 state road fund as provided by law.

The Public Service Commission is authorized to spend up
to \$500,000, from surplus funds in this account, to meet the
expected deficiencies in the Motor Carrier Division
account due to passage of enrolled house bill no. 2715,
regular session, 1998.

## 218-Public Service Commission-Gas Pipeline Division

#### (WV Code Chapter 24B)

#### Fund <u>8624</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0926</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $152,\!476$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	5,556

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	Employee Benefits	099	 53,791 <u>84,849</u>
5	Total		\$ $296,\!672$

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from 7 a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by 8 the public service commission pursuant to and in the 9 exercise of regulatory authority over pipeline companies as 10 provided by law.

## 219-Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division

#### (WV Code Chapter 24A)

#### Fund 8625 FY 2005 Org 0926

1	Personal Services	001	\$ $1,\!582,\!433$
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	40,000
3	Employee Benefits	010	577,313
4	Unclassified	099	 545,361
5	Total		\$ 2,745,107

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from 7 a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by 8 the public service commission pursuant to and in the 9 exercise of regulatory authority over motor carriers as 10 provided by law.

## 220-Public Service Commission-Consumer Advocate

### (WV Code Chapter 24)

#### Fund <u>8627</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0926</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 505,577
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	6,650
3	Employee Benefits	010	147, 177
4	Unclassified	099	$275,\!573$
5	BRIM Premium	913	 3,570
6	Total		\$ $938,\!547$

- 7 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from
- 8 a special revenue fund out of collections made by the public
- 9 service commission.

## 221-Real Estate Commission

#### (WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund <u>8635</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0927</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 360,695
<b>2</b>	Annual Increment	004	6,200
3	Employee Benefits	010	115,700
4	Unclassified	099	 236,826
5	Total		\$ 719,421

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid out7 of collections of license fees as provided by law.

222-WV Board of Examiners for Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology

(WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund <u>8646</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0930</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 60,000

223-WV Board of Respiratory Care

(WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund <u>8676</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0935</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 104,650

224-WV Board of Licensed Dietitians

#### Fund <u>8680</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0936</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 20,000

225-Massage Therapy Licensure Board

(WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund 8671 FY 2005 Org 0938

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 80,000

2 Total TITLE II, Section 3-Other Funds \$ 679,853,194

**Sec. 4.** Appropriations from lottery net profits.-Net profits of the lottery are to be deposited by the director of the lottery to the following accounts in the amounts indicated. The director of the lottery shall prorate each deposit of net profits in the proportion the appropriation for each account bears to the total of the appropriations for all accounts.

After first satisfying the requirements for Fund 2252 and 8 Fund 3963 pursuant to section eighteen, article twenty-9 two, chapter twenty-nine of the code, the director of the 10lottery shall make available from the remaining net profits 11 of the lottery any amounts needed to pay debt service for 12which the appropriation is made for Fund 3167, and is 13authorized to transfer any such amounts to Fund 3167 for 14 that purpose. Upon receipt of reimbursement of amounts 15so transferred, the director of the lottery shall deposit the 16reimbursement amounts to the following accounts as 17 required by this section. 18

> 226-Education, Arts, Sciences and Tourism-Debt Service Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund <u>2252</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0211</u>

		Activit	y	Lottery Funds	
1	Debt Service-Total	310	\$	10,000,000	
227-West Virginia Development Office- Division of Tourism					

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

#### Fund <u>3067</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0304</u>

1	Unclassified - Total	096	\$ -0-
2	Tourism-Telemarketing Center	463	90,000
3	Tourism-Advertising	618	$3,\!597,\!930$
4	WV Film Office	498	102, 139
5	Motor Sports Council	513	90,000
6	Tourism-Unclassified	662	 4,185,765
7	Total		\$ 8,065,834

8 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Tourism-Advertising (fund 3067, activity 618), 9 10State Parks and Recreation Advertising (fund 3067, activity 619), Capitol Complex-Capital Outlay (fund 3067, 11 activity 417), Tourism-Special Projects (fund 3067, activity 1213 859), Tourism-Unclassified (fund 3067, activity 662), Tourism-Unclassified-Lottery Surplus (fund 3067, activity 14 15773), Stonewall Jackson State Park (fund 3067, activity 959) and Hatfield-McCoy Recreational Trail (fund 3067, 1617activity 960) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are hereby 18 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

#### 228-Division of Natural Resources

## (WV Code Chapter 20)

## Fund <u>3267</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Gypsy Moth Suppression		
<b>2</b>	Program for State Parks	017	\$ 45,500
3	Unclassified (R)	099	$2,\!228,\!603$
4	Pricketts Fort State Park	324	$98,\!280$
5	Non-Game Wildlife	527	$445,\!470$
6	State Parks and		
7	Recreation Advertising	619	$622,\!440$
8	West Virginia Stream		
9	Partners Program	637	 81,900
10	Total		\$ $3,\!522,\!193$

11 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-12 tions for Unclassified (fund 3267, activity 099), State 13 Recreation Area Improvements (fund 3267, activity 307),

Capital Outlay-Parks (fund 3267, activity 288), Flood 14 Reparations (fund 3267, activity 400), Parks Operations-15 Unclassified (fund 3267, activity 645), State Parks-Special 16 Projects (fund 3267, activity 860), Computerized Lodging 17 18 Reservation System (fund 3267, activity 910) and State Parks Repairs, Renovations, Maintenance and Life Safety 19 Repairs (fund 3267, activity 911) at the close of the fiscal 20year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure 2122during the fiscal year 2005.

#### 229-State Department of Education

#### (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

#### Fund <u>3951</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Safe Schools	143	\$	-0-
2	Unclassified	099		3,407,000
3	Technology Infrastructure			
4	Network	351		20,500,000
5	READS Program	365		-0-
6	MATH Program	368		300,000
7	Vocational Education			
8	Equipment Replacement	393		-0-
9	Assessment Program	396		$6,\!430,\!943$
10	Employment Programs Rate Relief	401		878,189
11	Teacher Reimbursement	573		150,000
12	Teacher Relocation	574		10,000
13	Technology Repair and			
14	Modernization	298		1,000,000
15	National Science Foundation			
16	Match/WV Science	578		300,000
17	Three Tier Funding	411		1,000,000
18	Educational Program Allowance .	996		250,000
19	Total		\$	$34,\!226,\!132$
20	Any unexpended balances remain	ing ir	h th	e appropria-

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Computer Basic Skills (fund 3951, activity 145),
S.U.C.C.E.S.S. (fund 3951, activity 255), Technology
Repair and Modernization (fund 3951, activity 298),
Technology and Telecommunications Initiative (fund 3951,

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activity 596), Technology Demonstration Project (fund
3951, activity 639) and Educational Development (fund
3951, activity 823) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are
hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal
year 2005.

30 The above appropriation for Technology Infrastructure 31Network shall be expended on the following programs and 32technology; Computer Basic Skills, S.U.C.C.E.S.S., WVEIS, 33Technology Repair and Modernization, Technology and Telecommunications Initiative and other programs in the 34field that will benefit the Counties. No more then 40% of 3536 the total appropriation shall be alloted to Computer Basic 37 Skills and S.U.C.C.E.S.S. Prior to the completion and 38 presentation of the Technology Study to the Joint LOCEA Committee, no more than 50% of the total appropriation 3940 shall be spent. The study is to be completed by January 15, 41 2005.

## 230-State Department of Education-School Building Authority-Debt Service Fund

(WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Fund <u>3963</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1 Debt Service-Total ..... 310 \$ 18,000,000

231-Department of Education and the Arts-Office of the Secretary-Control Account-Lottery Education Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

#### Fund 3508 FY 2005 Org 0431

1	WV Humanities Council	168	\$ 350,000
<b>2</b>	Commission for National		
3	Community Service	193	160,050
4	Technical Preparation Program	440	450,000
5	Arts Programs (R)	500	40,000

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6	College Readiness (R)	579	200,000
7	LATA Access (R)	580	360,000
8	Hospitality Training	600	480,000
9	Challenger Learning Center	862	55,000
10	Special Olympic Games	966	25,000
11	Center for Excellence in		
12	Disabilities	967	100,000
13	Total		\$ 2,220,050

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-14tions for Unclassified (fund 3508, activity 099), Arts 15Programs (fund 3508, activity 500), College Readiness 16(fund 3508, activity 579), LATA Access (fund 3508, activity 1718 580) and WV2001 Project (fund 3508, activity 836) at the close of fiscal year 2004 are hereby reappropriated for 1920expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

## 232-Division of Culture and History-Lottery Education Fund

## (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 3534 FY 2005 Org 0432

1	Huntington Symphony	027	\$ 75,000
2	Martin Luther King, Jr.		
3	Holiday Celebration	031	10,800
4	Fairs and Festivals	122	2,000,000
5	Archeological Curation/Capital		
6	Improvements (R)	246	50,337
7	Historic Preservation		
8	Grants (R)	311	450,000
9	West Virginia Public Theater	312	250,000
10	Tri-County Fair Association	343	125,000
11	George Tyler Moore Center for the		
12	Study of the Civil War	397	70,000
13	Theater Arts of West Virginia	464	420,000
14	Grants for Competitive		
15	Arts Program (R)	624	810,000
16	Contemporary American		
17	Theater Festival	811	120,000

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18	Independence Hall (R)	812	50,000

 19
 Mountain State Forest Festival
 864
 75,000

 20
 Total
 \$ 4,506,137

21Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropria-22tions for Archeological Curation/Capital Improvements (fund 3534, activity 246), Historic Preservation Grants 23(fund 3534, activity 311), Capital Outlay, Repairs and  $\mathbf{24}$ 25Equipment (fund 3534, activity 589), Grants for Competitive Arts Program (fund 3534, activity 624), Independence 2627Hall (fund 3534, activity 812) and Project ACCESS (fund 3534, activity 865) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 are  $\mathbf{28}$ 29 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 30 year 2005.

## 233-Library Commission-Lottery Education Fund

(WV Code Chapter 10)

#### Fund <u>3559</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0433</u>

1	Books and Films	179	\$ 500,000
<b>2</b>	Services to Libraries	057	500,000
3	Grants to Public Libraries	182	7,348,884
4	Services to State Institutions	180	-0-
5	Digital Resources	309	219,992
6	Libraries-Special Projects	625	500,000
7	Infomine Network	884	 1,126,769
8	Total		\$ $10,\!195,\!645$

234-Educational Broadcasting Authority-Lottery Education Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 10)

#### Fund 3587 FY 2005 Org 0439

1	Mountain Stage	249	\$ 163,800
<b>2</b>	Star Schools	509	 220,675
3	Total		\$ 384,475

4 Any unexpended balance remaining in the above appro-5 priation for Digital Conversion (fund 3587, activity 247) at

- 6 the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated
- 7 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

235-Bureau of Senior Services-Lottery Senior Citizens Fund

#### (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund 5405 FY 2005 Org 0508

1	Local Programs Service			
<b>2</b>	Delivery Costs	200	\$	$2,\!475,\!250$
3	In-Home Services for			
4	Senior Citizens	224		1,000,000
5	Nutrition Services for the Elderly	337		1,000,000
6	Senior Citizen Centers and			
7	Programs (R)	462		2,900,000
8	Direct Services	481		2,800,000
9	Transfer to Division of Human Serv	ices		
10	for Health Care and Title XIX Wa	iver		
11	for Senior Citizens	539		13,000,000
12	Senior Services Medicaid			
13	Transfer	871		10,300,000
<b>14</b>	Legislative Initiatives			
15	for the Elderly	904		4,700,000
16	Long Term Care Ombudsman	905	_	321,325
17	Total		\$	38,469,575

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriation for Senior Citizen Centers and Programs (fund 5405,
activity 462) at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby
reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

The above appropriation for Transfer to Division of Human Services for Health Care and Title XIX Waiver for Senior Citizens along with the federal moneys generated thereby shall be used for reimbursement for services provided under the program. Further, the program shall be preserved within the aggregate of these funds.

> 236-Higher Education Policy Commission-Lottery Education-

## Higher Education Policy Commission-Control Account

## (WV Code Chapters 18B and 18C)

## Fund <u>4925</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0441</u>

1	Unclassified (R)	099	\$	2,786,738
<b>2</b>	Higher Education Grant			
3	Program (R)	164		18,000,000
4	Tuition Contract Program (R)	165		749,576
5	Minority Doctoral Fellowship (R)	166		150,000
6	Underwood - Smith Scholarship			
7	Program-Student Awards (R)	167		150,000
8	School of Osteopathic			
9	Medicine (R)	172		6,330,742
10	Health Sciences Scholarship (R)	176		$148,\!575$
11	School of Osteopathic Medicine BRI	M		
12	Subsidy (R)	403		116,369
13	West Liberty State College	439		-0-
14	Higher Education-Special			
15	Projects (R)	488		1,051,808
16	Rural Health Initiative - Medical			
17	Schools Support (R)	581		486,056
18	Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences	-		
19	Rural Health Initiative Program ar	nd		
20	Site Support (R)	595		-0-
21	Vice Chancellor for Health Sciences	-		
22	Rural Health Residency			
23	Program (R)	601		278,408
<b>24</b>	MA Public Health Program and			
25	Health Science Technology (R) .	623		60,781
<b>26</b>	Central Office	701	L	-0-
<b>27</b>	HEAPS Grant Program (R)	867	7	4,000,000
28	WV Engineering, Science, and			
<b>29</b>	Technology Scholarship			
30	Program (R)	868	}	500,000
31	Health Sciences Career			
32	Opportunities Program (R)	869	)	61,296
33	HSTA Program (R)	870	)	1,017,341

184	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 13
34	Marshall Medical School-	
35	RHI Program and Site Support 033	467,995
36	WVU Health Sciences	
37	RHI Program and Site Support 035	1,263,890
38	RHI Program and Site Support -	
39	District Consortia 036	$2,\!561,\!437$
40	RHI Program and Site Support -	
41	RHEP Program Administration . 037	193,484
42	RHI Program and Site Support -Grad	
43	Med Ed and Fiscal Oversight 038	105,090
44	Total	\$40,479,586
45	Any unexpended balances remaining in th	e appropria-
46	tions at the close of fiscal year 2004	are hereby
47	reappropriated for expenditure during the fis	cal year 2005.
1	Total TITLE II, Section 4-	
<b>2</b>	Lottery Revenue \$	<u>170,096,627</u>
1	Sec. 5. Appropriations from state excess lo	ttery revenue
<b>2</b>	fund In accordance with section eighte	en-a, article
3	twenty-two, chapter twenty nine of the code,	the following
4	appropriations shall be deposited and disb	v
5	director of the lottery to the following acc	ounts in this
6	section in the amounts indicated.	
	237-Lottery Commission-	
	General Purpose Account	
	Fund <u>7206</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0705</u>	

#### Activity Funds

Unclassified-Total-Transfer ..... 402\$ 65,000,000 1

The above appropriation for Unclassified-Total-Trans-2 fer(activity 402) shall be transferred to the General 3

Revenue Fund as determined by the director of the lottery. 4

> 238-Economic Development Authority-Economic Development Project Fund

#### Fund <u>3167</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0307</u>

1 Debt Service-Total ...... 310 \$ 19,000,000

Pursuant to subsection (f), section eighteen-a, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code, excess lottery revenues are authorized to be transferred to the lottery fund as reimbursement of amounts transferred to the economic development project fund pursuant to section four of this title and subsection (f), section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code.

239-Education Improvement Fund

Fund <u>4295</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0441</u>

1 Unclassified-Total-Transfer (R) . . 402 \$ 27,000,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
at the close of fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for
expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

The above appropriation for Unclassified-Total-Transfer
(activity 402) shall be transferred to the PROMISE Scholarship Fund (fund 4296, org 0441) established by chapter
eighteen-c, article seven, section seven.

240-School Building Authority

Fund <u>3514</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1 Unclassified-Total-

2 Transfer (R) ..... 402 \$ 19,000,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
at the close of fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for
expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

6 The above appropriation for Unclassified-Total-Trans7 fer (activity 402) shall be transferred to the General
8 Revenue Fund for appropriation under West Virginia Code
9 §18-9D-6.

241-West Virginia Infrastructure Council

## Fund 3390 FY 2005 Org 0316

1 Unclassified-Total-

- 2 Transfer (R) ..... 402 \$ 40,000,000
- 3 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

4 at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

5 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

6 The above appropriation for Unclassified-Total-Trans-

7 fer(activity 402) shall be transferred to the West Virginia

- 8 Infrastructure Fund (fund 3384, org 0316) created by 9 chapter thirty-one, article fifteen-a, section nine of the
- 10 code.

242-Higher Education Improvement Fund

## Fund <u>4297</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0441</u>

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 10,000,000

- 2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation
- 3 at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

4 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

243-State Park Improvement Fund

## Fund 3277 FY 2005 Org 0310

1 Unclassified-Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 5,000,000

2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation

3 at the close of the fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated

4 for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

## 244-Lottery Commission-Refundable Credit

## Fund <u>7207</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0705</u>

1 Unclassified-Total-Transfer ..... 402 \$ 10,000,000

# Ch. 13] APPROPRIATIONS

2 The above appropriation for Unclassified-Total-Transfer 3 (activity 402) shall be transferred to the General Revenue 4 Fund to provide reimbursement for the refundable credit allowable under chapter eleven, article twenty-one, section 5 6 twenty-one of the code. The amount of the required 7 transfer shall be determined solely by the state tax com-8 missioner and shall be completed by the director of the 9 lottery upon the commissioners request.

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245-Lottery Commission-Excess Lottery Revenue Fund Surplus

## Fund 7208 FY 2005 Org 0705

1 Unclassified-Total-Transfer ..... 402 \$<u>22,800,000</u>

2 The above appropriation for Unclassified-Total-Transfer

3 (activity 402) shall be transferred to the General Revenue

4 Fund only after all funding required by chapter twenty-

5 nine, article twenty-two, section eighteen-a of the code has

6 been satisfied as determined by the director of the lottery.

246-Joint Expenses

(WV Code Chapter 4)

## Fund <u>1735</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>2300</u>

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 2 at the close of fiscal year 2004 is hereby reappropriated for 3 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.

The above appropriation for Tax Reduction and Federal Funding Increased Compliance (TRAFFIC)-Total (fund 1735, activity 620) is intended for possible general state tax reductions or the offsetting of any reductions in federal funding for state programs. It is not intended as a general appropriation for expenditure by the Legislature.

10 Total TITLE II, Sec	tion 5-Excess
------------------------	---------------

11 Lottery Funds ..... \$ <u>217,800,000</u>

#### **APPROPRIATIONS** [Ch. 13

Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.-In accordance 1  $\mathbf{2}$ with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the 3 fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, 4 chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as 5 itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year two 6 thousand five. 7

#### LEGISLATIVE

247-Crime Victims Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 14)

Fund 8738 FY 2005 Org 2300

Federal

	Activity		Federal Funds
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	1,263,500
	JUDICIAL		
	248-Supreme Court— Consolidated Federal Funds		
	Fund <u>8867</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>2400</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	150,000
	EXECUTIVE	·	
	249-Governor's Office- Governor's Cabinet on Children and Fa	milie	28
	(WV Code Chapter 5)		
	Fund <u>8792</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	450,000
	250-Governor's Office- Office of Economic Opportunity		
	(WV Code Chapter 5)		

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#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

#### Fund <u>8797</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 7,811,976

251-Governor's Office-Commission for National and Community Service

(WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Fund <u>8800</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 5,431,509

252-Auditor's Office-National White Collar Crime Center

(WV Code Chapter 12)

#### Fund 8807 FY 2005 Org 1200

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 14,000,942

253-Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Fund <u>8736</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1400</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 4,246,459

254-Department of Agriculture-Meat Inspection

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Fund <u>8737</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1400</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 818,829

255-Department of Agriculture-State Conservation Committee

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Fund 8783 FY 2005 Org 1400

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 341,174

256-Secretary of State-

(WV Code Chapter 3)

#### Fund <u>8854</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>1600</u>

1 Unclassified-Total \*(R) ..... 096 \$ 14,500,000

#### DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

257-West Virginia Prosecuting Attorney's Institute

(WV Code Chapter 7)

Fund 8834 FY 2005 Org 0228

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 199,468

258-Children's Health Insurance Agency

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Fund <u>8838</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0230</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 33,817,646

#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

259-State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Fund 8712 FY 2005 Org 0402

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$160,000,000

260-State Department of Education-School Lunch Program

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

#### Fund 8713 FY 2005 Org 0402

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 85,000,000

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck the designation "(R)" in Item No. 256, line 1.

Ch. 1	13] APPROPRIATIONS	191
	261-State Board of Education- Vocational Division	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
	Fund <u>8714</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 2	21,000,000
	262-State Department of Education- Aid for Exceptional Children	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
	Fund <u>8715</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 7	7,000,000
	263-State Department of Education- Education Grant	
	Fund <u>8748</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0402</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 5	0,000,000
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE AI	RTS
	264-Department of Education and the Arts- Office of the Secretary	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)	
	Fund <u>8841</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0431</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$	1,051,571
	265-Division of Culture and History	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)	
	Fund <u>8718</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0432</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total	2,500,000
	266-Library Commission	
	(WV Code Chapter 10)	

#### Fund 8720 FY 2005 Org 0433

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,932,637

267-Educational Broadcasting Authority

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Fund 8721 FY 2005 Org 0439

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 1,800,000

268-State Board of Rehabilitation-Division of Rehabilitation Services

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Fund 8734 FY 2005 Org 0932

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 46,323,075

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

269-Consolidated Medical Service Fund

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Fund 8723 FY 2005 Org 0506

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 7,308,797

270-Division of Health-Central Office

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Fund <u>8802</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 73,734,131

271-Division of Health-West Virginia Safe Drinking Water Treatment

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Fund <u>8824</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 16,000,000

Ch.	13]APPROPRIATIONS19	3
	272-West Virginia Health Care Authority	
	(WV Code Chapter 16)	
	Fund <u>8851</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0507</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 40,00	0
	273-Human Rights Commission	
	(WV Code Chapter 5)	
	Fund <u>8725</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0510</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 510,46	57
	274-Division of Human Services	
	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)	
	Fund <u>8722</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$1,905,460,50	0
	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY	
	275-Adjutant General-State Militia	
	(WV Code Chapter 15)	
	Fund <u>8726</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0603</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 85,274,08	3
	276-Office of Emergency Services	
	(WV Code Chapter 15)	
	Fund <u>8727</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0606</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 8,693,16	4
	277-Division of Corrections	
	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)	
	Fund <u>8836</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0608</u>	
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 650,00	0

194	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
	278-West Virginia State Police		
	(WV Code Chapter 15)		
	Fund <u>8741</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0612</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	1,208,527
	279-Division of Veterans' Affairs		
	(WV Code Chapter 9A)		
	Fund <u>8858</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0613</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	10,000,000
	280-Division of Veterans' Affairs- Veterans' Home		
	(WV Code Chapter 9A)		
	Fund <u>8728</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0618</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	1,203,780
	281-Division of Criminal Justice Servi	ces	
	(WV Code Chapter 15)		
	Fund <u>8803</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0620</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	14,915,835
	282-Division of Juvenile Services		
	(WV Code Chapter 49)		
	Fund <u>8855</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0621</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	331,000
	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE		
	283-Tax Division		
	(WV Code Chapter 11)		

Ch. 1	3] APPROPRIATIONS		195
	Fund <u>7069</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0702</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	25,000
	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTAT	ION	
	284-Division of Motor Vehicles		
	(WV Code Chapter 17B)		
	Fund <u>8787</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0802</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	9,819,900
	285-Division of Public Transit		
	(WV Code Chapter 17)		
	Fund <u>8745</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0805</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	11,602,638
	286-Public Port Authority		
	(WV Code Chapter 17)		
	Fund <u>8830</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0806</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	2,660,000
	<b>BUREAU OF COMMERCE</b>		
	287-Division of Forestry		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Fund <u>8703</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0305</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	2,249,448
	288-Geological and Economic Surv	ey	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Fund <u>8704</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0306</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	550,000

196	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 13
	289-West Virginia Development Office		
	(WV Code Chapter 5B)		
	Fund <u>8705</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0307</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$ <b>9</b>	9,595,134
	290-Division of Labor		
	(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)		
	Fund <u>8706</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0308</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	540,822
	291-Division of Natural Resources		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Fund <u>8707</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0310</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$ \$	8,534,200
	292-Division of Miners' Health, Safety and Training		
	(WV Code Chapter 22)		
	Fund <u>8709</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0314</u>		
1	Unclassified-Total 096	\$	590,765
	BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM	MS	
	293-Bureau of Employment Programs		
	(WV Code Chapter 21A)		
	Fund <u>8835</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0323</u>		
1	Unclassified 099	\$	512,657
2 3	Reed Act 2002 – Unemployment Compensation 622		2,374,000
4	Reed Act 2002 -		1 271 000
5 6	Total		1,371,000 4,257,657
$     \begin{array}{c}       1 \\       2 \\       3 \\       4 \\       5     \end{array} $	Safety and Training (WV Code Chapter 22) Fund <u>8709</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0314</u> Unclassified-Total	<b>MS</b> \$	512,657 2,374,000 <u>1,371,000</u>

Ch. 13]

7 Pursuant to the requirements of 42 U.S.C. 1103, Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and the 8 9 provisions of section nine, article nine, chapter twentyone-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine 10 11 hundred thirty-one, as amended, the above appropriation 12to Unclassified shall be used by the bureau of employment 13programs for the specific purpose of administration of the 14 state's unemployment insurance program or job service 15activities, subject to each and every restriction, limitation or obligation imposed on the use of the funds by those 16 17 federal and state statutes.

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

#### 294-Division of Environmental Protection

(WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Fund <u>8708</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0313</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 98,015,470

#### **BUREAU OF SENIOR SERVICES**

295-Bureau of Senior Services

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Fund <u>8724</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0508</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 14,550,000

## MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

296-Board of Pharmacy

(WV Code Chapter 30)

#### Fund <u>8857</u> FY 2005 Org 0913

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 87,500

297-Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division

(WV Code Chapter 24A)

198	APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 13
	Fund <u>8743</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0926</u>
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 1,514,718
	298-Public Service Commission- Gas Pipeline Division
	(WV Code Chapter 24B)
	Fund <u>8744</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0926</u>
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 270,918
	299-Coal Heritage Highway Authority
	(WV Code Chapter 29)
	Fund <u>8861</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0942</u>
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ <u>27,000</u>
	299-WV State Mapping and Addressing Board
	(WV Code Chapter)
	Fund <u>8868</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0940</u>
1	Unclassified
2 3	Total TITLE II, Section 6-Federal Funds\$2,820,253,240
1 2 3 4	<b>Sec. 7. Appropriations from federal block grants</b> The following items are hereby appropriated from federal block grants to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 2005.
	300-Governor's Office- Office of Economic Opportunity Community Services
	Fund <u>8799</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0100</u>
1	Unclassified-Total 096 \$ 8,000,000
	301-West Virginia Development Office- Community Development

#### APPROPRIATIONS

#### Fund <u>8746</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0307</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$28,330,852

302-West Virginia Development Office-Workforce Investment Act

Fund 8848 FY 2005 Org 0307

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$49,832,357

303-Division of Health-Maternal and Child Health

Fund 8750 FY 2005 Org 0506

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$10,878,891

304-Division of Health-Preventive Health

Fund <u>8753</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 2,237,034

305-Division of Health-Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment

Fund <u>8793</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$11,557,304

306-Division of Health-Community Mental Health Services

Fund <u>8794</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$ 3,314,733

307-Division of Health-Abstinence Education Program

Fund <u>8825</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ...... 096 \$ 976,837

308-Division of Human Services-Energy Assistance

#### Fund 8755 FY 2005 Org 0511

> 309-Division of Human Services-Social Services

#### Fund <u>8757</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>

> 310-Division of Human Services-Temporary Assistance Needy Families

> > Fund <u>8816</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>

1 Unclassified-Total ..... 096 \$175,000,000

311-Division of Human Services-Child Care and Development

Fund <u>8817</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0511</u>

> 312-Division of Criminal Justice Services-Juvenile Accountability Incentive

> > Fund <u>8829</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0620</u>

> 313-Division of Criminal Justice Services-Local Law Enforcement

#### Fund <u>8833</u> FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0620</u>

1	Unclassified-Total	096	\$	$607,\!494$
<b>2</b>	Total TITLE II, Section 7-			
3	Federal Block Grants	\$	367	,316,444

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

**Sec. 8. Awards for claims against the state.**–There are hereby appropriated for fiscal year 2005, from the fund as designated, in the amounts as specified, general revenue funds in the amount of \$3,621,385, special revenue fund in the amount of \$162,427, state road funds in the amount of \$433,954, and non-general revenue fund in the amount of \$326,944 for payment of claims against the state.

Sec. 9. Appropriations from surplus accrued.- The 1 2 following items are hereby appropriated from the state excess lottery revenue fund, and are to be available for 3 4 expenditure during the fiscal year 2005 out of surplus funds only, as determined by the director of the lottery, 5 6 accrued from the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of 7 June, 2004, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in 8 this section.

9 It is the intent and mandate of the Legislature that the 10 following appropriations be payable only from surplus 11 accrued from the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of 12 June two thousand four.

13In the event that surplus revenues available from the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 14 15four, are not sufficient to meet all the appropriations made pursuant to this section, then the appropriations shall be 16 made to the extent that surplus funds are available and 17 18 shall be allocated first to provide the necessary funds to 19meet the first appropriation of this section; next, to 20provide the funds necessary for the second appropriation 21of this section and subsequently to provide the funds 22necessary for each appropriation in succession before any funds are provided for the next subsequent appropriation. 23

#### \*314-Joint Expenses

(WV Code Chapter 4)

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck all of Item Nos. 314, 315 and 317.

#### Fund FY 2005 Org 2300

- 1 Tax Reduction and Federal
- 2 Funding Increased
- 3 Compliance(TRAFFIC) . . . . . . . 642 --- \$ -5,000,000

#### 315-Workers' Compensation Commission

(WV Code Chapter 23)

#### Fund FY 2005 Org 0322

1 Self-Insured Security Pool-..... 033 ---- \$-5,000,000

316-Governor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Fund FY 2005 Org 0100

- 1 Publication of Papers and
- 2 Transition Expenses ...... 465 \$ 325,000

317-Adjutant General-State Militia

(WV Code Chapter 15)

#### Fund FY 2005 Org 0603

1 Armory Capital Improvements . . 325 \$ 2,000,000

318-Division of Corrections-Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)

Fund FY 2005 Org 0608

1	Payments to Federal, County and/or		
2	Regional Jails	555 \$	3,887,620

319-Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)
Ch. 1	3] APPROPRIATIONS	203
	Fund FY 2005 Org 0702	
1	Remittance Processor	200,000
	320-West Virginia State Police	
	(WV Code Chapter 15)	
	Fund FY 2005 Org 0612	
1	Handgun Replacement	400,000
	321-Division of Health- Central Office	
	(WV Code Chapter 16)	
	Fund FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0506</u>	
1 2	Chief Medical Examiner - Capital Improvements 035 \$	1,050,000
	* <del>322-Division of Culture and History</del>	
	<del>(WV Code Chapter 29)</del>	
	Fund FY <u>2005</u> Org <u>0432</u>	
1	State Museum <del>- 036 - \$ -</del>	<del>1,000,000</del>
	<del>323—Governor's Office—</del> <del>Civil Contingent Fund</del>	
	(WV Code Chapter 5)	
1	Flood Reparations 400	<del></del>
2 3 4	From the above appropriation, \$300,00 allocated to Wyoming County and \$100,00 allocated to Greenbrier County.	
	324-West Virginia Development Office	
	<del>(WV-Code Chapter 5B)</del>	

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: The Governor struck all of the Item Nos. 322, 323, 324, 325 and 326.

Fund FY 2005 Org 0307

- 1 Local Economic
- 2 Development Assistance -.... 819 --- \$ -3,244,651

325-Board of Risk and Insurance Management

(WV Code Chapter 29) ------

Fund FY 2005 Org 0218

1 Unfunded Liability-Payment -.... -037 -- \$ -- 7,000,000

326-Division of Finance

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Fund FY 2005 Org 0209

1	FIMS Upgrade to Open	
<b>2</b>	<del>Platform</del>	\$ -10,000,000
3	*Total TITLE II, Section 9-	
4	Surplus Accrued	$\frac{39,507,271}{}$
		\$ 5,862,620

1 Sec. 10. Special revenue appropriations.-There are hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 2 two thousand five appropriations made by general law 3 from special revenue which are not paid into the state fund 4 5 as general revenue under the provisions of section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code: Provided, That 6 none of the money so appropriated by this section shall be 7 available for expenditure except in compliance with and in 8 9 conformity to the provisions of articles two and three, chapter twelve and article two, chapter five-a of the code, 10 with due consideration to the digest of the budget bill 11 prepared pursuant to article one, chapter four, unless the 12spending unit has filed with the director of the budget and 13the legislative auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal 14 15year:

<sup>\*</sup> **CLERK'S NOTE:** The Governor also reduced the total appearing in TITLE II, Section 9, Surplus Accrued, from "\$39,507,271" to "\$5,862,620".

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16 (a) An estimate of the amount and sources of all reve-17 nues accruing to such fund;

(b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for whatpurposes the fund is to be expended.

1 Sec. 11. State improvement fund appropriations.-2 Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds, received by the 3 governor on behalf of the state during the fiscal year two 4 thousand five, for the purpose of making studies and 5 recommendations relative to improvements of the adminis-6 tration and management of spending units in the executive 7 branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state 8 treasury in a separate account therein designated state 9 improvement fund.

10 There are hereby appropriated all moneys so deposited during the fiscal year two thousand five to be expended as 11 12authorized by the governor, for such studies and recom-13 mendations which may encompass any problems of 14 organization, procedures, systems, functions, powers or 15duties of a state spending unit in the executive branch, or 16 the betterment of the economic, social, educational, health 17 and general welfare of the state or its citizens.

1 Sec. 12. Specific funds and collection accounts.-A fund 2 or collection account which by law is dedicated to a 3 specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient amount to 4 meet all lawful demands upon the fund or collection 5 account and shall be expended according to the provisions 6 of article three, chapter twelve of the code.

Sec. 13. Appropriations for refunding erroneous pay ment.-Money that has been erroneously paid into the state
 treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into which
 it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

5 When the officer authorized by law to collect money for 6 the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he or 7 she shall issue his or her requisition upon the auditor for 8 the refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall 9 issue his or her warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer

shall pay the warrant out of the fund into which theamount was originally paid.

Sec. 14. Sinking fund deficiencies.-There is hereby 1  $\mathbf{2}$ appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount to meet 3 any deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage finance bond insurance fund of the West Virginia housing develop-4 ment fund which is under the supervision and control of 5 6 the municipal bond commission as provided by section 7 twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code, 8 or in the funds of the municipal bond commission because 9 of the failure of any state agency for either general obliga-10tion or revenue bonds or any local taxing district for 11 general obligation bonds to remit funds necessary for the 12payment of interest and sinking fund requirements. The 13governor is authorized to transfer from time to time such 14 amounts to the municipal bond commission as may be 15necessary for these purposes.

16 The municipal bond commission shall reimburse the 17 state of West Virginia through the governor from the first 18 remittance collected from the West Virginia housing 19 development fund or from any state agency or local taxing 20 district for which the governor advanced funds, with 21 interest at the rate carried by the bonds for security or 22 payment of which the advance was made.

**Sec. 15. Appropriations for local governments.**-There are hereby appropriated for payment to counties, districts and municipal corporations such amounts as will be necessary to pay taxes due counties, districts and municipal corporations and which have been paid into the treasury:

7 (a) For redemption of lands;

8 (b) By public service corporations;

9 (c) For tax forfeitures.

1 Sec. 16. Total appropriations.-Where only a total sum 2 is appropriated to a spending unit, the total sum shall

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include personal services, annual increment, employee
benefits, current expenses, repairs and alterations, equipment and capital outlay, where not otherwise specifically
provided and except as otherwise provided in TITLE IGENERAL PROVISIONS, Sec. 3.

1 Sec. 17. General school fund.-The balance of the 2 proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the 3 payment of the appropriations made by this act is appro-4 priated for expenditure in accordance with section sixteen, 5 article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code.

#### TITLE III-ADMINISTRATION.

#### TITLE III--ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- §2. Legislative intent.
- §3. Constitutionality.

**Section 1. Appropriations conditional.**-The expenditure of the appropriations made by this act, except those appropriations made to the legislative and judicial branches of the state government, are conditioned upon the compliance by the spending unit with the requirements of article two, chapter five-a of the code.

7 Where spending units or parts of spending units have 8 been absorbed by or combined with other spending units, 9 it is the intent of this act that appropriations and 10 reappropriations shall be to the succeeding or later spend-11 ing unit created, unless otherwise indicated.

1 Sec. 2. Legislative intent.-It is the intent of the Legisla- $\mathbf{2}$ ture that the duly appointed members of the conference committee on this bill may formulate and set forth in a 3 budget digest recommendations for the expenditure of 4 5 money appropriated by this bill after its enactment. It is 6 the further intent of the Legislature that the recommenda-7 tions set forth in the budget digest are an expression of 8 legislative intent, do not have the force and effect of law, 9 and may not be construed to alter the lawful enactment of this bill. 10

1 Sec. 3. Constitutionality.-If any part of this act is 2 declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdic-3 tion, its decision shall not affect any portion of this act 4 which remains, but the remaining portion shall be in full 5 force and effect as if the portion declared unconstitutional 6 had never been a part of the act.

# **CHAPTER 14**

(H. B. 4348 — By Delegates Michael, Boggs, Warner, Border, R. M. Thompson, H. White and Proudfoot)

[Passed February 23, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the treasurer's office - banking services fund 1322, fiscal year 2004, organization 1300, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, in the amount of \$4,400,000 from the treasurer's office - unclaimed property trust fund, fund 1342, fiscal year 2004, organization 1300.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the treasurer's office - unclaimed property trust fund, fund 1342, fiscal year 2004, organization 1300, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That the balance of the funds available for expenditure in 2 the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 3 four, to the treasurer's office - unclaimed property trust fund, 4 fund 1342, fiscal year 2004, organization 1300, be decreased by 5 expiring the amount of \$4,400,000 to the balance of the state 6 treasurer - banking services fund, fund 1322, fiscal year 2004, 7 organization 1300, during the fiscal year two thousand four.

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8 The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of \$4,400,000 9 from the state treasurer - unclaimed property trust fund, fund 10 1342, fiscal year 2004, organization 1300, to the balance of the 11 state treasurer - banking services fund, fund 1322, fiscal year 12 2004, organization 1300, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth 13 day of June, two thousand four, to be available for expenditure 14 during the fiscal year two thousand four.



(H. B. 4546 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, Leach, Campbell, Susman, Stalnaker and Proudfoot)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of health and human resources - family protection services board domestic violence legal services fund, fund 5455, fiscal year 2004, organization 0511, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of health and human resources - family protection services board - domestic violence legal services fund, fund 5455, fiscal year 2004, organization 0511, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

### APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 16

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 5455, fiscal year 2004, organization 0511, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1		TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.				
2		Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.				
3 4		DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES				
5		135—Family Protection Services Board—				
6		Domestic Violence Legal Services Fund				
7		(WV Code Chapter 48)				
8		Fund <u>5455</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org	0511			
9 10			Act- ivity		Other Funds	
11	1	Unclassified - Total	096	\$	250,000	

12 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to 13 supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore-14 said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure 15 during the fiscal year two thousand four.

# **CHAPTER 16**

(H. B. 4547 — By Delegates Michael, Browning, Proudfoot, Houston, Carmichael, Susman and Frederick)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

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AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the bureau of commerce - division of miners' health, safety and training, fund 8709, fiscal year 2004, organization 0314, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for a new program now available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8709, fiscal year 2004, organization 0314, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.				
2		Sec. 6. Appropriations of fede	eral fun	ds.	
3		<b>BUREAU OF COMME</b>	RCE		
4		286—Division of Miners' I	Health,		
5	Safety and Training				
6	(WV Code Chapter 22)				
7		Fund <u>8709</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org	<u>0314</u>		
8 9			Act- ivity	Federal Funds	
10	1	Unclassified - Total	096	\$ 400,000	

11 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to

- 12 supplement and increase items of appropriation in the aforesaid
- 13 account for the designated spending unit for expenditure during
- 14 the fiscal year two thousand four.

## **CHAPTER 17**

(H. B. 4548 — By Delegates Michael, Warner, Ashley, Browning, Carmichael, Cann and Proudfoot)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of transportation - division of motor vehicles - driver's license reinstatement fund, fund 8213, fiscal year 2004, organization 0802, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of transportation division of motor vehicles - driver's license reinstatement fund, fund 8213, fiscal year 2004, organization 0802, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8213, fiscal year 2004, organization 0802, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

Ch. 18]	APPROPRIATIONS			213	
1	TITLE II — APPROPRIAT	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from o	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.			
3	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPO	ORTAT	' <b>IO</b> I	N	
4	162—Division of Motor Vel	hicles—			
5	Driver's License Reinstateme	ent Fund	d		
6	(WV Code Chapter 17)	B)			
7	Fund <u>8213</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org	<u>0802</u>			
8 9		Act- ivity		Other Funds	
10 4	Unclassified	099	\$	300,000	
11	The purpose of this supplementary at	opropria	tion	bill is to	

11 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to 12 supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore-13 said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure 14 during the fiscal year two thousand four.



**CHAPTER 18** 

(H. B. 4549 — By Delegates Michael, Leach, Campbell, Foster, Susman, Anderson and Hall)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the bureau of com-

merce - division of labor - elevator safety act, fund 3188, fiscal year 2004, organization 0308, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the bureau of commerce - division of labor - elevator safety act, fund 3188, fiscal year 2004, organization 0308, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 3188, fiscal year 2004, organization 0308, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2		Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.			
3		<b>BUREAU OF COMMERCE</b>			
4		176—Division of Labor—			
5		Elevator Safety Act			
6		(WV Code Chapter 21)			
7		Fund <u>3188</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0308</u>			
8		Act- Other			
9		ivity Funds			
10	4	Unclassified	0		
11		The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to	0		

12 supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore-

#### Ch. 19] APPROPRIATIONS

13 said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure

14 during the fiscal year two thousand four.



# **CHAPTER 19**

(H. B. 4550 — By Delegates Michael, Leach, Campbell, Hall, Proudfoot, Stalnaker and Evans)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of health and human resources - division of health - central office, fund 8802, fiscal year 2004, organization 0506, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8802, fiscal year 2004, organization 0506, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

216	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 20
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.	
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES	
5	264—Division of Health—	
6	Central Office	
7	(WV Code Chapter 16)	
8	Fund <u>8802</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0506</u>	
9 10	Act- ivity	Federal Funds
11	1 Unclassified - Total 096 \$ 8	3,118,314
12 13	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation supplement and increase items of appropriations in t	

14 said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure

15 during fiscal year two thousand four.



(H. B. 4551 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, Leach, Stalnaker, Campbell, Ashley and Cann)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of health and human resources - division of human services, fund 8722, fiscal year 2004, organization 0511, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8722, fiscal year 2004, organization 0511, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1		TITLE II — APPROPRIA	ΓIONS.	
2		Sec. 6. Appropriations of fede	eral fund	s.
3 4		DEPARTMENT OF HEAL HUMAN RESOURC		
5		268—Division of Human S	ervices	
6	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)			
7		Fund <u>8722</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org	<u>0511</u>	
8			Act-	Federal
9			ivity	Funds
10	1	Unclassified - Total	096 \$	95,397,425
11		The purpose of this supplementary a	ppropriati	on bill is to
12	suj	oplement and increase items of approp	oriations in	n the afore-

А.

- 13 said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure
- 14 during fiscal year two thousand four.



AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation in the state excess lottery revenue fund, to the lottery commission - refundable credit, fund 7207, fiscal year 2004, organization 0705, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 7207, fiscal year 2004, organization 0705, be supplemented and amended to read as follows:

1		TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.					
2 3		Sec. 5. Appropriations from state excess lottery revenue fund.					
4	240-Lottery Commission-						
5	Refundable Credit						
6		Fund <u>7207</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0705</u>					
7	1	Unclassified - Total - Transfer 402 \$ 10,000,000					

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8 The above appropriation for Unclassified - Total - Transfer 9 (activity 402) shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund 10 to provide reimbursement for the refundable credit provided by 11 §11-21-21 and §29-22-18a of the code. The amount of the 12 required transfer shall be determined solely by the state tax 13 commissioner and shall be completed by the director of the 14 lottery upon the commissioner's request.

- 15 The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the 16 budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June,
- 17 two thousand four, by amending language with no additional
- 18 funds being appropriated.



# CHAPTER 22

(H. B. 4749 — By Delegates Michael, Anderson, Boggs, Cann, Frederick, Ashley and Warner)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and increasing items of the existing appropriations from the state road fund to the department of transportation, division of highways, fund 9017, fiscal year 2004, organization 0803, all supplementing and amending the appropriations for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1

That the items of the total appropriation from the state road fund, fund 9017, fiscal year 2004, organization 0803, be amended and increased in the existing line items as follows:

TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.

220		APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 23
2		Sec. 2. Appropriations from state	e road	fund.
3		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPO	RTAT	ION
4		90—Division of Highwa	ys	
5		(WV Code Chapters 17 and	17C)	
6		Fund <u>9017</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>(</u>	<u>)803</u>	
7				State
8			Act-	Road
9			ivity	Fund
10	2	Maintenance	237	\$ 6,000,000
11	3	Maintenance, Contract Paving and		
12	4	Secondary Road Maintenance	272	6,000,000
13	5	Bridge Repair and Replacement	273	5,000,000
14	7	Equipment Revolving	276	2,000,000
15	8	General Operations	277	1,250,000
16	11	Appalachian Programs	280	15,000,000
17		The purpose of this supplementary ap	propria	ation bill is to
10				

17 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to 18 supplement, amend, and increase existing items in the aforesaid 19 account for the designated spending unit, for expenditure during 20 the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 21 four.



# **CHAPTER 23**

(H. B. 4750 — By Delegates Anderson, Ashley, Border, Carmichael, Evans, Hall and G. White)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of education - state department of education, fund 8712, fiscal year 2004, organization 0402, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8712, fiscal year 2004, organization 0402, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.					
2		Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.				
3	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
4	254—State Department of Education					
5	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)					
6	Fund <u>8712</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0402</u>					
7 8			Act- ivity	Federal Funds		
9	1	Unclassified- Total	096	\$30,000,000		

10 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to

- 11 supplement and increase items of appropriation in the aforesaid
- 12 account for the designated spending unit for expenditure during
- 13 fiscal year two thousand four.



(H. B. 4751 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, Leach, Boggs, Browning, Cann and Houston)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of military affairs and public safety - adjutant general - state militia, fund 8726, fiscal year 2004, organization 0603, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8726, fiscal year 2004, organization 0603, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

Ch. 25	5] APPROPRIATIONS	223
1	TITLE II APPROPRIATIONS.	
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds	•
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY	
5	269—Adjutant General — State Militia	
6	(WV Code Chapter 15)	
7	Fund <u>8726</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0603</u>	
8 9	Act- ivity	Federal Funds
10	1 Unclassified - Total 096 \$3	30,000,000
13	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation supplement and increase items of appropriations in said account for the designated spending unit for enduring fiscal year two thousand four.	the afore-



# **CHAPTER 25**

(H. B. 4752 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, H. White, Stalnaker, Boggs, Carmichael and Cann)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of tax and revenue - division of banking, fund 3041, fiscal year 2004,

organization 0303, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of tax and revenue division of banking, fund 3041, fiscal year 2004, organization 0303, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 3041, fiscal year 2004, organization 0303, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.					
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.					
3	DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE					
4	150—Division of Banking					
5	(WV Code Chapter 31A)					
6	Fund <u>3041</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0303</u>					
7	Act- Other					
8	ivity Funds					
9	4 Unclassified 099 \$ 25,000					
10	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to					
11	supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore-					
12						
13	during the fiscal year two thousand four.					



# **CHAPTER 26**

(H. B. 4754 — By Delegates Michael, Warner, Campbell, Ashley, Frederick, R. M. Thompson and H. White)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of transportation - division of motor vehicles, fund 8787, fiscal year 2004, organization 0802, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing and new programs now available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8787, fiscal year 2004, organization 0802, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1 .	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

226	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 27				
4	277—Division of Motor Vehicles					
5	(WV Code Chapter 17B)					
6	Fund <u>8787</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0802</u>					
7 8	Act- ivity	Federal Funds				
9	1 Unclassified - Total 096	\$ 2,102,680				
10	The purpose of this supplementary appropria	ation bill is to				
11	supplement and increase items of appropriation in the aforesaid					
12	account for the designated spending unit for exper	nditure during				

13 fiscal year two thousand four.



# **CHAPTER 27**

(H. B. 4755 — By Delegates Michael, Leach, Browning, R. M. Thompson, H. White and Cann)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to a new item of appropriation designated to the coal heritage highway authority, fund 8861, fiscal year 2004, organization 0942, supplementing and amending chapter twenty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, two thousand three, known as the budget bill.

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WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for a new program now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, two thousand three, known as the budget bill, be supplemented and amended by adding to Title II, section six thereof the following:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.				
3	MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS				
4	291a—Coal Heritage Highway Authority				
5	(WV Code Chapter 29)				
6	Fund <u>8861</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0942</u>				
7 8	Act- Federal ivity Funds				
9	1 Unclassified - Total				
10 11 12	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, by providing for a				

15 ture during the fiscal year two thousand four.



(H. B. 4756 - By Delegates Michael, Leach, Boggs and Campbell)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the West Virginia state board of examiners for licensed practical nurses, fund 8517, fiscal year 2004, organization 0906, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the West Virginia state board of examiners for licensed practical nurses, fund 8517, fiscal year 2004, organization 0906, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8517, fiscal year 2004, organization 0906, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

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4		211—WV State Board of Exam	niners fo	or	
5		Licensed Practical Nur	ses		
6		(WV Code Chapter 30	0)		
7		Fund <u>8517</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org	<u>0906</u>		
8			Act-		Other
9			ivity		Funds
10	1	Unclassified - Total	096	\$	15,000
11 12	sup	The purpose of this supplementary applement and increase items of appropriate			

13 account for the designated spending unit for expenditure during

14 fiscal year two thousand four.



# **CHAPTER 29**

(H. B. 4757— By Delegates Michael, Doyle, Warner, Houston, Anderson, R. M. Thompson and Cann)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of military affairs and public safety - division of criminal justice services, fund 8803, fiscal year 2004, organization 0620, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

#### APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 29

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing and new programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8803, fiscal year 2004, organization 0620, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.					
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.					
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY					
5	274—Division of Criminal Justice Services					
6	(WV Code Chapter 15)					
7	Fund <u>8803</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0620</u>					
8 9	Act- Federal ivity Funds					
10	1 Unclassified - Total 096 \$ 2,703,001					
11 12 13 14	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore- said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure during fiscal year two thousand four.					

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**APPROPRIATIONS** 



# CHAPTER 30

(H. B. 4758 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, H. White, Campbell, Boggs and Proudfoot)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of military affairs and public safety - division of criminal justice services - juvenile accountability incentive, fund 8829, fiscal year 2004, organization 0620, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8829, fiscal year 2004, organization 0620, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

- 1 TITLE II APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Sec. 7. Appropriations from federal block grants.

232	APPROPRIATIONS			[Ch. 31	
3	305—Division of Criminal Justice Services—				
4	Juvenile Accountability Incentive				
5	Fund <u>8829</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org	<u>0620</u>			
6 7		Act- ivity		Federal Funds	
8	1 Unclassified - Total	096	\$	600,000	
9 10	The purpose of this supplementary a supplement and increase items of approx				

supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore-said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure

12 during fiscal year two thousand four.



**CHAPTER 31** 

(H. B. 4760 — By Delegates Michael, Hall, Cann, Warner, Leach, Ashley and Proudfoot)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the governor's office - office of economic opportunity, fund 8797, fiscal year 2004, organization 0100, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for new programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal

year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8797, fiscal year 2004, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.					
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.					
3	EXECUTIVE					
4	245—Governor's Office—					
5	Office of Economic Opportunity					
6	(WV Code Chapter 5)					
7	Fund <u>8797</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0100</u>					
8	Act- Federal					
9	ivity Funds					
10	1 Unclassified - Total 096 \$ 500,000					
1	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to					
12						
13						
4						

# CHAPTER 32

(H. B. 4761 — By Delegates Michael, Stalnaker, Boggs, Border, R. M. Thompson, Houston and Leach)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of agriculture - donated food fund, fund 1446, fiscal year 2004, organization 1400, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of agriculture - donated food fund, fund 1446, fiscal year 2004, organization 1400, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 1446, fiscal year 2004, organization 1400, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	EXECUTIVE

Ch. 3	3] APPROPRIATIONS	235				
4	103—Department of Agriculture—	103-Department of Agriculture-				
5	Donated Food Fund					
6	(WV Code Chapter 19)					
7	Fund <u>1446</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>1400</u>					
8 9	Act- ivity	Other Funds				
10	1 Unclassified - Total 096 \$	420,000				
11 12	The purpose of this supplementary appropriations in supplement and increase items of appropriations in the supplement and increase items.					

said account for the designated spending unit for expenditureduring the fiscal year two thousand four.



**CHAPTER 33** 

(H. B. 4762 — By Delegates Michael, Anderson, Proudfoot, Cann, Browning, Border and Ashley)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to the department of military affairs and public safety - office of emergency services, fund 8727, fiscal year 2004, organization 0606, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

### APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 33

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 8727, fiscal year 2004, organization 0606, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.					
2	Sec. 6. Appropriations of federal funds.					
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY					
5	270—Office of Emergency Services					
6	(WV Code Chapter 15)					
7	Fund <u>8727</u> FY <u>2004</u> Org <u>0606</u>					
8 9	Act- Federal ivity Funds					
10	1 Unclassified - Total 096 \$ 10,000,000					
11 12 13	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement and increase items of appropriations in the afore- said account for the designated spending unit for expenditure					

14 during fiscal year two thousand four.



# CHAPTER 34

(S. B. 526 — By Senators Helmick, Sharpe, Bailey, Boley, Bowman, Chafin, Dempsey, Edgell, Facemyer, Guills, Love, McCabe, Minear, Plymale, Prezioso, Sprouse and Unger)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the department of education and the arts - state board of rehabilitation - division of rehabilitation services, fund 0310, fiscal year 2004, organization 0932, by supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

WHEREAS, The governor submitted to the Legislature a statement of the state fund, general revenue, dated the fourteenth day of January, two thousand four, setting forth therein the cash balance as of the first day of July, two thousand three; and further included the estimate of revenues for the fiscal year two thousand four, less net appropriation balances forwarded and regular appropriations for fiscal year two thousand four; and

WHEREAS, It appears from the governor's statement there now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, to fund 0310, fiscal year 2004,

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organization 0932, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.							
2		Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.						
3		DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS						
4	44—State Board of Rehabilitation—							
5	Division of Rehabilitation Services							
6	(WV Code Chapter 18)							
7	Fund 0310 FY 2004 Org 0932							
8 9 10			Act- ivity		General Revenue Funds			
11	5	Unclassified - Surplus	097	\$	421,000			
12		The nurnose of this supplemental an	nronrig	tion	h bill is to			

12 The purpose of this supplemental appropriation bill is to 13 supplement and increase items of appropriation in the aforesaid 14 account for the designated spending unit for expenditure during 15 the fiscal year two thousand four.



(S. B. 713 — By Senators Helmick, Sharpe, Chafin, Plymale, Prezioso, Edgell, Love, Bailey, Bowman, McCabe, Unger, Dempsey, Boley, Minear, Facemyer, Guills and Sprouse)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]
AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand five, in the amount of two million five hundred thousand dollars from the board of risk and insurance management - premium tax savings fund, fund 2367, fiscal year 2005, organization 0218.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the board of risk and insurance management - premium tax savings fund, fund 2367, fiscal year 2005, organization 0218, will exceed that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That the balance of the funds available for expenditure in 2 the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 3 five, to the board of risk and insurance management - premium tax savings fund, fund 2367, fiscal year 2005, organization 4 5 0218, be decreased by expiring the amount of two million five 6 hundred thousand dollars to the unappropriated balance of the state fund, general revenue, to be available for appropriation 7 during fiscal year two thousand five. 8

9 The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of two million 10 five hundred thousand dollars from the board of risk and 11 insurance management - premium tax savings fund, fund 12 2367, fiscal year 2005, organization 0218, to the unappropri-13 ated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal 14 year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand five, to be 15 available for appropriation during fiscal year two thousand 16 five.

# CHAPTER 36

(S. B. 714 — By Senators Helmick, Sharpe, Chafin, Plymale, Prezioso, Edgell, Love, Bailey, Bowman, McCabe, Unger, Dempsey, Boley, Minear, Facemyer, Guills and Sprouse)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand five, in the amount of five hundred thousand dollars from the insurance commissioner — insurance commission fund, fund 7152, fiscal year 2005, organization 0704.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the insurance commissioner — insurance commission fund, fund 7152, fiscal year 2005, organization 0704, will exceed that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- 1 That the balance of the funds available for expenditure in
- 2 the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand
- 3 five, to the insurance commissioner insurance commission
- 4 fund, fund 7152, fiscal year 2005, organization 0704, be
- 5 decreased by expiring the amount of five hundred thousand
- 6 dollars to the unappropriated balance of the state fund, general
- 7 revenue, to be available for appropriation during fiscal year two
- 8 thousand five.

9 The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of five hundred 10 thousand dollars from the insurance commissioner — insurance

### **APPROPRIATIONS**

- 11 commission fund, fund 7152, fiscal year 2005, organization
- 12 0704, to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general
- 13 revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two
- 14 thousand five, to be available for appropriation during fiscal
- 15 year two thousand five.



# CHAPTER 37

(S. B. 715 — By Senators Helmick, Sharpe, Chafin, Plymale, Prezioso, Edgell, Love, Bailey, Bowman, McCabe, Unger, Dempsey, Boley, Minear, Facemyer, Guills and Sprouse)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand five, in the amount of one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the public service commission, fund 8623, fiscal year 2005, organization 0926.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the public service commission, fund 8623, fiscal year 2005, organization 0926, will exceed that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- 1 That the balance of the funds available for expenditure in
- 2 the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand
- 3 five, to the public service commission, fund 8623, fiscal year
- 4 2005, organization 0926, be decreased by expiring the amount
- 5 of one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the
- 6 unappropriated balance of the state fund, general revenue, to be

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7 available for appropriation during the fiscal year two thousand8 five.

9 The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of one million 10 two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the public service 11 commission, fund 8623, fiscal year 2005, organization 0926, to 12 the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, 13 for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 14 five, to be available for appropriation during the fiscal year two 15 thousand five.



# **CHAPTER 38**

(H. B. 4415 — By Delegates Warner, Beane, Boggs, Frederick, Stalnaker, Proudfoot and Foster)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §6-9-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to giving the state auditor, as the chief inspector, flexibility in determining when to conduct audits on local government offices and when to conduct a review on them.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §6-9-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### **ARTICLE 9. SUPERVISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICES.**

### §6-9-7. Examinations into affairs of local public offices; penalties.

- 1 (a) The chief inspector has the power by himself or herself,
- 2 or by any person appointed, designated or approved by the chief

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#### AUDITOR

3 inspector to perform the service, to examine into all financial 4 affairs of every local governmental office or political subdivi-5 sion and all boards, commissions, authorities, agencies or other 6 offices created under authority thereof. An examination shall be 7 made annually, if required, to comply with the Single Audit Act 8 and when otherwise required by law or contract. When that act 9 does not apply, unless otherwise required by law or by contract, 10 the examination shall be made at least once a year, if practica-11 ble. Furthermore, the chief inspector shall furnish annually to 12 the Legislature a list of each local government office or 13 political subdivision and all boards, commissions, authorities, 14 agencies or other offices created under authority thereof and the 15 year of its most recent completed audit.

16 (b) When required for compliance with regulations for 17 federal funds received or expended by county boards of 18 education the chief inspector or his or her designee, including 19 any certified public accountant approved by the chief inspector 20 shall conduct and issue an audit report within the time specified 21 in controlling federal regulations. Examinations of other local 22 governments shall be conducted and audit or review reports 23 issued in accordance with uniform procedures of the chief 24 inspector.

25 (c) A county board of education may elect, by the first day 26 of May of the fiscal year to be audited, to have its annual 27 examination performed by a certified public accountant 28 approved by the chief inspector to perform the examinations. 29 When this election is made, a copy of the order of the county 30 board making the election shall be filed with the chief inspector 31 and the state board of school finance. The county board of 32 education is allowed to contract with any certified public 33 accountant on the chief inspector's then current list of approved 34 certified public accountants, unless the state board of school 35 finance or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the 36 board is located timely submits to the chief inspector a written

37 request for the examination to be performed by the chief
38 inspector or a person appointed by the chief inspector, or the
39 chief inspector determines that a special or unusual situation
40 exists. The county board shall follow the audit bid procurement
41 procedures established by the chief inspector in obtaining the
42 audit.

43 (d) The chief inspector shall, at least annually, prepare a list 44 of certified public accountants approved by the chief inspector 45 to perform examinations of local governments. Names shall be 46 added to or deleted from that list in accordance with uniform 47 procedures of the chief inspector. When each list or updated list 48 is issued, the chief inspector shall promptly file a copy of the 49 list in the state register and send a copy to the state board of 50 education, the state board of school finance and to local 51 governments who request a copy.

52 (e) A county board of education, when procuring the 53 services of a certified public accountant on the chief inspector's 54 list, shall follow the procurement standards prescribed by the 55 grants management common rule, OMB Circular A-102 56 "Grants and Cooperative Agreements with State and Local 57 Governments" in effect for the fiscal year being examined, or 58 in any replacement circular or regulation of the office of 59 management and budget and in addition shall follow those 60 standards as determined by the office of chief inspector.

61 (f) The approved independent certified public accountant 62 making examinations under this section shall comply with 63 requirements of this section applicable to examinations per-64 formed by the chief inspector, including applicable require-65 ments of the federal government and uniform procedures of the 66 chief inspector applicable to examinations of county boards of 67 education.

68 (1) Upon completion of the certified public accountant's69 examination and audit or review report, the certified public

accountant shall promptly send two copies of the certified
report to the county board of education who shall file one copy
with the federal audit clearing house. The certified public
accountant shall send one copy of the certified report to the
state board of school finance, and one copy to the chief inspector.

76 (2) If any examination discloses misfeasance, malfeasance 77 or nonfeasance in office on the part of any public officer or 78 employee, the certified public accountant shall submit his or her 79 recommendation to the chief inspector regarding the legal 80 action the approved certified public accountant considers 81 appropriate, including, but not limited to, whether criminal 82 prosecution or civil action to effect restitution is appropriate, 83 and three additional copies of the certified audit report. After 84 review of the recommendations and the audit report, the chief 85 inspector shall proceed as provided in subsection (n) of this 86 section. For purposes of this section and section thirteen, article 87 nine-b, chapter eighteen of this code, a certified audit report of 88 an approved certified public accountant shall be treated in the 89 same manner as a report of the chief inspector.

90 (g) On every examination, inquiry shall be made as to the 91 financial conditions and resources of the agency having 92 jurisdiction over the appropriations and levies disbursed by the office and whether the requirements of the constitution and 93 94 statutory laws of the state and the ordinances and orders of the 95 agency have been properly complied with and also inquire into 96 the methods and accuracy of the accounts and such other 97 matters of audit and accounting as the chief inspector may 98 prescribe.

(h) If a local government office is not subject to a single
audit requirement under federal regulations or if it is not
otherwise required by law or contract to undergo an annual
audit and its expenditures from all sources are less than three

hundred thousand dollars during the fiscal year the chief
inspector may choose to perform either a review or audit on the
local government office and may in his or her discretion
determine the frequency of such review or audit.

(i) The chief inspector or any authorized assistant may issue
subpoenas and compulsory process, direct the service thereof
by any sheriff, compel the attendance of witnesses and the
production of books and papers at any designated time and
place, selected in their respective county, and administer oaths.

(j) If any person refuses to appear before the chief inspector or his or her authorized assistant when required to do so, refuses to testify on any matter or refuses to produce any books or papers in his or her possession or under his or her control, he or she is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars and imprisoned in the county or regional jail not more than six months.

(k) A person convicted of willful false swearing in an
examination is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars and
imprisoned in the county or regional jail not more than six
months.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a copy of
the certified report of each examination shall be filed in the
office of the commissioner, chief inspector with the governing
body of the local government and with other offices as prescribed in uniform procedures of the chief inspector.

(m) If any examination discloses misfeasance, malfeasance
or nonfeasance in office on the part of any public officer or
employee, a certified copy of the report shall be filed by the
chief inspector with the proper legal authority of the agency, the
prosecuting attorney of the county wherein the agency is
located and with the attorney general for such legal action as is

135 proper. At the time the certified audit report is filed, the chief 136 inspector shall notify the proper legal authority of the agency, 137 the prosecuting attorney and the attorney general in writing of 138 his or her recommendation as to the legal action that the chief 139 inspector considers proper, whether criminal prosecution or 140 civil action to effect restitution, or both.

141 (n) If the proper legal authority or prosecuting attorney, 142 within nine months of receipt of the certified audit report and 143 recommendations, refuses, neglects or fails to take efficient 144 legal action by a civil suit to effect restitution or by prosecuting 145 criminal proceedings to a final conclusion, in accordance with 146 the recommendations, the chief inspector may institute the 147 necessary proceedings or participate therein and prosecute the 148 proceedings in any court of the state to a final conclusion.

149 (o) A local government that is not a county board of 150 education may elect, by the first day of May of the fiscal year 151 to be audited, to have its annual examination performed by a 152 certified public accountant approved by the chief inspector to 153 perform the examinations. When this election is made, a copy 154 of the order of the governing body making the election shall be 155 filed with the chief inspector. An electing local government is 156 allowed to contract with any certified public accountant on the 157 chief inspector's then current list of approved certified public 158 accountants, unless the prosecuting attorney of the county in 159 which the local government is located timely submits to the 160 chief inspector a written request for the examination to be 161 performed by the chief inspector or a person appointed by the 162 chief inspector, or the chief inspector determines that a special 163 or unusual situation exists: *Provided*. That the audit of a local 164 government may be performed by the chief inspector at his or 165 her discretion. The local government shall follow the audit bid 166 procurement procedures established by the chief inspector in 167 obtaining the audit: Provided, however, That the chief inspector 168 may elect to conduct the audit of a local unit of government

with one or more members of his or her audit staff where, in theopinion of the chief inspector, a special or unusual situationexists.



# **CHAPTER 39**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4168 — By Delegates R. M. Thompson, Perry, Frich, Iaquinta, G. White and Hrutkay)

[Passed March 10, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §31-17-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §46A-6K-1, §46A-6K-2, §46A-6K-3, §46A-6K-4 and §46A-6K-5, all relating to mortgage loans; exempting mortgage loan closing costs from consumer sales and service tax levied on brokerage fees, additional charges and finance charges; requiring that funds are available for settlement of a real estate mortgage transaction; defining applicability of the law; providing definition of terms used; establishing duty of lender; maintaining validity of loan documents; and providing a penalty for violations of the article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §31-17-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §46A-6K-1, §46A-6K-2, §46A-6K-3, §46A-6K-4 and §46A-6K-5, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

31. Corporations.

46A. West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act.

### **CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.**

### ARTICLE 17. WEST VIRGINIA RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LENDER, BROKER AND SERVICER ACT.

## §31-17-2. License required for lender, broker or loan originator; exemptions.

(a) No person shall engage in this state in the business of
lender, broker or loan originator unless and until he or she shall
first obtain a license to do so from the commissioner, which
license remains unexpired, unsuspended and unrevoked, and no
foreign corporation shall engage in business in this state unless
it is registered with the secretary of state to transact business in
this state.

8 (b) Brokerage fees, additional charges and finance charges 9 imposed by licensed mortgage brokers, lenders and loan 10 originators are exempt from the tax imposed by article fifteen, 11 chapter eleven of this code beginning on the first day of 12 January, two thousand four.

13 (c) The provisions of this article do not apply to loans made14 by the following:

- 15 (1) Federally insured depository institutions;
- 16 (2) Regulated consumer lender licensees;
- 17 (3) Insurance companies;

(4) Any other lender licensed by and under the regularsupervision and examination for consumer compliance of anyagency of the federal government;

(5) Any agency or instrumentality of this state, federal,
county or municipal government or on behalf of the agency or
instrumentality;

(6) By a nonprofit community development organization
making mortgage loans to promote home ownership or improvements for the disadvantaged which loans are subject to
federal, state, county or municipal government supervision and
oversight; or

(7) Habitat for Humanity International, Inc., and itsaffiliates providing low-income housing within this state.

31 Loans made subject to this exemption may be assigned, 32 transferred, sold or otherwise securitized to any person and 33 shall remain exempt from the provisions of this article, except 34 as to reporting requirements in the discretion of the commis-35 sioner where the person is a licensee under this article. Nothing 36 herein shall prohibit a broker licensed under this article from 37 acting as broker of an exempt loan and receiving compensation 38 as permitted under the provisions of this article.

39 (d) A person or entity designated in subsection (c) of this 40 section may take assignments of a primary or subordinate 41 mortgage loan from a licensed lender and the assignments of 42 said loans that they themselves could have lawfully made as 43 exempt from the provisions of this article under this section do 44 not make that person or entity subject to the licensing, bonding, 45 reporting or other provisions of this article except as the 46 defense or claim would be preserved pursuant to section one 47 hundred two, article two, chapter forty-six-a of this code.

48 (e) The placement or sale for securitization of a primary or 49 subordinate mortgage loan into a secondary market by a 50 licensee may not subject the warehouser or final securitization 51 holder or trustee to the provisions of this article: Provided, That 52 the warehouser, final securitization holder or trustee under an 53 arrangement is either a licensee, or person or entity entitled to 54 make exempt loans of that type under this section, or the loan 55 is held with right of recourse to a licensee.

# CHAPTER 46A. WEST VIRGINIA CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION ACT.

### ARTICLE 6K. GOOD FUNDS SETTLEMENT ACT.

§46A-6K-1. Applicability.

§46A-6K-2. Definitions.

§46A-6K-3. Duty of lender.

§46A-6K-4. Validity of loan documents.

§46A-6K-5. Penalty.

### §46A-6K-1. Applicability.

1 This article applies to the settlement of loans secured by

2 deeds of trust on owner-occupied residential dwellings with

3 accommodations for not more than four families. This article

4 does not apply to construction loans or any other loans which,

5 by agreement of the parties, provide for the disbursement of the

6 proceeds in stages.

### §46A-6K-2. Definitions.

1 (a) "Collected funds" or "good funds" means moneys used 2 to fund the disbursement of settlement proceeds deposited and

3 irrevocably credited to a settlement agent's account.

4 (b) "Disbursement of loan funds" means the delivery of the 5 loan funds by the lender to the settlement agent in the form of:

- 6 (1) Cash;
- 7 (2) Wired funds;
- 8 (3) Certified check;

9 (4) Checks issued by the United States treasury, the state of
10 West Virginia or an instrumentality of the United States or state
11 of West Virginia;

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12 (5) Cashier's check or teller's check or other similar draft 13 or obligation of a federally insured bank, savings bank, savings 14 and loan association or credit union or of any holding company

15 or wholly owned subsidiary of the foregoing;

16 (6) Checks issued by a licensed lender qualified to do 17 business in West Virginia which has posted the surety bond 18 required by subsection (b), section four, article seventeen, 19 chapter thirty-one of this code;

20 (7) Checks issued by an insurance company licensed and 21 regulated by the West Virginia insurance commission, which 22 checks are drawn on a federally insured financial institution;

23 (8) Checks drawn on the escrow account of an attorney 24 licensed to practice law in West Virginia or on the escrow 25 account of a real estate broker licensed in West Virginia; or

26 (9) Personal check or checks in an aggregate amount not 27 exceeding five thousand dollars per loan closing.

28 (c) "Disbursement of settlement proceeds" means the 29 payment of all proceeds of the transaction by the settlement 30 agent to the persons entitled thereto.

31 (d) "Lender" means any person regularly engaged in 32 making loans secured by deeds of trust to secure debt on West 33 Virginia real estate. A person is considered to be regularly 34 engaged in making loans if he or she makes more than five such 35 loans in any one calendar year.

36 (e) "Loan closing" means that time agreed upon by the 37 borrower, lender, seller, if applicable, and settlement agent when the execution by the borrower and delivery of the loan 38 39 documents to the settlement agent occur.

40 (f) "Loan documents" means the note evidencing the debt
41 due the lender, the deed of trust, or mortgage securing the debt
42 due to the lender, and any other documents required by the
43 lender to be executed by the borrower as a part of the transac44 tion.

(g) "Loan funds" means the gross or net proceeds of theloan to be disbursed by or on behalf of the lender at loanclosing.

48 (h) "Parties", as used in this subsection, means the seller,
49 purchaser, borrower, lender and the settlement agent, as
50 applicable.

(i) "Settlement" means the time when the settlement agent
has received the duly executed deed, loan funds, loan documents and other documents and funds required to carry out the
terms of the contract between the parties.

(j) "Settlement agent" means the person authorized by law
to be responsible for conducting the settlement and disbursement of the settlement proceeds.

### §46A-6K-3. Duty of lender.

1 The lender shall, at or before loan closing, cause disburse-2 ment of loan funds to the settlement agent; however, in the case 3 of a refinancing, or any other loan where a right of rescission 4 applies, the lender shall, within one business day after the 5 expiration of the rescission period required under the federal Truth-in-Lending Act (15 U. S. C. §1601 et seq.), cause 6 7 disbursement of loan funds to the settlement agent, unless the loan is rescinded by the customer. All funds disbursed by the 8 9 lender to the settlement agent must be collected funds. The lender is not entitled to receive or charge any interest on the 10 11 loan until disbursement of loan funds and loan closing has 12 occurred.

### §46A-6K-4. Validity of loan documents.

- 1 Failure to comply with the provisions of this article does
- 2 not affect the validity or enforceability of any loan documents
- 3 executed.

### §46A-6K-5. Penalty.

- 1 Any persons suffering losses due to the failure of the lender
- 2 or the settlement agent to disburse settlement proceeds as
- 3 required by this chapter shall be entitled to recover, in addition
- 4 to other actual damages, double the amount of any interest
- 5 collected in violation of section three of this article plus
- 6 reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in the collection thereof.



**CHAPTER 40** 

(S. B. 286 - By Senator Minard)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §31A-2-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the assessment of regulated consumer lenders.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §31A-2-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

**ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF BANKING.** 

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# §31A-2-8. Commissioner's assessments and examination fund; assessments, costs and expenses of examinations; collection.

1 (a) All moneys collected by the commissioner from 2 financial institutions and bank holding companies for assess-3 ments, examination fees, investigation fees or other necessary 4 expenses incurred by the commissioner in administering such 5 duties shall be paid to the commissioner and paid by the 6 commissioner to the treasurer of the state to the credit of a 7 special revenue account to be known as the "commissioner's" 8 assessment and examination fund" which is hereby established. 9 The assessments and fees paid into this account shall be 10 appropriated by law and used to pay the costs and expenses of 11 the division of banking and all incidental costs and expenses 12 necessary for its operations. At the end of each fiscal year, if the fund contains a sum of money in excess of twenty percent 13 14 of the appropriated budget of the division of banking, the 15 amount of the excess shall be transferred to the general revenue 16 fund of the state. The Legislature may appropriate money to 17 start the special revenue account.

(b) The commissioner of banking shall charge and collect
from each state banking institution or other financial institution
or bank holding company and pay into a special revenue
account in the state treasury for the division of banking assessments as follows:

(1) For each state banking institution, a semiannual
assessment payable on the first day of January and the first day
of July, each year, computed upon the total assets of the
banking institution shown on the report of condition of the
banking institution filed as of the preceding thirtieth day of
June and the thirty-first day of December, respectively, as
follows:

30	Т	otal As	ssets						
31 32	But Not Over Over		Г	his		Of Excess Over			
33	Million		Mil	Million		nount	Plus	Million	
34	\$	0	\$	2	\$	0	.001645020	0	
35		2		20		3,290	.000205628	2	
36		20		100	(	5,991	.000164502	20	
37		100		200	2	0,151	.000106926	100	
38		200	1	,000,	3	0,844	.000090476	200	
39	1,	000	2	,000	10	3,225	.000074026	1,000	
40	2,	000	6	,000	17	7,251	.000065801	2,000	
41	6,	000	20	,000,	44	0,454	.000055988	6,000	
42	20,	000	40	,000	1,224	4,292	.000052670	20,000	

(2) For each regulated consumer lender, an annual assessment payable on the first day of July, each year, computed upon
the total outstanding gross loan balances and installment sales
contract balances net of unearned interest of the regulated
consumer lender shown on the report of condition of the
regulated consumer lender as of the preceding thirty-first day of
December, respectively, as follows:

### 50 Total Outstanding Balances

51		But Not	This		Of Excess
52	Over	Over	Amount	Plus	Over
	<b>•</b> •	<b>.</b>			
53	\$ 0	\$ 1,000,000	800	-	-
54	1,000,000	5,000,000	800	.000400	1,000,000
55	5,000,000	10,000,000	2,400	.000200	5,000,000
56	10,000,000	-	4,200	.000100	10,000,000

57 If a regulated consumer lender's records or documents are 58 maintained in more than one location in this state, then eight 59 hundred dollars may be added to the assessment for each 60 additional location.

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61 In addition to the assessment provided in this subdivision, 62 the commissioner shall charge and collect from each regulated 63 consumer lender the actual and necessary costs and expenses 64 incurred in connection with any examination of a regulated 65 consumer lender.

66 (3) For each credit union, an annual assessment as provided
67 for in section eight, article one, chapter thirty-one-c of this code
68 as follows:

70 71	Over	But Not Over	This Amount	Plus	Of Excess Over
72	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	100	-	-
73	100,000	500,000	300	-	-
74	500,000	1,000,000	500	-	-
75	1,000,000	5,000,000	500	.000400	1,000,000
76	5,000,000	10,000,000	2,100	.000200	5,000,000
77	10,000,000	-	3,100	:000100	10,000,000

### 69 **Total Assets**

(4) For each bank holding company, an annual assessment
as provided for in section eight, article eight-a of this chapter.
The annual assessment may not exceed ten dollars per million
dollars in deposits rounded off to the nearest million dollars.

82 (c) The commissioner shall each December and each June 83 prepare and send to each state banking institution a statement of the amount of the assessment due. The commissioner shall 84 further, each June, prepare and send to each regulated consumer 85 86 lender and each state credit union a statement of the amount of the assessment due. The commissioner shall annually, during 87 88 the month of January, prepare and send to each bank holding 89 company a statement of the amount of the assessment due.

Assessments may be prescribed every six months, not laterthan the fifteenth day of June and the fifteenth day of Decem-

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92 ber, by written order of the commissioner, but shall not exceed 93 the maximums as set forth in subsection (b) of this section. In 94 setting the assessments the primary consideration shall be the 95 amount appropriated by the Legislature for the division of 96 banking for the corresponding annual period. Reasonable 97 notice of the assessments shall be made to all interested parties. 98 All orders of the commissioner for the purpose of setting 99 assessments are not subject to the provisions of the West 100 Virginia administrative procedures act under chapter 101 twenty-nine-a of this code.

102 (d) For making an examination within the state of any other financial institution for which assessments are not provided by 103 104 this code, the commissioner of banking shall charge and collect 105 from such other financial institution and pay into the special 106 revenue account for the division of banking the actual and 107 necessary costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith, 108 as fixed and determined by the commissioner. Banks that 109 provide only trust or other nondepository services, nonbanking 110 subsidiaries of bank holding companies that provide trust 111 services, nonbanking subsidiaries of banks that provide trust 112 services and any trust entity that is jointly owned by federally 113 insured depository institutions may be assessed for necessary 114 costs and expenses associated with an examination pursuant to 115 this subsection.

116 (e) If the records of an institution are located outside this state, the institution at its option shall make them available to 117 118 the commissioner at a convenient location within the state or 119 pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for the commis-120 sioner or his or her representatives to examine them at the place 121 where they are maintained. The commissioner may designate 122 representatives, including comparable officials of the state in 123 which the records are located, to inspect them on his or her 124 behalf.

(f) The commissioner of banking may maintain an action
for the recovery of all assessments, costs and expenses in any
court of competent jurisdiction.



# **CHAPTER 41**

### (S. B. 506 — By Senators Minard and Jenkins)

[Passed March 10, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §31A-4-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the use of "bank" in its name by a licensed insurance company.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §31A-4-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

# §31A-4-2. Use of terms; unlawfully engaging in banking business; penalties; enforcement.

1 (a) No person doing business in this state, except a banking 2 institution, a person authorized by the commissioner under the 3 terms of this section or an insurer licensed pursuant to article 4 three, chapter thirty-three of this code under a name including 5 the terms set forth herein as of the thirty-first day of December, 6 two thousand three, may use or advertise in connection with 7 such business, or as a designation or title thereof, the term "bank", "banker", "banking", "banking company", "industrial 8 bank", "savings bank" or "trust company" and the insurance 9 10 commissioner shall notify the commissioner of each insurer so

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11 licensed. No person doing business in this state except a 12 banking institution or a person authorized by the commissioner 13 under this article may engage in the banking or trust business in 14 this state. A nonbanking subsidiary of a bank holding company 15 or a nonbanking subsidiary of a banking institution having a bank branch or bank main office in this state that provides trust 16 17 services pursuant to section fourteen of this article may use the 18 term "trust company" in its title and advertising. A trust entity 19 owned jointly by federally insured depository institutions 20 located within this state and authorized by the commissioner to 21 operate in this state may use the term "trust company" in its title 22 and advertising.

23 (b) It is unlawful for any such person other than banking 24 institutions, as herein excepted, to advertise or hold himself, 25 itself or themselves, as the case may be, out to the public in any 26 manner indicating, directly, indirectly or by implication, that any of them is engaged in the banking or trust business or is 27 28 authorized and approved to engage therein in this state. A 29 nonbanking subsidiary of a bank holding company or 30 nonbanking subsidiary of a banking institution having a bank 31 branch or bank main office in this state that provides trust 32 services pursuant to section fourteen of this article may hold itself out to the public as engaged in the trust business. A trust 33 34 entity owned jointly by federally insured depository institutions 35 located within this state and authorized by the commissioner to 36 operate in this state may hold itself out to the public as engaged 37 in the trust business.

(c) The commissioner may authorize a person to utilize the
term "bank" or "banc" in connection with nonprofit organizations or medical businesses where the term would have a
common meaning separate and apart from a financial institution
and would not result in confusion to the public (e.g., food bank;
medical databank); and in connection with bank holding
companies or their nonbanking affiliates where the term denotes

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45 the entities' common affiliation and would not result in confu-46 sion to the public.

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47 (d) Any violation of the provisions of this section consti48 tutes a misdemeanor offense, punishable as provided in section
49 fifteen, article eight of this chapter.

50 (e) The commissioner of banking or any one or more 51 banking institutions, acting individually or jointly, may petition 52 the circuit court of the county in which any violation of the 53 provisions of this section occur or are threatened to occur for 54 injunction or other appropriate judicial remedies for enforce-55 ment of the provisions hereof and the prevention of further or 56 continued violations thereof.



# **CHAPTER 42**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4294 — By Delegates Cann, Fragale, Iaquinta, Stalnaker, Perry and Varner)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-3-39h of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to removing the requirement that funds expended from the worthless check fund to pay for additional deputy clerks be proportionate to the time expended on worthless check cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-3-39h of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

# §61-3-39h. Payment of costs in worthless check cases; disposition of certain costs.

1 In any prosecution under sections thirty-nine or thirty-nine-2 a of this article the costs as may otherwise be imposed against 3 the drawer of any check, draft or order shall be imposed on the person initiating the prosecution if payment of the check, draft 4 or order is accepted by the payee or holder thereof after the 5 6 filing of a complaint for warrant; if the payee or holder had reason to believe that the check, draft or order would be 7 8 dishonored or if the same was postdated; or if the matter is 9 dismissed for failure to prosecute.

10 Costs collected by magistrate court for issuance of notice as authorized by section thirty-nine-g of this article may not be 11 12 paid into the special county fund created by the provisions of 13 section four, article three, chapter fifty of this code, but shall be accounted for separately and retained by the county in a fund 14 designated the "worthless check fund," until the sheriff shall 15 issue warrants in furtherance of the allowable expenses specifi-16 17 cally provided for by this section. Such costs may not be 18 included in any calculation of the amount of funds to be 19 retained by the county under the provisions of section four, 20 article three, chapter fifty of this code.

A county may, after agreement with the court administra-21 22 tor's office of the Supreme Court of Appeals, appropriate and 23 spend from the worthless check fund herein established such 24 sums as shall be necessary to pay or defray the expenses of 25 providing a deputy sheriff to serve warrants for worthless check 26 offenses and to pay or defray the expenses of providing 27 additional deputy clerks in the office of the magistrate court 28 clerk. After payment of these expenses, or after a determination 29 that these services are not necessary, a county may appropriate 30 and spend from the fund the sums necessary to defray the 31 expenses of providing bailiff and service of process services by the sheriff, to defray the cost of acquiring or renting magistrate 32

33 court offices and providing utilities and telephones therefor to

- 34 defray the cost of complying with section thirty-nine-i herein
- 35 and to defray the expenses of such other services which are to
- 36 be provided to magistrate courts by the county.



(S. B. 199 — By Senators Bowman, Minear, Hunter, Sharpe, Caldwell and Rowe)

[Passed March 5, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5-14-4 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to correcting the statutory inconsistency of appointments to the commission for the deaf and hard-of-hearing in relation to the terms and number of appointees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5-14-4 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. WEST VIRGINIA COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING.

### §5-14-4. Terms of office; quorum.

1 Members of the commission who do not serve ex officio 2 shall be appointed for the following terms: Three members shall 3 be appointed for a term of three years; three for a term of two 4 years; and three for a term of one year. When a vacancy occurs, 5 an appointment shall be made for the unexpired term. The 6 members shall annually elect a chairman. A majority of the 7 members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.



# **CHAPTER 44**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4412 — By Delegates Michael, Leach, Doyle, Perdue and Foster)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-16B-6c, relating to directing the children's health insurance board to study all available means to develop a plan modification to permit participation by families with income levels between two hundred percent and three hundred percent of the federal poverty level; findings; premium; and report to Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-16B-6c, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 16B. WEST VIRGINIA CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.

## §5-16B-6c. Modified benefit plan for children of families of low income between two hundred and three hundred percent of the poverty level.

1 The Legislature finds:

2 (1) That there exists a number of families of low to moder3 ate income without access to affordable health insurance
4 coverage, whose children are denied plan participation because
5 their family income exceeds two hundred percent of the federal
6 poverty level;

7 (2) That this exclusion imposes a heavy burden on many
8 families by forcing them to elect whether to spend money on
9 their children's health care or for their food, clothing and
10 educational needs;

(3) That a plan should be developed and considered
whereby children in families with an income between two
hundred and three hundred percent of the federal poverty level
would contribute approximately twenty to twenty-five percent
of the actual cost of coverage resulting in no additional cost to
state government; and

17 (4) That, while the primary goal of any plan will be the 18 improvement of health care for these children, a successful plan for extending this coverage will benefit the state by improving 19 20 the economy by allowing parents of these children to spend 21 more for goods and services and by lowering future medical 22 expenditures, uncompensated care and the other long-term 23 adverse economic effects related to having a segment of the 24 adult population which has been deprived of adequate medical 25 care during childhood.

The board is directed to conduct a study of all available means to develop a viable, modified plan to enroll the children of those families having a level of income between two hundred and three hundred percent of the federal poverty level and to consider that such a plan should charge an affordable premium and may be phased in over a two-year period.

The board is further directed to study total program costs related to the implementation of a viable modified plan to expand coverage with the design requiring no additional state dollars and to study the long term effect on the state budget.

The board is directed to report its findings and recommendations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance at
its monthly meeting of August, two thousand four.

# CHAPTER 45

(S. B. 720 — By Senators Helmick, Sharpe, Chafin, Plymale, Prezioso, Edgell, Love, Bailey, Bowman, McCabe, Unger, Dempsey, Boley, Minear, Facemyer, Guills and Sprouse)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §13-2C-21 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating generally to the allocation and carry forward of unused state private activity bond volume cap.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:* 

That §13-2C-21 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2C. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND COMMERCIAL DE-VELOPMENT BOND ACT.

## §13-2C-21. Ceiling on issuance of private activity bonds; establishing procedure for allocation and disbursements; reservation of funds; limitations; unused allocation; expirations and carryovers.

1 (a) Private activity bonds (as defined in Section 141(a) of 2 the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, other than 3 those described in Section 146(g) of the Internal Revenue Code) 4 issued pursuant to this article, including bonds issued by the 5 West Virginia public energy authority pursuant to subsection 6 (11), section five, article one, chapter five-d of this code or under article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of this code, during 7 8 any calendar year may not exceed the ceiling established by

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9 Section 146(d) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. It 10 is hereby determined and declared as a matter of legislative 11 finding: (i) That, in an attempt to promote economic revitaliza-12 tion of distressed urban and rural areas, certain special tax 13 incentives will be provided for empowerment zones and 14 enterprise communities to be designated from qualifying areas 15 nominated by state and local governments, all as set forth by 16 Section 1391, et seq., of the United States Internal Revenue Code; (ii) that qualified businesses operating in enterprise 17 18 communities and empowerment zones will be eligible to finance property and provide other forms of financial assistance 19 20 as provided for in Section 1394 of the United States Internal 21 Revenue Code; and (iii) that it is in the best interest of this state 22 and its citizens to facilitate the acquisition, construction and 23 equipping of projects within designated empowerment zones 24 and enterprise communities by providing an orderly mechanism for the commitment of the annual ceiling for private activity 25 26 bonds for these projects. It is hereby further determined and 27 declared as a matter of legislative finding: (i) That the production of bituminous coal in this state has resulted in coal waste 28 29 which is stored in areas generally referred to as gob piles; (ii) 30 that gob piles are unsightly and have the potential to pollute the 31 environment in this state; (iii) that the utilization of the materi-32 als in gob piles to produce alternative forms of energy needs to 33 be encouraged; (iv) that Section 142(a)(6) of the United States 34 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 permits the financing of solid 35 waste disposal facilities through the issuance of private activity 36 bonds; and (v) that it is in the best interest of this state and its 37 citizens to facilitate the construction of facilities for the 38 generation of power through the utilization of coal waste by 39 providing an orderly mechanism for the commitment of the annual ceiling for private activity bonds for these projects. 40

41 (b) On or before the first day of each calendar year, the
42 executive director of the development office shall determine the
43 state ceiling for the year based on the criteria of the United

44 States Internal Revenue Code. The annual ceiling shall be
45 allocated among the several issuers of bonds under this article
46 or under article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of this code as
47 follows:

(1) For the calendar year two thousand one, fifty million
dollars and for each subsequent calendar year, forty percent of
the state ceiling for that year shall be allocated to the West
Virginia housing development fund for the purpose of issuing
qualified mortgage bonds, qualified mortgage certificates or
bonds for qualified residential rental projects;

(2) The amount remaining after the allocation to the West
Virginia housing development fund described in subdivision (1)
of this subsection shall be retained by the West Virginia
development office and shall be referred to in this section as the
"state allocation";

59 (3) Thirty-five percent of the state allocation shall be set 60 aside by the development office to be made available for 61 lessees, purchasers or owners of proposed projects, hereafter in 62 this section referred to as "nonexempt projects", which do not qualify as exempt facilities as defined by United States Internal 63 64 Revenue Code. All reservations of private activity bonds for 65 nonexempt projects shall be approved and awarded by the 66 committee based upon an evaluation of general economic 67 benefit and any rule that the council for community and 68 economic development promulgates pursuant to section three, 69 article two, chapter five-b of this code: Provided, That all 70 requests or reservations of funds from projects described in this 71 subsection are submitted to the development office on or before 72 the first day of November of each calendar year: Provided, 73 however, That on the fifteenth day of November of each 74 calendar year the uncommitted portion of this part of the state 75 allocation shall revert to and become part of the state allocation 76 portion described in subsection (g) of this section; and

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77 (4) Ten percent of the state allocation shall be made 78 available for lessees, purchasers or owners of proposed com-79 mercial or industrial projects which qualify as exempt facilities 80 under Section 1394 of the United States Internal Revenue Code. 81 All reservations of private activity bonds for the projects shall 82 be approved and awarded by the committee based upon an 83 evaluation of general economic benefit and any rule that the 84 council for community and economic development promulgates 85 pursuant to section three, article two, chapter five-b of this 86 code: Provided, That all requests for reservations of funds from projects described in this subsection shall be submitted to the 87 88 development office on or before the first day of November of 89 each calendar year: Provided, however, That on the fifteenth 90 day of November of each calendar year the uncommitted 91 portion of this part of the state allocation shall revert to and 92 become part of the state allocation portion described in subsec-93 tion (g) of this section.

94 (c) The remaining fifty-five percent of the state allocation 95 shall be made available for lessees, purchasers or owners of 96 proposed commercial or industrial projects which qualify as 97 exempt facilities as defined by Section 142(a) of the United 98 States Internal Revenue Code. All reservations of private 99 activity bonds for exempt facilities shall be approved and 100 awarded by the committee based upon an evaluation of general 101 economic benefit and any rule that the council for community and economic development promulgates pursuant to section 102 three, article two, chapter five-b of this code: Provided, That no 103 104 reservation may be in an amount in excess of fifty percent of 105 this portion of the state allocation: *Provided, however*, That all 106 requests for reservations of funds from projects described in 107 this subsection shall be submitted to the development office on 108 or before the first day of November of each calendar year: 109 *Provided further*, That on the fifteenth day of November of 110 each calendar year the uncommitted portion of this part of the

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111 state allocation shall revert to and become part of the state 112 allocation portion described in subsection (g) of this section.

113 (d) No reservation may be made for any project until the governmental body seeking the reservation submits a notice of 114 reservation of funds as provided in subsection (e) of this 115 116 section. The governmental body shall first adopt an inducement 117 resolution approving the prospective issuance of bonds and 118 setting forth the maximum amount of bonds to be issued. Each 119 governmental body seeking a reservation of funds following the 120 adoption of the inducement resolution shall submit a notice of 121 inducement signed by its clerk, secretary or recorder or other 122 appropriate official to the development office. The notice shall 123 include information required by the development office pursuant to any rule of the council for community and eco-124 125 nomic development. Notwithstanding the foregoing, when a 126 governmental body proposes to issue bonds for the purpose of: 127 (i) Constructing, acquiring or equipping a project described in subdivision (3) or (4), subsection (b) of this section; or (ii) 128 129 constructing an energy producing project which relies, in whole or in part, upon coal waste as fuel, to the extent the project 130 131 qualifies as a solid waste facility under Section 142(a)(6) of the 132 United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the project may be awarded a reservation of funds from the state allocation 133 134 available for three years subsequent to the year in which the notice of reservation of funds is submitted, at the discretion of 135 136 the executive director of the development office: Provided, 137 That no discretionary reservation may be made for any single 138 project described in this subsection in an amount in excess of 139 thirty-five percent of the state allocation available for the year 140 subsequent to the year in which the request is made.

(e) Currently with or following the submission of its notice
of inducement, the governmental body at any time considered
expedient by it may submit its notice of reservation of funds
which shall include the following information:

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145 (1) The date of the notice of reservation of funds;

146 (2) The identity of the governmental body issuing the147 bonds;

(3) The date of inducement and the prospective date ofissuance;

(4) The name of the entity for which the bonds are to beissued;

(5) The amount of the bond issue or, if the amount of the
bond issue for which a reservation of funds has been made has
been increased, the amount of the increase;

155 (6) The type of issue; and

(7) A description of the project for which the bonds are tobe issued.

158 (f) The development office shall accept the notice of 159 reservation of funds no earlier than the first calendar workday 160 of the year for which a reservation of funds is sought: *Provided*, 161 That a notice of reservation of funds with respect to a project 162 described in subdivision (4), subsection (b) of this section or an 163 energy producing project that is eligible for a reservation of 164 funds for a year subsequent to the year in which the notice of 165 reservation of funds is submitted may contain an application for funds from a subsequent year's state allocation. Upon receipt 166 of the notice of reservation of funds, the development office 167 shall immediately note upon the face of the notice the date and 168 169 time of reception.

(g) If the bond issue for which a reservation has been made
has not been finally closed within one hundred twenty days of
the date of the reservation to be made by the committee, or the
thirty-first of December following the date of reservation if

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174 sooner and a statement of bond closure which has been exe-175 cuted by the clerk, secretary, recorder or other appropriate official of the governmental body reserving the bond issue has 176 177 not been received by the development office within that time, 178 then the reservation shall expire and be considered to have been 179 forfeited and the funds reserved shall be released and revert to 180 the portion of the state allocation from which the funds were 181 originally reserved and shall then be made available for other 182 qualified issues in accordance with this section and the Internal 183 Revenue Code: Provided. That as to any reservation for a nonexempt project or any reservation for a project described in 184 185 subdivision (4), subsection (b) of this section that is forfeited on 186 or after the first day of November in any calendar year, the 187 reservation shall revert to the state allocation for allocation by 188 the industrial revenue bond allocation review committee: Provided, however, That as to any notice of reservation of funds 189 190 received by the development office during the month of 191 December in any calendar year with respect to any project 192 qualifying as an elective carry forward pursuant to Section 193 146(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, the notice of reserva-194 tion of funds and the reservation to which the notice relates may 195 not expire or be subject to forfeiture: Provided further, That any 196 unused state ceiling as of the thirty-first day of December in 197 any year not otherwise subject to a carry forward pursuant to Section 146(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be allocated 198 199 to the West Virginia housing development fund which shall be 200 considered to have elected to carry forward the unused state 201 ceiling for the purpose of issuing qualified mortgage bonds, 202 qualified mortgage credit certificates or bonds for qualified 203 residential rental projects, each as defined in the Internal 204 Revenue Code. All requests for subsequent reservation of funds upon loss of a reservation pursuant to this section shall be 205 206 treated in the same manner as a new notice of reservation of funds in accordance with subsections (d) and (e) of this section. 207

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208 (h) Once a reservation of funds has been made for a project 209 described in subdivision (4), subsection (b) of this section, 210 notwithstanding the language of subsection (g) of this section, 211 the reservation shall remain fully available with respect to the 212 project until the first day of October in the year from which the 213 reservation was made at which time, if the bond issue has not 214 been finally closed, the reservation shall expire and be consid-215 ered forfeited and the funds reserved are released as provided 216 in said subsection.



**CHAPTER 46** 

(H. B. 4295 — By Delegates Cann, Varner, Stalnaker and Perry)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §13-2G-14 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to exempting state bonds from taxation; and clarifying language in this statute.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §13-2G-14 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2G. STATE REFUNDING BOND ACT.

### §13-2G-14. Bonds exempt from taxation.

- 1 All bonds of the state, a state agency or state authority
- 2 issued hereunder shall be exempt from all state, county, and
- 3 municipal taxes, and the exemption includes income, inheri-
- 4 tance and property taxes.

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# **CHAPTER 47**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 3189 --- By Delegates Doyle, Leach, Hall, Proudfoot, Boggs and Ashley)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5E-1-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to reducing the total tax credits available under the capital company act during the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, two thousand four.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5E-1-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA CAPITAL COMPANY ACT.

### §5E-1-8. Tax credits.

1 (a) The total amount of tax credits authorized for a single 2 qualified company may not exceed two million dollars. The 3 total amount of tax credits authorized for a single economic 4 development and technology advancement center may not 5 exceed one million dollars. Capitalization of the company or 6 center may be increased pursuant to rule of the authority.

7 (b) (1) The total credits authorized by the authority for all 8 companies and centers may not exceed a total of ten million 9 dollars each fiscal year: *Provided*, That for the fiscal year 10 beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 11 ninety-nine, the total credits authorized for all companies may 12 not exceed a total of six million dollars: *Provided, however*,
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13 That for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, two 14 thousand, the total credits authorized for all companies may not 15 exceed a total of four million dollars: Provided further, That for 16 the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, two thousand 17 one, the total credits authorized for all companies may not 18 exceed a total of four million dollars: And provided further, 19 That for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, two 20 thousand two, the total credits authorized for all companies may 21 not exceed a total of three million dollars: And provided further, 22 That for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, two 23 thousand three, the total credits authorized for all companies 24 may not exceed a total of three million dollars: And provided 25 *further*, That for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of 26 July, two thousand four, no credits are authorized: And provided 27 *further*, That the capital base of any qualified company other 28 than an economic development and technology advancement 29 center qualified under the provisions of article twelve-a, chapter 30 eighteen-b of this code shall be invested in accordance with the 31 provisions of this article. The authority shall allocate these 32 credits to qualified companies and centers in the order that the 33 companies are qualified.

34 (2) Not more than two million dollars of the credits allowed 35 under subdivision (1) of this subsection may be allocated by the 36 authority during each fiscal year to one or more small business 37 investment companies described in this subdivision. After a 38 portion of the credits are allocated to small business investment 39 companies as provided in this section, not more than one 40 million dollars of the credits allowed under subdivision (1) of 41 this subsection may be allocated by the authority during each 42 fiscal year to one or more economic development and technol-43 ogy advancement centers qualified by the authority under 44 article twelve-a, chapter eighteen-b of this code. The remainder 45 of the tax credits allowed during the fiscal year shall be 46 allocated by the authority under the provisions of section four,

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47 article two of this chapter. The portion of the tax credits 48 allowed for small business investment companies described in 49 this subdivision shall be allowed only if allocated by the 50 authority during the first ninety days of the fiscal year and may 51 only be allocated to companies that: (A) Were organized on or 52 after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-53 nine; (B) are licensed by the small business administration as a 54 small business investment company under the small business 55 investment act; and (C) have certified in writing to the authority 56 on the application for credits under this act that the company 57 will diligently seek to obtain and thereafter diligently seek to 58 invest leverage available to the small business investment 59 companies under the small business investment act. These 60 credits shall be allocated by the authority in the order that the 61 companies are qualified. The portion of the tax credits allowed 62 for economic development and technology advancement centers 63 described in article twelve-a, chapter eighteen-b of the code 64 shall be similarly allowed only if allocated by the authority 65 during the first ninety days of the fiscal year. Any credits which 66 have not been allocated to qualified companies meeting the 67 requirements of this subdivision relating to small business 68 investment companies or to qualified economic development 69 and technology advancement centers during the first ninety 70 days of the fiscal year shall be made available and allocated by 71 the authority under the provisions of section four, article two of 72 this chapter.

73 (c) Any investor, including an individual, partnership, 74 limited liability company, corporation or other entity who 75 makes a capital investment in a qualified West Virginia capital 76 company is entitled to a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the 77 investment, except as otherwise provided in this section or in 78 this article: *Provided*. That the tax credit available to investors 79 who make a capital investment in an economic development 80 and technology advancement center shall be one hundred 81 percent of the investment. The credit allowed by this article

82 shall be taken after all other credits allowed by chapter eleven 83 of this code. It shall be taken against the same taxes and in the 84 same order as set forth in subsections (c) through (i), inclusive, 85 section five, article thirteen-c, chapter eleven of this code. The 86 credit for investments by a partnership, limited liability 87 company, a corporation electing to be treated as a subchapter S 88 corporation or any other entity which is treated as a pass 89 through entity under federal and state income tax laws may be 90 divided pursuant to election of the entity's partners, members, 91 shareholders or owners.

92 (d) The tax credit allowed under this section is to be 93 credited against the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year 94 in which the investment in a qualified West Virginia capital 95 company or economic development and technology advance-96 ment center is made. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the 97 taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year, the amount of the 98 credit which exceeds the tax liability for the taxable year may 99 be carried to succeeding taxable years until used in full, or until 100 forfeited: Provided, That: (i) Tax credits may not be carried 101 forward beyond fifteen years; and (ii) tax credits may not be 102 carried back to prior taxable years. Any tax credit remaining 103 after the fifteenth taxable year is forfeited.

(e) The tax credit provided for in this section is available
only to those taxpayers whose investment in a qualified West
Virginia capital company or economic development and
technology advancement center occurs after the first day of
July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.

(f) The tax credit allowed under this section may not beused against any liability the taxpayer may have for interest,penalties or additions to tax.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to thecontrary, the tax commissioner shall publish in the state register

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- 115 category, of any credit asserted under this article. The catego-
- 116 ries by dollar amount of credit received are as follows:
- 117 (1) More than \$1.00, but not more than \$50,000;
- 118 (2) More than \$50,000, but not more than \$100,000;
- (3) More than \$100,000, but not more than \$250,000;
- 120 (4) More than \$250,000, but not more than \$500,000;
- 121 (5) More than \$500,000, but not more than \$1,000,000; and
- 122 (6) More than \$1,000,000.



# **CHAPTER 48**

(H. B. 4451 — By Delegates Cann, Pethtel, Perry, Palumbo, Browning, Poling and Walters)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5E-1-16 and §5E-1-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the West Virginia capital company act; and clarifying that the economic development authority and tax commissioner are authorized to require certain examination and compliance actions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5E-1-16 and §5E-1-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA CAPITAL COMPANY ACT.

§5E-1-16. Examination.

§5E-1-17. Failure to comply.

#### §5E-1-16. Examination.

1 (a) Annually each qualified capital company and center 2 shall cause its books and records to be audited by an independ-3 ent certified public accountant in accordance with generally 4 accepted auditing and accounting principles. In addition to the performance of a financial audit, the audit shall address the 5 6 methods of operation and conduct of the business of the West 7 Virginia capital company or center to determine compliance 8 with this article and that the funds received by the company 9 have been invested within the time limits required by this 10 article. Upon completion, a copy of the audit report shall be 11 certified and sent to the authority.

12 (b) The authority may examine, under oath, any of the officers, directors, agents, employees or investors of a West 13 14 Virginia capital company or center regarding the affairs and business of the company or center. The authority may issue 15 16 subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum and administer oaths. 17 Refusal to obey such a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum may 18 at once be reported to the circuit court of the county in which 19 the company or center is located or the persons subpoenaed reside and the circuit court shall enforce obedience to the 20 21 subpoena or subpoena duces tecum in the manner provided by 22 law for compliance with a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum 23 issued by a circuit court of this state.

(c) In addition to the audits herein required, the authority and the tax commissioner may jointly audit any capital company or number of capital companies or centers in any year on a random basis, or for cause, or for any other basis the authority or the tax commissioner may select. The tax commissioner may also audit any company or business in which a capital company has made an investment, or which a capital company proposes

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31 to invest, on a random audit selection basis, or for cause, or on

32 any other basis the tax commissioner may select. Nothing

33 herein shall be construed to prohibit the tax commissioner from

34 conducting any audit relating to the administration or enforce-

35 ment of the tax laws of this state which the tax commissioner

36 may, in his or her discretion, determine to be appropriate.

## §5E-1-17. Failure to comply.

(a) If the examination conducted pursuant to section sixteen
 of this article discloses that a West Virginia capital company or
 center is not in compliance with the provisions of this article,
 the authority may exercise any of the powers necessary and
 appropriate to protect the authority's interest.

6 (b) The authority shall give a West Virginia capital com-7 pany or center written notice of any inadequacies in its compli-8 ance with the provisions of this article, and specify a period of 9 time the company has to redress such inadequacies. Failure 10 within said time period to make corrections will result in further 11 action by the authority pursuant to this section.

# **CHAPTER 49**

(S. B. 480 - By Senator Caldwell)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §29-19-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to exempting nonprofit licensed nursing homes from registration under the solicitation of charitable funds act.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §29-19-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 19. SOLICITATION OF CHARITABLE FUNDS ACT.

# §29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.

The following charitable organizations shall not be required
 to file an annual registration statement with the secretary of
 state:

4 (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which, in 5 whole or in part, are registered or approved by the state board 6 of education, either directly or by acceptance of accreditation 7 by an accrediting body recognized by the state board of 8 education; and any auxiliary associations, foundations and 9 support groups which are directly responsible to any such 10 educational institutions;

(2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any
individual specified by name at the time of the solicitation
when all of the contributions collected without any deductions
whatsoever are turned over to the named beneficiary for his or
her use;

16 (3) Hospitals and licensed nursing homes which are 17 nonprofit and charitable;

(4) Organizations which solicit only within the membership
of the organization by the members thereof: *Provided*, That the
term "membership" shall not include those persons who are
granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result
of solicitation. For the purpose of this section, "member"
means a person having membership in a nonprofit corporation,

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or other organization, in accordance with the provisions of its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other instruments creating its form and organization; and having bona fide rights and privileges in the organization, such as the right to vote, to elect officers, directors and issues, to hold office or otherwise as ordinarily conferred on members of such organizations;

(5) Churches, synagogues, associations or conventions of
churches, religious orders or religious organizations that are an
integral part of a church which qualifies as tax exempt under
the provisions of 26 U. S. C. §501(c)(3) and which qualifies
as being exempt from filing an annual return under the provisions of 26 U. S. C. §6033;

36 (6) Any person, firm, corporation or organization that 37 sponsors a single fund-raising event for the benefit of a named 38 charitable organization where all or part of the funds collected 39 are donated to the named charitable organization: Provided, 40 That the named charitable organization receiving the funds is 41 registered pursuant to this article, reports each of these dona-42 tions individually and certifies that no funds were withheld by 43 the organization that solicited the funds;

44 (7) Any charitable organization that does not employ a
45 professional solicitor or fund-raiser and does not intend to
46 solicit and receive and does not actually raise or receive
47 contributions from the public in excess of twenty-five thousand
48 dollars during a calendar year.

49 Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit and 50 receive in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars, but do receive 51 in excess of that amount from the public, shall file the annual 52 registration statement within thirty days after contributions are 53 in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars.

# **CHAPTER 50**

(H. B. 4598 — By Delegates Mahan, Amores and Palumbo)

[Passed March 10, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §49-1-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to restricting courts from requiring conditions on the out-of-home placement of children inconsistent with existing licensing regulations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §49-1-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 1. PURPOSES; DEFINITIONS.**

#### §49-1-5. Limitation on out-of-home placement.

1 Before any child may be directed for placement in a 2 particular facility or for services of a child welfare agency 3 licensed by the department, a court shall make inquiry into the 4 bed space of the facility available to accommodate additional 5 children and the ability of the child welfare agency to meet the 6 particular needs of the child. A court shall not order the 7 placement of a child in a particular facility if it has reached its licensed capacity or order conditions on the placement of the 8 child which conflict with licensure regulations applicable to the 9 10 facility promulgated pursuant to the provisions of article two-b of this chapter and articles one-a, nine and seventeen, chapter 11 12 twenty-seven of this code. Further, a child welfare agency is not 13 required to accept placement of a child at a particular facility if

14 the facility remains at licensed capacity or is unable to meet the

- 15 particular needs of the child. A child welfare agency is not
- 16 required to make special dispensation or accommodation,
- 17 reorganize existing child placement, or initiate early release of
- 18 children in placement to reduce actual occupancy at the facility.



# **CHAPTER 51**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4037 — By Delegates Williams, Renner, Perry, Tabb, Long, Paxton and Sumner)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §49-5-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to providing certain juvenile justice records to public school officials and limiting disclosure of certain records.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §49-5-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 5. JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS.

# §49-5-17. Confidentiality of juvenile records.

- 1 (a) Records of a juvenile proceeding conducted under this
- 2 chapter are not public records and shall not be disclosed to3 anyone unless disclosure is otherwise authorized by this4 section.
- 5 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this 6 section, a copy of a juvenile's records shall automatically be

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7 disclosed to certain school officials, subject to the following8 terms and conditions:

9 (1) Only the records of certain juveniles shall be disclosed.10 These include and are limited to cases in which:

11 (A) The juvenile has been charged with an offense which:

12 (i) Involves violence against another person;

13 (ii) Involves possession of a dangerous or deadly weapon;14 or

(iii) Involves possession or delivery of a controlled substance as that term is defined in section one hundred one, article
one, chapter sixty-a of this code; and

(B) The juvenile's case has proceeded to a point where oneor more of the following has occurred:

(i) A judge, magistrate or referee has determined that there
is probable cause to believe that the juvenile committed the
offense as charged;

23 (ii) A judge, magistrate or referee has placed the juvenile on
24 probation for the offense;

(iii) A judge, magistrate or referee has placed the juvenile
into an improvement period in accordance with section nine of
this article; or

(iv) Some other type of disposition has been made of thecase other than dismissal.

30 (2) The circuit court for each judicial circuit in West
31 Virginia shall designate one person to supervise the disclosure
32 of juvenile records to certain school officials.

(3) If the juvenile attends a West Virginia public school, the
person designated by the circuit court shall automatically
disclose all records of the juvenile's case to the county superintendent of schools in the county in which the juvenile attends
school and to the principal of the school which the juvenile
attends, subject to the following:

39 (A) At a minimum, the records shall disclose the following40 information:

41 (i) Copies of the arrest report;

42 (ii) Copies of all investigations;

43 (iii) Copies of any psychological test results and any mental44 health records;

45 (iv) Copies of any evaluation reports for probation or46 facility placement; and

47 (v) Any other material that would alert the school to
48 potential danger that the juvenile may pose to himself, herself
49 or others;

50 (B) The disclosure of the juvenile's psychological test 51 results and any mental health records shall only be made in 52 accordance with subdivision (14) of this subsection;

53 (C) If the disclosure of any record to be automatically 54 disclosed under this section is restricted in its disclosure by the 55 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 56 and any amendments and regulations under the Act, the person 57 designated by the circuit court shall provide the superintendent 58 and principal any notice of the existence of the record that is 59 permissible under the Act and, if applicable, any action that is 60 required to obtain the record; and

61 (D) When multiple disclosures are required by this subsec-62 tion, the person designated by the circuit court is required to 63 disclose only material in the juvenile record that had not 64 previously been disclosed to the county superintendent and the 65 principal of the school which the juvenile attends.

(4) If the juvenile attends a private school in West Virginia,
the person designated by the circuit court shall determine the
identity of the highest ranking person at that school, and shall
automatically disclose all records of a juvenile's case to that
person.

(5) If the juvenile does not attend school at the time the
juvenile's case is pending, the person designated by the circuit
court shall not transmit the juvenile's records to any school.
However, the person designated by the circuit court shall
transmit the juvenile's records to any school in West Virginia
which the juvenile subsequently attends.

77 (6) The person designated by the circuit court shall not 78 automatically transmit juvenile records to a school which is not located in West Virginia. Instead, the person designated by the 79 80 circuit court shall contact the out-of-state school, inform it that 81 juvenile records exist, and make an inquiry regarding whether 82 the laws of that state permit the disclosure of juvenile records. 83 If so, the person designated by the circuit court shall consult 84 with the circuit judge who presided over the case to determine whether the juvenile records should be disclosed to the out-of-85 86 state school. The circuit judge shall have discretion in determin-87 ing whether to disclose the juvenile records, and shall consider 88 whether the other state's law regarding disclosure provides for 89 sufficient confidentiality of juvenile records, using this section 90 as a guide. If the circuit judge orders the juvenile records to be 91 disclosed, they shall be disclosed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection. 92

(7) The person designated by the circuit court shall transmit
the juvenile's records to the appropriate school official under
cover of a letter emphasizing the confidentiality of such records
and directing the official to consult this section of the code. A
copy of this section of the code shall be transmitted with the
juvenile's records and cover letter.

99 (8) Juvenile records must be treated as absolutely confidential by the school official to whom they are transmitted, and 100 101 nothing contained within the juvenile's records shall be noted 102 on the juvenile's permanent educational record. The juvenile 103 records are to be maintained in a secure location and are not to be copied under any circumstances. However, the principal of 104 105 a school to whom the records are transmitted shall have the 106 duty to disclose the contents of those records to any teacher 107 who teaches a class in which the subject juvenile is enrolled and 108 to the regular driver of a school bus in which the subject 109 juvenile is regularly transported to or from school, except that 110 the disclosure of the juvenile's psychological test results and 111 any mental health records shall only be made in accordance 112 with subdivision (14) of this subsection. Furthermore, any 113 school official to whom the juvenile's records are transmitted 114 may disclose the contents of such records to any adult within 115 the school system who, in the discretion of the school official, 116 has the need to be aware of the contents of those records.

117 (9) If for any reason a juvenile ceases to attend a school which possesses that juvenile's records, the appropriate official 118 at that school shall seal the records and return them to the 119 120 circuit court which sent them to that school. If the juvenile has 121 changed schools for any reason, the former school shall inform 122 the circuit court of the name and location of the new school 123 which the juvenile attends or will be attending. If the new 124 school is located within West Virginia, the person designated 125 by the circuit court shall forward the juvenile's records to the 126 juvenile's new school in the same manner as provided in

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subdivision (7) of this subsection. If the new school is not
located within West Virginia, the person designated by the
circuit court shall handle the juvenile records in accordance
with subdivision (6) of this subsection.

131 If the juvenile has been found not guilty of an offense for 132 which records were previously forwarded to the juvenile's school on the basis of a finding of probable cause, the circuit 133 court shall not forward those records to the juvenile's new 134 school. However, this shall not affect records related to other 135 prior or future offenses. If the juvenile has graduated or quit 136 137 school, or will otherwise not be attending another school, the 138 circuit court shall retain the juvenile's records and handle them 139 as otherwise provided in this article.

(10) Under no circumstances shall one school transmit ajuvenile's records to another school.

(11) Under no circumstances shall juvenile records beautomatically transmitted to a college, university or other post-secondary school.

145 (12) No one shall suffer any penalty, civil or criminal, for 146 accidentally or negligently attributing certain juvenile records 147 to the wrong person. However, such person shall have the 148 affirmative duty to promptly correct any mistake that he or she has made in disclosing juvenile records when the mistake is 149 150 brought to his or her attention. A person who intentionally 151 attributes false information to a certain person shall be sub-152 jected to both criminal and civil penalties, in accordance with 153 subsection (e) of this section.

(13) If a judge, magistrate or referee has determined that there is probable cause to believe that a juvenile has committed an offense but there has been no final adjudication of the charge, the records which are transmitted by the circuit court shall be accompanied by a notice which clearly states in bold

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print that there has been no determination of delinquency andthat our legal system requires a presumption of innocence.

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161 (14) The county superintendent shall designate the school 162 psychologist or psychologists to receive the juvenile's psycho-163 logical test results and any mental health records. The psycholo-164 gist designated shall review the juvenile's psychological test 165 results and any mental health records, and, in the psychologist's 166 professional judgment, may disclose to the principal of the 167 school that the juvenile attends and other school employees 168 who would have a need to know the psychological test results, 169 mental health records and any behavior that may trigger 170 violence or other disruptive behavior by the juvenile. Other 171 school employees includes, but is not limited to, any teacher 172 who teaches a class in which the subject juvenile is enrolled and 173 the regular driver of a school bus in which the subject juvenile 174 is regularly transported to or from school.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this
section, juvenile records may be disclosed, subject to the
following terms and conditions:

(1) If a juvenile case is transferred to the criminal jurisdiction of the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of subsection
(c) or (d), section ten of this article, the juvenile records shall be
open to public inspection.

(2) If a juvenile case is transferred to the criminal jurisdiction of the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of subsection
(e), (f) or (g), section ten of this article, the juvenile records
shall be open to public inspection only if the juvenile fails to
file a timely appeal of the transfer order, or the Supreme Court
of Appeals refuses to hear or denies an appeal which has been
timely filed.

(3) If a juvenile is fourteen years of age or older and a courthas determined there is a probable cause to believe the juvenile

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committed an offense set forth in subsection (g), section ten of
this article, but the case is not transferred to criminal jurisdiction, the juvenile records shall be open to public inspection
pending trial only if the juvenile is released on bond and no
longer detained or adjudicated delinquent of the offense.

196 (4) If a juvenile is younger than fourteen years of age and 197 a court has determined there is probable cause to believe that 198 the juvenile committed the crime of murder under section one, 199 two or three, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code, or the crime of sexual assault in the first degree under section three, 200 201 article eight-b of said chapter, but the case is not transferred to 202 criminal jurisdiction, the juvenile records shall be open to 203 public inspection pending trial only if the juvenile is released 204 on bond and no longer detained or adjudicated delinquent of the 205 offense.

(5) Upon a written petition and pursuant to a written order,the circuit court may permit disclosure of juvenile records to:

(A) A court which has juvenile jurisdiction and has thejuvenile before it in a juvenile proceeding;

(B) A court exercising criminal jurisdiction over the
juvenile which requests such records for the purpose of a
presentence report or disposition proceeding;

(C) The juvenile, the juvenile's parents or legal guardian,or the juvenile's counsel;

(D) The officials of a public institution to which the
juvenile is committed if they require such records for transfer,
parole or discharge; or

(E) A person who is conducting research. However,juvenile records may be disclosed for research purposes only

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220	upon the condition that information which would identify t	
221	subject juvenile or the juvenile's family shall not be disclose	:d.
222	(d) Any records open to public inspection pursuant to t	he
223	provisions of this section are subject to the same requirement	nts
224	governing the disclosure of adult criminal records.	
225	(e) Any person who willfully violates this section is guil	lty
226	of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fin	ed
227	not more than one thousand dollars, or confined in the count	ity
228	or regional jail for not more than six months, or both fined a	nd
229	confined, and shall be liable for damages in the amount of thr	ee
230	hundred dollars or actual damages, whichever is greater.	



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4649 — By Delegates Amores, Fleischauer, Craig and Schadler)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §49-5D-2, §49-5D-3 and §49-5D-3a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to child welfare; providing for a child advocacy center participation in multidisciplinary investigative teams; providing for uniform comprehensive assessments of children; preference to in-state placement; including in team, child, the juvenile's attorney, appropriate school official, court-appointed special advocate when available, and a representative from the licensed domestic violence program serving the county, when appropriate and available; requiring team preference of in-state placement; requiring court preference of in-state placement; and requiring that reasons for out-of-state placement be in order.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §49-5D-2, §49-5D-3 and §49-5D-3a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5D. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAMS.

- §49-5D-2. Multidisciplinary investigative teams; establishment; procedures; coordination between agencies.
- §49-5D-3. Multidisciplinary treatment planning process.
- §49-5D-3a. Recommendation of team to the court; hearing requirement; required findings.

# §49-5D-2. Multidisciplinary investigative teams; establishment; procedures; coordination between agencies.

1 (a) The prosecuting attorney shall establish а 2 multidisciplinary investigative team in each county. The multidisciplinary team shall be headed and directed by the 3 prosecuting attorney and shall include as permanent members 4 the prosecuting attorney or his or her designee, a local child 5 protective services caseworker from the department of health 6 and human resources, a local law-enforcement officer employed 7 8 by a law-enforcement agency in the county and, where appro-9 priate to the particular case under consideration and available, 10 a child advocacy center representative, and a representative 11 from the licensed domestic violence program serving the 12 county. The department of health and human resources and any 13 local law-enforcement agency or agencies selected by the 14 prosecuting attorney shall appoint their representatives to the team by submitting a written designation of the team to the 15 16 prosecuting attorney of each county within thirty days of the 17 prosecutor's request that the appointment be made. Within 18 fifteen days of the appointment, the prosecuting attorney shall 19 notify the chief judge of each circuit within which the county is 20 situated of the names of the representatives so appointed. Any 21 other person or any other appointee of an agency who may

contribute to the team's efforts to assist a minor child as may be
determined by the permanent members of the team may also be
appointed as a member of the team by the prosecutor with
notification to the chief judge.

(b) Any permanent member of the multidisciplinary investigative team shall refer all cases of accidental death of any child reported to their agency and all cases when a child dies while in the custody of the state for investigation and review by the team. The multidisciplinary investigative team shall meet at regular intervals at least once every calendar month.

(c) The investigative team shall be responsible for coordinating or cooperating in the initial and ongoing investigation of
all civil and criminal allegations pertinent to cases involving
child sexual assault, child sexual abuse, child abuse and neglect,
and shall make a recommendation to the county prosecuting
attorney as to the initiation or commencement of a civil petition
and/or criminal prosecution.

40 (d) State, county and local agencies shall provide the 41 multidisciplinary investigative team with any information 42 requested in writing by the team as allowable by law or upon 43 receipt of a certified copy of the circuit court's order directing 44 said agencies to release information in its possession relating to 45 the child. The team shall assure that all information received 46 and developed in connection with the provisions of this article 47 remains confidential. For purposes of this section, the term 48 "confidential" shall be construed in accordance with the 49 provisions of section one, article seven of this chapter.

#### §49-5D-3. Multidisciplinary treatment planning process.

1 (a)(1) A multidisciplinary treatment planning process shall

2 be established within each county of the state, either separately

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3 or in conjunction with a contiguous county by the secretary of

4 the department with advice and assistance from the prosecutor's

5 advisory council as set forth in section four, article four, chapter

6 seven of this code.

7 (2) Treatment teams shall assess, plan and implement a 8 comprehensive, individualized service plan for children who are 9 victims of abuse or neglect and their families when a judicial 10 proceeding has been initiated involving the child or children for 11 juveniles and their families involved in status offense or 12 delinquency proceedings when, in a status offense proceeding, 13 the court refers the juvenile for services pursuant to sections 14 eleven and eleven-a, article five of this chapter and when, in a 15 delinquency proceeding, the court is considering placing the juvenile in the department's custody or placing the juvenile 16 17 out-of-home at the department's expense pursuant to the 18 provisions of section thirteen of said article. In any such status offense or delinquency case, the juvenile probation officer shall 19 notify the local office of the department of health and human 20 21 resources and the division of juvenile services at least five 22 working days before the court proceeding in order to allow the multidisciplinary treatment team to convene and develop a 23 comprehensive individualized service plan for the child: 24 25 Provided, That such notice is not required in cases where the 26 child is already in state custody or there exist exigent circumstances which justify taking the child immediately into custody 27 28 without a judicial proceeding. In developing an individualized 29 service plan for a child, the team shall utilize a uniform 30 comprehensive assessment of the child. The department shall adopt a standard uniform comprehensive assessment instrument 31 32 or protocol to be used by treatment teams.

33 (3) Prior to disposition, in each case in which a treatment
34 planning team has been convened, the team shall advise the
35 court as to the types of services the team has determined are

36 needed and the type of placement, if any, which will best serve the needs of the child. If the team determines that an out-of-37 home placement will best serve the needs of the child, the team 38 39 shall first consider placement at facilities or programs located 40 within the state. The team may only recommend placement in an out-of-state facility if it concludes, after considering the best 41 interests and overall needs of the child, that there are no 42 43 available and suitable in-state facilities which can satisfactorily 44 meet the specific needs of the child.

45 (b) Each treatment team shall be convened and directed by 46 the child's or family's case manager. The treatment team shall consist of the child's custodial parent or parents, guardian or 47 guardians, other immediate family members, the attorney or 48 49 attorneys representing the child, the parent or parents of the child, the child's attorney, the guardian ad litem, if any, the 50 51 prosecuting attorney or his or her designee and where appropri-52 ate to the particular case under consideration and available, a 53 court-appointed special advocate, an appropriate school official 54 and any other person or an agency representative who may 55 assist in providing recommendations for the particular needs of the child and family. The child may participate in 56 multidisciplinary treatment team meetings if such is deemed 57 58 appropriate by the multidisciplinary treatment team. For 59 purposes of delinquency proceedings, the juvenile probation officer shall be a member of the treatment team. 60

61 (c) The treatment team shall coordinate its activities and 62 membership with local family resource networks and coordi-63 nate with other local and regional child and family service 64 planning committees to assure the efficient planning and 65 delivery of child and family services on a local and regional 66 level.

67 (d) State, county and local agencies shall provide the 68 multidisciplinary treatment teams with any information

69 requested in writing by the team as allowable by law or upon receipt of a certified copy of the circuit court's order directing 70 71 said agencies to release information in its possession relating to 72 the child. The team shall assure that all information received 73 and developed in connection with the provisions of this article 74 remain confidential. For purposes of this section, the term 75 "confidential" shall be construed in accordance with the 76 provisions of section one, article seven of this chapter.

# §49-5D-3a. Recommendation of team to the court; hearing requirement; required findings.

(a) In any case in which a multidisciplinary treatment team 1 2 develops an individualized service plan for a child pursuant to 3 the provisions of section three of this article, the court shall review the proposed service plan to determine if implementa-4 tion of the plan is in the child's best interests. If the 5 multidisciplinary team cannot agree on a plan or if the court 6 determines not to adopt the team's recommendations, it shall, 7 upon motion or sua sponte, schedule and hold within ten days 8 9 of such determination, and prior to the entry of an order placing 10 the child in the custody of the department or in an out-of-home setting, a hearing to consider evidence from the team as to its 11 12 rationale for the proposed service plan. If, after a hearing held pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court does not 13 14 adopt the teams's recommended service plan, it shall make specific written findings as to why the team's recommended 15 16 service plan was not adopted.

(b) In any case in which the court decides to order the child
placed in an out-of-state facility or program it shall set forth in
the order directing the placement the reasons why the child was
not placed in an in-state facility or program.

# **CHAPTER 53**

(H. B. 4055 - By Delegate Staton)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §49-8A-1, §49-8A-2, §49-8A-3 and §49-8A-4, all relating to the supervision and return of juvenile offenders, juvenile runaways and other juveniles; authorizing and directing the governor to execute an interstate compact for the supervision and return of juvenile offenders, juvenile runaways and other juveniles; purpose; definitions; creation of the interstate commission for juveniles; powers and duties; bylaws; immunity; defense and indemnification; promulgation of rules; dispute resolution; annual assessment on member states; state council for interstate juvenile supervision; effective date; withdrawal from compact; default of a compact state; fines; suspension; termination; severability; binding effect of compact; and appointment of compact administrator.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §49-8A-1, §49-8A-2, §49-8A-3 and §49-8A-4, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 8A. THE INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR JUVENILES.

- §49-8A-1. Execution of interstate compact for juveniles.
- §49-8A-2. State council for interstate juvenile supervision.
- §49-8A-3. Appointment of compact administrator.
- §49-8A-4. Notification of the effective date of the interstate compact for juveniles.

#### §49-8A-1. Execution of interstate compact for juveniles.

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1 The governor of this state is authorized and directed to

2 execute a compact on behalf of the state of West Virginia with

- 3 any state or states of the United States legally joining therein,
- 4 and substantially as follows:

#### ARTICLE I. PURPOSE.

1 (a) The compacting states to this interstate compact 2 recognize that each state is responsible for the proper supervi-3 sion or return of juveniles, delinquents and status offenders who 4 are on probation or parole and who have absconded, escaped or 5 run away from supervision and control and in so doing have 6 endangered their own safety and the safety of others. The 7 compacting states also recognize that each state is responsible 8 for the safe return of juveniles who have run away from home 9 and in doing so have left their state of residence. The compact-10 ing states also recognize that Congress, by enacting the Crime Control Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 112 (1965), has authorized and 11 12 encouraged compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual 13 assistance in the prevention of crime.

(b) It is the purpose of this compact, through means of jointand cooperative action among the compacting states:

16 (1) To ensure that the adjudicated juveniles and status
17 offenders subject to this compact are provided adequate
18 supervision and services in the receiving state as ordered by the
19 adjudicating judge or parole authority in the sending state;

- (2) To ensure that the public safety interests of the citizens,
  including the victims of juvenile offenders, in both the sending
  and receiving states are adequately protected;
- (3) To return juveniles who have run away, absconded or
  escaped from supervision or control or have been accused of an
  offense to the state requesting their return;

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26 (4) To make contracts for the cooperative
27 institutionalization in public facilities in member states for
28 delinquent youth needing special services;

(5) To provide for the effective tracking and supervision ofjuveniles;

31 (6) To equitably allocate the costs, benefits and obligations32 of the compacting states;

(7) To establish procedures to manage the movement
between states of juvenile offenders released to the community
under the jurisdiction of courts, juvenile departments, or any
other criminal or juvenile justice agency which has jurisdiction
over juvenile offenders;

38 (8) To ensure immediate notice to jurisdictions where
39 defined offenders are authorized to travel or to relocate across
40 state lines;

41 (9) To establish procedures to resolve pending charges
42 (detainers) against juvenile offenders prior to transfer or release
43 to the community under the terms of this compact;

(10) To establish a system of uniform data collection on
information pertaining to juveniles subject to this compact that
allows access by authorized juvenile justice and criminal justice
officials, and regular reporting of compact activities to heads of
state executive, judicial, and legislative branches and juvenile
and criminal justice administrators;

50 (11) To monitor compliance with rules governing interstate
51 movement of juveniles and initiate interventions to address and
52 correct noncompliance;

53 (12) To coordinate training and education regarding the
54 regulation of interstate movement of juveniles for officials
55 involved in such activity; and

56 (13) To coordinate the implementation and operation of the 57 compact with the interstate compact for the placement of 58 children, the interstate compact for adult offender supervision 59 and other compacts affecting juveniles, particularly in those 60 cases where concurrent or overlapping supervision issues arise.

61 (c) It is the policy of the compacting states that the activi-62 ties conducted by the interstate commission created herein are 63 the formation of public policies and therefore are public 64 business. Furthermore, the compacting states shall cooperate 65 and observe their individual and collective duties and responsibilities for the prompt return and acceptance of juveniles 66 67 subject to the provisions of this compact. The provisions of this compact shall be reasonably and liberally construed to accom-68 69 plish the purposes and policies of the compact.

#### **ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS.**

- 1 As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires 2 a different construction:
- 3 (a) "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the 4 interstate commission for its governance, or for directing or 5 controlling its actions or conduct.
- 6 (b) "Compact administrator" means the individual in each 7 compacting state appointed pursuant to the terms of this 8 compact, responsible for the administration and management of 9 the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to the 10 terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the interstate 11 commission and policies adopted by the state council under this 12 compact.

13 (c) "Compacting state" means any state which has enacted14 the enabling legislation for this compact.

(d) "Commissioner" means the voting representative of
each compacting state appointed pursuant to article III of this
compact.

(e) "Court" means any court having jurisdiction overdelinquent, neglected, or dependent children.

(f) "Deputy compact administrator" means the individual, if any, in each compacting state appointed to act on behalf of a compact administrator pursuant to the terms of this compact responsible for the administration and management of the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the interstate commission and policies adopted by the state council under this compact.

(g) "Interstate commission" means the interstate commis-sion for juveniles created by Article III of this compact.

(h) "Juvenile" means any person defined as a juvenile inany member state or by the rules of the interstate commission,including:

32 (1) Accused delinquent – a person charged with an offense
33 that, if committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;

34 (2) Adjudicated delinquent – a person found to have
35 committed an offense that, if committed by an adult, would be
36 a criminal offense;

37 (3) Accused status offender – a person charged with an
38 offense that would not be a criminal offense if committed by an
39 adult;

40 (4) Adjudicated status offender - a person found to have
41 committed an offense that would not be a criminal offense if
42 committed by an adult; and

43 (i) Nonoffender – a person in need of supervision who has
44 not been accused or adjudicated a status offender or delinquent.

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(j) "Noncompacting state" means any state which has notenacted the enabling legislation for this compact.

47 (k) "Probation or parole" means any kind of supervision or
48 conditional release of juveniles authorized under the laws of the
49 compacting states.

50 (1) "Rule" means a written statement by the interstate 51 commission promulgated pursuant to Article VI of this compact 52 that is of general applicability, implements, interprets or 53 prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organiza-54 tional, procedural, or practice requirement of the commission, and has the force and effect of statutory law in a compacting 55 56 state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an 57 existing rule.

(m) "State" means a state of the United States, the District
of Columbia (or its designee), the Commonwealth of Puerto
Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the
Northern Marianas Islands.

## ARTICLE III. INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR JUVENILES.

1 (a) The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate 2 Commission for Juveniles." The commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the compacting states. The 3 4 commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers and duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be 5 6 conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective 7 legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the 8 terms of this compact.

9 (b) The interstate commission shall consist of commission-10 ers appointed by the appropriate appointing authority in each

state pursuant to the rules and requirements of each compacting state and in consultation with the state council for interstate juvenile supervision created hereunder. The commissioner shall be the compact administrator, deputy compact administrator or designee from that state who shall serve on the interstate commission in such capacity under or pursuant to the applicable law of the compacting state.

18 (c) In addition to the commissioners who are the voting 19 representatives of each state, the interstate commission shall 20 include individuals who are not commissioners, but who are 21 members of interested organizations. Such noncommissioner 22 members must include a member of the national organizations 23 of governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys general, 24 interstate compact for adult offender supervision, interstate 25 compact for the placement of children, juvenile justice and 26 juvenile corrections officials, and crime victims. All 27 noncommissioner members of the interstate commission shall 28 be ex officio (nonvoting) members. The interstate commission 29 may provide in its bylaws for such additional ex officio 30 (nonvoting) members, including members of other national 31 organizations, in such numbers as shall be determined by the 32 commission.

(d) Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the
commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of
the interstate commission.

(e) The commission shall meet at least once each calendar
year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon
the request of a simple majority of the compacting states, shall
call additional meetings. Public notice shall be given of all
meetings and meetings shall be open to the public.

43 (f) The interstate commission shall establish an executive 44 committee, which shall include commission officers, members, 45 and others as determined by the bylaws. The executive commit-46 tee shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate 47 commission during periods when the interstate commission is 48 not in session, with the exception of rule making and/or 49 amendment to the compact. The executive committee shall 50 oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the 51 compact managed by an executive director and interstate 52 commission staff; administers enforcement and compliance 53 with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws and rules, and 54 performs such other duties as directed by the interstate commis-55 sion or set forth in the bylaws.

56 (g) Each member of the interstate commission shall have 57 the right and power to cast a vote to which that compacting 58 state is entitled and to participate in the business and affairs of 59 the interstate commission. A member shall vote in person and 60 shall not delegate a vote to another compacting state. However, 61 a commissioner, in consultation with the state council, shall 62 appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of the 63 commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the 64 compacting state at a specified meeting. The bylaws may 65 provide for members' participation in meetings by telephone or 66 other means of telecommunication or electronic communica-67 tion.

(h) The interstate commission's bylaws shall establish
conditions and procedures under which the interstate commission shall make its information and official records available to
the public for inspection or copying. The interstate commission
may exempt from disclosure any information or official records
to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights
or proprietary interests.

(i) Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all
meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the
rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The interstate
commission and any of its committees may close a meeting to
the public where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open
meeting would be likely to:

81 (1) Relate solely to the interstate commission's internal82 personnel practices and procedures;

83 (2) Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure84 by statute;

85 (3) Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial86 information which is privileged or confidential;

87 (4) Involve accusing any person of a crime, or formally88 censuring any person;

89 (5) Disclose information of a personal nature where
90 disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
91 personal privacy;

92 (6) Disclose investigative records compiled for93 law-enforcement purposes;

94 (7) Disclose information contained in or related to examina95 tion, operating or condition reports prepared by, or on behalf of
96 or for the use of, the interstate commission with respect to a
97 regulated person or entity for the purpose of regulation or
98 supervision of such person or entity;

99 (8) Disclose information, the premature disclosure of which
100 would significantly endanger the stability of a regulated person
101 or entity; or

102 (9) Specifically relate to the interstate commission's103 issuance of a subpoena, or its participation in a civil action or104 other legal proceeding.

105 (i) For every meeting closed pursuant to the provisions of 106 subsection (i) above, the interstate commission's legal counsel 107 shall publicly certify that, in the legal counsel's opinion, the 108 meeting may be closed to the public, and shall reference each 109 relevant exemptive provision. The interstate commission shall 110 keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters 111 discussed in any meeting and shall provide a full and accurate 112 summary of any actions taken, and the reasons therefore, 113 including a description of each of the views expressed on any 114 item and the record of any roll call vote (reflected in the vote of 115 each member on the question). All documents considered in 116 connection with any action shall be identified in such minutes.

117 (k) The interstate commission shall collect standardized 118 data concerning the interstate movement of juveniles as 119 directed through its rules which shall specify the data to be 120 collected, the means of collection and data exchange and 121 reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, 122 exchange and reporting shall insofar as is reasonably possible 123 conform to up-to-date technology and coordinate its informa-124 tion functions with the appropriate repository of records.

#### ARTICLE IV. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMIS-SION.

The interstate commission shall have the following powers
 and duties:

3 (a) To provide for dispute resolution among compacting4 states.

5 (b) To promulgate rules to effect the purposes and obliga-6 tions as enumerated in this compact, which shall have the force 7 and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the compact-

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8 ing states to the extent and in the manner provided in this9 compact.

10 (c) To oversee, supervise and coordinate the interstate 11 movement of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact and 12 any bylaws adopted and rules promulgated by the interstate 13 commission.

(d) To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the
rules promulgated by the interstate commission, and the bylaws,
using all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited
to, the use of judicial process.

(e) To establish and maintain offices which shall be locatedwithin one or more of the compacting states.

20 (f) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

21 (g) To borrow, accept, hire or contract for services of 22 personnel.

(h) To establish and appoint committees and hire staff
which it deems necessary for the carrying out of its functions
including, but not limited to, an executive committee as
required by Article III which shall have the power to act on
behalf of the interstate commission in carrying out its powers
and duties hereunder.

(i) To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees,
agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define
their duties and determine their qualifications.

(j) To establish the interstate commission's personnel
policies and programs relating to, inter alia, conflicts of interest,
rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.

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(k) To accept any and all donations and grants of money,
equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive,
utilize, and dispose of it.

(1) To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of,
or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any property, real,
personal, or mixed.

41 (m) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
42 abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or
43 mixed.

44 (n) To establish a budget and make expenditures and levy45 dues as provided in Article VIII of this compact.

46 (o) To sue and be sued.

47 (p) To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management48 and operation of the interstate commission.

49 (q) To perform such functions as may be necessary or50 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.

(r) To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils of the compacting states concerning the activities of the interstate commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been adopted by the interstate commission.

(s) To coordinate education, training and public awareness
regarding the interstate movement of juveniles for officials
involved in such activity.

60 (t) To establish uniform standards of the reporting, collect-61 ing and exchanging of data.

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62 (u) The interstate commission shall maintain its corporate 63 books and records in accordance with the bylaws.

#### ARTICLE V. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.

## Section A. Bylaws.

1 (a) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of the 2 members present and voting, within twelve months after the first interstate commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its 3 conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the 4 5 purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:

6 (1) Establishing the fiscal year of the interstate commission;

7 (2) Establishing an executive committee and such other 8 committees as may be necessary to;

9 (3) Providing for the establishment of committees governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or 10 function of the interstate commission; 11

12 (4) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and 13 conducting meetings of the interstate commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting; 14

15 (5) Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers of the interstate commission: 16

17 (6) Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the interstate commission and the return of any surplus funds 18 19 that may exist upon the termination of the compact after the 20 payment and/or reserving of all of its debts and obligations.

21 (7) Providing "start-up" rules for initial administration of 22 the compact; and
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(8) Establishing standards and procedures for complianceand technical assistance in carrying out the compact.

Section B. Officers and Staff.

1 (b)(1) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of the 2 members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson 3 and a vice chairperson, each of whom shall have such authority 4 and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chairperson 5 or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the 6 vice-chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the interstate 7 commission. The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the interstate commission; 8 provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the 9 10 officers shall be reimbursed for any ordinary and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their 11 12 duties and responsibilities as officers of the interstate commis-13 sion.

14 (2) The interstate commission shall, through its executive 15 committee, appoint or retain an executive director for such 16 period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensa-17 tion as the interstate commission may deem appropriate. The 18 executive director shall serve as secretary to the interstate 19 commission, but shall not be a member and shall hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the interstate 20 21 commission.

Section C. Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification.

1 (c)(1) The commission's executive director and employees 2 shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in 3 their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of 4 property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or 5 arising out of or relating to any actual or alleged act, error, or 6 omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable 7 basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission

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8 employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that any such
9 person shall not be protected from suit or liability for any
10 damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or
11 willful and wanton misconduct of any such person.

12 (2) The liability of any commissioner, or the employee or agent of a commissioner, acting within the scope of such 13 14 person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits 15 16 of liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that state 17 for state officials, employees, and agents. Nothing in this 18 subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused 19 20 by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such 21 person.

22 (3) The interstate commission shall defend the executive 23 director or the employees or representatives of the interstate 24 commission and, subject to the approval of the attorney general 25 of the state represented by any commissioner of a compacting 26 state, shall defend such commissioner or the commissioner's 27 representatives or employees in any civil action seeking to 28 impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or 29 omission that occurred within the scope of interstate commis-30 sion employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defen-31 dant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the 32 scope of interstate commission employment, duties, or respon-33 sibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or 34 omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton 35 misconduct on the part of such person.

(4) The interstate commission shall indemnify and hold the
commissioner of a compacting state, or the commissioner's
representatives or employees, or the interstate commission's
representatives or employees, harmless in the amount of any
settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising

out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred 41 42 within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties, 43 or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis 44 for believing occurred within the scope of interstate commis-45 sion employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the 46 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from 47 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such 48 persons.

# ARTICLE VI. RULE-MAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COM-MISSION.

1 (a) The interstate commission shall promulgate and publish

2 rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes

3 of the compact.

4 (b) Rule making shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth 5 in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted pursuant 6 thereto. Such rule making shall substantially conform to the 7 principles of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000), or 8 9 such other administrative procedures act, as the interstate commission deems appropriate consistent with due process 10 11 requirements under the U.S. Constitution as now or hereafter 12 interpreted by the U.S. Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as pub-13 14 lished with the final version of the rule as approved by the 15 commission.

16 (c) When promulgating a rule, the interstate commission17 shall, at a minimum:

(1) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating thereason(s) for that proposed rule;

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20 (2) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written

21 data, facts, opinions and arguments, which information shall be

22 added to the record, and be made publicly available;

(3) Provide an opportunity for an informal hearing ifpetitioned by ten (10) or more persons; and

(4) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from state or local officials, or interested
parties.

28 (d) Allow, not later than sixty days after a rule is promul-29 gated, any interested person to file a petition in the United 30 States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the 31 federal district court where the interstate commission's princi-32 pal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court 33 finds that the interstate commission's action is not supported by 34 substantial evidence in the rule making record, the court shall 35 hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. For purposes of this 36 subsection, evidence is substantial if it would be considered 37 substantial evidence under the Model State Administrative 38 Procedures Act.

(e) If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states
rejects a rule, those states may, by enactment of a statute or
resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, cause
that such rule shall have no further force and effect in any
compacting state.

(f) The existing rules governing the operation of the
"Interstate Compact on Juveniles" superceded by this article
shall be null and void twelve months after the first meeting of
the interstate commission created hereunder.

48 (g) Upon determination by the interstate commission that
49 a state-of-emergency exists, it may promulgate an emergency
50 rule which shall become effective immediately upon adoption,

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51 provided that the usual rule-making procedures provided 52 hereunder shall be retroactively applied to said rule as soon as 53 reasonably possible, but no later than ninety days after the 54 effective date of the emergency rule.

#### ARTICLE VII. OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT AND DISPUTE RESOLU-TION BY THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.

Section A. Oversight.

(a)(1) The interstate commission shall oversee the adminis tration and operations of the interstate movement of juveniles
 subject to this compact in the compacting states and shall
 monitor such activities being administered in noncompacting
 states which may significantly affect compacting states.

6 (2) The courts and executive agencies in each compacting
7 state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions
8 necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes
9 and intent.

(3) The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall be received by all the judges, public
officers, commissions, and departments of the state government
as evidence of the authorized statute and administrative rules.
All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the
rules.

16 (4) In any judicial or administrative proceeding in a 17 compacting state pertaining to the subject matter of this 18 compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or 19 actions of the interstate commission, it shall be entitled to 20 receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall 21 have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.

Section B. Dispute Resolution.

1 (b)(1) The compacting states shall report to the interstate 2 commission on all issues and activities necessary for the 3 administration of the compact as well as issues and activities 4 pertaining to compliance with the provisions of the compact 5 and its bylaws and rules.

6 (2) The interstate commission shall attempt, upon the 7 request of a compacting state, to resolve any disputes or other 8 issues which are subject to the compact and which may arise 9 among compacting states and between compacting and 10 noncompacting states. The commission shall promulgate a rule 11 providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for 12 disputes among the compacting states.

(3) The interstate commission, in the reasonable exercise of
its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this
compact using any or all means set forth in Article XI of this
compact.

# ARTICLE VIII. FINANCE.

- 1 (a) The interstate commission shall pay or provide for the 2 payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
- 3 organization and ongoing activities.

4 (b) The interstate commission shall levy on and collect an 5 annual assessment from each compacting state to cover the cost 6 of the internal operations and activities of the interstate com-7 mission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient 8 to cover the interstate commission's annual budget as approved 9 each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be 10 allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the 11 interstate commission, taking into consideration the population 12 of each compacting state and the volume of interstate move-13 ment of juveniles in each compacting state and shall promulgate 14 a rule binding upon all compacting states which governs said 15 assessment.

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16 (c) The interstate commission shall not incur any obliga-17 tions of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet 18 the same; nor shall the interstate commission pledge the credit 19 of any of the compacting states, except by and with the author-20 ity of the compacting state.

21 (d) The interstate commission shall keep accurate accounts 22 of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the interstate commission shall be subject to the audit 23 24 and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. 25 However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the interstate commission shall be audited yearly by a certified 26 or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be 27 28 included in and become part of the annual report of the inter-29 state commission.

#### ARTICLE IX. THE STATE COUNCIL.

1 Each member state shall create a state council for interstate juvenile supervision. While each state may determine the 2 3 membership of its own state council, its membership must 4 include at least one representative from the legislative, judicial, and executive branches of government, victims groups, and the 5 compact administrator, deputy compact administrator or 6 designee. Each compacting state retains the right to determine 7 the qualifications of the compact administrator or deputy 8 9 compact administrator. Each state council will advise and may exercise oversight and advocacy concerning that state's 10 participation in interstate commission activities and other duties 11 12 as may be determined by that state, including, but not limited to, development of policy concerning operations and procedures 13 of the compact within that state. 14

### ARTICLE X. COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMEND-MENT.

- 1 (a) Any state, the District of Columbia (or its designee), the
- 2 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam,

3 American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas Islands as defined

4 in Article II of this compact is eligible to become a compacting5 state.

6 (b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon 7 legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than 8 thirty-five of the states. The initial effective date shall be the later of the first day of July, two thousand four, or upon 9 10 enactment into law by the thirty-fifth jurisdiction. Thereafter it 11 shall become effective and binding as to any other compacting 12 state upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The 13 governors of nonmember states or their designees shall be 14 invited to participate in the activities of the interstate commis-15 sion on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact by 16 all states and territories of the United States.

17 (c) The interstate commission may propose amendments to 18 the compact for enactment by the compacting states. No 19 amendment shall become effective and binding upon the 20 interstate commission and the compacting states unless and 21 until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the 22 compacting states.

#### ARTICLE XI. WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT, TERMINATION AND JUDI-CIAL ENFORCEMENT.

Section A. Withdrawal.

1 (a) (1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force

2 and remain binding upon each and every compacting state;

3 provided that a compacting state may withdraw from the

4 compact by specifically repealing the statute which enacted the

5 compact into law.

6 (2) The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date of7 the repeal.

8 (3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the 9 chairperson of the interstate commission in writing upon the 10 introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the 11 withdrawing state. The interstate commission shall notify the 12 other compacting states of the withdrawing state's intent to 13 withdraw within sixty days of its receipt thereof.

(4) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments,
obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of
withdrawal, including any obligations, the performance of
which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.

(5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of any compacting
state shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the
compact or upon such later date as determined by the interstate
commission.

Section B. Technical Assistance, Fines, Suspension, Termination and Default.

(b)(1) If the interstate commission determines that any
compacting state has at any time defaulted in the performance
of any of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact,
or the bylaws or duly promulgated rules, the interstate commission may impose any or all of the following penalties:

6 (A) Remedial training and technical assistance as directed7 by the interstate commission;

8 (B) Alternative dispute resolution;

9 (C) Fines, fees, and costs in such amounts as are deemed to 10 be reasonable as fixed by the interstate commission; and

(D) Suspension or termination of membership in the
 compact. Suspension or termination of membership in the
 compact shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means

14 of securing compliance under the bylaws and rules have been 15 exhausted and the interstate commission has therefore determined that the offending state is in default. Immediate notice of 16 suspension shall be given by the interstate commission to the 17 governor, the chief justice or the chief judicial officer of the 18 19 state, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's 20 legislature, and the state council. 21 (2) The grounds for default include, but are not limited to,

failure of a compacting state to perform such obligations or
responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact, the bylaws, or
duly promulgated rules and any other grounds designated in
commission bylaws and rules.

(3) The interstate commission shall immediately notify the
defaulting state in writing of the penalty imposed by the
interstate commission and of the default pending a cure of the
default.

30 (4) The commission shall stipulate the conditions and the 31 time period within which the defaulting state must cure its 32 default. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default within the 33 time period specified by the commission, the defaulting state 34 shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote 35 of a majority of the compacting states and all rights, privileges 36 and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination. 37

(5) Within sixty days of the effective date of termination of
a defaulting state, the commission shall notify the governor, the
chief justice or chief judicial officer, the majority and minority
leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council
of such termination.

43 (6) The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments,44 obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of

45 termination including any obligations, the performance of46 which extends beyond the effective date of termination.

47 (7) The interstate commission shall not bear any costs
48 relating to the defaulting state unless otherwise mutually agreed
49 upon in writing between the interstate commission and the
50 defaulting state.

(8) Reinstatement following termination of any compacting
state requires both a reenactment of the compact by the defaulting state and the approval of the interstate commission pursuant
to the rules.

Section C. Judicial Enforcement.

1 (c) The interstate commission may, by majority vote of the 2 members, initiate legal action in the United States District 3 Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the 4 interstate commission, in the federal district where the interstate 5 commission has its offices, to enforce compliance with the 6 provisions of the compact, its duly promulgated rules and bylaws, against any compacting state in default. In the event 7 8 judicial enforcement is necessary the prevailing party shall be 9 awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable 10 attorneys fees.

Section D. Dissolution of Compact.

(d)(1) The compact dissolves effective upon the date of the
 withdrawal or default of the compacting state, which reduces
 membership in the compact to one compacting state.

4 (2) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact 5 becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect, 6 and the business and affairs of the interstate commission shall 7 be concluded and any surplus funds shall be distributed in 8 accordance with the bylaws.

### ARTICLE XII. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION.

1 (a) The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and

2 if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed unen-3 forceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be

4 enforceable.

5 (b) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally 6 construed to effectuate its purposes.

# ARTICLE XIII. BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS.

Section A. Other Laws.

1 (a)(1) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other

2 law of a compacting state that is not inconsistent with this

- 3 compact.
- 4 (2) All compacting states' laws other than state constitu-
- 5 tions and other interstate compacts conflicting with this
- 6 compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.

Section B. Binding Effect of the Compact.

(b)(1) All lawful actions of the interstate commission,
 including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the interstate
 commission, are binding upon the compacting states.

4 (2) All agreements between the interstate commission and 5 the compacting states are binding in accordance with their 6 terms.

7 (3) Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning 8 or interpretation of interstate commission actions, and upon a 9 majority vote of the compacting states, the interstate commis-10 sion may issue advisory opinions regarding such meaning or 11 interpretation.

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(4) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any compacting state, the obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by such provision upon the interstate commis-

sion shall be ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers or
jurisdiction shall remain in the compacting state and shall be
exercised by the agency thereof to which such obligations,

19 duties, powers or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at

20 the time this compact becomes effective.

# §49-8A-2. State council for interstate juvenile supervision.

(a) Upon the effective date of the interstate compact for
 juveniles, there shall be created a state council for interstate
 juvenile supervision. Said state council shall be comprised of a
 total of nine members, to be selected and designated as follows:

5 (1) Two members designated by the state Legislature, one 6 of whom shall be named and appointed by the speaker of the 7 House, and the other of whom shall be designated by the 8 president of the Senate;

9 (2) Two members designated by the judiciary, both of 10 whom shall be named and appointed by the chief justice of the 11 Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia;

12 (3) The compact administrator or a designee of the compact13 administrator;

(4) Four members to be designated and appointed by the
governor, two of whom must be representatives of state
agencies dealing with juvenile corrections, juvenile placement
or juvenile services, and one of whom must be a representative
of a victims' group.

(b) Within ninety days of the effective date of this compact,the state council shall meet and designate a commissioner who

shall represent the state as the compacting state's votingrepresentative under Article III of this compact.

(c) The state council will exercise oversight and advocacy
concerning West Virginia's participation in interstate commission activities and rule makings, and engage in other duties and
activities as determined by its members, including, but not
limited to, the development of policy concerning the operations
and procedures for implementing the compact and interstate
commission rules within West Virginia.

# §49-8A-3. Appointment of compact administrator.

1 (a) Upon and after the effective date of the interstate 2 compact for juveniles, the governor is hereby authorized and 3 empowered to designate an officer who shall be the compact 4 administrator and who, acting jointly with like offices of the 5 other party states, shall be responsible for the administration and management of this state's supervision and transfer of 6 7 juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted 8 by the interstate commission and the policies adopted by the 9 state council under this compact. Said compact administrator 10 shall serve subject to the will and pleasure of the governor, and 11 must meet the minimum qualifications for the position of compact administrator, as established by the state council. The 12 13 compact administrator is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to cooperate with all departments, agencies and 14 officers of and in the government of this state and its subdivi-15 16 sions in facilitating the proper administration of the compact or 17 of any supplementary agreement or agreements entered into by 18 this state hereunder.

(b) Until such time as the state council has met and established minimum qualifications for the position of compact
administrator the individual or administrator who has been
designated to act as the juvenile compact administrator for the
interstate compact on juveniles, pursuant to section three,

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article eight of this chapter, may perform the duties andresponsibilities of compact administrator under this article.

26 (c) Until such time as the state council has met and desig-27 nated a commissioner to vote on behalf of the state of West 28 Virginia at the interstate commission, the individual or adminis-29 trator who has been designated to act as the juvenile compact 30 administrator for the interstate compact on juveniles, pursuant 31 to section three, article eight of this chapter, shall function as 32 the acting commissioner for the state of West Virginia before 33 the interstate commission formed under the new compact.

# §49-8A-4. Notification of the effective date of the interstate compact for juveniles.

1 Within ten days of the date that the thirty-fifth state adopts 2 legislation approving this compact, the appointed or designated 3 juvenile compact administrator under section three, article eight 4 of this chapter shall advise the governor, the chief justice of the 5 Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia, the speaker of the 6 House of Delegates and the president of the Senate of the 7 effective date of this compact.



# **CHAPTER 54**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4655 — By Delegates Michael, Cann, Foster, Leach, Stalnaker, Boggs and Proudfoot)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-16B-10, relating to subrogation rights of the children's health insurance plan;

providing that submission of an application for benefits through the children's health insurance agency constitutes an assignment of rights to the agency to recover benefits paid by the agency; requiring that a jury is not to be informed of the interest of the agency; providing for the deduction of attorney fees from the amount paid to the agency; requiring a person with notice of the interests of the agency to withhold the amount of settlement proceeds necessary to reimburse the agency; and, imposing liability on persons who fail to reimburse the agency.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-16B-10, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 16B. WEST VIRGINIA CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.

# §5-16B-10. Assignment of rights; right of subrogation by children's health insurance agency to the rights of recipients of medical assistance; rules as to effect of subrogation.

1 (a) Submission of an application to the children's health 2 insurance agency for medical assistance is, as a matter of law, 3 an assignment of the right of the applicant or legal representa-4 tive thereof, to recovery from personal insurance or other 5 sources, including, but not limited to, liable third parties, to the 6 extent of the cost of children's health insurance agency services 7 paid for by the children's health insurance agency program. 8 This assignment of rights does not extend to medicare benefits. 9 At the time the application is made, the children's health 10 insurance agency shall include a statement along with the 11 application that explains that the applicant has assigned his or 12 her rights and the legal implications of making an assignment 13 as provided in this section.

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If medical assistance is paid or will be paid to a provider of medical care on behalf of a recipient of medical assistance because of any sickness, injury, disease or disability, and another person is legally liable for the expense, either pursuant to contract, negligence or otherwise, the children's health insurance agency shall have a right to recover full reimbursement from any award or settlement for the medical assistance from the other person, or from the recipient of the assistance if he or she has been reimbursed by the other person. The children's health insurance agency shall be legally assigned the rights of the recipient against the person so liable, but only to the extent of the reasonable value of the medical assistance paid and attributable to the sickness, injury, disease or disability for which the recipient has received damages. When an action or claim is brought by a medical assistance recipient or by someone on his or her behalf against a third party who may be liable for the injury, disease, disability or death of a medical assistance recipient, any settlement, judgment or award obtained is subject to the claim of the children's health insurance agency for reimbursement of an amount sufficient to reimburse the children's health insurance agency the full amount of benefits paid on behalf of the recipient under the medical assistance program for the injury, disease, disability or death of the medical assistance recipient. The claim of the

37 38 children's health insurance agency assigned by the recipient 39 may not exceed the amount of medical expenses for the injury, 40 disease, disability or death of the recipient paid by the chil-41 dren's health insurance agency on behalf of the recipient. The right of subrogation created in this section includes all portions 42 43 of the cause of action, by either settlement, compromise, 44 judgment or award, notwithstanding any settlement allocation 45 or apportionment that purports to dispose of portions of the 46 cause of action not subject to the subrogation. Any settlement, 47 compromise, judgment or award that excludes or limits the cost of medical services or care does not preclude the children's 48 49 health insurance agency from enforcing its rights under this

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section. The children's health insurance agency may compromise, settle and execute a release of any claim, in whole or in
part.

53 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to 54 prevent the recipient of medical assistance from maintaining an 55 action for injuries received by them against any other person and from including therein, as part of the compensatory 56 57 damages sought to be recovered, the amount or amounts of his or her medical expenses, even though the person received 58 59 medical assistance in the payment of the medical expenses, in 60 whole or in part.

61 If the action be tried by a jury, the jury is not to be informed 62 as to the interest of the children's health insurance agency, if 63 any, and the fact is not to be disclosed to the jury at any time. 64 The trial judge shall, upon the entry of judgment on the verdict, 65 direct that an amount equal to the amount of medical assistance 66 given be withheld and paid over to the children's health 67 insurance agency. Irrespective of whether the case be terminated by judgment or by settlement without trial, from the 68 69 amount required to be paid to the children's health insurance 70 agency there shall be deducted the attorney fees attributable to 71 the amount in accordance with and in proportion to the fee 72 arrangement made between the recipient and his or her attorney 73 of record so that the children's health insurance agency shall 74 bear the pro rata portion of the attorney fees. Nothing in this 75 section shall preclude any person who has received medical 76 assistance from settling any cause of action which he or she may have against another person and delivering to the chil-77 78 dren's health insurance agency, from the proceeds of the 79 settlement, the sums received by him or her from the children's 80 health insurance agency or paid by the children's health 81 insurance agency for his or her medical assistance. If the other 82 person is aware of or has been informed of the interest of the 83 children's health insurance agency in the matter, it shall be the

84 duty of the person to whose benefit the release inures to 85 withhold so much of the settlement as may be necessary to 86 reimburse the children's health insurance agency to the extent 87 of its interest in the settlement. No judgment, award of or settlement in any action or claim by a medical assistance 88 89 recipient to recover damages for injuries, disease or disability, 90 in which the children's health insurance agency has interest, shall be satisfied without first giving the children's health 91 92 insurance agency notice and reasonable opportunity to establish 93 its interest. The children's health insurance agency shall have sixty days from receipt of written notice to advise the recipient 94 95 or his or her representative in writing of the children's health 96 insurance agency's desire to establish its interest through the 97 assignment. If no written intent is received within the sixty-day 98 period, then the recipient may proceed and in the event of full recovery forward to the children's health insurance agency the 99 100 portion of the recovery proceeds less the children's health insurance agency's share of attorney's fees and costs expended 101 102 in the matter. In the event of less than full recovery the recipient 103 and the children's health insurance agency shall agree as to the amount to be paid to the children's health insurance agency for 104 105 its claim. If there is no recovery, the children's health insurance 106 agency shall under no circumstances be liable for any costs or 107 attorney's fees expended in the matter. If, after being notified 108 in writing of a subrogation claim and possible liability of the 109 recipient, guardian, attorney or personal representative for 110 failure to subrogate the children's health insurance agency, a recipient, his or her guardian, attorney or personal representa-111 112 tive disposes of the funds representing the judgment, settlement 113 or award, without the written approval of the children's health 114 insurance agency, that person shall be liable to the children's 115 health insurance agency for any amount that, as a result of the 116 disposition of the funds, is not recoverable by the children's 117 health insurance agency. In the event that a controversy arises 118 concerning the subrogation claims by the children's health 119 insurance agency, an attorney shall interplead, pursuant to rule

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twenty-two of the rules of civil procedure, the portion of the
recipient's settlement that will satisfy the children's health
insurance agency exclusive of attorney's fees and costs regardless of any contractual arrangement between the client and the
attorney.

(c) Nothing contained herein shall authorize the children's
health insurance agency to institute a class action or multiple
plaintiff action against any manufacturer, distributor or vendor
of any product to recover children's health insurance agency
care expenditures paid for by the children's health insurance
agency program.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4517 — By Delegates Campbell, Cann, Susman, Proudfoot, Stalnaker, Evans and Hall)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

- §1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the division of corrections to be moral obligations of the state and directing payments thereof.
  - 1 The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact that
  - 2 the state has received the benefit of the commodities received

#### CLAIMS

3 and/or services rendered by certain claimants herein and has 4 considered these claims against the state, and agencies thereof, 5 which have arisen due to overexpenditures of the departmental appropriations by officers of the state spending units, the claims 6 7 having been previously considered by the court of claims which 8 also found that the state has received the benefit of the com-9 modities received and/or services rendered by the claimants, but 10 were denied by the court of claims on the purely statutory 11 grounds that to allow the claims would be condoning illegal 12 acts contrary to the laws of the state. The Legislature, pursuant 13 to its findings of fact and also by the adoption of the findings of 14 fact by the court of claims as its own, while not condoning such 15 illegal acts, hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay these claims in the amounts specified below and 16 17 directs the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of properly executed requisitions supported by itemized invoices, state-18 19 ments or other satisfactory documents as required by section 20 ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, 21 one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the payments thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for 22 23 the purpose.

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(a) Claims against the Division of Corrections:

#### 25 (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

26	(1) Appalachian Regional Health Care, Inc \$668.00
27	(2) Ashton Medical Associates, Inc \$110.00
28	(3) Associated Radiologists, Inc \$1,171.00
29	(4) Charleston Area Medical Center, Inc \$175,157.09
30	(5) Charleston Psychiatric Group, Inc \$2,804.00
31	(6) Clarksburg Anesthesia Associates \$2,590.00
32	(7) Correctional Medical Services \$810,063.25
33	(8) Davis Memorial Hospital \$27,834.65
34	(9) Federal Bureau of Prisons \$9,583.77
35	(10) Flat Iron Drug Store, Inc

#### CLAIMS

36	(11) General Anesthesia Services, Inc \$2,100.00
37	(12) Greenbrier Valley Urology \$1,550.00
38	(13) Integrated Healthcare, Inc \$22,310.73
39	(14) Jan-Care Ambulance \$2,601.50
40	(15) Kanawha Nephrology, Inc \$1,520.00
41	(16) A. K. Katrib, M.D \$2,373.35
42	(17) Monongalia General Hospital \$20,726.88
43	(18) Montgomery General Hospital \$96,085.17
44	(19) William A. Myers, II, DMD \$2,398.45
45	(20) Pocahontas Memorial Hospital \$1,674.14
46	(21) Raleigh General Hospital \$2,141.84
47	(22) Redi-Care, Inc \$760.00
48	(23) Riverside Medical Group, PLLC \$2,111.00
49	(24) Robert A. Rose, M.D \$120.00
50	(25) The Heart Center\$39.00
51	(26) Thomas Memorial Hospital \$5,472.50
52	(27) University Health Associates \$6,858.00
53	(28) Valley Health Care, Inc \$709.00
54	(29) West Virginia University Hospitals, Inc \$19,029.78
55	(30) Wheeling Hospital, Inc \$2,038.00

# **CHAPTER 56**

(S. B. 536 — By Senators Love, Sharpe, Edgell, Minear, Minard and Ross)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the adjutant general; air quality board; alcohol beverage control administration; appraisers licensing board; attorney general; auditor's office; board of accountancy; board of embalmers and funeral directors; board of landscape architects; board of examiners for licensed practical nurses; board of optometry; board of pharmacy; board of physical therapy; board of professional engineers; board of psychologists; board of radiologic technologists; board of registered nurses; board of respiratory care; board of risk and insurance management; board of social work examiners; board of veterinary medicine; bureau of employment programs; bureau of senior services; consolidated public retirement board; department of administration; department of administration - unclaimed property; department of agriculture; department of education; department of health and human resources; department of tax and revenue; development office; division of banking; division of corrections; division of criminal justice services; division of culture and history; division of environmental protection; division of finance; division of forestry; division of highways; division of juvenile services; division of labor; division of motor vehicles; division of natural resources; division of personnel; division of protective services; division of rehabilitation services; division of tourism; education and state employees grievance board; educational broadcasting headquarters; environmental quality board; general services division; geological and economic survey; governor's office; governor's office of technology; health care authority; higher education policy commission; hospital finance authority; human rights commission; human services; information services and communications division; insurance commission; joint committee on government

#### **CLAIMS**

and finance; library commission; lottery commission; massage therapists board; miners health safety & training; municipal bond commission; office of emergency services; prosecuting attorneys institute; public defender services; public employees insurance agency; public service commission; public transit; racing commission; real estate commission; regional jail and correctional facility authority; secretary of state; solid waste management board; state fire commission; state rail authority; supreme court; surplus property; travel management; treasurer's office; veterans' affairs; veterans' home; water development authority; workers' compensation commission; West Virginia ethics commission; West Virginia network; West Virginia parole board and the West Virginia state police to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

1 The Legislature has considered the findings of fact and 2 recommendations reported to it by the court of claims concerning various claims against the state and agencies thereof, and in 3 4 respect to each of the following claims the Legislature adopts 5 those findings of fact as its own, and in respect of certain claims 6 herein, the Legislature has independently made findings of fact 7 and determinations of award and hereby declares it to be the 8 moral obligation of the state to pay each such claim in the 9 amount specified below and directs the auditor to issue warrants 10 for the payment thereof out of any fund appropriated and 11 available for the purpose.

12 (a) Claims against the Adjutant General:

13 (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

14 (1)Verizon West Virginia, Inc. ..... \$232.04

15 (TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

Ch. 5	6] CLAIMS 335
16	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$5,797.53
17	(b) Claim against the Air Quality Board:
18	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
19	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$4.40
20 21	(c) Claim against the Alcohol Beverage Control Adminis- tration:
22	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
23	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,485.42
24	(d) Claim against the Appraisers Licensing Board:
25	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
26	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
27	(e) Claim against the Attorney General:
28	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
29	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$7,118.13
30	(f) Claim against the Auditor's Office:
31	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
32	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$4,436.04
33	(g) Claim against the Board of Accountancy:
34	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
35	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc

336	CLAIMS [Ch. 56
36 37	(h) Claim against the Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors:
38	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
39	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
40	(i) Claim against the Board of Landscape Architects:
41	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
42	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$194.62
43	(j) Claim against the Board of Licensed Practical Nurses:
44	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
45	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$176.67
46	(k) Claim against the Board of Optometry:
47	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
48	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$249.95
49	(1) Claim against the Board of Pharmacy:
50	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
51	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$432.86
52	(m) Claim against the Board of Physical Therapy:
53	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
54	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
55	(n) Claim against the Board of Professional Engineers:

Ch. 5	56] CLAIMS 337
56	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
57	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
58	(o) Claim against the Board of Psychologists:
59	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
60	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$100.44
61	(p) Claim against the Board of Radiologic Technologists:
62	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
63	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$54.76
64	(q) Claims against the Board of Registered Nurses:
65	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
66 67	<ol> <li>(1) Amy H. Carte</li></ol>
68	(r) Claim against the Board of Respiratory Care:
69	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
70	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
71 72	(s) Claim against the Board of Risk and Insurance Man- agement:
73	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
74	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$891.17
75	(t) Claim against the Board of Social Work Examiners:
76	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

338	CLAIMS	[Ch. 56
77	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc	\$408.44
78	(u) Claim against the Board of Veterin	ary Medicine:
79	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL R	EVENUE FUND)
80	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc	\$59.22
81	(v) Claim against the Bureau of Emplo	oyment Programs:
82	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL R	EVENUE FUND)
83	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$54,366.86
84	(w) Claim against the Bureau of Senic	or Services:
85	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REV	/ENUE FUND)
86	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc	\$2,077.92
87 88	(x) Claim against the Consolidated Board:	Public Retirement
89	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL F	REVENUE FUND)
90	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$3,362.33
91	(y) Claim against the Department of A	Administration:
92	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REV	/ENUE FUND)
93	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$652.70
94 95	(z) Claim against the Department of Unclaimed Agencies:	of Administration -
96	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REV	VENUE FUND)
97	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$21,803.38

Ch.	56] CLAIMS 339
98	(aa) Claims against the Department of Agriculture:
99	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
100	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$9,769.54
101	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
102	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,194.24
103	(bb) Claims against the Department of Education:
104	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
105 106 107	<ul> <li>(1) Manpower \$1,855.48</li> <li>(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$14,948.54</li> <li>(3) Xerox Capital Services, LLC \$25,473.89</li> </ul>
108	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
109	(4) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$11,767.31
110 111	(cc) Claims against the Department of Health and Human Resources
112	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
113 114	<ul> <li>(1) Pomeroy IT Solutions, Inc \$18,724.00</li> <li>(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$74,021.64</li> </ul>
115	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
116	(3) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$18,999.79
117	(dd) Claims against the Department of Tax & Revenue:
118	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
119	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$7,837.84

340	CLAIMS [Ch. 56
120	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
121	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$14,095.22
122	(ee) Claim against the Development Office:
123	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
124	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$12,865.93
125	(ff) Claim against the Division of Banking:
126	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
127	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
128	(gg) Claims against the Division of Corrections:
129	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
130	(1) Barbour County Commission \$7,950.00
131	(2) City of Elkins \$225.00
132	(3) David Steven Myers \$12.00
133	(4) William J. Toncray \$40.00
134	(5) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$22,164.16
135	(6) Wayne County Commission \$5,525.00
136	(7) WV Regional Jail and Correctional
137	Facility Authority \$1,923,652.55
138	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
139	(8) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,436.75
140	(hh) Claims against the Division of Criminal Justice
141	Services:
142	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
143	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$14.88

Ch. 5	6] CLAIMS 341
144	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
145	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,221.00
146	(ii) Claim against the Division of Culture and History:
147	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
148	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$4,649.22
149 150	(jj) Claim against the Division of Environmental Protec- tion:
151	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
152	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
153	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
154	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$16,914.85
155	(kk) Claim against the Division of Finance:
156	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
157	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$3,855.08
158	(11) Claim against the Division of Forestry:
159	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
160	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$11,350.73
161	(mm) Claims against the Division of Highways:
162	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)
163 164	<ul> <li>(1) Nicole A. Abel</li></ul>

342	CLAIMS	[Ch. 56
165	(3) Ellen F. Andrews	. \$1,500.00
166	(4) Marian Ashley	\$14,571.37
167	(5) Tony G. Bazzie	
168	(6) Sandra Sue Beard	
169	(7) Alan and Stephanie Beddow	. \$7,373.38
170	(8) Amanda Bell	
171	(9) Stacy J. Berry	\$500.00
172	(10) Angela Brown	
173	(11) James Brown	\$77,353.31
174	(12) Jesse E. Cook and Norma C. Cook .	\$85.00
175	(13) Brandon Critchfield	. \$2,928.03
176	(14) Adam F. and Debra L. Dawidowicz	\$500.00
177	(15) John and Mary Ann Depto	. \$8,337.30
178	(16) Mark O. Dills	. \$2,065.00
179	(17) Laurence W. Domenico	\$256.68
180	(18) Sonya Dunham	. \$9,000.00
181	(19) Heather M. Fox	\$213.85
182	(20) Glenn O. Frazier, Jr., and	
183	Sondra Frazier	. \$1,248.75
184	(21) David C. Friend	\$112.65
185	(22) Vernon W. Grant	. \$1,039.35
186	(23) James L. Groves	. \$7,000.00
187	(24) Raymond R. Guard	\$420.00
188	(25) William F. and	
189	Alice Higginbotham	. \$1,199.18
190	(26) Richard D. Hite	\$100.00
191	(27) Steve and Jack Holbert	\$227.57
192	(28) Bobby Wayne and	
193	Maureen Hudnall	\$19,999.99
194	(29) Andrea S. Lester	\$250.00
195	(30) David R. Martin	\$50.21
196	(31) Marvin Chapel Church	\$12,695.60
197	(32) Jerry L. May	\$485.98
198	(33) Paula J. Mayfield	\$12,500.00
199	(34) Carol Sue McCauley and	
200	Pebbles Nicole Maynard	\$100.00

Ch. 56]	CLAIMS 343
201	(35) James McNeely \$500.00
202	(36) Elijah Montgomery \$500.00
203	(37) Janet M. Peck \$1,386.38
204	(38) Martha R. Perrine
205	(39) Christopher Pitts \$9,000.00
206	(40) Gonzalo Robayo\$500.00
207	(41) Douglas Runyon
208	(42) Melissa Shaffer \$82,326.50
209	(43) Sanford and Gloria J. Shaffer \$159.40
210	(44) Betty Shreve \$198.21
211	(45) Betty Lou Staton\$250.00
212	(46) Floretta Taylor \$875.71
213	(47) Levonia Terrell \$250.00
214	(48) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$129,106.35
215	(49) Kevin O. and Katrina L. West \$500.00
216	(50) Kristopher Wiesner \$95.15
217	(51) Gary L. and Diane L. Wilson \$51.40
218	(52) Jerry E. Workman\$381.95
219	(nn) Claims against the Division of Juvenile Services:
220	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
221	(1) Primecare Medical, Inc \$5,700.56
222	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$9,165.33
223	(00) Claims against the Division of Labor:
224	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
225	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$7,999.81
226	(pp) Claims against the Division of Motor Vehicles:
227	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)
228	(1) Scott Alan Renner \$100.00

344	CLAIMS	[Ch. 56
229	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$17,565.20
230	(qq) Claim against the Division of Na	tural Resources:
231	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL F	REVENUE FUND)
232	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$30,936.18
233	(rr) Claim against the Division of Per	sonnel:
234	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL I	REVENUE FUND)
235	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$2,173.87
236	(ss) Claim against the Division of Pro	otective Services:
237	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL RE	VENUE FUND)
238	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$109.77
239	(tt) Claim against Division of Rehabi	litation Services:
240	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL I	REVENUE FUND)
241	(1) West Virginia Association of	
242	Rehabilitation Facilities .	
243	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	
244	(uu) Claim against the Division of To	urism:
245	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL )	REVENUE FUND)
246	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc.	\$4,134.82
247	(vv) Claim against the Education a	nd State Employees
	Grievance Board:	21110 20110 20110 100 1000
249	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL RE	VENUE FUND)

Ch. 5	56]         CLAIMS         345
250	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,870.80
251 252	(ww) Claim against Educational Broadcasting Headquar- ters:
253	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
254	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,801.00
255	(xx) Claim against the Environmental Quality Board:
256	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
257	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$211.63
258	(yy) Claim against the General Services Division:
259	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
260	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$716.07
261	(zz) Claim against Geological and Economic Survey:
262	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
263	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,080.09
264	(aaa) Claims against the Governor's Office:
265	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
266	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$14,416.96
267	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
268	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,155.85
269	(bbb) Claim against the Governor's Office of Technology:

346	CLAIMS [Ch. 56
270	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
271	(1) American Society for Quality \$775.00
272	(ccc) Claim against Health Care Authority:
273	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
274	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,168.61
275 276	(ddd) Claims against the Higher Education Policy Com- mission:
277	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
278 279	<ul> <li>(1) Amanda Trygar \$150.00</li> <li>(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$24,886.55</li> </ul>
280	(eee) Claim against the Hospital Finance Authority:
281	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
282	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$25.95
283	(fff) Claim against the Human Rights Commission:
284	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
285	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,593.10
286	(ggg) Claim against Human Services:
287	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
288	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$122,043.28
289 290	(hhh) Claim against Information Services and Communica- tions Division:
Ch. 5	66]         CLAIMS         347
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291	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
292	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,735.58
293	(iii) Claim against the Insurance Commission:
294	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
295	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,974.40
296 297	(jjj) Claim against Joint Committee on Government and Finance:
298	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
299	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$478.88
300	(kkk) Claim against the Library Commission:
301	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
302	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$5,425.13
303	(III) Claim against the Lottery Commission:
304	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
305	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$6,486.97
306	(mmm) Claim against the Massage Therapists Board:
307	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
308	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$105.35
309	(nnn) Claim against Miners Health Safety & Training:
310	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

348	CLAIMS [Ch. 56
311	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,837.99
312	(000) Claim against the Municipal Bond Commission:
313	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
314	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
315	(ppp) Claim against the Office of Emergency Services:
316	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
317	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,158.04
318	(qqq) Claim against the Prosecuting Attorneys Institute:
319	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
320	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,211.37
321	(rrr) Claim against Public Defender Services:
322	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
323	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$3,342.39
324 325	(sss) Claim against the Public Employees Insurance Agency:
326	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
327	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$7,142.17
328	(ttt) Claim against the Public Service Commission:
329	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
330 331 332	<ul> <li>(1) Carl Sanders</li></ul>

Ch.	56]         CLAIMS         349
333	(uuu) Claim against Public Transit:
334	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
335	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$561.53
336	(vvv) Claim against the Racing Commission:
337	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
338	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$871.37
339	(www) Claim against the Real Estate Commission:
340	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
341	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$371.79
342 343	(xxx) Claims against the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority:
344	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
345 346 347	<ul> <li>(1) Grant Rogers \$109.00</li> <li>(2) Stephen A. Smyth</li></ul>
348	(yyy) Claim against the Secretary of State:
349	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
350	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$3,094.12
351	(zzz) Claim against the Solid Waste Management Board:
352	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
353	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$8,051.01
354	(aaaa) Claim against the State Fire Commission:

350	CLAIMS [Ch. 56
355	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
356 357 358	<ul> <li>(1) Alltel</li></ul>
359	(bbbb) Claim against the State Rail Authority:
360	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
361	(1) Garrett B. Kuykendall, Jr \$4,000.00
362	(cccc) Claim against the Supreme Court:
363	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
364	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$6,999.95
365	(dddd) Claim against Surplus Property:
366	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
367	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$746.59
368	(eeee) Claim against Travel Management:
369	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
370	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$64.02
371	(ffff) Claim against the Treasurer's Office:
372	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
373	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,016.83
374	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
375	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$3,445.94

Ch.	56] CLAIMS 351
376	(gggg) Claim against Veterans' Affairs:
377	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
378	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$2,320.52
379	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
380	(2) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$1,562.32
381	(hhhh) Claim against Veterans' Home:
382	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
383	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
384	(iiii) Claim against the Water Development Authority:
385	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
386	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc
387	(jjjj) Claim against Workers' Compensation Commission:
388	(TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND)
389	(1) Peggy M. Nelson
390	(2) Tamaran, Inc
391	(3) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$65,105.54
392	(4) WV School Service Personnel
393	Association \$603.95
394	(kkkk) Claim against the WV Ethics Commission:
395	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
396	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$320.07
397	(1111) Claim against the WV Network:
398	(TO BE PAID FROM NON GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

352	CODE REPEALED [Ch. 57
399	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$269.98
400	(mmmm) Claim against the WV Parole Board:
401	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
402	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$835.18
403	(nnnn) Claim against the WV State Police:
404	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
405	(1) Verizon West Virginia, Inc \$37,542.71
412 413	The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior to the payments to any claimant provided for in this bill, the court of claims shall receive a release from said claimant releasing any and all claims for moral obligations arising from the matters considered by the Legislature in the finding of the moral obligations and the making of the appropriations for said claimant. The court of claims shall deliver all releases obtained from claimants to the
415	department against which the claim was allowed.



(H. B. 4403— By Delegates Amores, Palumbo and Faircloth)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal §7-7-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the requirement of affidavits acknowledging receipt of compensation. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

# §1. Repeal of section requiring affidavits acknowledging receipt of compensation.

- 1 Section ten, article seven, chapter seven of the code of West
- 2 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, is
- 3 hereby repealed.



# **CHAPTER 58**

(S. B. 722 — By Senator Oliverio)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal §29-5A-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to prohibiting giving away, selling or offering for sale intoxicating liquor in any building, or part thereof, in which boxing or sparring exhibitions are being conducted.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 5A. STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION.

- §1.Repeal of section relating to prohibiting giving away, selling or offering for sale intoxicating liquor in any building, or part thereof, in which boxing or sparring exhibitions are being conducted.
  - 1 Section eleven, article five-a, chapter twenty-nine of the
  - 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,
  - 3 as amended, is hereby repealed.

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CODE REPEALED

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# **CHAPTER 59**

(H. B. 4622 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, Campbell and Boggs)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal §29-22-22 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to exemption of lottery prizes from taxation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

# §1. Repeal of exemption of lottery prizes from taxation.

- 1 Section twenty-two, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine
- 2 of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-
- 3 one, as amended, is hereby repealed.



(H. B. 4286 — By Delegates H. White and Hrutkay)

[Passed March 2, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal \$33-16-3c of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to mental health parity.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

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# §33-16-3c. Repeal of section relating to coverage for alcoholic treatment.

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- 1 Section three-c, article sixteen, chapter thirty-three of the
- 2 code of West Virginia, as amended, is hereby repealed.



# **CHAPTER 61**

(S. B. 319 - By Senators Love, Hunter, White, McKenzie and Rowe)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §25-4-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to young adult offenders found unfit to remain at a center for young adult offenders; specifying entitlement to a hearing before the committing court; providing standard of review; and allowing reliance on record established at the center under specified circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §25-4-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 4. CENTERS FOR HOUSING YOUNG ADULT OFFENDERS.

# §25-4-6. Assignment of offenders to center; period of center confinement; return to court; sentence or probation; revocation of probation.

- The judge of any court with original criminal jurisdiction
   may suspend the imposition of sentence of any young adult, as
   defined in this section, convicted of or pleading guilty to a
- 4 felony offense, other than an offense punishable by life impris-

onment, including, but not limited to, felony violations of the 5 provisions of chapter seventeen-c of this code, who has attained 6 7 his or her eighteenth birthday but has not reached his or her 8 twenty-third birthday at the time of the sentencing by the court 9 and commit the young adult to the custody of the West Virginia commissioner of corrections to be assigned to a center. Young 10 adult offenders who have previously been committed to a young 11 12 adult offender center are not eligible for commitment to this program. The period of confinement in the center shall be for 13 14 a period of not less than six months or longer to successfully complete the program requirements set by the warden, but in 15 any event the period of confinement may not exceed two years. 16 The court shall order a presentence investigation to be con-17 18 ducted and provide the warden with a copy of the presentence investigation report, along with the commitment order. 19

20 If, in the opinion of the warden, the young adult offender proves to be an unfit person to remain in the center, the 21 22 offender shall be returned to the committing court to be dealt 23 with further according to law. The offender is entitled to a 24 hearing before the committing court to review the warden's determination. The standard for review is whether the warden, 25 26 considering the offender's overall record at the center and the offender's compliance with the center's rules, regulations, 27 programs and services, abused his or her discretion in determin-28 29 ing that the offender is an unfit person to remain in the center. At the hearing before the committing court, the state need not 30 offer independent proof of the offender's disciplinary infrac-31 tions contained in the record of the center, when opportunity for 32 33 an administrative hearing on those infractions was previously 34 made available at the institution. In the event that the court upholds the warden's determination, the court may sentence the 35 36 offender for the crime for which the offender was convicted. In his or her discretion, the judge may allow the defendant credit 37 38 on the sentence for time the offender spent in the center.

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39 A young adult offender shall be returned to the jurisdiction 40 of the court which originally committed the offender when, in 41 the opinion of the warden, the young adult offender has 42 satisfactorily completed the center training program. The 43 offender is then eligible for probation for the offense with 44 which the offender is charged and the judge of the court shall 45 immediately place the offender on probation. In the event the 46 offender's probation is subsequently revoked, the judge shall 47 impose the sentence the young adult offender would have 48 originally received had the offender not been committed to the 49 center and subsequently placed on probation. The court shall, 50 however, give the offender credit on his or her sentence for the 51 time spent in the center.



# **CHAPTER 62**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 533 - By Senator Kessler)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §28-7-4, relating to authorizing the division of corrections to charge a fee of up to one hundred dollars to adult offenders applying for transfer under the interstate compact for the supervision of adult offenders; setting up a special revenue account; and providing for expenditure of moneys.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §28-7-4, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 7. INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR THE SUPERVISION OF ADULT OFFENDERS.

# §28-7-4. Transfer application fee.

1 On and after the first day of July, two thousand four, the 2 division of corrections may charge an application fee set by the 3 division, not to exceed one hundred dollars, to adult offenders 4 applying for transfer out-of-state under the interstate compact for the supervision of adult offenders. There is created a special 5 6 revenue account in the state treasury designated the "Interstate Compact for Adult Offenders Fund". The application fee shall 7 8 be deposited in this account and expended to offset the cost of operating the interstate compact. All funds not expended at 9 year-end may be retained and carried forward by the division 10 and used by the division for the same purpose. 11

# **CHAPTER 63**

(S. B. 316 - By Senators Love, Hunter, White and McKenzie)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §31-20-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §31-20-10a, all relating to regional jail and correctional facility authority funds; providing statutory procedures for determining the cost per day for inmates incarcerated in facilities operated by the authority; and outlining the allocation of costs for housing inmates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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#### **CORRECTIONS**

That §31-20-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §31-20-10a, all to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 20. WEST VIRGINIA REGIONAL JAIL AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITY AUTHORITY.

- §31-20-10. Regional jail and correctional facility authority funds.
- §31-20-10a. Criteria and procedures for determining the cost per day for inmates incarcerated in facilities operated by the authority and allocating cost.

# §31-20-10. Regional jail and correctional facility authority funds.

1 (a) The regional jail and correctional facility authority may 2 create special funds in the state treasury to identify various 3 revenue sources and payment of specific obligations. These funds may be used for purposes that include, but are not limited 4 5 to, the construction, renovation or repair of specific facilities, 6 cash control, facility maintenance and the individual operations 7 accounts of facilities operated by the authority. The authority may create other separate accounts within these funds that it 8 9 determines are necessary for the efficient operation of the 10 authority.

(b) Revenues deposited into these funds shall be used to
make payments of interest and shall be pledged as security for
bonds, security interests or notes issued or lease-purchase
obligations entered into with another state entity by the authority pursuant to this article.

(c) Whenever the authority determines that the balance in
these funds is in excess of the immediate requirements of this
article, it may request that the excess be invested until needed.
In this case, the excess shall be invested in a manner consistent
with the investment of temporary state funds. Interest earned

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21 22	on any money invested pursuant to this section shall be to these funds.	credited
23 24 25 26 27	(d) If the authority determines that moneys held funds are in excess of the amount needed to carry purposes of this article, it shall take any action that is n to release the excess and transfer it to the general reve of the state treasury.	out the necessary
28	(e) These funds consist of the following:	
29 30	(1) Amounts raised by the authority by the sale of other borrowing authorized by this article;	bonds or
31 32 33	(2) Moneys collected and deposited in the state which are specifically designated by acts of the Legis inclusion in these funds;	•
34 35 36	(3) Contributions, grants and gifts from any sou public and private, which may be used by the authorit project or projects;	
37 38	(4) All sums paid by the counties pursuant to subso of this section; and	ection (h)
39 40	(5) All interest earned on investments made by from moneys deposited in these funds.	the state
41 42	(f) The amounts deposited in these funds shall be a for and expended in the following manner:	ccounted
43 44 45 46 47 48	(1) Amounts raised by the sale of bonds or other b authorized by this article shall be deposited in a account within these funds and expended for the pr construction, renovation and repair of correctional regional jails and juvenile detention and correctional for which need has been determined by the authority	separate urpose of facilities, facilities

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49 (2) Amounts deposited from all other sources shall be
50 pledged first to the debt service on any bonded indebtedness,
51 including lease-purchase obligations entered into by the
52 authority with another state entity or other obligation incurred
53 by borrowing of the authority;

54 (3) After any requirements of debt service have been 55 satisfied, the authority shall requisition from these funds the 56 amounts that are necessary to provide for payment of the 57 administrative expenses of this article;

58 (4) The authority shall requisition from these funds, after 59 any requirements of debt service have been satisfied, the amounts that are necessary for the maintenance and operation 60 61 of regional jails that are constructed pursuant to the provisions 62 of this article and shall expend those amounts for that purpose. 63 These funds shall make an accounting of all amounts received 64 from each county by virtue of any filing fees, court costs or 65 fines required by law to be deposited in these funds and amounts from the jail improvement funds of the various 66 67 counties. After the expenses of administration have been deducted, the amounts expended in the respective regions from 68 69 those sources shall be in proportion to the percentage the 70 amount contributed to these funds by the counties in each 71 region bears to the total amount received by these funds from 72 those sources:

(5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article,
sums paid into these funds by each county pursuant to subsection (h) of this section for each inmate shall be placed in a
separate account and shall be requisitioned from these funds to
pay for costs incurred at the regional jail facility at which each
inmate was incarcerated; and

(6) Any amounts deposited in these funds from othersources permitted by this article shall be expended in the

respective regions based on particular needs to be determinedby the authority.

83 (g) After a regional jail facility becomes available pursuant 84 to this article for the incarceration of inmates, each county within the region shall incarcerate all persons whom the county 85 86 would have incarcerated in any jail prior to the availability of 87 the regional jail facility in the regional jail facility except those whose incarceration in a local jail facility used as a local 88 89 holding facility is specified as appropriate under the standards 90 and procedures developed pursuant to section nine of this article and who the sheriff or the circuit court elects to incarcer-91 92 ate therein.

93 (h) When inmates are placed in a regional jail facility 94 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, the county shall pay 95 into the regional jail and correctional facility authority fund a 96 cost per day for each incarcerated inmate to be determined by 97 the regional jail and correctional facility authority according to 98 criteria and by procedures established by legislative rules 99 proposed for promulgation pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and as established in section ten-a of 100 101 this article to cover the costs of operating the regional jail 102 facilities of this state to maintain each inmate. The per diem 103 costs for incarcerating inmates may not include the cost of 104 construction, acquisition or renovation of the regional jail facilities: Provided, That each regional jail facility operating in 105 106 this state shall keep a record of the date and time that an inmate 107 is incarcerated and a county may not be charged for a second 108 day of incarceration for an individual inmate until that inmate 109 has remained incarcerated for more than twenty-four hours. 110 After that, in cases of continuous incarceration, subsequent per 111 diem charges shall be made upon a county only as subsequent 112 intervals of twenty-four hours pass from the original time of 113 incarceration.

# §31-20-10a. Criteria and procedures for determining the cost per day for inmates incarcerated in facilities operated by the authority and allocating cost.

(a) This section applies to the regional jail and correctional
 facility authority, counties, municipalities, the division of
 corrections, the United States marshal service, the United States
 bureau of prisons and any other entity by whose authority
 inmates are incarcerated and maintained in facilities operated
 by the authority.

7 (b)(1) The authority shall develop and approve a schedule 8 of anticipated operational expenditures for each regional jail. 9 The schedules shall include funds for personal services and 10 fringe benefits for personnel necessary to the operation of the 11 facilities, as well as allocations of funds for food, clothing, 12 utilities, supplies, transportation and all other costs necessary to operate and maintain the facilities. The operational expenditure 13 14 schedule shall include all costs, both direct and indirect, for operating and maintaining the regional jail. The authority shall 15 16 develop and approve an operational expenditure schedule for 17 each regional jail on an annual basis, consistent with the state 18 fiscal year.

(2) If the actual operational costs exceed the approved
schedule of operational expenditures by more than ten percent
in a line item, the authority's executive director shall add a
temporary surcharge to the cost per inmate day in an amount
sufficient to cover the actual expenditures.

(c) The county is responsible for costs incurred by the
authority for housing and maintaining inmates in its facilities
who have not been committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections.

28 (d) The county is responsible for the costs incurred by the29 authority for housing and maintaining inmates who, prior to

30 sentencing, are awaiting transportation to a state correctional

31 facility for a sixty-day evaluation period as provided in section

32 seven, article twelve, chapter sixty-two of this code.

33 (e) The division of corrections is responsible for the costs 34 incurred by the authority for housing and maintaining inmates who have been sentenced to the custody of the division of 35 corrections beginning the calendar day following the day the 36 37 commitment order was entered into the court record. The circuit clerk of the county from which the commitment order 38 39 has been entered shall immediately transmit by facsimile machine an advance copy of the certified commitment order to 40 the division of corrections and to the regional jail in which the 41 42 inmate is confined.

43 (f) The division of corrections is responsible for the costs44 incurred by the authority for housing and maintaining inmates45 who have been held on a parole violation warrant.

(g) The division of corrections is responsible for the costs 46 incurred by the authority for housing and maintaining inmates 47 48 who have been returned to a regional jail under court order, 49 except that the county from which the inmate was charged is 50 responsible for the per diem costs in the event that a court of competent jurisdiction sets aside or vacates the order of 51 commitment to the division of corrections, from the date of the 52 53 order or the return of the inmate to a regional jail, whichever is 54 later.

(h) The costs incurred by the authority for housing and maintaining inmates who are being held as fugitives from justice from another jurisdiction shall be billed to the fugitive's demanding jurisdiction, except the costs incurred by the authority for housing and maintaining any person who is arrested and confined in one of the authority's facilities on the basis of the commission of a new crime shall be billed to the Ch. 64]

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arresting county until the pending West Virginia charges havebeen properly resolved.

64 (i) Any other entity or jurisdiction, unless otherwise
65 stipulated in this section, is responsible for any and all costs
66 associated with housing its inmates in a facility operated by the
67 authority.



# **CHAPTER 64**

(S. B. 482 — By Senators Love, Minard, Kessler, Rowe, Fanning, Jenkins, Ross, McKenzie, Hunter, Smith, Snyder and Edgell)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §49-5E-5a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to reclassifying juvenile detention and corrections facility employees as classified service rather than classified-exempt service.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §49-5E-5a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 5E. DIVISION OF JUVENILE SERVICES.**

# §49-5E-5a. Juvenile detention and corrections facilities; employees; priority of hiring.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 2 contrary, the division, when employing any persons to complete 3 the approved staffing plan of any of its juvenile detention or 4 corrections facilities, shall employ any person otherwise

- 5 qualified who applies for a position at the juvenile detention or
- 6 corrections facility who was also employed in good standing at
- 7 a county or local jail facility, at the time of its closing, that was
- 8 closed due to the completion of a regional jail.

9 (b) All persons employed at a juvenile detention or corrections facility shall be employed at a salary and with benefits 10 11 consistent with the approved plan of compensation of the division of personnel, created under section five, article six, 12 chapter twenty-nine of this code; all such employees shall also 13 be covered by the policies and procedures of the education and 14 state employees grievance board, created under section five, 15 16 article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code and the classified service protection policies of the division of personnel. 17



# (S. B. 317 - By Senators Love, Hunter, White, McKenzie and Rowe)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §62-12-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to allowing the commissioner of the division of corrections to increase the parolee supervision fee to forty dollars.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §62-12-17 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

**ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.** 

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# §62-12-17. Conditions of release on parole.

(a) Release and supervision on parole of any person,
 including the supervision by the division of corrections of any
 person paroled by any other state or by the federal government,
 shall be upon the following conditions:

5 (1) That the parolee may not, during the period of his or her
6 parole, violate any criminal law of this or any other state or of
7 the United States;

8 (2) That he or she may not, during the period of his or her9 parole, leave the state without the consent of the division;

(3) That he or she shall comply with the rules prescribed bythe division for his or her supervision by the parole officer;

12 (4) That in every case in which the parolee for a conviction is seeking parole from an offense against a child, defined in 13 section twelve, article eight, chapter sixty-one of this code; or 14 article eight-b or eight-d of said chapter, or similar convictions 15 16 from other jurisdictions where the parolee is returning or attempting to return to this state pursuant to the provisions of 17 article six, chapter twenty-eight of this code, the parolee may 18 not live in the same residence as any minor child nor exercise 19 visitation with any minor child nor may he or she have any 20 21 contact with the victim of the offense: and

(5) That the parolee, and all federal or foreign state probationers and parolees whose supervision may have been undertaken by this state, is required to pay a fee, based on his or her
ability to pay, not to exceed forty dollars per month to defray
costs of supervision.

(b) The commissioner shall keep a record of all actionstaken and account for moneys received. No provision of thissection prohibits the division from collecting the fees and

30 conducting the checks upon the effective date of this section. 31 All moneys shall be deposited in a special account in the state 32 treasury to be known as the "Parolee's Supervision Fee Fund". 33 Expenditures from the fund shall be for the purposes of 34 providing parole supervision required by the provisions of this 35 code and are not authorized from collections but are to be made 36 only in accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in 37 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve 38 of this code and upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth 39 in article two, chapter five-a of this code. Amounts collected which are found, from time to time, to exceed the funds needed 40 41 for purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other 42 accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by 43 appropriation of the Legislature.

44 (c) The division shall consider the following factors in
45 determining whether a parolee or probationer is financially able
46 to pay the fee:

47 (1) Current income prospects for the parolee or probationer,48 taking into account seasonal variations in income;

49 (2) Liquid assets of the parolee or probationer, assets of the
50 parolee or probationer that may provide collateral to obtain
51 funds and assets of the parolee or probationer that may be
52 liquidated to provide funds to pay the fee;

53 (3) Fixed debts and obligations of the parolee or proba54 tioner, including federal, state and local taxes and medical
55 expenses;

56 (4) Child care, transportation and other reasonably neces57 sary expenses of the parolee or probationer related to employ58 ment; and

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59 (5) The reasonably foreseeable consequences for the60 parolee or probationer if a waiver of, or reduction in, the fee is61 denied.

62 (d) In addition, the division may impose, subject to modifi63 cation at any time, any other conditions which the division
64 considers advisable.



# **CHAPTER 66**

(S. B. 444 — By Senators Hunter and Oliverio)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §7-1-3ff of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to authority of county commissions to hire litter control officer; and requiring county litter control officer to enforce litter laws under the litter control program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §7-1-3ff of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-3ff. Authority of county commission to enact ordinances regulating the repair, alteration, improvement, vacating, closing, removal or demolition of unsafe or unsanitary structures and the clearance and removal of refuse, debris, overgrown vegetation, toxic spills or toxic seepage on private land; authority to create enforcement agency; procedure

for complaints; promulgation of rules governing investigation and hearing of complaints; remedies for failure to comply with commission-ordered repairs or alterations; lien and sale of land to recover costs; entry on land to perform repairs and alterations or to satisfy lien; receipt of grants and subsidies.

1 (a) Plenary power and authority are hereby conferred upon 2 every county commission to adopt ordinances regulating the 3 repair, alteration or improvement, or the vacating and closing 4 or removal or demolition, or any combination thereof, of any 5 dwellings or other buildings, except for buildings utilized for 6 farm purposes on land actually being used for farming, unfit for 7 human habitation due to dilapidation, defects increasing the 8 hazard of fire, accidents or other calamities, lack of ventilation, 9 light or sanitary facilities or any other conditions prevailing in 10 any dwelling or building, whether used for human habitation or not, which would cause the dwellings or other buildings to be 11 12 unsafe, unsanitary, dangerous or detrimental to the public safety 13 or welfare, whether the result of natural or manmade force or 14 effect.

(b) Plenary power and authority are hereby conferred upon
every county commission to adopt ordinances regulating the
removal and cleanup of any accumulation of refuse or debris,
overgrown vegetation or toxic spillage or toxic seepage located
on private lands which is determined to be unsafe, unsanitary,
dangerous or detrimental to the public safety or welfare,
whether the result of natural or manmade force or effect.

(c) The county commission, in formally adopting ordinances, shall designate an enforcement agency which shall
consist of the county engineer (or other technically qualified
county employee or consulting engineer), county health officer
or his or her designee, a fire chief from a county fire company,

the county litter control officer, if the commission chooses to hire one, and two members at large selected by the county commission to serve two-year terms. The county sheriff shall serve as an ex officio member of the enforcement agency and the county officer charged with enforcing the orders of the county commission under this section.

33 (d) In addition to the powers and duties imposed by this 34 section, county litter control officers shall have authority to issue citations for violations of the provisions of section 35 36 twenty-six, article seven, chapter twenty of this code, after 37 completing a training course offered by the West Virginia 38 division of natural resources. Nothing in this subsection 39 supercedes the authority or duty of other law-enforcement 40 officers to preserve law and order, and enforce the litter control 41 program.

42 (e) Any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provisions of this 43 section shall provide fair and equitable rules of procedure and 44 any other standards considered necessary to guide the enforce-45 ment agency, or its agents, in the investigation of dwelling or 46 building conditions, accumulation of refuse or debris, over-47 grown vegetation or toxic spillage or toxic seepage and shall 48 provide for fair and equitable rules of procedure for instituting 49 and conducting hearings in the matters before the county 50 commission. Any entrance upon premises for the purpose of 51 making examinations shall be made in a manner as to cause the 52 least possible inconvenience to the persons in possession.

(f) Any county commission adopting ordinances authorized by this section shall hear and determine complaints of the enforcement agency. Complaints shall be initiated by citation issued by the county litter control officer or petition of the county engineer (or other technically qualified county employee or consulting engineer) on behalf of and at the direction of the

59 enforcement agency, but only after that agency has investigated and determined that any dwelling, building, accumulation of 60 61 refuse or debris, overgrown vegetation or toxic spillage or toxic seepage is unsafe, unsanitary, dangerous or detrimental to the 62 63 public safety or welfare and should be repaired, altered, improved, vacated, removed, closed, cleaned or demolished. 64 65 The county commission shall cause the owner or owners of the private land in question to be served with a copy of the com-66 67 plaint. Service shall be accomplished in the manner provided 68 in rule four of the West Virginia rules of civil procedure. The 69 complaint shall state the findings and recommendations of the enforcement agency and that unless the owner or owners of the 70 71 property file with the clerk of the county commission a written 72 request for a hearing within ten days of receipt of the complaint, 73 an order will be issued by the county commission implementing 74 the recommendations of the enforcement agency. If the owner 75 or owners of the property file a request for a hearing, the county commission shall issue an order setting this matter down for 76 hearing within twenty days. Hearings shall be recorded by 77 electronic device or by court reporter. The West Virginia rules 78 79 of evidence do not apply to the proceedings, but each party has 80 the right to present evidence and examine and cross-examine all 81 witnesses. The enforcement agency has the burden of proving 82 its allegation by a preponderance of the evidence and has the duty to go forward with the evidence. At the conclusion of the 83 84 hearing the county commission shall make findings of fact, 85 determinations and conclusions of law as to whether the 86 dwelling or building: Is unfit for human habitation due to 87 dilapidation; has defects that increase the hazard of fire, accidents or other calamities, lacks ventilation, light or sanitary 88 89 facilities; or any other conditions prevailing in the dwelling or 90 building, whether used for human habitation or not and whether 91 the result of natural or manmade force or effect, which would 92 cause such dwelling or other building to be unsafe, unsanitary, 93 dangerous or detrimental to the public safety or welfare; or

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94 whether there is an accumulation of refuse or debris, overgrown 95 vegetation, toxic spillage or toxic seepage on private lands 96 which is determined to be unsafe, unsanitary, dangerous or 97 detrimental to the public safety or welfare, whether the result of 98 natural or manmade force or effect. The county commission 99 has authority to order the owner or owners thereof to repair, 100 alter, improve, vacate, remove, close, clean up or demolish the 101 dwelling or building in question or to remove or cleanup any 102 accumulation of refuse or debris, overgrown vegetation or toxic 103 spillage or toxic seepage within a reasonable time and to impose daily civil monetary penalties on the owner or owners 104 105 who fail to obey an order. Appeals from the county commis-106 sion to the circuit court shall be in accordance with the provi-107 sions of article three, chapter fifty-eight of this code.

108 (g) Upon the failure of the owner or owners of the private 109 land to perform the ordered duties and obligations as set forth 110 in the order of the county commission, the county commission 111 may advertise for and seek contractors to make the ordered 112 repairs, alterations or improvements, or the ordered demolition, 113 removal or cleanup. The county commission may enter into 114 any contract with any contractor to accomplish the ordered 115 repairs, alterations or improvements or the ordered demolition, 116 removal or cleanup.

117 (h) A civil proceeding may be brought in circuit court by 118 the county commission against the owner or owners of the 119 private land which is the subject matter of the order of the 120 county commission to subject the private land in question to a 121 lien for the amount of the contractor's costs in making these 122 ordered repairs, alterations or improvements or ordered 123 demolition, removal or cleanup, together with any daily civil 124 monetary penalty imposed and reasonable attorney fees and 125 court costs and to order and decree the sale of the private land 126 in question to satisfy the lien and to order and decree that the

127 contractor may enter upon the private land in question at any 128 and all times necessary to make improvements, or ordered 129 repairs, alterations or improvements, or ordered demolition, 130 removal or cleanup. In addition, the county commission shall 131 have the authority to institute a civil action in a court of 132 competent jurisdiction against the landowner or other responsi-133 ble party for all costs incurred by the county with respect to the 134 property and for reasonable attorney fees and court costs 135 incurred in the prosecution of the action. 136 (i) County commissions have the power and authority to

136 (1) County commissions have the power and authority to
137 receive and accept grants, subsidies, donations and services in
138 kind consistent with the objectives of this section.

# **CHAPTER 67**

(H. B. 4634 — By Delegates Cann, Ennis, Swartzmiller, Stalnaker, Stemple, Craig and Kominar)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §7-8-14, relating to requiring persons incarcerated in county or regional jails who have been convicted of a misdemeanor to pay for the costs of up to thirty days of their incarceration; requiring determination of ability to pay; and allowing for modification of assessment based upon need.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §7-8-14, to read as follows:

## **ARTICLE 8. JAIL AND JAILER.**

# §7-8-14. Reimbursement for costs of incarceration.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the code to the 2 contrary and in addition to any fine, cost assessment or fee 3 authorized or required to be imposed upon a person by virtue of 4 his or her conviction of a criminal provision of this code, or a 5 lawfully enacted ordinance of a political subdivision of this 6 state, a person convicted and incarcerated in a regional jail by 7 virtue of said conviction may be assessed the costs of up to 8 thirty days of his or her incarceration.

9 (b) Prior to any person being required to pay the cost of his 10 or her incarceration pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a hearing shall be held before the sentencing 11 12 court to determine his or her ability to pay. The court may not 13 sentence a defendant to pay his or her costs of incarceration unless he or she is or in the foreseeable future will be able to 14 15 pay them. In determining the amount and method of payment 16 of costs, the court shall take account of the financial resources 17 of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of 18 costs will impose.

19 (c) A defendant who has been sentenced to pay costs and 20who is not in willful default in the payment of the costs may at any time petition the sentencing court for remission of the 21 payment of costs or of any unpaid portion of the costs. If it 22 23 appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the 24 amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's family or dependents, the court may excuse 25 26 payment of all or part of the amount due in costs, or modify the 27 method of payment.

# **CHAPTER 68**

(H. B. 4453 — By Delegates Campbell, Craig, Frederick and Hall)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §7-14D-2, §7-14D-5, §7-14D-7, §7-14D-12, §7-14D-13, §7-14D-14, §7-14D-15, §7-14D-20, §7-14D-21 and §7-14D-23 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to further amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §7-14D-24a, all relating to benefits and responsibilities in the deputy sheriffs' retirement system generally; providing for membership of certain persons not employed as a deputy when system initiated; changing method for determining contributions to the system's fund; providing for calculation of contributions required upon reemployment as deputy sheriff; removing language providing for benefits upon reaching early retirement age; changing method for calculating retirement benefits; providing right of members to name a beneficiary in certain circumstances; providing for distribution of accumulated contributions to member's estate in certain circumstances; limiting system loans to members; and providing for determining payment of benefits prior to, during and after deputy retiree returns to work as a deputy.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §7-14D-2, §7-14D-5, §7-14D-7, §7-14D-12, §7-14D-13, §7-14D-14, §7-14D-15, §7-14D-20, §7-14D-21 and §7-14D-23 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §7-14D-24a, all to read as follows:

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#### **ARTICLE 14D. DEPUTY SHERIFF RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACT.**

- §7-14D-2. Definitions.
- §7-14D-5. Members.
- §7-14D-7. Members' contributions; employer contributions.
- §7-14D-12. Annuity options.
- §7-14D-13. Refunds to certain members upon discharge or resignation; deferred retirement: forfeitures.
- §7-14D-14. Awards and benefits for disability Duty related.
- §7-14D-15. Same Due to other causes.
- §7-14D-20. Additional death benefits and scholarships --- Dependent children.
- §7-14D-21. Burial benefit.
- §7-14D-23. Loans to members.
- §7-14D-24a. Return to covered employment by retired member.

# §7-14D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless a federal law or regulation or 2
- the context clearly requires a different meaning:
- 3 (a) "Accrued benefit" means on behalf of any member two 4 and one-quarter percent of the member's final average salary multiplied by the member's years of credited service. A 5 member's accrued benefit may not exceed the limits of Section 6 7 415 of the Internal Revenue Code and is subject to the provisions of section nine-a of this article. 8
- 9 (b) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all 10 amounts deducted from the compensation of a member, or paid 11 on his or her behalf pursuant to article ten-c, chapter five of this 12 code, either pursuant to section seven of this article or section 13 twenty-nine, article ten, chapter five of this code as a result of 14 covered employment together with regular interest on the 15 deducted amounts.
- 16 (c) "Active military duty" means full-time active duty with any branch of the armed forces of the United States, including 17 18 service with the national guard or reserve military forces when

19 the member has been called to active full-time duty and has

20 received no compensation during the period of that duty from

21 any board or employer other than the armed forces.

(d) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal value
computed upon the basis of the mortality table and interest rates
as set and adopted by the retirement board in accordance with
the provisions of this article.

26 (e) "Annual compensation" means the wages paid to the 27 member during covered employment within the meaning of 28 Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, but determined 29 without regard to any rules that limit the remuneration included 30 in wages based upon the nature or location of employment or 31 services performed during the plan year plus amounts excluded 32 under Section 414(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code and less 33 reimbursements or other expense allowances, cash or noncash 34 fringe benefits or both, deferred compensation and welfare 35 benefits. Annual compensation for determining benefits during 36 any determination period may not exceed one hundred fifty 37 thousand dollars as adjusted for cost of living in accordance 38 with Section 401(a)(17)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code.

39 (f) "Annual leave service" means accrued annual leave.

(g) "Annuity starting date" means the first day of the first
period for which an amount is received as an annuity by reason
of retirement. For purposes of this subsection, if retirement
income payments commence after the normal retirement age,
"retirement" means the later of the last day the member worked
in covered employment and the normal retirement age.

(h) "Base salary" means a member's cash compensation
exclusive of overtime from covered employment during the last
twelve months of employment. Until a member has worked
twelve months, annualized base salary is used as base salary.

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50 (i) "Board" means the consolidated public retirement board 51 created pursuant to article ten-d, chapter five of this code.

52 (j) "County commission" has the meaning ascribed to it in 53 section one, article one, chapter seven of this code.

54 (k) "Covered employment" means either: (1) Employment as a deputy sheriff and the active performance of the duties 55 required of a deputy sheriff; or (2) the period of time which 56 57 active duties are not performed but disability benefits are received under section fourteen or fifteen of this article; or (3) 58 59 concurrent employment by a deputy sheriff in a job or jobs in 60 addition to his or her employment as a deputy sheriff where the secondary employment requires the deputy sheriff to be a 61 62 member of another retirement system which is administered by the consolidated public retirement board pursuant to article ten-63 64 d of chapter five of this code: Provided. That the deputy sheriff 65 contribute to the fund created in section six of this article the amount specified as the deputy sheriff's contribution in section 66 seven of this article. 67

68 (1) "Credited service" means the sum of a member's years69 of service, active military duty, disability service and annual70 leave service.

(m) "Deputy sheriff" means an individual employed as a
county law-enforcement deputy sheriff in this state and as
defined by section two, article fourteen, chapter seven of this
code.

- 75 (n) "Dependent child" means either:
- 76 (1) An unmarried person under age eighteen who is:
- 77 (A) A natural child of the member;
- 78 (B) A legally adopted child of the member;

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79 80 81	(C) A child who at the time of the member's of living with the member while the member was an parent during any period of probation; or	
82 83	(D) A stepchild of the member residing in the household at the time of the member's death; or	member's
84	(2) Any unmarried child under age twenty-three	:
85 86	(A) Who is enrolled as a full-time student in an a college or university;	accredited
87 88 89	(B) Who was claimed as a dependent by the m federal income tax purposes at the time of the member and	
90 91	(C) Whose relationship with the member is de subparagraph (A), (B) or (C), paragraph (1) of this su	
92 93 94	(o) "Dependent parent" means the father or more member who was claimed as a dependent by the m federal income tax purposes at the time of the member	ember for
95 96 97 98 99	(p) "Disability service" means service recei member, expressed in whole years, fractions thereo equal to one half of the whole years, fractions thereo during which time a member receives disability bence section fourteen or fifteen of this article.	of or both, of, or both,
100 101	(q) "Early retirement age" means age forty or completion of twenty years of service.	over and
102 103	(r) "Effective date" means the first day of thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.	July, one
104 105 106	(s) "Final average salary" means the average of t annual compensation received for covered employm member during any five consecutive plan years	nent by the

107 member's last ten years of service. If the member did not have 108 annual compensation for the five full plan years preceding the 109 member's attainment of normal retirement age and during that 110 period the member received disability benefits under section 111 fourteen or fifteen of this article then "final average salary" 112 means the average of the monthly salary determined paid to the 113 member during that period as determined under section 114 seventeen of this article multiplied by twelve.

(t) "Fund" means the West Virginia deputy sheriff retire-ment fund created pursuant to section six of this article.

117 (u) "Hour of service" means:

(1) Each hour for which a member is paid or entitled to
payment for covered employment during which time active
duties are performed. These hours shall be credited to the
member for the plan year in which the duties are performed;
and

123 (2) Each hour for which a member is paid or entitled to 124 payment for covered employment during a plan year but where no duties are performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, 125 126 incapacity including disability, layoff, jury duty, military duty, 127 leave of absence, or any combination thereof, and without 128 regard to whether the employment relationship has terminated. 129 Hours under this paragraph shall be calculated and credited 130 pursuant to West Virginia division of labor rules. A member 131 will not be credited with any hours of service for any period of 132 time he or she is receiving benefits under section fourteen or 133 fifteen of this article: and

(3) Each hour for which back pay is either awarded or
agreed to be paid by the employing county commission,
irrespective of mitigation of damages. The same hours of
service shall not be credited both under paragraph (1) or (2) of
this subdivision and under this paragraph. Hours under this

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139 paragraph shall be credited to the member for the plan year or

- 140 years to which the award or agreement pertains, rather than the
- 141 plan year in which the award, agreement or payment is made.

(v) "Member" means a person first hired as a deputy sheriff
after the effective date of this article, as defined in subsection
(r) of this section, or a deputy sheriff first hired prior to the
effective date and who elects to become a member pursuant to
section five or section seventeen of this article. A member shall
remain a member until the benefits to which he or she is
entitled under this article are paid or forfeited.

(w) "Monthly salary" means the portion of a member'sannual compensation which is paid to him or her per month.

151 (x) "Normal form" means a monthly annuity which is one twelfth of the amount of the member's accrued benefit which 152 is payable for the member's life. If the member dies before the 153 154 sum of the payments he or she receives equals his or her 155 accumulated contributions on the annuity starting date, the 156 named beneficiary shall receive in one lump sum the difference 157 between the accumulated contributions at the annuity starting 158 date and the total of the retirement income payments made to 159 the member.

160 (y) "Normal retirement age" means the first to occur of the161 following:

162 (1) Attainment of age fifty years and the completion of163 twenty or more years of service;

(2) While still in covered employment, attainment of at
least age fifty years and when the sum of current age plus years
of service equals or exceeds seventy years;

(3) While still in covered employment, attainment of atleast age sixty years and completion of five years of service; or
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(4) Attainment of age sixty-two years and completion offive or more years of service.

171 (z) "Partially disabled" means a member's inability to 172 engage in the duties of deputy sheriff by reason of any medi-173 cally determinable physical or mental impairment that can be 174 expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected 175 to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. 176 A member may be determined partially disabled for the 177 purposes of this article and maintain the ability to engage in 178 other gainful employment which exists within the state but 179 which ability would not enable him or her to earn an amount at 180 least equal to two thirds of the average annual compensation 181 earned by all active members of this plan during the plan year ending as of the most recent thirtieth day of June, as of which 182 183 plan data has been assembled and used for the actuarial 184 valuation of the plan.

(aa) "Public employees retirement system" means the West
Virginia public employee's retirement system created by article
ten, chapter five of this code.

(bb) "Plan" means the West Virginia deputy sheriff death,disability and retirement plan established by this article.

(cc) "Plan year" means the twelve-month period commencing on the first day of July of any designated year and ending
the following thirtieth day of June.

(dd) "Regular interest" means the rate or rates of interest
per annum, compounded annually, as the board adopts in
accordance with the provisions of this article.

(ee) "Retirement income payments" means the annualretirement income payments payable under the plan.

(ff) "Spouse" means the person to whom the member islegally married on the annuity starting date.

(gg) "Surviving spouse" means the person to whom the
member was legally married at the time of the member's death
and who survived the member.

(hh) "Totally disabled" means a member's inability to
engage in substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determined physical or mental impairment that can be
expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected
to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months.

208 For purposes of this subdivision:

209 (1) A member is totally disabled only if his or her physical 210 or mental impairment or impairments are so severe that he or 211 she is not only unable to perform his or her previous work as a 212 deputy sheriff but also cannot, considering his or her age, 213 education and work experience, engage in any other kind of 214 substantial gainful employment which exists in the state 215 regardless of whether: (A) The work exists in the immediate 216area in which the member lives; (B) a specific job vacancy 217 exists; or (C) the member would be hired if he or she applied 218 for work.

(2) "Physical or mental impairment" is an impairment that
results from an anatomical, physiological or psychological
abnormality that is demonstrated by medically accepted clinical
and laboratory diagnostic techniques.

A member's receipt of social security disability benefits
creates a rebuttable presumption that the member is totally
disabled for purposes of this plan. Substantial gainful employment rebuts the presumption of total disability.

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(ii) "Year of service." A member shall, except in his or her
first and last years of covered employment, be credited with
year of service credit based upon the hours of service performed
as covered employment and credited to the member during the
plan year based upon the following schedule:

232	Hours of Service	Year of Service Credited
233	Less than 500	0
234	500 to 999	1/3
235	1,000 to 1,499	
236	1,500 or more	1

237 During a member's first and last years of covered employ-238 ment, the member shall be credited with one twelfth of a year 239 of service for each month during the plan year in which the 240 member is credited with an hour of service. A member is not entitled to credit for years of service for any time period during 241 242 which he or she received disability payments under section 243 fourteen or fifteen of this article. Except as specifically ex-244 cluded, years of service include covered employment prior to the effective date. 245

246 Years of service which are credited to a member prior to his 247 or her receipt of accumulated contributions upon termination of employment pursuant to section thirteen of this article or 248 249 section thirty, article ten, chapter five of this code, shall be 250 disregarded for all purposes under this plan unless the member 251 repays the accumulated contributions with interest pursuant to 252 section twelve of this article or had prior to the effective date 253 made the repayment pursuant to section eighteen, article ten, 254 chapter five of this code.

# (jj) "Required beginning date" means the first day of April of the calendar year following the later of: (i) The calendar year in which the member attains age seventy and one-half; or (ii) the calendar year in which he or she retires or otherwise separates from covered employment.

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### §7-14D-5. Members.

(a) Any deputy sheriff first employed by a county in
 covered employment after the effective date of this article shall
 be a member of this retirement system and plan and does not
 qualify for membership in any other retirement system adminis tered by the board, so long as he or she remains employed in
 covered employment.

7 (b) Any deputy sheriff employed in covered employment on 8 the effective date of this article shall within six months of that 9 effective date notify in writing both the county commission in 10 the county in which he or she is employed and the board of his 11 or her desire to become a member of the plan: Provided, That 12 this time period is extended to the thirtieth day of January, one 13 thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, in accordance with the 14 decision of the Supreme Court of Appeals in West Virginia 15 Deputy Sheriffs' Association, et al v. James L. Sims, et al, No. 16 25212: Provided, however, That any deputy sheriff employed 17 in covered employment on the effective date of this article has 18 an additional time period consisting of the ten-day period 19 following the day after which the amended provisions of this 20 section become law to notify in writing both the county 21 commission in the county in which he or she is employed and 22 the board of his or her desire to become a member of the plan. 23 Any deputy sheriff who elects to become a member of the plan 24 ceases to be a member or have any credit for covered employ-25 ment in any other retirement system administered by the board 26 and shall continue to be ineligible for membership in any other 27 retirement system administered by the board so long as the

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28 deputy sheriff remains employed in covered employment in this plan: Provided further, That any deputy sheriff who elects 29 30 during the time period from the first day of July, one thousand 31 nine hundred ninety-eight, to the thirtieth day of January, one 32 thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, or who so elects during the 33 ten-day time period occurring immediately following the day 34 after the day the amendments made during the one thousand 35 nine hundred ninety-nine legislative session become law, to 36 transfer from the public employees retirement system to the 37 plan created in this article shall contribute to the plan created in this article at the rate set forth in section seven of this article 38 39 retroactive to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight. Any deputy sheriff who does not affirmatively 40 41 elect to become a member of the plan continues to be eligible 42 for any other retirement system as is from time to time offered 43 to other county employees but is ineligible for this plan 44 regardless of any subsequent termination of employment and 45 rehire.

46 (c) Any deputy sheriff who was employed as a deputy 47 sheriff prior to the effective date, but was not employed as a 48 deputy sheriff on the effective date of this article, shall become 49 a member upon rehire as a deputy sheriff. For purposes of this 50 section, the member's years of service and credited service 51 prior to the effective date shall not be counted for any purposes 52 under this plan unless: (1) The deputy sheriff has not received 53 the return of his or her accumulated contributions in the public 54 employees retirement fund system pursuant to section thirty, 55 article ten, chapter five of this code; or (2) the accumulated 56 contributions returned to the member from the public employ-57 ees retirement system have been repaid pursuant to section 58 thirteen of this article. If the conditions of subdivision (1) or (2)59 of this subsection are met, all years of the deputy sheriff's 60 covered employment shall be counted as years of service for the 61 purposes of this article. Each transferring deputy sheriff shall be 62 given credited service for the purposes of this article for all

63 covered employment transferred from the public employees retirement system regardless of whether the credited service (as 64 that term is defined in section two, article ten, chapter five of 65 this code) was earned as a deputy sheriff. All service in the 66 67 public employees retirement system accrued by a transferring 68 deputy sheriff shall be transferred into the plan created by this 69 article and the transferring deputy sheriff shall be given the same credit for the purposes of this article for all covered 70 71 service which is transferred from the public employees retire-72 ment system as that transferring deputy sheriff would have 73 received from the public employees retirement system if the 74 transfer had not occurred. In connection with each deputy 75 sheriff receiving credit for prior employment provided in this 76 subsection, a transfer from public employees retirement system 77 to this plan shall be made pursuant to the procedures described 78 in section eight of this article.

(d) Once made, the election made under this section is
irrevocable. All deputy sheriffs first employed after the
effective date and deputy sheriffs electing to become members
as described in this section shall be members as a condition of
employment and shall make the contributions required by
section seven of this article.

85 (e) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, any 86 individual who is a leased employee shall not be eligible to participate in the plan. For purposes of this plan, a "leased 87 88 employee" means any individual who performs services as an 89 independent contractor or pursuant to an agreement with an 90 employee leasing organization or similar organization. If a 91 question arises regarding the status of an individual as a leased employee, the board has final power to decide the question. 92

### §7-14D-7. Members' contributions; employer contributions.

1 There shall be deducted from the monthly salary of each 2 member and paid into the fund an amount equal to eight and 3 one-half percent of his or her monthly salary. Any active 4 member who has concurrent employment in an additional job 5 or jobs and the additional employment requires the deputy 6 sheriff to be a member of another retirement system which is 7 administered by the consolidated public retirement board 8 pursuant to article ten-d, chapter five of this code shall contrib-9 ute to the fund the sum of eight and one-half percent of his or 10 her monthly salary earned as a deputy sheriff as well as the sum 11 of eight and one-half percent of his or her monthly salary 12 earned from any additional employment which additional 13 employment requires the deputy sheriff to be a member of 14 another retirement which is administered by the consolidated 15 public retirement board pursuant to article ten-d, chapter five of 16 this code. An additional amount shall be paid to the fund by the 17 county commission of the county in which the member is 18 employed in covered employment in an amount determined by 19 the board: Provided, That in no year may the total of the 20 contributions provided for in this section, to be paid by the 21 county commission, exceed ten and one-half percent of the total 22 payroll for the members in the employ of the county commis-23 sion for the preceding fiscal year. If the board finds that the 24 benefits provided by this article can be actually funded with a 25 lesser contribution, then the board shall reduce the required 26 member or employer contributions or both. The sums withheld 27 each calendar month shall be paid to the fund no later than ten 28 days following the end of the calendar month.

### §7-14D-12. Annuity options.

- 1 Prior to the effective date of retirement, but not thereafter,
- 2 a member may elect to receive retirement income payments in
- 3 the normal form, or the actuarial equivalent of the normal form
- 4 from the following options:

5 (a) Option A — Joint and Survivor Annuity. — A life annuity payable during the joint lifetime of the member and his 6 7 or her beneficiary who is a natural person with an insurable 8 interest in the member's life. Upon the death of either the 9 member or his or her beneficiary, the benefit shall continue as 10 a life annuity to the survivor in an amount equal to fifty percent, sixty-six and two-thirds percent, seventy-five percent or one 11 hundred percent of the amount paid while both were living as 12 13 selected by the member. If the retiring member is married, the 14 spouse shall sign a waiver of benefit rights if the beneficiary is 15 to be other than the spouse.

16 (b) Option B — Contingent Joint and Survivor Annuity. — 17 A life annuity payable during the joint lifetime of the member and his or her beneficiary who must be a natural person with an 18 19 insurable interest in the member's life. Upon the death of the 20 member, the benefit shall continue as a life annuity to the 21 beneficiary in an amount equal to fifty percent, sixty-six and two-thirds percent, seventy-five percent or one hundred percent 22 23 of the amount paid while both were living as selected by the member. If the beneficiary dies first, the monthly amount of 24 25 benefits may not be reduced, but shall be paid at the amount 26 that was in effect before the death of the beneficiary. If the 27 retiring member is married, the spouse shall sign a waiver of 28 benefit rights if the beneficiary is to be other than the spouse.

(c) Option C — Ten Years Certain and Life Annuity. — A
life annuity payable during the member's lifetime but in any
event for a minimum of ten years. If the member dies before the
expiration of ten years, the remaining payments shall be made
to a designated beneficiary, if any, or otherwise to the member's estate.

35 (d) Option D — Level Income Annuity. — A life annuity
36 payable monthly in an increased amount "A" from the time of
37 retirement until the member is social security retirement age,

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and then a lesser amount "B" payable for the member's lifetime
thereafter, with these amounts computed actuarially to satisfy
the following two conditions:

(1) Actuarial equivalence. — The actuarial present value at
the date of retirement of the member's annuity if taken in the
normal form must equal the actuarial present value of the term
life annuity in amount "A" plus the actual present value of the
deferred life annuity in amount "B"; and

46 (2) *Level income.* — The amount "A" equals the amount 47 "B" plus the amount of the member's estimated monthly social 48 security primary insurance amount that would commence at the 49 date amount "B" becomes payable. For this calculation, the 50 primary insurance amount is estimated when the member 51 applies for retirement, using social security law then in effect, 52 using assumptions established by the board.

53 In the case of a member who has elected the options set 54 forth in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this section, respectively, 55 and whose beneficiary dies prior to the member's death, the 56 member may name an alternative beneficiary. If an alternative 57 beneficiary is named within eighteen months following the death of the prior beneficiary, the benefit shall be adjusted to be 58 59 the actuarial equivalent of the benefit the member is receiving 60 just after the death of the member's named beneficiary. If the 61 election is not made until eighteen months after the death of the 62 prior beneficiary, the amount shall be reduced so that it is only 63 ninety percent of the actuarial equivalent of the benefit the member is receiving just after the death of the member's named 64 65 beneficiary.

### §7-14D-13. Refunds to certain members upon discharge or resignation; deferred retirement; forfeitures.

- 1 (a) Any member who terminates covered employment and
- 2 is not eligible to receive disability benefits under this article is,

- 3 by written request filed with the board, entitled to receive from
- 4 the fund the member's accumulated contributions. Except as
- 5 provided in subsection (b) of this section, upon withdrawal the
- 6 member shall forfeit his or her accrued benefit and cease to be
- 7 a member.

8 (b) Any member who withdraws accumulated contributions 9 from either this plan or the public employees retirement system and thereafter becomes reemployed in covered employment 10 11 shall not receive any credited service for the prior employment unless following his or her return to covered employment, the 12 13 member redeposits in the fund the amount of the accumulated contributions submitted on salary earned while a deputy sheriff, 14 15 together with interest on the accumulated contributions at the 16 rate determined by the board from the date of withdrawal to the 17 date of redeposit. Upon repayment he or she shall receive the same credit on account of his or her former service as if no 18 19 refund had been made. The repayment shall be made in a lump sum within sixty months of the deputy sheriff's reemployment 20 21 or if later, within sixty months of the effective date of this 22 article.

(c) Every member who completes sixty months of covered
employment is eligible, upon cessation of covered employment,
to either withdraw his or her accumulated contributions in
accordance with subsection (a) of this section, or to choose not
to withdraw his or her accumulated contribution and to receive
retirement income payments upon attaining normal retirement
age.

30 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article,
31 forfeitures under the plan shall not be applied to increase the
32 benefits any member would otherwise receive under the plan.

### §7-14D-14. Awards and benefits for disability — Duty related.

Any member who after the effective date of this article and
 during covered employment: (A) Has been or becomes either
 totally or partially disabled by injury, illness or disease; and (B)
 the disability is a result of an occupational risk or hazard
 inherent in or peculiar to the services required of members; or

6 (C) the disability was incurred while performing law-enforcement functions during either scheduled work hours or at any 7 8 other time; and (D) in the opinion of the board, the member is by reason of the disability unable to perform adequately the 9 duties required of a deputy sheriff, is entitled to receive and 10 shall be paid from the fund in monthly installments during the 11 12 lifetime of the member, or if sooner until the member attains normal retirement age or until the disability sooner terminates, 13 14 the compensation under either subdivision (a) or (b) of this 15 section.

(a) If the member is totally disabled, the member shall
receive ninety percent of his or her average full monthly
compensation for the twelve-month contributory period
preceding the member's disability award, or the shorter period
if the member has not worked twelve months.

(b) If the member is partially disabled, the member shall
receive forty-five percent of his or her average full monthly
compensation for the twelve-month contributory period
preceding the member's disability award, or the shorter period
if the member has not worked twelve months.

If the member remains totally disabled until attaining sixtyfive years of age, the member shall then receive the retirement
benefit provided for in sections eleven and twelve of this
article.

30 If the member remains partially disabled until attaining31 sixty years of age the member shall then receive the retirement

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32 benefit provided for in sections eleven and twelve of this33 article.

### §7-14D-15. Same — Due to other causes.

1 (a) Any member who after the effective date of this article 2 and during covered employment: (1) Has been or becomes 3 totally or partially disabled from any cause other than those set 4 forth in section fourteen of this article and not due to vicious 5 habits, intemperance or willful misconduct on his or her part; 6 and (2) in the opinion of the board, he or she is by reason of the 7 disability unable to perform adequately the duties required of a 8 deputy sheriff, is entitled to receive and shall be paid from the 9 fund in monthly installments during the lifetime of the member, 10 or if sooner until the member attains normal retirement age or 11 until the disability sooner terminates the compensation set forth 12 in, either subsection (b) or (c) of this section. 13 (b) If the member is totally disabled, he or she shall receive 14 sixty-six and two-thirds percent of his or her average full

monthly compensation for the twelve-month contributoryperiod preceding the disability award, or the shorter period, ifthe member has not worked twelve months.

(c) If the member is partially disabled, he or she shall
receive thirty-three and one-third percent of his or her average
full monthly compensation for the twelve-month contributory
period preceding the disability award, or the shorter period, if
the member has not worked twelve months.

(d) If the member remains disabled until attaining sixty
years of age, then the member shall receive the retirement
benefit provided for in sections eleven and twelve of this
article.

(e) The board shall propose legislative rules for promulga-tion in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter

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twenty-nine-a of this code concerning member disabilitypayments so as to ensure that the payments do not exceed onehundred percent of the average current salary in any given

32 county for the position last held by the member.

# §7-14D-20. Additional death benefits and scholarships — Dependent children.

(a) In addition to the spouse death benefits in sections
 eighteen and nineteen of this article, the surviving spouse is
 entitled to receive and there shall be paid to the spouse one
 hundred dollars monthly for each dependent child.

5 (b) If the surviving spouse dies or if there is no surviving 6 spouse, the fund shall pay monthly to each dependent child a 7 sum equal to one fourth of the surviving spouse's entitlement under either section nineteen or twenty of this article. If there 8 9 is neither a surviving spouse nor a dependent child, the fund shall pay in equal monthly installments to the dependent parents 10 11 of the deceased member during their joint lifetimes a sum equal 12 to the amount which a surviving spouse, without children, 13 would have received: Provided, That when there is only one 14 dependent parent surviving, that parent is entitled to receive 15 during his or her lifetime one-half the amount which both 16 parents, if living, would have been entitled to receive: Provided, 17 however, That if there is no surviving spouse, dependent child, 18 nor dependent parent of the deceased member the accumulated 19 contributions shall be paid to a named beneficiary or beneficia-20 ries: Provided further, That if there is no surviving spouse, 21 dependent child, nor dependent parent of the deceased member, 22 nor any named beneficiary or beneficiaries then the accumu-23 lated contributions shall be paid to the estate of the deceased 24 member.

(c) Any person qualifying as a dependent child under this,in addition to any other benefits due under this or other sections

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27 of this article, is entitled to receive a scholarship to be applied to the career development education of that person. This sum, 28 29 up to but not exceeding six thousand dollars per year, shall be 30 paid from the fund to any university or college in this state or 31 to any trade or vocational school or other entity in this state 32 approved by the board, to offset the expenses of tuition, room 33 and board, books, fees or other costs incurred in a course of 34 study at any of these institutions so long as the recipient makes 35 application to the board on an approved form and under such 36 rules as the board may provide, and maintains scholastic 37 eligibility as defined by the institution or the board. The board 38 may propose legislative rules for promulgation in accordance 39 with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code which 40 define age requirements, physical and mental requirements, 41 scholastic eligibility, disbursement methods, institutional 42 qualifications and other requirements as necessary and not inconsistent with this section. 43

### §7-14D-21. Burial benefit.

1 Any member who dies as a result of any service related 2 illness or injury after the effective date is entitled to a lump sum 3 burial benefit of five thousand dollars. If the member is 4 married, the burial benefit shall be paid to the member's spouse. If the member is not married, the burial benefit shall be 5 6 paid to the member's estate for the purposes of paying burial 7 expenses, settling the member's final affairs, or both. Any 8 unspent balance shall be distributed as a part of the member's 9 estate.

### §7-14D-23. Loans to members.

1 (a) A member who is not yet receiving disability or 2 retirement income benefits from the plan may borrow from the 3 plan no more than one time in any year an amount up to one 4 half of his or her accumulated contributions, but not less than

5 five hundred dollars nor more than eight thousand dollars: 6 *Provided*, That the maximum amount of any loan shall not 7 exceed the lesser of the following: (1) Eight thousand dollars; 8 or (2) fifty percent of his or her accumulated contributions. No 9 member is eligible for more than one outstanding loan at any 10 time. No loan may be made from the plan if the board deter-11 mines that the loans constitute more than fifteen percent of the 12 amortized cost value of the assets of the plan as of the last day 13 of the preceding plan year. The board may discontinue the loans 14 any time it determines that cash flow problems might develop 15 as a result of the loans. Each loan shall be repaid through 16 monthly installments over periods of six through sixty months 17 and carry interest on the unpaid balance and an annual effective 18 interest rate that is two hundred basis points higher than the 19 most recent rate of interest used by the board for determining 20 actuarial contributions levels: Provided, however, That interest 21 charged shall be commercially reasonable in accordance with 22 the provisions of section 72(p)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code 23 and federal regulations issued thereunder. Monthly loan 24 payments shall be calculated to be as nearly equal as possible 25 with all but the final payment being an equal amount. An eligible member may make additional loan payments or pay off 26 27 the entire loan balance at any time without incurring any 28 interest penalty. At the member's option, the monthly loan 29 payment may include a level premium sufficient to provide 30 declining term insurance with the plan as beneficiary to repay 31 the loan in full upon the member's death. If a member declines 32 the insurance and dies before the loan is repaid, the unpaid 33 balance of the loan shall be deducted from the lump sum 34 insurance benefits payable under section twenty-one of this 35 article.

(b) A member with an unpaid loan balance who wishes to
retire may have the loan repaid in full by accepting retirement
income payments reduced by deducting from the actuarial
reserve for the accrued benefit the amount of the unpaid balance

40 and then converting the remaining of the reserve to a monthly

41 pension payable in the form of the annuity desired by the 42 member.

43 (c) The entire unpaid balance of any loan, and interest due 44 thereon, shall at the option of the retirement board become due 45 and payable without further notice or demand upon the occur-46 rence with respect to the borrowing member of any of the 47 following events of default: (1) Any payment of principal and 48 accrued interest on a loan remains unpaid after the same 49 become due and payable under the terms of the loan or after 50 such grace period as may be established in the discretion of the 51 retirement board; (2) the borrowing member attempts to make an assignment for the benefit of creditors of his or her benefit 52 53 under the retirement system; or (3) any other event of default 54 set forth in rules promulgated by the board pursuant to the 55 authority granted in section one, article ten-d, chapter five of 56 this code: Provided, That any offset of an unpaid loan balance 57 shall be made only at such time as the member is entitled to 58 receive a distribution under the plan.

(d) Loans shall be evidenced by such form of obligations
and shall be made upon such additional terms as to default,
prepayment, security, and otherwise as the retirement board
may determine.

63 (e) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the 64 loan program authorized by this section shall comply with the 65 provisions of section 72(p)(2) and section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code and the federal regulations issued thereunder. 66 67 The retirement board is authorized to: (a) Apply and construe 68 the provisions of this section and administer the plan loan 69 program in such a manner as to comply with the provisions of 70 sections 72(p)(2) and section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code; 71 (b) adopt plan loan policies or procedures consistent with these 72 federal law provisions; and (c) take such actions as it deems

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necessary or appropriate to administer the plan loan program created hereunder in accordance with these federal law provisions. The retirement board is further authorized in connection with the plan loan program to take any actions that may at any time be required by the Internal Revenue Service regarding

compliance with the requirements of section 72(p)(2) or section
401 of the Internal Revenue Code, notwithstanding any
provision in this article to the contrary.

### §7-14D-24a. Return to covered employment by retired member.

1 The annuity of any member who retires under the provi-2 sions of this article and who resumes service in covered 3 employment shall be suspended while the member continues in 4 covered employment. The monthly annuity payment for the 5 month in which the service resumes shall be pro-rated to the 6 date of commencement of service, and the member shall again 7 become a contributing member during resumption of service. 8 At the conclusion of resumed service in covered employment 9 the member shall have his or her annuity recalculated to take into account the entirety of service in covered employment. 10



(S. B. 645 — By Senator Tomblin, Mr. President)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §14-2-4a, relating to providing a procedure for appointing an interim judge to the court of claims when a sitting judge is temporarily unable to serve. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §14-2-4a, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2. CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

### §14-2-4a. Interim judges.

(a) If at any time two or more of the judges appointed under
section four of this article are temporarily unable, due to illness
or other incapacity, to perform their responsibilities the
president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates may appoint one or two interim judges to serve under the
conditions specified in this section.

7 (b) Appointments made under this section are temporary.
8 An interim judge serves under this section until the judge for
9 whom the interim judge is temporarily replacing can resume his
10 or her duties. In no event may the interim judge serve for more
11 than three months unless reappointed.

12 (c) Appointments made under this section shall be made 13 from a list furnished to the president of the Senate and the 14 speaker of the House of Delegates by the board of governors of 15 the West Virginia state bar. The board of governors of the 16 West Virginia state bar shall annually, on or before the fifteenth day of January, submit a list of twenty qualified nominees. In 17 two thousand four, the list shall be submitted before the first 18 19 day of April.

20 (d) An interim judge:

(1) Is entitled to the same compensation and expense
reimbursement a judge is entitled to under the provisions of
section eight of this article;

26 (3) Has all the authority given to a judge under this article;27 and

(4) Is required to possess the qualifications required of ajudge in section ten of this article.

30 (e) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the
31 House of Delegates may jointly terminate the appointment of
32 any interim judge appointed under this section at any time.



## CHAPTER 70

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4123 - By Delegates Schadler and Amores)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §50-1-3, §50-1-8 and §50-1-9 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §50-1-9b, all relating to magistrate courts; modifying the criteria upon which magistrate, magistrate court clerk, and magistrate assistant salaries are based; authorizing the Supreme Court of Appeals to create a panel of senior magistrate court clerks; granting authority to senior magistrate court of Appeals to promulgate rules for senior magistrate court clerks; providing for reasonable compensation to senior clerks; providing for reimbursement of certain expenses incurred by senior clerks.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §50-1-3, §50-1-8 and §50-1-9 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §50-1-9b, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1. COURTS AND OFFICERS.

- §50-1-3. Salaries of magistrates.
- §50-1-8. Magistrate court clerks; salaries; duties; duties of circuit clerk.
- §50-1-9. Magistrate assistants; salary; duties.
- §50-1-9b. Appointment of senior magistrate court clerks.

### §50-1-3. Salaries of magistrates.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that:
- 2 (1) The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals has held
  3 that a salary system for magistrates which is based upon the
  4 population that each magistrate serves does not violate the
- 5 equal protection clause of the Constitution of the United States;

6 (2) The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals has held
7 that a salary system for magistrates which is based upon the
8 population that each magistrate serves does not violate section
9 thirty-nine, article VI of the Constitution of West Virginia;

(3) The utilization of a two-tiered salary schedule for
magistrates is an equitable and rational manner by which
magistrates should be compensated for work performed;

(4) Organizing the two tiers of the salary schedule into one
tier for magistrates serving less than eight thousand four
hundred in population and the second tier for magistrates
serving eight thousand four hundred or more in population is
rational and equitable given current statistical information
relating to population and caseload; and

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(5) That all magistrates who fall under the same tier shouldbe compensated equally.

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21 (b) The salary of each magistrate shall be paid by the state. 22 Magistrates who serve fewer than eight thousand four hundred 23 in population shall be paid annual salaries of thirty thousand six 24 hundred twenty-five dollars and magistrates who serve eight 25 thousand four hundred or more in population shall be paid 26 annual salaries of thirty-seven thousand dollars: Provided, That 27 on and after the first day of July, two thousand three, magis-28 trates who serve fewer than eight thousand four hundred in 29 population shall be paid annual salaries of thirty-three thousand 30 six hundred twenty-five dollars and magistrates who serve eight 31 thousand four hundred or more in population shall be paid 32 annual salaries of forty thousand dollars.

(c) For the purpose of determining the population served by
each magistrate, the number of magistrates authorized for each
county shall be divided into the population of each county. For
the purpose of this article, the population of each county is the
population as determined by the last preceding decennial census
taken under the authority of the United States government.

# §50-1-8. Magistrate court clerks; salaries; duties; duties of circuit clerk.

1 (a) In each county having three or more magistrates the 2 judge of the circuit court or the chief judge of the circuit court, 3 if there is more than one judge of the circuit court, shall appoint a magistrate court clerk. In all other counties the judge may 4 5 appoint a magistrate court clerk or may by rule require the 6 duties of the magistrate court clerk to be performed by the clerk 7 of the circuit court, in which event the circuit court clerk is 8 entitled to additional compensation in the amount of two 9 thousand five hundred dollars per year. The magistrate court clerk serves at the will and pleasure of the circuit judge. 10

11 (b) Magistrate court clerks shall be paid a monthly salary 12 by the state. Magistrate court clerks serving magistrates who serve less than eight thousand four hundred in population shall 13 14 be paid up to one thousand seven hundred forty-eight dollars per month and magistrate court clerks serving magistrates who 15 16 serve eight thousand four hundred or more in population shall be paid up to two thousand one hundred fifty-seven dollars per 17 month: Provided, That on and after the first day of January, two 18 19 thousand two, magistrate court clerks serving magistrates who 20 serve less than eight thousand four hundred in population shall 21 be paid up to one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight dollars 22 per month and magistrate court clerks serving magistrates who 23 serve eight thousand four hundred or more in population shall 24 be paid up to two thousand four hundred seven dollars per 25 month: Provided, however. That after the effective date of this 26 section, any general salary increase granted to all state employees, whose salaries are not set by statute, expressed as a 27 28 percentage increase or an "across-the-board" increase, may also 29 be granted to magistrate court clerks. For the purpose of determining the population served by each magistrate, the 30 number of magistrates authorized for each county shall be 31 32 divided into the population of each county. The salary of the magistrate court clerk shall be established by the judge of the 33 34 circuit court, or the chief judge of the circuit court if there is more than one judge of the circuit court, within the limits set 35 36 forth in this section.

37 (c) In addition to other duties that may be imposed by the 38 provisions of this chapter or by the rules of the Supreme Court of Appeals or the judge of the circuit court or the chief judge of 39 the circuit court if there is more than one judge of the circuit 40 41 court, it is the duty of the magistrate court clerk to establish and maintain appropriate dockets and records in a centralized 42 43 system for the magistrate court, to assist in the preparation of 44 the reports required of the court and to carry out on behalf of

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45 the magistrates or chief magistrate if a chief magistrate is46 appointed, the administrative duties of the court.

(d) The magistrate court clerk, or if there is no magistrate
court clerk in the county, the clerk of the circuit court, may
issue all manner of civil process and require the enforcement of
subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in magistrate court.

### §50-1-9. Magistrate assistants; salary; duties.

1 (a) In each county there shall be one magistrate assistant for 2 each magistrate. Each magistrate assistant shall be appointed by the magistrate under whose authority and supervision and at 3 4 whose will and pleasure he or she shall serve. The assistant shall not be a member of the immediate family of any magis-5 6 trate and shall not have been convicted of a felony or any misdemeanor involving moral turpitude and shall reside in the 7 8 state of West Virginia. For the purpose of this section, "immediate family" means the relationships of mother, father, sister, 9 10 brother, child or spouse.

11 (b) A magistrate assistant shall have the duties, clerical or 12 otherwise, assigned by the magistrate and prescribed by the 13 rules of the Supreme Court of Appeals or the judge of the circuit court or the chief judge of the circuit court if there is 14 15 more than one judge of the circuit court. In addition to these duties, magistrate assistants shall perform and are accountable 16 17 to the magistrate court clerks with respect to the following 18 duties:

19 (1) The preparation of summons in civil actions;

20 (2) The assignment of civil actions to the various magis-21 trates;

(3) The collection of all costs, fees, fines, forfeitures andpenalties which are payable to the court;

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(4) The submission of moneys, along with an accounting ofthe moneys, to appropriate authorities as provided by law;

(5) The daily disposition of closed files which are to belocated in the magistrate clerk's office;

(6) All duties related to the gathering of information and
documents necessary for the preparation of administrative
reports and documents required by the rules of the Supreme
Court of Appeals or the judge of the circuit court or the chief
judge of the circuit court if there is more than one judge of the
circuit court;

34 (7) All duties relating to the notification, certification and35 payment of jurors serving pursuant to the terms of this chapter;

36 (8) All other duties or responsibilities whereby the magis37 trate assistant is accountable to the magistrate court clerk as
38 determined by the magistrate.

39 (c) Magistrate assistants shall be paid a monthly salary by 40 the state. Magistrate assistants serving magistrates who serve 41 less than eight thousand four hundred in population shall be 42 paid up to one thousand four hundred seventy-four dollars per 43 month and magistrate assistants serving magistrates who serve 44 eight thousand four hundred or more in population shall be paid 45 up to one thousand seven hundred thirty-two dollars per month: 46 Provided, That on and after the first day of January, two 47 thousand two, magistrate assistants serving magistrates who 48 serve less than eight thousand four hundred in population shall 49 be paid up to one thousand seven hundred twenty-four dollars 50 per month and magistrate assistants serving magistrates who 51 serve eight thousand four hundred or more in population shall 52 be paid up to one thousand nine hundred eighty-two dollars per 53 month: Provided, however, That after the effective date of this 54 section, any general salary increase granted to all state employ-55 ees, whose salaries are not set by statute, expressed as a

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56 percentage increase or an "across-the-board" increase, may also 57 be granted to magistrate assistants. For the purpose of determin-58 ing the population served by each magistrate, the number of 59 magistrates authorized for each county shall be divided into the 60 population of each county. The salary of the magistrate assistant 61 shall be established by the magistrate within the limits set forth 62 in this section.

### §50-1-9b. Appointment of senior magistrate court clerks.

1 The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals is authorized to create a panel of senior magistrate court clerks to utilize the 2 3 talent and experience of former magistrate court clerks of this state. The Supreme Court of Appeals shall promulgate rules 4 providing for senior magistrate court clerks to be assigned 5 6 duties as needed to serve: (1) In the place of magistrate court clerks who are on authorized leave or are otherwise unavail-7 8 able; or (2) while there is a vacancy in a magistrate court 9 clerk's office. The Supreme Court of Appeals shall further promulgate rules to provide for: (1) Reimbursement of travel 10 and other necessary expenses actually incurred while the senior 11 12 clerk is serving outside the county of his or her residence; and (2) reasonable compensation on a per diem basis: Provided, 13 That the per diem and retirement compensation of a senior 14 magistrate court clerk may not exceed the salary of the magis-15 16 trate court clerk in whose place the senior clerk is serving.



### CHAPTER 71

(S. B. 418 — By Senator Facemyer)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §50-1-14 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to authorizing civil process servers employed by a county sheriff to carry firearms and requiring training, continued annual weapons qualifications and bonding through the office of the sheriff.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §50-1-14 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1. COURTS AND OFFICERS.

### §50-1-14. Duties of sheriff; service of process; bailiff.

(a) It shall be the duty of each sheriff to execute all civil
 and criminal process from any magistrate court which may be
 directed to such sheriff. Process shall be served in the same
 manner as provided by law for process from circuit courts.

5 Subject to the supervision of the chief justice of the 6 Supreme Court of Appeals or of the judge of the circuit court, 7 or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the 8 circuit court, it shall be the duty of the sheriff, or his or her 9 designated deputy, to serve as bailiff of a magistrate court upon 10 the request of the magistrate. Such service shall also be subject 11 to such administrative rules as may be promulgated by the 12 Supreme Court of Appeals. A writ of mandamus shall lie on 13 behalf of a magistrate to enforce the provisions of this section.

(b) The sheriff of any county may employ, by and with the consent of the county commission, one or more persons whose sole duties shall be the service of civil process and the service of subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum. Any such person shall not be considered a deputy or deputy sheriff within the meaning of subdivision (2), subsection (a), section two, article fourteen, chapter seven of this code, nor shall any such person

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21 be authorized to carry deadly weapons in the performance of his or her duties: Provided, That the sheriff may authorize an 22 23 employee whose sole duties involve service of civil process to 24 carry a firearm if the employee completes all training require-25 ments otherwise applicable to deputy sheriffs for the use and 26 handling of firearms: Provided, however, That the sheriff may authorize previously certified West Virginia law-enforcement 27 28 officers to carry a deadly weapon in the performance of the 29 duties of the officers under the provisions of this section: 30 Provided further, That these officers and employees maintain yearly weapons qualifications and are bonded through the office 31 32 of the sheriff.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4148 — By Delegates Brown, DeLong, Mahan, R. Thompson, Armstead, Calvert and Faircloth)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §51-10-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §62-1C-14 of said code, all relating to bail bondspersons; requiring the Supreme Court of Appeals to adopt rules specifying the qualifications of persons and corporations applying for authority to engage in the bonding business in West Virginia; allowing bail bondsperson to deliver offenders to county and regional jails without bailpiece; setting requirements; setting forth requirements related to medical treatment of defendant prior to authorities taking custody pursuant to a bailpiece; providing for certain immunities from liability; and providing penalties.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §51-10-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §62-1C-14 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### Chapter

51. Courts and Their Officers.

62. Criminal Procedure.

### **CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.**

### ARTICLE 10. PROFESSIONAL BONDSMEN IN CRIMINAL CASES.

### §51-10-8. Qualifications of bondsmen; rules to be prescribed by Supreme Court of Appeals; lists of agents to be furnished; renewal of authority to act; false swearing.

1 (a) The Supreme Court of Appeals shall under reasonable 2 rules, specify the qualifications of persons and corporations 3 applying for authority to engage in the bonding business in 4 criminal cases in the state of West Virginia, and the terms and 5 conditions upon which the business may be carried on. After the 6 first day of September, two thousand four, no person or 7 corporation may, either as principal, or as agent, clerk, or 8 representative of another, engage in the bonding business in any 9 court regularly exercising criminal jurisdiction until qualified 10 pursuant to the rules. The Supreme Court of Appeals, in making 11 the rules, and in granting authority to persons to engage in the 12 bonding business, shall take into consideration both the 13 financial responsibility and the moral qualities of the person so 14 applying, and no person may be permitted to engage, either as 15 principal or agent, in the business of becoming surety upon 16 bonds for compensation in criminal cases, who has ever been 17 convicted of any offense involving moral turpitude, or who is 18 not known to be a person of good moral character. The court 19 shall require every person qualifying to engage in the bonding

20 business as principal to file with the court a list showing the 21 name, age, and residence of each person employed by the bondsman as agent, clerk, or representative in the bonding 22 23 business, and require an affidavit from each of the persons 24 stating that the person will abide by the terms and provisions of 25 this article. The court shall require the authority of each of the 26 persons to be renewed from time to time at periods the court 27 may by rule provide. Before the authority may be renewed the 28 court shall require from each of the persons an affidavit that 29 since his or her previous qualifications to engage in the bonding 30 business he or she has abided by the provisions of this article, 31 and any person swearing falsely in any of the affidavits is guilty 32 of false swearing.

(b) Persons authorized to engage in the bonding business in
criminal cases in the state of West Virginia on the effective date
of the amendments made to this section during the regular
session of the Legislature in two thousand four may continue to
engage in the business until the first day of September, two
thousand four.

### CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

### ARTICLE 1C. BAIL.

# §62-1C-14. Bailpiece; issuance to surety; taking accused into custody.

1 (a) A bailpiece is a certificate stating that the bail became 2 such for the accused in a particular case and the amount thereof. 3 Upon demand therefor, the court, magistrate or clerk shall issue 4 to the bail bondsperson a bailpiece. Any officer having author-5 ity to execute a warrant of arrest shall assist the bail 6 bondsperson holding such bailpiece to take the accused into 7 custody and produce him before the court or magistrate. The 8 bail bondsperson may take the accused into custody and 9 surrender him or her to the court or magistrate without such10 bailpiece.

(b) If bailpiece is inaccessible due to unavailability of the
courts' circuit clerk or magistrate, the bail bondsperson, or his
or her designee, can take an offender to a regional or county jail
without bailpiece, and the jail must accept the offender;
provided:

(1) The bail bondsperson, or his or her designee, delivering
an offender to a jail without a bailpiece issued by the courts'
circuit clerk or magistrate appears on the registered list maintained at the jails and approved by the court of original jurisdiction;

21 (2) The bail bondsperson signs an agreement provided by 22 the jail indicating that the offender has been booked in lieu of 23 bailpiece. Such agreement shall contain a clause indicating the 24 incarceration of such offender is lawful and that the jail 25 accepting the offender shall be held harmless from any claims 26 of illegal incarceration or other relative charges; thereby, such 27 bail bondsperson assumes the risk and liability of such incarcer-28 ation; and

(3) Bailpiece must be applied for by the bail bondsperson
or his or her designee from the courts' circuit clerk or magistrate and hand-delivered by the bail bondsperson or his or her
designee to the jail housing such offender on the next judicial
day following the initial intake.

(c) Any bail bondsperson who willfully fails to attempt to
obtain the appropriate bailpiece within the allotted time period
provided in subsection (b) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be prohibited from
continuing to conduct business in this state and shall be fined
not more than one thousand dollars and confined in the regional
or county jail not more than one year.

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41 (d) No officer, jailer or other person having authority to 42 accept offenders in a county or regional jail is required to 43 accept such offenders being housed in lieu of bailpiece if such 44 offender appears to be in need of medical attention of a degree necessitating treatment by a physician. If an offender is refused 45 46 pursuant to the provisions of this section, he or she may not be 47 accepted for detention until the bail bondsperson, or his or her 48 designee, provides the jailer or persons accepting such offender 49 with a written clearance from a licensed physician reflecting 50 that the offender has been examined and, if necessary, treated, 51 and which states that it is the physician's medical opinion that 52 the offender can be safely confined in the county or regional 53 jail.

(e) The regional jail authority, the county sheriff, county
commission, or any of their agents or employees, shall be
immune from liability for any claims of illegal incarceration or
other relative charges for any offender accepted into a facility
under this section.



### **CHAPTER 73**

(H. B. 4097-By Delegates Staton, Amores, Kominar and Pino)

[Passed March 9, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §59-1-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to clarifying those persons or entities responsible for paying certain fees assessed by the clerk of a circuit court for processing of criminal bonds and bailpiece.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That §59-1-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

### §59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.

(a) The clerk of a circuit court shall charge and collect for
 services rendered as such clerk the following fees, and such
 fees shall be paid in advance by the parties for whom such
 services are to be rendered:

5 (1) For instituting any civil action under the rules of civil 6 procedure, any statutory summary proceeding, any extraordi-7 nary remedy, the docketing of civil appeals or any other action, 8 cause, suit or proceeding, one hundred twenty-five dollars, of which thirty dollars of that amount shall be deposited in the 9 10 courthouse facilities improvement fund created by section six, article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code and ten 11 dollars shall be deposited in the special revenue account created 12 13 in section six hundred three, article twenty-six, chapter forty-eight of this code to provide legal services for domestic 14 15 violence victims:

16 (2) For instituting an action for medical professional 17 liability, two hundred sixty dollars, of which ten dollars of that 18 amount shall be deposited in the courthouse facilities improve-19 ment fund created by section six, article twenty-six, chapter 20 twenty-nine of this code;

(3) Beginning on and after the first day of July, one
thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, for instituting an action for
divorce, separate maintenance or annulment, one hundred
thirty-five dollars;

(4) For petitioning for the modification of an order involving child custody, child visitation, child support or spousal
support, eighty-five dollars; and

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(5) For petitioning for an expedited modification of a childsupport order, thirty-five dollars.

30 (b) In addition to the foregoing fees, the following fees31 shall likewise be charged and collected:

32 (1) For preparing an abstract of judgment, five dollars;

33 (2) For any transcript, copy or paper made by the clerk for
34 use in any other court or otherwise to go out of the office, for
35 each page, fifty cents;

- 36 (3) For action on suggestion, ten dollars;
- 37 (4) For issuing an execution, ten dollars;

(5) For issuing or renewing a suggestee execution, including copies, postage, registered or certified mail fees and the fee
provided by section four, article five-a, chapter thirty-eight of
this code, three dollars;

42 (6) For vacation or modification of a suggestee execution,43 one dollar;

44 (7) For docketing and issuing an execution on a transcript45 of judgment from magistrate's court, three dollars;

46 (8) For arranging the papers in a certified question, writ of
47 error, appeal or removal to any other court, ten dollars, of which
48 five dollars of that amount shall be deposited in the courthouse
49 facilities improvement fund created by section six, article
50 twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

51 (9) For postage and express and for sending or receiving
52 decrees, orders or records, by mail or express, three times the
53 amount of the postage or express charges;

54 (10) For each subpoena, on the part of either plaintiff or
55 defendant, to be paid by the party requesting the same, fifty
56 cents;

57 (11) For additional service (plaintiff or appellant) where
58 any case remains on the docket longer than three years, for each
59 additional year or part year, twenty dollars.

60 (c) The clerk shall tax the following fees for services in any61 criminal case against any defendant convicted in such court:

62 (1) In the case of any misdemeanor, fifty-five dollars;

(2) In the case of any felony, seventy-five dollars, of which
ten dollars of that amount shall be deposited in the courthouse
facilities improvement fund created by section six, article
twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

(d) The clerk of a circuit court shall charge and collect a fee
of twenty-five dollars per bond for services rendered by the
clerk for processing of criminal bonds, and the fee shall be paid
at the time of issuance by the person or entity set forth below:

(1) For cash bonds, the fee shall be paid by the persontendering cash as bond;

73 (2) For recognizance bonds secured by real estate, the fee74 shall be paid by the owner of the real estate serving as surety;

(3) For recognizance bonds secured by a surety company,the fee shall be paid by the surety company;

(4) For ten percent recognizance bonds with surety, the feeshall be paid by the person serving as surety; and

(5) For ten percent recognizance bonds without surety, thefee shall be paid by the person tendering ten percent of the bailamount.

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82 In instances in which the total of the bond is posted by 83 more than one bond instrument, the above fee shall be collected 84 at the time of issuance of each bond instrument processed by 85 the clerk, and all fees collected pursuant to this subsection (d) 86 shall be deposited in the courthouse facilities improvement fund 87 created by section six, article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine 88 of this code. Nothing in this subsection (d) may be construed as 89 authorizing the clerk to collect the above fee from any person 90 for the processing of a personal recognizance bond; and

(e) The clerk of a circuit court shall charge and collect a fee
of ten dollars for services rendered by the clerk for processing
of bailpiece, and the fee shall be paid by the surety at the time
of issuance. All fees collected pursuant to this subsection (e)
shall be deposited in the courthouse facilities improvement fund
created by section six, article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine
of this code.

(f) No such clerk shall be required to handle or accept for
disbursement any fees, cost or amounts, of any other officer or
party not payable into the county treasury, except it be on order
of the court or in compliance with the provisions of law
governing such fees, costs or accounts.



### CHAPTER 74

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 556 - By Senator Minard (By Request)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §46A-6C-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to credit services organiza-

tions; and exempting retailers of automobiles and trucks from the definition of credit services organizations.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §46A-6C-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 6C. CREDIT SERVICES ORGANIZATIONS.

### §46A-6C-2. Credit services organization.

1 (a) A credit services organization is a person who, with 2 respect to the extension of credit by others and in return for the 3 payment of money or other valuable consideration, provides, or 4 represents that the person can or will provide, any of the 5 following services: 6 (1) Improving a buyer's credit record, history or rating; 7 (2) Obtaining an extension of credit for a buyer; or 8 (3) Providing advice or assistance to a buyer with regard to 9 subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection. 10 (b) The following are exempt from this article: 11 (1) A person authorized to make loans or extension of credit 12 under the law of this state or the United States who is subject to 13 regulation and supervision by this state or the United States, or 14 a lender approved by the United States secretary of housing and 15 urban development for participation in a mortgage insurance 16 program under the National Housing Act (12 U. S. C. Section 17 1701, et seq.);

(2) A bank or savings and loan association whose depositor accounts are eligible for insurance by the federal deposit
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insurance corporation or the federal savings and loan insurance
corporation or a subsidiary of such a bank or savings and loan
association;

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23 (3) A credit union doing business in this state;

(4) A nonprofit organization exempt from taxation under
Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(5) A person licensed as a real estate broker or salesman
under the Real Estate Brokers License Act acting within the
course and scope of that license;

(6) A person licensed to practice law in this state acting
within the course and scope of the person's practice as an
attorney;

32 (7) A broker-dealer registered with the securities and
33 exchange commission or the commodity future trading commis34 sion acting within the course and scope of that regulation;

35 (8) A consumer reporting agency;

36 (9) A person whose primary business is making loans37 secured by liens on real property;

(10) A person whose primary business is the retail sale of
 automobiles and trucks: *Provided*, That the person is not
 extending credit for a buyer, excluding assignments; and

41 (11) A person licensed to practice public accounting in this
42 state acting within the course and scope of the person's practice
43 as an accountant.

# CHAPTER 75

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4364 — By Delegates Stemple, Shaver and Perry)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-2-10b of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to including division of forestry employees in the assault and battery statute with similar state personnel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-2-10b of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-10b. Malicious assault; unlawful assault; battery and recidivism of battery; assault on police officers, conservation officers, probation officers, humane officers, emergency medical service personnel, firefighters, fire marshal, division of forestry employees and county or state correctional employees; penalties.

1 (a) *Malicious assault.* — Any person who maliciously 2 shoots, stabs, cuts or wounds or by any means causes bodily 3 injury with intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill a police 4 officer, probation officer, conservation officer, humane officer, 5 emergency medical service personnel, firefighter, state fire 6 marshal or employee, division of forestry employee, county

7 correctional employee or state correctional employee, employee 8 of an urban mass transportation system acting in his or her 9 official capacity and the person committing the malicious 10 assault knows or has reason to know that the victim is a police 11 officer, probation officer, conservation officer, humane officer, 12 emergency medical service personnel, firefighter, state fire 13 marshal or employee, division of forestry employee, county 14 correctional employee, state correctional employee, employee 15 of an urban mass transportation system acting in his or her 16 official capacity, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a correctional facility for not less 17 18 than three nor more than fifteen years.

19 (b) Unlawful assault. — Any person who unlawfully but 20 not maliciously shoots, stabs, cuts or wounds or by any means causes a police officer, probation officer, conservation officer, 21 22 humane officer, emergency medical service personnel, firefighter, state fire marshal or employee, division of forestry 23 24 employee, county correctional employee or state correctional 25 employee, employee of an urban mass transportation system 26 acting in his or her official capacity, bodily injury with intent to 27 maim, disfigure, disable or kill him or her and the person 28 committing the unlawful assault knows or has reason to know 29 that the victim is a police officer, probation officer, conserva-30 tion officer, humane officer, emergency medical service 31 personnel, firefighter, state fire marshal or employee, division 32 of forestry employee, county correctional employee, state correctional employee, employee of an urban mass transporta-33 34 tion system acting in his or her official capacity, is guilty of a 35 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a 36 correctional facility for not less than two nor more than five 37 years.

(c) *Battery*. — Any person who unlawfully, knowingly and
 intentionally makes physical contact of an insulting or provok-

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40 ing nature with a police officer, probation officer, conservation 41 officer, humane officer, emergency medical service personnel, 42 firefighter, state fire marshal or employee, division of forestry 43 employee, county correctional employee, state correctional 44 employee, employee of a mass transportation system acting in 45 his or her official capacity, or unlawfully and intentionally 46 causes physical harm to a police officer, probation officer, 47 conservation officer, humane officer, emergency medical 48 service personnel, firefighter, state fire marshal or employee, 49 division of forestry employee, county correctional employee, 50 state correctional employee, employee of an urban mass 51 transportation system acting in such capacity, is guilty of a 52 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in 53 the county or regional jail for not less than one month nor more 54 than twelve months, fined the sum of five hundred dollars, or 55 both. If any person commits a second such offense, he or she is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 56 57 confined in a correctional facility for not less than one year nor 58 more than three years or fined the sum of one thousand dollars 59 or both fined and confined. Any person who commits a third 60 violation of this subsection is guilty of a felony and, upon 61 conviction thereof, shall be confined in a correctional facility 62 not less than two years nor more than five years or fined not more than two thousand dollars or both fined and confined. 63

(d) Assault. - Any person who unlawfully attempts to 64 65 commit a violent injury to the person of a police officer, 66 probation officer, conservation officer, humane officer, 67 emergency medical service personnel, firefighter, state fire 68 marshal or employee, division of forestry employee, county 69 correctional employee, state correctional employee, employee 70 of a mass transportation system acting in his or her official 71 capacity, or unlawfully commits an act which places a police 72 officer, probation officer, conservation officer, humane officer,

73 emergency medical service personnel, firefighter, division of 74 forestry employee, county correctional employee or state 75 correctional employee, employee of a mass transportation 76 system acting in his or her official capacity in reasonable apprehension of immediately receiving a violent injury, is 77 78 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than 79 80 twenty-four hours nor more than six months, fined not more

- 81 than two hundred dollars, or both fined and confined.
- 82 (e) For purposes of this section:

83 (1) "Police officer" means any person employed by the 84 state police, any person employed by the state to perform law-85 enforcement duties, any person employed by a political 86 subdivision of this state who is responsible for the prevention 87 or detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic 88 or highway laws of this state or employed as a special police 89 officer as defined in section forty-one, article three of this 90 chapter.

91 (2) "Employee of an urban mass transportation system"
92 means any person employed by an urban mass transportation
93 system as such is defined in section three, article twenty-seven,
94 chapter eight of this code or by a system that receives federal
95 transit administration funding under 49 U.S.C. §5307 or 5311.

96 (3) "Division of forestry employee" means an officer,97 agent, employee, or servant, whether full-time or not, of the98 division of forestry.



## CHAPTER 76

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4433 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegates Pino, Webb, Stemple, Schadler, Craig and Amores)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-2-29 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult; adding the crimes of abuse and neglect of an elder person age sixty-five years or older and the crime of misuse and misappropriation of the funds or assets of an elder person; and creating the crime of misuse or misappropriation of the funds or assets of an elder person through deception, intimidation, coercion, the infliction of bodily injury or the threat of bodily injury; and penalties.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-2-29 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.**

§61-2-29. Abuse or neglect of incapacitated adult; abuse or neglect of elder person; misappropriation or misuse of assets or funds of elder person; misappropriation or misuse of assets or funds of elder person through deception, intimidation, coercion, bodily injury or threats of bodily injury; penalties. (a) The following words when used in this section have the
 meaning ascribed, unless the context clearly indicates other wise:

4 (1) "Abuse" means the infliction or threat to inflict physical
5 pain or injury on an incapacitated adult or elder person;

6 (2) "Caregiver" means an adult who has or shares actual 7 physical possession or care of an incapacitated adult or elder 8 person on a full-time or temporary basis, regardless of whether 9 such person has been designated as a guardian of such adult by any contract, agreement or legal proceeding. Caregiver includes 10 11 health care providers, family members, and any person who 12 otherwise voluntarily accepts a supervisory role towards an 13 incapacitated adult or elder person;

(3) "Neglect" means: (i) The failure to provide the necessities of life to an incapacitated adult or elder person; or (ii) the
unlawful expenditure or willful dissipation of the funds or other
assets owned or paid to or for the benefit of an incapacitated
adult or elder person;

(4) "Incapacitated adult" means any person who by reason
of physical, mental or other infirmity is unable to physically
carry on the daily activities of life necessary to sustaining life
and reasonable health;

23 (5) "Elder" means a person age sixty-five years or older;

(6) "Bodily injury" means substantial physical pain, illnessor any impairment of physical condition; and

(7) "Custodian" means a person over the age of eighteen
years who has or shares actual physical possession of care and
custody of an elder person on a full-time or temporary basis,
regardless of whether the person has been granted custody of
the elder person by any contract, agreement or legal proceeding.

31 (b) Any person, caregiver, guardian or custodian who 32 neglects an incapacitated adult or elder person, or who know-33 ingly permits another person to neglect said adult, is guilty of 34 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 35 less than five hundred dollars nor more than fifteen hundred 36 dollars, or imprisoned in the county or regional jail for not less 37 than ninety days nor more than one year, or both fined and 38 imprisoned.

39 (c) Any person, caregiver, guardian or custodian who
40 intentionally abuses or neglects an incapacitated adult or elder
41 person is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall,
42 in the discretion of the court, be confined in a state correctional
43 facility for not less than two nor more than ten years.

44 (d) If any person, caregiver, guardian or custodian of an 45 elder person or incapacitated adult, willfully misappropriates, 46 or misuses the funds or assets of an incapacitated adult or elder 47 person for the person's, caregiver's, guardian's, or custodian's 48 personal use, advantage or wrongful profit or to the advantage 49 or wrongful profit of another, he or she is guilty of a felony and, 50 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five 51 thousand dollars and incarcerated in a correctional facility not 52 less than two nor more than ten years.

53 (e) If any person, caregiver, guardian or custodian of an 54 elder person or incapacitated adult, by means of deception, 55 intimidation, coercion, infliction of bodily injury or threats of 56 the infliction of bodily injury, willfully misappropriates, or misuses the funds or assets of an incapacitated adult or elder 57 58 person for the person's, caregiver's, guardian's, or custodian's 59 personal use, advantage or wrongful profit or to the advantage 60 or wrongful profit of another, he or she is guilty of a felony and, 61 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five 62 thousand dollars and incarcerated in a correctional facility not 63 less than five nor more than fifteen years.

(f) Nothing in this article shall be construed to mean an
adult is abused or neglected for the sole reason that his or her
independent decision is to rely upon treatment by spiritual
means in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination or organization in lieu
of medical treatment.



## CHAPTER 77

(S. B. 558 - By Senators Caldwell, Rowe and McKenzie)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-3-20 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-20a, all relating to crimes of embezzlement; removing certain evidentiary presumptions which have been deemed unconstitutional; creating a new crime of embezzlement related to the wilful and fraudulent misuse of a power of attorney or other fiduciary relationship; and providing that such crimes of embezzlement or fraudulent conversion to be punishable as larceny.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-3-20 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-20a, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

§61-3-20. Embezzlement.

§61-3-20a. Embezzlement by misuse of power of attorney or other fiduciary relationship; penalty.

### §61-3-20. Embezzlement.

1 If any officer, agent, clerk or servant of this state, or of any 2 county, district, school district or municipal corporation, or of 3 any banking institution, or other corporation, or any officer of 4 public trust in this state, or any agent, clerk or servant of any 5 firm or person, or company or association of persons not 6 incorporated, embezzles or fraudulently convert to his own use, 7 bullion, money, bank notes, drafts, security for money, or any 8 effects or property of any other person, which shall have come 9 into his possession, or been placed under his care or manage-10 ment, by virtue of his office, place or employment, he shall be guilty of the larceny thereof. If such guilty person be an officer, 11 12 agent, clerk or servant of any banking institution, he shall be 13 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 14 imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than ten years. And it 15 shall not be necessary to describe in the indictment, or to 16 identify upon the trial, the particular bullion, money, bank note, 17 draft or security for money which is so taken, converted to his 18 own use or embezzled by him.

19 And whenever any officer, agent, clerk or servant of this 20 state, or of any county, district, school district or municipal 21 corporation, shall appropriate or use for his own benefit, or for 22 the benefit of any other person, any bullion, money, bank notes, 23 drafts, security for money or funds belonging to this state or to 24 any such county, district, school district or municipal corpora-25 tion, he shall be held to have embezzled the same and be guilty 26 of the larceny thereof. In the prosecution of any such officer, 27 agent, clerk or servant of this state or of any county, district, 28 school district or municipal corporation charged with appropria-29 tion or use for his own benefit or the benefit of any other 30 person, any bullion, money, bank notes, drafts, security for 31 money or funds belonging to this state or to any county, district, 32 school district or municipal corporation, it shall not be neces-

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- 33 sary to describe in the indictment, or to identify upon the trial,
- 34 the particular bullion, money, bank notes, drafts, security for
- 35 money or funds appropriated or used for his own benefit or for
- 36 the benefit of any other person.

# §61-3-20a. Embezzlement by misuse of power of attorney or other fiduciary relationship; penalty.

1 Any person who holds a fiduciary power of attorney or who 2 has a fiduciary relationship with a person and in so doing 3 wilfully and with intent to defraud embezzles, misappropriates 4 or fraudulently converts for his or her own benefit, or for the 5 benefit of another, the assets or property, real or personal, with 6 which he or she has been entrusted, or misuses or misappropri-7 ates funds from the person to whom he or she owes a fiduciary 8 duty or misuses any account, line of credit or credit card of the 9 principal for purposes not contemplated by the terms of the 10 power of attorney instrument or fiduciary relationship, or for purposes not intended by the principal in the execution of the 11 power of attorney or for purposes not intended by the fiduciary 12 13 relationship, shall be held to have embezzled the same and, 14 upon conviction, shall be deemed guilty of the larceny thereof.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2200 - By Delegate Schadler)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-3-30 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to creating the felony offense of injury, defacing or destruction of property causing damage, destruction or diminution in value of twenty-five hundred dollars or more; and providing penalties. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-3-30 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

## §61-3-30. Removal, injury to or destruction of property, monuments designating land boundaries and of certain no trespassing signs; penalties.

(a) If any person unlawfully, but not feloniously, takes and
carries away, or destroys, injures or defaces any property, real
or personal, of another, he or she is guilty of a misdemeanor
and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five
hundred dollars, or confined in the county or regional jail not
more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

(b) Any person who unlawfully, willfully and intentionally 7 8 destroys, injures or defaces the real or personal property of one 9 or more other persons or entities during the same act, series of 10 acts or course of conduct causing a loss in the value of the 11 property in an amount of two thousand five hundred dollars or more, is guilty of the felony offense of destruction of property 12 13 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two 14 thousand five hundred dollars or imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than ten 15 years, or in the discretion of the court, confined in the county or 16 17 regional jail not more than one year, or both fined and impris-18 oned.

19 (c) If any person breaks down, destroys, injures, defaces or removes any monument erected for the purpose of designating 20 21 the boundaries of a municipality, tract or lot of land, or any tree 22 marked for that purpose, or any sign or notice upon private 23 property designating no trespassing upon the property, except 24 signs or notices posted in accordance with the provisions and 25 purposes of sections seven, eight and ten, article two, chapter twenty of this code, he or she is guilty of a misdemeanor and, 26

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27 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty 28 dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or confined in the 29 county or regional jail not less than one nor more than six 30 months, or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have 31 concurrent jurisdiction of all offenses arising under the provi-32 sions of this section. The provisions of this paragraph do not 33 apply to the owner, or his or her agent, of the lands on which 34 such signs or notices are posted.



## **CHAPTER 79**

## (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4104 — By Delegates Morgan, Kominar, Mahan, Stemple, Craig, Amores and Staton)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-56, relating to creating the crimes of scanning device and reencoder fraud; providing definitions; and establishing criminal penalties therefor.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-56, to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.**

## §61-3-56. Scanning device or reencoder fraud; felony; definitions; and penalties.

1 (a) As used in this section, the term:

2 (1) "Authorized user" means the person to whom a payment
3 card is issued or any other person acting with the permission of
4 the person to whom the card is issued;

(2) "Merchant" means an owner or operator of any retail 5 mercantile establishment or any agent, employee, lessee, 6 consignee, officer, director, franchisee or independent contrac-7 tor of the owner or operator. A "merchant" also means a person 8 who receives from an authorized user of a payment card, or 9 someone the person believes to be an authorized user, a 10 payment card or information from a payment card, or what the 11 12 person believes to be a payment card or information from a payment card, as the instrument for obtaining, purchasing or 13 receiving goods, services, money or anything else of value from 14 15 the person;

16 (3) "Payment card" means a credit card, charge card, debit 17 card, hotel key card, stored value card or any other card that is 18 issued to an authorized card user and that allows the user to 19 obtain, purchase or receive goods, services, money or anything 20 else of value from a merchant;

(4) "Reencoder" means an electronic device that places
encoded information from the magnetic strip or stripe of a
payment card onto the magnetic strip or stripe of a different
payment card; and

(5) "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader or any other
electronic device that is used to access, read, scan, obtain,
memorize or store, temporarily or permanently, information
encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card.

29 (b) Any person who uses a scanning device to access, read, 30 obtain, memorize or store, temporarily or permanently, information encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a payment 31 32 card without the permission of the authorized user of the 33 payment card and with the intent to defraud the authorized user, the issuer of the authorized user's payment card or a merchant 34 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 35 36 be fined not more than two thousand five hundred dollars or

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confined in a county or regional jail for not more than one year,or both.

39 (c) Any person who uses a reencoder to place information encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card onto 40 the magnetic strip or stripe of a different card without the 41 permission of the authorized user of the card from which the 42 information is being reencoded and with the intent to defraud 43 44 the authorized user, the issuer of the authorized user's payment 45 card or a merchant is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 46 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two thousand five hundred dollars or confined in a county or regional jail not 47 48 more than one year, or both.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) and
(c) of this section, any person who is convicted of the provisions of subsection (b) or (c) of this section who has previously
been convicted of a violation of either subsection shall be guilty
of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned in a state
correctional facility for not less than one nor more than three
years or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4388 — By Delegates Morgan, Craig, Leach, Stemple, Varner, Kominar and Smirl)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-57, relating to creating the criminal offense of possession of fraudulently obtained or counterfeit sales receipts or universal product codes or devices to produce counterfeit sales receipts or universal

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product codes with the intent to cheat or defraud; creating new felony offense for such illegal activity; and establishing penalties.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-57, to read as follows:

## **ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.**

## §61-3-57. Possession of bogus receipts or universal product codes with intent to defraud; penalties.

1 Any person who, with intent to defraud, possesses fifteen 2 or more fraudulently obtained or counterfeit sales receipts or fraudulently obtained or counterfeit universal product codes, or 3 possesses a device the purpose of which is to manufacture 4 counterfeit retail sales receipts or counterfeit universal product 5 6 code labels, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 7 shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 8 five thousand dollars or imprisoned in a state correctional 9 facility not less than one year nor more than three years, or 10 both.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4492 — By Delegates Howard, Caruth, Sobonya and Armstead)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3C-14b, relating to

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creating the criminal offense of soliciting certain minors or one believed to be a minor via computer to commit violations of certain criminal laws; and providing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3C-14b, to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 3C. WEST VIRGINIA COMPUTER CRIME AND ABUSE ACT.

## **§61-3C-14b.** Soliciting, etc. a minor via computer; penalty.

1 Any person over the age of eighteen, who knowingly uses 2 a computer to solicit, entice, seduce or lure, or attempt to 3 solicit, entice, seduce or lure, a minor known or believed to be 4 at least four years younger than the person using the computer 5 or a person he or she believes to be such a minor, to commit 6 any illegal act proscribed by the provisions of articles eight, 7 eight-b, eight-c or eight-d of this chapter, or any felony offense under section four hundred one, article four, chapter sixty-a of 8 9 this code, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 10 shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned 11 in a state correctional facility not less than two nor more than 12 ten years, or both.



(Com. Sub. for S. B. 508 — By Senators Plymale, Tomblin, Mr. President, Edgell, Dempsey and Hunter)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §29-1-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to membership of the commission on the arts; and expenditure of moneys in the cultural facilities and capital resources matching grant program fund.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §29-1-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## **ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF CULTURE AND HISTORY.**

## §29-1-3. Commission on the arts.

- 1 (a) The commission on the arts is continued and shall be composed of fifteen appointed voting members and the ex 2
- 3 officio nonvoting members set forth or authorized for appoint-
- 4 ment in this section.

5 (b) (1) The governor shall appoint, by and with the advice 6 and consent of the Senate, the voting members of the commis-7 sion for staggered terms of three years. A person appointed to 8 fill a vacancy shall be appointed only for the remainder of that 9 term.

10 (2) No more than eight voting members may be of the same 11 political party. Effective the first day of July, two thousand 12 four, no more than three voting members may be from the same 13 regional educational service agency district created in section 14 twenty-six, article two, chapter eighteen of this code. Voting 15 members of the commission shall be appointed so as to fairly 16 represent both sexes, the ethnic and cultural diversity of the 17 state and the geographic regions of the state.

18 (3) The commission shall elect one of its members as chair. 19 It shall meet at the times specified by the chair. Notice of each 20 meeting shall be given to each member by the chair in compli-21 ance with the open meetings laws of the state. A majority of 22 the voting members constitute a quorum for the transaction of 23 business. The director of the arts section shall be an ex officio

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nonvoting member of the commission and shall serve as
secretary. The director or a majority of the members also may
call a meeting upon notice as provided in this section.

(4) Each voting member or ex officio nonvoting member of
the commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be
reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually
incurred in the performance of the duties of the office; except
that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a
third party, the member or ex officio member, as the case may
be, shall not be reimbursed by the state.

34 (5) Upon recommendation of the commissioner, the
35 governor also may appoint those officers of the state that are
36 appropriate to serve on the commission as ex officio nonvoting
37 members.

38 (c) The commission may:

39 (1) Advise the commissioner and the director of the arts
40 section concerning the accomplishment of the purposes of that
41 section and establish a state plan with respect to the arts section;

42 (2) Approve and distribute grants-in-aid and awards from
43 federal and state funds relating to the purposes of the arts
44 section;

(3) Request, accept or expend federal funds to accomplish
the purposes of the arts section when federal law or regulations
would prohibit those actions by the commissioner or section
director, but would permit them to be done by the commission
on the arts;

50 (4) Otherwise encourage and promote the purposes of the 51 arts section;

(5) Approve rules concerning the professional policies and
functions of the section as promulgated by the director of the
arts section; and

## CULTURE AND HISTORY [Ch. 82

(6) Advise and consent to the appointment of the directorby the commissioner.

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(d) A special revenue account in the state treasury, known
as the "cultural facilities and capital resources matching grant
program fund", is continued. The fund shall consist of moneys
received under section ten, article twenty-two-a of this chapter
and funds from any other source. The moneys in the fund shall
be expended in accordance with the following:

63 (1) Fifty percent of the moneys deposited in the fund shall be expended by the commission on the arts for capital improve-64 65 ments, preservation and operations of cultural facilities: 66 Provided, That the commission on the arts may use no more 67 than twenty-five percent of the funding for operations of 68 cultural facilities pursuant to the rule required by this subdivi-69 sion: Provided, however, That the commission shall make a 70 women's veterans memorial statue a priority when expending 71 the funds: *Provided further*, That the commission shall submit 72 the plans for the statue to the secretary of administration for his 73 or her approval. The commission on the arts shall propose rules 74 for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of 75 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to create a 76 matching grant program for cultural facilities and capital 77 resources: and

(2) Fifty percent of the moneys deposited in the fund shallbe expended by the division of culture and history for:

80 (A) Capital improvements, preservation and operation of81 cultural facilities that are managed by the division; and

(B) Capital improvements, preservation and operation ofcultural facilities that are not managed by the division.

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DISABILITIES



## CHAPTER 83

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4009 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §5A-1-11, relating to creating the position of state Americans with disabilities coordinator within the department of administration; powers and duties; authorizing assessing fees to other state agencies for the coordinator's services; creating special fund; annual report; and sunset provision.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5A-1-11, to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

## §5A-1-11. State Americans with disabilities coordinator.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created within the department of
- 2 administration the position of the state Americans with disabili-
- 3 ties coordinator, who shall be appointed by the secretary of the
- 4 department of administration with input from the chairperson
- 5 from each of the following four councils:
- 6 (1) The developmental disabilities council;
- 7 (2) The statewide independent living council;

DISABILITIES (3) The mental health planning council; and (4) The state rehabilitation council. (b) The coordinator shall be a full-time employee, and shall have an in-depth working knowledge of the challenges facing persons with disabilities. The coordinator may be a current employee of the department of administration or other state agency employee. (c) The coordinator shall: (1) Advise the director of personnel in the development of comprehensive policies and programs for the development, implementation and monitoring of a statewide program to assure compliance with 42 U.S.C. §12101, et seq., the federal Americans with Disabilities Act: (2) Assist in the formulation of rules and standards relating to the review, investigation and resolution of complaints of discrimination in employment, education, housing and public accommodation:

25 (3) Consult and collaborate with state and federal agency 26 officials in the state plan development;

27 (4) Consult and collaborate with agency Americans with 28 disabilities officers on the appropriate training for managers and supervisors on regulations and issues; 29

30 (5) Represent the state on local, state and national committees and panels related to Americans with disabilities; 31

32 (6) Advise the governor and agency heads on Americans 33 with disabilities issues:

34 (7) Consult with state equal employment opportunity officers on the hiring of persons with disabilities; and 35

36 (8) Be available to inspect and advise the leasing section of the division of purchasing on all physical properties owned or 37

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## DISABILITIES

38 leased by the state of West Virginia for compliance with 42

39 U.S.C. §12101, *et seq.*, the federal Americans with Disabilities40 Act.

(d)(1) The secretary of the department of administration
may assess, charge and collect fees from each state spending
unit which utilizes the services of the coordinator, for the direct
costs and expenses incurred by the coordinator in providing
those services. Costs and expenses include travel, materials,
equipment and supplies. Moneys shall be collected through the
division of finance.

48 (2) A state spending unit shall agree in writing to all costs
49 and expenses before the services by the Americans with
50 disabilities coordinator are rendered.

(e) There is hereby created in the department of administration a special fund to be named the "Americans with Disabilities Coordinator Fund", which shall be an interest-bearing account and may be invested in accordance with the provisions of article six, chapter twelve of this code, with the interest income a proper credit to the fund. Funds paid into the account may be derived from the following sources:

(1) All moneys received from state spending units for the
costs and expenses incurred by the state Americans with
disabilities coordinator for providing services related to the
state's implementation and compliance with 42 U.S.C. §12101, *et seq.*, the federal Americans with Disabilities Act;

63 (2) Any gifts, grants, bequests, transfers or donations which
64 may be received from any governmental entity or unit or any
65 person, firm, foundation or corporation; and

66 (3) All interest or return on investment accruing to the fund.

(f) Moneys in the fund are to be used for the costs and
expenses incurred pursuant to this section. Any balance
including accrued interest in this special fund at the end of any
fiscal year shall not revert to the general revenue fund, but shall

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71 remain in the fund for use by the secretary of the department of

72 administration for providing additional Americans with 73 disabilities coordinator services within the state of West

- 73 disabilities coordinator services within the state of West
- 74 Virginia in the ensuing fiscal years.

75 (g) The secretary of the department of administration shall

- 76 report annually on the fund to the governor, president of the
- 77 Senate and speaker of the House of Delegates. The report must
- 78 be on CD ROM or other electronic media and shall not be in
- 79 print format.
- 80 (h) The state Americans with disabilities coordinator shall

81 continue to exist until the first day of July, two thousand nine,

- 82 unless sooner terminated, continued or reestablished pursuant
- 83 to the provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code.



## (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4156 — By Delegates Webster, Brown, Mahan, R. Thompson, Armstead, Calvert and Faircloth)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

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**CLERK'S NOTE:** It has been determined that H. B. 4156, originally styled as Chapter 84 was incorrectly enrolled and signed by the Governor in an incorrect form.

Therefore, the Governor not having received and signed a true and correct copy of the bill as passed by both houses, H. B. 4156 did not become law.

The text formerly occupied pages 442 through 449, which have been omitted.

# PAGES 443-449 HAVE BEEN INTENTIONALLY OMITTED

## CHAPTER 85

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4605 — By Delegates Amores, Fleischauer, Mahan, Brown and Webster)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §48-5-509 and §48-5-608 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §48-27-401, §48-27-902, §48-27-903, §48-27-1001 and §48-27-1102 of said code; to amend and reenact §61-2-9 and §61-2-28 of said code; and to amend and reenact §61-7-4 and §61-7-7 of said code, all relating to domestic violence generally; clarifying the relationship between temporary and final domestic violence protective orders and the provisions of protective measures reflected in temporary or final divorce orders entered in divorce proceedings or other types of domestic proceedings; making the violation of emergency or final protective orders issued by injunctive relief or protective order in a divorce proceeding a misdemeanor; clarifying provisions related to the arrest and criminal enforcement of protective order violations; clarifying the penalties which may be imposed for the first and subsequent violation of such protective orders; authorizing the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction to develop and promulgate rules regarding the procedures for the dispatch of matters involving domestic violence; relating to prohibitions against the issuance of licenses and permits to carry concealed weapons and the possession of firearms as they pertain to persons who have been convicted of domestic violence offenses and/or are subject to domestic violence protection orders; and clarifying who is proscribed from possessing a firearm due to domestic violence convictions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That §48-5-509 and §48-5-608 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §48-27-401, §48-27-902, §48-27-903, §48-27-1001 and §48-27-1102 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §61-2-9 and §61-2-28 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that §61-7-4 and §61-7-7 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

## **CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.**

#### Article

- 5. Divorce.
- 27. Prevention and Treatment of Domestic Violence.

## **ARTICLE 5. DIVORCE.**

# PART 5. TEMPORARY RELIEF DURING PENDENCY OF ACTION FOR DIVORCE.

§48-5-509. Enjoining abuse, emergency protective order.§48-5-608. Injunctive relief or protective orders.

## §48-5-509. Enjoining abuse, emergency protective order.

1 (a) The court may enjoin the offending party from mo-2 lesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing 3 any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfer-4 ing with the custodial or visitation rights of the other. This 5 order may enjoin the offending party from:

6 (1) Entering the school, business or place of employment 7 of the other for the purpose of molesting or harassing the 8 other;

9 (2) Contacting the other, in person or by telephone, for 10 the purpose of harassment or threats; or

## DOMESTIC RELATIONS

11 (3) Harassing or verbally abusing the other in a public12 place.

(b) Any order entered by the court to protect a party from
abuse may grant any other relief authorized by the provisions
of article twenty-seven of this chapter, if the party seeking
the relief has established the grounds for that relief as required by the provisions of said article.

18 (c) The court, in its discretion, may enter a protective order, as provided in article twenty-seven of this chapter, as 19 part of the final relief granted in a divorce action, either as a 20 21 part of an order for temporary relief or as part of a separate 22 order. Notwithstanding the provisions of section five hundred 23 five of said article, a protective order entered pursuant to the 24 provisions of this subsection shall remain in effect until a 25 final order is entered in the divorce, unless otherwise ordered by the judge. 26

## PART 6. JUDGMENT ORDERING DIVORCE.

## §48-5-608. Injunctive relief or protective orders.

(a) When allegations of abuse have been proved, the 1 2 court shall enjoin the offending party from molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint 3 on the personal liberty of the other or interfering with the 4 5 custodial or visitation rights of the other. The order may permanently enjoin the offending party from entering the school, 6 7 business or place of employment of the other for the purpose 8 of molesting or harassing the other; or from contacting the other, in person or by telephone, for the purpose of harass-9 ment or threats; or from harassing or verbally abusing the 10 11 other in a public place.

(b) Any order entered by the court to protect a party from abuse may grant any other relief authorized to be awarded by the provisions of article twenty-seven of this chapter, if the party seeking the relief has established the grounds for that relief as required by the provisions of said article.

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#### DOMESTIC RELATIONS

17 (c) The court, in its discretion, may enter a protective order, as provided by the provisions of article twenty-seven 18 19 of this chapter, as part of the final relief in a divorce action, 20 either as a part of a order for final relief or in a separate order. A protective order entered pursuant to the provisions of 21 this subsection shall remain in effect for the period of time 22 23 ordered by the court not to exceed one hundred eighty days: Provided, That if the court determines that a violation of a 24 25 domestic violence protective order entered during or ex-26 tended by the divorce action has occurred, it may extend the protective order for whatever period the court deems neces-27 28 sary to protect the safety of the petitioner and others threat-29 ened or at risk.

## ARTICLE 27. PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC VIO-LENCE.

## PART 4. COORDINATION WITH PENDING COURT ACTIONS.

- §48-27-401. Interaction between domestic proceedings
- §48-27-902. Violations of protective orders; criminal complaints.
- §48-27-903. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.
- §48-27-1001. Arrest for violations of protective orders.
- §48-27-1102. Authorization for the promulgation of legislative rules.

## §48-27-401. Interaction between domestic proceedings.

- (a) During the pendency of a divorce action, a person
   may file for and be granted relief provided by this article
   until an order is entered in the divorce action pursuant to part
   5-501, *et seq*.
- 5 (b) If a person who has been granted relief under this 6 article should subsequently become a party to an action for 7 divorce, separate maintenance or annulment, such person 8 shall remain entitled to the relief provided under this article 9 including the right to file for and obtain any further relief, so 10 long as no temporary order has been entered in the action for

11 divorce, annulment and separate maintenance, pursuant to 12 part 5-501, *et seq*.

(c) Except as provided in section 5-509 of this chapter 13 and section 27-402 of this article for a petition and a tempo-14 rary emergency protective order, no person who is a party to 15 a pending action for divorce, separate maintenance or annul-16 ment in which an order has been entered pursuant to part 5-17 501, et seq., of this chapter, shall be entitled to file for or 18 obtain relief against another party to that action under this 19 article until after the entry of a final order which grants or 20 21 dismisses the action for divorce, annulment or separate main-22 tenance.

23 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in section 27-505, when an action seeking a divorce, an annulment or 24 separate maintenance, the allocation of custodial responsibil-25 ity or a habeas corpus action to establish custody, the estab-26 lishment of paternity, the establishment or enforcement of 27 child support, or other relief under the provisions of this 28 chapter is filed or is reopened by petition, motion or other-29 wise, then any order issued pursuant to this article which is in 30 effect on the day the action is filed or reopened shall remain 31 in full force and effect by operation of this statute until: (1) A 32 temporary or final order is entered pursuant to the provisions 33 of part 5-501, et seq. or part 6-601 et seq. of this chapter; or 34 (2) an order is entered modifying such order issued pursuant 35 to this article; or (3) the entry of a final order granting or 36 37 dismissing the action.

## PART 9. SANCTIONS.

## §48-27-902. Violations of protective orders; criminal complaints.

1 (a) When a respondent abuses the petitioner or minor 2 children, or both, or is physically present at any location in 3 knowing and willful violation of the terms of an emergency 4 or final protective order under the provisions of this article or 5 sections 5-509 or 5-608 of this chapter granting the relief

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6 pursuant to the provisions of this article, any person autho7 rized to file a petition pursuant to the provisions of section
8 27-305 or the legal guardian or guardian ad litem may file a
9 petition for civil contempt as set forth in section 27-901.

10 (b) When any such violation of a valid order has oc-11 curred, the petitioner may file a criminal complaint. If the 12 court finds probable cause upon the complaint, the court shall 13 issue a warrant for arrest of the person charged.

## \*§48-27-903. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.

1 (a) A respondent who abuses the petitioner or minor children or who is physically present at any location in know-2 ing and willful violation of the terms of: (1) An emergency or 3 final protective order issued under the provisions of this arti-4 cle or sections 5-509 or 5-608 of this chapter granting relief 5 pursuant to the provisions of this article; or (2) a condition of 6 bail, probation or parole which has the express intent or ef-7 fect of protecting the personal safety of a particular person or 8 persons is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 9 thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for a 10 period of not less than one day nor more than one year, which 11 jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than 12 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than two hun-13 dred fifty dollars nor more than two thousand dollars. 14

15 (b) A respondent who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under subsection (a) of this section is guilty of 16 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be con-17 fined in the county or regional jail for not less than three 18 19 months nor more than one year, which jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and 20 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than three 21 22 thousand dollars, or both.

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by S. B. 258 (Chapter 86), which passed prior to this act.

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## PART 10. ARRESTS.

## §48-27-1001. Arrest for violations of protective orders.

1 (a) When a law-enforcement officer observes any respondent abuse the petitioner or minor children or the respon-2 dent's physical presence at any location in knowing and will-3 ful violation of the terms of an emergency or final protective 4 order issued under the provisions of this article or section 5-5 509 or 5-608 of this chapter granting the relief pursuant to the 6 provisions of this article, he or she shall immediately arrest 7 8 the respondent.

9 (b) When a family or household member is alleged to 10 have committed a violation of the provisions of section 27-11 903, a law-enforcement officer may arrest the perpetrator for 12 said offense where:

(1) The law-enforcement officer has observed credible
corroborative evidence, as defined in subsection 27-1002(b),
that the offense has occurred; and

(2) The law-enforcement officer has received, from the
victim or a witness, a verbal or written allegation of the facts
constituting a violation of section 27-903; or

19 (3) The law-enforcement officer has observed credible20 evidence that the accused committed the offense.

(c) Any person who observes a violation of a protective
order as described in this section, or the victim of such abuse
or unlawful presence, may call a local law-enforcement
agency, which shall verify the existence of a current order,
and shall direct a law-enforcement officer to promptly investigate the alleged violation.

(d) Where there is an arrest, the officer shall take the
arrested person before a circuit court or a magistrate and,
upon a finding of probable cause to believe a violation of an
order as set forth in this section has occurred, the court or

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magistrate shall set a time and place for a hearing in accor-dance with the West Virginia rules of criminal procedure.

## PART 11. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

## §48-27-1102. Authorization for the promulgation of legislative rules.

The governor's committee on crime, delinquency and 1 correction shall develop and promulgate rules for state, 2 county and municipal law-enforcement officers, law-enforce-3 ment agencies and communications and emergency opera-4 tions centers which dispatch law-enforcement officers with 5 6 regard to domestic violence: Provided, That such rules and 7 procedures must be consistent with the priority criteria prescribed by generally applicable department procedures. Prior 8 to the publication of proposed rules, the governor's commit-9 tee on crime, delinquency and correction shall convene a 10 meeting or meetings of an advisory committee to assist in the 11 12 development of the rules. The advisory committee shall be composed of persons invited by the committee to represent 13 state, county and local law-enforcement agencies and offi-14 cers, to represent magistrates and court officials, to represent 15 victims of domestic violence, to represent shelters receiving 16 17 funding pursuant to article 26-101, et seq., of this chapter, to represent communications and emergency operations centers 18 that dispatch law enforcement officers and to represent other 19 persons or organizations who, in the discretion of the com-20 21 mittee, have an interest in the rules. The rules and the revi-22 sions thereof as provided in this section shall be promulgated as legislative rules in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a 23 of this code. The committee shall meet at least annually to 24 review the rules and to propose revisions as a result of 25 26 changes in law or policy.

## CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

#### Article

- 2. Crimes Against the Person.
- 7. Dangerous Weapons.

#### ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-9. Malicious or unlawful assault; assault; battery; penalties.

§61-2-28. Domestic violence - Criminal acts.

## §61-2-9. Malicious or unlawful assault; assault; battery; penalties.

1 (a) If any person maliciously shoot, stab, cut or wound 2 any person, or by any means cause him bodily injury with intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill, he shall, except 3 4 where it is otherwise provided, be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished by confinement in the 5 penitentiary not less than two nor more than ten years. If such 6 act be done unlawfully, but not maliciously, with the intent 7 aforesaid, the offender shall be guilty of a felony and, upon 8 conviction, shall, in the discretion of the court, either be con-9 fined in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than five 10 years, or be confined in jail not exceeding twelve months and 11 fined not exceeding five hundred dollars. 12

13 (b) Assault. — If any person unlawfully attempts to commit a violent injury to the person of another or unlawfully 14 15 commits an act which places another in reasonable apprehension of immediately receiving a violent injury, he shall be 16 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be con-17 fined in jail for not more than six months, or fined not more 18 19 than one hundred dollars, or both such fine and imprison-20 ment.

(c) *Battery.* — If any person unlawfully and intentionally makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with the person of another or unlawfully and intentionally causes physical harm to another person, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be confined in jail for not more than twelve months, or fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both such fine and imprisonment.

(d) Any person convicted of a violation of subsection (b)or (c) of this section who has, in the ten years prior to said

30 conviction, been convicted of a violation of either subsection 31 (b) or (c) of this section where the victim was a current or 32 former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, a 33 person with whom the defendant has a child in common, a 34 person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a 35 parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a mem-36 ber of the defendant's household at the time of the offense or 37 convicted of a violation of section twenty-eight of this article or has served a period of pretrial diversion for an alleged 38 violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this section or section 39 twenty-eight of this article when the victim has such present 40 41 or past relationship shall upon conviction be subject to the 42 penalties set forth in section twenty-eight of this article for a 43 second, third or subsequent criminal act of domestic violence 44 offense, as appropriate.

## §61-2-28. Domestic violence — Criminal acts.

1 (a) Domestic battery. — Any person who unlawfully and 2 intentionally makes physical contact of an insulting or pro-3 voking nature with his or her family or household member or 4 unlawfully and intentionally causes physical harm to his or 5 her family or household member, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or 6 7 regional jail for not more than twelve months, or fined not 8 more than five hundred dollars, or both.

(b) Domestic assault. -- Any person who unlawfully 9 10 attempts to commit a violent injury against his or her family 11 or household member or unlawfully commits an act which 12 places his or her family or household member in reasonable 13 apprehension of immediately receiving a violent injury, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 14 be confined in a county or regional jail for not more than six 15 months, or fined not more than one hundred dollars, or both. 16

17 (c) Second offense. -- Domestic Assault or Domestic18 Battery.

#### DOMESTIC RELATIONS

19 A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of this 20 section after having been previously convicted of a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, after having been con-21 22 victed of a violation of subsection (b) or (c), section nine of 23 this article where the victim was his or her current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, person 24 25 with whom the defendant has a child in common, person with 26 whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or 27 guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the 28 defendant's household at the time of the offense or who has 29 previously been granted a period of pretrial diversion pursu-30 ant to section twenty-two, article eleven of this chapter for a 31 violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, or a violation 32 of subsection (b) or (c), section nine of this article where the 33 victim was a current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom the defendant 34 has a child in common, person with whom the defendant 35 cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the defen-36 37 dant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's house-38 hold at the time of the offense is guilty of a misdemeanor, 39 and upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or 40 regional jail for not less than sixty days nor more than one 41 year, or fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both.

A person convicted of a violation of subsection (b) of this 42 section after having been previously convicted of a violation 43 of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, after having been con-44 45 victed of a violation of subsection (b) or (c), section nine of 46 this article where the victim was a current or former spouse. current or former sexual or intimate partner, person with 47 whom the defendant has a child in common, person with 48 49 whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or 50 guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the 51 defendant's household at the time of the offense or having 52 previously been granted a period of pretrial diversion pursuant to section twenty-two, article eleven of this chapter for a 53 54 violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this section or subsection (b) or (c), section nine of this article where the victim was a 55 current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate 56
57 partner, person with whom the defendant has a child in com-58 mon, person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohab-59 ited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a 60 member of the defendant's household at the time of the of-61 fense shall be confined in a county or regional jail for not less 62 than thirty days nor more than six months, or fined not more 63 than five hundred dollars, or both.

64 (d) Any person who has been convicted of a third or 65 subsequent violation of the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section, a third or subsequent violation of the provi-66 sions of section nine of this article where the victim was a 67 68 current or former spouse, current or former sexual or intimate 69 partner, person with whom the defendant has a child in common, person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohab-70 71 ited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's household at the time of the of-72 fense or who has previously been granted a period of pretrial 73 diversion pursuant to section twenty-two, article eleven of 74 this chapter for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this 75 76 section or a violation of the provisions of section nine of this 77 article in which the victim was a current or former spouse, 78 current or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom the defendant has a child in common, person with 79 80 whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or 81 guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the 82 defendant's household at the time of the offense, or any com-83 bination of convictions or diversions for these offenses, is 84 guilty of a felony if the offense occurs within ten years of a prior conviction of any of these offenses and, upon convic-85 86 tion thereof, shall be confined in a state correctional facility 87 not less than one nor more than five years or fined not more 88 than two thousand five hundred dollars, or both.

(e) As used in this section, "family or household member" means"family or household member" as defined in 4827-204 of this code.

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92 (f) A person charged with a violation of this section may 93 not also be charged with a violation of subsection (b) or (c), 94 section nine of this article for the same act.

95 (g) No law-enforcement officer may be subject to any 96 civil or criminal action for false arrest or unlawful detention

for effecting an arrest pursuant to this section or pursuant to 97

48-27-1002 of this code. 98

#### **ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.**

§61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

§61-7-7. Persons prohibited from possessing firearms; classifications; reinstatement of rights to possess; offenses; penalties.

# §61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, 2 any person desiring to obtain a state license to carry a con-3 cealed deadly weapon shall apply to the sheriff of his or her 4 county for such license, and shall pay to the sheriff, at the time of application, a fee of seventy-five dollars, of which 5 6 fifteen dollars of that amount shall be deposited in the court-7 house facilities improvement fund created by section six, article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Con-8 9 cealed weapons permits may only be issued for pistols or 10 revolvers. Each applicant shall file with the sheriff, a complete application, as prepared by the superintendent of the 11 West Virginia state police, in writing, duly verified, which 12 sets forth only the following licensing requirements: 13

14 (1) The applicant's full name, date of birth, social secu-15 rity number and a description of the applicant's physical 16 features;

17 (2) That, on the date the application is made, the applicant is a bona fide resident of this state and of the county in 18 which the application is made and has a valid driver's license 19 or other state-issued photo identification showing such resi-20 21 dence;

22 (3) That the applicant is twenty-one years of age or older: 23 Provided, That any individual who is less than twenty-one 24 years of age and possesses a properly issued concealed weap-25 ons license as of the effective date of this article shall be 26 licensed to maintain his or her concealed weapons license 27 notwithstanding the provisions of this section requiring new 28 applicants to be at least twenty-one years of age: Provided, 29 however, That upon a showing of any applicant who is eighteen years of age or older that he or she is required to carry a 30 31 concealed weapon as a condition for employment, and pres-32 ents satisfactory proof to the sheriff thereof, then he or she 33 shall be issued a license upon meeting all other conditions of 34 this section. Upon discontinuance of employment that re-35 quires the concealed weapons license, if the individual issued 36 the license is not yet twenty-one years of age, then the individual issued the license is no longer eligible and must return 37 38 his or her license to the issuing sheriff;

39 (4) That the applicant is not addicted to alcohol, a con-40 trolled substance or a drug and is not an unlawful user41 thereof;

42 (5) That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony43 or of an act of violence involving the misuse of a deadly44 weapon;

45 (6) That the applicant has not been convicted of a misde-46 meanor offense of assault or battery either under the provisions of section twenty-eight, article two of this chapter or 47 48 the provisions of subsection (b) or (c), section nine, article 49 two of this chapter in which the victim was a current or for-50 mer spouse, current or former sexual or intimate partner, 51 person with whom the defendant has a child in common, 52 person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a mem-53 54 ber of the defendant's household at the time of the offense; or a misdemeanor offense with similar essential elements in a 55 56 jurisdiction other than this state;

57 (7) That the applicant is not under indictment for a felony 58 offense or is not currently serving a sentence of confinement, 59 parole, probation or other court-ordered supervision imposed 60 by a court of any jurisdiction or is the subject of an emer-61 gency or temporary domestic violence protective order or is 62 the subject of a final domestic violence protective order en-63 tered by a court of any jurisdiction;

64 (8) That the applicant is physically and mentally compe-65 tent to carry such weapon;

66 (9) That the applicant has not been adjudicated to be 67 mentally incompetent;

68 (10) That the applicant has qualified under the minimum 69 requirements set forth in subsection (d) of this section for 70 handling and firing such weapon: *Provided*, That this require-71 ment shall be waived in the case of a renewal applicant who 72 has previously qualified;

(11) That the applicant authorizes the sheriff of the
county, or his or her designee, to conduct an investigation
relative to the information contained in the application.

(b) The sheriff shall conduct an investigation which shall
verify that the information required in subdivisions (1), (2),
(3), (5), (6), (8) and (9), subsection (a) of this section are true
and correct.

80 (c) Sixty dollars of the application fee and any fees for 81 replacement of lost or stolen licenses received by the sheriff 82 shall be deposited by the sheriff into a concealed weapons 83 license administration fund. Such fund shall be administered 84 by the sheriff and shall take the form of an interest bearing 85 account with any interest earned to be compounded to the 86 fund. Any funds deposited in this concealed weapon license 87 administration fund are to be expended by the sheriff to pay for the costs associated with issuing concealed weapons li-88 89 censes. Any surplus in the fund on hand at the end of each 90 fiscal year may be expended for other law-enforcement pur-

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91 poses or operating needs of the sheriff's office, as the sheriff92 may consider appropriate.

(d) All persons applying for a license must complete a
training course in handling and firing a handgun. The successful completion of any of the following courses fulfills
this training requirement:

97 (1) Any official national rifle association handgun safety98 or training course;

(2) Any handgun safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by an official law-enforcement organization, community college, junior college, college or private or public institution or organization or handgun training school utilizing instructors duly certified by such
institution;

(3) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted by a handgun instructor certified as such by the state
or by the national rifle association;

(4) Any handgun training or safety course or class con-ducted by any branch of the United States military, reserve ornational guard.

111 A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the 112 courses or classes or an affidavit from the instructor, school, 113 club, organization or group that conducted or taught said 114 course or class attesting to the successful completion of the 115 course or class by the applicant or a copy of any document 116 which shows successful completion of the course or class 117 shall constitute evidence of qualification under this section.

(e) All concealed weapons license applications must be
notarized by a notary public duly licensed under article four,
chapter twenty-nine of this code. Falsification of any portion
of the application constitutes false swearing and is punishable
under the provisions of section two, article five, chapter
sixty-one of this code.

(f) If the information in the application is found to be true
and correct, the sheriff shall issue a license. The sheriff shall
issue or deny the license within forty-five days after the application is filed if all required background checks authorized
by this section are completed.

(g) Before any approved license shall be issued or become effective, the applicant shall pay to the sheriff a fee in
the amount of fifteen dollars which the sheriff shall forward
to the superintendent of the West Virginia state police within
thirty days of receipt. Any such license shall be valid for five
years throughout the state, unless sooner revoked.

135 (h) All persons holding a current and valid concealed weapons license as of the sixteenth day of December, one 136 137 thousand nine hundred ninety-five, shall continue to hold a 138 valid concealed weapons license until his or her license ex-139 pires or is revoked as provided for in this article: Provided, 140 That all reapplication fees shall be waived for applications received by the first day of January, one thousand nine hun-141 142 dred ninety-seven, for any person holding a current and valid 143 concealed weapons license as of the sixteenth day of Decem-144 ber, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, which contains 145 use restrictions placed upon the license as a condition of 146 issuance by the issuing circuit court. Any licenses reissued 147 pursuant to this subsection will be issued for the time period 148 of the original license.

149 (i) Each license shall contain the full name, social secu-150 rity number and address of the licensee and a space upon which the signature of the licensee shall be signed with pen 151 152 and ink. The issuing sheriff shall sign and attach his or her 153 seal to all license cards. The sheriff shall provide to each new 154 licensee a duplicate license card, in size similar to other state identification cards and licenses, suitable for carrying in a 155 156 wallet, and such license card is deemed a license for the pur-157 poses of this section.

(j) The superintendent of the West Virginia state policeshall prepare uniform applications for licenses and license

160 cards showing that such license has been granted and shall do

any other act required to be done to protect the state and seeto the enforcement of this section.

163 (k) In the event an application is denied, the specific 164 reasons for the denial shall be stated by the sheriff denying 165 the application. Any person denied a license may file, in the circuit court of the county in which the application was made, 166 167 a petition seeking review of the denial. Such petition shall be filed within thirty days of the denial. The court shall then 168 169 determine whether the applicant is entitled to the issuance of 170 a license under the criteria set forth in this section. The appli-171 cant may be represented by counsel, but in no case shall the 172 court be required to appoint counsel for an applicant. The 173 final order of the court shall include the court's findings of 174 fact and conclusions of law. If the final order upholds the 175 denial, the applicant may file an appeal in accordance with 176 the rules of appellate procedure of the supreme court of ap-177 peals.

(1) In the event a license is lost or destroyed, the person
to whom the license was issued may obtain a duplicate or
substitute license for a fee of five dollars by filing a notarized
statement with the sheriff indicating that the license has been
lost or destroyed.

183 (m) The sheriff shall, immediately after the license is 184 granted as aforesaid, furnish the superintendent of the West Virginia state police a certified copy of the approved applica-185 186 tion. It shall be the duty of the sheriff to furnish to the super-187 intendent of the West Virginia state police at any time so 188 requested a certified list of all such licenses issued in the 189 county. The superintendent of the West Virginia state police shall maintain a registry of all persons who have been issued 190 191 concealed weapons licenses.

(n) All licensees must carry with them a state-issued
photo identification card with the concealed weapons license
whenever the licensee is carrying a concealed weapon. Any
licensee who fails to have in his or her possession a state-

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196 issued photo identification card and a current concealed
197 weapons license while carrying a concealed weapon shall be
198 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall
199 be fined not less than fifty or more than two hundred dollars
200 for each offense.

(o) The sheriff shall deny any application or revoke any
existing license upon determination that any of the licensing
application requirements established in this section have been
violated by the licensee.

(p) No person who is engaged in the receipt, review or in
the issuance or revocation of a concealed weapon license
shall incur any civil liability as the result of the lawful performance of his or her duties under this article.

209 (q) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 210 this section, with respect to application by a former law-en-211 forcement officer honorably retired from agencies governed 212 by article fourteen, chapter seven of this code; article four-213 teen, chapter eight of this code; article two, chapter fifteen of 214 this code; and article seven, chapter twenty of this code, an 215 honorably retired officer is exempt from payment of fees and 216 costs as otherwise required by this section, and the applica-217 tion of the honorably retired officer shall be granted without 218 proof or inquiry by the sheriff as to those requirements set 219 forth in subdivision (9), subsection (a) of this section, if the officer meets the remainder of the requirements of this sec-220 221 tion and has the approval of the appropriate chief law-en-222 forcement officer.

#### §61-7-7. Persons prohibited from possessing firearms; classifications; reinstatement of rights to possess; offenses; penalties.

1 (a) Except as provided for in this section, no person shall 2 possess a firearm as such is defined in section two of this 3 article who:

4 5	(1) Has been convicted in any court of a crime punish- able by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
6	(2) Is addicted to alcohol;
7 8	(3) Is an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance;
9 10	(4) Has been adjudicated as a mental defective or who has been involuntarily committed to a mental institution;
11 12	(5) Being an alien is illegally or unlawfully in the United States;
13 14	(6) Has been discharged from the armed forces under dishonorable conditions;
15	(7) Is subject to a domestic violence protective order that:
16 17 18	(A) Was issued after a hearing of which such person received actual notice and at which such person had an opportunity to participate;
19 20 21 22 23	(B) Restrains such person from harassing, stalking or threatening an intimate partner of such person or child of such intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the partner or child; and
24 25 26	(C)(i) Includes a finding that such person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of such intimate partner or child; or
27 28 29 30	(ii) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against such intimate partner or child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury; or
31 32 33	(8) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor offense of assault or battery either under the provisions of section twenty-eight, article two of this chapter or the provisions of

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subsection (b) or (c), section nine, article two of this chapter 34 in which the victim was a current or former spouse, current 35 or former sexual or intimate partner, person with whom the 36 defendant has a child in common, person with whom the 37 defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent or guardian, the 38 defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's 39 household at the time of the offense or has been convicted in 40 any court of any jurisdiction of a comparable misdemeanor 41 42 crime of domestic violence.

Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection
shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor
more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail
for not less than ninety days nor more than one year, or both.

48 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 49 this section, any person:

50 (1) Who has been convicted in this state or any other 51 jurisdiction of a felony crime of violence against the person 52 of another or of a felony sexual offense; or

53 (2) Who has been convicted in this state or any other jurisdiction of a felony controlled substance offense involv-54 55 ing a Schedule I controlled substance other than marijuana, a Schedule II or a Schedule III controlled substance as such are 56 defined in sections two hundred four, two hundred five and 57 two hundred six, article two, chapter sixty-a of this code and 58 who possesses a firearm as such is defined in section two of 59 this article shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 60 thereof, shall be confined in a state correctional facility for 61 not more than five years or fined not more than five thousand 62 dollars, or both. The provisions of subsection (c) of this sec-63 tion shall not apply to persons convicted of offenses referred 64 to in this subsection or to persons convicted of a violation of 65 66 this subsection.

67 (c) Any person prohibited from possessing a firearm by 68 the provisions of subsection (a) of this section may petition

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69 the circuit court of the county in which he or she resides to 70 regain the ability to possess a firearm and if the court finds 71 by clear and convincing evidence that the person is compe-72 tent and capable of exercising the responsibility concomitant 73 with the possession of a firearm, the court may enter an order 74 allowing the person to possess a firearm if such possession 75 would not violate any federal law.

# CHAPTER 86

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 258 — By Senators Caldwell, Dempsey, Minard, Minear, Rowe, Unger, Hunter and White)

[Passed February 19, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §48-27-310, §48-27-802 and §48-27-903 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §48-28-1, §48-28-2, §48-28-3, §48-28-4, §48-28-5, §48-28-6, §48-28-7, §48-28-8, §48-28-9 and §48-28-10, all relating to the enforcement of domestic violence protective orders generally; granting full faith and credit to out-of-state protection orders; expanding the West Virginia state police registry of in-state protective orders to include registration of out-of-state protection orders; expanding offenses and penalties for violations of in-state protective orders to include violations of conditions of bail, probation or parole which are intended to protect the personal safety of another; adopting the uniform interstate enforcement of domestic violence protection orders act; setting forth definitions; providing for enforcement of out-of-state protection orders even if the relief sought would not be available in West Virginia; setting forth criteria for enforcement of out-ofstate protection orders, including protection provisions of valid out-of-state orders governing custody and visitation and mutual protection orders; providing that an out-of-state protection

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order which appears authentic on its face is presumed to be valid; providing for nonjudicial enforcement of out-of-state protection orders by law-enforcement officers with probable cause to believe that a valid protection order exists and has been violated; providing for registration of an out-of-state protection order with the West Virginia state police; providing that registration is not a prerequisite to enforcement of an out-ofstate protection order; providing immunity from civil or criminal liability for law-enforcement or other government officers or agencies for good faith acts or omissions undertaken in the course of enforcing an out-of-state protection order; providing criminal penalties for violation of out-of-state protection orders or conditions of bail, probation or parole; specifying that a protected individual may pursue other remedies; urging a construction of the act that encompasses uniformity of application and construction with other states that adopt it; and specifying the orders and actions to which the act is applicable.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §48-27-310, §48-27-802 and §48-27-903 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §48-28-1, §48-28-2, §48-28-3, §48-28-4, §48-28-5, §48-28-6, §48-28-7, §48-28-8, §48-28-9 and §48-28-10, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 27. Prevention and Treatment of Domestic Violence.
- 28. Uniform Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act.

#### ARTICLE 27. PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC VIO-LENCE.

- §48-27-310. Full faith and credit.
- §48-27-802. Maintenance of registry by state police.
- §48-27-903. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.

#### §48-27-310. Full faith and credit.

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1 Any protective order issued pursuant to this article shall 2 be effective throughout the state in every county. Any pro-3 tection order issued by any other state of the United States, 4 the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands or any territory or insular possession subject to 5 the jurisdiction of the United States or any Indian tribe or 6 band that has jurisdiction to issue protection orders shall be 7 8 accorded full faith and credit and enforced in accordance 9 with the provisions of article twenty-eight of this chapter.

#### §48-27-802. Maintenance of registry by state police.

1 (a) The West Virginia state police shall maintain a registry in which it shall enter certified copies of protective orders 2 entered by courts from every county in this state pursuant to 3 the provisions of this article and of protection orders issued 4 5 by another jurisdiction pursuant to its law: Provided, That the provisions of this subsection are not effective until a central 6 7 automated state law-enforcement information system is de-8 veloped.

9 (b) A petitioner who obtains a protective order pursuant 10 to this article, or a protection order from another jurisdiction 11 pursuant to its law, may register that order in any county 12 within this state where the petitioner believes enforcement 13 may be necessary.

(c) A West Virginia protective order may be registered by the petitioner in a county other than the issuing county by obtaining a copy of the order of the issuing court, certified by the clerk of that court, and presenting that certified order to the local office of the West Virginia state police where the order is to be registered.

20 (d) Upon receipt of a certified order for registration, the 21 local office of the West Virginia state police shall provide 22 certified copies to any law-enforcement agency within its 23 jurisdiction, including any municipal police office and the 24 office of the sheriff. (e) Nothing in this section precludes the enforcement of
an order in a county other than the county or jurisdiction in
which the order was issued if the petitioner has not registered
the order in the county in which an alleged violation of the
order occurs.

# \*§48-27-903. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.

(a) A respondent who abuses the petitioner or minor 1 children or who is physically present at any location in know-2 3 ing and willful violation of the terms of: (1) An emergency or 4 final protective order issued under the provisions of this arti-5 cle or section five hundred nine, article five of this chapter 6 granting relief pursuant to the provisions of this article; or (2) 7 a condition of bail, probation or parole which has the express intent or effect of protecting the personal safety of a particu-8 lar person or persons is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 9 10 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for a period of not less than one day nor more than one 11 year, which jail term shall include actual confinement of not 12 less than twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than 13 14 two hundred fifty dollars nor more than two thousand dollars.

15 (b) A respondent who is convicted of a second or subse-16 quent offense under subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be con-17 18 fined in the county or regional jail for not less than three months nor more than one year, which jail term shall include 19 actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and 20 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than three 21 22 thousand dollars, or both.

#### ARTICLE 28. UNIFORM INTERSTATE ENFORCEMENT OF DOMES-TIC VIOLENCE PROTECTION ORDERS ACT.

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by H. B. 4605 (Chapter 85), which passed subsequent to this act.

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§48-28-1.	Title.
§48-28-2.	Definitions.
§48-28-3.	Judicial enforcement of order.
§48-28-4.	Nonjudicial enforcement of order.
§48-28-5.	Registration of order.
§48-28-6.	Immunity.
§48-28-7.	Criminal offenses and penalties.
§48-28-8.	Other remedies.
§48-28-9.	Uniformity of application and construction.
§48-28-10.	Transitional provision.

### §48-28-1. Title.

1 This article may be cited as the "Uniform Interstate En-

2 forcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act".

# §48-28-2. Definitions.

1 In this article:

2 (1) "Court" means a circuit court, family court or magis3 trate court which has jurisdiction over domestic violence
4 proceedings pursuant to article twenty-seven of this chapter.

5 (2) "Foreign protection order" means a protection order 6 issued by a tribunal of another state.

7 (3) "Issuing state" means the state whose tribunal issues8 a protection order.

9 (4) "Mutual foreign protection order" means a foreign 10 protection order that includes provisions in favor of both the 11 protected individual seeking enforcement of the order and the 12 respondent.

(5) "Protected individual" means an individual protectedby a protection order.

(6) "Protection order" means an injunction or other order,
issued by a tribunal under the domestic violence, family violence or antistalking laws of the issuing state, to prevent an

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18 individual from engaging in violent or threatening acts19 against, harassment of, contact or communication with, or20 physical proximity to another individual.

(7) "West Virginia protective order" means an order
issued pursuant to article twenty-seven of this chapter or to
section five hundred nine, article five of this chapter.

(8) "Respondent" means the individual against whomenforcement of a protection order is sought.

(9) "State" means a state of the United States, the District
of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands or
any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction
of the United States. The term includes an Indian tribe or
band that has jurisdiction to issue protection orders.

31 (10) "Tribunal" means a court, agency or other entity32 authorized by law to issue or modify a protection order.

#### §48-28-3. Judicial enforcement of order.

(a) A person authorized by the law of this state to seek 1 2 enforcement of a West Virginia protective order may seek enforcement of a valid foreign protection order in a court of 3 this state. The court shall enforce the terms of the order, 4 including terms that provide relief that a court of this state 5 would lack power to provide but for this section. The court 6 shall enforce the order, whether the order was obtained by 7 independent action or in another proceeding, if it was issued 8 in response to a complaint, petition or motion filed by or on 9 behalf of an individual seeking protection. In a proceeding to 10 enforce a foreign protection order, the court shall follow the 11 procedures of this state for the enforcement of West Virginia 12 13 protective orders.

(b) A court of this state may not enforce a foreign protection order issued by a tribunal of a state that does not recognize the standing of a protected individual to seek enforcement of the order.

18 (c) A court of this state shall enforce the provisions of a 19 valid foreign protection order which govern custody and 20 visitation if the order was issued in accordance with the juris-21 dictional requirements governing the issuance of custody and 22 visitation orders in the issuing state or under federal law and 23 with the requirements set out in subsection (d) of this section.

24 (d) A foreign protection order is valid if it:

25 (1) Identifies the protected individual and the respondent;

26 (2) Is currently in effect;

(3) Was issued by a tribunal that had jurisdiction over the
parties and subject matter under the law of the issuing state;
and

30 (4) Was issued after the respondent was given reasonable 31 notice and had an opportunity to be heard before the tribunal 32 issued the order or, in the case of an order ex parte, the re-33 spondent was given notice and has had or will have an oppor-34 tunity to be heard within a reasonable time after the order 35 was issued in a manner consistent with the respondent's 36 rights to due process of law.

(e) A foreign protection order which appears authentic onits face is presumed to be valid.

(f) Absence of any of the criteria for validity of a foreign
protection order is an affirmative defense in an action seeking
enforcement of the order.

42 (g) A court of this state may enforce provisions of a mu43 tual foreign protection order which favor a respondent only
44 if:

45 (1) The respondent filed a written pleading seeking a46 protection order from the tribunal of the issuing state; and

47 (2) The tribunal of the issuing state made specific find-48 ings in favor of the respondent.

#### §48-28-4. Nonjudicial enforcement of order.

(a) A law-enforcement officer of this state, upon deter-1 2 mining that there is probable cause to believe that a valid 3 foreign protection order exists and that the order has been 4 violated, shall enforce the order as if it were a West Virginia 5 protective order. Presentation of a foreign protection order that identifies both the protected individual and the respon-6 dent and that appears, on its face, to be authentic and cur-7 rently in effect constitutes probable cause to believe that a 8 valid foreign protection order exists. For the purposes of this 9 section, the protection order may be inscribed on a tangible 10 medium or may have been stored in an electronic or other 11 medium if it is retrievable in perceivable form. Presentation 12 of a certified copy of a protection order is not required for 13 enforcement. 14

15 (b) If a foreign protection order is not presented, a 16 law-enforcement officer of this state may consider other 17 credible information in determining whether there is probable 18 cause to believe that a valid foreign protection order exists.

19 (c) If a law-enforcement officer of this state determines 20 that an otherwise valid foreign protection order cannot be 21 enforced because the respondent has not been notified of or 22 served with the order, the officer shall inform the respondent 23 of the order, make a reasonable effort to serve the order upon 24 the respondent and allow the respondent a reasonable oppor-25 tunity to comply with the order before enforcing the order.

26 (d) Registration or filing of an order in this state is not
27 required for the enforcement of a valid foreign protection
28 order pursuant to this article.

#### §48-28-5. Registration of order.

1 (a) Any individual may register a foreign protection order 2 in this state by:

3 (1) Presenting a certified copy of the order to a local 4 office of the West Virginia state police for registration in 5 accordance with the provisions of section eight hundred two, 6 article twenty-seven of this chapter; or

7 (2) Presenting a certified copy of the order to the clerk of 8 the court in which enforcement may be sought and request 9 that the order be forwarded to the West Virginia state police 10 for registration in accordance with the provisions of section 11 eight hundred two, article twenty-seven of this chapter.

(b) An individual registering a foreign protection order
shall file an affidavit by the protected individual stating that,
to the best of the protected individual's knowledge, the order
is currently in effect.

16 (c) Upon receipt of a foreign protection order for regis-17 tration, the local office of the West Virginia state police18 shall:

(1) Provide certified copies of the order to any law-enforcement agency within its jurisdiction, including any municipal police office and the office of the sheriff;

(2) Register the order in accordance with the provisions
of this section and of section eight hundred two, article
twenty-seven of this chapter;

(3) Furnish to the individual registering the order a certi-fied copy of the registered order.

(d) A registered foreign protection order that is shown tobe inaccurate or not currently in effect must be corrected orremoved from the registry.

30 (e) A foreign protection order registered under this article
31 may be entered in any existing state or federal registry of
32 protection orders in accordance with applicable law.

(f) A fee may not be charged for the registration of aforeign protection order.

#### §48-28-6. Immunity.

1 This state or a local governmental agency, or a 2 law-enforcement officer, prosecuting attorney, clerk of court 3 or any state or local governmental official acting in an official capacity, is immune from civil and criminal liability for 4 an act or omission arising out of the registration or enforce-5 ment of a foreign protection order or the detention or arrest of 6 7 an alleged violator of a foreign protection order if the act or 8 omission was done in good faith in an effort to comply with 9 this article.

#### §48-28-7. Criminal offenses and penalties.

1 (a) A respondent who abuses, as that term is defined in 2 section two hundred two, article twenty-seven of this chapter, a protected individual or who is physically present at any 3 location in knowing and willful violation of the terms of: (1) 4 5 A valid foreign protection order; (2) a protection order entered in any pending foreign divorce action which enjoins the 6 7 offending party from molesting or interfering with another party or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of 8 9 another person; or (3) a condition of bail, probation or parole 10 imposed in another state which has the express intent or ef-11 fect of protecting the personal safety of a particular person or persons is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 12 thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for a 13 14 period of not less than one day nor more than one year, which jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than 15 16 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than two hun-17 dred fifty dollars nor more than two thousand dollars.

18 (b) A respondent who is convicted of a second or subse-19 quent offense under subsection (a) of this section is guilty of 20 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than three 21 months nor more than one year, which jail term shall include 22 23 actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and 24 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than three thousand dollars. 25

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# §48-28-8. Other remedies.

- 1 A protected individual who pursues remedies under this
- 2 article is not precluded from pursuing other legal or equitable
- 3 remedies against the respondent.

# §48-28-9. Uniformity of application and construction.

- 1 In applying and construing this act, consideration must be
- 2 given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with re-
- 3 spect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

# §48-28-10. Transitional provision.

1 This article applies to:

2 (a) Foreign protection orders issued before the effective3 date of this article; and

(b) Continuing actions for enforcement of foreign protection orders commenced before the effective date of this article. A request for enforcement, made on or after the effective date of this article, of a foreign protection order based on violations which occurred before the effective date of this article is governed by this article.

# CHAPTER 87

# (S. B. 166 — By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed February 5, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §8-11-1b; to amend and reenact §17B-4-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §17C-5-2, §17C-5-6a and §17C-5-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §17C-5A-1, §17C-5A-1a, §17C-5A-2 and §17C-5A-3a of said code; to amend and reenact §20-7-18 and §20-7-18b of said code; to amend and reenact §33-6A-1 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §50-3-2b; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §59-1-11a, all relating to driving a motor vehicle or operating a motorized vessel while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; limiting the prior offenses that can be used to enhance sentences to those that occurred within the ten-year period next preceding the date of arrest in the current proceeding; and imposing additional costs on defendants convicted of offenses involving the driving of a motor vehicle or operating a motorized vessel while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs for the use of counties and municipalities.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §8-11-1b; that §17B-4-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §17C-5-2, §17C-5-6a and §17C-5-8 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §17C-5A-1, §17C-5A-1a, §17C-5A-2 and §17C-5A-3a of said code be amended and reenacted; that §20-7-18 and §20-7-18b of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-6A-1 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §50-3-2b; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §59-1-11a, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 17b. Motor Vehicle Driver's Licenses.
- 17c. Traffic Regulations and Laws of the Road.
- 20. Natural Resources.
- 33. Insurance.
- 50. Magistrate Courts.
- 59. Fees, Allowances and Costs; Newspapers; Legal Advertisements.

#### **CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.**

#### ARTICLE 11. POWERS AND DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO ORDI-NANCES AND ORDINANCE PROCEDURES.

#### §8-11-1b. Additional costs in certain criminal proceedings.

1 In each criminal case before a mayor or in the municipal court of a municipality in which the defendant is convicted, 2 whether by plea or at trial, under the provisions of a munici-3 pal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense 4 described in section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of 5 this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty 6 of this code, there shall be imposed, in addition to other 7 8 costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five dollars. The clerk of 9 each municipal court, or other person designated to receive 10 fines and costs, shall, for purposes of further defraying the 11 cost to the municipality of enforcing the provisions of the 12 ordinance or ordinances described in this section and related 13 provisions, deposit these moneys in the general revenue fund 14 of the municipality. The provisions of this section shall be 15 16 effective after the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

#### CHAPTER 17B. MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVER'S LICENSES.

#### ARTICLE 4. VIOLATIONS OF LICENSE PROVISIONS.

§17B-4-3. Driving while license suspended or revoked; driving while license revoked for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or while having alcoholic concentration in the blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or for refusing to take secondary chemical test of blood alcohol contents.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) or (d)
 of this section, any person who drives a motor vehicle on any
 public highway of this state at a time when his or her privi lege to do so has been lawfully suspended or revoked by this

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state or any other jurisdiction is, for the first offense, guilty 5 6 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five 7 8 hundred dollars; for the second offense, the person is guilty 9 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 10 confined in a county or regional jail for a period of ten days and, in addition to the mandatory jail sentence, shall be fined 11 12 not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred 13 dollars; for the third or any subsequent offense, the person is 14 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 15 be confined in a county or regional jail for six months and, in addition to the mandatory jail sentence, shall be fined not less 16 17 than one hundred fifty dollars nor more than five hundred 18 dollars.

19 (b) Any person who drives a motor vehicle on any public 20 highway of this state at a time when his or her privilege to do 21 so has been lawfully revoked for driving under the influence 22 of alcohol, controlled substances or other drugs, or for driving while having an alcoholic concentration in his or her 23 24 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, 25 or for refusing to take a secondary chemical test of blood 26 alcohol content, is, for the first offense, guilty of a misde-27 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a 28 county or regional jail for six months and in addition to the 29 mandatory jail sentence, shall be fined not less than one hun-30 dred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars; for the sec-31 ond offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 32 conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or regional 33 jail for a period of one year and, in addition to the mandatory 34 jail sentence, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars 35 nor more than three thousand dollars; for the third or any 36 subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a felony and, upon 37 conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than three years 38 39 and, in addition to the mandatory prison sentence, shall be fined not less than three thousand dollars nor more than five 40 41 thousand dollars.

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42 (c) Upon receiving a record of the first or subsequent 43 conviction of any person under subsection (b) of this section 44 upon a charge of driving a vehicle while the license of such 45 person was lawfully suspended or revoked, the division shall 46 extend the period of such suspension or revocation for an 47 additional period of one year from and after the date such 48 person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new 49 license. Upon receiving a record of the second or subsequent 50 conviction of any person under subsection (a) of this section 51 upon a charge of driving a vehicle while the license of such person was lawfully suspended or revoked, the division shall 52 extend the period of such suspension or revocation for an 53 54 additional period of one year from and after the date such 55 person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new 56 license.

57 (d) Any person who drives a motor vehicle on any public 58 highway of this state at a time when his or her privilege to do 59 so has been lawfully suspended for driving while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his 60 61 or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 62 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 63 weight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 64 thereof, shall be confined in a county or regional jail for 65 twenty-four hours or shall be fined not less than fifty dollars 66 nor more than five hundred dollars, or both.

(e) An order for home detention by the court pursuant to
the provisions of article eleven-b, chapter sixty-two of this
code may be used as an alternative sentence to any period of
incarceration required by this section.

# CHAPTER 17C. TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND LAWS OF THE ROAD.

#### Article

- 5. Serious Traffic Offenses.
- 5A. Administrative Procedures for Suspension and Revocation of Licenses for Driving under the Influence of Alcohol, Controlled Substances or Drugs.

#### **ARTICLE 5. SERIOUS TRAFFIC OFFENSES.**

- §17C-5-2. Driving under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.
- §17C-5-6a. Taking a child into custody; driving a motor vehicle with any amount of blood alcohol.
- §17C-5-8. Interpretation and use of chemical test.

#### §17C-5-2. Driving under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person who:
- 2 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:
- 3 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 4 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 5 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or
- 6 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any 7 controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 8 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 9 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and
- 10 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or 11 fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of the 12 vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes the death of 13 any person within one year next following the act or failure; 14 and

15 (3) Commits the act or failure in reckless disregard of the safety of others, and when the influence of alcohol, con-16 trolled substances or drugs is shown to be a contributing 17 18 cause to the death, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 19 thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than ten years and shall be fined 20 not less than one thousand dollars nor more than three thou-21 22 sand dollars.

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24 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:

25 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or

26 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or

- 27 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or
- (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and anycontrolled substance or any other drug; or
- 30 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 31 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and

32 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of the 33 34 vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes the death of 35 any person within one year next following the act or failure, 36 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less 37 38 than ninety days nor more than one year and shall be fined 39 not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 40 dollars.

41 (c) Any person who:

42 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:

- 43 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 44 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 45 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or

46 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any47 controlled substance or any other drug; or

48 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 49 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and 50 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or 51 fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of the vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes bodily injury 52 53 to any person other than himself or herself, is guilty of a 54 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than one day nor 55 56 more than one year, which jail term is to include actual con-57 finement of not less than twenty-four hours, and shall be 58 fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one 59 thousand dollars.

60 (d) Any person who:

61 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:

62 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or

63 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or

64 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or

65 (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any 66 controlled substance or any other drug; or

67 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 68 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

(2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not
less than one day nor more than six months, which jail term
is to include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four
hours, and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars
nor more than five hundred dollars.

(e) Any person who, being an habitual user of narcotic
drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, drives a
vehicle in this state, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional
jail for not less than one day nor more than six months, which
jail term is to include actual confinement of not less than

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81 82	twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one dred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.	hun-
83	(f) Any person who:	
84 85	(1) Knowingly permits his or her vehicle to be drive this state by any other person who:	en in
86	(A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or	
87	(B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance	e; or
88	(C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or	
89 90	(D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and controlled substance or any other drug; or	any
91 92	(E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her bloc eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;	od of
93 94 95 96	(2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail fo more than six months and shall be fined not less than hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.	r not
97 98 99 100 101 102 103	(g) Any person who knowingly permits his or her vel to be driven in this state by any other person who is an h ual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamine or any deriva- thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic- thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for more than six months and shall be fined not less than hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.	abit- ative ction r not
104 105 106 107 108	(h) Any person under the age of twenty-one years drives a vehicle in this state while he or she has an alc concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredth one percent, by weight, for a first offense under this sub- tion is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction the	ohol one ns of osec-

tion, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,

shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than

109

111 one hundred dollars. For a second or subsequent offense under this subsection, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor 112 113 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county 114 or regional jail for twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not 115 less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. A person who is charged with a first offense under 116 117 the provisions of this subsection may move for a continuance 118 of the proceedings, from time to time, to allow the person to 119 participate in the vehicle alcohol test and lock program as 120 provided for in section three-a, article five-a of this chapter. 121 Upon successful completion of the program, the court shall 122 dismiss the charge against the person and expunge the per-123 son's record as it relates to the alleged offense. In the event 124 the person fails to successfully complete the program, the 125 court shall proceed to an adjudication of the alleged offense. 126 A motion for a continuance under this subsection may not be 127 construed as an admission or be used as evidence.

A person arrested and charged with an offense under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section may not also be charged with an offense under this subsection arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

133 (i) Any person who:

134 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while he or she:

- 135 (A) Is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 136 (B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance; or
- 137 (C) Is under the influence of any other drug; or
- (D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and anycontrolled substance or any other drug; or
- 140 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 141 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and

142 (2) The person when so driving has on or within the mo-143 tor vehicle one or more other persons who are unemancipated 144 minors who have not reached their sixteenth birthday, is 145 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 146 be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than two days nor more than twelve months, which jail term is to in-147 148 clude actual confinement of not less than forty-eight hours, 149 and shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more 150 than one thousand dollars.

151 (i) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), 152 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section, for the second offense under this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, 153 154 upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or 155 regional jail for not less than six months nor more than one 156 year, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine of not 157 less than one thousand dollars nor more than three thousand 158 dollars.

159 (k) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), 160 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section, for the third or any 161 subsequent offense under this section, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state 162 163 correctional facility for not less than one nor more than three 164 years, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine of 165 not less than three thousand dollars nor more than five thou-166 sand dollars.

(l) For purposes of subsections (j) and (k) of this section
relating to second, third and subsequent offenses, the following types of convictions are to be regarded as convictions
under this section:

171 (1) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection 172 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this section or under a prior en-173 actment of this section for an offense which occurred within 174 the ten-year period immediately preceding the date of arrest 175 in the current proceeding; (2) Any conviction under a municipal ordinance of this
state or any other state or a statute of the United States or of
any other state of an offense which has the same elements as
an offense described in subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or
(g) of this section, which offense occurred within the ten-year
period immediately preceding the date of arrest in the current
proceeding.

183 (m) A person may be charged in a warrant or indictment 184 or information for a second or subsequent offense under this 185 section if the person has been previously arrested for or charged with a violation of this section which is alleged to 186 187 have occurred within the applicable time period for prior 188 offenses, notwithstanding the fact that there has not been a 189 final adjudication of the charges for the alleged previous 190 offense. In that case, the warrant or indictment or information must set forth the date, location and particulars of the 191 192 previous offense or offenses. No person may be convicted of 193 a second or subsequent offense under this section unless the 194 conviction for the previous offense has become final.

(n) The fact that any person charged with a violation of
subsection (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section, or any person permitted to drive as described under subsection (f) or (g)
of this section, is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, a
controlled substance or a drug does not constitute a defense
against any charge of violating subsection (a), (b), (c), (d),
(e), (f) or (g) of this section.

(o) For purposes of this section, the term "controlled
substance" has the meaning ascribed to it in chapter sixty-a of
this code.

(p) The sentences provided herein upon conviction for a violation of this article are mandatory and may not be subject to suspension or probation: *Provided*, That the court may apply the provisions of article eleven-a, chapter sixty-two of this code to a person sentenced or committed to a term of one year or less. An order for home detention by the court pursu-

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ant to the provisions of article eleven-b of said chapter may be used as an alternative sentence to any period of incarceration required by this section. An order for supervision or participation in a community corrections program created pursuant to article eleven-c, chapter sixty-two of this code may be used as an alternative sentence to any period of incarceration required by this section.

# §17C-5-6a. Taking a child into custody; driving a motor vehicle with any amount of blood alcohol.

1 (a) A preliminary breath analysis may be administered to 2 a child whenever a law-enforcement official has reasonable cause to believe the child to have been driving a motor vehi-3 4 cle with any amount of alcohol in his or her blood for the purpose of determining the child's blood alcohol content. 5 6 Such breath analysis must be administered as soon as possi-7 ble after the law-enforcement officer arrives at a reasonable 8 belief that the child has been driving a motor vehicle with 9 any amount of alcohol in his or her blood. Any preliminary 10 breath analysis administered pursuant to this subsection must 11 be administered with a device and in a manner approved by 12 the division of health for that purpose. If a preliminary 13 breath analysis is administered, the results shall be used solely for the purpose of guiding the officer in deciding 14 whether the child, at the time of driving the motor vehicle, 15 16 had an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-17 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, and should, therefore, be taken into custody to administer a secondary test in 18 19 accordance with the provisions of this section.

20 (b) A child may be taken into custody by а 21 law-enforcement official without a warrant or court order if 22 the official has reasonable grounds to believe the child to 23 have been driving a motor vehicle with any amount of alco-24 hol in his or her blood. If a preliminary breath analysis is 25 administered and the results of the analysis indicate that the 26 child has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of less than two hundredths of one percent, by weight, the child may 27

not be taken into custody unless other grounds exist under subsection (b), section eight, article five, chapter forty-nine of this code. Upon taking a child into custody pursuant to the provisions of this section, the official shall take all reasonable steps to cause notification to be made to the child's parent or custodian or, if the parent or custodian cannot be located, to a close relative.

35 (c) Upon taking a child into custody pursuant to this section, the official shall take the child to a facility where a sec-36 ondary test of the child's blood or urine may be administered 37 38 at the direction of the official or a test of the child's breath 39 may be administered by the official. The law-enforcement 40 agency by which such law-enforcement official is employed 41 shall designate whether the secondary test is a test of either blood, breath or urine: Provided, That if the test so desig-42 43 nated is a blood test and the child refuses to submit to the 44 blood test, then the law-enforcement official taking the child 45 into custody shall designate in lieu thereof a breath test to be 46 administered. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 47 seven of this article, a refusal to submit to a blood test only 48 shall not result in the revocation of the child's license to oper-49 ate a motor vehicle in this state. Any child taken into custody 50 pursuant to this section shall be given a written statement advising him or her that a refusal to submit to a secondary 51 52 test of either blood, breath or urine, as finally designated by 53 the law-enforcement agency or official in accordance with this subsection, will result in the suspension of his or her 54 55 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period of 56 at least thirty days or a revocation of the license for a period 57 up to life.

(d) If the law-enforcement official taking the child into custody is employed by a law-enforcement agency which does not have available the testing equipment or facilities necessary to conduct any secondary breath test which may be administered pursuant to the provisions of this section, then the official who took the child into custody may request another qualified person to administer a secondary breath test: Ch. 87]

65 *Provided*. That the breath test shall be administered in the 66 presence of the official who took the child into custody. The 67 results of such breath test may be used in evidence to the 68 same extent and in the same manner as if such test had been 69 conducted by the law-enforcement official who took the child 70 into custody. The qualified person administering the breath test must be a member of the West Virginia state police, the 71 72 sheriff of the county wherein the child was taken into custody 73 or any deputy of such sheriff or a law-enforcement official of 74 another municipality within the county wherein the child was taken into custody. Only the person actually administering 75 76 the secondary breath test is competent to testify as to the 77 results and the veracity of the test. If the secondary test is a 78 blood test, the test shall be conducted in accordance with the 79 provisions of section six of this article.

80 (e) After taking the child into custody, if the 81 law-enforcement official has reasonable cause to believe that 82 the act of the child in driving the motor vehicle is such that it 83 would provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined under 84 the provisions of section two of this article if the child were 85 an adult, then the official shall proceed to treat the child in 86 the same manner as any other child taken into custody without a warrant or court order, in accordance with the provi-87 88 sions of section eight of this article.

89 (f) If the results of any secondary test administered pursuant to this section indicate that the child, at the time of 90 91 driving the motor vehicle, had an alcohol concentration in his 92 or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or less, by 93 weight, and if the law-enforcement official does not have 94 reasonable cause to believe that the act of the child in driving 95 the motor vehicle is such that it would provide grounds for 96 arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of section 97 two of this article if the child were an adult, then the official 98 shall release the child: Provided, That if the results of any 99 secondary test administered pursuant to this section indicate 100 that the child, at the time of driving the motor vehicle, had an 101 alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths

102 of one percent or more, by weight, the child shall only be103 released to a parent or custodian, or to some other responsible104 adult.

### §17C-5-8. Interpretation and use of chemical test.

1 (a) Upon trial for the offense of driving a motor vehicle 2 in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 3 substances or drugs, or upon the trial of any civil or criminal 4 action arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person driving a motor vehicle while under the influence 5 6 of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time of the 7 8 arrest or of the acts alleged, as shown by a chemical analysis 9 of his or her blood, breath or urine, is admissible, if the sample or specimen was taken within two hours from and after 10 the time of arrest or of the acts alleged. The evidence gives 11 rise to the following presumptions or has the following ef-12 13 fect:

(1) Evidence that there was, at that time, five hundredths
of one percent or less, by weight, of alcohol in his or her
blood, is prima facie evidence that the person was not under
the influence of alcohol;

18 (2) Evidence that there was, at that time, more than five 19 hundredths of one percent and less than eight hundredths of 20 one percent, by weight, of alcohol in the person's blood is 21 relevant evidence, but it is not to be given prima facie effect 22 in indicating whether the person was under the influence of 23 alcohol;

(3) Evidence that there was, at that time, eight hundredths
of one percent or more, by weight, of alcohol in his or her
blood, shall be admitted as prima facie evidence that the
person was under the influence of alcohol.

(b) A determination of the percent, by weight, of alcoholin the blood shall be based upon a formula of:
30 (1) The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred31 cubic centimeters of blood;

32 (2) The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten33 liters of breath;

34 (3) The number of grams of alcohol per sixty-seven mil-35 liliters of urine; or

36 (4) The number of grams of alcohol per eighty-six milli-37 liters of serum.

38 (c) A chemical analysis of a person's blood, breath or 39 urine, in order to give rise to the presumptions or to have the 40 effect provided for in subsection (a) of this section, must be 41 performed in accordance with methods and standards approved by the state division of health. A chemical analysis of 42 43 blood or urine to determine the alcoholic content of blood 44 shall be conducted by a qualified laboratory or by the state 45 police scientific laboratory of the criminal identification 46 bureau of the West Virginia state police.

(d) The provisions of this article do not limit the introduction in any administrative or judicial proceeding of any
other competent evidence bearing on the question of whether
the person was under the influence of alcohol, controlled
substances or drugs.

# ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, CON-TROLLED SUBSTANCES OR DRUGS.

- §17C-5A-1. Implied consent to administrative procedure; revocation for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or refusal to submit to secondary chemical test.
- §17C-5A-1a. Revocation upon conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs.
- §17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

§17C-5A-3a. Establishment of and participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program.

# §17C-5A-1. Implied consent to administrative procedure; revocation for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or refusal to submit to secondary chemical test.

(a) Any person who is licensed to operate a motor vehicle 1 2 in this state and who drives a motor vehicle in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent by the operation 3 4 thereof, subject to the provisions of this article, to the proce-5 dure set forth in this article for the determination of whether 6 his or her license to operate a motor vehicle in this state 7 should be revoked because he or she did drive a motor vehi-8 cle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled sub-9 stances or drugs, or combined influence of alcohol or con-10 trolled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in his or her blood of 11 12 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did 13 refuse to submit to any designated secondary chemical test, 14 or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of 15 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, 16 17 but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight.

18 (b) Any law-enforcement officer arresting a person for an 19 offense described in section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has 20 21 the same elements as an offense described in said section 22 shall report to the commissioner of the division of motor 23 vehicles by written statement within forty-eight hours the 24 name and address of the person so arrested. The report shall 25 include the specific offense with which the person is charged 26 and, if applicable, a copy of the results of any secondary tests 27 of blood, breath or urine. The signing of the statement re-28 quired to be signed by this subsection shall constitute an oath 29 or affirmation by the person signing the statement that the 30 statements contained therein are true and that any copy filed is a true copy. The statement shall contain upon its face a
warning to the officer signing that to willfully sign a statement containing false information concerning any matter or
thing, material or not material, is false swearing and is a misdemeanor.

36 (c) If, upon examination of the written statement of the 37 officer and the tests results described in subsection (b) of this 38 section, the commissioner shall determine that a person was 39 arrested for an offense described in section two, article five 40 of this chapter or for an offense described in a municipal 41 ordinance which has the same elements as an offense de-42 scribed in said section, and that the results of any secondary 43 test or tests indicate that at the time the test or tests were 44 administered the person had, in his or her blood, an alcohol 45 concentration of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or at the time the person was arrested he or she was 46 47 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or 48 drugs, the commissioner shall make and enter an order revok-49 ing the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this 50 state. If the results of the tests indicate that at the time the 51 test or tests were administered the person was under the age 52 of twenty-one years and had an alcohol concentration in his 53 or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 54 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 55 weight, the commissioner shall make and enter an order sus-56 pending the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this 57 state. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the person by 58 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall 59 contain the reasons for the revocation or suspension and describe the applicable revocation or suspension periods pro-60 61 vided for in section two of this article. No revocation or suspension shall become effective until ten days after receipt 62 of a copy of the order. 63

(d) Any law-enforcement officer taking a child into custody under the provisions of section six-a, article five of this
chapter who has reasonable cause to believe that the child, at
the time of driving the motor vehicle, had an alcohol concen-

tration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or 68 more, by weight, or that the act of the child in driving the 69 70 motor vehicle was such that it would provide grounds for 71 arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of section 72 two of said article if the child were an adult, shall report to 73 the commissioner of the division of motor vehicles by written 74 statement within forty-eight hours the name and address of 75 the child.

76 (e) If applicable, the report shall include a description of 77 the specific offense with which the child could have been charged if the child were an adult, and a copy of the results of 78 any secondary tests of blood, breath or urine. The signing of 79 80 the statement required to be signed by this subsection shall constitute an oath or affirmation by the person signing such 81 82 statement that the statements contained therein are true and that any copy filed is a true copy. Such statement shall con-83 tain upon its face a warning to the officer signing that to will-84 85 fully sign a statement containing false information concerning any matter or thing, material or not material, is false 86 87 swearing and is a misdemeanor.

88 (f) Upon examination of the written statement of the 89 officer and any test results described in subsection (d) of this section, if the commissioner determines that the results of the 90 tests indicate that at the time the test or tests were adminis-91 92 tered the child had, in his or her blood, an alcohol concentra-93 tion of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but 94 also determines that the act of the child in driving the motor 95 vehicle was not such that it would provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of subsection (a), 96 (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g), section two, article five of this 97 98 chapter if the child were an adult, the commissioner shall make and enter an order suspending the child's license to 99 100 operate a motor vehicle in this state. If the commissioner 101 determines that the act of the child in driving the motor vehicle was such that it would provide grounds for arrest for an 102 offense defined under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), 103 (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g), section two, article five of this chapter 104

105 if the child were an adult, the commissioner shall make and 106 enter an order revoking the child's license to operate a motor 107 vehicle in this state. A copy of such order shall be forwarded to the child by registered or certified mail, return receipt 108 109 requested, and shall contain the reasons for the suspension or 110 revocation and describe the applicable suspension or revoca-111 tion periods provided for in section two of this article. No 112 suspension or revocation shall become effective until ten days after receipt of a copy of such order. 113

# §17C-5A-1a. Revocation upon conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs.

1 (a) If a person is convicted for an offense defined in sec-2 tion two, article five of this chapter or for an offense de-3 scribed in a municipal ordinance which has the same ele-4 ments as an offense described in said section because the 5 person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of 6 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or the combined 7 influence of alcohol or controlled substances or drugs, or did 8 drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentra-9 tion in his or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the 10 11 age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his 12 or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 13 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 14 weight, and if the person does not act to appeal the conviction 15 within the time periods described in subsection (b) of this section, the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this 16 state shall be revoked or suspended in accordance with the 17 18 provisions of this section.

(b) The clerk of the court in which a person is convicted for an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section shall forward to the commissioner a transcript of the judgment of conviction. If the conviction is the judgment of 25 a magistrate court, the magistrate court clerk shall forward 26 the transcript when the person convicted has not requested an appeal within twenty days of the sentencing for such convic-27 28 tion. If the conviction is the judgment of a mayor or police 29 court judge or municipal court judge, the clerk or recorder 30 shall forward the transcript when the person convicted has 31 not perfected an appeal within ten days from and after the date upon which the sentence is imposed. If the conviction is 32 33 the judgment of a circuit court, the circuit clerk shall forward the transcript when the person convicted has not filed a no-34 tice of intent to file a petition for appeal or writ of error 35 within thirty days after the judgment was entered. 36

37 (c) If, upon examination of the transcript of the judgment 38 of conviction, the commissioner shall determine that the person was convicted for an offense described in section two, 39 article five of this chapter or for an offense described in a 40 municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an of-41 fense described in said section because the person did drive a 42 43 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or the combined influence of 44 45 alcohol or controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in his or 46 her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by 47 48 weight, the commissioner shall make and enter an order revoking the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this 49 state. If the commissioner determines that the person was 50 51 convicted of driving a motor vehicle while under the age of 52 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her 53 blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the 54 commissioner shall make and enter an order suspending the 55 person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. The 56 order shall contain the reasons for the revocation or suspen-57 58 sion and the revocation or suspension periods provided for in 59 section two of this article. Further, the order shall give the procedures for requesting a hearing which is to be held in 60 accordance with the provisions of said section. The person 61 shall be advised in the order that because of the receipt of a 62

transcript of the judgment of conviction by the commissioner 63 64 a presumption exists that the person named in the transcript 65 of the judgment of conviction is the person named in the 66 commissioner's order and such constitutes sufficient evidence 67 to support revocation or suspension and that the sole purpose for the hearing held under this section is for the person re-68 questing the hearing to present evidence that he or she is not 69 the person named in the transcript of the judgment of convic-70 tion. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the person by 71 72 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. No revocation or suspension shall become effective until ten 73 days after receipt of a copy of the order. 74

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply if an
order reinstating the operator's license of the person has been
entered by the commissioner prior to the receipt of the transcript of the judgment of conviction.

(e) For the purposes of this section, a person is convictedwhen the person enters a plea of guilty or is found guilty by acourt or jury.

#### §17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

1 (a) Upon the written request of a person whose license to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 2 3 suspended under the provisions of section one of this article or section seven, article five of this chapter, the commis-4 5 sioner of the division of motor vehicles shall stay the imposition of the period of revocation or suspension and afford the 6 person an opportunity to be heard. The written request must 7 8 be filed with the commissioner in person or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, within thirty calendar 9 days after receipt of a copy of the order of revocation or sus-10 pension or no hearing will be granted. The hearing shall be 11 12 before the commissioner or a hearing examiner retained by the commissioner who shall rule on evidentiary issues and 13 14 submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law for the consideration of the commissioner and all of the pertinent 15

16 provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code 17 shall apply. The hearing shall be held at an office of the 18 division located in or near the county wherein the arrest was 19 made in this state or at some other suitable place in the 20 county wherein the arrest was made if an office of the divi-21 sion is not available.

22 (b) Any such hearing shall be held within one hundred 23 eighty days after the date upon which the commissioner received the timely written request therefor unless there is a 24 25 postponement or continuance. The commissioner may postpone or continue any hearing on the commissioner's own 26 27 motion or upon application for each person for good cause 28 shown. The commissioner shall adopt and implement by a 29 procedural rule written policies governing the postponement or continuance of any such hearing on the commissioner's 30 own motion or for the benefit of any law-enforcement officer 31 or any person requesting the hearing, and such policies shall 32 be enforced and applied to all parties equally. For the pur-33 pose of conducting the hearing, the commissioner shall have 34 the power and authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas 35 duces tecum in accordance with the provisions of section one, 36 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, 37 38 That the notice of hearing to the appropriate law-enforcement 39 officers by registered or certified mail, return receipt re-40 quested, shall constitute a subpoena to appear at the hearing 41 without the necessity of payment of fees by the division of 42 motor vehicles.

(c) Law-enforcement officers shall be compensated for
the time expended in their travel and appearance before the
commissioner by the law-enforcement agency by whom they
are employed at their regular rate if they are scheduled to be
on duty during said time or at their regular overtime rate if
they are scheduled to be off duty during said time.

(d) The principal question at the hearing shall be whether
the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a

52 motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the 53 person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to the designated secondary 54 chemical test, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the 55 56 age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his 57 or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 58 59 weight.

60 The commissioner may propose a legislative rule in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 61 twenty-nine-a of this code, which rule may provide that if a 62 63 person accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the 64 influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 65 concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one 66 67 percent or more, by weight, or accused of driving a motor 68 vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alco-69 hol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hun-70 dredths of one percent, by weight, intends to challenge the 71 results of any secondary chemical test of blood, breath or 72 73 urine, or intends to cross-examine the individual or individu-74 als who administered the test or performed the chemical anal-75 ysis, the person shall, within an appropriate period of time 76 prior to the hearing, notify the commissioner in writing of such intention. The rule may provide that when there is a 77 failure to comply with the notice requirement, the results of 78 the secondary test, if any, shall be admissible as though the 79 person and the commissioner had stipulated the admissibility 80 of such evidence. Any such rule shall provide that the rule 81 82 shall not be invoked in the case of a person who is not repre-83 sented by counsel unless the communication from the com-84 missioner to the person establishing a time and place for the 85 hearing also informed the person of the consequences of the person's failure to timely notify the commissioner of the 86 87 person's intention to challenge the results of the secondary chemical test or cross-examine the individual or individuals 88

89 who administered the test or performed the chemical analy-90 sis.

(e) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused 91 92 of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a 93 motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the 94 person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by 95 weight, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the 96 age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his 97 98 or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 99 100 weight, the commissioner shall make specific findings as to: (1) Whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had rea-101 102 sonable grounds to believe the person to have been driving while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or 103 drugs, or while having an alcohol concentration in the per-104 105 son's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by 106 weight, or to have been driving a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in 107 his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 108 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 109 weight; (2) whether the person was lawfully placed under 110 arrest for an offense involving driving under the influence of 111 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or was lawfully taken 112 into custody for the purpose of administering a secondary 113 test; and (3) whether the tests, if any, were administered in 114 115 accordance with the provisions of this article and article five 116 of this chapter.

(f) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 117 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, con-118 119 trolled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood 120 of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did 121 drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one 122 vears with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two 123 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than 124 eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner 125

126 also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person 127 when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to per-128 form a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately 129 caused the death of a person and was committed in reckless 130 disregard of the safety of others, and if the commissioner 131 further finds that the influence of alcohol, controlled sub-132 stances or drugs or the alcohol concentration in the blood was 133 a contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall 134 revoke the person's license for a period of ten years: Pro-135 vided, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or 136 revoked the person's license under the provisions of this sec-137 tion or section one of this article within the ten years immedi-138 ately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation 139 shall be for the life of the person.

140 (g) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 141 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle 142 143 while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the 144 145 commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence 146 that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or 147 148 failure proximately caused the death of a person, the commis-149 sioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of five 150 years: Provided, That if the commissioner has previously 151 suspended or revoked the person's license under the provi-152 sions of this section or section one of this article within the 153 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period 154 of revocation shall be for the life of the person.

155 (h) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 156 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, con-157 trolled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle 158 while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood 159 of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the 160 commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence 161 that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or 162

failure proximately caused bodily injury to a person other 163 than himself or herself, the commissioner shall revoke the 164 person's license for a period of two years: Provided, That if 165 166 the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this section or section 167 one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding 168 the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: 169 *Provided, however,* That if the commissioner has previously 170 171 suspended or revoked the person's license more than once 172 under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of 173 arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 174 175 person.

(i) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the 176 evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while un-177 der the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, 178 179 or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concen-180 tration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one per-181 cent or more, by weight, or finds that the person, being an habitual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamine or any deriva-182 tive thereof, did drive a motor vehicle, or finds that the per-183 son knowingly permitted the person's vehicle to be driven by 184 another person who was under the influence of alcohol, con-185 186 trolled substances or drugs, or knowingly permitted the per-187 son's vehicle to be driven by another person who had an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of 188 one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner shall re-189 voke the person's license for a period of six months: Pro-190 191 vided. That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this sec-192 193 tion or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation 194 shall be ten years: Provided, however, That if the commis-195 sioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's li-196 cense more than once under the provisions of this section or 197 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 198 199 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be 200for the life of the person.

201 (i) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 202 motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with 203 an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-204dredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight 205 hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner also 206 finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person 207 when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to per-208 form a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately 209 caused the death of a person, and if the commissioner further 210 finds that the alcohol concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall revoke 211 212 the person's license for a period of five years: Provided, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the 213 214 person's license under the provisions of this section or section 215 one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding 216 the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life 217 of the person.

218 (k) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 219 motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with 220 an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hun-221 dredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight 222 hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner also 223 finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person 224 when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to per-225 form a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately 226 caused bodily injury to a person other than himself or herself, 227 and if the commissioner further finds that the alcohol concen-228 tration in the blood was a contributing cause to the bodily 229 injury, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for 230 a period of two years: *Provided*, That if the commissioner has 231 previously suspended or revoked the person's license under 232 the provisions of this section or section one of this article 233 within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, 234 the period of revocation shall be ten years: Provided, how-235 ever, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or 236 revoked the person's license more than once under the provi-237 sions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the periodof revocation shall be for the life of the person.

240(1) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the 241 evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while un-242 der the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration 243 in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, 244 by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall suspend the person's license 245 246 for a period of sixty days: Provided, That if the commissioner 247 has previously suspended or revoked the person's license 248 under the provisions of this section or section one of this 249 article, the period of revocation shall be for one year, or until 250 the person's twenty-first birthday, whichever period is longer.

251 (m) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a 252 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, con-253 trolled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle 254 while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood 255 of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the 256 commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence 257 that the person when so driving did have on or within the 258 motor vehicle another person who has not reached his or her 259 sixteenth birthday, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of one year: Provided, That if the 260 261 commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the per-262 son's license under the provisions of this section or section 263 one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding 264the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: 265 *Provided, however,* That if the commissioner has previously 266 suspended or revoked the person's license more than once 267 under the provisions of this section or section one of this 268 article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of 269 arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 270 person.

(n) For purposes of this section, where reference is made
to previous suspensions or revocations under this section, the
following types of criminal convictions or administrative

suspensions or revocations shall also be regarded as suspen-sions or revocations under this section or section one of thisarticle:

(1) Any administrative revocation under the provisions of
the prior enactment of this section for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of
arrest.

(2) Any suspension or revocation on the basis of a conviction under a municipal ordinance of another state or a
statute of the United States or of any other state of an offense
which has the same elements as an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of
arrest.

(3) Any revocation under the provisions of section seven,
article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred within
the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.

291 (o) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused of refusing to submit to a designated secondary test, the com-292 293 missioner shall make specific findings as to: (1) Whether the 294 arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to 295 believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in this 296 state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled sub-297 stances or drugs; (2) whether the person was lawfully placed 298 under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle 299 in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 300 substances or drugs; (3) whether the person refused to submit 301 to the secondary test finally designated in the manner pro-302 vided in section four, article five of this chapter; and (4) 303 whether the person had been given a written statement advis-304 ing the person that the person's license to operate a motor 305 vehicle in this state would be revoked for at least one year 306 and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test fi-307 nally designated in the manner provided in said section.

308 (p) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the 309 evidence that: (1) The arresting law-enforcement officer had 310 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a 311 motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alco-312 hol, controlled substances or drugs; (2) the person was law-313 fully placed under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alco-314 315 hol, controlled substances or drugs; (3) the person refused to 316 submit to the secondary chemical test finally designated; and 317 (4) the person had been given a written statement advising 318 the person that the person's license to operate a motor vehicle 319 in this state would be revoked for a period of at least one year 320 and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test fi-321 nally designated, the commissioner shall revoke the person's 322 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for the periods 323 specified in section seven, article five of this chapter. The 324 revocation period prescribed in this subsection shall run con-325 currently with any other revocation period ordered under this 326 section or section one of this article arising out of the same 327 occurrence.

(q) If the commissioner finds to the contrary with respect
to the above issues, the commissioner shall rescind his or her
earlier order of revocation or shall reduce the order of revocation to the appropriate period of revocation under this section or section seven, article five of this chapter.

A copy of the commissioner's order made and entered following the hearing shall be served upon the person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. During the pendency of any such hearing, the revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be stayed.

If the commissioner shall after hearing make and enter an order affirming the commissioner's earlier order of revocation, the person shall be entitled to judicial review as set forth in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The commissioner may not stay enforcement of the order. The court may grant 344 a stay or supersede as of the order only upon motion and 345 hearing, and a finding by the court upon the evidence pre-346 sented, that there is a substantial probability that the appellant 347 shall prevail upon the merits, and the appellant will suffer 348 irreparable harm if the order is not stayed: Provided, That in 349 no event shall the stay or supersede as of the order exceed 350 one hundred fifty days. Notwithstanding the provisions of 351 section four, article five of said chapter, the commissioner 352 may not be compelled to transmit a certified copy of the tran-353 script of the hearing to the circuit court in less than sixty 354 days.

355 (r) In any revocation or suspension pursuant to this section, if the driver whose license is revoked or suspended had 356 357 not reached the driver's eighteenth birthday at the time of the 358 conduct for which the license is revoked or suspended, the 359 driver's license shall be revoked or suspended until the 360 driver's eighteenth birthday or the applicable statutory period 361 of revocation or suspension prescribed by this section, which-362 ever is longer.

(s) Funds for this section's hearing and appeal process
may be provided from the drunk driving prevention fund, as
created by section forty-one, article two, chapter fifteen of
this code, upon application for such funds to the commission
on drunk driving prevention.

# §17C-5A-3a. Establishment of and participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program.

1 (a) The division of motor vehicles shall control and regu-2 late a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program for per-3 sons whose licenses have been revoked pursuant to this arti-4 cle or the provisions of article five of this chapter. Such 5 program shall include the establishment of a users' fee for 6 persons participating in the program which shall be paid in advance and deposited into the driver's rehabilitation fund. 7 8 Except where specified otherwise, the use of the term "pro-9 gram" in this section refers to the motor vehicle alcohol test

10 and lock program. The commissioner of the division of mo-11 tor vehicles shall propose legislative rules for promulgation 12 in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 13 this code for the purpose of implementing the provisions of 14 this section. Such rules shall also prescribe those require-15 ments which, in addition to the requirements specified by this 16 section for eligibility to participate in the program, the com-17 missioner determines must be met to obtain the commis-18 sioner's approval to operate a motor vehicle equipped with a 19 motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system. For purposes of 20 this section, a "motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system" 21 means a mechanical or computerized system which, in the 22 opinion of the commissioner, prevents the operation of a 23 motor vehicle when, through the system's assessment of the 24 blood alcohol content of the person operating or attempting 25 to operate the vehicle, such person is determined to be under 26 the influence of alcohol.

27 (b) (1) Any person whose license has been revoked pur-28 suant to this article or the provisions of article five of this 29 chapter is eligible to participate in the program when such person's minimum revocation period as specified by subsec-30 31 tion (c) of this section has expired and such person is enrolled 32 in or has successfully completed the safety and treatment 33 program or presents proof to the commissioner within sixty 34 days of receiving approval to participate by the commissioner 35 that he or she is enrolled in a safety and treatment program: 36 Provided, That no person whose license has been revoked 37 pursuant to the provisions of section one-a of this article for 38 conviction of an offense defined in subsection (a) or (b), ,39 section two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to the 40 provisions of subsection (f) or (g), section two of this article, 41 shall be eligible for participation in the program: Provided, 42 however, That any person whose license is revoked pursuant to this article or pursuant to article five of this chapter for an 43 44 act which occurred either while participating in or after suc-45 cessfully completing the program shall not again be eligible 46 to participate in such program.

47 (2) Any person whose license has been suspended pursu-48 ant to the provisions of subsection (1), section two of this 49 article for driving a motor vehicle while under the age of 50 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her 51 blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, 52 but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, is eligible to participate in the program after thirty days have 53 elapsed from the date of the initial suspension, during which 54 time the suspension was actually in effect: Provided, That in 55 the case of a person under the age of eighteen, the person 56 57 shall be eligible to participate in the program after thirty days 58 have elapsed from the date of the initial suspension, during 59 which time the suspension was actually in effect, or after the 60 person's eighteenth birthday, whichever is later. Before the 61 commissioner approves a person to operate a motor vehicle equipped with a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system, 62 the person must agree to thereafter comply with the following 63 64 conditions:

(A) If not already enrolled, the person will enroll in and
complete the educational program provided for in subsection
(c), section three of this article at the earliest time that placement in the educational program is available, unless good
cause is demonstrated to the commissioner as to why placement should be postponed;

(B) The person will pay all costs of the educational pro-gram, any administrative costs and all costs assessed for anysuspension hearing.

74 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the
75 contrary, no person eligible to participate in the program
76 shall operate a motor vehicle unless approved to do so by the
77 commissioner.

(c) For purposes of this section, "minimum revocation
period" means the portion which has actually expired of the
period of revocation imposed by the commissioner pursuant
to this article or the provisions of article five of this chapter

82 upon a person eligible for participation in the program as83 follows:

84 (1) For a person whose license has been revoked for a first offense for six months pursuant to the provisions of 85 86 section one-a of this article for conviction of an offense de-87 fined in section two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to 88 subsection (i), section two of this article, the minimum period 89 of revocation before such person is eligible for participation 90 in the test and lock program is thirty days, and the minimum 91 period for the use of the ignition interlock device is five 92 months, or that period described in subdivision (1), subsec-93 tion (e) of this section, whichever period is greater;

94 (2) For a person whose license has been revoked for a 95 first offense pursuant to section seven, article five of this 96 chapter, refusal to submit to a designated secondary chemical 97 test, the minimum period of revocation before such person is 98 eligible for participation in the test and lock program is thirty 99 days, and the minimum period for the use of the ignition 100 interlock device is nine months, or the period set forth in 101 subdivision (1), subsection (e) of this section, whichever 102 period is greater;

103 (3) For a person whose license has been revoked for a 104 second offense pursuant to the provisions of section one-a of 105 this article for conviction of an offense defined in section 106 two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to section two of 107 this article, the minimum period of revocation before such person is eligible for participation in the test and lock pro-108 109 gram is nine months, and the minimum period for the use of 110 the ignition interlock device is eighteen months, or that period set forth in subdivision (2), subsection (e) of this section, 111 112 whichever period is greater;

(4) For a person whose license has been revoked for any
other period of time pursuant to the provisions of section
one-a of this article for conviction of an offense defined in
section two, article five of this chapter, or pursuant to section

117 two of this article or pursuant to section seven, article five of 118 this chapter, the minimum period of revocation is eighteen 119 months, and the minimum period for the use of the ignition 120 interlock device is two years, or that period set forth in subdi-121 vision (3), subsection (e) of this section, whichever period is 122 greater;

123 (5) An applicant for the test and lock program must not 124 have been convicted of any violation of section three, article 125 four, chapter seventeen-b of this code, for driving while the 126 applicant's driver's license was suspended or revoked, within 127 the two-year period preceding the date of application for 128 admission to the test and lock program;

(6) The commissioner is hereby authorized to allow individuals in the test and lock program an additional device or
devices if such is necessary for employment purposes.

(d) Upon permitting an eligible person to participate in
the program, the commissioner shall issue to such person,
and such person shall be required to exhibit on demand, a
driver's license which shall reflect that such person is restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle which is equipped
with an approved motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system.

(e) Any person who has completed the safety and treatment program and who has not violated the terms required by
the commissioner of such person's participation in the motor
vehicle alcohol test and lock program shall be entitled to the
restoration of such person's driver's license upon the expiration of:

(1) One hundred eighty days of the full revocation period
imposed by the commissioner for a person described in subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (c) of this section;

147 (2) The full revocation period imposed by the commis-148 sioner for a person described in subdivision (3), subsection149 (c) of this section;

(3) One year from the date a person described in subdivision (4), subsection (c) of this section is permitted to operate
a motor vehicle by the commissioner.

(f) A person whose license has been suspended pursuant 153 to the provisions of subsection (1), section two of this article 154 who has completed the educational program, and who has not 155 violated the terms required by the commissioner of such 156 157 person's participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program shall be entitled to the reinstatement of his or 158 her driver's license six months from the date the person is 159 permitted to operate a motor vehicle by the commissioner. 160 When a license has been reinstated pursuant to this subsec-161 162 tion, the records ordering the suspension, records of any ad-163 ministrative hearing, records of any blood alcohol test results 164 and all other records pertaining to the suspension shall be expunged by operation of law: Provided, That a person shall 165 be entitled to expungement under the provisions of this sub-166 167 section only once. The expungement shall be accomplished by physically marking the records to show that such records 168 have been expunged and by securely sealing and filing the 169 170 records. Expungement shall have the legal effect as if the suspension never occurred. The records shall not be dis-171 172 closed or made available for inspection and, in response to a request for record information, the commissioner shall reply 173 that no information is available. Information from the file 174 may be used by the commissioner for research and statistical 175 purposes so long as the use of such information does not 176 177 divulge the identity of the person.

178 (g) In addition to any other penalty imposed by this code, any person who operates a motor vehicle not equipped with 179 180 an approved motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system dur-181 ing such person's participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 182 183 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for a period not less than one month nor more than six 184 months and fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 185 than five hundred dollars. Any person who assists another 186

187 person required by the terms of such other person's participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program to use 188 189 a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system in any effort to bypass the system is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon con-190 191 viction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional 192 jail not more than six months and fined not less than one 193 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars: Pro-194 *vided*. That notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, a person enrolled and participating in the test and 195 lock program may operate a motor vehicle solely at his or her 196 job site if such is a condition of his or her employment. 197

#### CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

#### ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, MOTORBOATING, LITTER.

- §20-7-18. Care in handling watercraft; duty to render aid after a collision, accident or casualty accident reports.
- \$20-7-18b. Operating under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.

# §20-7-18. Care in handling watercraft; duty to render aid after a collision, accident or casualty; accident reports.

(a) No person shall operate a motorboat, jet ski or other
 motorized vessel or manipulate any water skis, surfboard or
 similar device in a reckless or negligent manner so as to en danger the life, limb or property of any person.

5 (b) No person shall operate any motorboat, jet ski or 6 other motorized vessel, or manipulate any water skis, surf-7 board or similar device while under the influence of alcohol 8 or a controlled substance or drug, under the combined influ-9 ence of alcohol and any controlled substance or any other 10 drug, or while having an alcohol concentration in his or her 11 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight.

12 (c) It shall be the duty of the operator of a vessel in-13 volved in a collision, accident or other casualty, so far as he 14 or she can do so without serious danger to his or her own

15 vessel, crew and passengers (if any), to render to other per-16 sons affected by the collision, accident or other casualty such 17 assistance as may be practicable and as may be necessary in 18 order to save them from or minimize any danger caused by 19 the collision, accident or other casualty, and also to give his 20 or her name, address and identification of his or her vessel in 21 writing to any person injured and to the owner of any prop-22 erty damaged in the collision, accident or other casualty.

23 (d) The operator of a vessel involved in a collision, acci-24 dent or other casualty shall file an accident report with the 25 director if the incident results in a loss of life, in a personal 26 injury that requires medical treatment beyond first aid or in 27 excess of five hundred dollars damage to a vessel or other 28 property. The report shall be made on such forms and con-29 tain information as prescribed by the director. Upon a re-30 quest duly made by an authorized official or agency of the 31 United States, any information compiled or otherwise avail-32 able to the director pursuant to this subsection shall be trans-33 mitted to the official or agency.

# §20-7-18b. Operating under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.

1 (a) Any person who:

2 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized ves-3 sel in this state while:

4 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

5 (B) He or she is under the influence of any controlled 6 substance; or

7 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

8 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol 9 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

10 (E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her11 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;12 and

(2) When so operating does any act forbidden by law or
fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the operating of
the motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, which act or
failure proximately causes the death of any person within one
year next following the act or failure; and

18 (3) Commits the act or failure in reckless disregard of the 19 safety of others, and when the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs is shown to be a contributing 20 21 cause to the death, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 22 thereof, shall be imprisoned in the state correctional facility 23 for not less than one nor more than ten years and shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than three 24 25 thousand dollars.

(b) Any person who:

27 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized ves-28 sel in this state while:

29 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

30 (B) He or she is under the influence of any controlled 31 substance; or

32 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

33 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol34 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

35 (E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her
36 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;
37 and

38 (2) When so operating does any act forbidden by law or39 fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the operating of

40 the motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, which act or 41 failure proximately causes the death of any person within one 42 year next following the act or failure, is guilty of a misde-43 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the 44 county or regional jail for not less than ninety days nor more 45 than one year and shall be fined not less than five hundred 46 dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

47 (c) Any person who:

48 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized ves-49 sel in this state while:

50 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

51 (B) He or she is under the influence of any controlled 52 substance; or

53 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

54 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol55 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

56 (E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her57 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;58 and

59 (2) When so operating does any act forbidden by law or fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the operating of 60 the motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel, which act or 61 62 failure proximately causes bodily injury to any person other 63 than himself or herself, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 64 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional 65 jail for not less than one day nor more than one year, which jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than 66 67 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than two hun-68 dred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

69 (d) Any person who:

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70 (1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized ves-71 sel in this state while:

72 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

(B) He or she is under the influence of any controlledsubstance; or

75 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

76 (D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcohol77 and any controlled substance or any other drug; or

(E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or herblood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

80 (2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 81 thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not 82 less than one day nor more than six months, which jail term 83 shall include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four 84 hours, and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 85 nor more than five hundred dollars.

86 (e) Any person who, being an habitual user of narcotic 87 drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, operates a 88 motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel in this state, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 89 90 be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than one 91 day nor more than six months, which jail term shall include 92 actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and 93 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than 94 five hundred dollars.

95 (f) Any person who:

96 (1) Knowingly permits his or her motorboat, jet ski or 97 other motorized vessel to be operated in this state by any 98 other person who is:

99 (A) Under the influence of alcohol; or

100 (B) Under the influence of any controlled substance; or

101 (C) Under the influence of any other drug; or

(D) Under the combined influence of alcohol and anycontrolled substance or any other drug; or

104 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 105 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;

(2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not
more than six months and shall be fined not less than one
hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

110 (g) Any person who knowingly permits his or her motor-111 boat, jet ski or other motorized vessel to be operated in this 112 state by any other person who is an habitual user of narcotic 113 drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, is guilty of a 114 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined 115 in the county or regional jail for not more than six months 116 and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 117 than five hundred dollars.

118 (h) Any person under the age of twenty-one years who 119 operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel in this 120 state while he or she has an alcohol concentration in his or 121 her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 122 weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 123 weight, shall, for a first offense under this subsection, be 124 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall 125 be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one 126 hundred dollars. For a second or subsequent offense under 127 this subsection, such person is guilty of a misdemeanor and, 128 upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or 129 regional jail for twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less 130 than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

A person arrested and charged with an offense under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of

133 this section may not also be charged with an offense under 134 this subsection arising out of the same transaction or occur-135 rence.

136 (i) Any person who:

(1) Operates a motorboat, jet ski or other motorized ves-sel in this state while:

139 (A) He or she is under the influence of alcohol; or

(B) He or she is under the influence of any controlledsubstance; or

142 (C) He or she is under the influence of any other drug; or

(D) He or she is under the combined influence of alcoholand any controlled substance or any other drug; or

(E) He or she has an alcohol concentration in his or herblood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;and

148 (2) The person when so operating has on or within the 149 motorboat, jet ski or other motorized vessel one or more other persons who are unemancipated minors who have not 150 reached their sixteenth birthday, shall be guilty of a misde-151 152 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the 153 county or regional jail for not less than two days nor more 154 than twelve months, which jail term shall include actual con-155 finement of not less than forty-eight hours, and shall be fined 156 not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 157 dollars.

(j) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section, for the second offense under this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county or regional jail for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a 164 fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than three165 thousand dollars.

166 (k) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section shall, for the third or 167 any subsequent offense under this section, be guilty of a fel-168 169 ony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a 170 state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than 171 three years, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine 172 of not less than three thousand dollars nor more than five 173 thousand dollars.

(1) For purposes of subsections (j) and (k) of this section
relating to second, third and subsequent offenses, the following types of convictions shall be regarded as convictions
under this section:

(1) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection
(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this section for an offense which
occurred on or after the effective date of this section;

(2) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection (a)
or (b) of this section for an offense which occurred within a
period of five years immediately preceding the date of the
offense; and

(3) Any conviction under a municipal ordinance of this
state or any other state or a statute of the United States or of
any other state of an offense which has the same elements as
an offense described in subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or
(g) of this section, which offense occurred after the effective
date of this section.

(m) A person may be charged in a warrant or indictment or information for a second or subsequent offense under this section if the person has been previously arrested for or charged with a violation of this section which is alleged to have occurred within the applicable time periods for prior offenses, notwithstanding the fact that there has not been a final adjudication of the charges for the alleged previous

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offense. The warrant or indictment or information shall set
forth the date, location and particulars of the previous offense
or offenses. No person may be convicted of a second or subsequent offense under this section unless the conviction for
the previous offense has become final.

(n) The fact that any person charged with a violation of
subsection (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section, or any person permitted to operate as described under subsection (f) or
(g) of this section, is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug shall not constitute a
defense against any charge of violating subsection (a), (b),
(c), (d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section.

(o) For purposes of this section, the term "controlled
substance" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in chapter
sixty-a of this code.

213 (p) The sentences provided herein upon conviction for a 214 violation of this article are mandatory and may not be subject to suspension or probation: Provided, That the court may 215 216 apply the provisions of article eleven-a, chapter sixty-two of 217 this code to a person sentenced or committed to a term of one 218 year or less. An order for home detention by the court pursu-219 ant to the provisions of article eleven-b of said chapter may 220 be used as an alternative sentence to any period of incarcera-221 tion required by this section.

### CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

#### ARTICLE 6A. CANCELLATION OR NONRENEWAL OF AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY POLICIES.

### §33-6A-1. Cancellation prohibited except for specified reasons; notice.

1 No insurer once having issued or delivered a policy pro-2 viding automobile liability insurance for a private passenger 3 automobile may, after the policy has been in effect for sixty

4 days, or in case of renewal effective immediately, issue or

5 cause to issue a notice of cancellation during the term of the6 policy except for one or more of the reasons specified in this7 section:

8 (a) The named insured fails to make payments of pre-9 mium for the policy or any installment of the premium when 10 due;

(b) The policy is obtained through material misrepresen-tation;

13 (c) The insured violates any of the material terms and14 conditions of the policy;

(d) The named insured or any other operator, either residing in the same household or who customarily operates an
automobile insured under the policy:

18 (1) Has had his or her operator's license suspended or 19 revoked during the policy period including suspension or revocation for failure to comply with the provisions of article 20 21 five-a, chapter seventeen-c of this code, regarding consent for 22 a chemical test for intoxication: Provided, That when a li-23 cense is suspended for sixty days by the commissioner of the 24 division of motor vehicles because a person drove a motor 25 vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of 26 27 one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, pursuant to subsection (l), 28 section two of said article, the suspension shall not be 29 30 grounds for cancellation; or

31 (2) Is or becomes subject to epilepsy or heart attacks and
32 the individual cannot produce a certificate from a physician
33 testifying to his or her ability to operate a motor vehicle;

(e) The named insured or any other operator, either residing in the same household or who customarily operates an
automobile insured under such policy, is convicted of or

forfeits bail during the policy period for any of the followingreasons:

39 (1) Any felony or assault involving the use of a motor40 vehicle;

41 (2) Negligent homicide arising out of the operation of a42 motor vehicle;

43 (3) Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence
44 of alcohol or of any controlled substance or while having an
45 alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths
46 of one percent or more, by weight;

47 (4) Leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident in48 which the insured is involved without reporting it as required49 by law;

50 (5) Theft of a motor vehicle or the unlawful taking of a 51 motor vehicle;

(6) Making false statements in an application for a motorvehicle operator's license;

54 (7) Three or more moving traffic violations committed 55 within a period of twelve months, each of which results in 56 three or more points being assessed on the driver's record by 57 the division of motor vehicles, whether or not the insurer 58 renewed the policy without knowledge of all such violations. 59 Notice of any cancellation made pursuant to this subsection 60 shall be mailed to the named insured either during the current 61 policy period or during the first full policy period following the date that the third moving traffic violation is recorded by 62 63 the division of motor vehicles.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section to the contrary, no insurer may cancel a policy of automobile liability insurance without first giving the insured thirty days' notice of its intention to cancel: *Provided*, That cancellation

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68	of the insurance policy by the insurer for failure of consider
69	ation to be paid by the insured upon initial issuance of the
70	insurance policy is effective upon the expiration of ten days
71	notice of cancellation to the insured.

#### CHAPTER 50. MAGISTRATE COURTS.

#### ARTICLE 3. COSTS, FINES AND RECORDS.

#### §50-3-2b. Additional costs in certain criminal proceedings.

In each criminal case before a magistrate court in which 1 2 the defendant is convicted, whether by plea or at trial, under 3 the provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-4 c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter 5 twenty of this code, there shall be imposed, in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed 6 7 by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five dollars. A magistrate court shall, on or before the tenth day of the month following 8 9 the month in which the costs imposed in this section were collected, remit an amount equal to the amount from each of 10 the criminal proceedings in which the costs specified in this 11 12 section were collected to the magistrate court clerk or, if there is no magistrate court clerk, to the clerk of the circuit, 13 together with information as may be required by the rules of 14 the supreme court of appeals and the rules of the office of 15 16 chief inspector. At the end of each month, for purposes of 17 further defraying the cost to the county of enforcing the pro-18 visions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter twenty of 19 20 this code and related provisions, these moneys shall be paid 21 to the sheriff of the county and deposited in the general reve-22 nue fund of the county. The provisions of this section shall 23 be effective after the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.

#### CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS; LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

#### D.U.I.

#### §59-1-11a. Additional costs in certain criminal proceedings.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this 2 section, in each criminal case before a circuit court in which the defendant is convicted, whether by plea or at trial, under 3 the provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-4 c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter 5 6 twenty of this code, there shall be imposed, in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed 7 8 by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five dollars. For pur-9 poses of further defraying the cost to the county of enforcing 10 the provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-11 c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter 12 twenty of this code and related provisions, the clerk of the 13 circuit court shall, on or before the tenth day of the month 14 following the month in which the costs imposed in this sec-15 tion were collected, remit an amount equal to the amount 16 from each of the criminal proceedings in which the costs 17 specified in this subsection were collected to the sheriff of the county who shall deposit the same in the general revenue 18 fund of the county. 19

20 (b) In each criminal case before a circuit court upon ap-21 peal from a magistrate court in which the defendant is convicted, whether by plea or at trial in the circuit court, under 22 23 the provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-24 c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter 25 twenty of this code, there shall be imposed, in addition to 26 other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed 27 by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five dollars. For pur-28 poses of further defraying the cost to the county of enforcing 29 the provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-30 c of this code or section eighteen-b, article seven, chapter 31 twenty of this code and related provisions, the clerk of the 32 circuit court shall, on or before the tenth day of the month following the month in which the costs imposed in this sec-33 34 tion were collected, remit an amount equal to the amount from each of the criminal proceedings in which the costs 35

36 specified in this subsection were collected to the sheriff of 37 the county who shall deposit the same in the general revenue 38 fund of the county. The provisions of this subsection shall 39 not require payment of the costs imposed by this subsection 40 to the circuit court where the costs have been paid in the 41 magistrate court.

42 (c) In each criminal case before a circuit court upon ap-43 peal from a municipal proceeding in which the defendant is 44 convicted, whether by plea or at trial in the circuit court, 45 under the provisions of a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in section two, article 46 47 five, chapter seventeen-c of this code or section eighteen-b, 48 article seven, chapter twenty of this code, there shall be im-49 posed, in addition to other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties 50 as may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of fifty-five 51 dollars. For purposes of further defraying the cost to the 52 municipality of enforcing the provisions of the ordinance or ordinances described in this subsection and related provi-53 54 sions, the clerk of the circuit court shall, on or before the 55 tenth day of the month following the month in which the 56 costs imposed in this section were collected, remit an amount 57 equal to the amount from each of the criminal proceedings in 58 which the costs specified in this subsection were collected to 59 the clerk of the municipal court or other person designated to receive fines and costs for the municipality from which the 60 conviction was appealed who shall deposit these moneys in 61 62 the general revenue fund of the municipality. The provisions 63 of this subsection shall not require payment of the costs im-64 posed by this subsection to the circuit court where the costs 65 have been paid to the clerk of the municipal court or other 66 person designated to receive fines and costs for the munici-67 pality.

68 (d) The provisions of this section shall be effective after69 the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four.


# **CHAPTER 88**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4607— By Delegates Cann, Pethtel, Frederick, Palumbo and Caruth)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §13-2C-3a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §31-15-5 of said code, all relating to the economic development authority board; conferring the authority and duties of the industrial revenue bond allocation review committee to the board of the West Virginia economic development authority; and adding members to the board of the economic development authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §13-2C-3a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §31-15-5 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 13. Public Bonded Indebtedness.
- 31. Corporations.

# **CHAPTER 13. PUBLIC BONDED INDEBTEDNESS.**

# ARTICLE 2C. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND COMMERCIAL DE-VELOPMENT BOND ACT.

§13-2C-3a. Continuation of industrial revenue bond allocation review committee; appointment, terms of members; voting; expenses; duties.

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1 (a) There is continued the West Virginia industrial revenue 2 bond allocation review committee consisting of the members of 3 the board of the West Virginia economic development authority 4 created by article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code.

5 (b) Members are not entitled to compensation for services performed as members, but are entitled to reimbursement for all 6 7 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the 8 performance of their duties: Provided, That no member may be eligible for expenses for meetings of both the board of the West 9 Virginia economic development authority and the West 10 11 Virginia industrial revenue bond allocation review committee 12 when the meetings are held on the same day.

13 (c) A majority of the members of the committee constitutes a quorum for the purpose of conducting business. The affirma-14 15 tive vote of at least the majority of the members present is necessary for any action taken by vote of the committee. No 16 17 vacancy in the membership of the committee impairs the right 18 of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the committee. 19

20(d) The committee shall review and evaluate all applica-21 tions for reservation of funds submitted to the development 22 office by a governmental body pursuant to the provisions of subsections (d) and (e), section twenty-one of this article, and 23 24 shall make reservations of the state allocation (as defined in 25 subdivision (2), subsection (b) of section twenty-one of this article) pursuant to subdivision (3), subsection (b) and subsec-26 tion (c) of section twenty-one of this article. 27

# **CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.**

**ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHOR-**ITY.

# §31-15-5. West Virginia economic development authority; composition; appointment; terms; delegation of authority by chairman; voting; compensation and expenses.

(a) The West Virginia economic development authority is
 continued as a body corporate and politic, constituting a public
 corporation and government instrumentality.

4 (b) The authority shall be composed of a board of members 5 consisting of a chairman, who shall be the governor, or his or 6 her designated representative, the tax commissioner and seven 7 members who shall be appointed by the governor, by and with 8 the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall be broadly 9 representative of the geographic regions of the state. One member of the House of Delegates to be appointed by the 10 11 speaker and one member of the Senate to be appointed by the 12 president shall serve on the board in an advisory capacity as ex 13 officio, nonvoting members. The board shall direct the exercise 14 of all the powers given to the authority in this article. The 15 governor shall also be the chief executive officer of the author-16 ity, and shall designate the treasurer and the secretary of the 17 board.

(c) As appointments expire, each subsequent appointment
shall be for a full four-year term. Any member whose term has
expired shall serve until his or her successor has been duly
appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy
shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any member is eligible
for reappointment.

(d) The governor may, by written notice filed with the
secretary of the authority, from time to time, delegate to any
subordinate the power to represent him or her at any meeting of
the authority. In that case, the subordinate has the same power
and privileges as the governor and may vote on any question.

(e) Members of the authority are not entitled to compensation for services performed as members, but are entitled to
reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses
actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

(f) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the
purpose of conducting business. Except in the case of a loan or
insurance application or unless the bylaws require a larger
number, action may be taken by majority vote of the members
present. Approval or rejection of a loan or insurance application
shall be made by majority vote of the full membership of the
board.

40 (g) The board shall manage the property and business of the
41 authority and may prescribe, amend, adopt and repeal bylaws
42 and rules and regulations governing the manner in which the
43 business of the authority is conducted.

44 (h) The board shall, without regard to the provisions of civil 45 service laws applicable to officers and employees of the state of 46 West Virginia, appoint any necessary managers, assistant 47 managers, officers, employees, attorneys and agents for the 48 transaction of its business, fix their compensation, define their 49 duties and provide a system of organization to fix responsibility 50 and promote efficiency. Any appointee of the board may be 51 removed at the discretion of the board. The authority may 52 reimburse any state spending unit for any special expense 53 actually incurred in providing any service or the use of any 54 facility to the authority.

(i) In cases of any vacancy in the office of a voting member, the vacancy shall be filled by the governor. Any member
appointed to fill a vacancy in the board occurring prior to the
expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was
appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of the term.

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60 (j) The governor may remove a member in the case of 61 incompetence, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance 62 in office, and may declare the member's office vacant and 63 appoint a person for the vacancy as provided in other cases of 64 vacancy.

(k) The secretary of the board shall keep a record of the
proceedings of the board and perform any other duties determined appropriate by the board. The treasurer shall be custodian of all funds of the authority and shall be bonded in the
amount designated by other members of the board.

# **CHAPTER 89**

(H. B. 4131 — By Delegates Mezzatesta, Cann, Frederick, Stalnaker, Sumner and Walters)

[Passed February 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18B-3D-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the workforce development initiative program; updating terms; and requiring certain reporting to the legislative oversight commission on workforce investment for economic development.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18B-3D-2 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 3D. WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE.

# §18B-3D-2. Workforce development initiative program created; program administration.

- 1 (a) For the purposes of this article "Council" means the 2 council for community and economic development as defined
- 3 in section two, article two, chapter five-b of this code.

4 (b) There is hereby created under the council, a workforce development initiative program to administer and oversee 5 6 grants to community and technical colleges to achieve the 7 purposes of this article in accordance with legislative intent. The primary responsibility of the council as it relates to the 8 workforce development initiative program is to administer the 9 10 state fund for community and technical college and workforce 11 development including setting criteria for grant applications, 12 receiving applications for grants, making determinations on 13 distribution of funds, and evaluating the performance of 14 workforce development initiatives.

(c) The council shall review and approve the expenditure of
all grant funds, including development of application criteria,
the review and selection of applicants for funding, and the
annual review and justification of applicants for grant renewal.

19 (1) To aid in decisionmaking, the council shall appoint an 20 advisory committee consisting of the vice chancellor for 21 community and technical colleges, the secretary of education 22 and the arts or a designee, the assistant state superintendent for technical and adult education, the chair of the council for 23 24 community and technical college education, and the chair of the 25 West Virginia workforce investment council. The advisory 26 committee shall review all applications for workforce develop-27 ment initiative grants and make a report including recommen-28 dations for distributing grant funds to the council. The advisory 29 committee also shall make recommendations on methods to 30 share among the community and technical colleges any31 curricula developed as a result of a workforce development32 initiative grant.

33 (2) When determining which grant proposals will be
34 funded, the council shall give special consideration to proposals
35 by community and technical colleges that involve businesses
36 with fewer than fifty employees.

37 (3) The council also shall weigh each proposal to avoid
38 awarding grants which will have the ultimate effect of provid39 ing unfair advantage to employers new to the state who will be
40 in direct competition with established local businesses.

(d) The council may allocate a reasonable amount, not to
exceed five percent up to a maximum of fifty thousand dollars
of the funds available for grants on an annual basis, for general
program administration.

(e) The head of the council shall report to the legislative
oversight commission on workforce investment for economic
development on the status of the workforce development
initiative program by the first day of December, two thousand
four, and annually thereafter by the first day of December.

50 (f) Moneys appropriated or otherwise available for the 51 workforce development initiative program shall be allocated by 52 line item to an appropriate account. Any moneys remaining in 53 the fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be carried forward for 54 use in the next fiscal year.

55 (g) Nothing in this article requires a specific level of 56 appropriation by the Legislature.



# **CHAPTER 90**

(S. B. 573 - By Senators Rowe and McCabe)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §31-15-2 and §31-15-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to providing a procedure for the economic development authority to address employment and economic development problems of minority populations of this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §31-15-2 and §31-15-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHOR-ITY.

# §31-15-2. Legislative findings.

1 It is hereby determined and declared as a matter of legisla-2 tive finding: (a) That unemployment exists in many areas of the state and may well come about, from time to time, in other 3 areas of the state; (b) that in some areas of the state, unemploy-4 5 ment is a serious problem and has been for so long a period of time that, without remedial measures, it may become so in other 6 areas of the state; (c) that economic insecurity due to unem-7 ployment is a serious menace to the health, safety, morals and 8 9 general welfare of the people of the entire state; (d) that widespread industry unemployment produces indigency which 10 falls with crushing force upon all unemployed workers and 11

ultimately upon the state in the form of welfare and unemploy-12 13 ment compensation; (e) that the absence of employment and 14 business opportunities for youth is a serious threat to the 15 strength and permanence of their faith in our American political 16 and economic institutions and the philosophy of freedom on 17 which those institutions are based; (f) that lack of employment 18 and business opportunities has resulted in thousands of workers 19 and their families leaving the state to find such opportunities 20 elsewhere and that this exodus has adversely affected the tax 21 base of counties and municipalities resulting in an impairment 22 of their financial ability to support education and other local 23 government services; (g) that security against unemployment and the spread of indigency and economic stagnation can best 24 25 be provided by the promotion, attraction, stimulation, rehabili-26 tation and revitalization of commerce, tourism, industry and 27 manufacturing; (h) that the present and future health, safety, 28 morals, right to gainful employment and general welfare of the 29 people of the state require as a public purpose the promotion 30 and development of new and expanded coal and other energy 31 production, industrial, commercial, tourist and manufacturing 32 enterprises within this state; (i) that the means and measures 33 being authorized for the financing of projects, including the 34 insuring of loans or other debt issued for working capital or the 35 refinancing of existing debt of an enterprise, are, as a matter of public policy, for the public purposes of the several counties, 36 37 municipalities and the state; (j) that the device under which 38 private community industrial development organizations in the 39 state acquire or build industrial buildings or sites and equip the 40 same with funds raised through popular subscription, loans or 41 otherwise for lease and sale to new or expanding industries has 42 proven effective in creating new employment and business 43 opportunities locally, is in accord with the American tradition 44 of community initiative and enterprise and requires and 45 deserves encouragement and support from the state as a means 46 toward alleviation of unemployment and economic distress; (k)

47 that community industrial development corporations in the state

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48 have invested substantial funds in successful coal production, 49 industrial projects and are experiencing difficulty in undertak-50 ing additional projects by reason of the partial inadequacy of 51 their own funds potentially available from local subscription 52 sources and by reason of limitations of local financial institu-53 tions in providing additional and sufficiently sizable first deed of trust or mortgage loans or letters of credit and other forms of 54 55 credit enhancement; (1) that minority business ownership, 56 especially among African-Americans in the area of Charleston, 57 West Virginia, is proportionately less than minority business 58 ownership nationwide and statewide, the unemployment rate for 59 African-Americans recently has been about twice the unemployment rate for caucasians and significantly higher in some 60 61 counties with a greater concentration of African-Americans and 62 an urgent need exists to encourage African-Americans and 63 minority business ownership and higher employment; (m) that 64 an urgent need exists to stimulate a larger flow of private 65 investment funds from banks, investment houses, insurance 66 companies and other financial institutions into projects; (n) that 67 by increasing the number of projects presenting attractive 68 opportunities for private investment, a larger portion of the 69 private capital available in this state for investment can be put 70 to use for the general economic development of the state; (o) 71 that the availability of financial assistance through the creation 72 of an insurance fund will promote the economic development 73 of the state; and that it is in the public interest, in order to 74 address the needs aforesaid, that a state instrumentality be 75 created as a public body corporate with full powers to accept 76 grants, gifts and appropriations, to generate revenues, to borrow 77 money and issue its bonds, notes, commercial paper, other debt 78 instruments and security interests to the end that funds obtained 79 thereby may be used to furnish money and credit to approved 80 industrial development agencies or enterprises or to promote 81 the establishment of new projects or to retain existing projects.

## §31-15-3. Purposes of article.

1 The purposes of this article shall be to provide for the 2 formation of a public economic development authority to 3 promote, assist, encourage and, in conjunction with such 4 banking corporations or institutions, trust companies, savings 5 banks, building and loan associations, insurance companies or related corporations, partnerships, foundations, nonprofit 6 organizations or other institutions, to develop and advance the 7 8 business prosperity and economic welfare of the state of West Virginia; to encourage and assist in the location of new business 9 10 and industry; to stimulate and assist in the expansion of all kinds of business activity which will tend to promote the 11 business development and maintain the economic stability of 12 13 this state, provide maximum opportunities for employment, encourage thrift and improve the standard of living of the 14 15 citizens of this state; to cooperate and act in conjunction with 16 other organizations, public or private, the objects of which are 17 the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, 18 tourist or manufacturing developments in this state; to borrow 19 moneys and to issue its bonds, notes, commercial paper, other 20 debt instruments and security interests as well as creating an insurance fund for credit enhancement purposes; to furnish 21 22 money and credit or credit enhancement to approved industrial 23 development agencies or enterprises in this state or for the promotion of new projects or to retain existing projects or to 24 25 financially assist projects by insuring bonds, notes, loans and 26 other instruments, including, but not limited to, the insuring of 27 financing of working capital or the refinancing of existing debt 28 of an enterprise, thereby establishing a source of credit and 29 credit enhancement not otherwise available; to review state 30 procurement policies and practices to assure that they meet federal and state requirements and that they effectively encour-31 32 age meaningful participation of African-Americans and other 33 minority persons in the process of competing for and awarding of state contracts for goods and services; to encourage the state 34 35 to continue to support and expand small business incubator 36 programs, including the program at institutions of higher

37 education in the state; to encourage new and minority small 38 business development; to undertake initiatives to encourage 39 minority business ownership similar to those efforts used to 40 encourage greater rates of business ownership among women; 41 to assist community and economic development corporations to 42 provide effective technical and business advisory services to 43 minority-owned and -operated enterprises; to encourage 44 industry, banks and other private businesses to hire Afri-45 can-Americans and other minority persons; to encourage 46 governmental agencies and bodies and businesses to be more 47 aggressive in establishing diversity-conscious practices as 48 employers and for their operations; to enlist traditional and 49 nontraditional lending institutions to be more creative and 50 favorable to lending in minority communities and to minority 51 persons, especially for business enterprises; to encourage small 52 business start-up and expansion and provide funding to assist 53 minority vendors to meet bid bonding requirements; and to 54 encourage workforce investment boards to be accountable for 55 educating poor and minority persons for jobs better than 56 low-paying service jobs. These purposes are hereby declared 57 to be public purposes for which public money may be spent and 58 are purposes which will promote the health, safety, morals, 59 right to gainful employment, business opportunities and general welfare of the inhabitants of the state. 60



# CHAPTER 91

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 408 — By Senators Snyder, Helmick, Ross and Unger)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

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AN ACT to amend and reenact §11-8-6f of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §18-9A-11 of said code, all relating generally to levies by county boards of education and expenditure of property taxes collected from the levies; allowing growth counties to use provisions of growth county school facilities act; providing that high-growth county school facilities act fund to be used for the benefit of school facilities in the high-growth county; allowing moneys in the fund to be carried over from year to year; and providing that revenues deposited in a growth county school facilities act fund are not considered local share for purposes of the state aid formula.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §11-8-6f of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §18-9A-11 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 18. Education.

# **CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.**

#### **ARTICLE 8. LEVIES.**

# §11-8-6f. Effect on regular school board levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase; creation and implementation of growth county school facilities act; creation of growth county school facilities act fund.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where any
 annual appraisal, triennial appraisal or general valuation of
 property would produce a statewide aggregate assessment that
 would cause an increase of one percent or more in the total
 property tax revenues that would be realized were the then

6 current regular levy rates of the county boards of education to 7 be imposed, the rate of levy for county boards of education shall be reduced uniformly statewide and proportionately for all 8 9 classes of property for the forthcoming tax year so as to cause 10 the rate of levy to produce no more than one hundred one 11 percent of the previous year's projected statewide aggregate 12 property tax revenues from extending the county board of 13 education levy rate, unless subsection (b) of this section is complied with. The reduced rates of levy shall be calculated in 14 15 the following manner: (1) The total assessed value of each class of property as it is defined by section five, article eight of 16 17 this chapter for the assessment period just concluded shall be 18 reduced by deducting the total assessed value of newly created 19 properties not assessed in the previous year's tax book for each 20class of property; (2) the resulting net assessed value of Class I property shall be multiplied by .01; the value of Class II by 21 22 .02; and the values of Class III and IV, each by .04; (3) total the 23 current year's property tax revenue resulting from regular levies 24 for the boards of education throughout this state and multiply 25 the resulting sum by one hundred one percent: Provided, That 26 the one hundred one percent figure shall be increased by the 27 amount the boards of educations' increased levy provided for in 28 subsection (b), section eight, article one-c of this chapter; (4) 29 divide the total regular levy tax revenues, thus increased in 30 subdivision (3), of this subsection, by the total weighted net 31 assessed value as calculated in subdivision (2) of this subsec-32 tion and multiply the resulting product by one hundred; the 33 resulting number is the Class I regular levy rate, stated as 34 cents-per-one hundred dollars of assessed value; and (5) the 35 Class II rate is two times the Class I rate; Classes III and IV, 36 four times the Class I rate as calculated in the preceding 37 subdivision.

38 An additional appraisal or valuation due to new construc-

- 39 tion or improvements, including beginning recovery of natural
- 40 resources, to existing real property or newly acquired personal

41 property shall not be an annual appraisal or general valuation
42 within the meaning of this section, nor shall the assessed value
43 of the improvements be included in calculating the new tax levy
44 for purposes of this section. Special levies shall not be included
45 in any calculations under this section.

46 (b) After conducting a public hearing, the Legislature may,
47 by act, increase the rate above the reduced rate required in
48 subsection (a) of this section if an increase is determined to be
49 necessary.

50 (c) Growth county school facilities act. -- Legislative 51 Findings. --

52 The Legislature finds and declares that there has been, 53 overall, a statewide decline in enrollment in the public schools 54 of this state; due to this decline, most public schools have 55 ample space for students, teachers and administrators; however, 56 some counties of this state have experienced significant 57 increases in enrollment due to significant growth in those 58 counties; that those counties experiencing significant increases 59 do not have adequate facilities to accommodate students, 60 teachers and administrators. Therefore, the Legislature finds 61 that county commissions in those high-growth counties should 62 have the authority to designate revenues generated from the 63 application of the regular school board levy due to new construction or improvements placed in a growth county school 64 65 facilities act fund be used for school facilities in those counties 66 to promote the best interests of this state's students.

(1) For the purposes of this subsection, "growth county"
means any county that has experienced an increase in second
month net enrollment, excluding kindergarten students less than
five years of age without an individualized education program,
of fifty or more during any three of the last five years, as
determined by the department of education.

(2) The provisions of this subsection shall only apply to any
growth county, as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection,
that, by resolution of its county board of education, chooses to
use the provisions of this subsection.

77 (3) For any growth county, as defined in subdivision (1) of 78 this subsection, that adopts a resolution choosing to use the 79 provisions of this subsection, pursuant to subdivision (2) of this 80 subsection, assessed values resulting from additional appraisal 81 or valuation due to new construction or improvements, includ-82 ing beginning recovery of natural resources, to existing real 83 property or newly acquired personal property, shall be desig-84 nated as new property values and identified by the county 85 assessor. The statewide regular school board levy rate as 86 established by the Legislature shall be applied to the assessed 87 value designated as new property values and the resulting 88 property tax revenues collected from application of the regular 89 school board levy rate shall be placed in a separate account, 90 designated as the growth counties school facilities act fund. 91 Revenues deposited in the growth counties school facilities act 92 fund shall be appropriated by the county board of education for 93 construction, maintenance or repair of school facilities. 94 Revenues in the fund may be carried over for an indefinite 95 length of time and may be used as matching funds for the 96 purpose of obtaining funds from the school building authority 97 or for the payment of bonded indebtedness incurred for school 98 facilities. Estimated school board revenues generated from 99 application of the regular school board levy rate to new 100 property values are not to be considered as local funds for 101 purposes of the computation of local share under the provisions 102 of section eleven, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code.

(d) This section, as amended during the legislative session
in the year two thousand four, shall be effective as to any
regular levy rate imposed for the county boards of education for
taxes due and payable on or after the first day of July, two

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thousand four. If any provision of this section is held invalid,
the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of
this section which can be given effect without the invalid
provision or its application and to this end the provisions of this
section are declared to be severable.

# **CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.**

#### ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

# §18-9A-11. Computation of local share; appraisal and assessment of property.

1 (a) On the basis of each county's certificates of valuation as 2 to all classes of property as determined and published by the assessors pursuant to section six, article three, chapter eleven of 3 4 this code for the next ensuing fiscal year in reliance upon the 5 assessed values annually developed by each county assessor 6 pursuant to the provisions of articles one-c and three of said 7 chapter, the state board shall for each county compute by application of the levies for general current expense purposes, 8 as defined in section two of this article, the amount of revenue 9 10 which the levies would produce if levied upon one hundred percent of the assessed value of each of the several classes of 11 12 property contained in the report or revised report of the value, 13 made to it by the tax commissioner as follows:

(1) The state board shall first take ninety-five percent of the
amount ascertained by applying these rates to the total assessed
public utility valuation in each classification of property in the
county.

(2) The state board shall then apply these rates to the
assessed taxable value of other property in each classification
in the county as determined by the tax commissioner and shall
deduct therefrom five percent as an allowance for the usual

22 losses in collections due to discounts, exonerations, delinquen-23 cies and the like. All of the amount so determined shall be 24 added to the ninety-five percent of public utility taxes computed 25 as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection and this total 26 shall be further reduced by the amount due each county 27 assessor's office pursuant to the provisions of section eight, 28 article one-c, chapter eleven of this code and this amount shall 29 be the local share of the particular county.

As to any estimations or preliminary computations of local
share that may be required prior to the report to the Legislature
by the tax commissioner, the state board of education shall use
the most recent projections or estimations that may be available
from the tax department for that purpose.

35 (b) Whenever in any year a county assessor or a county 36 commission shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions 37 of this section in setting the valuations of property for assess-38 ment purposes in any class or classes of property in the county, 39 the state tax commissioner shall review the valuations for 40 assessment purposes made by the county assessor and the 41 county commission and shall direct the county assessor and the 42 county commission to make corrections in the valuations as 43 necessary so that they shall comply with the requirements of 44 chapter eleven of this code and this section and the tax commis-45 sioner shall enter the county and fix the assessments at the 46 required ratios. Refusal of the assessor or the county commis-47 sion to make the corrections constitutes grounds for removal 48 from office.

49 (c) For the purposes of any computation made in accor-50 dance with the provisions of this section, in any taxing unit in 51 which tax increment financing is in effect pursuant to the 52 provisions of article eleven-b, chapter seven of this code, the 53 assessed value of a related private project shall be the base 54 assessed value as defined in section two of said article.

55 (d) For purposes of any computation made in accordance 56 with the provisions of this section, in any county where the 57 county board of education has adopted a resolution choosing to 58 use the provisions of the growth county school facilities act set 59 forth in section six-f, article eight, chapter eleven of this code, 60 estimated school board revenues generated from application of 61 the regular school board levy rate to new property values, as 62 that term is designated in said section, may not be considered 63 local share funds and shall be subtracted before the computa-64 tions in subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (a) of this section 65 are made.

# **CHAPTER 92**

### (S. B. 448 — By Senators Plymale, Edgell, Boley, Bowman, Caldwell, Dempsey, Hunter, Oliverio, Sprouse, Unger and White)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal §18B-1A-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to repeal §18B-1B-7 of said code; to repeal §18B-3C-7 of said code; to repeal §18B-6-2a, §18B-6-3a, §18B-6-4a and §18B-6-4b of said code; to amend and reenact §18-2-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-1-1a, §18B-1-2, §18B-1-3 and §18B-1-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-1A-2, §18B-1A-3, §18B-1A-4, §18B-1A-5 and §18B-1A-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-1B-1, §18B-1B-2, §18B-1B-4, §18B-1B-5 and §18B-1B-6 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-1B-11; to amend and reenact §18B-2A-1 and §18B-2A-4 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-2A-6; to amend and reenact §18B-2B-1, §18B-2B-2, §18B-2B-3,

§18B-2B-4, §18B-2B-5, §18B-2B-6, §18B-2B-7 and §18B-2B-8 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-2B-6a; to amend and reenact §18B-2C-3 and §18B-2C-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-3C-2, §18B-3C-3, §18B-3C-4, §18B-3C-5, §18B-3C-6, §18B-3C-8, §18B-3C-9, §18B-3C-10 and §18B-3C-12 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-4-1, §18B-4-2 and §18B-4-7 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-5-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-6-1 and §18B-6-1a of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto five new sections, designated §18B-6-2, §18B-6-3, §18B-6-4, §18B-6-5 and §18B-6-6; to amend and reenact §18B-7-1 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-7-12; to amend and reenact §18B-9-1 and §18B-9-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-10-2 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-10-1b, all relating to education generally; higher education; community and technical college education; post-secondary education; state board membership; powers and duties of higher education policy commission and council for community and technical college education; goals for post-secondary education; definitions; transferring certain rules and expanding and clarifying rule-making authority; developing and approving institutional compacts and master plans; establishing benchmarks and indicators; authorizing emergency rule; selecting peer institutions; legislative financing goals; budget authority of commission and council; provision of baccalaureate and graduate education; reducing duration of certain grants; higher education personnel; developing public policy agenda; commission membership; consistency and cooperation among commission, council and certain boards and groups; establishing priorities and distributing funds for capital projects; employment of staff; appointments to boards and commissions; transfer of certain course credits; approval of new institutions, programs and courses; employment of chancellor for higher education; powers and duties; evaluations and contracts; appointment of institutional presidents; evaluations; role of governing and advisory boards,

commission and council in appointments; requiring study of certain institutions providing post-secondary education; requiring reports to legislative oversight commission on education accountability; powers and duties of governing boards and institutional boards of advisors; authority of governing board in determining institutional status; changing status of certain baccalaureate institutions; establishing or continuing governing and advisory boards for certain institutions; membership; terms of office; legislative findings; employment of chancellor for community and technical college education; evaluations and contracts; maintenance of employee benefits; council membership and terms of office; qualifications; jurisdiction and authority of council; employment of staff; tuition and fees; certain fee transfer; developing standards for remedial and developmental courses; higher education report card; authorization to withdraw certain powers from a governing board; transfer and expansion of certain administrative, programmatic and budgetary control; establishing certain deadlines for commission and council; transferring certain fund and authorizing expenditures; employee transfer; powers and duties of chancellor; establishing and conforming structure of certain advisory groups; membership and terms of office; exceptions; meetings; development of search and screening guidelines; establishing certain advisory groups; clarifying certain expenses; modifying deadline for attaining independent accreditation; exceptions; council options; district consortia elimination; community and technical college consortia districts established; consortia powers, duties, responsibilities and operation; modifying title of certain employees; continuation in office; council authority over certain degree programs; service and fee requirement modification and limitation; employee reorganization; supervision of certain employees; essential services; employment of vice chancellor for administration; deadline for employment; modifying certain purchasing and competitive bidding requirements; certain employee seniority and displacement authority modification; duty of council regarding personnel classification system; creation, collection and use of certain fees; and eliminating certain obsolete provisions.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18B-1A-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that §18B-1B-7 of said code be repealed; that §18B-3C-7 of said code be repealed; that §18B-6-2a, §18B-6-3a, §18B-6-4a and §18B-6-4b of said code be repealed; that §18-2-1 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-1-1a, §18B-1-2, §18B-1-3 and §18B-1-6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-1A-2, §18B-1A-3, §18B-1A-4, §18B-1A-5 and §18B-1A-6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-1B-1, §18B-1B-2, §18B-1B-4, §18B-1B-5 and §18B-1B-6 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-1B-11; that §18B-2A-1 and §18B-2A-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-2A-6; that §18B-2B-1, §18B-2B-2, §18B-2B-3, §18B-2B-4, §18B-2B-5, §18B-2B-6, §18B-2B-7 and §18B-2B-8 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-2B-6a; that §18B-2C-3 and §18B-2C-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-3C-2, §18B-3C-3, §18B-3C-4, §18B-3C-5, §18B-3C-6, §18B-3C-8, §18B-3C-9, §18B-3C-10 and §18B-3C-12 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-4-1, §18B-4-2 and §18B-4-7 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-5-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-6-1 and §18B-6-1a of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto five new sections, designated §18B-6-2, §18B-6-3, §18B-6-4, §18B-6-5 and §18B-6-6; that §18B-7-1 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-7-12; that §18B-9-1 and §18B-9-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18B-10-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-10-1b, all to read as follows:

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# **CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.**

### **ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.**

# §18-2-1. Creation; composition; appointment, qualifications, terms and removal of members; offices.

1 There is a state board of education, to be known as the West 2 Virginia board of education, which is a corporation and as such 3 may contract and be contracted with, plead and be impleaded, 4 sue and be sued, and have and use a common seal. The state 5 board consists of twelve members, of whom one is the state 6 superintendent of schools, ex officio; one of whom is the 7 chancellor of the higher education policy commission, ex 8 officio; and one of whom is the chancellor of the West Virginia 9 council for community and technical college education, ex 10 officio, none of whom is entitled to vote. The other nine 11 members are citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by 12 and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for overlapping 13 terms of nine years. Terms of office begin on the fifth day of November of the appropriate year and end on the fourth day of 14 15 November of the appropriate year. At least two, but not more 16 than three, members are appointed from each congressional 17 district.

18 No more than five of the appointive members may belong 19 to the same political party and no person is eligible for appoint-20 ment to membership on the state board who is a member of any 21 political party executive committee or holds any other public office or public employment under the federal government or 22 23 under the government of this state or any of its political subdivisions, or who is an appointee or employee of the board. 24 25 Members are eligible for reappointment. Any vacancy on the

board shall be filled by the governor by appointment for theunexpired term.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article six, chapter six of this code, a member of the state board may not be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal by the governor of state elective officers.

Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a member of the state board, each member shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article IV of the Constitution of West Virginia, the certificate whereof shall be filed with the secretary of state. A suitable office in the state department of education at the state capitol shall be provided for use by the state board.

# **CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.**

#### Article

- 1. Governance.
- 1A. Compact with Higher Education for the Future of West Virginia.
- 1B. Higher Education Policy Commission.
- 2A. Institutional Boards of Governors.
- 2B. West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education.
- 2C. West Virginia Community and Technical College.
- **3C.** Community and Technical College System.
- 4. General Administration.
- 5. Higher Education Budgets and Expenditures.
- 6. Advisory Councils and Boards.
- 7. Personnel Generally.
- 9. Classified Employee Salary Schedule and Classification System.
- 10. Fees and Other Money Collected at State Institutions of Higher Education.

#### ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-1a. Goals for post-secondary education.

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§18B-1-2. Definitions.

§18B-1-3. Transfer of powers, duties, property, obligations, etc.

§18B-1-6. Rulemaking.

## §18B-1-1a. Goals for post-secondary education.

1 (a) *Findings*. -- The Legislature finds that post-secondary 2 education is vital to the future of West Virginia. For the state 3 to realize its considerable potential in the twenty-first century, 4 it must have a system for the delivery of post-secondary 5 education which is competitive in the changing national and global environment, is affordable within the fiscal constraints 6 7 of the state and for the state's residents to participate and has 8 the capacity to deliver the programs and services necessary to 9 meet regional and statewide needs.

10 (1) West Virginia leads a national trend toward an aging population wherein a declining percentage of working-age 11 12 adults will be expected to support a growing percentage of retirees. Public school enrollments statewide have declined and 13 14 will continue to do so for the foreseeable future with a few 15 notable exceptions in growing areas of the state. As the state 16 works to expand and diversify its economy, it is vitally impor-17 tant that young people entering the workforce from our educa-18 tion systems have the knowledge and skills to succeed in the 19 economy of the twenty-first century. It is equally important, 20 however, that working-age adults who are the large majority of 21 the current and potential workforce also possess the requisite 22 knowledge and skills and the ability to continue learning 23 throughout their lifetimes. The reality for West Virginia is that 24 its future rests not only on how well its youth are educated, but 25 also on how well it educates its entire population of any age.

(2) Post-secondary education is changing throughout the
nation. Place-bound adults, employers and communities are
demanding education and student services that are accessible at
any time, at any place and at any pace. Institutions are seizing

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30 the opportunity to provide academic content and support 31 services on a global scale by designing new courseware, 32 increasing information technology-based delivery, increasing 33 access to library and other information resources and develop-34 ing new methods to assess student competency rather than "seat time" as the basis for recognizing learning, allocating resources 35 36 and ensuring accountability. In this changing environment, the 37 state must take into account the continuing decline in the public 38 school-age population, the limits of its fiscal resources and the 39 imperative need to serve the educational needs of working-age adults. West Virginia cannot afford to finance quality higher 40 41 education systems that aspire to offer a full array of programs 42 while competing among themselves for a dwindling pool of 43 traditional applicants. The competitive position of the state and 44 its institutions will depend fundamentally on its capacity to 45 reinforce the quality and differentiation of its institutions 46 through policies that encourage focus and collaboration.

47 (3) The accountability system in West Virginia must be 48 well equipped to address cross-cutting issues such as regional 49 economic and workforce development, community and techni-50 cal college services, collaboration with the public schools to 51 improve quality and student participation rates, access to 52 graduate education and other broad issues of state interest. 53 Severe fiscal constraints require West Virginia to make 54 maximum use of existing assets to meet new demands. New 55 investments must be targeted to those initiatives designed to enhance and reorient existing capacity, provide incentives for 56 57 collaboration and focus on the new demands. It must have a single accountability point for developing, building consensus 58 59 around and sustaining attention to the public policy agenda and 60 for allocating resources consistent with this policy agenda.

61 (4) The state should make the best use of the expertise that62 private institutions of higher education can offer and recognize

63 the importance of their contributions to the economic, social64 and cultural well-being of their communities.

(5) The system of public higher education should be open
and accessible to all persons, including persons with disabilities
and other persons with special needs.

68 (b) *Compact with higher education*. -- In pursuance of these 69 findings, it is the intent of the Legislature to engage higher 70 education in a statewide compact for the future of West 71 Virginia, as provided in article one-a of this chapter, that 72 focuses on a public policy agenda that includes, but is not 73 limited to, the following:

74 (1) Diversifying and expanding the economy of the state;

(2) Increasing the competitiveness of the state's workforce
and the availability of professional expertise by increasing the
number of college degrees produced to the level of the national
average and significantly improving the level of adult functional literacy; and

80 (3) Creating a system of higher education that is equipped81 to succeed at producing these results.

82 (c) *Elements of the compact with higher education.* -- It is
83 the intent of the Legislature that the compact with higher
84 education include the following elements:

85 (1) A step-by-step process, as provided in articles one-b and 86 three-c of this chapter, which will enable the state to achieve its 87 public policy agenda through a system of higher education 88 equipped to assist in producing the needed results. This process 89 includes, but is not limited to, separate institutional compacts 90 with state institutions of higher education that describe changes 91 in institutional missions in the areas of research, graduate 92 education, admission standards, community and technical

college education and geographical areas of responsibility toaccomplish the following:

95 (A) A capacity within higher education to conduct research
96 to enhance West Virginia in the eyes of the larger economic and
97 educational community and to provide a basis for West
98 Virginia's improved capacity to compete in the new economy
99 through research oriented to state needs;

(B) Access to stable and continuing graduate-level programs in every region of the state, particularly in teacher
education related to teaching within a subject area to improve
teacher quality;

(C) Universities, colleges and community and technical
colleges that have focused missions, individual points of
distinction and quality and strong links with the educational,
economic and social revitalization of their regions and the state
of West Virginia;

(D) Greater access and capacity to deliver technical
education, workforce development and other higher education
services to place-bound adults, thus improving the general
levels of post-secondary educational attainment and literacy;

(E) Independently accredited community and technicalcolleges in every region of the state that:

(i) Assess regional needs;

(ii) Ensure access to comprehensive community and
technical college and workforce development services within
each of their respective regions;

(iii) Convene and serve as a catalyst for local action in
collaboration with regional leaders, employers and other
educational institutions;

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123 (v) Provide necessary student services;

(vi) Fulfill such other aspects of the community and
technical college mission and general provisions for community
and technical colleges as provided for in article three-c of this
chapter; and

(vii) Maximize use of existing infrastructure and resources
within their regions to increase access, including, but not
limited to, vocational technical centers, schools, libraries,
industrial parks and work sites.

(2) Providing additional resources, subject to availability
and appropriation by the Legislature as provided in article one-a
of this chapter, to make the state institutions of higher education
more competitive with their peers, to assist them in accomplishing the elements of the public policy agenda and to ensure the
continuity of academic programs and services to students.

(3) Establishing a process for the allocation of additional
resources which focuses on achieving the elements of the public
policy agenda and streamlines accountability for the
step-by-step progress toward achieving these elements within
a reasonable time frame as provided in article one-a of this
chapter.

(4) Providing additional flexibility to the state institutions
of higher education by making permanent the exceptions
granted to higher education relating to travel rules and vehicles
pursuant to sections forty-eight through fifty-three, inclusive,
article three, chapter five-a of this code and section eleven,
article three, chapter twelve of this code.

(5) Revising the higher education governance structure tomake it more responsive to state and regional needs.

152 (d) General goals for post-secondary education. -- In 153 pursuance of the findings and the development of institutional 154 compacts with higher education for the future of West Virginia 155 pursuant to article one-a of this chapter, it is the intent of the 156 Legislature to establish general goals for post-secondary 157 education and to have the commission and council report the 158 progress toward achieving these goals in the higher education 159 report card required pursuant to section eight, article one-b of 160 this chapter and, where applicable, have the goals made a part of the institutional compacts. The Legislature establishes the 161 162 general goals as follows:

(1) The overall focus of education is on a lifelong process
which is to be as seamless as possible at all levels and is to
encourage citizens of all ages to increase their knowledge and
skills. Efforts in pursuit of this goal include, but are not limited
to, the following:

168 (A) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between169 public and post-secondary education to:

(i) Improve the quality of public education, particularly
with respect to ensuring that the needs of public schools for
teachers and administrators are met;

(ii) Inform public school students, their parents and teachers
of the academic preparation that students need to be prepared
adequately to succeed in their selected fields of study and career
plans, including academic career fairs; and

(iii) Improve instructional programs in the public schools
so that the students enrolling in post-secondary education are
adequately prepared;

(B) Collaboration, coordination and interaction among
public and post-secondary education, the governor's council on
literacy and the governor's workforce investment office to

183 promote the effective and efficient utilization of workforce184 investment and other funds to:

(i) Provide to individuals and employers greatly improved
access to information and services on education and training
programs, financial assistance, labor markets and job placement;

(ii) Increase awareness among the state's citizens of the
opportunities available to them to improve their basic literacy,
workforce and post-secondary skills and credentials; and

(iii) Improve citizens' motivation to take advantage ofavailable opportunities by making the system more seamlessand user friendly;

(C) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between
public and post-secondary education on the development of
seamless curriculum in technical preparation programs of study
between the secondary and post-secondary levels; and

(D) Opportunities for advanced high school students toobtain college credit prior to high school graduation.

(2) The number of degrees produced per capita by West
Virginia institutions of higher education is at the national
average. Efforts in pursuit of this goal include, but are not
limited to, the following:

(A) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between
public and post-secondary education, the governor's council on
literacy and the governor's workforce investment office to
promote to individuals of all ages the benefits of increased
post-secondary educational attainment;

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(B) Assistance in overcoming the financial barriers to
 post-secondary education for both traditional and nontraditional
 students;

(C) An environment within post-secondary education that
is student-friendly and that encourages and assists students in
the completion of degree requirements within a reasonable time
frame. The environment also should expand participation for
the increasingly diverse student population;

(D) A spirit of entrepreneurship and flexibility within
 post-secondary education that is responsive to the needs of the
 current workforce and other nontraditional students for upgrad ing and retraining college-level skills; and

(E) The expanded use of technology for instructionaldelivery and distance learning.

(3) All West Virginians, whether traditional or nontraditional students, displaced workers or those currently employed,
have access to post-secondary educational opportunities
through their community and technical colleges, colleges and
universities which:

(A) Are relevant and affordable;

(B) Allow them to gain transferrable credits and associateor higher level degrees;

(C) Provide quality technical education and skill training;and

(D) Are responsive to business, industry, labor and commu-nity needs.

(4) State institutions of higher education prepare studentsto practice good citizenship and to compete in a global econ-

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omy in which good jobs require an advanced level of education
and skill which far surpasses former requirements. Efforts in
pursuit of this goal include, but are not limited to, the following:

(A) The development of entrepreneurial skills through
programs such as the rural entrepreneurship through action
learning (REAL) program, which include practical experience
in market analysis, business plan development and operations;

(B) Elements of citizenship development are included
across the curriculum in core areas, including practical applications such as community service, civic involvement and
participation in charitable organizations and in the many
opportunities for the responsible exercise of citizenship that
higher education institutions provide;

(C) Students are provided opportunities for internships,
externships, work study and other methods to increase their
knowledge and skills through practical application in a work
environment;

(D) College graduates meet or exceed national and international standards for skill levels in reading, oral and written
communications, mathematics, critical thinking, science and
technology, research and human relations;

(E) College graduates meet or exceed national and interna tional standards for performance in their fields through national
 accreditation of programs and through outcomes assessment of
 graduates; and

(F) Admission and exit standards for students, professional
staff development, program assessment and evaluation and
other incentives are used to improve teaching and learning.

(5) State institutions of higher education exceed peer
institutions in other states in measures of institutional productivity and administrative efficiency. Efforts in pursuit of this
goal include, but are not limited to:

(A) The establishment of systematic ongoing mechanisms
for each state institution of higher education to set goals, to
measure the extent to which those goals are met and to use the
results of quantitative evaluation processes to improve institutional effectiveness;

(B) The combination and use of resources, technology and
faculty to their maximum potential in a way that makes West
Virginia higher education more productive than its peer
institutions in other states while maintaining educational
quality; and

(C) The use of systemic program review to determine how
much duplication is necessary to maintain geographic access
and to eliminate unnecessary duplication.

(6) Post-secondary education enhances state efforts to
diversify and expand the economy of the state. Efforts in
pursuit of this goal include, but are not limited to, the following:

(A) The focus of resources on programs and courses which
offer the greatest opportunities for students and the greatest
opportunity for job creation and retention in the state;

(B) The focus of resources on programs supportive of West
Virginia employment opportunities and the emerging
high-technology industries;

(C) Closer linkages among higher education and business,
labor, government and community and economic development
organizations; and

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(D) Clarification of institutional missions and shifting of
resources to programs which meet the current and future
workforce needs of the state.

300 (7) Faculty and administrators are compensated at a level
301 competitive with peer institutions to attract and keep quality
302 personnel at state institutions of higher education.

303 (8) The tuition and fee levels for in-state students are
304 competitive with those of peer institutions and the tuition and
305 fee levels for out-of-state students are set at a level which at
306 least covers the full cost of instruction.

# §18B-1-2. Definitions.

The following words when used in this chapter and chapter
 eighteen-c of this code have the meaning hereinafter ascribed
 to them unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

4 (a) Effective the first day of July, two thousand five,
5 "regional campus" means West Virginia university at
6 Parkersburg and West Virginia university institute of technol7 ogy.

8 (b)"Governing boards" or "boards" means the institutional
9 boards of governors created pursuant to section one, article
10 two-a of this chapter;

(c) "Freestanding community and technical colleges" means
southern West Virginia community and technical college, West
Virginia northern community and technical college and eastern
West Virginia community and technical college which may not
be operated as branches or off-campus locations of any other
state institution of higher education;

(d) "Community college" or "community colleges" means
community and technical college or colleges as those terms are
defined in this section;

20 (e) "Community and technical college", in the singular or 21 plural, means the freestanding community and technical 22 colleges and other state institutions of higher education which deliver community and technical college education. 23 This 24 definition includes southern West Virginia community and 25 technical college, West Virginia northern community and 26 technical college, eastern West Virginia community and 27 technical college, New River community and technical college, 28 West Virginia university at Parkersburg, the community and 29 technical college at West Virginia university institute of 30 technology, the community and technical college of Shepherd, 31 Fairmont state community and technical college, Marshall 32 community and technical college and West Virginia state 33 community and technical college;

(f) "Community and technical college education" means the
programs, faculty, administration and funding associated with
the mission of community and technical colleges as provided in
article three-c of this chapter;

38 (g) "Essential conditions" means those conditions which
39 shall be met by community and technical colleges as provided
40 in section three, article three-c of this chapter;

(h) "Higher education institution" means any institution as
defined by Sections 401(f), (g) and (h) of the federal Higher
Education Facilities Act of 1963, as amended;

44 (i) "Higher education policy commission", "policy commis45 sion" or "commission" means the commission created pursuant
46 to section one, article one-b of this chapter;

(j) "Chancellor for higher education" means the chief
executive officer of the higher education policy commission
employed pursuant to section five, article one-b of this chapter;
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50 (k) "Chancellor for community and technical college 51 education" means the chief executive officer of the West 52 Virginia council for community and technical college education 53 employed pursuant to section three, article two-b of this 54 chapter;

(1) "Chancellor" means the chancellor for higher education
where the context refers to a function of the higher education
policy commission. "Chancellor" means chancellor for
community and technical college education where the context
refers to a function of the West Virginia council for community
and technical college education;

61 (m) "Institutional operating budget" or "operating budget" 62 means for any fiscal year an institution's total unrestricted 63 education and general funding from all sources in the prior 64 fiscal year, including, but not limited to, tuition and fees and 65 legislative appropriation, and any adjustments to that funding 66 as approved by the commission or council based on comparisons with peer institutions or to reflect consistent components 67 of peer operating budgets; 68

69 (n) "Community and technical college education program" 70 means any college-level course or program beyond the high school level provided through a public institution of higher 71 72 education resulting in or which may result in a two-year 73 associate degree award including an associate of arts, an 74 associate of science and an associate of applied science; 75 certificate programs and skill sets; developmental education; 76 continuing education; collegiate credit and noncredit workforce development programs; and transfer and baccalaureate parallel 77 78 programs. All such programs are under the jurisdiction of the 79 council. Any reference to "post-secondary vocational education programs" means community and technical college education 80 programs as defined in this subsection; 81

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82 (o) "Rule" or "rules" means a regulation, standard, policy
83 or interpretation of general application and future effect;

(p) For the purposes of this chapter and chapter eighteen-c
of this code, "senior administrator" means the vice chancellor
for administration employed by the commission with the advice
and consent of the council in accordance with section two,
article four of this chapter;

(q) "State college" means Bluefield state college, Concord
college, Fairmont state college, Glenville state college, Shepherd college, West Liberty state college or West Virginia state
college;

93 (r) "State institution of higher education" means any
94 university, college or community and technical college under
95 the jurisdiction of a governing board as that term is defined in
96 this section;

97 (s) Until the first day of July, two thousand five, "regional
98 campus" means West Virginia university at Parkersburg,
99 Potomac state college of West Virginia university and West
100 Virginia university institute of technology;

(t) The advisory board previously appointed for the West
Virginia graduate college is known as the "board of visitors"
and shall provide guidance to the Marshall university graduate
college;

(u) "Institutional compact" means the compact between the
commission or council and a state institution of higher education under its jurisdiction, as described in section two, article
one-a of this chapter;

(v) "Peer institutions", "peer group" or "peers" meanspublic institutions of higher education used for comparison

purposes and selected by the commission pursuant to sectionthree, article one-a of this chapter;

(w) "Administratively linked community and technical
college" means a community and technical college created
pursuant to section eight, article three-c of this chapter;

(x) "Sponsoring institution" means a state institution of
higher education that maintains an administrative link to a
community and technical college pursuant to section eight,
article three-c of this chapter;

(y) "Collaboration" means entering into an agreement with
one or more providers of education services in order to enhance
the scope, quality or efficiency of education services;

(z) "Broker" or "brokering" means serving as an agent on
behalf of students, employers, communities or responsibility
areas to obtain education services not offered at that institution.
These services include courses, degree programs or other
services contracted through an agreement with a provider of
education services either in-state or out-of-state; and

(aa) "Council" means the West Virginia council forcommunity and technical college education created pursuant toarticle two-b of this chapter.

# §18B-1-3. Transfer of powers, duties, property, obligations, etc.

1 (a) All powers, duties and authorities transferred to the 2 board of regents pursuant to former provisions of chapter 3 eighteen of this code and transferred to the board of trustees and 4 board of directors which were created as the governing boards 5 pursuant to the former provisions of this chapter and all powers, duties and authorities of the board of trustees and board of 6 7 directors, to the extent they are in effect on the seventeenth day 8 of June, two thousand, are hereby transferred to the interim

9 governing board created in article one-c of this chapter and 10 shall be exercised and performed by the interim governing 11 board until the first day of July, two thousand one, as such 12 powers, duties and authorities may apply to the institutions 13 under its jurisdiction.

(b) Title to all property previously transferred to or vested 14 15 in the board of trustees and the board of directors and property vested in either of the boards separately, formerly existing 16 17 under the provisions of this chapter, are hereby transferred to the interim governing board created in article one-c of this 18 19 chapter until the first day of July, two thousand one. Property 20 transferred to or vested in the board of trustees and board of 21 directors shall include:

(1) All property vested in the board of governors of West
Virginia university and transferred to and vested in the West
Virginia board of regents;

(2) All property acquired in the name of the state board of
control or the West Virginia board of education and used by or
for the state colleges and universities and transferred to and
vested in the West Virginia board of regents;

(3) All property acquired in the name of the state commission on higher education and transferred to and vested in the
West Virginia board of regents; and

32 (4) All property acquired in the name of the board of
33 regents and transferred to and vested in the respective board of
34 trustees and board of directors.

35 (c) Each valid agreement and obligation previously 36 transferred to or vested in the board of trustees and board of 37 directors formerly existing under the provisions of this chapter 38 is hereby transferred to the interim governing board until the 39 first day of July, two thousand one, as those agreements and

40 obligations may apply to the institutions under its jurisdiction.

41 Valid agreements and obligations transferred to the board of

42 trustees and board of directors shall include:

43 (1) Each valid agreement and obligation of the board of
44 governors of West Virginia university transferred to and
45 deemed the agreement and obligation of the West Virginia
46 board of regents;

47 (2) Each valid agreement and obligation of the state board
48 of education with respect to the state colleges and universities
49 transferred to and deemed the agreement and obligation of the
50 West Virginia board of regents;

(3) Each valid agreement and obligation of the state
commission on higher education transferred to and deemed the
agreement and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents;
and

(4) Each valid agreement and obligation of the board of
regents transferred to and deemed the agreement and obligation
of the respective board of trustees and board of directors.

58 (d) All orders, resolutions and rules adopted or promulgated 59 by the respective board of trustees and board of directors and in 60 effect immediately prior to the first day of July, two thousand, 61 are hereby transferred to the interim governing board until the 62 first day of July, two thousand one, and shall continue in effect and shall be deemed the orders, resolutions and rules of the 63 64 interim governing board until rescinded, revised, altered or 65 amended by the commission or the governing boards in the 66 manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law. 67 Such orders, resolutions and rules shall include:

68 (1) Those adopted or promulgated by the board of gover69 nors of West Virginia university and in effect immediately prior
70 to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine,

71 unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the

72 board of regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and

73 permitted by law;

(2) Those respecting state colleges and universities adopted
or promulgated by the West Virginia board of education and in
effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand
nine hundred sixty-nine, unless and until rescinded, revised,
altered or amended by the board of regents in the manner and
to the extent authorized and permitted by law;

(3) Those adopted or promulgated by the state commission
on higher education and in effect immediately prior to the first
day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, unless and
until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the board of
regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law; and

(4) Those adopted or promulgated by the board of regents
prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or
amended by the respective board of trustees or board of
directors in the manner and to the extent authorized and
permitted by law.

92 (e) Title to all real property transferred to or vested in the 93 interim governing board pursuant to this section of the code is 94 hereby transferred to the commission effective the first day of 95 July, two thousand one. The board of governors for each 96 institution may request that the commission transfer title to the 97 board of governors of any real property specifically identifiable 98 with that institution or the commission may initiate the transfer. 99 Any such request must be made within two years of the 100 effective date of this section and be accompanied by an 101 adequate legal description of the property.

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102 The title to any real property that is jointly utilized by 103 institutions or for statewide programs under the jurisdiction of 104 the commission shall be retained by the commission.

(f) Ownership of or title to any other property, materials,
equipment or supplies obtained or purchased by the interim
governing board or the previous governing boards on behalf of
an institution is hereby transferred to the board of governors of
that institution effective the first day of July, two thousand one.

(g) Each valid agreement and obligation previously transferred or vested in the interim governing board and which was undertaken or agreed to on behalf of an institution or institutions is hereby transferred to the board of governors of the institution or institutions for whose benefit the agreement was entered into or the obligation undertaken effective the first day of July, two thousand one.

(1) The obligations contained in revenue bonds issued by
the previous governing boards under the provisions of section
eight, article ten of this chapter and article twelve-b, chapter
eighteen of this code are hereby transferred to the commission
and each institution shall transfer to the commission those funds
the commission determines are necessary to pay that institution's share of bonded indebtedness.

(2) The obligations contained in revenue bonds issued on
behalf of a state institution of higher education pursuant to any
other section of this code is hereby transferred to the board of
governors of the institution on whose behalf the bonds were
issued.

129 (h) All orders, resolutions, policies and rules:

(1) Adopted or promulgated by the respective board of
trustees, board of directors or interim governing board and in
effect immediately prior to the first day of July, two thousand

one, are hereby transferred to the commission effective the first
day of July, two thousand one, and continue in effect until
rescinded, revised, altered, amended or transferred to the
governing boards by the commission as provided in this section
and in section six of this article.

138 (2) Adopted or promulgated by the commission relating 139 solely to community and technical colleges or community and technical college education, or rules which the council finds 140necessary for the exercise of its lawful powers and duties 141 142 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, may be adopted by 143 the council and continue in effect until rescinded, revised, 144 altered, amended or transferred to the governing boards under 145 the jurisdiction of the council pursuant to section six of this 146 article. Nothing in this section requires the initial rules of the 147 commission that are adopted by the council to be promulgated 148 again under the procedure set forth in article three-a, chapter 149 twenty-nine-a of this code unless such rules are rescinded, 150 revised, altered or amended.

(3) Adopted or promulgated by the commission relating to
multiple types of public institutions of higher education or
community and technical college education as well as baccalaureate and post-baccalaureate education are transferred to the
council in part as follows:

(A) That portion of the rule relating solely to community
and technical colleges or community and technical college
education is transferred to the council and continues in effect
until rescinded, revised, altered, amended or transferred to the
governing boards by the council as provided in this section and
in section six of this article;

(B) That portion of the rule relating to institutions or
education other than community and technical colleges is
retained by the commission and continues in effect until

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rescinded, revised, altered, amended or transferred to thegoverning boards by the commission as provided in this sectionand in section six of this article.

(i) The commission may, in its sole discretion, transfer any
rule, other than a legislative rule, to the jurisdiction of the
governing boards of the institutions under its jurisdiction who
may rescind, revise, alter or amend any rule so transferred
pursuant to rules adopted by the commission pursuant to section
six of this article.

The council may, in its sole discretion, transfer any rule, other than a legislative rule, to the jurisdiction of the governing boards of the institutions under its jurisdiction who may rescind, revise, alter or amend any rule so transferred pursuant to rules adopted by the council pursuant to section six of this article.

(j) As to any title, agreement, obligation, order, resolution,
rule or any other matter about which there is some uncertainty,
misunderstanding or question, the matter shall be summarized
in writing and sent to the commission which shall make a
determination regarding such matter within thirty days of
receipt thereof.

186 (k) Rules or provisions of law which refer to other provisions of law which were repealed, rendered inoperative or 187 188 superseded by the provisions of this section shall remain in full 189 force and effect to such extent as may still be applicable to 190 higher education and may be so interpreted. Such references 191 include, but are not limited to, references to sections and prior 192 enactments of article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of this code 193 and code provisions relating to retirement, health insurance, 194 grievance procedures, purchasing, student loans and savings 195 plans. Any determination which needs to be made regarding applicability of any provision of law shall first be made by thecommission.

## §18B-1-6. Rulemaking.

(a) The commission is hereby empowered to promulgate,
 adopt, amend or repeal rules, in accordance with the provisions
 of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, subject to
 the provisions of section three of this article.

5 (b) The council is hereby empowered to promulgate, adopt, 6 amend or repeal rules, in accordance with the provisions of 7 article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and subject to 8 the provisions of section three of this article. This grant of rule-9 making power extends only to those areas over which the 10 council has been granted specific authority and jurisdiction by 11 law.

(c) The commission and council each shall promulgate a
rule to guide the development and approval of rules, guidelines
and other policy statements made by their respective governing
boards. The rules promulgated by the commission and council
shall include, but are not limited to, the following provisions:

(1) A procedure to ensure that public notice is given andthat the right of interested parties to have a fair and adequateopportunity to respond is protected;

(2) Designation of a single location where all proposed and
approved rules, guidelines and other policy statements can be
accessed by the public;

(3) A procedure to maximize internet access to all proposed
and approved rules, guidelines and other policy statements to
the extent technically and financially feasible.

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(d) On and after the effective date of this section, and
notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary,
any rule heretofore required by law to be promulgated as a
legislative rule prior to the first day of July, two thousand one,
may not be considered to be a legislative rule for the purposes
of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code except for
the following:

- 33 (1) The legislative rule required by subsection (c), section34 eight of this article;
- 35 (2) The legislative rule required by section eight-a of this36 article;

37 (3) The legislative rule required by section two, article38 one-a of this chapter;

39 (4) The legislative rule required by section four, article40 one-b of this chapter;

41 (5) The legislative rule required by section one, article42 three, chapter eighteen-c of this code;

43 (6) The legislative rule required by section one, article four,44 chapter eighteen-c of this code;

45 (7) The legislative rule required by section seven, article46 five, chapter eighteen-c of this code; and

47 (8) The legislative rule required by section one, article six,48 chapter eighteen-c of this code.

49 (e) Nothing in this section requires that any rule reclassified
50 or transferred under this section be promulgated again under the
51 procedures set out in article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of
52 this code unless the rule is amended or modified.

53 (f) The commission and council each shall file with the

- 54 legislative oversight commission on education accountability
- 55 any rule it proposes to promulgate, adopt, amend or repeal
- 56 under the authority of this article.

## ARTICLE 1A. COMPACT WITH HIGHER EDUCATION FOR THE FUTURE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

- §18B-1A-2. Institutional compacts with state institutions of higher education; establishment and review process.
- §18B-1A-3. Peer institutions.
- §18B-1A-4. Legislative financing goals.
- §18B-1A-5. Financing; institutional operating budgets, additional funding.
- §18B-1A-6. Graduate education.

# §18B-1A-2. Institutional compacts with state institutions of higher education; establishment and review process.

(a) Each state college and university shall prepare an 1 institutional compact for submission to the commission. Each 2 community and technical college shall prepare an institutional 3 compact for submission to the council. When the process 4 herein provided is completed, the institutional compacts shall 5 form the agreements between the institutions of higher educa-6 tion and the commission or council, respectively, and, ulti-7 mately, between the institutions of higher education and the 8 people of West Virginia on how the institutions will use their 9 10 resources to address the intent of the Legislature and the goals set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter. The 11 12 compacts shall contain the following:

(1) A step-by-step process to accomplish the intent of the
Legislature and the goals set forth in section one-a, article one
of this chapter as organized by the commission and council.
The step-by-step process shall be delineated by objectives and
shall set forth a time line for achieving the objectives which
shall, where applicable, include benchmarks to measure

19 institutional progress as defined in subsection (e) of this20 section.

21 (2) A determination of the mission of the institution which 22 specifically addresses changes, as applicable, in the areas of 23 research, graduate education, baccalaureate education, revised admission requirements, community and technical colleges and 24 25 such other areas as the commission or council determines 26 appropriate. In the determination of mission, the institutions 27 and the commission or council shall consider the report completed by the national center for higher education manage-28 29 ment systems pursuant to the legislative study as provided in section seven, article three of this chapter; 30

31 (3) A plan which is calculated to make any changes in32 institutional mission and structure within a six-year period;

33 (4) A statement of the geographic areas of responsibility,
34 where applicable, for each goal to be accomplished as provided
35 in subsection (d) of this section;

36 (5) A detailed statement of how the compact is aligned with
37 and will be implemented in conjunction with the master plan of
38 the institution;

39 (6) Such other items, requirements or initiatives, required
40 by the commission or council, designed to accomplish the intent
41 of the Legislature and the goals set forth in section one-a,
42 article one of this chapter or other public policy goals estab43 lished by the commission or council.

44 (b) Each institutional compact shall be updated annually45 and shall follow the same general guidelines contained in46 subsection (a) of this section.

47 (c) Development and updating of the institutional compacts48 is subject to the following:

(1) The ultimate responsibility for developing and updating
the institutional compacts at the institutional level resides with
the institutional board of advisors or the board of governors, as
appropriate;

(2) The ultimate responsibility for developing and adopting
the final version of the state college and university institutional
compacts resides with the commission. The ultimate responsibility for developing and adopting the final version of the
community and technical college institutional compacts resides
with the council;

59 (3) Each institution shall submit its compact to the commis-60 sion or council annually by the fifteenth day of November;

61 (4) The commission and council shall review each compact
62 of the institutions under their respective jurisdictions and either
63 adopt the compact or return it with specific comments for
64 change or improvement. The commission and council shall
65 continue this process as long as each considers advisable;

66 (5) By the first day of May annually, if the institutional 67 compact of any institution as presented by that institution is not 68 adopted by the commission or council, then the commission or 69 council is empowered and directed to develop and adopt the 70 institutional compact for the institution and the institution is 71 bound by the compact so adopted; and

72 (6) As far as practicable, the commission and council each 73 shall establish uniform processes and forms for the develop-74 ment and submission of the institutional compacts by the 75 institutions under their respective jurisdictions. As a part of this 76 function, the commission and council shall organize the 77 statements of legislative intent and goals contained in section 78 one-a, article one of this chapter in a manner that facilitates the 79 purposes of this subdivision and the purposes of this section.

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80 (d) The commission and council shall assign geographic areas of responsibility to the state institutions of higher educa-81 82 tion under their respective jurisdictions as a part of their institutional compacts to ensure that all areas of the state are 83 84 provided necessary programs and services to achieve the public policy agenda. The benchmarks established in the institutional 85 compacts shall include measures of programs and services by 86 geographic area throughout the assigned geographic area of 87 88 responsibility.

(e) The compacts shall contain benchmarks used to determine progress toward meeting the goals established in the
compacts. The benchmarks shall meet the following criteria:

92 (1) They shall be as objective as possible;

93 (2) They shall be directly linked to the goals in the com-94 pacts;

95 (3) They shall be measured by the indicators described in96 subsection (f) of this section; and

97 (4) Where applicable, they shall be used to measure98 progress in geographic areas of responsibility.

(f) The commission and council each shall establish by
legislative rule indicators which measure the degree to which
the goals and objectives set forth in section one-a, article one of
this chapter are being addressed and met by the institutions
under their respective jurisdictions. The benchmarks established in subsection (e) of this section shall be measured by the
indicators.

(1) The Legislature finds that an emergency exists; therefore, not later than the first day of October, two thousand four,
the council shall file as an emergency rule a legislative rule
pertaining to benchmarks and indicators in accordance with the

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110 111 112 113	provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The rule pertaining to benchmarks and indicators in effect for the commission at the time of the effective date of this section remains in effect for the institutions under its jurisdiction.	
114 115 116	(2) The legislative rules shall set forth at th following as pertains to all state institutions of hig tion:	
117 118	(A) The indicators used to measure the degree to goals and objectives are being met;	o which the
119 120	(B) Uniform definitions for the various data eleused in establishing the indicators;	ments to be
121	(C) Guidelines for the collection and reporting	of data; and
122 123	(D) Sufficient detail within the benchmarks and to:	1 indicators
124 125 126	(i) Provide measurable evidence that the purs institution are targeting the educational needs of the the state and the components of the compacts and m	e citizens of
127 128 129 130 131	(ii) Delineate the goals and benchmarks for an in that the commission or council can precisely m degree to which progress is being made toward ac goals for post-secondary education provided in sec article one of this chapter; and	neasure the hieving the
132 133 134	(iii) Distinctly identify specific goals within the or compact of an institution that are not being me which sufficient progress is not being made.	-
135 136 137	(3) In addition to any other requirement, the legal established by the council shall set forth at the least ing as pertains to community and technical college	the follow-

(A) Benchmarks and indicators which are targeted toidentify:

(i) The degree to which progress is being made by institutions toward meeting the goals for post-secondary education
and the essential conditions provided in section three, article
three-c of this chapter;

(ii) Information and data necessary to be considered by the
council in making the determination required by section three,
article two-c of this chapter;

(iii) The degree to which progress is being made in the
areas considered by the council for the purpose of making the
determination required by section three, article two-c of this
chapter; and

(B) Sufficient detail within the benchmarks and indicators to provide clear evidence to support an objective determination by the council that an institution's progress toward achieving the goals for post-secondary education and the essential conditions is so deficient that implementation of the provisions of section four, article two-c of this chapter is warranted and necessary.

(g) The commission or the council, as appropriate, shall
approve the master plans developed by the boards of governors
and the institutional boards of advisors pursuant to section four,
article two-a of this chapter or section one, article six of this
chapter, as appropriate.

# §18B-1A-3. Peer institutions.

- 1 (a) The commission shall select not fewer than ten peer 2 institutions for each state institution of higher education in West
- 3 Virginia, including, but not limited to, independently accredited
- 4 community and technical colleges.

5 (b) When selecting peers, the commission shall abide by the 6 following conditions:

7 (1) The peer institutions shall be selected from among
8 institutions throughout the United States and not solely from the
9 states that are members of the southern regional education
10 board.

11 (2) The peer institutions for community and technical 12 colleges shall be selected in collaboration with the council.

13 (3) The peer institutions, as selected by the commission, shall be used as benchmarks for comparison purposes only and 14 are not intended to reflect funding goals for West Virginia 15 institutions of higher education. Such a use is inappropriate 16 17 since institutions selected as peers for a state institution may be located in an area of high per capita income or have their 18 funding subject to other factors that make its use unrealistic for 19 20 setting funding goals in West Virginia. The peer institutions 21 shall be used for comparison in the following areas:

(A) To determine adjustments to base operating budgets asdescribed in section five of this article;

24 (B) To determine comparable levels of tuition;

(C) To determine comparable faculty and staff teachingrequirements and other workloads; and

(D) For such other purposes as the law may require or thecommission may find useful or necessary.

(4) The commission shall contract with a national, independent education consulting firm to assist in the unbiased
selection of peer institutions for each West Virginia institution.

32 (5) The commission shall select peer institutions for each33 institution through an open, deliberative, objective process and

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in consultation with the institutional boards of governors or
boards of advisors, as appropriate, intended to achieve broad
understanding of the basis for this selection in the higher
education community and the Legislature.

(6) Final peer selection is subject to the approval of thelegislative oversight commission on education accountability.

40 (7) In selecting peer institutions, the commission shall use41 criteria such as, but not limited to:

42 (A) Institutional mission;

43 (B) Institutional size related to full-time equivalent stu-44 dents;

45 (C) The proportions of full-time and part-time students;

46 (D) The level of academic programs, including, but not
47 limited to, number of degrees granted at the associate, baccalau48 reate, masters, doctoral and first-professional level;

49 (E) The characteristics of academic programs such as health50 sciences, professional, technical or liberal arts and sciences; and

51 (F) The level of research funding from federal competitive52 funding sources.

(8) Subject to the approval of the legislative oversight 53 commission on education accountability, the commission shall 54 55 review and make necessary adjustments to peer institutions at 56 least every six years or as necessary based on changes in 57 institutional missions as approved in institutional compacts or in changes at peer institutions. The commission shall review 58 59 and make adjustments to peer institutions for community and technical colleges in collaboration with the council. 60

61 (9) Nothing herein prevents the commission from using the

62 same peers or peer groups for more than one institution of

63 higher education.

# §18B-1A-4. Legislative financing goals.

1 (a) The Legislature recognizes that the higher education 2 goals set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter are of 3 utmost importance. The Legislature further recognizes that 4 meeting the goals may require the appropriation of funds above 5 the current operating budgets of the institutions.

6 (b) It is, therefore, the desire of the Legislature to increase
7 funding annually for higher education at a rate not less than the
8 annual percentage increase in the overall general revenue
9 budget.

(c) If the commission or council, or both, determines that 10 appropriations are insufficient to fund the requirements of the 11 12 institutional compacts under its jurisdiction, the commission or council first shall consider extending the length of the compacts 13 14 or otherwise modifying the compacts to allow the institutions 15 to achieve the benchmarks in the compacts. If modifications to the institutional compacts are not sufficient to allow the 16 17 institutions to meet their benchmarks, the commission or 18 council, or both, shall recommend to the Legislature methods 19 of making the higher education system more efficient. The 20 methods may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 21 (1) Administrative efficiencies;
- 22 (2) Consolidation of services;
- 23 (3) Elimination of programs;
- 24 (4) Consolidating institutions; and
- 25 (5) Closing institutions.

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# §18B-1A-5. Financing; institutional operating budgets, additional funding.

1 (a) Budget request and appropriations. -- The commission and council each has the responsibility to develop a budget for 2 3 the state system of higher education under its respective jurisdiction. The commission submits the budget request for 4 higher education, including the budget request as developed by 5 the council, to the governor before the first day of September 6 7 annually. The budget requests of the commission and the council specifically shall include the amount of the institutional 8 9 operating budgets, as defined in section two, article one of this chapter, required for all state institutions of higher education 10 11 under their respective jurisdictions. The budget appropriation for the state systems of higher education under this chapter and 12 13 other provisions of the law shall consist of separate control 14 accounts or institutional control accounts, or some combination of such accounts, for appropriation of institutional operating 15 budgets and other funds. The commission and council each is 16 17 responsible for allocating state appropriations to supplement institutional operating budgets in accordance with this section. 18 In addition to the institutional operating budget and incentive 19 20 funding, however, the commission and council each is responsible for allocating funds that are appropriated to it for other 21 22 purposes. In order to determine institutional allocations, it is the responsibility of the institutions and their respective 23 24 institutional boards of governors or advisors, as appropriate to 25 provide to the commission or council documentation on 26 institutional progress toward mission enhancement, preliminary 27 peer comparison calculations, performance of increased 28 productivity and academic quality and measurable attainment 29 in fulfilling state priorities as set forth in this article. The documentation shall be provided to the commission or council 30 31 no later than the first day of October annually.

32 (b) Legislative funding priorities. —

(1) The Legislature recognizes the current funding model
has not moved all state institutions equitably towards comparable peer funding levels. The model has left West Virginia
institutions at a competitive disadvantage to their national
peers.

(2) The Legislature acknowledges that the resource
allocation model used to comply with enrolled committee
substitute for Senate bill no. 547, passed during the legislative
session of one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, alleviated
some of the disparity that exists among state institutions'
operating budgets, but left significant differences between the
institutions and their national peers.

45 (3) The Legislature recognizes that a system of independ46 ently accredited community and technical colleges is essential
47 to the economic vitality of the state.

48 (4) The Legislature places great importance on achieving
49 the priority goals outlined in the public policy agenda and
50 believes the state institutions of higher education should play a
51 vital role in facilitating the attainment of these goals.

52 (5) The Legislature also believes it is imperative that the 53 state make progress on narrowing the peer inequity while 54 balancing the need for sustaining the quality of our institutions.

55 (6) It is the charge of the commission and council to 56 allocate all funds appropriated in excess of the fiscal year two 57 thousand one general revenue appropriations in alignment with 58 the legislative funding priorities listed below. The commission 59 and council shall consider the priorities and assign a percentage 60 of the total appropriation of new funds to each priority.

61 (A) *Peer equity.* -- Funds appropriated for this purpose
62 increase the level of the institutional operating budget for state
63 institutions of higher education comparable to their peer

64 institutions. The allocation shall provide, subject to the
65 availability of funds and legislative appropriations, for a
66 systematic adjustment of the institutional operating budgets to
67 move all institutions' funding in the direction of levels compa68 rable with their peers. Institutional allocations shall be calcu69 lated as follows:

(i) A calculation shall be made of the deficiency in per
student funding of each institution in comparison with the mean
per student funding of the peer institutions as defined by the
commission pursuant to section three of this article;

(ii) For all institutions that are deficient in comparison with
peer institutions, the amounts of the deficiencies shall be
totaled;

(iii) A ratio of the amount of the deficiency for an institution divided by the total amounts of deficiency for all West
Virginia institutions shall be established for each institution;
and

81 (iv) The allocation to each institution shall be calculated by
82 multiplying the ratio by the total amount of money in the
83 account;

84 (B) Independently accredited community and technical 85 colleges development. -- Funds appropriated for this purpose will ensure a smooth transition, where required, from "compo-86 87 nent" community and technical colleges to independently 88 accredited community and technical colleges as defined in 89 section two, article one of this chapter. Appropriations for this 90 purpose are to be allocated only to those institutions having 91 approved compacts with the council that expressly include the 92 transition of their component community colleges to independ-93 ently accredited status and have demonstrated measurable 94 progress towards this goal. By the first day of July, two 95 thousand five, or when all required community and technical

96 colleges are independently accredited, whichever first occurs,
97 funds for this purpose shall be allocated to the incentives for
98 institutional contributions to state priorities;

99 (C) Research challenge. -- Funds appropriated for this 100 purpose shall assist public colleges and universities in West 101 Virginia to compete on a national and international basis by providing incentives to increase their capacity to compete 102 103 successfully for research funding. The Legislature intends for 104 institutions to collaborate in the development and execution of 105 research projects to the extent practicable and to target research 106 to the needs of the state as established in the public policy 107 agenda and linked to the future competitiveness of this state.

(i) The commission shall develop criteria for awardinggrants to institutions under this account, which may include, butare not limited to, the following:

(I) Grants to be used to match externally funded,peer-reviewed research;

(II) Grants to be used to match funds for strategic institutional investments in faculty and other resources to increase
research capacity;

(III) Grants to support funding for new research centers and
projects that will foster economic development and workforce
investment within the state. These grants shall be limited to
five years and each research center or project funded shall
receive a decreasing award each year and shall be required to be
supported solely by external funding within five years;

(ii) The commission may establish an advisory council
consisting of nationally prominent researchers and scientists,
including representatives from outside the state, to assist in
developing the criteria for awarding grants under this account.

(iii) For the purposes of making the distributions from this
account, the commission shall establish the definition for
research, research funds and any other terms as may be necessary to implement this subdivision; and

(D) Incentives for institutional contributions to state
priorities. -- Funds appropriated for this purpose provide
incentives to institutions which demonstrate success toward
advancing the goals of the public policy agenda as set forth in
section one-a, article one of this chapter and to provide incentives for mission enhancement as set forth in section two of this
article.

137 (E) Sustained quality support. -- The commission and 138 council shall provide additional operating funds to institutions 139 under their respective jurisdictions with approved compacts. 140The commission and council shall allocate these funds on an 141 equal percentage basis to all institutions. The commission or 142 council may delay distribution of these funds to any institution 143 which does not demonstrate measurable progress towards the 144 goals provided in its compact with the commission or council.

(c) Allocations to institutional operating budgets. -- For the
purposes of this subsection, the commission and council each
shall establish by rule pursuant to subsection (f), section two of
this article the method for measuring the progress of each
institution towards meeting the benchmarks of its institutional
compact.

(d) Allocation of appropriations to the institutions. -Appropriations in this section shall be allocated to the state
institutions of higher education in the following manner:

(1) Each fiscal year appropriations from the funds shall beallocated only to institutions which have:

(A) Approved compacts, pursuant to section two of thisarticle; and

(B) Achieved their annual benchmarks for accomplishingthe goals of their compacts, as approved by the commission orcouncil.

161 (2) If an institution has not achieved all of its annual 162 benchmarks, the commission or council may distribute a 163 portion of the funds to the institution based on its progress as 164 the commission or council determines appropriate. The 165 commission and council each shall establish by rule, pursuant 166 to subsection (f), section two of this article, the method for 167 measuring the progress of each institution toward meeting the 168 benchmarks of its institutional compact.

(e) Nothing in this section limits the appropriation orcollection of fees necessary to effectuate the operation andpurpose of the commission or council.

# §18B-1A-6. Graduate education.

(a) *Intent.* -- It is the intent of the Legislature to address the
 need for high quality graduate education programs to be
 available throughout the state.

4 (b) *Findings*. -- The Legislature makes the following 5 findings:

6 (1) Since West Virginia ranks below its competitor states 7 in graduate degree production, particularly in the areas that are 8 important to the state's competitive position in the new econ-9 omy of the twenty-first century, there is a considerable need for 10 greater access to graduate education, especially at the master's 11 degree level;

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(2) There is a significant disparity in access to part-time
graduate degree programs among the different regions of the
state and part-time graduate enrollments are heavily concentrated in the counties immediately surrounding Marshall
university and West Virginia university;

(3) There is a particular need for increased access tograduate programs linked directly to the revitalization of theregional economies of the state; and

20 (4) There is a particular need for improved quality and
21 accessibility of preservice and in-service programs for teachers
22 in subject matter fields.

(c) In order to meet the need for graduate education, the
 commission shall be responsible for accomplishing the follow ing:

(1) Ensuring that West Virginia university and Marshall
university expand access to master's degree programs throughout West Virginia, with a strong emphasis on collaboration with
the baccalaureate colleges and community and technical
colleges in each region;

(2) Ensuring that any institution providing a master's
degree program under the provisions of this section provides a
meaningful, coherent program by offering courses in such a
way that students, including place-bound adults, have ample
opportunity to complete a degree in a reasonable period of time;

36 (3) Focusing on providing courses that enhance the profes-37 sional skills of teachers in their subject areas; and

38 (4) Ensuring that programs are offered in the most39 cost-effective manner to expand access throughout the region40 and the state.

(d) Concord college, Fairmont state college, Glenville state
college, Shepherd college, West Liberty state college and West
Virginia state college shall meet the need for graduate education in their regions by following the procedures outlined
below.

46 (1) The institutions shall develop as graduate centers for
47 their regions to broker access to graduate programs by contract48 ing with accredited colleges and universities in and out of the
49 state. These programs shall be related directly to each region's
50 education and economic needs.

51 (2) The institutions may begin collaborative programs with 52 other institutions leading to the granting of master's degrees in 53 selected areas that are demonstrated to be related directly to the 54 needs of their regions and that draw on faculty strengths. An 55 institution may continue to offer collaborative programs aimed 56 at meeting the documented needs with the approval of the 57 commission or, if a sustained need still exists, the institution 58 may move to the next level.

(3) If the graduate education needs of the region have not
been met through brokering and collaborative programs, the
institution may explore the option of beginning its own graduate-level program leading to the granting of a master's degree.
The institution may begin its own master's degree program if
it can meet the following conditions as determined by the
commission:

66 (A) Demonstrate that the institution has successfully
67 completed each of the steps required before exploring develop68 ment of its own master's degree program;

(B) Provide evidence based on experience gained in the
brokering and collaborative arrangements that a sustained
demand exists for the program;

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(C) Demonstrate that the baccalaureate institution has thecapacity to provide the program;

74 (D) Demonstrate that the core mission of the baccalaureate
75 institution will not be impaired by offering the graduate
76 program;

(E) Provide evidence that the graduate program has areasonable expectation of being accredited;

(F) Demonstrate that the need documented in subdivision(B) of this subsection is not currently being met by any otherstate institution of higher education; and

82 (G) The commission may designate one of the institutions 83 listed in subsection (d) of this section to develop and implement 84 no more than four of its own masters level programs as a pilot 85 project: Provided, That the selected institution shall move toward and achieve regional accreditation of the masters 86 program within a reasonable time as determined by the com-87 88 mission. The institution shall be selected based on the follow-89 ing:

90 (i) Sufficient credentialed faculty to offer quality programs91 in the areas selected;

92 (ii) Sufficient unmet demand for the programs; and

93 (iii) Sustainable unmet demand based on generally accepted
94 projections for population growth in the region served by the
95 institution.

The programs authorized by this clause may not be restricted by the provisions of subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection nor by the provisions of subsection (e) of this section.

100 (e) There is an urgent need for master's degree programs 101 for teachers in disciplines or subject areas, such as mathematics, 102 science, history, literature, foreign languages and the arts. Currently, master's-level courses in education that are offered 103 in the regions served by the state universities are primarily in 104 105 areas such as guidance and counseling, administration, special 106 education and other disciplines unrelated to teaching in subject 107 areas. If this need is not being met in a region through the 108 procedure established in subsection (d) of this section, then the 109 graduate center in that region may plan a master's degree program in education focused on teaching in subject area fields 110 in which the demand is not being met. No institution may 111 begin a graduate program under the provisions of this section 112 until the program has been reviewed and approved by the 113 114 commission. The commission shall approve only those programs, as authorized by this subsection, that emphasize 115 serving the needs of teachers and schools in the colleges' 116 immediate regions. In determining whether a program should 117 be approved, the commission also shall rely upon the recom-118 119 mendations of the statewide task force on teacher quality 120 provided for in section eight, article fourteen of this chapter. 121 (f) The commission shall review all graduate programs 122 being offered under the provisions of this section and, using the

- 123 criteria established for program startup in subsection (d) of this
- 124 section, determine which programs should be discontinued.
- (g) At least annually, the governing boards shall evaluate
  graduate programs developed pursuant to the provisions of this
- 127 section and report to the commission on the following:
- (1) The number of programs being offered and the coursesoffered within each program;
- 130 (2) The disciplines in which programs are being offered;
- 131 (3) The locations and times at which courses are offered;

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132 (4) The number of students enrolled in the program; and

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(5) The number of students who have obtained master'sdegrees through each program.

The governing boards shall provide the commission with
any additional information the commission requests in order to
make a determination on the viability of a program.

138 (h) In developing any graduate program under the provi-139 sions of this section, institutions shall consider delivering 140 courses at times and places convenient to adult students who are 141 employed full time. Institutions shall place an emphasis on 142 extended degree programs, distance learning and off-campus 143 centers which utilize the cost-effective nature of extending 144 existing university capacity to serve the state rather than 145 duplicating the core university capacity and incurring the 146 increased cost of developing master's degree programs at other 147 institutions throughout the state.

(i) Brokering institutions shall invite proposals from other
public institutions of higher education for service provision
prior to contracting with other institutions: *Provided*, That if
institutions propose providing graduate programs in service
areas other than in their responsibility district, the institution
seeking to establish a program shall work through the district's
lead institution in providing those services.

(j) In addition to the approval required by the commission,
authorization for any institution to offer a master's degree
program under the provisions of this section is subject to the
formal approval processes established by the governing boards.

## ARTICLE 1B. HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY COMMISSION.

§18B-1B-1. Higher education policy commission established; development of public policy agenda. EDUCATION [Ch. 92

- §18B-1B-2. Composition of commission; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.
- §18B-1B-4. Powers and duties of higher education policy commission.
- §18B-1B-5. Employment of chancellor for higher education; office; powers and duties generally; employment of vice chancellors.
- §18B-1B-6. Appointment of institutional presidents; evaluation.
- §18B-1B-11. Study of licensing and oversight of certain institutions providing post-secondary education.

# §18B-1B-1. Higher education policy commission established; development of public policy agenda.

1 There is hereby created the "higher education policy 2 commission", hereinafter referred to as the "commission". It is 3 the intent of the Legislature that the commission be responsible 4 to develop, gain consensus around and oversee the public policy 5 agenda for higher education and other statewide issues pursuant 6 to section one-a, article one of this chapter under the following 7 conditions:

8 (a) It is the responsibility of the commission to work 9 collaboratively with the council to develop and gain consensus 10 around the public policy agenda for community and technical 11 colleges.

(b) It is the responsibility of the council to oversee theimplementation of the public policy agenda for the institutionsunder its jurisdiction.

- 15 (c) All matters of governance not specifically assigned to
- 16 the commission or council by law are the duty and responsibil-

17 ity of the governing boards.

# §18B-1B-2. Composition of commission; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.

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(a) The commission is comprised of ten members. One is
 the secretary of education and the arts, ex officio. One is the
 state superintendent of schools, ex officio. One is the chair of
 the West Virginia council for community and technical college
 education who is an ex officio, nonvoting member.

6 (b) The other seven members of the commission are 7 citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by and with the 8 advice and consent of the Senate. Prior to appointment, the 9 governor shall interview each candidate to assure that the 10 person selected understands and is committed to achieving the 11 goals and objectives as set forth in the institutional compacts 12 and in section one-a, article one of this chapter. The governor 13 shall invite the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House 14 of Delegates, the chairs of the Senate and House of Delegates 15 committees on finance and education and such other legislative 16 leaders as the governor may determine to participate in interviewing potential candidates. Each member appointed to the 17 18 commission by the governor shall represent the public interest 19 and shall be committed to the legislative intent and goals set 20 forth in said section.

21 (c) The governor may not appoint any person to be a 22 member of the commission who is an officer, employee or 23 member of the council or an advisory board of any state college 24 or university; an officer or member of any political party 25 executive committee; the holder of any other public office or 26 public employment under the government of this state or any of its political subdivisions; an appointee or employee of any 27 28 governing board; or an immediate family member of any employee under the jurisdiction of the commission, the council 29 30 or any governing board. Of the members appointed by the 31 governor from the public at large, no more than four thereof 32 may belong to the same political party and at least two shall be 33 appointed from each congressional district.

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34 (d) The terms of the members appointed by the governor35 are for overlapping terms of four years.

(e) The governor shall appoint a member to fill any vacancy
among the seven members appointed by the governor, by and
with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any member
appointed to fill a vacancy serves for the unexpired term of the
vacating member. The governor shall fill the vacancy within
thirty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

42 (f) A member appointed by the governor may not serve43 more than two consecutive terms.

(g) Before exercising any authority or performing any
duties as a member of the commission, each member shall
qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office
prescribed by section five, article IV of the Constitution of
West Virginia and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the
secretary of state.

50 (h) A member of the commission appointed by the governor 51 may not be removed from office by the governor except for 52 official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross 53 immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law for 54 the removal of the state elective officers by the governor.

# §18B-1B-4. Powers and duties of higher education policy commission.

1 (a) The primary responsibility of the commission is to 2 develop, establish and implement policy that will achieve the 3 goals and objectives found in section one-a, article one of this 4 chapter. The commission shall exercise its authority and carry 5 out its responsibilities in a manner that is consistent and not in 6 conflict with the powers and duties assigned by law to the West 7 Virginia council for community and technical college educa-

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8 tion. To that end, the commission has the following powers and

9 duties relating to the institutions under its jurisdiction:

10 (1) Develop, oversee and advance the public policy agenda pursuant to section one, article one-a of this chapter to address 11 12 major challenges facing the state, including, but not limited to, the goals and objectives found in section one-a, article one of 13 14 this chapter and including specifically those goals and objectives pertaining to the compacts created pursuant to section two, 15 16 article one-a of this chapter and to develop and implement the master plan described in section nine of this article for the 17 18 purpose of accomplishing the mandates of this section;

(2) Develop, oversee and advance the implementation
jointly with the council of a financing policy for higher education in West Virginia. The policy shall meet the following
criteria:

(A) Provide an adequate level of education and general
funding for institutions pursuant to section five, article one-a of
this chapter;

(B) Serve to maintain institutional assets, including, but not
limited to, human and physical resources and deferred maintenance;

(C) Invest and provide incentives for achieving the priority
goals in the public policy agenda, including, but not limited to,
those found in section one-a, article one of this chapter; and

32 (D) Incorporate the plan for strategic funding to strengthen
33 capacity for support of community and technical college
34 education established by the West Virginia council for commu35 nity and technical college education pursuant to the provisions
36 of section six, article two-b of this chapter;

37 (3) In collaboration with the council, create a policy38 leadership structure capable of the following actions:

39 (A) Developing, building public consensus around and 40 sustaining attention to a long-range public policy agenda. In 41 developing the agenda, the commission and council shall seek 42 input from the Legislature and the governor and specifically from the state board of education and local school districts in 43 44 order to create the necessary linkages to assure smooth, 45 effective and seamless movement of students through the public 46 education and post-secondary education systems and to ensure 47 that the needs of public school courses and programs can be 48 fulfilled by the graduates produced and the programs offered;

49 (B) Ensuring that the governing boards carry out their duty
50 effectively to govern the individual institutions of higher
51 education; and

52 (C) Holding the higher education institutions and the higher
53 education systems as a whole accountable for accomplishing
54 their missions and implementing the provisions of the com55 pacts;

56 (4) Develop and adopt each institutional compact;

57 (5) Review and adopt the annual updates of the institutional58 compacts;

59 (6) Serve as the accountability point to:

60 (A) The governor for implementation of the public policy61 agenda; and

62 (B) The Legislature by maintaining a close working
63 relationship with the legislative leadership and the legislative
64 oversight commission on education accountability;
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(7) Jointly with the council, promulgate legislative rules
pursuant to article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
fulfill the purposes of section five, article one-a of this chapter;

68 (8) Establish and implement a peer group for each institu-69 tion as described in section three, article one-a of this chapter;

(9) Establish and implement the benchmarks and performance indicators necessary to measure institutional achievement towards state policy priorities and institutional missions
pursuant to section two, article one-a of this chapter;

(10) Annually report to the Legislature and to the legislative
oversight commission on education accountability during the
January interim meetings on a date and at a time and location
to be determined by the president of the Senate and the speaker
of the House of Delegates. The report shall address at least the
following:

(A) The performance of its system of higher education
during the previous fiscal year, including, but not limited to,
progress in meeting goals stated in the compacts and progress
of the institutions and the higher education system as a whole
in meeting the goals and objectives set forth in section one-a,
article one of this chapter;

(B) An analysis of enrollment data collected pursuant to
section one, article ten of this chapter and recommendations for
any changes necessary to assure access to high-quality,
high-demand education programs for West Virginia residents;

90 (C) The priorities established for capital investment needs
91 pursuant to subdivision (11) of this subsection and the justifica92 tion for such priority;

93 (D) Recommendations of the commission for statutory
94 changes needed to further the goals and objectives set forth in
95 section one-a, article one of this chapter;

96 (11) Establish a formal process for identifying needs for 97 capital investments and for determining priorities for these 98 investments. It is the responsibility of the commission to assure 99 a fair distribution of funds for capital projects between the 100 commission and the council. To that end the commission shall 101 take the following steps:

102 (A) Receive the list of priorities developed by the council
103 for capital investment for the institutions under the council's
104 jurisdiction pursuant to subsection (b), section six, article two-b
105 of this chapter;

(B) Place the ranked list of projects on the agenda for actionwithin sixty days of the date on which the list was received;

108 (C) Select a minimum of three projects from the list 109 submitted by the council to be included on the ranked list 110 established by the commission. At least one of the three 111 projects selected must come from the top two priorities estab-112 lished by the council.

113 (12) Maintain guidelines for institutions to follow concern-114 ing extensive capital projects. The guidelines shall provide a 115 process for developing capital projects, including, but not 116 limited to, the notification by an institution to the commission 117 of any proposed capital project which has the potential to 118 exceed one million dollars in cost. Such a project may not be 119 pursued by an institution without the approval of the commis-120 sion. An institution may not participate directly or indirectly 121 with any public or private entity in any capital project which 122 has the potential to exceed one million dollars in cost;

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123 (13) Acquire legal services as are considered necessary, 124 including representation of the commission, its institutions, employees and officers before any court or administrative body, 125 126 notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary. 127 The counsel may be employed either on a salaried basis or on 128 a reasonable fee basis. In addition, the commission may, but is 129 not required to, call upon the attorney general for legal assis-130 tance and representation as provided by law;

(14) Employ a chancellor for higher education pursuant tosection five of this article;

(15) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to
carry out the duties and responsibilities of the commission and
the council, in accordance with the provisions of article four of
this chapter;

(16) Provide suitable offices in Charleston for the chancel-lor, vice chancellors and other staff;

139 (17) Advise and consent in the appointment of the presi-140 dents of the institutions of higher education under its jurisdic-141 tion pursuant to section six of this article. The role of the commission in approving an institutional president is to assure 142 143 through personal interview that the person selected understands 144 and is committed to achieving the goals and objectives as set 145 forth in the institutional compact and in section one-a, article 146 one of this chapter;

(18) Approve the total compensation package from all
sources for presidents of institutions under its jurisdiction, as
proposed by the governing boards. The governing boards must
obtain approval from the commission of the total compensation
package both when institutional presidents are employed
initially and afterward when any change is made in the amount
of the total compensation package;

(19) Establish and implement the policy of the state to
assure that parents and students have sufficient information at
the earliest possible age on which to base academic decisions
about what is required for students to be successful in college,
other post-secondary education and careers related, as far as
possible, to results from current assessment tools in use in West
Virginia;

(20) Approve and implement a uniform standard jointly 161 with the council to determine which students shall be placed in 162 163 remedial or developmental courses. The standard shall be aligned with college admission tests and assessment tools used 164 in West Virginia and shall be applied uniformly by the govern-165 166 ing boards throughout the public higher education system. The chancellors shall develop a clear, concise explanation of the 167 standard which they shall communicate to the state board of 168 education and the state superintendent of schools; 169

(21) Review and approve or disapprove capital projects asdescribed in subdivision (11) of this subsection;

(22) Jointly with the council, develop and implement anoversight plan to manage systemwide technology such as thefollowing:

(A) Expanding distance learning and technology networks
to enhance teaching and learning, promote access to quality
educational offerings with minimum duplication of effort; and

(B) Increasing the delivery of instruction to nontraditional
students, to provide services to business and industry and
increase the management capabilities of the higher education
system;

(23) Establish and implement policies and procedures to
ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the requirements for a bachelor's degree the maximum number of credits

185 earned at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state
186 community and technical college with as few requirements to
187 repeat courses or to incur additional costs as is consistent with
188 sound academic policy;

(24) Establish and implement policies and procedures to
ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the requirements for a degree the maximum number of credits earned at
any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state higher education institution with as few requirements to repeat courses or to
incur additional costs as is consistent with sound academic
policy;

(25) Establish and implement policies and procedures to
ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the requirements for a master's degree the maximum number of credits
earned at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state
higher education institution with as few requirements to repeat
courses or to incur additional costs as is consistent with sound
academic policy;

203 (26) Establish and implement policies and programs, in 204 cooperation with the council and the institutions of higher 205 education, through which students who have gained knowledge 206 and skills through employment, participation in education and 207 training at vocational schools or other education institutions, or 208 internet-based education programs, may demonstrate by 209 competency-based assessment that they have the necessary 210 knowledge and skills to be granted academic credit or advanced 211 placement standing toward the requirements of an associate 212 degree or a bachelor's degree at a state institution of higher 213 education;

(27) Seek out and attend regional, national and international
meetings and forums on education and workforce developmentrelated topics, as in the commission's discretion is critical for

217 the performance of their duties as members, for the purpose of 218 keeping abreast of education trends and policies to aid it in 219 developing the policies for this state to meet the established 220 education goals and objectives pursuant to section one-a, article 221 one of this chapter;

(28) Develop, establish and implement guidelines for
higher education governing boards and institutions to follow
when considering capital projects. The guidelines shall include,
but not be limited to, the following:

(A) That the governing boards and institutions not approve
or promote projects that give competitive advantage to new
private sector projects over existing West Virginia businesses,
unless the commission determines such private sector projects
are in the best interest of the students, the institution and the
community to be served; and

(B) That the governing boards and institutions not approve
or promote projects involving private sector businesses which
would have the effect of reducing property taxes on existing
properties or avoiding, in whole or in part, the full amount of
taxes which would be due on newly developed or future
properties;

238 (29) Consider and submit to the appropriate agencies of the executive and legislative branches of state government a budget 239 240that reflects recommended appropriations from the commission 241 and the institutions under its jurisdiction. The commission shall 242 submit as part of its budget proposal the separate recommended 243 appropriations it received from the council both for the council 244 and the institutions under the council's jurisdiction. The 245 commission annually shall submit the proposed institutional allocations based on each institution's progress toward meeting 246 247 the goals of its institutional compact;

(30) The commission has the authority to assess institutions
under its jurisdiction for the payment of expenses of the
commission or for the funding of statewide higher education
services, obligations or initiatives related to the goals set forth
for the provision of public higher education in the state;

(31) Promulgate rules allocating reimbursement of appropriations, if made available by the Legislature, to institutions of
higher education for qualifying noncapital expenditures
incurred in the provision of services to students with physical,
learning or severe sensory disabilities;

258 (32) Make appointments to boards and commissions where 259 this code requires appointments from the state college system 260 board of directors or the university of West Virginia system 261 board of trustees which were abolished effective the thirtieth 262 day of June, two thousand, except in those cases where the 263 required appointment has a specific and direct connection to the 264 provision of community and technical college education, the 265 appointment shall be made by the council. Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the commission or 266 267 the council may appoint one of its own members or any other citizen of the state as its designee. The commission and council 268 269 shall appoint the total number of persons in the aggregate 270 required to be appointed by these previous governing boards;

(33) Pursuant to the provisions of article three-a, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code and section six, article one of this
chapter, promulgate rules as necessary or expedient to fulfill the
purposes of this chapter. The commission and the council shall
promulgate a uniform joint legislative rule for the purpose of
standardizing, as much as possible, the administration of
personnel matters among the institutions of higher education;

(34) Determine when a joint rule among the governingboards of the institutions under its jurisdiction is necessary or

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280 281	required by law and, in those instances and in cons the governing boards, promulgate the joint rule;	ultation with
282 283 284 285 286	(35) Implement a policy jointly with the course credit earned at a community and techn transfers for program credit at any other state i higher education and is not limited to fulfillin education requirement; and	nical college
287 288 289	(36) Promulgate a joint rule with the council tuition and fee policy for all institutions of high The rule shall include, but is not limited to, the fo	er education.
290	(A) Comparisons with peer institutions;	
291	(B) Differences among institutional missions	<b>,</b>
292	(C) Strategies for promoting student access;	
293	(D) Consideration of charges to out-of-state s	students; and
294 295	(E) Such other policies as the commission consider appropriate.	and council
296 297 298 299	(b) In addition to the powers and duties listed (a) of this section, the commission has the follow powers and duties related to its role in developing and overseeing the implementation of the public pe	wing general , articulating
300 301 302	(1) Planning and policy leadership including a visible role in setting the state's policy agenda and an agent of change;	
303 304	(2) Policy analysis and research focused on iss the system as a whole or a geographical region th	-
305 306	(3) Development and implementation of mission definitions including use of incentive fu	

307 ence institutional behavior in ways that are consistent with308 public priorities;

309 (4) Academic program review and approval for institutions
310 under its jurisdiction including the use of institutional missions
311 as a template to judge the appropriateness of both new and
312 existing programs and the authority to implement needed
313 changes;

(5) Development of budget and allocation of resources,
including reviewing and approving institutional operating and
capital budgets and distributing incentive and performance-based funding;

(6) Administration of state and federal student aid programs
under the supervision of the vice chancellor for administration,
including promulgation of any rules necessary to administer
those programs;

322 (7) Serving as the agent to receive and disburse public
323 funds when a governmental entity requires designation of a
324 statewide higher education agency for this purpose;

325 (8) Development, establishment and implementation of
326 information, assessment and accountability systems, including
327 maintenance of statewide data systems that facilitate long-term
328 planning and accurate measurement of strategic outcomes and
329 performance indicators;

(9) Jointly with the council, developing, establishing and
implementing policies for licensing and oversight for both
public and private degree-granting and nondegree-granting
institutions that provide post-secondary education courses or
programs in the state pursuant to the findings and policy
recommendations to be determined as set forth in section eleven
of this article;

(10) Development, implementation and oversight of
statewide and regionwide projects and initiatives related to
providing post-secondary education at the baccalaureate level
and above such as those using funds from federal categorical
programs or those using incentive and performance-based
funding from any source; and

(11) Quality assurance that intersects with all other duties
of the commission particularly in the areas of planning, policy
analysis, program review and approval, budgeting and information and accountability systems.

(c) In addition to the powers and duties provided for in
subsections (a) and (b) of this section and any other powers and
duties as may be assigned to it by law, the commission has such
other powers and duties as may be necessary or expedient to
accomplish the purposes of this article.

(d) The commission is authorized to withdraw specific
powers of any governing board of an institution under its
jurisdiction for a period not to exceed two years if the commission makes a determination that:

(1) The governing board has failed for two consecutive
years to develop an institutional compact as required in article
one of this chapter;

359 (2) The commission has received information, substantiated
360 by independent audit, of significant mismanagement or failure
361 to carry out the powers and duties of the board of governors
362 according to state law; or

363 (3) Other circumstances which, in the view of the commis364 sion, severely limit the capacity of the board of governors to
365 carry out its duties and responsibilities.

366 (4) The period of withdrawal of specific powers may not
367 exceed two years during which time the commission is autho368 rized to take steps necessary to reestablish the conditions for
369 restoration of sound, stable and responsible institutional
370 governance.

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# §18B-1B-5. Employment of chancellor for higher education; office; powers and duties generally; employment of vice chancellors.

(a) The commission, created pursuant to section one of this
 article, shall employ a chancellor for higher education who is
 the chief executive officer of the commission and who serves
 at its will and pleasure.

5 (b) The commission shall set the qualifications for the 6 position of chancellor and shall conduct a thorough nationwide 7 search for qualified candidates. A qualified candidate is one 8 who meets at least the following criteria:

9 (1) Possesses an excellent academic and administrative 10 background;

11 (2) Demonstrates strong communication skills;

(3) Has significant experience and an established nationalreputation as a professional in the field of higher education;

14 (4) Is free of institutional or regional biases; and

(5) Holds or retains no other administrative position withina system of higher education while employed as chancellor.

(c) The commission shall conduct written performance
evaluations of the chancellor annually and may offer the
chancellor a contract not to exceed three years. At the end of
each contract period, the commission shall review the evalua-

tions and make a determination by vote of its members oncontinuing employment and compensation level.

(d) When filling a vacancy in the position of chancellor, the
commission shall enter into an initial employment contract for
one year with the candidate selected. At the end of the initial
contract period, and each contract period thereafter, the
commission shall review the evaluations and make a determination by vote of its members on continuing employment and
compensation level for the chancellor.

30 (e) The chancellor shall be compensated on a basis in
31 excess of, but not to exceed twenty percent greater than, the
32 base salary of any president of a state institution of higher
33 education or the administrative head of a governing board.

34 (f) The commission may employ a vice chancellor for 35 health sciences who serves at the will and pleasure of the 36 commission. The vice chancellor for health sciences shall 37 coordinate the West Virginia university school of medicine, the 38 Marshall university school of medicine and the West Virginia 39 school of osteopathic medicine and also shall provide assistance 40 to the governing boards on matters related to medical education and health sciences. The vice chancellor for health sciences 41 shall perform all duties assigned by the chancellor, the commis-42 43 sion and state law. In the case of a vacancy in the office of vice 44 chancellor of health sciences, the duties assigned to this office 45 by law are the responsibility of the chancellor or a designee.

46 (g) The commission shall employ a vice chancellor for47 administration pursuant to section two, article four of this48 chapter.

(h) The commission may employ a vice chancellor for state
colleges who serves at the will and pleasure of the commission.
It is the duty and responsibility of the vice chancellor for state
colleges to:

53 (1) Provide assistance to the commission, the chancellor
54 and the state colleges on matters related to or of interest and
55 concern to these institutions;

56 (2) Advise, assist and consult regularly with the institu57 tional presidents and institutional boards of governors of each
58 state college;

(3) Serve as an advocate and spokesperson for the state
colleges to represent them and to make their interests, views
and issues known to the chancellor, the commission and
governmental agencies;

63 (4) Perform all duties assigned by the chancellor, the64 commission and state law.

In addition, the vice chancellor for state colleges has the responsibility and the duty to provide staff assistance to the institutional presidents and governing boards to the extent practicable.

(i) On behalf of the commission, the chancellor may enter
into agreements with any state agency or political subdivision
of the state, any state higher education institution or any other
person or entity to enlist staff assistance to implement the
powers and duties assigned by the commission or by state law.

(j) The chancellor is responsible for the daily operations of
the commission and has the following responsibilities relating
to the commission and the institutions under its jurisdiction:

(1) To carry out policy and program directives of thecommission;

79 (2) To develop and submit annual reports on the implemen-80 tation plan to achieve the goals and objectives set forth in

81 section one-a, article one of this chapter and in the institutional82 compacts;

83 (3) To prepare and submit to the commission for its
84 approval the proposed budget of the commission including the
85 offices of the chancellor and the vice chancellors;

86 (4) To assist the governing boards in developing rules, 87 subject to the provisions of section six, article one of this 88 chapter. Nothing in this chapter requires the rules of the 89 governing boards to be filed pursuant to the rule-making 90 procedures provided in article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of 91 this code. The chancellor is responsible for ensuring that any 92 policy which is required to be uniform across the institutions is 93 applied in a uniform manner;

94 (5) To perform all other duties and responsibilities assigned95 by the commission or by state law.

96 (k) The chancellor shall be reimbursed for all actual and
97 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of all assigned
98 duties and responsibilities.

99 (1) The chancellor, with the commission, advises the 100 Legislature on matters of higher education in West Virginia. 101 The chancellor shall work closely with the legislative oversight 102 commission on education accountability and with the elected leadership of the state to ensure that they are fully informed 103 104 about higher education issues and that the commission fully 105 understands the goals for higher education that the Legislature 106 has established by law.

(m) The chancellor may design and develop for consideration by the commission new statewide or regional initiatives
in accordance with the goals set forth in section one-a, article
one of this chapter and the public policy agenda articulated by
the commission. In those instances where the initiatives to be

proposed have a direct and specific impact or connection to community and technical college education as well as to baccalaureate and graduate education, the chancellor for higher education and the chancellor for community and technical college education shall design and develop the initiatives jointly for consideration by the commission and the council.

(n) The chancellor shall work closely with members of the
state board of education and with the state superintendent of
schools to assure that the following goals are met:

(1) Development and implementation of a seamlesskindergarten-through-college system of education; and

(2) Appropriate coordination of missions and programs. To
further the goals of cooperation and coordination between the
commission and the state board of education, the chancellor
serves as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the state board of
education.

## §18B-1B-6. Appointment of institutional presidents; evaluation.

(a) Appointment of institutional presidents. -- Appointment
 of presidents of the public institutions of higher education shall
 be made as follows:

4 (1) Subject to the approval of the commission, the govern-5 ing board of the institution appoints a president for Bluefield 6 state college, Concord college, Fairmont state college, Glenville 7 state college, Marshall university, Shepherd college, West 8 Liberty state college, West Virginia school of osteopathic 9 medicine, West Virginia state college and West Virginia 10 university.

(2) Subject to the approval of the council and to theprovisions of article three-c of this chapter, the governing boardof West Virginia University appoints the president of the

regional campus known as West Virginia university at
Parkersburg. When selecting candidates for consideration to
fill the office of president, the governing board shall use the
search and screening process provided for in section one, article
six of this chapter.

Subject to the approval of the commission, the governing board of West Virginia University appoints the president of the regional campus known as West Virginia university institute of technology. The president of each regional campus serves at the will and pleasure of the appointing governing board.

(3) Subject to the approval of the council, the governing
board of the community and technical college appoints a
president for eastern West Virginia community and technical
college, southern West Virginia community and technical
college and West Virginia northern community and technical
college.

30 (4) Subject to the approval of the council, the governing 31 board of the sponsoring institution appoints a president for each 32 administratively linked community and technical colleges 33 which shares a physical campus location with the sponsoring 34 institution, including Fairmont state community and technical 35 college, Marshall community and technical college, the 36 community and technical college at West Virginia university 37 institute of technology and West Virginia state community and 38 technical college.

(5) Subject to the approval of the council, the governing
board of the community and technical college appoints a
president for each administratively linked community and
technical college which does not share a physical campus
location with the sponsoring institution, including New River
community and technical college and the community and
technical college of Shepherd.

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46 Subject to the approval of the council, the governing board
47 of the sponsoring institution appoints a president for each of
48 these two community and technical colleges until the institution
49 gains independent accreditation.

(b) Other appointments. -- Effective the first day of July,
two thousand five, the institutional president shall appoint a
provost to be the administrative head of the Potomac campus of
West Virginia University.

54 (c) Evaluation of presidents. -- The appointing governing board shall conduct written performance evaluations of each 55 56 institution's president, including the presidents of administratively linked community and technical colleges. Evaluations 57 58 shall be done in every fourth year of employment as president, recognizing unique characteristics of the institution and 59 60 utilizing institutional personnel, institutional boards of advisors 61 as appropriate, staff of the appropriate governing board and 62 persons knowledgeable in higher education matters who are not otherwise employed by a governing board. A part of the 63 evaluation shall be a determination of the success of the 64 65 institution in meeting the requirements of its institutional 66 compact.

# §18B-1B-11. Study of licensing and oversight of certain institutions providing post-secondary education.

(a) The commission and the council shall conduct a joint
 study of current policies relating to licensing and oversight of
 both public and private degree-granting and nondegree-granting
 entities providing post-secondary education programs or
 courses within the state or from locations outside this state
 through distance learning or any technology methods.

7 (b) The study shall include, but is not limited to, the 8 following:

9 (1) The strengths and weaknesses of current state and 10 higher education policies including a determination of how well 11 the policies protect consumers and whether such protection 12 should be expanded;

(2) The appropriate entity within public higher education toassume licensing and oversight of each type of institution;

(3) The standards to be used for program approval or amethod to develop such standards; and

17 (4) The requirements for fees and bonding.

18 The commission and the council shall report their findings,

- 19 conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any
- 20 legislation necessary to effectuate the recommendations, to the
- 21 legislative oversight commission on education accountability
- 22 by the first day of December, two thousand four.

### **ARTICLE 2A. INSTITUTIONAL BOARDS OF GOVERNORS.**

- §18B-2A-1. Composition of boards; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment.
- §18B-2A-4. Powers and duties of governing boards generally.
- §18B-2A-6. University status for public baccalaureate institutions of higher education.

# §18B-2A-1. Composition of boards; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment.

(a) A board of governors is continued at each of the
 following institutions: Bluefield state college, Concord college,
 eastern West Virginia community and technical college,
 Fairmont state college, Glenville state college, Marshall
 university, Shepherd college, southern West Virginia commu nity and technical college, West Liberty state college, West
 Virginia northern community and technical college, the West

8 Virginia school of osteopathic medicine, West Virginia state9 college and West Virginia university.

(b) For the community and technical college of Shepherd
and New River community and technical college the institutional board of advisors remains in place until the institution
achieves independent accreditation as provided in section eight,
article three-c of this chapter.

(1) As long as the institutional board of advisors remains in
place, the chairperson of the board of advisors serves as an ex
officio, voting member of the board of governors of the
sponsoring institution;

(2) When the community and technical college achieves
independent accreditation, the board of advisors is abolished
and a board of governors is established with members appointed pursuant to this section;

(3) When a board of governors is established for thecommunity and technical college:

(A) The chairperson of the governing board of the sponsoring institution serves as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the
governing board of the community and technical college board
of governors; and

(B) The chairperson of the governing board of the community and technical college serves as an ex officio, nonvoting
member of the governing board of the sponsoring institution.

(4) In making the initial appointments to these boards of
governors, the governor shall appoint those persons who are lay
members of the institutional boards of advisors, except in the
case of death, resignation or failure to be confirmed by the
Senate.

37 (c) The institutional board of governors for Marshall
38 university consists of sixteen persons and the institutional board
39 of governors for West Virginia university consists of seventeen
40 persons. Each other board of governors consists of twelve
41 persons.

42 (d) Each board of governors includes the following mem-43 bers:

44 (1) A full-time member of the faculty with the rank of45 instructor or above duly elected by the faculty of the respective46 institution;

47 (2) A member of the student body in good academic
48 standing, enrolled for college credit work and duly elected by
49 the student body of the respective institution;

50 (3) A member from the institutional classified employees
51 duly elected by the classified employees of the respective
52 institution; and

(4) For the institutional board of governors at Marshall
university, twelve lay members appointed by the governor, by
and with the advice and consent of the Senate, pursuant to this
section and, additionally, the chairperson of the institutional
board of advisors of Marshall community and technical college
serving as an ex officio, voting member.

59 (5) For the institutional board of governors at West Virginia 60 university, twelve lay members appointed by the governor by 61 and with the advice and consent of the senate pursuant to this 62 section and, additionally, the chairperson of the institutional 63 board of advisors of the community and technical college at 64 West Virginia university institute of technology and West 65 Virginia university at Parkersburg.

(6) For each institutional board of governors of an institution that does not have an administratively linked community
and technical college under its jurisdiction, nine lay members
appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent
of the Senate, pursuant to this section.

71 (7) For each institutional board of governors which has an
72 administratively linked community and technical college under
73 its jurisdiction:

(A) Eight lay members appointed by the governor, by and
with the advice and consent of the Senate, pursuant to this
section and, additionally, the chairperson of the institutional
board of advisors of the administratively linked community and
technical college; and

(B) Of the eight lay members appointed by the governor,one shall be the superintendent of a county board of educationfrom the area served by the institution.

82 (e) Of the eight or nine members appointed by the gover-83 nor, no more than five may be of the same political party. Of 84 the twelve members appointed by the governor to the governing 85 boards of Marshall university and West Virginia university, no 86 more than seven may be of the same political party. Of the 87 eight or nine members appointed by the governor, at least six 88 shall be residents of the state. Of the twelve members ap-89 pointed by the governor to the governing boards of Marshall university and West Virginia university, at least eight shall be 90 91 residents of the state.

92 (f) The student member serves for a term of one year. Each93 term begins on the first day of July.

(g) The faculty member serves for a term of two years.Each term begins on the first day of July. Faculty members are

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96 eligible to succeed themselves for three additional terms, not to97 exceed a total of eight consecutive years.

(h) The member representing classified employees serves
for a term of two years. Each term begins on the first day of
July. Members representing classified employees are eligible
to succeed themselves for three additional terms, not to exceed
a total of eight consecutive years.

(i) The appointed lay citizen members serve terms of four
years each and are eligible to succeed themselves for no more
than one additional term.

106 (j) A vacancy in an unexpired term of a member shall be 107 filled for the unexpired term within thirty days of the occur-108 rence of the vacancy in the same manner as the original 109 appointment or election. Except in the case of a vacancy, all 110 elections shall be held and all appointments shall be made no later than the thirtieth day of June preceding the commence-111 112 ment of the term. Each board of governors shall elect one of its appointed lay members to be chairperson in June of each year. 113 114 A member may not serve as chairperson for more than two 115 consecutive years.

(k) The appointed members of the institutional boards ofgovernors serve staggered terms of four years.

(1) A person is ineligible for appointment to membership on
a board of governors of a state institution of higher education
under the following conditions:

(1) For a baccalaureate institution or university, a person is
ineligible for appointment who is an officer, employee or
member of any other board of governors, a member of an
institutional board of advisors of any public institution of higher
education, an employee of any institution of higher education,

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126 an officer or member of any political party executive commit-127 tee, the holder of any other public office or public employment 128 under the government of this state or any of its political 129 subdivisions or a member of the council or commission. This 130 subsection does not prevent the representative from the faculty, 131 classified employees, students or chairpersons of the boards of 132 advisors or the superintendent of a county board of education 133 from being members of the governing boards.

134 (2) For a community and technical college, a person is 135 ineligible for appointment who is an officer, employee or 136 member of any other board of governors; a member of an 137 institutional board of advisors of any public institution of higher 138 education; an employee of any institution of higher education; 139 an officer or member of any political party executive commit-140 tee; the holder of any other public office, other than an elected 141 county office, or public employment, other than employment by 142 the county board of education, under the government of this 143 state or any of its political subdivisions; or a member of the council or commission. This subsection does not prevent the 144 145 representative from the faculty, classified employees, students 146 or chairpersons of the boards of advisors from being members of the governing boards. 147

(m) Before exercising any authority or performing any
duties as a member of a governing board, each member shall
qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office
prescribed by section five, article IV of the Constitution of
West Virginia and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the
secretary of state.

(n) A member of a governing board appointed by the
governor may not be removed from office by the governor
except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty
or gross immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by
law for the removal of the state elective officers by the governor.

160 (o) The president of the institution shall make available 161 resources of the institution for conducting the business of its 162 board of governors. The members of the board of governors 163 serve without compensation, but are reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the perfor-164 165 mance of official duties under this article upon presentation of 166 an itemized sworn statement of expenses. All expenses 167 incurred by the board of governors and the institution under this 168 section are paid from funds allocated to the institution for that 169 purpose.

## §18B-2A-4. Powers and duties of governing boards generally.

Each governing board separately has the following powers
 and duties:

3 (a) Determine, control, supervise and manage the financial,
4 business and education policies and affairs of the state institu5 tions of higher education under its jurisdiction;

6 (b) Develop a master plan for the institutions under its jurisdiction except the administratively linked community and 7 8 technical colleges which retain an institutional board of 9 advisors shall develop their master plans subject to the provi-10 sions of section one, article six of this chapter. The ultimate 11 responsibility for developing and updating the master plans at 12 the institutional level resides with the board of governors, or 13 board of advisors, as applicable, but the ultimate responsibility for approving the final version of the institutional master plans, 14 15 including periodic updates, resides with the commission or 16 council, as appropriate. Each master plan shall include, but not 17 be limited to, the following:

(1) A detailed demonstration of how the master plan will be
used to meet the goals and objectives of the institutional
compact;

(2) A well-developed set of goals outlining missions,
degree offerings, resource requirements, physical plant needs,
personnel needs, enrollment levels and other planning
determinates and projections necessary in such a plan to assure
that the needs of the institution's area of responsibility for a
quality system of higher education are addressed;

(3) Documentation of the involvement of the commission
or council, as appropriate, institutional constituency groups,
clientele of the institution and the general public in the development of all segments of the institutional master plan.

The plan shall be established for periods of not less than three nor more than six years and shall be revised periodically as necessary, including the addition or deletion of degree programs as, in the discretion of the appropriate governing board, may be necessary;

36 (c) Prescribe for the institutions under its jurisdiction, in
37 accordance with its master plan and the compact for each
38 institution, specific functions and responsibilities to meet the
39 higher education needs of its area of responsibility and to avoid
40 unnecessary duplication;

(d) Direct the preparation of a budget request for the
institutions under its jurisdiction, such request to relate directly
to missions, goals and projections as found in the institutional
master plans and the institutional compacts;

45 (e) Consider, revise and submit to the commission or
46 council, as appropriate, a budget request on behalf of the
47 institutions under its jurisdiction;

(f) Review, at least every five years, all academic programs
offered at the institutions under its jurisdiction. The review
shall address the viability, adequacy and necessity of the
programs in relation to its institutional master plan, the institu-

52 tional compact and the education and workforce needs of its 53 responsibility district. As a part of the review, each governing 54 board shall require the institutions under its jurisdiction to 55 conduct periodic studies of its graduates and their employers to 56 determine placement patterns and the effectiveness of the 57 education experience. Where appropriate, these studies should coincide with the studies required of many academic disciplines 58 59 by their accrediting bodies;

60 (g) The governing boards shall ensure that the sequence and 61 availability of academic programs and courses offered by the 62 institutions under their jurisdiction is such that students have 63 the maximum opportunity to complete programs in the time 64 frame normally associated with program completion. Each 65 governing board is responsible to see that the needs of nontradi-66 tional college-age students are appropriately addressed and, to the extent it is possible for the individual governing board to 67 68 control, to assure core course work completed at institutions 69 under its jurisdiction is transferable to any other state institution 70 of higher education for credit with the grade earned;

71 (h) Subject to the provisions of article one-b of this chapter, 72 the appropriate governing board has the exclusive authority to 73 approve the teacher education programs offered in the institu-74 tion under its control. In order to permit graduates of teacher 75 education programs to receive a degree from a nationally 76 accredited program and in order to prevent expensive duplica-77 tion of program accreditation, the commission may select and utilize one nationally recognized teacher education program 78 79 accreditation standard as the appropriate standard for program 80 evaluation;

(i) Utilize faculty, students and classified employees in
institutional-level planning and decisionmaking when those
groups are affected;

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(j) Subject to the provisions of federal law and pursuant to
the provisions of article nine of this chapter and to rules
adopted by the commission and the council, administer a
system for the management of personnel matters, including, but
not limited to, personnel classification, compensation and
discipline for employees at the institutions under their jurisdiction;

91 (k) Administer a system for hearing employee grievances
92 and appeals. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code
93 to the contrary, the procedure established in article six-a,
94 chapter twenty-nine of this code is the exclusive mechanism for
95 hearing prospective employee grievances and appeals. In
96 construing the application of said article to grievances of higher
97 education employees, the following apply:

98 (1) "Chief administrator" means the president of a state
99 institution of higher education as to those employees employed
100 by the institution and the appropriate chancellor as to those
101 employees employed by the commission or council;

(2) The state division of personnel may not be a party to nor
have any authority regarding a grievance initiated by a higher
education employee; and

(3) The provisions of this section supersede and replace the
grievance procedure set out in article twenty-nine, chapter
eighteen of this code for any grievance initiated by a higher
education employee after the first day of July, two thousand
one;

(1) Solicit and utilize or expend voluntary support, including
financial contributions and support services, for the institutions
under its jurisdiction;

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(m) Appoint a president for the institutions under its
jurisdiction subject to the provisions of section six, article one-b
of this chapter;

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(n) Conduct written performance evaluations of thepresident pursuant to section six, article one-b of this chapter;

(o) Employ all faculty and staff at the institution under its
jurisdiction. Such employees operate under the supervision of
the president, but are employees of the governing board;

(p) Submit to the commission or council, as appropriate, no
later than the first day of November of each year an annual
report of the performance of the institution under its jurisdiction
during the previous fiscal year as compared to stated goals in its
master plan and institutional compact;

126 (q) Enter into contracts or consortium agreements with the public schools, private schools or private industry to provide 127 technical, vocational, college preparatory, remedial and 128 customized training courses at locations either on campuses of 129 130 the public institution of higher education or at off-campus 131 locations in the institution's responsibility district. To accom-132 plish this goal, the boards are permitted to share resources 133 among the various groups in the community;

(r) Provide and transfer funding and property to certain
corporations pursuant to section ten, article twelve of this
chapter;

(s) Delegate, with prescribed standards and limitations, the
part of its power and control over the business affairs of the
institution to the president in any case where it considers the
delegation necessary and prudent in order to enable the institution to function in a proper and expeditious manner and to meet
the requirements of its institutional compact. If a governing
board elects to delegate any of its power and control under the

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provisions of this subsection, it shall notify the appropriate
chancellor. Any such delegation of power and control may be
rescinded by the appropriate governing board or the chancellor
at any time, in whole or in part;

148 (t) Unless changed by the commission or the council, as appropriate, the governing boards shall continue to abide by 149 150 existing rules setting forth standards for acceptance of advanced 151 placement credit for their respective institutions. Individual 152 departments at institutions of higher education may, upon 153 approval of the institutional faculty senate, require higher 154 scores on the advanced placement test than scores designated 155 by the appropriate governing board when the credit is to be used toward meeting a requirement of the core curriculum for a 156 157 major in that department;

158 (u) Each governing board, or its designee, shall consult, 159 cooperate and work with the state treasurer and the state auditor 160 to update as necessary and maintain an efficient and cost-effective system for the financial management and 161 162 expenditure of special revenue and appropriated state funds at 163 the institutions under its jurisdiction that ensures that properly submitted requests for payment be paid on or before due date 164 165 but, in any event, within fifteen days of receipt in the state 166 auditor's office:

167 (v) The governing boards in consultation with the appropri-168 ate chancellor and the secretary of the department of adminis-169 tration shall develop, update as necessary and maintain a plan 170 to administer a consistent method of conducting personnel 171 transactions, including, but not limited to, hiring, dismissal, 172 promotions and transfers at the institutions under their jurisdic-173 tion. Each such personnel transaction shall be accompanied by 174 the appropriate standardized system or forms which will be submitted to the respective governing board and the department 175 176 of finance and administration;

177 (w) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the 178 contrary, the governing boards may transfer funds from any 179 account specifically appropriated for their use to any corre-180 sponding line item in a general revenue account at any agency 181 or institution under their jurisdiction as long as such transferred funds are used for the purposes appropriated. The governing 182 183 boards may transfer funds from appropriated special revenue 184 accounts for capital improvements under their jurisdiction to 185 special revenue accounts at agencies or institutions under their 186 jurisdiction as long as such transferred funds are used for the 187 purposes appropriated;

188 (x) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the 189 contrary, the governing boards may acquire legal services as are 190 considered necessary, including representation of the governing 191 boards, their institutions, employees and officers before any 192 court or administrative body. The counsel may be employed either on a salaried basis or on a reasonable fee basis. In 193 194 addition, the governing boards may, but are not required to, call 195 upon the attorney general for legal assistance and representation as provided by law; and 196

197 (y) Each governing board which has under its jurisdiction an administratively linked community and technical college or 198 199 a regional campus offering community and technical college 200 education programs shall create within the administrative 201 structure of its governing board a subcommittee for community 202 and technical college education. The subcommittee shall have 203 at least four members, one of whom is the chairperson of the 204 board of advisors of the community and technical college or, in 205 the case of the governing board of West Virginia university, both the member representing the community and technical 206 207 college and the member representing the regional campus;

## §18B-2A-6. University status for public baccalaureate institutions of higher education.

(a) The purpose of this section is to redesignate certain
 existing public baccalaureate institutions as universities and to
 provide a mechanism for other public baccalaureate institutions
 to become universities. The change in name is based on each
 institution's ability to meet minimum standards developed and
 adopted by the commission.

7 (b) Each governing board of a public baccalaureate institu8 tion is authorized to make changes which would further its
9 eligibility to attain university status:

(1) If the college meets the eligibility requirements established by the commission to attain university status and if the
commission grants university status, then the governing board
shall determine the effective date on which the public baccalaureate institution becomes a university; and

(2) On and after the effective date designated by thegoverning board, the baccalaureate institution shall be desig-nated a university.

18 (c) Concord college, Fairmont state college, Shepherd 19 college and West Virginia state college, having met the 20 eligibility requirements established by the commission to attain 21 university status, are hereby designated as universities on the 22 effective date of this section.

(d) An institution may not request or seek additional state
appropriations as a result of the redesignation provided for in
this section. No consequences, including the need to meet
future accreditation requirements in order to maintain university
status, which arise as a result of designating an existing state
college as a university, provide sufficient justification for an
institution to request or in any way seek additional state funds.

30 (e) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 31 contrary, Marshall university and West Virginia university are,

- 32 and remain, the only research and doctoral degree-granting
- 33 public institutions of higher education in this state.

### ARTICLE 2B. WEST VIRGINIA COUNCIL FOR COMMUNITY AND TECH-NICAL COLLEGE EDUCATION.

- §18B-2B-1. Legislative findings; intent; purpose.
- §18B-2B-2. Definitions.
- §18B-2B-3. West Virginia council for community and technical college education; supervision of chancellor; chief executive officer.
- §18B-2B-4. Appointment, composition and terms of council.
- §18B-2B-5. Meetings and compensation.
- §18B-2B-6. Powers and duties of the council.
- §18B-2B-6a. Transfer of funds; council authority to expend funds.
- §18B-2B-7. Powers and duties of the chief executive officer.
- §18B-2B-8. State advisory committee of community and technical college presidents.

## §18B-2B-1. Legislative findings; intent; purpose.

1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds that:

2 (1) The goals, objectives and purposes contained in enrolled 3 Senate Bill No. 653, passed during the two thousand regular legislative session, reflected the research findings available to 4 5 the Legislature at the time; since then, however, additional 6 research indicates that, while enrolled Senate Bill No. 653 moves 7 in the appropriate direction of independent accreditation and meeting essential conditions for public community and technical 8 colleges, the legislation does not take the final steps that are 9 considered to be necessary by independent researchers. This 10 position is clearly demonstrated by the recent research findings 11 12 and recommendations cited below:

(A) "West Virginia: A Vision Shared! Economic Development: A Plan for West Virginia's Future", hereinafter cited in
this article and article two-c of this chapter as the *Market Street Report*, is a research document commissioned by the West
Virginia council for community and economic development to

18 assess the economic competitiveness of the state. The report

19 makes a number of findings and recommendations important to

20 public community and technical college education:

(i) The state needs to adopt and implement a specific focus
on technical education; in particular, it needs to move away from
the traditionally isolated and limited vocational programming
towards a systematic approach of teaching technical skills that
employers need today;

(ii) The state needs to establish a strong technical education
system that is separate from the university system and is
responsive to the needs of business throughout the state;

(iii) The state needs to establish as a high-level priority the
training and retraining of its working-age adults to help them
acquire and maintain the competitive skills they need to succeed
in today's economy; and

(iv) The state needs to emphasize the role of lifelong
learning as a critical piece of its overall education and training
system if the state is to make the transition to the new economy.

36 (B) The *Report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on*37 *Education Accountability*, hereinafter cited in this article and
38 article two-c as the *McClenney Report*, is a study required by
39 provisions of enrolled Senate bill no. 653 and conducted by Dr.
40 Kay McClenney. The research found that:

(i) The participation rate in West Virginia community and
technical college education is substantially lower than will be
necessary if the state is to achieve its goals for economic
development and prosperity for its citizens;

(ii) The low visibility of the component community andtechnical colleges effectively restricts access for the West

47 Virginians who most need encouragement to participate in48 post-secondary education and training;

49 (iii) It is not clear that the parent institutions of the compo-50 nent community colleges actually embrace the community51 college mission;

(iv) The community and technical college developmental
education programs are underserving by far the evident needs of
the population, especially as that service relates to nontraditional
students;

(v) Adults over age twenty-five are under represented in thecommunity and technical college student populations;

(vi) Technical education program development and enrollment are not at the levels necessary to serve the needs of the
state;

(vii) Independent accreditation and the essential conditions
required by enrolled Senate bill no. 653 are necessary, but not
sufficient alone to provide a strong enough tool to accomplish
the state's goal to strengthen community and technical college
education;

66 (viii) The community and technical college will not be able 67 to operate optimally until they move out of the shadow of their 68 "parent" institutions, with the flexibility and autonomy to 69 establish a uniquely community college identity, culture, 70 program mix, outreach capacity and approach to teaching and 71 learning;

(ix) The development of stronger support mechanisms for
the community and technical colleges should be an extension of
the ongoing step-by-step process for achieving the goals for post
secondary education in the state;

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(x) Building on the foundations laid in enrolled committee
substitute for Senate bill no. 547 and enrolled Senate bill no.
653, the Legislature should now establish the further systemic
and policy supports that are needed for the community and
technical college to thrive, perform and meet state goals;

81 (xi) Implementation will necessarily be incremental;

(xii) The consistent focus at the state level should be on the
statewide mission of raising educational attainment, increasing
adult literacy, promoting workforce and economic development
and ensuring access to advanced education for the citizens of
West Virginia;

(xiii) The solution must ensure a high degree of flexibility
and autonomy at the local level, preserving the ability of
community and technical colleges to respond rapidly and
effectively to local needs;

91 (xiv) At the same time, there is serious and recognized need
92 for statewide leadership, coordination and support for the work
93 of the community and technical colleges and the advocacy for
94 the public priorities that these institutions are charged to address;

95 and therefore

96 (xv) The state needs to create a community college support
97 capacity at the state level that will bring leadership, coordina98 tion, technical support, advocacy and critical mass to a statewide
99 network of local community and technical college campuses.

(C) The Report and Recommendations of the Implementation
Board to the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission, hereinafter cited in this article and article two-c of this
chapter as the Implementation Board Report, is a study required
by enrolled Senate bill no. 653 to determine the most effective
and efficient method to deliver community and technical college

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106 services in the former responsibility areas of Marshall university, 107 West Virginia state college and West Virginia university 108 institute of technology. The Implementation Board Report states its goals and vision for community and technical college 109 110 education in the advantage valley region as one of a dynamic, 111 vital and vibrant community college network which offers: 112 (i) Affordable, quality training and education to students; 113 (ii) Represents a recognized path of choice to success in the knowledge economy for thousands of West Virginians; and 114 115 (iii) Provides West Virginia businesses with the highly 116 skilled workforce necessary to meet their evolving needs in the 117 global knowledge economy. 118 (D) In furtherance of their goals, the Implementation Board 119 Report recommended formation of the advantage valley community college network: 120 121 (i) To enhance economic development through coordinated 122 leadership and a delivery system for education and training 123 initiatives; 124 (ii) To provide accountability through a separate compact 125 and through independent accreditation of each of the affected 126 community and technical colleges; and 127 (iii) To enhance education opportunities for the citizens of 128 the area and assist in overcoming the barrier of accessibility in 129 higher education. 130 (b) Based on the recent research cited above, the Legislature 131 further finds that: 132 (1) The recommendations of the Market Street Report 133 clearly point out the shortcomings of the state's current approach
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to providing post-secondary education and programs and showthe consequences of failing to change appropriately;

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(2) The research, findings, vision and goals set forth in the *McClenney Report* and the *Implementation Board Report* are
noteworthy and, although written, in part, to address specific
institutions, have broad application statewide for community and
technical colleges;

141 (3) The research shows that:

(A) A need exists to enhance community and technical
college education in West Virginia through the delivery of
services that meet the goals of this chapter and that are delivered
pursuant to the process for meeting the essential conditions
established in section three, article three-c of this chapter;

(B) A need exists for statewide leadership, coordination and
support for the work of the community and technical colleges
and for advocacy for the public priorities these institutions are
charged to address;

151 (C) Community and technical colleges need to be efficient,
152 avoiding duplication and the burden of bureaucracy while
153 recognizing fiscal realities;

(D) Community and technical colleges need a high degree of
flexibility and local autonomy to preserve and expand their
ability to respond rapidly and effectively to local or regional
needs;

(E) Community and technical colleges need state-level
support and leadership that recognize differences among regions
of the state and among institutions and accept the reality that
institutions are at different stages in their development and have
different challenges and capabilities;

(F) Clear benchmarks and regular monitoring are required to
assess the progress of community and technical colleges toward
meeting the established goals and for meeting the essential
conditions, including independent accreditation, established in
this chapter;

168 (G) Implementation will necessarily be incremental;

(4) Certain acts to streamline accountability, to make
maximum use of existing assets to meet new demands and target
funding to initiatives designed to enhance and reorient existing
capacity and to provide incentives for brokering and collaboration require that the role of the joint commission for vocational-technical- occupational education be reexamined.

175 (c) Legislative intent. -- The intent of the Legislature in 176 enacting this article is to address the research findings cited 177 above by reconstituting the joint commission for vocational-178 technical-occupational education as the West Virginia council 179 for community and technical college education in order to 180 reorient the mission, role and responsibilities consistent with and 181 supportive of the mission, role and responsibilities of the 182 commission, the goals for post-secondary education and 183 accountability for assisting the public community and technical 184 colleges, branches, centers, regional centers and other delivery 185 sites with a community and technical college mission in achiev-186 ing the state's public policy agenda.

187 (d) *Purpose*. -- The purpose of this article is to provide for 188 the development of a leadership and support mechanism for the 189 community and technical colleges, branches, centers, regional 190 centers and other delivery sites with a community and technical 191 college mission to assist them in meeting the essential conditions 192 and in the step-by-step implementation process for achieving the 193 goals for community and technical college education as provided 194 for in article three-c of this chapter and to promote coordination

195 and collaboration among secondary and post-secondary voca-196 tional- technical-occupational and adult basic education pro-197 grams as provided for in this chapter and chapter eighteen of this 198 code. The focus of this leadership and support mechanism is to 199 encourage development of a statewide mission to raise education 200 attainment, increase adult literacy, promote workforce and economic development and ensure access to secondary and 201 202 post-secondary education for the citizens of the state while 203 maintaining the local autonomy and flexibility necessary to the 204 success of community and technical education.

## §18B-2B-2. Definitions.

The following words when used in this article have the
 meaning hereinafter ascribed to them unless the context clearly
 indicates a different meaning:

4 (a) "Adult basic education" means adult basic skills educa5 tion designed to improve the basic literacy needs of adults,
6 including information processing skills, communication skills
7 and computational skills, leading to a high school equivalency
8 diploma under the jurisdiction of the state board of education.

9 (b)"Post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational 10 education" means any course or program beyond the high school 11 level that results in, or may result in, the awarding of a two-year 12 associate degree, certificate or other credential from an institu-13 tion under the jurisdiction of a governing board or other public 14 or private education provider.

(c) "Secondary vocational-technical-occupational education"
means any course or program at the high school level that results
in, or may result in, a high school diploma or its equivalent
under the jurisdiction of the state board of education.

(d) "Chancellor for community and technical collegeeducation" means the chief executive officer of the West

Virginia council for community and technical college education
employed pursuant to section three, article two-b of this chapter.
Any reference in this code to the vice chancellor for community
and technical college education and workforce development
means the chancellor for community and technical college
education.

27 (e) "West Virginia council for community and technical college education" or "council" means the council established 28 29 pursuant to section three of this article. Any reference in this 30 code the ioint commission for to vocational-technical-occupational education means the West Virginia 31 council for community and technical college education. 32

# §18B-2B-3. West Virginia council for community and technical college education; supervision of chancellor; chief executive officer.

1 (a) There is continued the West Virginia council for commu-2 nity and technical college education. The council has all the 3 powers and duties assigned by law to the joint commission for 4 vocational-technical-occupational education prior to the effec-5 tive date of this section and such other powers and duties as may 6 be assigned by law.

7 (b) The council shall employ a chancellor for community 8 and technical college education. The chancellor serves as chief 9 executive officer of the council at the will and pleasure of the 10 council. The chancellor shall be compensated at a level set by 11 the council not to exceed eighty percent of the annual salary of 12 the chancellor for higher education.

(1) The vice chancellor for community and technical college
education and workforce development, as the current chief
executive officer of the council, shall continue in such capacity
upon the effective date of this section, and shall be the chancellor for community and technical college education.

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(A) The council shall conduct a written performance
evaluation of the chancellor one year after the effective date of
this section. The council shall report the results of the evaluation
to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability during the legislative interim meeting period following
the evaluation.

(B) After reviewing the evaluation, the council shall make a
determination by vote of its members on continuing employment
and compensation level for the chancellor.

(C) After the initial contract period, the council shall conduct written performance evaluations of the chancellor annually and may offer the chancellor a contract of longer term, but not to exceed three years. At the end of each contract period, the council shall review the evaluations and make a determination by vote of its members on continuing employment and level of compensation.

34 (D) When a vacancy occurs in the position of chancellor, the 35 council shall enter into an initial employment contract for one 36 year with the candidate selected to fill the vacancy. At the end 37 of the initial period, the council shall make a determination by 38 vote of its members on continuing employment and compensa-39 tion level for the chancellor and shall continue thereafter as set 40 forth in paragraph (C) of this subdivision.

41 (2) The chancellor maintains all benefits of employment 42 held, accrued and afforded as the vice chancellor for community 43 and technical college education and workforce development. 44 Such benefits include, but are not limited to, retirement benefits, continued membership in the same retirement system, any 45 insurance coverage and sick and annual leave. For the purposes 46 47 of leave conversion established in section thirteen, article sixteen, chapter five of this code, the chancellor is not a new 48 49 employee, and the prohibition on conversion does not apply if

- 50 the chancellor was eligible for leave conversion while serving as
- 51 vice chancellor on the day preceding the effective date of this
- 52 section. On the effective date of this section, for the purpose of
- 53 section thirteen, article sixteen, chapter five of this code, the
- 54 chancellor:

(A) Maintains all sick and annual leave accrued, and all
rights to convert the leave that had been accrued as vice chancellor; and

- 58 (B) Continues to maintain his or her status for eligibility
- 59 under the provisions and application of said section as applied
- 60 while serving as vice chancellor on the day preceding the
- 61 effective date of this section.

# \*§18B-2B-4. Appointment, composition and terms of council.

- (a) The council is comprised of thirteen members selected as
   follows:
- 3 (1) Eight members appointed by the governor, with the 4 advice and consent of the Senate:
- 5 (A) One member shall be appointed from each community 6 and technical college consortia district as established in this 7 section.
- 8 (B) Prior to appointment, the governor shall interview each 9 candidate to assure that the person selected understands and is 10 committed to achieving the goals and objectives as set forth in 11 the institutional compacts and in section one-a, article one of this 12 chapter. The governor shall invite the president of the Senate, 13 the speaker of the House of Delegates, the chairs of the Senate 14 and House of Delegates committees on finance and education and such other legislative leaders as the governor may determine 15

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by S. B. 524 (Chapter 109), which passed prior to this act.

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16 to participate in interviewing potential candidates. Each member 17 appointed to the council by the governor shall represent the

17 appointed to the council by the governor shall represent the 18 public interest and shall be committed to the legislative intent

public interest and shall be committed to the legislative intentand goals set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter.

20 (2) The chairperson of the West Virginia workforce invest-21 ment council;

(3) The executive director of the West Virginia developmentoffice, or designee;

24 (4) The president of the West Virginia AFL-CIO, or a25 designee;

(5) The chair of the higher education policy commission whoserves as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the council; and

(6) The assistant superintendent for technical and adult
education of the state department of education who serves as an
ex officio, nonvoting member of the council;

31 (b) Any appointed member shall be a citizen of the state, 32 shall represent the public interest and shall understand and be 33 committed to achieving the goals and objectives set forth in 34 section one-a, article one of this chapter, the essential conditions set forth in article three-c of this chapter, and the goals for 35 36 secondary and post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education in the state. Any appointed member 37 38 shall represent the interests of the business, labor and employer 39 communities and demonstrate knowledge of the education needs 40 of the various regions, attainment levels and age groups within 41 the state.

42 (c) The governor may not appoint any person to be a
43 member of the council who is an officer, employee or member
44 of an advisory board of any state college or university, the holder
45 of any other public office or public employment under the

46 government of this state or any of its political subdivisions, an 47 appointee or employee of any governing board or an immediate 48 family member of any employee under the jurisdiction of the 49 commission or any governing board. An individual may not 50 serve on the council who is engaged in providing, or employed 51 by a person or company whose primary function is to provide, 52 workforce development services and activities.

53 (d) Members of the council serve for staggered terms of four Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1), 54 years. 55 subsection (a) of this section, on the effective date of this section any current member of the council maintains his or her appoint-56 57 ment to the council and continues to serve for the remainder of 58 the term for which originally appointed. Any additional 59 appointment required by the provisions of said subdivision shall represent a consortia district not otherwise represented on the 60 61 council.

# §18B-2B-5. Meetings and compensation.

(a) The council shall hold at least eight meetings annually
 and may meet more often at the call of the chairperson. One
 such meeting shall be a public forum for the discussion of the
 goals and standards for workforce development, economic
 development and vocational education in the state.

6 (b) The council shall hold an annual meeting each June for the purpose of electing officers for the next fiscal year. At the 7 8 annual meeting, the council shall elect from its appointed members a chairperson and other officers as it may consider 9 10 necessary or desirable. The chairperson and other officers are 11 elected for two-year terms commencing on the first day of July following the annual meeting. The chairperson of the board may 12 serve no more than two consecutive two-year terms as chair, 13 14 except that the member serving as chairperson of the council on the effective date of this section is eligible to serve a two-year 15

16 term regardless of the number of consecutive terms already17 served.

18 (c) Members of the council serve without compensation. 19 Members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary 20 expenses actually incurred in the performance of official duties 21 under this article upon presentation of an itemized sworn 22 statement of their expenses. An ex officio member of the 23 council who is an employee of the state is reimbursed by the 24 employing agency.

(d) A majority of the members appointed constitutes a
quorum for conducting the business of the council. All action
taken by the council shall be by majority vote of the members
present.

## §18B-2B-6. Powers and duties of the council.

1 (a) The council is the sole agency responsible for administra-2 tion of vocational-technical-occupational education and commu-3 nity and technical college education in the state. The council has 4 jurisdiction and authority over the community and technical 5 colleges and the system of community and technical college 6 education as a whole, including community and technical college 7 education programs as defined in section two, article one of this 8 chapter.

9 (b) As relates to the authority established in subsection (a) 10 of this section, the council has the following powers and duties:

(1) Develop, oversee and advance the public policy agenda as it relates to community and technical college education to address major challenges facing the state, including, but not limited to, the goals and objectives found in section one-a, article one of this chapter and including specifically those goals and objectives pertaining to the compacts created pursuant to section two, article one-a of this chapter and to develop and implement

18 the master plan described in section nine of this article for the

19 purpose of accomplishing the mandates of this section;

(2) Jointly with the commission, develop, oversee and
advance the implementation of a financing policy for higher
education in West Virginia. The policy shall meet the following
criteria:

(A) Provide an adequate level of education and general
funding for institutions pursuant to section five, article one-a of
this chapter;

(B) Serve to maintain institutional assets, including, but not
limited to, human and physical resources and deferred maintenance;

30 (C) Invest and provide incentives for achieving the priority
31 goals in the public policy agenda, including, but not limited to,
32 those found in section one-a, article one of this chapter; and

33 (D) Establish for incorporation into the financing policy for
34 higher education in West Virginia a plan for strategic funding to
35 strengthen capacity for support of community and technical
36 college education;

37 (3) Create a policy leadership structure relating to commu-38 nity and technical college education capable of the following39 actions:

40 (A) Developing, building public consensus around and 41 sustaining attention to a long-range public policy agenda. In 42 developing the agenda, the council shall seek input from the 43 Legislature and the governor and specifically from the state 44 board of education and local school districts in order to create 45 the necessary linkages to assure smooth, effective and seamless 46 movement of students through the public education and 47 post-secondary education systems and to ensure that the needs

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(B) Ensuring that the governing boards of the institutions
under the council's jurisdiction carry out their duty effectively
to govern the individual institutions of higher education; and

(C) Holding the community and technical college institutions and the community and technical college system as a whole
accountable for accomplishing their missions and implementing
the provisions of the compacts;

(4) To develop for inclusion in the statewide public agenda,
a plan for raising education attainment, increasing adult literacy,
promoting workforce and economic development and ensuring
access to advanced education for the citizens of West Virginia;

61 (5) To provide statewide leadership, coordination, support, 62 and technical assistance to the community and technical colleges 63 and to provide a focal point for visible and effective advocacy 64 for their work and for the public policy agenda approved by the 65 commission and council. For the institutions under their 66 jurisdiction, this responsibility includes, but is not limited to:

67 (A) Ensuring that the governing boards carry out their duty
68 effectively to govern the individual institutions of higher
69 education; and

(B) Holding the institutions and the system as a whole
accountable for accomplishing their missions and implementing
the provisions of the compacts;

(6) To review and adopt annually all institutional compacts
for the community and technical colleges pursuant to the
provisions of section two, article one-a of this chapter;

76 (7) Serve as the accountability point to:

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(A) The governor for implementation by the community andtechnical colleges of their role in advancing the public policyagenda; and

(B) The Legislature by maintaining a close working relationship with the legislative leadership and the legislative oversight
commission on education accountability;

(8) Jointly with the commission, promulgate a legislative
rule pursuant to article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
code to fulfill the purposes of section five, article one-a of this
chapter;

87 (9) Establish and implement the benchmarks and perfor88 mance indicators necessary to measure institutional achievement
89 towards state policy priorities and institutional missions;

90 (10) Review the progress of community and technical
91 colleges in every region of West Virginia. The review includes,
92 but is not limited to, evaluating and reporting annually to the
93 legislative oversight commission on education accountability on
94 the step-by-step implementation required in article three-c of this
95 chapter;

96 (11) Annually report to the Legislature and to the legislative 97 oversight commission on education accountability during the 98 January interim meetings on a date and at a time and location to 99 be determined by the president of the Senate and the speaker of 100 the House of Delegates. The report shall address at least the 101 following:

(A) The performance of the community and technical
college system during the previous fiscal year, including, but not
limited to, progress in meeting goals stated in the compacts and
progress of the institutions and the system as a whole in meeting
the goals and objectives set forth in section one-a, article one of
this chapter;

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(C) Recommendations of the council for statutory changes
necessary to further the goals and objectives set forth in section
one-a, article one of this chapter;

(12) Establish a formal process for identifying needs for
capital investments and for determining priorities for these
investments. When the needs have been determined, the council
shall take the following steps:

(A) Develop a ranked list of the top ten projects for capitalinvestment for the institutions under its jurisdiction;

(B) Convey the ranked list to the commission for its consid-eration pursuant to section four, article one-b of this chapter;

(13) Draw upon the expertise available within the governor's
workforce investment office and the West Virginia development
office as a resource in the area of workforce development and
training;

126 (14) Acquire legal services as are considered necessary, 127 including representation of the council, its institutions, employees and officers before any court or administrative body, 128 129 notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary. 130 The counsel may be employed either on a salaried basis or on a 131 reasonable fee basis. In addition, the council may, but is not 132 required to, call upon the attorney general for legal assistance 133 and representation as provided by law;

(15) Employ a chancellor for community and technicalcollege education pursuant to section three of this article;

136	(16) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to carry
137	out the duties and responsibilities of the council consistent with
138	the provisions of section two, article four of this chapter;
139	(17) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to carry

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(17) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate to carry
out the duties and responsibilities of the council who are
employed solely by the council;

142 (18) Provide suitable offices in Charleston for the chancellor143 and other staff;

(19) Approve the total compensation package from all
sources for presidents of community and technical colleges, as
proposed by the governing boards. The governing boards must
obtain approval from the council of the total compensation
package both when presidents are employed initially and
subsequently when any change is made in the amount of the total
compensation package;

(20) Establish and implement policies and procedures to ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the requirements for a degree the maximum number of credits earned at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state higher education institution with as few requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional costs as is consistent with sound academic policy;

157 (21) Establish and implement policies and programs, jointly 158 with the community and technical colleges, through which 159 students who have gained knowledge and skills through employ-160 ment, participation in education and training at vocational schools or other education institutions, or internet-based 161 162 education programs, may demonstrate by competency-based 163 assessment that they have the necessary knowledge and skills to 164 be granted academic credit or advanced placement standing 165 toward the requirements of an associate degree or a bachelor's 166 degree at a state institution of higher education;

167 (22) Seek out and attend regional and national meetings and 168 forums on education and workforce development-related topics, as in the council's discretion is critical for the performance of 169 170 their duties as members for the purpose of keeping abreast of 171 community and technical college education trends and policies 172 to aid it in developing the policies for this state to meet the established education goals and objectives pursuant to section 173 174 one-a, article one of this chapter;

(23) Assess community and technical colleges for the
payment of expenses of the council or for the funding of
statewide services, obligations or initiatives related specifically
to the provision of community and technical college education;

(24) Promulgate rules allocating reimbursement of appropriations, if made available by the Legislature, to community and
technical colleges for qualifying noncapital expenditures
incurred in the provision of services to students with physical,
learning or severe sensory disabilities;

(25) Assume the prior authority of the commission in
examining and approving tuition and fee increase proposals
submitted by community and technical college governing boards
as provided in section one, article ten of this chapter.

(26) Consider and submit to the commission, a single budget
for community and technical college education that reflects
recommended appropriations for community and technical
colleges and that:

(A) Considers the progress of each institution toward
meeting the essential conditions set forth in section three, article
three-c of this chapter, including independent accreditation; and

(B) Considers the progress of each institution towardmeeting the goals established in its institutional compact;

(27) Administer and distribute the independently accreditedcommunity and technical college development account;

(28) Establish a plan of strategic funding to strengthencapacity for support of community and technical collegeeducation in all areas of the state;

(29) Foster coordination among all state-level, regional and
local entities providing post-secondary vocational education or
workforce development and coordinate all public institutions and
entities that have a community and technical college mission;

(30) Assume the principal responsibility for overseeing the
implementation of the step-by-step process for achieving
independent accreditation and for meeting the essential conditions pursuant to article three-c of this chapter;

(31) Advise and consent in the appointment of the presidents
of the community and technical colleges pursuant to section six,
article one-b of this chapter. The role of the council in approving a president is to assure through personal interview that the
person selected understands and is committed to achieving the
goals and objectives as set forth in the institutional compact and
in section one-a, article one of this chapter;

(32) Provide a single, statewide link for current and prospec-tive employers whose needs extend beyond one locality;

(33) Provide a mechanism that serves two or more institutions to facilitate joint problem-solving in areas including, but
not limited to:

(A) Defining faculty roles and personnel policies;

(B) Delivering high-cost technical education programsacross the state;

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(C) Providing one-stop service for workforce training to bedelivered by multiple institutions; and

(D) Providing opportunities for resource-sharing andcollaborative ventures;

(34) Provide support and technical assistance to develop,
coordinate, and deliver effective and efficient community and
technical college education programs and services in the state;

(35) Assist the community and technical colleges in establishing and promoting links with business, industry and labor in
the geographic areas for which each of the community and
technical colleges is responsible;

(36) Develop alliances among the community and technical
colleges for resource sharing, joint development of courses and
courseware, and sharing of expertise and staff development;

(37) Serve aggressively as an advocate for development ofa seamless curriculum;

(38) Cooperate with the governor's P-20 council of West
Virginia to remove barriers relating to transfer and articulation
between and among community and technical colleges, state
colleges and universities and public education, preschool
through grade twelve;

246 (39) Encourage the most efficient utilization of available247 resources;

(40) Coordinate with the commission in informing public
school students, their parents and teachers of the academic
preparation that students need in order to be prepared adequately
to succeed in their selected fields of study and career plans,
including presentation of academic career fairs;

(41) Jointly with the commission, approve and implement a 253 254 uniform standard, as developed by the chancellors, to determine 255 which students shall be placed in remedial or developmental 256 courses. The standard shall be aligned with college admission 257 tests and assessment tools used in West Virginia and shall be 258 applied uniformly by the governing boards throughout the public 259 higher education system. The chancellors shall develop a clear, 260 concise explanation of the standard which the governing boards shall communicate to the state board of education and the state 261 262 superintendent of schools;

(42) Develop and implement strategies and curriculum for
providing developmental education which shall be applied by
any state institution of higher education providing developmental
education.

(43) Develop a statewide system of community and technical
college programs and services in every region of West Virginia
for competency-based certification of knowledge and skills,
including a statewide competency-based associate degree
program;

(44) Review and approve all institutional master plans forthe community and technical colleges;

(45) Establish policies or rules for promulgation that are
necessary or expedient for the effective and efficient performance of community and technical colleges in the state;

(46) In its sole discretion, transfer any rule under its jurisdiction, other than a legislative rule, to the jurisdiction of the
governing boards who may rescind, revise, alter or amend any
rule so transferred pursuant to rules adopted by the council;

(47) Establish benchmarks and performance indicators for
community and technical colleges to measure institutional
progress toward meeting the goals as outlined in section one-a,

article one of this chapter and in meeting the essential conditionsestablished in article three-c of this chapter;

(48) Develop for inclusion in the higher education report
card, as defined in section eight, article one-b of this chapter, a
separate section on community and technical colleges. This
section shall include, but is not limited to, evaluation of the
institutions based upon the benchmarks and indicators developed
in subdivision (47) of this subsection;

(49) Facilitate continuation of the advantage valley community college network under the leadership and direction of
Marshall community and technical college;

(50) Initiate and facilitate creation of other regional networks
of affiliated community and technical colleges that the council
finds to be appropriate and in the best interests of the citizens to
be served;

(51) Develop with the state board of education state plans for
secondary and post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational
and adult basic education, including, but not limited to:

302 (A) Policies to strengthen vocational-technical-occupational303 and adult basic education; and

304 (B) Programs and methods to assist in the improvement,
305 modernization and expanded delivery of vocational- techni306 cal-occupational and adult basic education programs;

307 (52) Distribute federal vocational education funding
308 provided under the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical
309 Education Act of 1998, PL 105-332, with an emphasis on
310 distributing financial assistance among secondary and
311 post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic
312 education programs to help meet the public policy agenda.

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313 In distributing funds the council shall use the following 314 guidelines:

315 (A) The board of education shall continue to be the fiscal316 agent for federal vocational education funding;

(B) The percentage split between the board of education and
the council shall be determined by rule promulgated by the
council under the provisions of article three-a, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code. The council shall first obtain the
approval of the board of education before proposing a rule;

322 (53) Collaborate, cooperate and interact with all secondary 323 and post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational and adult 324 basic education programs in the state, including the programs 325 assisted under the federal Carl D. Perkins Vocational and 326 Technical Education Act of 1998, PL 105-332, and the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, to promote the development 327 328 of seamless curriculum and the elimination of duplicative 329 programs;

(54) Coordinate the delivery of vocational- technical-occupational and adult basic education in a manner designed
to make the most effective use of available public funds to
increase accessibility for students;

(55) Analyze and report to the West Virginia board of
education on the distribution of spending for vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education in the
state and on the availability of vocational-technical-occupational
and adult basic education activities and services within the state;

(56) Promote the delivery of vocational-technical-occupational education, adult basic education and community and
technical college education programs in the state which emphasize the involvement of business, industry and labor organizations;

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344 (57) Promote public participation in the provision of
345 vocational-technical-occupational education, adult basic
346 education and community and technical education at the local
347 level, emphasizing programs which involve the participation of
348 local employers and labor organizations;

(58) Promote equal access to quality vocational-technical-occupational education, adult basic education and community and technical college education programs to handicapped
and disadvantaged individuals, adults in need of training and
retraining, single parents, homemakers, participants in programs
designed to eliminate sexual bias and stereotyping and criminal
offenders serving in correctional institutions;

(59) Meet annually between the months of October and
December with the advisory committee of community and
technical college presidents created pursuant to section eight of
this article to discuss those matters relating to community and
technical college education in which advisory committee
members or the council may have an interest;

362 (60) Accept and expend any gift, grant, contribution,
363 bequest, endowment or other money for the purposes of this
364 article;

(61) Assume the powers set out in section five, article three
of this chapter. The rules previously promulgated by the state
college system board of directors pursuant to that section and
transferred to the commission are hereby transferred to the
council and shall continue in effect until rescinded, revised,
altered or amended by the council;

(62) Pursuant to the provisions of article three-a, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code and section six, article one of this
chapter, promulgate rules as necessary or expedient to fulfill the
purposes of this chapter. The council and commission shall
promulgate a uniform joint legislative rule for the purpose of

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376 377	standardizing, as much as possible, the administration of personnel matters among the institutions of higher education;
378 379 380 381	(63) Determine when a joint rule among the governing boards of the community and technical colleges is necessary or required by law and, in those instances and in consultation with the governing boards, promulgate the joint rule;
382 383 384	(64) Promulgate a joint rule with the commission establish- ing tuition and fee policy for all institutions of higher education. The rule shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
385	(A) Comparisons with peer institutions;
386	(B) Differences among institutional missions;
387	(C) Strategies for promoting student access;
388	(D) Consideration of charges to out-of-state students; and
389 390	(E) Such other policies as the commission and council consider appropriate;
391 392 393 394 395 396	(65) In cooperation with the West Virginia division of highways, study a method for increasing the signage signifying community and technical college locations along the state interstate highways, and report to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability regarding any recom- mendations and required costs; and
397 398 399 400 401	(66) Implement a policy jointly with the commission whereby any course credit earned at a community and technical college transfers for program credit at any other state institution of higher education and is not limited to fulfilling a general education requirement.

402 (c) In addition to the powers and duties listed in subsections403 (a) and (b) of this section, the council has the following general

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404 powers and duties related to its role in developing, articulating
405 and overseeing the implementation of the public policy agenda
406 for community and technical colleges:

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407 (1) Planning and policy leadership including a distinct and
408 visible role in setting the state's policy agenda for the delivery
409 of community and technical college education and in serving as
410 an agent of change;

411 (2) Policy analysis and research focused on issues affecting
412 the community and technical college system as a whole or a
413 geographical region thereof;

414 (3) Development and implementation of each community
415 and technical college mission definition including use of
416 incentive funds to influence institutional behavior in ways that
417 are consistent with public priorities;

(4) Academic program review and approval for the institutions under its jurisdiction, including the use of institutional
missions as a template to judge the appropriateness of both new
and existing programs and the authority to implement needed
changes;

423 (5) Development of budget and allocation of resources for
424 institutions delivering community and technical college educa425 tion, including reviewing and approving institutional operating
426 and capital budgets and distributing incentive and perfor427 mance-based funding;

428 (6) Acting as the agent to receive and disburse public funds
429 related to community and technical college education when a
430 governmental entity requires designation of a statewide higher
431 education agency for this purpose;

432 (7) Development, establishment and implementation of433 information, assessment and accountability systems, including

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434 maintenance of statewide data systems that facilitate long-term

- 435 planning and accurate measurement of strategic outcomes and
- 436 performance indicators for community and technical colleges;

(8) Jointly with the commission, development, establishment
and implementation of policies for licensing and oversight of
both public and private degree-granting and nondegree-granting
institutions that provide post-secondary education courses or
programs pursuant to the findings and policy recommendations
to be determined as set forth in section eleven, article one-b of
this chapter;

(9) Development, implementation and oversight of statewide
and regionwide projects and initiatives related specifically to
providing community and technical college education such as
those using funds from federal categorical programs or those
using incentive and performance-based funding from any source;
and

(10) Quality assurance that intersects with all other duties of
the council particularly in the areas of planning, policy analysis,
program review and approval, budgeting and information and
accountability systems.

(d) The council is authorized to withdraw specific powers of
a governing board under its jurisdiction for a period not to
exceed two years if the council makes a determination that:

457 (1) The governing board has failed for two consecutive years
458 to develop an institutional compact as required in article one of
459 this chapter;

460 (2) The council has received information, substantiated by
461 independent audit, of significant mismanagement or failure to
462 carry out the powers and duties of the board of governors
463 according to state law; or

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161	(2) Other sines which	in the minute of the second it

464 (3) Other circumstances which, in the view of the council,
465 severely limit the capacity of the board of governors to carry out
466 its duties and responsibilities.

The period of withdrawal of specific powers may not exceed
two years during which time the council is authorized to take
steps necessary to reestablish the conditions for restoration of
sound, stable and responsible institutional governance.

471 (e) In addition to the powers and duties provided for in
472 subsections (a) and (b), (c) and (d) of this section and any other
473 powers and duties as may be assigned to it by law, the council
474 has:

(1) Such other powers and duties as may be necessary orexpedient to accomplish the purposes of this article; and

477 (2) All powers, duties and responsibilities directly related to
478 community and technical colleges and community and technical
479 college education that were vested in the commission prior to the
480 effective date of this section. -

481 (f) When the council and commission, each, is required to
482 consent, cooperate, collaborate or provide input into the actions
483 of the other:

484 (1) The body acting first shall convey its decision in the485 matter to the other body with a request for concurrence in the486 action;

487 (2) The commission or the council, as the receiving body,
488 shall place the proposal on its agenda and shall take final action
489 within sixty days of the date when the request for concurrence is
490 received; and

491 (3) If the receiving body fails to take final action within sixty

492 days, the original proposal stands and is binding on both the

493 commission and the council.

# §18B-2B-6a. Transfer of funds; council authority to expend funds.

- 1 On the effective date of this section, the unexpended balance
- 2 remaining in the appropriation for the West Virginia council for
- 3 community and technical education is transferred from the
- 4 commission to the authority of the council to be expended by the
- 5 council to carry out the purposes of this article.

# §18B-2B-7. Powers and duties of the chief executive officer.

- 1 The chancellor for community and technical college 2 education is the chief executive officer of the council and as such
- 3 may exercise the powers and duties assigned by the council. The
- 4 chancellor has the following powers and duties:
- 5 (1) To serve as the principal accountability point for the 6 council for implementation of the public policy agenda as it 7 relates to community and technical colleges;
- 8 (2) To assume principal responsibility for directing and 9 assisting the work of the council; and
- (3) To supervise and direct staff of the council as necessary
  and appropriate to carry out the duties and responsibilities of this
  article.
- (A) On the effective date of this section, all personnel
  employed by the commission and under the supervision of the
  vice chancellor for community and technical college education
  and workforce development on the first day of January, two
  thousand four, are transferred to the jurisdiction of the council

and are under the direct supervision of the chancellor forcommunity and technical college education.

(B) Prior to the first day of October, two thousand four, any
such employee, including the chief executive officer of the
council, may not be terminated or have his or her salary or
benefit level reduced as the result of the governance reorganization set forth in this article.

(4) On behalf of the council, the chancellor may enter into
agreements with any state agency or political subdivision of the
state, any state higher education institution or any other person
or entity to enlist staff assistance to implement the powers and
duties assigned to the council by state law.

30 (5) The chancellor is responsible for the day-to-day opera-31 tions of the council and has the following responsibilities:

32 (A) To carry out policy and program directives of the 33 council;

(B) To develop and submit annual reports on the implementation plan to achieve the goals and objectives set forth in section
one-a, article one of this chapter and in the institutional compacts;

38 (C) To prepare and submit to the council for its approval the
39 proposed budget of the council including the office of the
40 chancellor and necessary staff;

(D) To assist the governing boards in developing rules, subject to the provisions of section six, article one of this chapter. Nothing in this chapter requires the rules of the governing boards to be filed pursuant to the rule-making procedures provided in article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The chancellor is responsible for ensuring that any policy which is required to be uniform across the institutions

under the jurisdiction of the council is applied in a uniformmanner; and

50 (E) To perform all other duties and responsibilities assigned51 by the council or by state law.

(6) The chancellor shall be reimbursed for all actual and
necessary expenses incurred in the performance of all assigned
duties and responsibilities.

55 (7) The council is the primary advocate for community and 56 technical college education and, with the chancellor, advises the Legislature on matters of community and technical college 57 58 education in West Virginia. The chancellor shall work closely with the legislative oversight commission on education account-59 ability and with the elected leadership of the state to ensure that 60 61 they are fully informed about community and technical college education issues and that the council fully understands the goals 62 for higher education that the Legislature has established by law. 63

(8) The chancellor may design and develop for consideration
by the council new statewide or regional initiatives directly
related to community and technical college education and in
accordance with the goals set forth in section one-a, article one
of this chapter and the public policy agenda.

69 (9) The chancellor shall work closely with members of the
70 state board of education and with the state superintendent of
71 schools to assure that the following goals are met:

(A) Development and implementation of a seamless kinder-garten-through-college system of education; and

(B) Appropriate coordination of missions and programs. To
further the goals of cooperation and coordination between the
council and the state board of education, the chancellor serves as
an ex officio, nonvoting member of the state board of education.

# §18B-2B-8. State advisory committee of community and technical college presidents.

1 (a) There is continued the state advisory committee of 2 community and technical college presidents. For the purposes 3 of this section, the state advisory committee of community and 4 technical college presidents is referred to as the "advisory 5 committee".

6 (b) Each president of a public community and technical 7 college, as defined in section one, article six of this chapter, is a 8 member of the advisory committee. An administrative head of 9 a component, branch, center, regional center or other delivery 10 site with a community and technical college mission may be a 11 member if considered appropriate.

(c) The chancellor serves as chair of the advisory committee.
The advisory committee shall meet at least once each quarter and
may meet at such other times as called by the chair or by a
majority of the members.

16 (d) The advisory committee shall communicate to the 17 council on matters of importance to the group. It shall meet 18 annually between the months of October and December with the 19 council to discuss those matters relating to community and 20 technical college education in which advisory committee 21 members or the council may have an interest.

(e) The chancellor shall prepare meeting minutes which shallbe made available, upon request, to the public.

## ARTICLE 2C. WEST VIRGINIA COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COL-LEGE.

§18B-2C-3. Authority and duty of council to determine progress of community and technical colleges; conditions; authority to create West Virginia community and technical college.

§18B-2C-4. Authority of council in creating West Virginia community and technical college.

# §18B-2C-3. Authority and duty of council to determine progress of community and technical colleges; conditions; authority to create West Virginia community and technical college.

1 (a) The council annually shall review and analyze all the 2 public community and technical colleges, and any branches, 3 centers, regional centers or other delivery sites with a commu-4 nity and technical college mission, to determine their progress toward meeting the goals and objectives set forth in section 5 6 one-a, article one of this chapter and toward advancing the purposes, goals and objectives set forth in article three-c of this 7 chapter. 8

9 (b) The analysis required in subsection (a) of this section 10 shall be based, in whole or in part, upon the findings made 11 pursuant to the rule establishing benchmarks and indicators 12 required to be promulgated by the council in section six, article 13 two-b of this chapter.

(c) Based upon their analysis in subsections (a) and (b) of
this section, the council shall make a determination whether any
one or more of the following conditions exists:

(1) One or more of the component community and technical
colleges required to do so has not achieved or is not making
sufficient, satisfactory progress toward achieving the essential
conditions, including independent accreditation;

(2) One or more of the public community and technical
colleges, branches, centers, regional centers and other delivery
sites with a community and technical college mission requires
financial assistance or other support to meet the goals and
essential conditions set forth in this chapter;

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(4) It is in the best interests of the people of the state or a
region of the state to have one accredited institution able to
extend accreditation to institutions and entities required to seek
independent accreditation;

33 (5) One or more of the public community and technical 34 colleges, branches, centers, regional centers or other delivery sites with a community and technical college mission requests 35 36 from the council the type of assistance which can best be delivered through implementation of the provisions of section 37 four of this article. Institutional requests that may be considered 38 39 by the council include, but are not limited to, assistance in seeking and/or attaining independent accreditation, in meeting 40 41 the goals for post-secondary education established in section 42 one-a, article one of this chapter, in meeting the essential conditions set forth in section three, article three-c of this 43 44 chapter, or in establishing and implementing regional networks.

(6) One or more public community and technical colleges,
branches, centers, regional centers or other delivery sites with a
community and technical college mission has not met, or is not
making sufficient, satisfactory progress toward meeting, the
goals set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter; and

50 (7) The council determines that it is in the best interests of 51 the people of the state or a region of the state to create a state-52 wide, independently accredited community and technical 53 college.

(d) The council may not make a determination subject to the
provisions of subsection (c) of this section that a condition does
not exist based upon a finding that the higher education entity
lacks sufficient funds to make sufficient, satisfactory progress.

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(e) By the first day of December annually, the council shall
prepare and file with the legislative oversight commission on
education accountability a written report on the findings and
determinations required by this section, together with a detailed

- 62 history of any actions taken by the council under the authority of
- 63 this article.

# §18B-2C-4. Authority of council in creating West Virginia community and technical college.

(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c), section three
 of this article, if the council makes a determination that one or
 more of the conditions exists, then the council is authorized to
 create the West Virginia community and technical college.

5 (b) As soon as practicable after the council determines that 6 the college should be created, the council shall notify the 7 governor, the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Delegates and the legislative oversight commission on 8 9 education accountability of the proposed actions. The council 10 shall conduct a study regarding the procedures, findings and 11 determinations considered necessary prior to any creation of the 12 college and shall report its findings to the legislative oversight 13 commission on education accountability. The council may not 14 create the college prior to the report being received by the legislative oversight commission on education accountability. 15

16 (c) On or before the first day of December of the year in 17 which the college is created, the council shall certify to the 18 legislative oversight commission on education accountability 19 proposed legislation to accomplish the purposes of this article 20 for those matters requiring statutory change.

# ARTICLE 3C. COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM.

- §18B-3C-2. Purposes of article.
- §18B-3C-3. Essential conditions for community and technical college programs and services.

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- §18B-3C-4. Community and technical college consortia planning districts.§18B-3C-5. Appointment of community and technical college presidents.
- §18B-3C-6. Community and technical college programs.
- §18B-3C-8. Process for achieving independently accredited community and technical colleges.
- §18B-3C-9. Increasing flexibility for community and technical colleges.
- §18B-3C-10. Freestanding community and technical colleges; tuition and fees.
- §18B-3C-12. Relationship between administratively linked community and technical colleges and sponsoring institutions.

# §18B-3C-2. Purposes of article.

1 The general purposes of this article are the following: 2 (a) To establish community and technical college education 3 that is well articulated with the public schools and four-year 4 colleges; that makes maximum use of shared facilities, faculty, 5 staff, equipment and other resources; that encourages traditional 6 and nontraditional students and adult learners to pursue a 7 lifetime of learning; that serves as an instrument of economic development; and that has the independence and flexibility to 8 9 respond quickly to changing needs;

10 (b) To charge the respective governing boards with provid-11 ing community and technical college education at state institu-12 tions of higher education under their jurisdiction that has the 13 administrative, programmatic and budgetary control necessary 14 to allow maximum flexibility and responsiveness to district and 15 community needs. Education services shall be provided 16 consistent with the goal of sharing facilities, faculty, staff, 17 equipment and other resources within and among the districts, 18 the other systems of public and higher education and other 19 education and training programs;

(c) To establish the essential conditions for community and
technical college programs and services, as defined in section
three of this article, necessary to ensure that each region of West

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23 Virginia is served by a community and technical college meeting24 the needs of the people of the region;

(d) To establish a mechanism for assuring that, where
applicable, a transition plan for meeting the essential conditions
is developed by each relevant community and technical college;

(e) To establish community and technical college consortia
districts for each of the community and technical colleges to
ensure accountability that the full range of community and
technical college education programs and services is provided in
all areas of the state, including the implementation of seamless
curricula and the West Virginia EDGE, "Earn a Degree Graduate
Early" program;

(f) To define the full range of programs and services that
each community and technical college has the responsibility to
provide; and

(g) To establish such other policies and procedures necessary
to ensure that the needs of West Virginia, its people and its
businesses are met for the programs and services that can be
provided through a comprehensive system of community and
technical colleges.

# §18B-3C-3. Essential conditions for community and technical college programs and services.

The Legislature hereby establishes the following essential
 conditions for community and technical college programs and
 services:

(a) Independent accreditation by the higher learning commission of the north central association of colleges and schools
(NCA), by the first day of July, two thousand five, reflecting
external validation that academic programs, services, faculty,
governance, financing and other policies are aligned with the

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9 community and technical college mission of the institution. An institution meets this requirement if on such date the council 10 11 determines that the institution is on target to meet independent accreditation status. A community and technical college 12 continues to share the accreditation of the sponsoring institution 13 14 until such time as independent accreditation is achieved; 15 (b) A full range of community and technical college services offered as specified in section six of this article; 16 17 (c) Programmatic approval consistent with the provisions of 18 section nine of this article: 19 (d) A fee structure competitive with its peer institutions; 20 (e) Basic services, some of which may be obtained under 21 contract with existing institutions in the region. These basic 22 services shall include, but are not limited to, the following: 23 (1) Student services, including, but not limited to, advising, 24 academic counseling, financial aid and provision of the first line 25 of academic mentoring and mediation; 26 (2) Instructional support services; 27 (3) Access to information and library services; 28 (4) Physical space in which courses can be offered; 29 (5) Access to necessary technology for students, faculty and 30 mentors: 31 (6) Monitoring and assessment; and 32 (7) Administrative services, including, but not limited to, registration, fee collection and bookstore and other services for 33 the distribution of learning materials; 34

35 (f) A president who is the chief executive officer of the community and technical college appointed and serving pursuant 36 to the terms of section six, article one-b of this chapter. The 37 president reports directly to the institutional board of governors. 38 39 It is the responsibility of the board of governors to provide 40 sufficient time at each meeting for the president to discuss issues relevant to the mission of the community and technical college; 41 (g) An institutional board of governors or an institutional 42 43 board of advisors appointed and serving as required by law; 44 (h) A full-time core faculty, complemented by persons 45 engaged through contract or other arrangements, including: 46 (1) College and university faculty, to teach community 47 college courses; and 48 (2) Qualified business, industry and labor persons engaged 49 as adjunct faculty in technical areas; 50 (i) A faculty personnel policy, formally established to be separate and distinct from that of other institutions, which 51 52 includes, but is not limited to, appointment, promotion, workload and, if appropriate, tenure pursuant to section nine of this article. 53 These policies shall be appropriate for the community and 54 technical college mission and may not be linked to the policies 55 of any other institution; 56 57 (i) Community and technical colleges designed and operat-

57 (j) Community and technical colleges designed and operat-58 ing as open-provider centers with the authority and flexibility to 59 draw on the resources of the best and most appropriate provider 60 to ensure that community and technical college services are 61 available and delivered in the region in a highly responsive 62 manner. A community and technical college may contract with 63 other institutions and providers as necessary to obtain the 64 academic programs and resources to complement those available
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through a sponsoring college, where applicable, in order to meetthe region's needs;

(k) Separately identified state funding allocations for each ofthe community and technical colleges.

(1) Full budgetary authority for the president of the institution, subject to accountability to its governing board, including
authority to retain all tuition and fees generated by the community and technical college for use to carry out its mission.

# §18B-3C-4. Community and technical college consortia planning districts.

1 (a) Unless otherwise designated, the president of each 2 community and technical college facilitates the formation of 3 community and technical college consortia in the state, which 4 includes representatives of community and technical colleges, 5 public vocational-technical education centers, and public 6 baccalaureate institutions offering associate degrees. The 7 community and technical college consortium shall:

8 (1) Complete a comprehensive assessment of the district to 9 determine what education and training programs are necessary 10 to meet the short and long-term workforce development needs of 11 the district;

12 (2) Coordinate efforts with regional labor market informa-13 tion systems to identify the ongoing needs of business and 14 industry, both current and projected, and to provide information 15 to assist in an informed program of planning and 16 decisionmaking;

(3) Plan and develop a unified effort between the community
and technical colleges and public vocational-technical education
to meet the documented workforce development needs of the
district through individual and cooperative programs, shared

21 facilities, faculty, staff, equipment and other resources and the

22 development and use of distance learning and other education

23 technologies;

(4) Regularly review and revise curricula to ensure that the
workforce needs are met, develop new programs and phase out
or modify existing programs as appropriate to meet such needs,
streamline procedures for designing and implementing customized training programs;

(5) Increase the integration of secondary and post-secondary
curriculum and programs that are targeted to meet regional labor
market needs, including implementation of seamless curricula
project in all major career pathways and the West Virginia
EDGE, "Earn a Degree Graduate Early" program;

34 (6) Plan and implement integrated professional development
35 activities for secondary and post-secondary faculty, staff and
36 administrators;

37 (7) Ensure that program graduates have attained the compe38 tencies required for successful employment through the involve39 ment of business, industry and labor in establishing student
40 credentialing;

(8) Performance assessment of student knowledge and skills
which may be gained from multiple sources so that students gain
credit toward program completion and advance more rapidly
without repeating course work in which they already possess
competency;

46 (9) Cooperate with workforce investment boards in estab47 lishing one-stop-shop career centers with integrated employment
48 and training and labor market information systems that enable
49 job seekers to assess their skills, identify and secure needed
50 education training and secure employment and employers to
51 locate available workers;

(10) Increase the integration of adult literacy, adult basic
education, federal Work Force Investment Act and community
and technical college programs and services to expedite the
transition of adults from welfare to gainful employment; and

56 (11) Establish a single point of contact for employers and
57 potential employers to access education and training programs
58 throughout the district.

(b) The community and technical college education consortium shall cooperate with the regional workforce investment
board in the district and shall participate in any development or
amendment to the regional workforce investment plan.

63 (c) To carry out the provisions of this section, community
64 and technical college consortia planning districts are established
65 and defined as follows:

66 (1) Northern panhandle community and technical college
67 district includes Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall and Wetzel
68 counties.

69 (A) The facilitating institution is West Virginia northern70 community and technical college.

(B) Participating institutions include West Virginia northern
community and technical college; John Marshall high school;
Cameron high school; John D. Rockefeller center; and other
public vocational technical schools offering post-secondary
programs.

(2) North central West Virginia community and technical
college district includes Monongalia, Marion, Preston, Taylor,
Barbour, Randolph, Doddridge, Harrison, Braxton, Lewis,
Calhoun, Gilmer and Upshur counties.

80 (A) The facilitating institution is Fairmont state community81 and technical college.

(B) Participating institutions include Fairmont state community and technical college; Glenville state college; Randolph
county vocational-technical center; Monongalia county technical
education center; united technical center; Marion county
technical center; Fred W. Eberly technical center; and other
public vocational technical schools offering post-secondary
programs.

89 (3) Mid-Ohio valley community and technical college
90 district includes Tyler, Pleasants, Ritchie, Wood, Wirt, Jackson
91 and Roane counties.

92 (A) The facilitating institution is West Virginia university at93 Parkersburg.

94 (B) Participating institutions includes West Virginia
95 university at Parkersburg; West Virginia northern community
96 and technical college; Roane-Jackson technical center; Gaston
97 Caperton center; Wood County technical center; and other public
98 vocational technical schools offering post-secondary programs.

99 (4) Potomac highlands community and technical college100 district includes Tucker, Pendleton, Grant, Hardy, Mineral and101 Hampshire counties.

102 (A) The facilitating institution is eastern West Virginia103 community and technical college.

(B) Participating institutions include eastern West Virginia
community and technical college; South Branch career and
technical center; Mineral County technical center; and other
public vocational technical schools offering post-secondary
programs.

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(5) Shenandoah valley community and technical collegedistrict includes Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is the community andtechnical college of Shepherd.

(B) Participating institutions include the community and
technical college of Shepherd; James Rumsey technical institute;
and other public vocational technical schools offering
post-secondary programs.

(6) Advantage valley community and technical college
district includes Fayette, Kanawha, Clay, Putnam, Cabell, Mason
and Wayne counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is Marshall community andtechnical college.

122 (B) Every five years the council shall:

(i) Evaluate the progress of the advantage valley consortiatoward achieving the goals and benchmarks of its compact;

(ii) Evaluate the progress of each community and technical
college in the district toward achieving the goals and
benchmarks of its institutional compact;

(iii) Determine which community and technical college in
the district would best serve the needs of the district for the
following five-year period if serving as the facilitating institution; and

(iv) Designate the community and technical college selected
pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph to serve as the
facilitating institution for the following five-year period.

135 (C) Participating institutions include Marshall community136 and technical college; the community and technology college at

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West Virginia university institute of technology; West Virginia
state community and technical college; Carver career center;
Garnet career center; Ben Franklin career center; Putnam County
vocational-technical-occupational center; Cabell County
career-technical center; and other public vocational technical
schools offering post-secondary programs.

143 (7) Southern mountains community and technical college
144 district includes Lincoln, Boone, Logan, Mingo, Wyoming and
145 McDowell counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is southern West Virginiacommunity and technical college.

148 (B) Participating institutions include southern West Virginia 149 community and technical college; New River community and 150 technical college; Boone County career and technical center; 151 Wyoming County vocational-technical center; Ralph R. Willis 152 Career and technical center; McDowell County career and 153 technology center; Mingo County vocation-technical center; Charles Yeager technical center; and other public vocational 154 155 technical schools offering post-secondary programs.

(8) Southeastern community and technical college district
includes Raleigh, Summers, Fayette, Nicholas, Webster,
Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Monroe and Mercer counties.

(A) The facilitating institution is New River community andtechnical college.

(B) Participating institutions include New River community
and technical college; southern West Virginia community and
technical college; the community and technical college at West
Virginia university institute of technology; Bluefield state
college; academy of careers and technology; Fayette plateau
vocation-technology center; Summers County high school;
Monroe County technical center; Mercer County technical

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168 center; and other public vocational technical schools offering169 post-secondary programs.

(d) In the role of the facilitating institution of the communityand technical college district, the college:

172 (1) Communicates to the council;

(2) Facilitates the delivery of comprehensive community and
technical college education in the region, which includes the
seven areas of comprehensive community and technical college
education delivery as required by section six of this article; and

(3) Facilitates development of statement of commitmentsigned by all participating institutions in the region as to howcommunity and technical college education will be delivered.

(e) Participating institutions are not subordinate to the
facilitating institution but will sign the statement of commitment
to participate.

183 (f) The council shall:

184 (1) Establish guidelines for community and technical college185 consortia development;

(2) Set goals for each consortium based upon legislativegoals for the delivery of comprehensive community and techni-cal college education; and

(3) Establish a format for development of a consortium
compact outlining plans for achieving stated goals to be submitted to the council for approval on or before the fifteenth day of
November, two thousand four.

(g) On or before the fifteenth day of November, twothousand four, each consortium shall submit to the council forapproval a compact which outlines plans for obtaining the stated

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196 Each compact shall include the implementation of goals. 197 seamless curricula and the West Virginia EDGE, "Earn a Degree 198 Graduate Early" program, and be updated annually.

199 (h) The council annually shall evaluate the progress made in 200 meeting the compact goals for each community and technical 201 college consortia through the development and collection of 202 performance indicator data.

# §18B-3C-5. Appointment of community and technical college presidents.

1 The administrative head of a community and technical 2 college is the president who is chosen pursuant to the terms of 3 section six, article one-b of this chapter. Any individual 4 employed as provost of an administratively linked community 5 and technical college on the first day of January, two thousand 6 four, continues as the administrative head of the institution and 7 becomes the community and technical college president on the effective date of this section. 8

## §18B-3C-6. Community and technical college programs.

1 (a) The mission of each community and technical college 2 includes the following programs which may be offered on or off 3 campus, at the work site, in the public schools and at other 4 locations and at times that are convenient for the intended 5 population:

6 (1) Career and technical education skill sets, certificates, 7 associate of applied science and selected associate of science 8 degree programs for students seeking immediate employment, individual entrepreneurship skills, occupational development, 9 skill enhancement and career mobility; 10

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(2) Transfer education associate of arts and associate of
 science degree programs for students whose education goal is to
 transfer into a baccalaureate degree program;

(3) Developmental/remedial education courses, literacy
education, tutorials, skills development labs and other services
for students who need to improve their skills in mathematics,
English, reading, study skills, computers and other basic skill
areas;

(4) Workforce training and retraining and contract educationwith business and industry to train or retrain employees;

(5) Continuing development assistance and education credit
and noncredit courses for professional and self-development,
certification and licensure and literacy training;

(6) Community service workshops, lectures, seminars,
clinics, concerts, theatrical performances and other noncredit
activities to meet the cultural, civic and personal interests and
needs of the community; and

(7) Cooperative arrangements with the public school system
for the seamless progression of students through programs of
study which are calculated to begin at the secondary level and
conclude at the community and technical college level.

(b) All administrative, programmatic and budgetary control 32 over community and technical college education within the 33 34 institution is vested in the president, subject to rules adopted by 35 the council. The president with the institutional board of 36 governors or institutional board of advisors, as appropriate, is responsible for the regular review, revision, elimination and 37 38 establishment of programs within the institution to assure that the needs of the community and technical college consortia 39 40 district are met. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 41 program review and approval process for community and

42 technical college education be separate and distinct from43 baccalaureate education and subject to the provisions of section44 nine of this article.

(c) Independently accredited community and technical
colleges shall serve as higher education centers for their regions
by brokering with colleges, universities and other providers, in
state and out of state, to ensure the coordinated access of
students, employers and other clients to needed programs and
services.

# §18B-3C-8. Process for achieving independently accredited community and technical colleges.

(a) By the first day of July, two thousand five, West Virginia
 shall have a statewide network of independently accredited
 community and technical colleges serving every region of the
 state. This section does not apply to the freestanding community
 and technical colleges or West Virginia university at
 Parkersburg.

7 (b) To be eligible for funds appropriated to develop inde8 pendently accredited community and technical colleges, a state
9 institution of higher education shall demonstrate the following:

(1) That it has as a part of its institutional compact approved
by the council a step-by-step plan with measurable benchmarks
for developing an independently accredited community and
technical college that meets the essential conditions set forth in
section three of this article;

(2) That it is able to offer evidence to the satisfaction of the
council that it is making progress toward accomplishing the
benchmarks established in its institutional compact for developing an independently accredited community and technical
college; and

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(3) That it has submitted an expenditure schedule approved
by the council which sets forth a proposed plan of expenditures
for funds allocated to it from the fund.

23 (c) The following are recommended strategies for moving 24 from the current arrangement of "component" community and technical colleges to the legislatively mandated statewide 25 26 network of independently accredited community and technical 27 colleges serving every region of the state. The Legislature 28 recognizes that there may be other means to achieve this ultimate 29 objective; however, it is the intent of the Legislature that the 30 move from the current arrangement of "component" community 31 and technical colleges to the legislatively mandated statewide 32 network of independently accredited community and technical 33 colleges serving every region of the state shall be accomplished. The following recommendations are designed to reflect signifi-34 cant variations among regions and the potential impacts on the 35 36 sponsoring institutions.

# 37 (1) New River community and technical college. --

38 (A) There is continued the multicampus entity known as 39 New River community and technical college, administratively 40 linked to Bluefield state college. New River community and 41 technical college is headquartered in the Beckley higher education center and incorporates the campuses of Greenbrier commu-42 43 nity college center of New River community and technical college and Nicholas community college center of New River 44 45 community and technical college. New River community and technical college shall be an independently accredited commu-46 47 nity and technical college. The council shall appoint an institu-48 tional board of advisors, pursuant to section one, article six of 49 this chapter, for New River community and technical college which is separate from the institutional board of governors of 50 51 Bluefield state college. The board of advisors shall become the

board of governors pursuant to section one, article two-a of thischapter when the institution achieves independent accreditation.

54 (B) Bluefield state college may continue associate degree programs in areas of particular institutional strength which are 55 56 closely articulated to their baccalaureate programs and missions 57 or which are of a high-cost nature and can best be provided 58 through direct coordination with a baccalaureate institution. Any such program shall be delivered under the authority of the 59 60 council and through contract with the community and technical 61 college. The terms of the contract shall be negotiated between 62 the council and the governing board of the sponsoring institution. The final contract is approved by the council. Such a 63 64 program shall be evaluated according to the benchmarks and 65 indicators for community and technical college education 66 developed by the council. If the council determines that the program is making insufficient progress toward accomplishing 67 68 the benchmarks, the program shall thereafter be delivered by the 69 community and technical college.

70 (C) Bluefield state college may continue the associate of science degree in nursing which is an existing nationally 71 72 accredited associate degree program in an area of particular institutional strength and which is closely articulated to the 73 74 baccalaureate program and mission. The program is of a highcost nature and can best be provided through direct administra-75 76 tion by a baccalaureate institution. This program may not be 77 transferred to New River community and technical college or 78 any other community and technical college as long as the 79 program maintains national accreditation and is seamlessly 80 coordinated into the baccalaureate program at the institution.

(D) By the first day of July, two thousand five, New River
community and technical college shall be independently
accredited. The president and the board of governors of
Bluefield state college are responsible for obtaining independent

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accreditation of the community and technical college. If the
multicampus entity known as New River community and
technical college has not obtained independent accreditation by
this date, the council shall choose one of the following options:

(i) Create New River as a freestanding community andtechnical college; or

(ii) Assign the responsibility for obtaining independentaccreditation to another state institution of higher education.

93 (E) The president and the board of governors of Bluefield
94 state college also are accountable to the council for ensuring that
95 the full range of community and technical college services is
96 available throughout the region and that New River community
97 and technical college adheres to the essential conditions pursuant
98 to section three of this article.

(F) As an independently accredited community and technical
college, New River also shall serve as a higher education center
for its region by brokering with other colleges, universities and
other providers, in state and out of state, both public and private,
to ensure the coordinated access of students, employers and
other clients to needed programs and services.

105 (G) New River community and technical college shall 106 participate in the planning and development of a unified effort involving multiple providers to meet the documented education 107 108 and workforce development needs in the region. Nothing in this 109 subdivision prohibits or limits any existing, or the continuation 110 of any existing, affiliation between mountain state university, 111 West Virginia university institute of technology and West 112 Virginia university. The objective is to assure students and employers in the area that there is coordination and efficient use 113 114 of resources among the separate programs and facilities, existing 115 and planned, in the Beckley area.

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116 (2) Fairmont state community and technical college. --Fairmont state community and technical college is an independ-117 118 ently accredited community and technical college. The commu-119 nity and technical college is developed on the base of the component community and technical college of Fairmont state 120 121 college. Subject to the provisions of this section, the president 122 and the governing board of Fairmont state college are responsi-123 ble, according to a plan approved by the council, for step-by-step implementation of the independently accredited community and 124 125 technical college which adheres to the essential conditions 126 pursuant to section three of this article. Subject to the provisions 127 of section twelve of this article, the community and technical 128 college will remain administratively linked to Fairmont state 129 college. Fairmont state college may continue associate degree 130 programs in areas of particular institutional strength which are 131 closely articulated to their baccalaureate programs and missions 132 or which are of a high-cost nature and can best be provided in 133 direct coordination with a baccalaureate institution. Any such program shall be delivered under the authority of the council and 134 135 through contract with the community and technical college. The 136 terms of the contract shall be negotiated between the council and the governing board of the sponsoring institution. The final 137 138 contract is approved by the council. Such a program shall be 139 evaluated according to the benchmarks and indicators for 140 community and technical college education developed by the 141 council. If the council determines that the program is making 142 insufficient progress toward accomplishing the benchmarks, the 143 program shall thereafter be delivered by the community and 144 technical college.

(3) Marshall community and technical college. -- Marshall
community and technical college is an independently accredited
community and technical college. The new community and
technical college is developed on the base of the component
community and technical college of Marshall university. Subject
to the provisions of this section, the president and the governing

151 board of Marshall university are responsible, according to a plan approved by the council, for step-by-step implementation of the 152 153 new independently accredited community and technical college 154 which adheres to the essential conditions pursuant to section 155 three of this article. Subject to the provisions of section twelve 156 of this article, the community and technical college will remain 157 administratively linked to Marshall university. Marshall 158 university may continue associate degree programs in areas of 159 particular institutional strength which are closely articulated to their baccalaureate programs and missions or which are of a 160 161 high-cost nature and can best be provided in direct coordination with a baccalaureate institution. Any such program shall be 162 163 delivered under the authority of the council and through contract 164 with the community and technical college. The terms of the 165 contract shall be negotiated between the council and the govern-166 ing board of the sponsoring institution. The final contract is 167 approved by the council. Such a program shall be evaluated 168 according to the benchmarks and indicators for community and 169 technical college education developed by the council. If the 170 council determines that the program is making insufficient 171 progress toward accomplishing the benchmarks, the program 172 shall thereafter be delivered by the community and technical

173 college.

(4) The community and technical college of Shepherd. -- The 174 175 community and technical college of Shepherd shall become an 176 independently accredited community and technical college. The 177 new community and technical college is developed on the base 178 of the component community and technical college of Shepherd 179 college. Subject to the provisions of this section, the president 180 and the governing board of Shepherd college are responsible, 181 according to a plan approved by the council, for step-by-step implementation of the new independently accredited community 182 183 and technical college which adheres to the essential conditions 184 pursuant to section three of this article. Subject to the provisions of section twelve of this article, the community and technical 185

186 college will remain administratively linked to Shepherd college. 187 Shepherd college may continue associate degree programs in 188 areas of particular institutional strength which are closely 189 articulated to their baccalaureate programs and missions or 190 which are of a high-cost nature and can best be provided in direct 191 coordination with a baccalaureate institution. Any such program 192 shall be delivered under the authority of the council and through 193 contract with the community and technical college. The terms 194 of the contract shall be negotiated between the council and the 195 governing board of the sponsoring institution. The final contract 196 is approved by the council. Such a program shall be evaluated 197 according to the benchmarks and indicators for community and 198 technical college education developed by the council. If the 199 council determines that the program is making insufficient 200 progress toward accomplishing the benchmarks, the program 201 shall thereafter be delivered by the community and technical 202 college.

203 (5) West Virginia state community and technical college. --204 West Virginia state community and technical college shall 205 become an independently accredited community and technical 206 college. The new community and technical college is developed 207 on the base of the component community and technical college 208 of West Virginia state college. Subject to the provisions of this 209 section, the president and the governing board of West Virginia 210 state college are responsible, according to a plan approved by the 211 council, for step-by-step implementation of the new independ-212 ently accredited community and technical college which adheres 213 to the essential conditions pursuant to section three of this 214 article. Subject to the provisions of section twelve of this article, 215 the community and technical college will remain administra-216 tively linked to West Virginia state college. West Virginia state 217 college may continue associate degree programs in areas of 218 particular institutional strength which are closely articulated to 219 their baccalaureate programs and missions or which are of a 220 high-cost nature and can best be provided in direct coordination

221 with a baccalaureate institution. Any such program shall be 222 delivered under the authority of the council and through contract 223 with the community and technical college. The terms of the 224 contract shall be negotiated between the council and the govern-225 ing board of the sponsoring institution. The final contract is 226 approved by the council. Such a program shall be evaluated 227 according to the benchmarks and indicators for community and 228 technical college education developed by the council. If the 229 council determines that the program is making insufficient 230 progress toward accomplishing the benchmarks, the program 231 shall thereafter be delivered by the community and technical 232 college.

233 (6) The community and technical college at West Virginia university institute of technology. -- The community and 234 technical college at West Virginia university institute of technol-235 236 ogy is an independently accredited community and technical 237 college. The new community and technical college is developed 238 on the base of the component community and technical college 239 of West Virginia university institute of technology. Subject to the provisions of this section, the president and the governing 240 241 board of West Virginia university institute of technology are responsible, according to a plan approved by the commission, for 242 243 step-by-step implementation of the new independently accred-244 ited community and technical college which adheres to the 245 essential conditions pursuant to section three of this article. 246 Subject to the provisions of section twelve of this article, the 247 community and technical college will remain administratively linked to West Virginia university institute of technology. West 248 249 Virginia university institute of technology may continue 250 associate degree programs in areas of particular institutional 251 strength which are closely articulated to their baccalaureate 252 programs and missions or which are of a high-cost nature and 253 can best be provided in direct coordination with a baccalaureate 254 institution. Any such program shall be delivered under the 255 authority of the council and through contract with the commu-

256 nity and technical college. The terms of the contract shall be 257 negotiated between the council and the governing board of the 258 sponsoring institution. The final contract is approved by the 259 council. Such a program shall be evaluated according to the 260 benchmarks and indicators for community and technical college 261 education developed by the council. If the council determines 262 that the program is making insufficient progress toward accom-263 plishing the benchmarks, the program shall thereafter be 264 delivered by the community and technical college.

(d) For each administratively linked community and
technical college which fails to achieve independent accreditation by the first day of July, two thousand five, the council shall
choose one of the following options:

(1) Create the administratively linked institution as afreestanding community and technical college; or

(2) Assign the responsibility for obtaining independentaccreditation to another state institution of higher education.

The president and the board of governors of each sponsoring institution is accountable to the council for ensuring that the community and technical college is able to meet the conditions for independent accreditation and adheres to the essential conditions pursuant to section three of this article.

# §18B-3C-9. Increasing flexibility for community and technical colleges.

(a) Notwithstanding any rules or procedures of the governing
 boards to the contrary, the community and technical colleges
 have the authority and the duty to:

4 (1) Incorporate the most effective and efficient use of 5 technology in accessing and delivering courses and programs in

8 (2) Incorporate a model to offer occupational program 9 curricula in smaller modules to accommodate specific student 10 and employer needs and to gain sufficient flexibility in format-11 ting courses;

(3) Serve as a facilitator for education programs fromoutside delivery sources to meet the needs of the residents andemployers of the district; and

(4) Employ faculty in the most effective manner to serve thecore mission of the community and technical college.

17 (A) To that end, the freestanding community and technical colleges may employ faculty for an indefinite period without a 18 grant of tenure and shall work toward a staffing goal of no more 19 than twenty percent of the faculty holding tenure or being 20 Tenured faculty employed by the 21 tenure-track employees. 22 freestanding community and technical colleges before the first 23 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, are not 24 affected by this provision.

25 (B) All community and technical colleges, other than those set forth in paragraph (A) of this subdivision, may employ 26 27 faculty for an indefinite period without a grant of tenure. The immediate goal is to use this provision as a tool to assist the 28 29 community and technical colleges in meeting the essential conditions provided for in section three of this article and in 30 gaining independent accreditation status. The ultimate goal is to 31 32 provide the flexibility community and technical colleges need to 33 meet the needs of the state by working toward having no more than twenty percent of the core faculty holding tenure or being 34 tenure-track employees. Tenured faculty employed by commu-35 nity and technical colleges other than freestanding community 36 and technical colleges on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand, 37

- 38 may not be affected by this provision. Tenure may not be denied
- 39 to a faculty member solely as a result of change in employing
- 40 institution necessitated by the change to independently accred-
- 41 ited community and technical colleges.

(b) The governing boards shall adopt a model of program
approval for the community and technical colleges that permits
occupational programs to be customized to meet needs without
requiring approval by any governing board or other agency of
government. The model shall incorporate a post-audit review of
such programs on a three-year cycle to determine the effectiveness of the programs in meeting district needs.

49 (c) The council shall promulgate rules to implement the
50 provisions of this section and shall file these rules for review and
51 approval with the chancellor no later than the first day of
52 December, two thousand four.

# §18B-3C-10. Freestanding community and technical colleges; tuition and fees.

(a) Each governing board may fix tuition and establish and
 set such other fees to be charged students at its community and
 technical college as it considers appropriate, subject to the
 provisions of this subsection and article ten of this chapter.

5 (1) The governing board, in consultation with the council, also may establish special fees for such purposes as, including, 6 but not limited to, health services, student activities, student 7 8 recreation, athletics or any other extracurricular purposes. The council shall determine which fees, if any, do not apply to the 9 entire student population and to which students such fees do not 10 11 apply. Such special fees may be used only for the purposes for which collected. 12

(2) A community and technical college may contract withany other state institution of higher education for the participa-

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15 tion of its students in programs, activities or services of the other

16 institution and for the use of such fees collected.

(b) All tuition and fee charges in the total aggregate shall
comply with the terms of the institution's compact approved by
the council, based on peer comparisons or cost of instruction as
set forth in the goals for post-secondary education pursuant to
section one-a, article one of this chapter.

# §18B-3C-12. Relationship between administratively linked community and technical colleges and sponsoring institutions.

1 (a) Intent and purposes. --

2 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish community
3 and technical colleges in every region of the state that meet the
4 essential conditions of section three of this article.

5 (2) The Legislature finds that, in order to increase efficiency, reduce costs and, generally, to facilitate the effective transition 6 7 from community and technical colleges which are components 8 of existing institutions of higher education to community and 9 technical colleges which meet the essential conditions, it is 10 appropriate to maintain an administrative link between the 11 community and technical colleges and the sponsoring institu-12 tions.

(3) This section defines the relationship between an administratively linked community and technical college and its
sponsoring institution.

16 (b) Where an independently accredited community and 17 technical college is linked administratively to a sponsoring state 18 college or university in order to ensure efficient use of limited 19 resources, the following conditions apply:

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20 (1) The community and technical college shall be accredited21 separately from the sponsoring institution;

(2) All state funding allocations for the community and
technical college shall be transferred directly to the community
and technical college. The sponsoring institution may charge
fees for administrative overhead costs subject to a schedule
approved by the council.

27 (A) By the first day of December, two thousand four, the 28 council shall develop a new model, or select an existing model, 29 for services to be provided by sponsoring institutions and the 30 fees to be charged administratively linked community and technical colleges for the services. The fee schedule shall be 31 32 based upon the reasonable and customary fee for any service and 33 shall bear a rational relationship to the cost of providing the 34 service. Nothing in this paragraph requires the council to adopt 35 a particular model for service delivery.

36 (B) With the approval of the council, a community and
37 technical college and the sponsoring institution may customize
38 the model to fit their needs;

39 (3) Policies shall be formally established to ensure the
40 separation of academic and faculty personnel policies of the
41 community and technical college from those of the sponsoring
42 institution. These policies include, but are not limited to,
43 appointment, promotion, workload and, if appropriate, tenure;
44 and

(4) The council may authorize a community and technical college to decline any service of the sponsoring institution provided in subsection (c) of this section if the council determines that the service is not appropriate for the community and technical college, or that declining the service is in the best interest of the community and technical college. Any service

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51 52	declined may be obtained from an alternate source with the approval of the council.
53 54 55	linked to a community and technical college shall provide the
56	(1) Personnel management;

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- 57 (2) Recordkeeping;
- 58 (3) Payroll;

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- 59 (4) Accounting;
- 60 (5) Legal services;
- 61 (6) Registration;
- 62 (7) Student aid;
- 63 (8) Student records; and
- 64 (9) Such other services as determined to be necessary and 65 appropriate by the council.
- (d) The institutional governing board shall appoint thepresident of the community and technical college, who serves atthe will and pleasure of the governing board.
- (e) The governing board and the council are responsible for
  the step-by-step development of the community and technical
  college and for compliance with the essential conditions, all as
  required by this article.
- (f) The president of the community and technical college has
  such responsibilities, powers and duties in the development of
  the community and technical college and in compliance with the

respectively respectively and the provision of the provisions of the provisions of this
respectively act.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the
contrary, the commission shall take necessary steps to ensure
that institutional bonded indebtedness is secure and that each
administratively linked community and technical college
assumes its fair share of any institutional debt acquired while it
was part of the baccalaureate institution.

(h) The community and technical college is encouraged to
secure academic services from the sponsoring institution when
it is in the best interests of the students to be served, the community and technical college and the sponsoring institution. In
determining whether or not to secure services from the sponsoring institution, the community and technical college shall
consider the following:

- 92 (1) The cost of the academic services;
- 93 (2) The quality of the academic services;

94 (3) The availability, both as to time and place, of the 95 academic services; and

96 (4) Such other considerations as the community and techni-97 cal college finds appropriate taking into account the best 98 interests of the students to be served, the community and 99 technical college, and the sponsoring institution. Nothing in this 100 article prohibits any state institution of higher education from 101 purchasing or brokering remedial or developmental courses from 102 a community and technical college.

## ARTICLE 4. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

§18B-4-1. Employment of chancellors; designation of staff; offices.

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§18B-4-2. Employment of vice chancellor for administration; office; powers and duties generally.

§18B-4-7. Accreditation of institutions of higher education; standards for degrees.

# §18B-4-1. Employment of chancellors; designation of staff; offices.

- (a) The council and commission each shall employ a
   chancellor to assist in the performance of their respective duties
   and responsibilities subject to the following conditions:
- 4 (1) Each chancellor serves at the will and pleasure of the 5 hiring body.
- 6 (2) Neither chancellor may hold or retain any other adminis7 trative position within the system of higher education while
  8 employed as chancellor.

9 (3) Each chancellor is responsible for carrying out the 10 directives of the body by whom employed and shall work with 11 that body in developing policy options.

(4) The commission shall designate a limited number of
positions that are under the direct control and supervision of the
chancellor for higher education. These positions form the
nuclear staff of the chancellor's office and may equal no more
than fifteen percent of the total number of staff employed by the
commission.

18 Nevertheless, regardless of the number or title of the 19 positions so designated, the commission is responsible to the 20 council and the chancellor for community and technical college education for providing services in areas essential to exercising 21 22 the powers and duties assigned to the council by law. The 23 commission may not charge the council any fee for the provision of these essential services. The service areas include, but are not 24 25 limited to, legal services, research, technology, computing, 26 finance and facilities, academic affairs, telecommunications,

27 human resources, student services and any other general areas

28 the council considers to be essential to the exercise of its legal

29 authority. The services are provided under the general supervi-

30 sion of the vice chancellor for administration.

(5) For the purpose of developing or evaluating policy
options, the chancellors may request the assistance of the
presidents and staff of the institutions under their respective
jurisdictions.

(b) In addition to the staff positions designated in subdivision (4), subsection (a) of this section, the vice chancellor for
administration, employed pursuant to section two of this article,
serves the offices of the chancellors to discharge jointly the
duties and responsibilities of the council and commission.

40 (c) The vice chancellor for health sciences shall coordinate
41 the West Virginia university school of medicine, the Marshall
42 university school of medicine and the West Virginia school of
43 osteopathic medicine.

44 (d) Suitable offices for the vice chancellor of administration45 and other staff shall be provided in Charleston.

# §18B-4-2. Employment of vice chancellor for administration; office; powers and duties generally.

1 (a) By and with the advice and consent of the council, the 2 commission shall employ a vice chancellor for administration

3 who may not be dismissed without the consent of the council:

4 (1) The individual serving as vice chancellor for administra5 tion on the effective date of this section may continue to serve on
6 an interim basis until the commission and the council have
7 agreed, jointly, on a candidate to fill the position;

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(3) The position shall be filled on a permanent basis no laterthan the first day of October, two thousand four; and

(4) Any vacancy occurring in this position shall be filledpursuant to the requirements of this section.

(b) Any reference in this chapter or chapter eighteen-c of this
code to the senior administrator means the vice chancellor for
administration.

(c) The vice chancellor for administration has a ministerial
duty, in consultation with and under direction of the chancellors,
to perform such functions, tasks and duties as may be necessary
to carry out the policy directives of the council and commission
and such other duties as may be prescribed by law.

22 (d) The vice chancellor for administration shall supervise 23 such professional, administrative, clerical and other employees as may be necessary to these duties and shall delineate staff 24 responsibilities as considered desirable and appropriate. It is the 25 responsibility of the vice chancellor for administration, within 26 the parameters of the total resources available, to supervise and 27 28 direct the staff in such a way that the staff and resource needs of 29 the council, the commission and the offices of the chancellors 30 are met.

(e) Any employee of the commission or the council whose
job duties meet criteria listed in the system of job classifications
as stated in article nine of this chapter is accorded the job title,
compensation and rights established in the article as well as all
other rights and privileges accorded classified employees by the
provisions of this code.

37 (f) The office of the vice chancellor for administration and 38 all personnel, except for the chancellor for community and 39 technical college education and staff transferred to the jurisdic-40 tion of the council pursuant to subsection (a), section seven, 41 article two-b of this chapter, who are employed on the first day of January, two thousand four, within the higher education 42 43 central office and the West Virginia network for educational 44 telecomputing remain under the jurisdiction of the commission. 45 Prior to the first day of October, two thousand four, any such employee may not be terminated or have his or her salary and 46 47 benefit levels reduced as the result of the higher education reorganization that occurs on the effective date of this section. 48

49 (g) The vice chancellor for administration shall follow state
50 and national education trends and gather data on higher educa51 tion needs.

52 (h) The vice chancellor for administration, in accordance 53 with established guidelines and in consultation with and under 54 the direction of the chancellors, shall administer, oversee or 55 monitor all state and federal student assistance and support 56 programs administered on the state level, including those 57 provided for in chapter eighteen-c of this code.

(i) The vice chancellor for administration has a fiduciary
responsibility to administer the tuition and registration fee
capital improvement revenue bond accounts of the governing
boards.

(j) The vice chancellor for administration shall administer
the purchasing system or systems of the council and commission, the offices of the chancellors and the governing boards. By
mutual agreement, the commission and the council may delegate
authority for the purchasing systems or portions thereof to the
institution presidents.

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68 (k) The vice chancellor for administration is responsible for 69 the management of the West Virginia network for educational telecomputing (WVNET). The vice chancellor for administra-70 71 tion shall establish a computer advisory board, which shall be 72 representative of higher education and other users of the West 73 Virginia network for educational telecomputing as the commission and council determine appropriate. It is the responsibility 74 75 of the computer advisory board to recommend to the commission 76 and the council policies for a statewide shared computer system.

(1) The central office, under the direction of the vice
chancellor for administration, shall provide necessary staff
support to the commission, the council and offices of the
chancellors.

81 (m) The vice chancellor for administration may administer 82 any program or service authorized or required to be performed 83 by the board of trustees or the board of directors on the thirtieth 84 day of June, two thousand, and not specifically assigned to 85 another agency. In addition, the vice chancellor for administra-86 tion may administer any program or service authorized or required to be performed by the commission, council or chancel-87 lors, but not assigned specifically to the commission, council or 88 89 chancellors. Any such program or service may include, but is 90 not limited to, telecommunications activities and other programs 91 and services provided for under grants and contracts from federal 92 and other external funding sources.

# §18B-4-7. Accreditation of institutions of higher education; standards for degrees.

1 The council shall make rules for the accreditation of 2 community and technical colleges in this state and shall deter-3 mine the minimum standards for conferring degrees. The 4 commission shall make rules for the accreditation of colleges

5 and universities in this state and shall determine the minimum standards for conferring degrees. An institution of higher 6 education may not confer any degree on any basis of work or 7 8 merit below the minimum standards prescribed by the council or commission. Nothing in this section infringes upon the rights, 9 10 including rights to award degrees, granted to any institution by charter given according to law, or by actions of the council or 11 12 commission or their predecessors, prior to the effective date of 13 this section. With the approval of the commission, governing 14 boards of institutions which currently offer substantial under-15 graduate course offerings and a master's degree in a discipline 16 are authorized to grant baccalaureate degrees in that discipline.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, a charter or other instrument containing the right to confer degrees of higher education status may not be granted by the state of West Virginia to any institution, association or organization within the state, nor may any such degree be awarded, until the condition of conferring the degree has first been approved in writing by the council or commission.

#### ARTICLE 5. HIGHER EDUCATION BUDGETS AND EXPENDITURES.

# §18B-5-4. Purchase or acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment, services and printing.

1 (a) The council, commission and each governing board, 2 through the vice chancellor for administration, shall purchase or 3 acquire all materials, supplies, equipment, services and printing • 4 required for that governing board or the council or commission, 5 as appropriate, and the state institutions of higher education 6 under their jurisdiction. The commission and council jointly 7 shall adopt rules governing and controlling acquisitions and 8 purchases in accordance with the provisions of this section. The 9 rules shall assure that the council, commission and governing boards: 10

11 (1) Do not preclude any person from participating and 12 making sales thereof to the governing board or to the council or 13 commission except as otherwise provided in section five of this Provision of consultant services such as strategic 14 article. 15 planning services will not preclude or inhibit the governing 16 boards, council or commission from considering any qualified bid or response for delivery of a product or a commodity because 17 of the rendering of those consultant services; 18

(2) Establish and prescribe specifications, in all proper cases,
for materials, supplies, equipment, services and printing to be
purchased;

(3) Adopt and prescribe such purchase order, requisition orother forms as may be required;

(4) Negotiate for and make purchases and acquisitions in
such quantities, at such times and under contract, in the open
market or through other accepted methods of governmental
purchasing as may be practicable in accordance with general
law;

(5) Advertise for bids on all purchases exceeding twenty-five
thousand dollars, to purchase by means of sealed bids and
competitive bidding or to effect advantageous purchases through
other accepted governmental methods and practices;

(6) Post notices of all acquisitions and purchases for which
competitive bids are being solicited in the purchasing office of
the specified institution involved in the purchase, at least two
weeks prior to making such purchases and ensure that the notice
is available to the public during business hours;

38 (7) Provide for purchasing in the open market;

39 (8) Provide for vendor notification of bid solicitation and40 emergency purchasing;

41 (9) Provide that competitive bids are not required for42 purchases of twenty-five thousand dollars or less; and

43 (10) Provide for not fewer than three bids where bidding is
44 required. If fewer than three bids are submitted, an award may
45 be made from among those received.

(b) The council, commission or each governing board,
through the vice chancellor for administration, may issue a check
in advance to a company supplying postage meters for postage
used by that board, the council or commission and by the state
institutions of higher education under their jurisdiction.

51 (c) When a purchase is to be made by bid, any or all bids may be rejected. However, all purchases based on advertised bid 52 requests shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder taking 53 into consideration the qualities of the articles to be supplied, 54 their conformity with specifications, their suitability to the 55 56 requirements of the governing boards, council or commission and delivery terms. The preference for resident vendors as 57 provided in section thirty-seven, article three, chapter five-a of 58 this code apply to the competitive bids made pursuant to this 59 60 section.

61 (d) The governing boards, council and commission shall 62 maintain a purchase file, which shall be a public record and open for public inspection. After the award of the order or contract, 63 64 the governing boards, council and commission shall indicate upon the successful bid that it was the successful bid and shall 65 further indicate why bids are rejected and, if the mathematical 66 low vendor is not awarded the order or contract, the reason 67 68 therefor. A record in the purchase file may not be destroyed 69 without the written consent of the legislative auditor. Those files

in which the original documentation has been held for at least one year and in which the original documents have been reproduced and archived on microfilm or other equivalent method of duplication may be destroyed without the written consent of the legislative auditor. All files, no matter the storage method, shall be open for inspection by the legislative auditor upon request.

- (e) The commission and council also jointly shall adopt rules
  to prescribe qualifications to be met by any person who is to be
  employed as a buyer pursuant to this section. These rules shall
  require that a person may not be employed as a buyer unless that
  person, at the time of employment, either is:
- 82 (1) A graduate of an accredited college or university; or

(2) Has at least four years' experience in purchasing for any
unit of government or for any business, commercial or industrial
enterprise.

86 (f) Any person making purchases and acquisitions pursuant 87 to this section shall execute a bond in the penalty of fifty 88 thousand dollars, payable to the state of West Virginia, with a 89 corporate bonding or surety company authorized to do business 90 in this state as surety thereon, in form prescribed by the attorney 91 general and conditioned upon the faithful performance of all 92 duties in accordance with this section and sections five through 93 eight, inclusive, of this article and the rules of the governing 94 board and the council and commission. In lieu of separate bonds 95 for such buyers, a blanket surety bond may be obtained. Any such bond shall be filed with the secretary of state. The cost of 96 97 any such bond shall be paid from funds appropriated to the 98 applicable governing board or the council or commission.

(g) All purchases and acquisitions shall be made in consider-ation and within limits of available appropriations and funds and

101 in accordance with applicable provisions of article two, chapter

102 five-a of this code relating to expenditure schedules and quar-

103 terly allotments of funds.

104 (h) The governing boards, council and commission may make requisitions upon the auditor for a sum to be known as an 105 advance allowance account, not to exceed five percent of the 106 107 total of the appropriations for the governing board, council or 108 commission, and the auditor shall draw a warrant upon the treasurer for such accounts. All advance allowance accounts 109 110 shall be accounted for by the applicable governing board or the council or commission once every thirty days or more often if 111 112 required by the state auditor.

113 (i) Contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall be 114 signed by the applicable governing board or the council or commission in the name of the state and shall be approved as to 115 form by the attorney general. A contract which requires 116 approval as to form by the attorney general is considered 117 approved if the attorney general has not responded within fifteen 118 days of presentation of the contract. A contract or a change 119 order for that contract and notwithstanding any other provision 120 of this code to the contrary, associated documents such as 121 122 performance and labor/material payments, bonds and certificates 123 of insurance which use terms and conditions or standardized 124 forms previously approved by the attorney general and do not 125 make substantive changes in the terms and conditions of the 126 contract do not require approval by the attorney general. The 127 attorney general shall make a list of those changes which he or she deems to be substantive and the list, and any changes thereto, 128 129 shall be published in the state register. A contract that exceeds 130 fifteen thousand dollars shall be filed with the state auditor. If 131 requested to do so, the governing boards, council or commission 132 shall make all contracts available for inspection by the state 133 auditor. The governing board, council or commission, as

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appropriate, shall prescribe the amount of deposit or bond to be
submitted with a bid or contract, if any, and the amount of
deposit or bond to be given for the faithful performance of a
contract.

(j) If the governing board, council or commission purchases
or contracts for materials, supplies, equipment, services and
printing contrary to the provisions of sections four through seven
of this article or the rules pursuant thereto, such purchase or
contract is void and of no effect.

143 (k) Any governing board or the council or commission, as 144 appropriate, may request the director of purchases to make available, from time to time, the facilities and services of that 145 146 department to the governing boards, council or commission in 147 the purchase and acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment, 148 services and printing and the director of purchases shall cooper-149 ate with that governing board, council or commission, as 150 appropriate, in all such purchases and acquisitions upon such 151 request.

152 (1) Each governing board or the council or commission, as 153 appropriate, shall permit private institutions of higher education 154 to join as purchasers on purchase contracts for materials, 155 supplies, services and equipment entered into by that governing board or the council or commission. Any private school desiring 156 157 to join as purchasers on such purchase contracts shall file with 158 that governing board or the council or commission an affidavit 159 signed by the president of the institution of higher education or 160 a designee requesting that it be authorized to join as purchaser on 161 purchase contracts of that governing board or the council or 162 commission, as appropriate. The private school shall agree that 163 it is bound by such terms and conditions as that governing board 164 or the council or commission may prescribe and that it will be

165 responsible for payment directly to the vendor under each166 purchase contract.

167 (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the 168 contrary, the governing boards, council and commission, as 169 appropriate, may make purchases from cooperative buying 170 groups, consortia, the federal government or from federal 171 government contracts if the materials, supplies, services, 172 equipment or printing to be purchased is available from cooperative buying groups, consortia, the federal government or from a 173 174 federal contract and purchasing from the cooperative buying 175 groups, consortia, federal government or from a federal govern-176 ment contract would be the most financially advantageous 177 manner of making the purchase.

178 (n) An independent performance audit of all purchasing functions and duties which are performed at any institution of 179 180 higher education shall be performed each fiscal year. The joint 181 committee on government and finance shall conduct the perfor-182 mance audit and the governing boards, council and commission, 183 as appropriate, are responsible for paying the cost of the audit 184 from funds appropriated to the governing boards, council or 185 commission.

(o) The governing boards shall require each institution under
their respective jurisdictions to notify and inform every vendor
doing business with that institution of the provisions of section
fifty-four, article three, chapter five-a of this code, also known
as the "prompt pay act of 1990".

(p) Consultant services, such as strategic planning services,
may not preclude or inhibit the governing boards, council or
commission from considering any qualified bid or response for
delivery of a product or a commodity because of the rendering
of those consultant services.
196 (q) After the commission or council, as appropriate, has 197 granted approval for lease-purchase arrangements by the governing boards, a governing board may enter into 198 199 lease-purchase arrangements for capital improvements, including 200 equipment. Any lease-purchase arrangement so entered shall 201 constitute a special obligation of the state of West Virginia. The 202 obligation under a lease-purchase arrangement so entered may 203 be from any funds legally available to the institution and must be 204 cancelable at the option of the governing board or institution at 205 the end of any fiscal year. The obligation, any assignment or 206 securitization thereof, never constitutes an indebtedness of the 207 state of West Virginia or any department, agency or political 208 subdivision thereof, within the meaning of any constitutional 209 provision or statutory limitation, and may not be a charge against 210the general credit or taxing powers of the state or any political 211 subdivision thereof. Such facts shall be plainly stated in any 212 lease-purchase agreement. Further, the lease-purchase agree-213 ment shall prohibit assignment or securitization without consent 214 of the lessee and the approval of the attorney general of West 215 Virginia. Proposals for any arrangement must be requested in 216accordance with the requirements of this section and any rules or 217 guidelines of the commission and council. In addition, any 218lease-purchase agreement which exceeds one hundred thousand 219 dollars total shall be approved by the attorney general of West 220Virginia. The interest component of any lease-purchase obliga-221 tion is exempt from all taxation of the state of West Virginia, 222 except inheritance, estate and transfer taxes. It is the intent of 223 the Legislature that if the requirements set forth in the Internal 224 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any regulations 225 promulgated pursuant thereto are met, the interest component of 226 any lease-purchase obligation also is exempt from the gross 227 income of the recipient for purposes of federal income taxation 228 and may be designated by the governing board or the president 229 of the institution as a bank-qualified obligation.

(r) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the
contrary, the commission, council and governing boards have the
authority, in the name of the state, to lease, or offer to lease, as
lessee, any grounds, buildings, office or other space in accordance with this paragraph and as provided below:

- (1) The commission, council and governing boards have sole
  authority to select and to acquire by contract or lease all grounds,
  buildings, office space or other space, the rental of which is
  necessarily required by the commission, council or governing
  boards for the institutions under their jurisdiction. The chief
  executive officer of the commission, council or an institution
  shall certify the following:
- (A) That the grounds, buildings, office space or other spacerequested is necessarily required for the proper function of thecommission, council or institution;
- (B) That the commission, council or institution will be
  responsible for all rent and other necessary payments in connection with the contract or lease; and
- (C) That satisfactory grounds, buildings, office space or
  other space is not available on grounds and in buildings currently
  owned or leased by the commission, council or the institution.
- Before executing any rental contract or lease, the commission, council or a governing board shall determine the fair rental value for the rental of the requested grounds, buildings, office space or other space, in the condition in which they exist, and shall contract for or lease the premises at a price not to exceed the fair rental value.
- (2) The commission, council and governing boards areauthorized to enter into long-term agreements for buildings, landand space for periods longer than one fiscal year but not to

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260 exceed forty years. Any purchase of real estate, any 261 lease-purchase agreement and any construction of new buildings 262 or other acquisition of buildings, office space or grounds resulting therefrom, pursuant to the provisions of this subsection 263 shall be presented by the policy commission or council, as 264 265 appropriate, to the joint committee on government and finance for prior review. Any such lease shall contain, in substance, all 266 267 the following provisions:

(A) That the commission, council or governing board, as
lessee, has the right to cancel the lease without further obligation
on the part of the lessee upon giving thirty days' written notice
to the lessor at least thirty days prior to the last day of the
succeeding month;

(B) That the lease is considered canceled without further
obligation on the part of the lessee if the Legislature or the
federal government fails to appropriate sufficient funds therefor
or otherwise acts to impair the lease or cause it to be canceled;
and

(C) That the lease is considered renewed for each ensuing
fiscal year during the term of the lease unless it is canceled by
the commission, council or governing board before the end of
the then-current fiscal year.

282 (3) The commission, council or institution which is granted 283 any grounds, buildings, office space or other space leased in 284 accordance with this section may not order or make permanent 285 changes of any type thereto, unless the commission, council or 286 governing board, as appropriate, has first determined that the 287 change is necessary for the proper, efficient and economically 288 sound operation of the institution. For purposes of this section, 289 a "permanent change" means any addition, alteration, improve-290 ment, remodeling, repair or other change involving the expendi-

291 ture of state funds for the installation of any tangible thing which

- 292 cannot be economically removed from the grounds, buildings,
- 293 office space or other space when vacated by the institution.

294 (4) Leases and other instruments for grounds, buildings, 295 office or other space, once approved by the commission, council 296 or governing board, may be signed by the chief executive officer of the commission, council or institution. Any lease or instru-297 298 ment exceeding one hundred thousand dollars annually shall be 299 approved as to form by the attorney general. A lease or other 300 instrument for grounds, buildings, office or other space that 301 contains a term, including any options, of more than six months for its fulfillment shall be filed with the state auditor. 302

303 (5) The commission and council jointly may promulgate
304 rules they consider necessary to carry out the provisions of this
305 section.

## ARTICLE 6. ADVISORY COUNCILS AND BOARDS.

- §18B-6-1. Institutional boards of advisors for regional campuses and certain administratively linked community and technical colleges.
- §18B-6-1a. Definitions.
- §18B-6-2. State advisory council of faculty.
- §18B-6-3. Institutional faculty senate.
- §18B-6-4. State advisory council of students.
- §18B-6-5. State advisory councils of classified employees.
- §18B-6-6. Institutional classified employee council.

# §18B-6-1. Institutional boards of advisors for regional campuses and certain administratively linked community and technical colleges.

- 1 (a) There is hereby continued or established institutional 2 boards of advisors as follows:
- 3 (1) For each regional campus. The chairperson of the board
  4 of advisors of West Virginia university at Parkersburg serves as

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5 an ex officio, voting member of the governing board of West6 Virginia university;

7 (2) For administratively linked community and technical colleges which share a physical location with the sponsoring 8 institution. This category includes Fairmont state community 9 and technical college, Marshall community and technical 10 college, West Virginia state community and technical college 11 and the community and technical college at West Virginia 12 university institute of technology. The chairperson of the board 13 14 of advisors of each administratively linked community and 15 technical college serves as an ex officio, voting member of the 16 sponsoring institution's board of governors or, in the case of the community and technical college at West Virginia university 17 institute of technology, the chairperson of the board of advisors 18 19 serves as an ex officio voting member of the governing board of West Virginia university; 20

21 (3) For New River community and technical college and the community and technical college of Shepherd, until these 22 institutions achieve independent accreditation. As long as New 23 24 River community and technical college or the community and 25 technical college of Shepherd retains a board of advisors and 26 remains administratively linked to the baccalaureate institution, 27 the chairperson of that board of advisors serves as an ex officio, 28 voting member of the governing board of Bluefield state college 29 or Shepherd college, respectively.

30 (b) The lay members of the institutional boards of advisors
31 for the regional campuses are appointed by the board of gover32 nors.

33 (c) The lay members of the institutional boards of advisors34 established for the administratively linked community and

technical colleges are appointed by the West Virginia council forcommunity and technical college education.

37 (d) The board of advisors consists of fifteen members, 38 including a full-time member of the faculty with the rank of 39 instructor or above duly elected by the faculty of the respective institution; a member of the student body in good academic 40 41 standing, enrolled for college credit work and duly elected by the student body of the respective institution; a member from the 42 institutional classified employees duly elected by the classified 43 employees of the respective institution; and twelve lay persons 44 appointed pursuant to this section who have demonstrated a 45 sincere interest in and concern for the welfare of that institution 46 47 and who are representative of the population of its responsibility district and fields of study. At least eight of the twelve lay 48 49 persons appointed shall be residents of the state. Of the lay members who are residents of the state, at least two shall be 50 51 alumni of the respective institution and no more than a simple 52 majority may be of the same political party.

53 (e) The student member serves for a term of one year beginning upon appointment in July, two thousand four, and 54 55 ending on the thirtieth day of April, two thousand five. Thereafter the term shall begin on the first day of May. The member 56 from the faculty and the classified employees, respectively, 57 serves for a term of two years beginning upon appointment in 58 July, two thousand four, and ending on the thirtieth day of April, 59 two thousand five. Thereafter the term shall begin on the first 60 day of May; and the twelve lay members serve terms of four 61 62 years each beginning upon appointment in July, two thousand four. Thereafter, the term shall begin on the first day of May. 63 All members are eligible to succeed themselves for no more than 64 one additional term. A vacancy in an unexpired term of a 65 member shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term 66 67 within thirty days of the occurrence thereof in the same manner as the original appointment or election. Except in the case of avacancy:

(1) Commencing in two thousand five, all elections shall be
held and all appointments shall be made no later than the
thirtieth day of April preceding the commencement of the term;
and

74 (2) Terms of members begin on the first day of May75 following election, except for two thousand four only, terms76 begin upon appointment in July.

(f) Each board of advisors shall hold a regular meeting at
least quarterly, commencing in May of each year. Additional
meetings may be held upon the call of the chairperson, president
of the institution or upon the written request of at least five
members. A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for
conducting the business of the board of advisors.

(g) One of the twelve lay members shall be elected as
chairperson by the board of advisors in May of each year, except
that the chairperson elected in two thousand four shall be elected
in July. No member may serve as chairperson for more than two
consecutive years.

88 (h) The president of the institution shall make available 89 resources of the institution for conducting the business of the 90 board of advisors. The members of the board of advisors shall 91 be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 92 incurred in the performance of their official duties under this section upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement 93 thereof. All expenses incurred by the boards of advisors and the 94 95 institutions under this section shall be paid from funds allocated 96 to the institutions for that purpose.

97 (i) Prior to the submission by the president to its governing 98 board, the board of advisors shall review all proposals of the 99 institution in the areas of mission, academic programs, budget, 100 capital facilities and such other matters as requested by the 101 president of the institution or its governing board or otherwise 102 assigned to it by law. The board of advisors shall comment on each such proposal in writing, with such recommendations for 103 104 concurrence therein or revision or rejection thereof as it consid-105 ers proper. The written comments and recommendations shall 106 accompany the proposal to the governing board and the govern-107 ing board shall include the comments and recommendations in 108 its consideration of and action on the proposal. The governing 109 board shall promptly acknowledge receipt of the comments and 110 recommendations and shall notify the board of advisors in 111 writing of any action taken thereon.

(j) Prior to their implementation by the president, the board
of advisors shall review all proposals regarding institution-wide
personnel policies. The board of advisors may comment on the
proposals in writing.

(k) The board of advisors shall provide advice and assistance
to the president and the governing board in areas including, but
not limited to, the following:

(1) Establishing closer connections between higher education and business, labor, government and community and
economic development organizations to give students greater
opportunities to experience the world of work. Examples of
such experiences include business and community service
internships, apprenticeships and cooperative programs;

(2) Communicating better and serving the current workforce
and workforce development needs of their service area, including the needs of nontraditional students for college-level skills

128 upgrading and retraining and the needs of employers for specific

129 programs of limited duration; and

(3) Assessing the performance of the institution's graduatesand assisting in job placement.

132 (1) When a vacancy occurs in the office of president of the 133 institution, the board of advisors shall serve as a search and 134 screening committee for candidates to fill the vacancy under 135 guidelines established by the council. When serving as a search 136 and screening committee, the board of advisors and its governing 137 board are each authorized to appoint up to three additional 138 persons to serve on the committee as long as the search and 139 screening process is in effect. The three additional appointees of 140 the board of advisors shall be faculty members of the institution. 141 For the purposes of the search and screening process only, the 142 additional members shall possess the same powers and rights as 143 the regular members of the board of advisors, including reim-144 bursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 145 incurred. Following the search and screening process, the 146 committee shall submit the names of at least three candidates to 147 the council, or to the governing board in the case of West 148 Virginia university institute of technology, for consideration. If 149 the council or governing board rejects all candidates submitted. 150 the committee shall submit the names of at least three additional 151 candidates and this process shall be repeated until the council or 152 governing board approves one of the candidates submitted. In 153 all cases, the governing board shall make the appointment with 154 the approval of the council or the commission in the case of 155 West Virginia university institute of technology. The governing 156 board or the council shall provide all necessary staff assistance 157 to the board of advisors in its role as a search and screening 158 committee.

159 (m) The boards of advisors shall develop a master plan for 160 those administratively linked community and technical colleges which retain boards of advisors. The ultimate responsibility for 161 162 developing and updating the master plans at the institutional 163 level resides with the institutional board of advisors, but the 164 ultimate responsibility for approving the final version of these 165 institutional master plans, including periodic updates, resides 166 with the council. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, 167 the following:

(1) A detailed demonstration of how the master plan will be
used to meet the goals and objectives of the institutional
compact;

(2) A well-developed set of goals outlining missions, degree
offerings, resource requirements, physical plant needs, personnel
needs, enrollment levels and other planning determinates and
projections necessary in such a plan to assure that the needs of
the institution's area of responsibility for a quality system of
higher education are addressed;

(3) Documentation of the involvement of the commission,
institutional constituency groups, clientele of the institution and
the general public in the development of all segments of the
institutional master plan.

181 The plan shall be established for periods of not less than 182 three nor more than six years and shall be revised periodically as 183 necessary, including recommendations on the addition or 184 deletion of degree programs as, in the discretion of the board of 185 advisors, may be necessary.

## §18B-6-1a. Definitions.

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For the purposes of this article, the following words have the
 meanings specified unless the context clearly indicates a
 different meaning:

4 (a) "Advisory council of classified employees" or "classified 5 council" means the state advisory organization of classified 6 employees created pursuant to section five of this article.

7 (b) "Advisory council of faculty" or "faculty council" means
8 the state advisory organization of faculty created pursuant to
9 section two of this article.

(c) "Advisory council of students" or "student advisory
council" means the state advisory organization of students
created pursuant to section four of this article.

(d) "Classified employee", in the singular or plural, means
any regular full-time or regular part-time employee of a governing board, the commission, the council or the West Virginia
network for educational telecomputing who holds a position that
is assigned a particular job title and pay grade in accordance with
the personnel classification system established by law.

19 (e) "Community and technical college" means eastern West Virginia community and technical college, Fairmont state 20 community and technical college, Marshall community and 21 technical college, New River community and technical college, 22 West Virginia northern community and technical college, the 23 community and technical college of Shepherd, southern West 24 Virginia community and technical college, West Virginia state 25 community and technical college, the community and technical 26 college at West Virginia university institute of technology, West 27 28 Virginia university at Parkersburg and any other community and technical college so designated by the Legislature. 29

30 (f) "Council" means the West Virginia council for commu-

31 nity and technical college education created pursuant to section

32 three, article two-b of this chapter.

(g) "Institutional classified employee council" or "staff
council" means the advisory group of classified employees
formed at a state institution of higher education pursuant to
section six of this article.

37 (h) "Institutional faculty senate", "faculty senate" or "faculty
38 assembly" means the advisory group of faculty formed at a state
39 institution of higher education pursuant to section three of this
40 article.

41 (i) "State institution of higher education", in the singular or 42 plural, means the institutions as defined in section two, article 43 one of this chapter and, additionally, Fairmont state community 44 and technical college, Marshall community and technical 45 college, New River community and technical college, Potomac 46 state college of West Virginia university, Robert C. Byrd health 47 sciences Charleston division of West Virginia university, the 48 community and technical college of Shepherd, West Virginia 49 state community and technical college, West Virginia university 50 at Parkersburg, West Virginia university institute of technology, 51 the community and technical college at West Virginia university 52 institute of technology, the higher education policy commission, 53 the West Virginia council for community and technical college 54 education, the West Virginia network for educational 55 telecomputing and any other institution so designated by the 56 Legislature.

# §18B-6-2. State advisory council of faculty.

- 1 (a) There is continued the state advisory council of faculty.
- 2 (b) Election of members and terms of office. --

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(1) During the month of April of each odd-numbered year,
each president of a state institution of higher education, at the
direction of the faculty council and in accordance with procedures established by the faculty council, shall convene a meeting
or otherwise institute a balloting process to elect one faculty
member from each institution of higher education to serve on the
faculty council.

(2) Terms of the members are for two years and begin on the
first day of July of each odd-numbered year. Members are
eligible to succeed themselves.

13 (3) For the year two thousand four only, each president of an 14 administratively linked community and technical college shall consult with the faculty council during the month of July to 15 establish procedures and convene a meeting or otherwise 16 institute a balloting process to elect one faculty member from 17 that institution to serve on the faculty council. Members so 18 19 elected shall take office upon election and serve until the next 20 regularly scheduled election held pursuant to this section; thereafter, faculty members elected to represent administratively 21 22 linked community and technical colleges serve a regular 23 two-year term.

24 (c) The faculty council shall meet at least once each quarter 25 and may meet at such other times as called by the chairperson or 26 by a majority of its members. One of the quarterly meetings 27 shall be during the month of July, at which meeting the faculty 28 council shall elect a chairperson from among its members. The 29 chairperson may serve no more than two consecutive terms as chair. A member may not vote by proxy at the election. In the 30 31 event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member 32 authorized by the faculty council shall select the chairperson by 33 lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairperson, and in the manner prescribed by 34

35 this section for the election of a chairperson, the faculty council

36 shall elect a member to preside over meetings in the absence of

37 the chairperson. If the chairperson vacates the position, the

38 faculty council shall meet and elect a new chairperson to fill the

39 unexpired term within thirty days following the vacancy.

(d) The faculty council, through its chairperson and in any
appropriate manner, shall communicate to the commission or the
council, as appropriate, matters of higher education in which the
faculty members have an interest.

(e) The commission and council each shall meet annually
between the months of October and December with the faculty
council to discuss matters of higher education in which the
faculty members or the commission or council may have an
interest.

(f) Members of the faculty council serve without compensation. Members are entitled to reimbursement for actual and
necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the
performance of their official duties. Expenses are paid from
funds allocated to the state institution of higher education which
the member serves.

55 (g) The faculty council shall prepare minutes of its meetings,

56 which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any faculty

57 member of a state institution of higher education represented on

58 the faculty council.

# §18B-6-3. Institutional faculty senate.

1 (a) Effective the first day of July, two thousand four, a 2 faculty senate is established at each institution of higher educa-3 tion, except for those institutions which choose to establish a 4 faculty assembly. In the latter case, all faculty participate in the

5 faculty assembly and the requirements of subsections (b) and (c)

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6 of this section do not apply. Members and officers of an
7 organized, campus-level advisory group of faculty who are
8 serving prior to the effective date of this section may continue to
9 serve with all the rights, privileges and responsibilities pre10 scribed herein until the time that members elected as set forth in
11 subsection (b) of this section assume office.

12 (b) Members of each faculty senate are elected as follows:

(1) During the month of April of each even-numbered year,
each president of a state institution of higher education, at the
direction of the faculty and in accordance with procedures
established by the faculty, shall convene a meeting or otherwise
institute a balloting process to elect the members of the faculty
senates, except that for two thousand four only, the election shall
take place in July.

20 (2) Selection procedures shall provide for appropriate21 representation of all academic units within the institution.

(3) The faculty member who is elected to serve on the
faculty council is an ex officio, voting member of the faculty
senate and reports to the faculty senate on meetings of the
faculty council and the board of governors.

(c) Members serve a term of two years, which term begins
on the first day of July of each even-numbered year, except for
the year two thousand four when terms begin upon election.
Members of the faculty senate are eligible to succeed themselves.

31 (d) Each faculty senate shall elect a chairperson from among
32 its members. The chairperson serves a term of two years, and
33 may serve no more than two consecutive terms as chairperson.

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(e) The faculty senate meets quarterly and may meet at such
other times as called by the chairperson or by a majority of the
members. With appropriate notification to the president of the
institution, the chairperson may convene a faculty senate
meeting for the purpose of sharing information and discussing
issues affecting faculty and the effective and efficient management of the institution.

(f) The president of the institution shall meet at least
quarterly with the faculty senate to discuss matters affecting
faculty and the effective and efficient management of the
institution.

(g) The governing board of the institution shall meet at least
annually with the faculty senate to discuss matters affecting
faculty and the effective and efficient management of the
institution.

## §18B-6-4. State advisory council of students.

1 (a) There is continued the state advisory council of students.

2 (b) During the month of April of each year, each student 3 government organization at each institution of higher education 4 shall elect a student to serve on the student advisory council. Terms of the members of the student advisory council are for 5 one year and begin on the first day of September of each year. 6 7 A duly elected member currently serving on the advisory council of students may continue to serve until a new member from that 8 9 institution is elected pursuant to the provisions of this section. Members of the student advisory council are eligible to succeed 10 11 themselves.

(c) The student advisory council shall meet at least once
each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the
month of September, at which meeting the student advisory

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15 council shall elect a chairperson. A member may not vote by 16 proxy at the election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken 17 for the election, a member authorized by the student advisory 18 council shall select the chairperson by lot from the names of 19 those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a 20 chairperson, the student advisory council shall elect, in the 21 manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairper-22 son, a member of the council to preside over meetings in the 23 absence of the chairperson. If the chairperson vacates the position, the student advisory council shall meet and elect a new 24 25 chairperson to fill the unexpired term within thirty days follow-26 ing the vacancy.

(d) The student advisory council, through its chairperson and
in any appropriate manner, shall communicate to the commission
or the council, as appropriate, matters of higher education in
which the student members have an interest.

(e) At the request of the chairperson of the student advisory
council, the commission and council each shall meet annually,
between the months of October and December, with the student
advisory council to discuss matters of higher education in which
the student members or the commission or council have an
interest.

(f) Members of the student advisory council serve without
compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for actual and
necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the
performance of their official duties. Expenses are paid from
funds allocated to the state institution of higher education in
which the student is enrolled.

43 (g) The student advisory council shall prepare minutes of its44 meetings. The minutes shall be available, upon request, to any

45 student of a state institution of higher education represented on46 the council.

# §18B-6-5. State advisory councils of classified employees.

(a) There is hereby continued the state advisory council of
 classified employees.

3 (b) *Election of members and terms of office.* --

4 (1) During the month of April of each odd-numbered year, 5 each president of a state institution of higher education, at the 6 direction of the classified council and in accordance with 7 procedures established by the classified council, shall convene 8 a meeting or otherwise institute a balloting process to elect one 9 classified employee from each institution of higher education to 10 serve on the classified council.

(2) Terms of the members are for two years and begin on the
first day of July of each odd-numbered year. Members are
eligible to succeed themselves.

14 (3) For the year two thousand four only, each president of an administratively linked community and technical college shall 15 consult with the classified council during the month of July to 16 establish procedures and convene a meeting or otherwise 17 institute a balloting process to elect one classified employee 18 from that institution to serve on the classified council. Members 19 20 so elected take office upon election and serve until the next 21 regularly scheduled election held pursuant to this section; 22 thereafter, classified employees elected to represent administra-23 tively linked community and technical colleges serve a regular 24 two-year term.

(c) The classified council shall meet at least once eachquarter and may meet at such other times as called by the

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27 chairperson or by a majority of its members. One of the 28 quarterly meetings shall be during the month of July, at which 29 meeting the classified council shall elect a chairperson from 30 among its members. The chairperson may serve no more than 31 two consecutive terms as chairperson. A member may not vote 32 by proxy at the election. In the event of a tie in the last vote 33 taken for the election, a member authorized by the classified council shall select the chairperson by lot from the names of 34 35 those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairperson, the classified council shall elect, in the manner 36 37 prescribed by this section for the election of a chairperson, a 38 member of the classified council to preside over meetings in the 39 absence of the chairperson. If the chairperson vacates the position, the classified council shall meet and elect a new 40 41 chairperson to fill the unexpired term within thirty days following the vacancy. 42

(d) The classified council, through its chairperson and in any
appropriate manner, shall communicate to the commission or the
council, as appropriate, matters of higher education in which the
classified employees have an interest.

(e) The commission and council each shall meet annually,
between the months of October and December, with the classified council to discuss matters of higher education in which the
classified employees or the commission or council have an
interest.

(f) Members of the classified council serve without compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary
expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the performance
of their official duties. Expenses are paid from funds allocated
to the state institution of higher education which the member
serves.

(g) The classified council shall prepare minutes of its
meetings. The minutes shall be available, upon request, to any
classified employee of a state institution of higher education
represented on the classified council.

# §18B-6-6. Institutional classified employee council.

(a) There is continued at each institution of higher education
 an institutional classified employee advisory council to be
 known as the staff council.

4 (b) During the month of April of each odd-numbered year, 5 each president of a state institution of higher education, at the 6 direction of the staff council and in accordance with procedures 7 established by the staff council, shall convene a meeting or 8 otherwise institute a balloting process to elect members of the 9 staff council, except that for two thousand four only, the election 10 shall take place in July. Members are elected as follows:

11 (1) Two classified employees from the administra-12 tive/managerial sector;

13 (2) Two classified employees from the profes-14 sional/nonteaching sector;

15 (3) Two classified employees from the paraprofessional16 sector;

17 (4) Two classified employees from the secretarial/clerical18 sector;

19 (5) Two classified employees from the physical20 plant/maintenance sector;

(6) The classified employee who is elected to serve on theadvisory council of classified employees serves as an ex officio,

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24 the staff council on meetings of the classified council and the

25 board of governors; and

(7) Classified employees at Marshall university and West
Virginia university may elect five classified employees from
each of the five sectors to serve on the staff council.

(c) Members serve a term of two years, which term begins
on the first day of July of each odd-numbered year. Members of
the staff council are eligible to succeed themselves.

(d) Classified employees shall select one of their members
to serve as chairperson. All classified employees at the institution are eligible to vote for the chairperson by any method
approved by a majority of their members. The chairperson is
eligible to succeed himself or herself.

(e) The staff council shall meet at least monthly or at the call
of the chairperson. With appropriate notification to the president
of the institution, the chairperson may convene staff council
meetings for the purpose of sharing information and discussing
issues affecting the classified employees or the efficient and
effective operations of the institution.

43 (f) The president of the institution shall meet at least44 quarterly with the staff council to discuss matters affecting45 classified employees.

46 (g) The governing board of the institution shall meet at least
47 annually with the staff council to discuss matters affecting
48 classified employees and the effective and efficient management
49 of the institution.

## ARTICLE 7. PERSONNEL GENERALLY.

- §18B-7-1. Seniority for full-time classified personnel; seniority to be observed in reducing workforce; preferred recall list; renewal of listing; notice of vacancies.
- §18B-7-12. Maintenance of benefits for employees.

# §18B-7-1. Seniority for full-time classified personnel; seniority to be observed in reducing workforce; preferred recall list; renewal of listing; notice of vacancies.

1 (a) Definitions for terms used in this section are in accor-2 dance with those provided in section two, article nine of this 3 chapter, except that the provisions of this section apply only to classified employees whose employment, if continued, accumu-4 5 lates to a minimum total of one thousand forty hours during a 6 calendar year and extends over at least nine months of a calendar 7 year. This section also applies to any classified employee who 8 is involuntarily transferred to a position in nonclassified status 9 for which he or she did not apply. Any classified employee involuntarily transferred to a position in nonclassified status may 10 only exercise the rights set out in this section for positions 11 equivalent to or lower than the last job class the employee held. 12

13 (b) All decisions by the appropriate governing board, the council or commission or its agents at state institutions of higher 14 15 education concerning reductions in workforce of full-time 16 classified personnel, whether by temporary furlough or permanent termination, shall be made in accordance with this section. 17 For layoffs by classification for reason of lack of funds or work, 18 19 or abolition of position or material changes in duties or organiza-20 tion and for recall of employees laid off, consideration shall be given to an employee's seniority as measured by permanent 21 employment in the service of the state system of higher educa-22 23 tion. In the event that the institution desires to lay off a more senior employee, the institution shall demonstrate that the senior 24 25 employee cannot perform any other job duties held by less senior 26 employees of that institution in the same job class or any other

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equivalent or lower job class for which the senior employee is
qualified. If an employee refuses to accept a position in a lower
job class, the employee retains all rights of recall provided in this
section. If two or more employees accumulate identical seniority, the priority is determined by a random selection system
established by the employees and approved by the institution.

33 (c) Any employee laid off during a furlough or reduction in 34 workforce is placed upon a preferred recall list and is recalled to employment by the institution on the basis of seniority. An 35 36 employee's listing with an institution remains active for a period of one calendar year from the date of termination or furlough or 37 from the date of the most recent renewal. If an employee fails to 38 39 renew the listing with the institution, the employee's name may 40 be removed from the list. An employee placed upon the preferred list shall be recalled to any position opening by the 41 42 institution within the classifications in which the employee had 43 previously been employed or to any lateral position for which 44 the employee is qualified. An employee on the preferred recall 45 list does not forfeit the right to recall by the institution if 46 compelling reasons require the employee to refuse an offer of 47 reemployment by the institution.

48 The institution shall notify all employees maintaining active 49 listings on the preferred recall list of all position openings that 50 periodically exist. The notice shall be sent by certified mail to 51 the last known address of the employee. It is the duty of each 52 employee listed to notify the institution of any change in address 53 and to timely renew the listing with the institution. A position 54 opening may not be filled by the institution, whether temporary 55 or permanent, until all employees on the preferred recall list 56 have been properly notified of existing vacancies and have been 57 given an opportunity to accept reemployment.

(d) A nonexempt classified employee,, who applies and
meets the minimum qualifications for a nonexempt job opening
at the institution where currently employed, whether the job is a
lateral transfer or a promotion, shall be transferred or promoted
before a new person is hired.

63 (1) This subsection does not apply if the hiring is affected64 by:

65 (A) Mandates in affirmative action plans; or

66 (B) The requirements of Public Law 101-336, the Americans67 with Disabilities Act.

68 (2) This subsection applies to any nonexempt classified69 employee, including:

70 (A) One who has not accumulated a minimum total of one71 thousand forty hours during the calendar year; and

(B) One whose contract does not extend over at least ninemonths of a calendar year.

(3) If more than one qualified, nonexempt classified employee applies, the best-qualified nonexempt classified employee is awarded the position. In instances where the classified employees are equally qualified, the nonexempt classified employee with the greatest amount of continuous seniority at that institution is awarded the position.

(4) A nonexempt classified employee is one to whom the
provisions of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended,
apply.

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(e) In addition to any other information required, any
application for personnel governed by the provisions of this
section shall include the applicant's social security number.

86 (f) Regardless of the level of seniority for any employee, for87 the purposes of this section:

88 (1) In the case of a reduction in force, an employee at a
89 community and technical college may not displace any employee
90 of an institution under the jurisdiction of the commission.

91 (2) In the case of a reduction in force, an employee at an
92 institution under the jurisdiction of the commission may not
93 displace any employee of a community and technical college.

94 (3) For the purpose of this subsection, an employee perform95 ing a dual service for a sponsoring institution and an administra96 tively linked community and technical college is an employee at
97 an institution under the jurisdiction of the commission if the
98 sponsoring institution receives a fee from the administratively
99 linked community and technical college for the service per100 formed by that employee.

## §18B-7-12. Maintenance of benefits for employees.

1 (a) On the effective date of this section, any individual 2 employed on the day preceding the effective date of this section 3 by the chancellor for higher education or commission maintains all benefits of employment held, accrued and afforded prior to 4 the effective date of this section. Such benefits include, but are 5 6 not limited to, retirement benefits, continued membership in the same retirement system, any insurance coverage, and sick and 7 annual leave. For the purposes of leave conversion established 8 9 in section thirteen, article sixteen, chapter five of this code, an employee is not a new employee, and the prohibition on conver-10 11 sion does not apply if the employee was eligible for leave 12 conversion on the day preceding the effective date of this13 section. For the purpose of section thirteen, article sixteen,14 chapter five of this code:

- 15 (1) Each employee maintains all sick and annual leave 16 accrued, and all rights to convert the leave that had been accrued
- 17 on the day preceding the effective date of this section; and
- 18 (2) Each employee continues to maintain his or her status for 19 eligibility under the provisions and application of said section 20 thirteen as applied to the employee on the day preceding the 21 effective date of this section.
- (b) Prior to the first day of October, two thousand four, an
  employee may not be terminated, or have his or her salary or
  benefit levels reduced as the result of the higher education
  reorganization set forth in this article.

# ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLASSI-FICATION SYSTEM.

§18B-9-1. Legislative purpose. §18B-9-2. Definitions.

# §18B-9-1. Legislative purpose.

1 The purpose of the Legislature in the enactment of this 2 article is to require the commission and council jointly to 3 establish, control, supervise and manage a complete, uniform 4 system of personnel classification in accordance with the 5 provisions of this article for all employees other than faculty and 6 nonclassified employees at state institutions of higher education.

# §18B-9-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

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(a) "Classified employee" or "employee" means any regular
full-time or regular part-time employee of a governing board, the
commission or the council, including all employees of the West
Virginia network for educational telecomputing, who hold a
position that is assigned a particular job title and pay grade in
accordance with the personnel classification system established
by this article or by the commission and council;

9 (b) "Nonclassified employee" means an individual who is responsible for policy formation at the department or institu-10 tional level, or reports directly to the president, or is in a position 11 12 considered critical to the institution by the president pursuant to 13 policies adopted by the governing board. The percentage of 14 personnel placed in the category of "nonclassified" at any given institution may not exceed ten percent of the total number of 15 16 employees of that institution who are eligible for membership in 17 any state retirement system of the state of West Virginia or other retirement plan authorized by the state: Provided, That an 18 additional ten percent of the total number of employees of that 19 20 institution as defined in this subsection may be placed in the 21 category of "nonclassified" if they are in a position considered 22 critical to the institution by the president. Final approval of such 23 placement shall be with the appropriate governing board;

(c) "Job description" means the specific listing of duties and
responsibilities as determined by the appropriate governing
board, the commission or council and associated with a particular job title;

(d) "Job title" means the name of the position or job as
defined by the appropriate governing board, the commission or
council;

31 (e) "Merit increases and salary adjustments" means the32 amount of additional salary increase allowed on a merit basis or

33 to rectify salary inequities or accommodate competitive market

- 34 conditions in accordance with rules established by the governing
- 35 boards, the commission or council;

36 (f) "Pay grade" means the number assigned by the commis37 sion and council to a particular job title and refers to the vertical
38 column heading of the salary schedule established in section
39 three of this article;

(g) "Personnel classification system" means the process of
job categorization adopted by the commission and council
jointly by which job title, job description, pay grade and
placement on the salary schedule are determined;

(h) "Salary" means the amount of compensation paidthrough the state treasury per annum to a classified employee;

46 (i) "Schedule" or "salary schedule" means the grid of annual47 salary figures established in section three of this article; and

48 (j) "Years of experience" means the number of years a 49 person has been an employee of the state of West Virginia and 50 refers to the horizontal column heading of the salary schedule established in section three of this article. For the purpose of 51 52 placement on the salary schedule, employment for nine months or more equals one year of experience, but a classified employee 53 may not accrue more than one year of experience during any 54 55 given fiscal year. Employment for less than full time or less than nine months during any fiscal year shall be prorated. In 56 accordance with rules established by the commission and council 57 jointly, a classified employee may be granted additional years of 58 experience not to exceed the actual number of years of prior, 59 60 relevant work or experience at accredited institutions of higher 61 education other than state institutions of higher education.

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## ARTICLE 10. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTI-TUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

§18B-10-1b. Special equity fee; purpose; exemptions.

§18B-10-2. Higher education resource fee.

# §18B-10-1b. Special equity fee; purpose; exemptions.

- In addition to the other fees provided in this article, each
   governing board has the authority to impose, collect and expend
   the proceeds of a special equity fee under the following condi tions:
- 5 (a) The fee shall be used solely for the purpose of complying 6 with the athletic provisions of 20 U. S. C. 1681, *et seq.*, known
- 7 as Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972;
- 8 (b) The fee is exempt from limitations on fee increases set 9 forth in this article for three years from the effective date of this 10 section;
- (c) The fee may not be used by an institution to advance itsclassification of participation in its athletics governing body; and
- (d) The fee may not be imposed upon part-time students or
  students enrolled in an administratively linked community and
  technical college.

# §18B-10-2. Higher education resource fee.

In addition to the fees specifically provided for in section one of this article, all students enrolled for credit at a state institution of higher education shall pay a higher education resource fee. The commission and council jointly shall fix the fee rates for the various institutions and classes of students under their respective jurisdictions and may from time to time change these rates. The amount of the fee charged at each institution

8 shall be prorated for part-time students. The fee imposed by this 9 section is in addition to the maximum fees allowed to be 10 collected under the provision of section one of this article and is 11 not limited thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in the same 12 manner as any other fee collected at state institutions of higher 13 education.

14 Ninety percent of the total fees collected at each institution 15 pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special fund in the state treasury for the institution at which the fees are collected 16 and may be used by the institution for libraries and library 17 supplies, including books, periodicals, subscriptions and 18 19 audiovisual materials, instructional equipment and materials; and for the improvement in quality and scope of student services. 20 21 Up to ten percent of the fee collections from institutions under the jurisdiction of the commission shall be deposited in a special 22 23 fund and expended or allocated by the commission to meet 24 general operating expenses of the commission or to fund statewide programs. Up to ten percent of the fee collections 25 from institutions under the jurisdiction of the council shall be 26 27 deposited in a special fund and expended or allocated by the council to meet general operating expenses of the council or to 28 fund statewide programs. The boards shall, to the maximum 29 extent practicable, offset the impact, if any, on financially needy 30 31 students of any potential fee increases under this section by 32 allocating an appropriate amount of such fee revenue to the state scholarship program to be expended in accordance with the 33 34 provisions of article five, chapter eighteen-c of this code.

The commission and council each shall, on or before the first day of July annually, provide the legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee collections for the board and each of its institutions and the expenditures proposed for such fee.



# **CHAPTER 93**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4043 — By Delegates Mezzatesta, Williams, Renner, Perry, Paxton, Swartzmiller and Shaver)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-2E-3f, relating to establishing the priority for early childhood education in the basic skills of reading, mathematics and English language arts; making certain findings; stating intent and purpose; limiting scope of statewide assessments in early childhood; and requiring state board rule.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-2E-3f, to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

# §18-2E-3f. Building the basics early childhood curriculum; legislative findings; state board rule.

1 (a) *Legislative findings.* -- The Legislature makes the 2 following findings:

3 (1) Children entering early childhood education programs
4 have significant differences in their cognitive development,
5 mastery of the early basic skills and readiness for instruction in
6 a formal setting;

7 (2) Mastery of the basic skills of reading, mathematics and
8 English language arts is the foundation for all further learning
9 and, therefore, providing the instruction necessary for each
10 child to attain mastery in these basic skills must be the priority
11 for early childhood education programs;

(3) Deficiencies in the basic skills of reading, mathematics
and English language arts that persist in children beyond the
early childhood years become more difficult to overcome as
they retard further progress in building the basics and lead to
significant gaps in the basic knowledge needed to comprehend
more advanced content in other subject areas; and

18 (4) Intensive instruction, early detection and intervention to 19 correct student deficiencies in the basic skills of reading, 20 mathematics and English language arts during early childhood 21 education are more effective strategies for improving student 22 performance than the alternatives such as grade level retention, 23 social promotion and referral for special services and can lessen 24 the prevalence of low basic skills as a contributing factor in 25 student truancy, delinquency and dropout rates.

(b) *Intent and purpose.* — The intent and purpose of this
section is to establish the priority for early childhood education
to provide intensive instruction in the basic skills of reading,
mathematics and English language arts, along with early
detection and intervention strategies to correct student deficiencies, to address the findings of this section.

32 (c) *State board rule.* — On or before the first day of July,
33 two thousand four, the state board shall adopt rules to effectuate
34 the intent and purpose of this section, including, but not limited
35 to, provisions that address the following:

36 (1) Reading, mathematics and English language arts are the
37 only subjects that are required to be taught daily in kindergarten
38 through grade two early childhood education programs;

39 (2) Instruction in other subject matter in kindergarten
40 through grade two shall be oriented to reinforce instruction in
41 reading, mathematics and English language arts;

42 (3) Strategies for the early detection and intervention to 43 correct student deficiencies in reading, mathematics and 44 English language arts shall be employed throughout the 45 instructional term in each of the early childhood grades to help 46 students achieve mastery in these subjects, including allowing 47 flexibility in student schedules to provide additional time and 48 instruction for students who are below mastery in these subjects 49 in grades three and four;

50 (4) Accountability for student performance on the statewide
51 assessment of student performance in the early childhood
52 grades shall only include the basic skills of reading, mathemat53 ics and English language arts; and

54 (5) Any other provisions considered necessary by the state 55 board to achieve the intent and purpose of this section.



# **CHAPTER 94**

(H. B. 4669 — By Delegates Tabb, Williams, Paxton, Beach, Crosier, Swartzmiller and Long)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-2E-3g, relating to requiring establishment of special five-year demonstration professional development school project; making certain findings;

providing certain powers and duties of state superintendent with respect to project; requiring reports; and excluding requirement of specific appropriations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-2E-3g, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

# §18-2E-3g. Special demonstration professional development school project for improving academic achievement.

- 1 (a) The Legislature makes the following findings:
- 2 (1) Well-educated children and families are essential for3 maintaining safe and economically sound communities;
- 4 (2) Low student achievement is associated with increased
  5 delinquent behavior, higher drug use and pregnancy rates, and
  6 higher unemployment and adult incarceration rates;

7 (3) Each year, more students enter school with circum8 stances in their lives that schools are ill-prepared to accommo9 date;

10 (4) Ensuring access for all students to the rigorous curricu-11 lum they deserve requires effective teaching strategies that 12 include, but are not limited to, using a variety of instructional 13 approaches, using varied curriculum materials, engaging parent 14 and community involvement and support in the educational 15 process, and providing the professional development, support 16 and leadership necessary for an effective school; and

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17 (5) The achievement of all students can be dramatically
18 improved when schools focus on factors within their control,
19 such as the instructional day, curriculum and teaching practices.

20 (b) The purpose of this section is to provide for the establishment of a special five-year demonstration professional 21 22 development school project to improve the academic achieve-23 ment of all children. The program shall be under the direction of the state superintendent and shall be for a period of five years 24 25 beginning with the two thousand four - two thousand five 26 school year. The intent of this section is to provide a special demonstration environment wherein the public schools included 27 in the demonstration project may work in collaboration with 28 higher education, community organizations and the state board 29 30 to develop and implement strategies that may be replicated in other public schools with significant enrollments of disadvan-31 32 taged, minority and under-achieving students to improve academic achievement. For this purpose, the state superinten-33 34 dent has the following powers and duties with respect to the 35 demonstration project:

(1) To select for participation in the demonstration project
three public elementary or middle schools with significant
enrollments of disadvantaged, minority and under-achieving
students in each county in which the number of the African
American students is five percent or more of the total second
month enrollment;

42 (2) To require cooperation from the county board of the
43 county wherein a demonstration project school is located to
44 facilitate program implementation and avoid any reallocation
45 of resources for the schools that are disproportionate with those
46 for other schools of the county of similar classification,
47 accreditation status and federal Title I identification;

48 (3) To require specialized training and knowledge of the 49 needs, learning styles and strategies that will most effectively improve the performance of disadvantaged, minority and under-50 achieving students in demonstration project schools. These 51 52 powers include, but not limited to, the authority to craft job 53 descriptions with requirements regarding training and experi-54 ence and the right to specify job duties which are related to job 55 performance that reflect the mission of the demonstration 56 project school;

57 (4) To provide specifications and direct the county board to post the positions for school personnel employed at the demon-58 59 stration project school that encompass the special qualifications and any additional duties that will be required of the personnel 60 61 as established in the job descriptions authorized pursuant to 62 subdivision (3) of this section. The assertion that the job 63 descriptions and postings are narrowly defined may not be used 64 as the basis for the grievance of an employment decision for 65 positions at a demonstration project school;

66 (5) To direct the department of education, the center for 67 professional development and the regional educational service 68 agency to provide any technical assistance and professional 69 development necessary for successful implementation of the 70 demonstration school programs, including, but not limited to, 71 any early intervention or other programs of the department to 72 assist low performing schools;

(6) To collaborate and enter into agreements with colleges
and universities willing to assist with efforts at a demonstration
school to improve student achievement, including, but not
limited to, the operation of a professional development school
program model: *Provided*, That the expenditure of any funds
appropriated for the state board or department for this purpose
shall be subject to approval of the state board;
80 (7) To require collaboration with local community organi81 zations to improve student achievement and increase the
82 involvement of parents and guardians in improving student
83 achievement;

(8) To provide for an independent evaluation of the
demonstration school project, its various programs and their
effectiveness on improving student academic achievement; and

87 (9) To recommend to the state board and the county board
88 the waiver of any of their respective policies that impede the
89 implementation of demonstration school programs.

90 (c) The state superintendent shall make status reports to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability 91 and to the state board annually and may include in those reports 92 93 any recommendations based on the progress of the demonstra-94 tion project that he or she considers either necessary for 95 improving the operations of the demonstration project or 96 prudent for improving student achievement in other public 97 schools through replication of successful demonstration school 98 programs. The state superintendent shall make a recommenda-99 tion to the Legislature not later than its regular session, two thousand ten, for continuation or termination of the program, 100 101 which recommendation shall be accompanied by the findings 102 and recommendations of the independent evaluation and these findings and recommendations shall be a major factor consid-103 104 ered by the superintendent in making his or her recommenda-105 tion.

(d) Nothing in this section shall require any specific levelof appropriation by the Legislature.



### **CHAPTER 95**

(H. B. 4111 — By Delegates Mezzatesta and Williams)

[Passed January 23, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-2E-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §18-5-7a of said code, all relating to education; state board of education; county boards of education; modifying powers and authorities; legislative findings, purpose and intent; process for improving education; education standards and accountability measures; office of education performance audits; school accreditation and school system approval; intervention to correct impairments; and disposition of school property in flood control projects.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-2E-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §18-5-7a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 2E. High Quality Educational Programs.
- 5. County Board of Education.

#### **ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.**

§18-2E-5. Process for improving education; education standards and accountability measures; office of education performance audits; school accreditation and

# school system approval; intervention to correct impairments.

1 (a) Legislative findings, purpose and intent. —

2 (1) The Legislature finds that the process for improving3 education includes four primary elements, these being:

4 (A) Standards which set forth the things that students 5 should know and be able to do as the result of a thorough and 6 efficient education including measurable criteria to evaluate 7 student performance and progress;

8 (B) Assessments of student performance and progress9 toward meeting the standards;

10 (C) A system for holding schools and school systems 11 accountable for student performance and progress toward 12 obtaining a high quality education which is delivered in an 13 efficient manner; and

(D) A method for building the capacity and improving the
efficiency of schools and school systems to improve student
performance and progress.

17 (2) The Legislature further finds that as the constitutional 18 body charged with the general supervision of schools as provided by general law, the state board has the authority and 19 20 the responsibility to establish the standards, assess the perfor-21 mance and progress of students against the standards, hold 22 schools and school systems accountable, and assist schools and school systems to build capacity and improve efficiency so that 23 24 the standards are met, including, when necessary, seeking 25 additional resources in consultation with the Legislature and the 26 governor.

27 (3) The Legislature also finds that as the constitutional body 28 charged with providing for a thorough and efficient system of 29 schools, the Legislature has the authority and the responsibility 30 to establish and be engaged constructively in the determination 31 of the things that students should know and be able to do as the result of a thorough and efficient education. This determination 32 33 is made by using the process for improving education to 34 determine when school improvement is needed, by evaluating 35 the results and the efficiency of the system of schools, by 36 ensuring accountability, and by providing for the necessary capacity and its efficient use. 37

(4) Therefore, the purpose of this section is to establish a
process for improving education that includes the four primary
elements as set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection to
provide assurances that a thorough and efficient system of
schools is being provided for all West Virginia public school
students on an equal education opportunity basis and that the
high quality standards are, at a minimum, being met.

45 (5) The intent of the Legislature in enacting this section is to establish a process through which the Legislature, the 46 47 governor and the state board can work in the spirit of coopera-48 tion and collaboration intended in the process for improving 49 education to consult and examine, when necessary, the performance and progress of students, schools and school systems and 50 51 consider alternative measures to ensure that all students 52 continue to receive the thorough and efficient education to 53 which they are entitled. However, nothing in this section 54 requires any specific level of funding by the Legislature.

55 (b) *Unified county and school improvement plans.* — The 56 state board shall promulgate rules in accordance with article 57 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing a 58 unified county improvement plan for each county board and a

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59 unified school improvement plan for each public school in this

60 state. The rules shall specify that the unified school improve-

61 ment plan shall include all appropriate plans required by law

62 including, but not limited to, the following:

63 (1) The report required to be delivered to the county-wide
64 council on productive and safe schools pursuant to subsection
65 (f), section two, article five-a of this chapter;

(2) Plans or applications required in the area of technology
pursuant to 20 U.S.C. §6845, section seven, article two-e of this
chapter, state board policy or rule or any other county, state or
federal law;

(3) The strategic plan to manage the integration of special
needs students as required by section five, article five-a of this
chapter; and

(4) The school based improvement plan set forth in the
Elementary and Secondary Education Act pursuant to 29 U.S.C.
§6301, *et seq*.

The plans are required to be included only to the extentpermitted by state and federal law.

(c) *High quality education standards and efficiency standards.* — In accordance with the provisions of article threeb, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, the state board shall adopt
and periodically review and update high quality education
standards for student, school and school system performance
and processes in the following areas:

84 (1) Curriculum;

85 (2) Workplace readiness skills;

86 (3) Finance;

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87	(4) Transportation;	
88	(5) Special education;	
89	(6) Facilities;	
90	(7) Administrative practices;	
91	(8) Training of county board members and ac	lministrators;
92	(9) Personnel qualifications;	
93	(10) Professional development and evaluation	n;
94	(11) Student performance and progress;	
95	(12) School and school system performance	and progress;
96	(13) A code of conduct for students and emp	oloyees;
97	(14) Indicators of efficiency; and	
98	(15) Any other areas determined by the state	board.
99 100 101 102	(d) <i>Performance measures.</i> — The standard that all graduates are prepared for gainful emplois continuing post-secondary education and train schools and school systems are making progress.	oyment or for ing and that
103	the education goals of the state.	
104	The standards shall include measures of st	-

The standards shall include measures of student performance and progress and measures of school and school system performance, progress and processes that enable student performance. The measures of student performance and progress and school and school system performance, progress and processes shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

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(1) The acquisition of student proficiencies as indicated by
student performance and progress by grade level measured,
where possible, by a uniform statewide assessment program;

- 114 (2) School attendance rates;
- 115 (3) The student dropout rate;
- 116 (4) The high school graduation rate;

(5) The percentage of graduates who enrolled in college and
the percentage of graduates who enrolled in other post-secondary education within one year following high school graduation;

(6) The percentage of graduates who received additional
certification of their skills, competence and readiness for
college, other post-secondary education or employment above
the level required for graduation; and

- (7) The percentage of students who enrolled in and the
  percentage of students who successfully completed advanced
  placement, dual credit and honors classes, respectively, by
  grade level.
- (e) *Indicators of efficiency.* In accordance with the
  provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
  the state board shall adopt and periodically review and update
  indicators of efficiency for student and school system performance and processes in the following areas:
- (1) Curriculum delivery including, but not limited to, theuse of distance learning;
- 135 (2) Transportation;
- 136 (3) Facilities;
- 137 (4) Administrative practices;

#### 138 (5) Personnel;

(6) Utilization of regional educational service agency
programs and services, including programs and services that
may be established by their assigned regional educational
service agency, or other regional services that may be initiated
between and among participating county boards; and

144 (7) Any other indicators as determined by the state board.

145 (f) Assessment and accountability of school and school system performance and processes. — In accordance with the 146 147 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, 148 the state board shall establish by rule a system of education 149 performance audits which measures the quality of education 150 and the preparation of students based on the standards and 151 measures of student, school and school system performance, 152 progress and processes, including, but not limited to, the standards and measures set forth in subsections (c) and (d) of 153 154 this section. The system of education performance audits shall 155 assist the state board, the Legislature and the governor in 156 ensuring that the standards and measures established pursuant 157 to this section are, at a minimum, being met and that a thorough 158 and efficient system of schools is being provided.

159 The system of education performance audits shall include:

160 (1) The assessment of student performance and progress,161 school and school system performance and progress, and the

162 processes in place in schools and school systems which enable

163 student performance and progress;

164 (2) The review of school and school system unified165 improvement plans; and

(3) The periodic on-site review of school and school systemperformance and progress and compliance with the standards.

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168 (g) Uses of school and school system assessment informa-169 tion. — The state board and the process for improving educa-170 tion council established pursuant to section five-c of this article 171 shall use information from the system of education performance 172 audits to assist them in ensuring that a thorough and efficient 173 system of schools is being provided and to improve student, 174 school and school system performance and progress. Informa-175 tion from the system of education performance audits further 176 shall be used by the state board for these purposes, including, 177 but not limited to, the following: (1) Determining school 178 accreditation and school system approval status; (2) holding schools and school systems accountable for the efficient use of 179 180 existing resources to meet or exceed the standards; and (3) 181 targeting additional resources when necessary to improve 182 performance and progress. Primary emphasis in determining school accreditation and school system approval status is based 183 184 on student performance and progress, school and school system 185 performance and progress and such other measures as selected 186 by the state board. The state board shall make accreditation 187 information available to the Legislature, the governor, the 188 general public and to any individuals who request the informa-189 tion, subject to the provisions of any act or rule restricting the 190 release of information.

191 Based on the assessment of student, school and school 192 system performance and progress, the state board shall establish 193 early detection and intervention programs using the available 194 resources of the department of education, the regional educa-195 tional service agencies, the center for professional development 196 and the principals academy, as appropriate, to assist under-197 achieving schools and school systems to improve performance 198 before conditions become so grave as to warrant more substan-199 tive state intervention. Assistance shall include, but is not 200limited to, providing additional technical assistance and 201 programmatic, professional staff development, providing 202 monetary, staffing and other resources where appropriate, and,

if necessary, making appropriate recommendations to theprocess for improving education council.

#### 205 (h) Office of education performance audits. —

206 (1) To assist the state board and the process for improving 207 education council in the operation of a system of education 208 performance audits that will enable them to evaluate whether a 209 thorough and efficient education is being provided, and to assist the state board in making determinations regarding the accredi-210 211 tation status of schools and the approval status of school systems, the state board shall establish an office of education 212 213 performance audits which shall be operated under the direction of the state board independently of the functions and supervi-214 215 sion of the state department of education and state superinten-216 dent. The office of education performance audits shall report 217 directly to and be responsible to the state board in carrying out its duties under the provisions of this section. 218

(2) The office shall be headed by a director who shall be
appointed by the state board and who shall serve at the will and
pleasure of the state board. The salary of the director shall not
exceed the salary of the state superintendent of schools.

(3) The state board shall organize and sufficiently staff the
office to fulfill the duties assigned to it by law and by the state
board. Employees of the state department of education who are
transferred to the office of education performance audits retain
their benefit and seniority status with the department of
education.

(4) Under the direction of the state board, the office of
education performance audits shall receive from the West
Virginia education information system staff research and
analysis data on the performance and progress of students,
schools and school systems, and shall receive assistance, as
determined by the state board, from staff at the state department

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of education, the regional education service agencies, the center
for professional development, the principals academy and the
state school building authority to carry out the duties assigned
to the office.

(5) In addition to other duties which may be assigned to itby the state board or by statute, the office of education perfor-mance audits also shall:

(A) Assure that all statewide assessments of studentperformance are secure as required in section one-a of thisarticle;

(B) Administer all accountability measures as assigned bythe state board, including, but not limited to, the following:

(i) Processes for the accreditation of schools and the
approval of school systems. These processes shall focus on
those measurable criteria related to student performance and
progress and to the delivery of instruction which will enable
student performance and progress; and

(ii) Recommendations to the state board on appropriate
action, including, but not limited to, accreditation and approval
action;

(C) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, what capacity may be needed by schools and school systems to meet the standards established by the Legislature and the state board, and recommend to the school, the school system, the state board and the process for improving education council, plans to establish those needed capacities;

(D) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and
accountability processes, whether statewide system deficiencies
exist in the capacity to establish and maintain a thorough and

efficient system of schools, including the identification of
trends and the need for continuing improvements in education,
and report those deficiencies and trends to the state board and
the process for improving education council;

269 (E) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, staff development needs of schools 270 271 and school systems to meet the standards established by the 272 Legislature and the state board, and make recommendations to 273 the state board, the process for improving education council, the 274 center for professional development, the regional educational 275 service agencies, the higher education policy commission, and 276 the county boards;

277 (F) Identify, in conjunction with the assessment and 278 accountability processes, exemplary schools and school systems 279 and best practices that improve student, school and school 280 system performance, and make recommendations to the state 281 board and the process for improving education council for 282 recognizing and rewarding exemplary schools and school systems and promoting the use of best practices. The state 283 284 board shall provide information on best practices to county 285 school systems and shall use information identified through the 286 assessment and accountability processes to select schools of 287 excellence; and

288 (G) Develop reporting formats, such as check lists, which 289 shall be used by the appropriate administrative personnel in 290 schools and school systems to document compliance with 291 various of the applicable laws, policies and process standards 292 as considered appropriate and approved by the state board, 293 including, but not limited to, compliance with limitations on the 294 number of pupils per teacher in a classroom and the number of 295 split grade classrooms. Information contained in the reporting 296 formats shall be examined during an on-site review to deter-297 mine compliance with laws, policies and standards. Intentional

and grossly negligent reporting of false information is groundfor dismissal.

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300 (i) On-site reviews. —

301 (1) At the direction of the state board or by weighted
302 selection by the office of education performance audits, an on303 site review shall be conducted by the office of education
304 performance audits of any school or school system for pur305 poses, including, but not limited to, the following:

306 (A) Verifying data reported by the school or county board;

307 (B) Documenting compliance with policies and laws;

308 (C) Evaluating the effectiveness and implementation status309 of school and school system unified improvement plans;

310 (D) Investigating official complaints submitted to the state
311 board that allege serious impairments in the quality of educa312 tion in schools or school systems;

313 (E) Investigating official complaints submitted to the state
314 board that allege that a school or county board is in violation of
315 policies or laws under which schools and county boards
316 operate; and

317 (F) Determining and reporting whether required reviews 318 and inspections have been conducted by the appropriate 319 agencies, including, but not limited to, the state fire marshal, 320 the health department, the school building authority and the 321 responsible divisions within the department of education, and 322 whether noted deficiencies have been or are in the process of 323 being corrected. The office of education performance audits 324 may not conduct a duplicate review or inspection nor mandate 325 more stringent compliance measures.

326 (2) The selection of schools and school systems for an on-327 site review shall use a weighted sample so that those with lower 328 performance and progress indicators and those that have not 329 had a recent on-site review have a greater likelihood of being 330 selected. The director of the office of education performance 331 audits shall notify the county superintendent of schools five 332 school days prior to commencing an on-site review of the 333 county school system and shall notify both the county superin-334 tendent and the principal five school days prior to commencing 335 an on-site review of an individual school: *Provided*. That the 336 state board may direct the office of education performance 337 audits to conduct an unannounced on-site review of a school or 338 school system if the state board believes circumstances warrant an unannounced on-site review. 339

340 (3) The office of education performance audits may conduct
341 on-site reviews which are limited in scope to specific areas in
342 addition to full reviews which cover all areas.

343 (4) An on-site review of a school or school system shall 344 include a person or persons who has expert knowledge and 345 experience in the area or areas to be reviewed and who is 346 designated by the state board from the department of education 347 and the agencies responsible for assisting the office. If the size 348 of the school or school system being reviewed necessitates the 349 use of an on-site review team or teams, the person or persons 350 designated by the state board shall advise and assist the director 351 to appoint the team or teams. The person or persons designated 352 by the state board shall be the team leaders.

The persons designated by the state board shall be responsible for completing the report on the findings and recommendations of the on-site review in their area of expertise. It is the intent of the Legislature that the persons designated by the state board participate in all on-site reviews that involve their area of expertise to the extent practicable so that the on-site review

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359 process will evaluate compliance with the standards in a 360 uniform, consistent and expert manner.

361 (5) The office of education performance audits shall
362 reimburse a county board for the costs of substitutes required to
363 replace county board employees while they are serving on a
364 review team.

365 (6) At the conclusion of an on-site review of a school system, the director and team leaders shall hold an exit confer-366 367 ence with the superintendent and shall provide an opportunity 368 for principals to be present for at least the portion of the 369 conference pertaining to their respective schools. In the case of 370 an on-site review of a school, the exit conference shall be held 371 with the principal and the superintendent shall be provided the 372 opportunity to be present.

373 (7) The office of education performance audits shall report 374 the findings of the on-site reviews to the state board for 375 inclusion in the evaluation and determination of a school's or 376 county board's accreditation or approval status as applicable. 377 The report on the findings of an on-site review shall be submit-378 ted to the state board within thirty days following the conclu-379 sion of the on-site review and to the county superintendent and 380 principals of schools within the reviewed school system within forty-five days following the conclusion of the on-site review. 381 382 A copy of the report shall be provided to the process for 383 improving education council.

(j) School accreditation. -- The state board annually shall
review the information from the system of education performance audits submitted for each school and shall issue to every
school one of the following approval levels: Exemplary
accreditation status, full accreditation status, temporary
accreditation status, conditional accreditation status, or seriously impaired status.

391 (1) Full accreditation status shall be given to a school when the school's performance and progress on the standards adopted 392 393 by the state board pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of this 394 section are at a level which would be expected when all of the 395 high quality education standards are being met. A school which 396 meets or exceeds the measures of student performance and 397 progress set forth in subsection (d) of this section, and which does not have any deficiencies which would endanger student 398 399 health or safety or other extraordinary circumstances as defined by the state board, shall remain on full accreditation status for 400 six months following an on-site review in which other deficien-401 cies are noted. The school shall have an opportunity to correct 402 those deficiencies, notwithstanding other provisions of this 403 404 subsection.

405 (2) Temporary accreditation status shall be given to a 406 school when the measure of the school's performance and 407 progress is below the level required for full accreditation status. Whenever a school is given temporary accreditation status, the 408 409 county board shall ensure that the school's unified improvement plan is revised to increase the performance and progress of the 410 411 school to a full accreditation status level. The revised unified school improvement plan shall include objectives, a time line, 412 a plan for evaluation of the success of the improvements, cost 413 414 estimates, and a date certain for achieving full accreditation. 415 The revised plan shall be submitted to the state board for 416 approval.

417 (3) Conditional accreditation status shall be given to a 418 school when the school's performance and progress on the 419 standards adopted by the state board are below the level 420 required for full accreditation, but the school's unified improve-421 ment plan has been revised to achieve full accreditation status by a date certain, the plan has been approved by the state board 422 423 and the school is meeting the objectives and time line specified 424 in the revised plan.

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425 (4) Exemplary accreditation status shall be given to a 426 school when the school's performance and progress on the 427 standards adopted by the state board pursuant to subsections (c) 428 and (d) of this section substantially exceed the minimal level 429 which would be expected when all of the high quality education 430 standards are being met. The state board shall promulgate 431 legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article 432 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a, designated to establish standards 433 of performance and progress to identify exemplary schools.

(5) The state board shall establish and adopt standards of
performance and progress to identify seriously impaired schools
and the state board may declare a school seriously impaired
whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the
state board.

439 (A) These circumstances shall include, but are not limited440 to, the following:

(i) The failure of a school on temporary accreditation status
to obtain approval of its revised unified school improvement
plan within a reasonable time period as defined by the state
board;

(ii) The failure of a school on conditional accreditation
status to meet the objectives and time line of its revised unified
school improvement plan; or

(iii) The failure of a school to achieve full accreditation bythe date specified in the revised plan.

(B) Whenever the state board determines that the quality of
education in a school is seriously impaired, the state board shall
appoint a team of improvement consultants to make recommendations within sixty days of appointment for correction of the
impairment. When the state board approves the recommendations, they shall be communicated to the county board. If

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456 457 458 459 460 461	progress in correcting the impairment as determine board is not made within six months from the tir board receives the recommendations, the state board the county board on temporary approval status consultation and assistance to the county board to following areas:	ne the county ard shall place and provide
462	(i) Improving personnel management;	
463 464	(ii) Establishing more efficient financial practices;	management
465	(iii) Improving instructional programs and re-	ules; or
466 467	(iv) Making any other improvements that are correct the impairment.	e necessary to
468 469	(C) If the impairment is not corrected by a c set by the state board:	late certain as

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470 (i) The state board shall appoint a monitor who shall be 471 paid at county expense to cause improvements to be made at the school to bring it to full accreditation status within a reasonable 472 473 time period as determined by the state board. The monitor's work location shall be at the school and the monitor shall work 474 collaboratively with the principal. The monitor shall, at a 475 476 minimum, report monthly to the state board on the measures 477 being taken to improve the school's performance and the progress being made. The reports may include requests for 478 479 additional assistance and recommendations required in the judgment of the monitor to improve the school's performance, 480 including, but not limited to, the need for targeting resources 481 482 strategically to eliminate deficiencies;

(ii) The state board may make a determination, in its sole
judgment, that the improvements necessary to provide a
thorough and efficient education to the students at the school

486 cannot be made without additional targeted resources, in which 487 case, it shall establish a plan in consultation with the county 488 board that includes targeted resources from sources under the control of the state board and the county board to accomplish 489 490 the needed improvements. Nothing in this subsection shall be 491 construed to allow a change in personnel at the school to 492 improve school performance and progress, except as provided 493 by law;

494 (iii) If the impairment is not corrected within one year after 495 the appointment of a monitor, the state board may make a 496 determination, in its sole judgment, that continuing a monitor 497 arrangement is not sufficient to correct the impairment and may 498 intervene in the operation of the school to cause improvements to be made that will provide assurances that a thorough and 499 500 efficient system of schools will be provided. This intervention 501 may include, but is not limited to, establishing instructional 502 programs, taking such direct action as may be necessary to 503 correct the impairments, declaring the position of principal is 504 vacant and assigning a principal for the school who shall serve at the will and pleasure of and, under the sole supervision of, 505 506 the state board: Provided, That prior to declaring that the position of the principal is vacant, the state board must make a 507 508 determination that all other resources needed to correct the 509 impairment are present at the school. If the principal who was 510 removed elects not to remain an employee of the county board, 511 then the principal assigned by the state board shall be paid by 512 the county board. If the principal who was removed elects to 513 remain an employee of the county board, then the following 514 procedure applies:

(I) The principal assigned by the state board shall be paid
by the state board until the next school term, at which time the
principal assigned by the state board shall be paid by the county
board;

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(II) The principal who was removed shall be placed on the
preferred recall list for all positions in the county for which the
principal is certified, as defined in section seven, article four of

522 this chapter; and

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(III) The principal who was removed shall be paid by the
county board and may be assigned to administrative duties,
without the county board being required to post that position
until the end of the school term;

527 (6) The county board shall take no action nor refuse any528 action if the effect would be to impair further the school in529 which the state board has intervened.

(7) The state board may appoint a monitor pursuant to the
provisions of this subsection to assist the school principal after
intervention in the operation of a school is completed.

(k) *Transfers from seriously impaired schools.* — Whenever a school is determined to be seriously impaired and fails to
improve its status within one year, any student attending the
school may transfer once to the nearest fully accredited school,
subject to approval of the fully accredited school and at the
expense of the school from which the student transferred.

(1) School system approval. — The state board annually
shall review the information submitted for each school system
from the system of education performance audits and issue one
of the following approval levels to each county board: Full
approval, temporary approval, conditional approval, or
nonapproval.

(1) Full approval shall be given to a county board whose
education system meets or exceeds all of the high quality
standards for student, school and school system performance,
progress and processes adopted by the state board and whose
schools have all been given full, temporary or conditional

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550 accreditation status. A school system which meets or exceeds 551 the measures of student performance and progress set forth in subsection (d) of this section, and which does not have any 552 553 deficiencies which would endanger student health or safety or 554 other extraordinary circumstances as defined by the state board, 555 shall remain on full accreditation status for six months follow-556 ing an on-site review in which other deficiencies are noted. The 557 school shall have an opportunity to correct those deficiencies, 558 notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection.

559 (2) Temporary approval shall be given to a county board whose education system is below the level required for full 560 561 approval. Whenever a county board is given temporary ap-562 proval status, the county board shall revise its unified county 563 improvement plan to increase the performance and progress of the school system to a full approval status level. The revised 564 565 plan shall include objectives, a time line, a plan for evaluation 566 of the success of the improvements, a cost estimate, and a date 567 certain for achieving full approval. The revised plan shall be 568 submitted to the state board for approval.

(3) Conditional approval shall be given to a county board
whose education system is below the level required for full
approval, but whose unified county improvement plan meets
the following criteria:

573 (i) The plan has been revised to achieve full approval status574 by a date certain;

575 (ii) The plan has been approved by the state board; and

(iii) The county board is meeting the objectives and timeline specified in the revised plan.

(4) Nonapproval status shall be given to a county board
which fails to submit and gain approval for its unified county
improvement plan or revised unified county improvement plan

within a reasonable time period as defined by the state board or
which fails to meet the objectives and time line of its revised
unified county improvement plan or fails to achieve full
approval by the date specified in the revised plan.

(A) The state board shall establish and adopt additional
standards to identify school systems in which the program may
be nonapproved and the state board may issue nonapproval
status whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by
the state board.

590 (B) Whenever a county board has more than a casual 591 deficit, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, the 592 county board shall submit a plan to the state board specifying the county board's strategy for eliminating the casual deficit. 593 594 The state board either shall approve or reject the plan. If the 595 plan is rejected, the state board shall communicate to the county 596 board the reason or reasons for the rejection of the plan. The county board may resubmit the plan any number of times. 597 598 However, any county board that fails to submit a plan and gain 599 approval for the plan from the state board before the end of the 600 fiscal year after a deficit greater than a casual deficit occurred 601 or any county board which, in the opinion of the state board, 602 fails to comply with an approved plan may be designated as 603 having nonapproval status.

604 (C) Whenever nonapproval status is given to a school 605 system, the state board shall declare a state of emergency in the 606 school system and shall appoint a team of improvement 607 consultants to make recommendations within sixty days of 608 appointment for correcting the emergency. When the state 609 board approves the recommendations, they shall be communicated to the county board. If progress in correcting the emer-610 gency, as determined by the state board, is not made within six 611 months from the time the county board receives the recommen-612 613 dations, the state board shall intervene in the operation of the

school system to cause improvements to be made that will
provide assurances that a thorough and efficient system of
schools will be provided. This intervention may include, but is
not limited to, the following:

(i) Limiting the authority of the county superintendent and
county board as to the expenditure of funds, the employment
and dismissal of personnel, the establishment and operation of
the school calendar, the establishment of instructional programs
and rules and any other areas designated by the state board by
rule, which may include delegating decision-making authority
regarding these matters to the state superintendent;

625 (ii) Declaring that the office of the county superintendent626 is vacant;

(iii) Delegating to the state superintendent both the authority to conduct hearings on personnel matters and school closure
or consolidation matters and, subsequently, to render the
resulting decisions, and the authority to appoint a designee for
the limited purpose of conducting hearings while reserving to
the state superintendent the authority to render the resulting
decisions;

- 634 (iv) Functioning in lieu of the county board of education in
  635 a transfer, sale, purchase or other transaction regarding real
  636 property; and
- 637 (v) Taking any direct action necessary to correct the638 emergency including, but not limited to, the following:
- (I) Delegating to the state superintendent the authority to
  replace administrators and principals in low performing schools
  and to transfer them into alternate professional positions within
  the county at his or her discretion; and

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(II) Delegating to the state superintendent the authority to
fill positions of administrators and principals with individuals
determined by the state superintendent to be the most qualified
for the positions. Any authority related to intervention in the
operation of a county board granted under this paragraph is not
subject to the provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-a of
this code;

(m) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the
state board may intervene immediately in the operation of the
county school system with all the powers, duties and responsibilities contained in subsection (1) of this section, if the state
board finds the following:

(1) That the conditions precedent to intervention exist as
provided in this section; and that delaying intervention for any
period of time would not be in the best interests of the students
of the county school system; or

(2) That the conditions precedent to intervention exist as
provided in this section and that the state board had previously
intervened in the operation of the same school system and had
concluded that intervention within the preceding five years.

663 (n) *Capacity.* — The process for improving education includes a process for targeting resources strategically to 664 665 improve the teaching and learning process. Development of 666 unified school and school system improvement plans, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, is intended, in part, to provide 667 668 mechanisms to target resources strategically to the teaching and 669 learning process to improve student, school and school system performance. When deficiencies are detected through the 670 671 assessment and accountability processes, the revision and 672 approval of school and school system unified improvement 673 plans shall ensure that schools and school systems are effi-674 ciently using existing resources to correct the deficiencies.

When the state board determines that schools and school systems do not have the capacity to correct deficiencies, the state board shall work with the county board to develop or secure the resources necessary to increase the capacity of schools and school systems to meet the standards and, when necessary, seek additional resources in consultation with the Legislature and the governor.

682 The state board shall recommend to the appropriate body 683 including, but not limited to, the process for improving education council, the Legislature, county boards, schools and 684 685 communities methods for targeting resources strategically to 686 eliminate deficiencies identified in the assessment and account-687 ability processes. When making determinations on recommen-688 dations, the state board shall include, but is not limited to, the 689 following methods:

690 (1) Examining reports and unified improvement plans
691 regarding the performance and progress of students, schools
692 and school systems relative to the standards and identifying the
693 areas in which improvement is needed;

694 (2) Determining the areas of weakness and of ineffective695 ness that appear to have contributed to the substandard perfor696 mance and progress of students or the deficiencies of the school
697 or school system;

698 (3) Determining the areas of strength that appear to have
699 contributed to exceptional student, school and school system
700 performance and progress and promoting their emulation
701 throughout the system;

(4) Requesting technical assistance from the school
building authority in assessing or designing comprehensive
educational facilities plans;

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705 706	(5) Recommending priority funding from building authority based on identified needs;	the school
707	(6) Requesting special staff development progr	
708	center for professional development, the principa	-
709	higher education, regional educational service a	igencies and
710	county boards based on identified needs;	
711	(7) Submitting requests to the Legislature for a	ppropriations
712	to meet the identified needs for improving educat	ion;
713	(8) Directing county boards to target their fu	nds strategi-
714	cally toward alleviating deficiencies;	
715	(9) Ensuring that the need for facilities in c	ounties with
716	increased enrollment are appropriately reflected	and recom-
717	mended for funding;	
718	(10) Ensuring that the appropriate person or o	entity is held
719	accountable for eliminating deficiencies; and	
720	(11) Ensuring that the needed capacity is available	able from the
721	state and local level to assist the school or scho	ol system in
722	achieving the standards and alleviating the deficie	encies.
ARTI	CLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.	
<b>§18-</b> :	5-7a. Disposition of school property in flood cont	rol projects.
1	(a) If at any time the board ascertains that any	y land or part
2	thereof then being used for school purposes is to b	e included in
3	any federal flood control project the board may:	
4	(1) Sell, dismantle, remove or relocate an	ny buildings
5	thereon;	
6	(2) Contract with the United States of Amo	erica, or any
7	instrumentality, agency or political subdivision th	-

8 sale or exchange of its interest in the land or any part thereof;9 and

(3) Without auction sell or exchange its interest in the land
or any part thereof to the United States of America, or any
instrumentality, agency or political subdivision thereof, in
accordance with the terms and provisions of the contract.

(b) If the flood control project is proposed in a county where the state board of education has intervened in the operation of the county school system pursuant to the provisions of section five, article two-e of this chapter or any other constitutional or statutory authority to intervene, the powers granted in this section are vested in the state board.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of this
article, neither the grantor of the land or any part thereof nor his
heirs or assigns has the right to purchase the land or any part
thereof or have any other rights whatever under section seven
of this article.



### CHAPTER 96

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4001 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

**CLERK'S NOTE:** It has been determined that H. B. 4001, originally styled as Chapter 96 was incorrectly enrolled and signed by the Governor in an incorrect form.

Therefore, the Governor not having received and signed a true and correct copy of the bill as passed by both houses, H. B. 4001 did not become law.

The text formerly occupied pages 775 through 827, which have been omitted.

## **CHAPTER 97**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4072 — By Delegates Swartzmiller, Stemple, Shaver, Renner, Long, Perry and Tabb)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-2E-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §18-2J-1, §18-2J-2, §18-2J-3, §18-2J-4, §18-2J-5, §18-2J-6 and §18-2J-7, all relating to an education technology strategic plan for public education and higher education; including basic skills and SUCCESS in plan; findings; intent, purpose and goals; education technology strategic plan advisory committee; strategies to be included in plan; state board of education and higher education policy commission approval and adoption; expenditures in accordance with the plan; and the report to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability and joint committee on government and finance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-2E-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §18-2J-1, §18-2J-2, §18-2J-3, §18-2J-4, §18-2J-5, §18-2J-6 and §18-2J-7, all to read as follows:

#### Article

2E. High Quality Educational Programs.

2J. Public and Higher Education Technology Strategic Plan.

#### ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

# §18-2E-7. Providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that teachers must be provided the 2 support, assistance and teaching tools necessary to meet 3 individual student instructional needs on a daily basis in a 4 classroom of students who differ in learning styles, learning 5 rates and in motivation to learn. The Legislature further finds 6 that attaining a solid foundation in the basic skills of reading, 7 composition and arithmetic is essential for advancement in 8 higher education, occupational and avocational pursuits and that 9 computers are an effective tool for the teacher in corrective, 10 remedial and enrichment activities. Therefore, the state board shall ensure that the resources to be used to provide services to 11 12 students in the earliest grade level and higher grade levels as 13 resources become available are included in the education 14 technology strategic plan required by article two-j of this chapter. The provision of services to students shall be based on 15 16 a plan developed by each individual school team.

17 Computer hardware and software shall be purchased in18 accordance with the education technology strategic plan19 adopted pursuant to article two-j of this chapter.

The state board shall develop and provide a program to ensure adequate teacher training, continuous teacher support and updates. The program shall be consistent with the education technology strategic plan adopted pursuant to article two-j of this chapter.

To the extent practicable, the technology shall be used to enhance student access to learning tools and resources outside of the normal school day, such as: Before and after school; in the evenings, on weekends and during vacations; and for student use for homework, remedial work, independent learning, career planning and adult basic education.

31 (b) The Legislature finds that the continued implementation 32 of computer use under this section for high quality basic skills 33 development and remediation in the middle schools, junior high 34 schools and high schools is necessary to meet the goal that high 35 school graduates will be prepared fully for college, other post-36 secondary education or gainful employment. Further, the 37 implementation should provide a technology infrastructure at 38 the middle schools, junior high schools and high schools capable of supporting multiple technology based learning 39 40 strategies designed to enable students to achieve at higher 41 academic levels. The technology infrastructure should facilitate student development in the following areas: 42

43 (1) Attaining basic computer skills such as word process44 ing, spreadsheets, data bases, internet usage, telecommunica45 tions and graphic presentations;

46 (2) Learning critical thinking and decision-making skills;

47 (3) Applying academic knowledge in real life situations48 through simulated workplace programs;

49 (4) Understanding the modern workplace environment,50 particularly in remote areas of the state, by bringing the51 workplace to the school;

52 (5) Making informed career decisions based upon informa53 tion on labor markets and the skills required for success in
54 various occupations;

55 (6) Gaining access to labor markets and job placement;

56 (7) Obtaining information and assistance about college and
57 other post-secondary education opportunities and financial aid;
58 and

59 (8) Other uses for acquiring the necessary skills and 60 information to make a smooth transition from high school to 61 college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment.

62 Therefore, the state board also shall address the findings of 63 this subsection regarding the continued implementation of 64 computer hardware and software and technical planning support 65 in the middle schools, junior high schools and high schools of 66 the state in the education technology strategic plan required by 67 article two-j of this chapter.

#### **ARTICLE 2J. PUBLIC AND HIGHER EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY STRA-TEGIC PLAN.**

- §18-2J-1. Findings.
- §18-2J-2. Intent and purpose; goals.
- §18-2J-3. Education technology strategic plan advisory committee.
- §18-2J-4. Education technology strategic plan.
- §18-2J-5. State board and higher education policy commission approval and adoption.
- §18-2J-6. Allocation and expenditure of appropriations.
- §18-2J-7. Report to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability.

#### §18-2J-1. Findings.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- (1) Technology is being used in public schools as an 2 3 instructional tool that enables teachers to meet the individual 4 instructional needs of students who differ in learning styles, 5 learning rates and the motivation to learn;

6 (2) Technology is being used in public schools as an effective resource for providing corrective, remedial and 7 8 enrichment activities to help students achieve proficiency at 9 grade level or above in the basic skills of reading, composition 10 and arithmetic that are essential for advancement to more

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11	rigorous curriculum and success in higher education,	occupa-

12 tional and avocational pursuits;

13 (3) Technology is being used in public schools to ensure that all students have a basic level of computer literacy that will 14 15 enable them to participate fully in a society in which computers 16 are an ever more prevalent medium for social, economic, and 17 informational interaction:

18 (4) Technology is being used in public schools to provide 19 greater access for students to advanced curricular offerings, 20 virtual field trips, problem solving and team building exercises, 21 reference information and source knowledge than could be 22 provided efficiently through traditional on-site delivery 23 formats:

24 (5) Technology is being used in public schools to help 25 students obtain information on post-secondary educational opportunities, financial aid, and the credentials and skills 26 27 required in various occupations that will help them better 28 prepare for a successful transition following high school;

29 (6) Technology is being used in public schools to help students learn to think critically, apply academic knowledge in 30 31 real life situations, make decisions, and gain an understanding 32 of the modern workplace environment through simulated 33 workplace programs;

34 (7) Technology is being used in public schools as a resource 35 for teachers by providing them with access to sample lesson plans, curriculum resources, on-line staff development, continu-36 37 ing education and college course-work;

38 (8) Technology is being used in public schools as a tool for 39 managing information, reporting on measures of accountability,

8

40 analyzing student learning and helping to improve student,41 school and school system performance;

42 (9) Technology is being used in state institutions of higher
43 education for teaching, learning and research for all students
44 across all disciplines and programs;

45 (10) Technology is being used in state institutions of higher
46 education by students, staff and faculty to discover, create,
47 communicate and collaborate, as well as to enhance research
48 and economic development activities;

49 (11) Technology is being used in state institutions of higher
50 education for digital age literacy, problem solving, creativity,
51 effective communication, collaboration and high productivity
52 skills essential for West Virginia citizens in a rapidly changing
53 global economy;

54 (12) Technology is being used by libraries in higher
55 education to offer reference services in a virtual environment
56 online;

57 (13) Technology is being used by libraries in higher
58 education to create and share cataloging records. It is possible
59 to create a seamless resource for sharing these resources
60 between public and higher education; and

61 (14) Technology is being used in libraries in higher
62 education to offer electronic document delivery services to
63 distance education students and to a multitude of professionals
64 throughout the state.

(b) Each use of technology set forth in this section shall
apply to public education, higher education or both, as appropriate. The determination of whether the use of technology
applies to public education, higher education or both shall be

69 made by the education technology strategic plan advisory

70 committee, the state board and the higher education policy

71 commission.

#### §18-2J-2. Intent and purpose; goals.

1 (a) The intent and purpose of this article is to establish a 2 unified approach to the administration and allocation of funds 3 for technology that is used for public education and higher 4 education purposes in this state which meets the following 5 goals:

6 (1) Maintaining a reasonable balance in the resources
7 allocated among the customary diverse uses of technology in
8 the public schools and the state institutions of higher education,
9 while allowing flexibility to address unanticipated priority
10 needs and unusual local circumstances;

11 (2) Providing for uniformity in technological hardware and 12 software standards and procedures to achieve interoperability 13 between public schools and higher education to the extent that 14 the uniformity is considered prudent for reducing acquisition 15 cost, avoiding duplication, promoting expeditious repair and maintenance and facilitating user training, while allowing 16 17 flexibility for local innovations and options when the objectives 18 relating to uniformity are reasonably met;

19 (3) Preserving the integrity of governance, administration, standards and accountability for technology in the public 20 schools and institutions of higher education under the jurisdic-21 22 tion of the state board and the higher education policy commis-23 sion, while encouraging collaborative service delivery and infrastructure investments with other entities that will reduce 24 cost, avoid duplication or improve services, particularly with 25 26 respect to other entities such as the educational broadcasting

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27 28	system, public libraries and other governmental agencies with compatible technology interests;
29 30 31	(4) Improving the long-term ability of the state board and the higher education policy commission to efficiently manage and direct the resources available for technology in the public
32 33	schools and the institutions of higher education concurrent with evolving technological capabilities and applications;
34 35	(5) Fostering closer communication between faculty, students and administrators;
36 37	(6) Providing for individualized instruction, accommodat- ing a variety of learning styles of students or faculty members;
38 39 40	(7) Advancing new and traditional ways of learning through alternative approaches in curriculum to integrate education, research and technology into life long learning strategies;
41 42 43	(8) Offering new approaches to administration and account- ability within the education system through technology applica- tion;
44 45 46 47	(9) Promoting the collaboration of schools, libraries, researchers, community members, state agencies, organizations, business and industry, post-secondary institutions and public virtual learning environments to meet the needs of all learners;
48 49 50 51	(10) Recognizing that information literacy is a fundamental competency for life-long learning and information literacy is incorporated into the curricula of higher education and the workplace;
52 53 54	(11) Creating the appropriate infrastructure to ensure, as required, a sustainable, cost effective and transparent migration to new technology platforms;

(12) Creating and maintaining compatible and secure
technology systems that enhance the efficient operation of all
educational systems;

(13) Assessing, evaluating and publicizing the effects of
technology use by educators and students toward student
learning and achievement; and

61 (14) Increasing student access to high quality blended62 distance learning curriculum using real time interactive and63 online distance education tools.

(b) Each goal set forth in this section shall apply to public
education, higher education or both, as appropriate. The
determination of whether a goal applies to public education,
higher education or both shall be made by the education
technology strategic plan advisory committee, the state board
and the higher education policy commission.

### §18-2J-3. Education technology strategic plan advisory committee.

(a) On or before the first day of July, two thousand four,
 there is established an education technology strategic plan
 advisory committee to be composed of sixteen members. The
 Governor shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of
 the Senate, the following eleven voting members to the advi sory committee:

7 (1) Five voting members representing public education
8 some or all of which may be from a list of five recommended
9 appointees which shall be submitted by the state board;

10 (2) Five voting members representing higher education11 some or all of which may be from a list of five recommended

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appointees which shall be submitted by the higher educationpolicy commission; and

(3) One voting member who is a business representative
with knowledge of technology management practices of large
corporations and has contributed and advanced technology in
education in West Virginia.

18 (b) The chief technology officer of Marshall university, or 19 a designee, and the chief technology officer of West Virginia 20 university, or a designee, shall be ex officio nonvoting members 21 of the advisory committee. The state superintendent shall 22 designate two positions within the department of education, and 23 the persons employed in those position shall be ex officio 24 nonvoting members of the advisory committee. Additionally, 25 the West Virginia library commissioner shall be an ex officio 26 nonvoting member.

(c) The business representative shall serve as chair of the
advisory committee. The advisory committee shall meet as
necessary, but shall hold no less than four meetings annually.
A majority of the voting members constitutes a quorum for
conducting the business of the advisory committee.

32 (d) Voting members of the advisory committee shall serve for terms of three years, except that of the original appoint-33 34 ments, three members shall be appointed for one year; four 35 members shall be appointed for two years; and four members 36 shall be appointed for three years. No member may serve more 37 than two consecutive full terms nor may any member be 38 appointed to a term which results in the member serving more 39 than six consecutive years.

40 (e) Members of the advisory committee shall serve without41 compensation, but shall be reimbursed by the Governor for all

42 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the 43 performance of their official duties under this article upon 44 presentation of an itemized sworn statement of their expenses, 45 except that any member of the advisory committee who is an 46 employee of the state shall be reimbursed by the employing 47 agency.

# §18-2J-4. Education technology strategic plan.

1 (a) The education technology strategic plan advisory 2 committee shall develop an education technology strategic plan 3 that achieves the intent and purpose of this article. The plan shall be a continuing plan that covers a period of not less than 4 5 three and not more than five years and is updated annually. In 6 addition to other strategies considered necessary for achieving 7 the intent and purpose of this section, the education technology 8 strategic plan shall address the following:

9 (1) The strategy for using technology in the public schools and in the institutions of higher education of the state consistent 10 11 with the intent and purpose of this article for each of the 12 purposes for which the Legislature finds that technology is used 13 in public schools and institutions of higher education as 14 described in section one of this article and for any other 15 purposes considered necessary by the state board and the higher 16 education policy commission for using technology in the public 17 schools and institutions of higher education to improve perfor-18 mance and progress;

(2) The strategy for allocating the resources available and
developing the capacity necessary to achieve the purposes
addressed in the plan. The strategy shall allow for reasonable
flexibility for:

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(A) County boards and regional education service agencies
to receive assistance with the development and implementation
of technological solutions designed to improve performance,
enrich the curriculum and increase student access to high level
courses;

(B) County boards, regional education service agencies and
institutional boards of governors to implement technological
solutions that address local priorities consistent with achieving
the major objectives set forth in the education technology
strategic plan; and

33 (C) Using the most cost effective alternative allowable
34 pursuant to section six of this article for expending funds for
35 technology acquisition and implementation consistent with the
36 goals of the plan;

(3) For public education, the strategy for using technology
to maintain equity in the array and quality of educational
offerings and professional qualifications among the counties
notwithstanding circumstances of geography and population
density;

42 (4) For public education, the strategy for developing and 43 using the capacity of the public school system to implement, 44 support and maintain technology in the public schools through 45 the allocation of funds either directly or through contractual 46 agreements with county boards and regional education service 47 agencies for labor, materials and other costs associated with the 48 installation, set-up, internet hook-up, wiring, repair and 49 maintenance of technology in the public schools and state 50 institutions of higher education;

51 (5) The strategy for ensuring that the capabilities and 52 capacities of the technology infrastructure within the state and

53 its various regions is adequate for acceptable performance of 54 the technology being implemented in the public schools and the 55 state institutions of higher education, for developing the 56 necessary capabilities and capacities, or for pursuing alternative 57 solutions;

58 (6) The strategy for maximizing student access to learning 59 tools and resources at all times including before and after 60 school or class, in the evenings, on weekends and holidays, and 61 for public education, non instructional days, and during 62 vacations for student use for homework, remedial work, 63 independent learning, career planning and adult basic educa-64 tion;

65 (7) The strategy for providing access to individualized
66 instruction through computer-based technology, video and other
67 technology-based instruction;

68 (8) The strategy for improving teaching and learning and
69 the ability to meet individual students' needs to increase student
70 achievement;

(9) The strategy for improving curriculum delivery to helpmeet the needs for educational equity across the state;

(10) The strategy for improving delivery of professionaldevelopment;

(11) The strategy for improving the efficiency and produc-tivity of administrators;

(12) The strategy for encouraging development by the
private sector and acquisition by districts of technologies and
applications appropriate for education;

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80 (13) The strategy for ensuring efficient and equitable use of
81 technology at all levels from primary school through higher
82 education, including vocational and adult education;

83 (14) The strategy for taking advantage of bulk purchasing
84 abilities to the maximum extent feasible. This may include, but
85 is not limited to:

86 (A) A method of recording all technology purchases across
87 both the public education system and the higher education
88 system;

(B) Combining the purchasing power of the public education system and the higher education system with the purchasing power of other state entities or all state entities; or

92 (C) A method of allowing public education and higher
93 education to purchase from competitively bid contracts initiated
94 through the southern regional education board educational
95 technology cooperative and the American
96 TelEdCommunications Alliance;

97 (15) A strategy for seeking funding through grants, gifts,98 donations or any other source for uses related to education99 technology; and

(16) A strategy for allowing any other flexibility that is
determined to be needed for the effective use of technology in
public education and higher education.

(b) Each strategy to be included in the education technology
strategic plan pursuant to this section shall apply to public
education, higher education or both, as appropriate. The
determination of whether the strategy applies to public education, higher education or both shall be made by the education

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108 technology strategic plan advisory committee, the state board109 and the higher education policy commission.

(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to conflictwith a state higher education institution's mission as set forthin its compact.

# §18-2J-5. State board and higher education policy commission approval and adoption.

1 On or before the first day of November, two thousand four, 2 and each year thereafter, the education technology strategic 3 plan advisory committee shall submit the education technology 4 strategic plan to the state board and the higher education policy commission for approval and adoption. This time line also shall 5 be in accordance with the federal E-rate discount program. If 6 the state board, the higher education policy commission or both 7 8 do not approve and adopt the plan, the state board, the higher 9 education policy commission and the education technology strategic plan advisory committee shall collaborate in address-10 11 ing any objection, agree to a plan and then formally approve and adopt the plan agreed to. The procedure for collaboration 12 13 shall be determined through agreement of the state board, the higher education policy commission and the education technol-14 ogy strategic plan advisory committee. The plan shall become 15 effective the school year following the time of approval and 16 17 adoption by both the state board and the higher education policy 18 commission.

# §18-2J-6. Allocation and expenditure of appropriations.

- 1 (a) The state board, regional education service agencies, the
- 2 higher education policy commission and the state institutions of
- 3 higher education shall allocate and expend appropriations for
- 4 technology in the public schools or the state institutions of

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5 higher education, as appropriate, in accordance with the 6 education technology strategic plan except that expenditures from grants which can only be used for certain purposes are not 7 subject to this requirement. For public education, the expendi-8 tures shall be made directly, or through lease-purchase arrange-9 10 ments pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter five-a 11 of this code, or through contractual agreements or grants to 12 county boards and regional education service agencies or any 13 combination of the foregoing options as shall best implement 14 the strategic plan in the most cost effective manner.

(b) Nothing in this section requires any specific level ofappropriation by the Legislature.

# §18-2J-7. Report to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability.

1 The state board and the higher education policy commis-2 sion shall report to the legislative oversight commission on 3 education accountability annually as soon as practical following 4 the annual adoption and approval of the education technology 5 strategic plan. Additionally, as soon as practical following the 6 annual adoption and approval of the education technology 7 strategic plan, the state board and the higher education policy 8 commission shall submit copies of the report to the joint 9 committee on government and finance. The report shall 10 summarize the expenditures and other related activities under-11 taken to achieve the objectives of the plan during the past fiscal 12 year, all modifications made in the updated education technol-13 ogy strategic plan and any other matters considered important by the state board and the higher education policy commission 14 15 to inform the Legislature on the state of education technology 16 in the public schools and the institutions of higher education.

# **CHAPTER 98**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4271 — By Delegates Foster, Palumbo, Hatfield and laquinta)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-5-22b, relating to permitting public and private school students to self-administer asthma medication when certain conditions are met; providing for revocation of permission; limiting liability for injury; providing certain definitions; and providing for state board rule.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-5-22b, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

# §18-5-22b. Providing for self-administration of asthma medication; definitions; conditions; indemnity from liability; rules.

- 1 (a) For the purposes of this section, the following words
- 2 have the meanings specified unless the context clearly indicates
- 3 a different meaning:
- 4 (1) "Medication" means asthma medicine, prescribed by:
- 5 (A) A physician licensed to practice medicine in all its 6 branches; or

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7 (B) A physician assistant who has been delegated the 8 authority to prescribe asthma medications by a supervising 9 physician; or

(C) An advanced practice registered nurse who has a
written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician.
Such agreement shall delegate the authority to prescribe the
medications for a student that pertain to the student's asthma
and that have an individual prescription label.

(2) "Self-administration" or "self-administer" means astudent's discretionary use of prescribed asthma medication.

(b) A student enrolled in a public, private, parochial or
denominational school located within this state may possess and
self-administer asthma medication subject to the following
conditions:

(1) The parents or guardians of the student have providedto the school:

(A) A written authorization for the self-administration ofasthma medication; and

(B) A written statement from the physician or advanced
practice registered nurse which contains the name, purpose,
appropriate usage and dosage of the student's medication and
the time or times at which, or the special circumstances under
which, the medication is to be administered;

30 (2) The student has demonstrated the ability and under-31 standing to self-administer asthma medication by:

(A) Passing an assessment by the school nurse evaluating
the student's technique of self-administration and level of
understanding of the appropriate use of the asthma medication;
or

(B) In the case of nonpublic schools that do not have a
school nurse, providing to the school from the student's
physician or advanced practice registered nurse written verification that the student has passed such an assessment; and

40 (3) The parents or guardians of the student have acknowl-41 edged in writing that they have read and understand a notice

42 provided by the county board or nonpublic school that:

(A) The school, county school board or nonpublic school
and its employees and agents are exempt from any liability,
except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury
arising from the self-administration of asthma medication by
the student; and

(B) The parents or guardians indemnify and hold harmless
the school, the county board of education or nonpublic school
and its employees or guardians and agents against any claims
arising out of the self-administration of the medication by the
student.

53 (c) The information provided to the school pursuant to 54 subsection (b) of this section shall be kept on file in the office 55 of the school nurse or, in the absence of a school nurse, in the 56 office of the school administrator.

(d) Permission for a student to self-administer asthma
medication is effective for the school year for which it is
granted and shall be renewed each subsequent school year if the
requirements of this section are met.

61 (e) Permission to self-administer medication may be 62 revoked if the administrative head of the school finds that the 63 student's technique of self-administration and understanding of 64 the use of the asthma medication is not appropriate or is 65 willfully disregarded.

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66 67	(f) A student with asthma who has met the requirements of this section may possess and use asthma medication:	f
68	(1) In school;	
69	(2) At a school-sponsored activity;	
70	(3) Under the supervision of school personnel; or	
71 72	(4) Before or after normal school activities, such as befor school or after school care on school operated property.	e
73 74	(g) The state board shall promulgate rules necessary t effectuate the provisions of this section in accordance with th	

75 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

# CHAPTER 99

(H. B. 4737 — By Delegates Romine, Poling, Stemple, Williams, Renner, Fragale and Paxton)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-7A-14b of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to providing options for members of teachers retirement to make contributions for periods of temporary total disability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-7A-14b of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

# §18-7A-14b. Members' option to make contributions for periods of temporary total disability.

Any member who was absent from work while receiving 1 temporary total disability benefits pursuant to the provisions of 2 chapter twenty-three of this code as a result of a compensable 3 injury received in the course of and as a result of his or her 4 employment with the covered employer, may purchase credited 5 service for that time period or those time periods the member 6 was absent from work as a result of a compensable injury and 7 receiving temporary total disability benefits: Provided, That the 8 member returned to work with his or her covered employer 9 within one year following the cessation of temporary total 10 disability benefits. The member desiring to purchase such 11 credited service may do so only by lump sum payment from 12 personal funds within two years of the end of the disability 13 period for which credit is sought to be purchased: Provided, 14 however, That in order to purchase such service credit, the 15 member shall pay to the board his or her regular contribution 16 and an equal amount that represents the employer's contribu-17 tion, based on the salary the member was receiving immediately 18 prior to having sustained such compensable injury: Provided 19 further, That the member purchasing service credit under the 20provisions of this section may not be charged interest. The 21 maximum number of years of service credit that may be 22 purchased under this section shall not exceed two: And provided 23 further, That each year purchased under this section shall count 24 as a year of experience for purposes of the increment set forth 25 in section two or section eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a 26 of this code, as applicable. 27



# CHAPTER 100

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2268 — By Delegates Susman, Poling, Perry, Beach, Renner, Hartman and Tabb)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-7A-38 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §18A-2-3 of said code; and to amend and reenact §18C-4-2 of said code, all relating to the maximum number of days a retired teacher may accept employment; the employment of retired teachers in areas of critical need and shortage; defining area of critical need and shortage; adding conditions for expanding use of retired teachers to provide service as substitute teachers in areas of critical need and shortage; requiring certain vacancies to continue to be posted; providing for future expiration of provisions; providing priority for certain applicants for the Underwood-Smith scholarships; and technical amendments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-7A-38 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §18A-2-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that §18C-4-2 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.
- 18C. Student Loans; Scholarships and State Aid.

# **CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.**

#### ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

# §18-7A-38. Maximum number of days a retired teacher may accept employment; calculating days worked for retirants engaged in substitute teaching.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

2 (1) The consolidated public retirement board has deter3 mined that retired substitute teachers should not perform
4 substitute teaching without limit;

5 (2) The consolidated public retirement board has estab-6 lished, by rule, a maximum number of days in which a retired 7 teacher may accept employment prior to having his or her 8 retirement benefit reduced; and

9 (3) There have been inconsistencies in the manner in which 10 county boards calculate the maximum number of days estab-11 lished by rule.

12 (b) The consolidated public retirement board may not set 13 forth in rule a maximum number of days in which a retired 14 teacher may accept employment prior to having his or her 15 retirement benefit reduced that is less than one hundred forty 16 days.

17 (c) For the purpose of calculating whether a retired substi-18 tute teacher has exceeded the maximum number of days in 19 which a substitute teacher may accept employment without 20 incurring a reduction in his or her retirement benefit, the 21 number of days worked shall be determined by:

22 (1) Totaling the number of hours worked; and

(2) Dividing by the standard number of hours that a full-time teacher works per day.

# **CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.**

## **ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.**

# §18A-2-3. Employment of substitute teachers and retired teachers as substitutes in areas of critical need and shortage; employment of prospective employable professional personnel.

(a) The county superintendent, subject to approval of the 1 2 county board, may employ and assign substitute teachers to any 3 of the following duties: (1) To fill the temporary absence of any 4 teacher or an unexpired school term made vacant by resigna-5 tion, death, suspension or dismissal; (2) to fill a teaching 6 position of a regular teacher on leave of absence; and (3) to 7 perform the instructional services of any teacher who is 8 authorized by law to be absent from class without loss of pay, 9 providing the absence is approved by the board of education in 10 accordance with the law. The substitute shall be a duly certified 11 teacher.

12 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the 13 contrary, a substitute teacher who has been assigned as a 14 classroom teacher in the same classroom continuously for more 15 than one half of a grading period and whose assignment 16 remains in effect two weeks prior to the end of the grading 17 period, shall remain in the assignment until the grading period 18 has ended, unless the principal of the school certifies that the 19 regularly employed teacher has communicated with and 20 assisted the substitute with the preparation of lesson plans and monitoring student progress or has been approved to return to 21 22 work by his or her physician. For the purposes of this section, 23 teacher and substitute teacher, in the singular or plural, mean 24 professional educator as defined in section one, article one, of 25 this chapter.

(c)(1) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that due to
a shortage of qualified substitute teachers, a compelling state
interest exists in expanding the use of retired teachers to

29 provide service as substitute teachers in areas of critical need 30 and shortage. The Legislature further finds that diverse circumstances exist among the counties for the expanded use of retired 31 32 teachers as substitutes. For the purposes of this subsection, "area of critical need and shortage" means an area of certifica-33 34 tion and training in which the number of available substitute 35 teachers in the county who hold certification and training in that 36 area and who are not retired is insufficient to meet the projected 37 need for substitute teachers.

(2) A person receiving retirement benefits under the
provisions of article seven-a of this chapter or who is entitled to
retirement benefits during the fiscal year in which that person
retired may accept employment as a substitute teacher for an
unlimited number of days each fiscal year without affecting the
monthly retirement benefit to which the retirant is otherwise
entitled if the following conditions are satisfied:

45 (A) The county board adopts a policy recommended by the46 superintendent to address areas of critical need and shortage;

(B) The policy sets forth the areas of critical need and
shortage in the county in accordance with the definition of area
of critical need and shortage set forth in subdivision (1) of this
subsection;

51 (C) The policy provides for the employment of retired 52 teachers as substitute teachers during the school year on an 53 expanded basis in areas of critical need and shortage as pro-54 vided in this subsection;

55 (D) The policy provides that a retired teacher may be 56 employed as a substitute teacher in an area of critical need and 57 shortage on an expanded basis as provided in this subsection 58 only when no other teacher who holds certification and training 59 in the area and who is not retired is available and accepts the 60 substitute assignment;

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61 (E) The policy is effective for one school year only and is62 subject to annual renewal by the county board;

(F) The state board approves the policy and the use of
retired teachers as substitute teachers on an expanded basis in
areas of critical need and shortage as provided in this subsection; and

67 (G) Prior to employment of a substitute teacher beyond the 68 post-retirement employment limitations established by the consolidated public retirement board, the superintendent of the 69 70 affected county submits to the consolidated public retirement 71 board, in a form approved by the retirement board, an affidavit 72 signed by the superintendent stating the name of the county, the 73 fact that the county has adopted a policy to employ retired 74 teachers as substitutes to address areas of critical need and 75 shortage and the name or names of the person or persons to be 76 employed pursuant to the policy.

(3) Any person who retires and begins work as a substitute
teacher within the same employment term shall lose those
retirement benefits attributed to the annuity reserve, effective
from the first day of employment as a retiree substitute in that
employment term and ending with the month following the date
the retiree ceases to perform service as a substitute.

(4) Retired teachers employed to perform expanded
substitute service pursuant to this subsection are considered
day-to-day, temporary, part-time employees. The substitutes are
not eligible for additional pension or other benefits paid to
regularly employed employees and shall not accrue seniority.

(5) When a retired teacher is employed as a substitute to fill
a vacant position, the county board shall continue to post the
vacant position until it is filled with a regularly employed
teacher.

92 (6) Until this subsection is expired pursuant to subdivision 93 (7) of this subsection, the state board, annually, shall report to 94 the joint committee on government and finance prior to the first 95 day of February of each year. Additionally, a copy shall be 96 provided to the legislative oversight commission on education 97 accountability. The report shall contain information indicating 98 the effectiveness of the provisions of this subsection on 99 expanding the use of retired substitute teachers to address areas 100 of critical need and shortage.

101 (7) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on the102 thirtieth day of June, two thousand six.

(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
the contrary, each year a county superintendent may employ
prospective employable professional personnel on a reserve list
at the county level subject to the following conditions:

107 (A) The county board adopts a policy to address areas of
108 critical need and shortage as identified by the state board. The
109 policy shall include authorization to employ prospective
110 employable professional personnel;

(B) The county board posts a notice of the areas of critical
need and shortage in the county in a conspicuous place in each
school for at least ten working days; and

(C) There are not any potentially qualified applicantsavailable and willing to fill the position.

(2) Prospective employable professional personnel may
only be employed from candidates at a job fair who have or will
graduate from college in the current school year or whose
employment contract with a county board has or will be
terminated due to a reduction in force in the current fiscal year.

121 (3) Prospective employable professional personnel em-122 ployed are limited to three full-time prospective employable

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123 professional personnel per one hundred professional personnel

124 employed in a county or twenty-five full-time prospective125 employable professional personnel in a county, whichever is126 less.

(4) Prospective employable professional personnel shall be
granted benefits at a cost to the county board and as a condition
of the employment contract as approved by the county board.

(5) Regular employment status for prospective employable
professional personnel may be obtained only in accordance with
the provisions of section seven-a, article four of this chapter.

(e) The state board annually shall review the status of
employing personnel under the provisions of subsection (d) of
this section and annually shall report to the legislative oversight
commission on education accountability on or before the first
day of November of each year. The report shall include, but not
be limited to, the following:

- 139 (A) The counties that participated in the program;
- 140 (B) The number of personnel hired;
- 141 (C) The teaching fields in which personnel were hired;
- 142 (D) The venue from which personnel were employed;
- 143 (E) The place of residency of the individual hired; and
- (F) The state board's recommendations on the prospectiveemployable professional personnel program.

# CHAPTER 18C. STUDENT LOANS; SCHOLARSHIPS AND STATE AID.

ARTICLE 4. UNDERWOOD-SMITH TEACHER SCHOLARSHIP PRO-GRAM.

§18C-4-2. Selection criteria and procedures.

1 (a) The governor shall designate an existing scholarship 2 selection agency or panel to select the recipients of Under-3 wood-Smith teacher scholarships who meet the eligibility 4 criteria set forth in subsection (b) of this section. If no such 5 agency or panel exists, the governor shall appoint a scholarship 6 selection panel for this purpose which shall consist of seven 7 persons representative of public school administrators, teachers, 8 including preschool teachers, and parents.

9 (b) Eligibility for an Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship10 award shall be limited to West Virginia resident students who:

(1) Have graduated or are graduating from high school and
rank in the top ten percent of their graduating class or the top
ten percent statewide of those West Virginia students taking the
American college test;

(2) Have a cumulative grade point average of at least three
and twenty-five one hundredths on a possible scale of four after
successfully completing two years of course work at an
approved institution of higher education;

(3) Are public school aides or paraprofessionals as defined
in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code and
who have a cumulative grade point average of at least three and
twenty-five one hundredths on a possible scale of four after
successfully completing two years of course work at an
approved institution of higher education; or

(4) Are graduate students at the master's degree level who
have graduated or are graduating in the top ten percent of their
college graduating class.

(c) In accordance with the rules of the commission, the vice
chancellor for administration shall develop criteria and procedures for the selection of scholarship recipients that reflect the

31 purposes of this article and the areas in which particular efforts

32 will be made in the selection of scholars as set forth in section 33 one of this article and which also may include, but not be 34 limited to, the grade point average of the applicant, involvement 35 in extracurricular activities, financial need, current academic 36 standing and an expression of interest in teaching as expressed 37 in an essay written by the applicant. Such criteria and procedures further may require the applicant to furnish letters of 38 39 recommendation from teachers and others. It is the intent of the Legislature that academic abilities be the primary criteria for 40 selecting scholarship recipients: Provided, That the qualified 41 42 applicants with the highest academic abilities who intend to 43 pursue teaching careers in areas of critical need and shortage as 44 determined by the state board of education shall be given 45 priority.

46 (d) In developing the selection criteria and procedures to be used by the panel, the vice chancellor for administration shall 47 48 solicit the views of public and private education agencies and 49 institutions and other interested parties. These views: (1) Shall 50 be solicited by means of written and published selection criteria 51 and procedures in final form for implementation; and (2) may 52 be solicited by means of public hearings on the present and projected teacher needs of the state or any other methods the 53 54 vice chancellor for administration may determine to be appro-55 priate to gather the information.

56 (e) The vice chancellor for administration shall make application forms for Underwood-Smith teacher scholarships 57 58 available to public and private high schools in the state and in other locations convenient to applicants, parents and others, and 59 60 shall make an effort to attract students from low-income 61 backgrounds, ethnic or racial minority students, students with 62 disabilities, and women or minority students who show interest in pursuing teaching careers in mathematics and science and 63 64 who are underrepresented in those fields.

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# CHAPTER 101

(H. B. 4478 — By Delegates Kuhn, Renner, Canterbury, Beach, Tabb, Poling and Hamilton)

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-9-3a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to lengthening the time period within which county boards are required to publish a year-end financial statement; and increasing the threshold dollar amount paid to persons, firms and corporations that must be revealed in the statement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-9-3a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 9. SCHOOL FINANCES.**

# §18-9-3a. Preparation, publication and disposition of financial statements by county boards of education.

1 The county board of every county, within ninety days after the beginning of each fiscal year, shall prepare on a form to be 2 prescribed by the state tax commissioner and the state superin-3 4 tendent of free schools, and cause to be published a statement revealing: (a) The receipts and expenditures of the board during 5 the previous fiscal year arranged under descriptive headings; (b) 6 7 the name of each firm, corporation, and person who received 8 more than two hundred fifty dollars in the aggregate from all funds during the previous fiscal year, together with the aggre-9 gate amount received from all funds and the purpose for which 10

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11 paid: Provided, That such statement shall not include the name 12 of any person who has entered into a contract with this board 13 pursuant to the provisions of sections two, three, four and five, 14 article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code; and (c) all debts of 15 the board, the purpose for which each debt was contracted, its 16 due date, and to what date the interest thereon has been paid. Such statement shall be published as a Class I-0 legal advertise-17 18 ment in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 19 fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such 20 publication shall be the county. The county board shall pay the 21 cost of publishing such statement from the maintenance fund of 22 the board.

As soon as is practicable following the close of the fiscal year, a copy of the published statement herein required shall be filed by the county board with the state tax commissioner and with the state superintendent of free schools.

27 The county board shall transmit to any resident of the 28 county requesting the same a copy of the published statement for the fiscal year designated, supplemented by a list of the 29 30 names of all school personnel employed by the board during 31 such fiscal year showing the amount paid to each, and a list of 32 the names of each firm, corporation, and person who received 33 less than five hundred dollars from any fund during such fiscal year showing the amount paid to each and the purpose for 34 35 which paid.



# CHAPTER 102

(H. B. 4601 — By Delegates Mezzatesta, Williams, Tabb, Renner, Swartzmiller, Kuhn and Hartman)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-9A-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §18-9D-2, §18-9D-6, §18-9D-8, §18-9D-15 and §18-9D-16 of said code, all relating to public education; suspending basic foundation allocation for bus replacement and providing allocation for academic trips for one school year; school building authority; redefining certain terms; correcting references; allowing expenditure of certain moneys for vocational programs at comprehensive high schools and vocational schools cooperating with community and technical college programs; encouraging cooperation relating to vocational technical facilities; authorizing appropriation of up to certain amount of school construction funds for budget purposes for next school year only; providing that excess lottery revenues not be transferred to school construction fund for the next school year only, with funds made available for legislative appropriation; project submission and evaluation; requiring facilities plan as condition of receiving funds; providing for certain guidelines and procedures by authority for plans, plan modifications and evaluating projects; clarifying that certain revenues can only be expended on projects authorized in accordance with the guidelines and procedures section; and providing for certified list of projects to joint committee.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-9A-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §18-9D-2, §18-9D-6, §18-9D-8, §18-9D-15 and §18-9D-16 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

9A. Public School Support.

9D. School Building Authority.

## ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

#### **§18-9A-7.** Foundation allowance for transportation cost.

- 1 The allowance in the foundation school program for each
- 2 county for transportation shall be the sum of the following
- 3 computations:

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4 (1) Eighty-five percent of the transportation cost within 5 each high-density county and ninety percent of the transporta-6 tion cost within each low-density county for maintenance, 7 operation and related costs, exclusive of all salaries: Provided, 8 That for any county that uses an alternative fuel such as 9 compressed natural gas or other acceptable alternative fuel for 10 the operation of all or any portion of its school bus system, the 11 allowance in the foundation school program for the county for 12 that portion of its school bus system shall be ninety-five percent of the transportation cost for maintenance, operation and related 13 costs, exclusive of all salaries, incurred by the use of the 14 15 alternatively fueled school buses: Provided, however, That any county using an alternative fuel and qualifying for the addi-16 17 tional allowance shall submit a plan regarding the intended 18 future use of alternatively fueled school buses;

(2) The total cost, within each county, of insurance premiums on buses, buildings and equipment used in transportation: *Provided*, That the premiums were procured through competitive bidding;

23 (3) An amount equal to eight and one-third percent of the 24 current replacement value of the bus fleet within each county as 25 determined by the state board. The amount shall only be used 26 for the replacement of buses. Buses purchased after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, that are driven 27 28 one hundred eighty thousand miles, regardless of year model, 29 will be subject to the replacement value of eight and one-third 30 percent as determined by the state board: Provided, That for the 31 school year beginning on the first day of July, two thousand 32 four, only, the allowance in the foundation school program for 33 each county for transportation shall not include an amount for 34 the replacement of buses. In addition, in any school year in 35 which its net enrollment increases when compared to the net 36 enrollment the year immediately preceding, a school district 37 may apply to the state superintendent for funding for an 38 additional bus. The state superintendent shall make a decision

39 regarding each application based upon an analysis of the 40 individual school district's net enrollment history and transpor-41 tation needs: Provided, however, That the superintendent shall 42 not consider any application which fails to document that the 43 county has applied for federal funding for additional buses. If 44 the state superintendent finds that a need exists, a request for 45 funding shall be included in the budget request submitted by the 46 state board for the upcoming fiscal year;

47 (4) Eighty-five percent of the cost of contracted transporta48 tion services and public utility transportation within each high49 density county and ninety percent of the cost of contracted
50 transportation services and public utility transportation within
51 each low-density county;

(5) Aid in lieu of transportation equal to the state average
amount per pupil for each pupil receiving the aid within each
county; and

55 (6) Ninety-five percent of the transportation cost for 56 maintenance, operation and related costs, exclusive of all 57 salaries, for transporting students to and from classes at a 58 multicounty vocational center.

59 The total state share for this purpose shall be the sum of the 60 county shares: Provided, That no county shall receive an 61 allowance which is greater than one-third above the computed 62 state average allowance per transportation mile multiplied by 63 the total transportation mileage in the county: Provided, however, That one half of one percent of the transportation 64 65 allowance distributed to each county shall be for the purpose of trips related to academic classroom curriculum and not related 66 to any extracurricular activity: Provided further, That for the 67 68 school year beginning on the first day of July, two thousand four, only the transportation allowance of each county shall 69 70 include an allocation for the purpose of trips related to aca-71 demic classroom curriculum and not related to any extracurric-

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72 ular activity. The allocation shall equal the amount distributed

73 to the county for this purpose in the school year beginning on

74 the first day of July, two thousand three: And provided further,

- 75 That any remaining funds credited to a county for the purpose
- 76 of trips related to academic classroom curriculum during the
- 77 fiscal year shall be carried over for use in the same manner the
- 78 next fiscal year and shall be separate and apart from, and in
- 79 addition to, the appropriation for the next fiscal year: And
- 80 provided further, That the state board may request a county to
- 81 document the use of funds for trips related to academic class-
- 82 room curriculum if the board determines that it is necessary.

# ARTICLE 9D. SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY.

- §18-9D-2. Definitions.
- §18-9D-6. School building capital improvements fund in state treasury; school construction fund in state treasury; school building debt service fund in state treasury; school improvement fund in state treasury; collections to be paid into special funds; authority to pledge the collections as security for refunding revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis.
- §18-9D-8. Use of proceeds of bonds; bonds exempt from taxation.
- §18-9D-15. Legislative intent; allocation of money among categories of projects; lease purchase options; limitation on time period for expenditure of project allocation; county maintenance budget requirements; project disbursements over period of years; preference for multicounty arrangements; submission of project designs; set-aside to encourage local participation; etc.
- §18-9D-16. Authority to establish guidelines and procedures for facilities and major improvement plans; guidelines for modifications and updates, etc.; guidelines for project evaluation; submission of certified list of projects to be funded; department on-site inspection of facilities; enforcement of required changes or additions to project plans.

# §18-9D-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following terms, wherever used or referred to in this 2 article, have the following meanings unless a different meaning
- 3 clearly appears from the context:
- 4 (1) "Authority" means the school building authority of 5 West Virginia or, if the authority is abolished, any board or

6 officer succeeding to the principal functions of the school

- 7 building authority or to whom the powers given to the authority
- 8 are given by law;

9 (2) "Bonds" means bonds issued by the authority pursuant 10 to this article;

11 (3) "Construction project" means a project in the furtherance of a facilities plan with a cost of the project greater than 12 13 five hundred thousand dollars for the new construction, 14 expansion or major renovation of facilities, buildings and structures for school purposes, including the acquisition of land 15 for current or future use in connection with the construction 16 17 project, as well as new or substantial upgrading of existing equipment, machinery, furnishings, installation of utilities and 18 19 other similar items convenient in connection with placing the 20 construction project into operation: *Provided*, That a construc-21 tion project may not include such items as books, computers or equipment used for instructional purposes, fuel, supplies, 22 routine utility services fees, routine maintenance costs, ordinary 23 24 course of business improvements and other items which are 25 customarily considered to result in a current or ordinary course of business operating charge: Provided, however, That a 26 27 construction project may not include a major improvement 28 project;

29 (4) "Cost of project" means the cost of construction, expansion, renovation, repair and safety upgrading of facilities, 30 buildings and structures for school purposes; the cost of land, 31 32 equipment, machinery, furnishings, installation of utilities and 33 other similar items convenient in connection with placing the project into operation; and the cost of financing, interest during 34 construction, professional service fees and all other charges or 35 expenses necessary, appurtenant or incidental to the foregoing, 36 37 including the cost of administration of this article;

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38 (5) "Facilities plan" means a ten-year countywide compre-39 hensive educational facilities plan established by the county board in accordance with guidelines adopted by the authority to 40 41 meet the goals and objectives of this article that: (i) Addresses 42 the existing school facilities and facility needs of the county to 43 provide a thorough and efficient education in accordance with 44 the provisions of this code and policies of the state board; (ii) 45 best serves the needs of the individual student, the general 46 school population and the communities served by the facilities: 47 (iii) includes a school major improvement plan as defined in 48 this section; (iv) is updated annually to reflect projects com-49 pleted, current enrollment projections and new or continuing 50 needs; and (v) is approved by the state board and the authority prior to the distribution of state funds pursuant to this article to 51 any county board or other entity applying for funds; 52

53 (6) "Project" means a construction project or a major54 improvement project;

55 (7) "Region" means the area encompassed within and 56 serviced by a regional educational service agency established 57 pursuant to section twenty-six, article two of this chapter;

58 (8) "Revenue" or "revenues" means moneys deposited in 59 the school building capital improvements fund pursuant to the 60 operation of section ten, article nine-a of this chapter; moneys 61 deposited in the school construction fund pursuant to the 62 operation of section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code and pursuant to the operation of section eighteen, article 63 64 twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code; moneys deposited 65 in the school building debt service fund pursuant to section 66 eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code; 67 moneys deposited in the school major improvement fund 68 pursuant to the operation of section thirty, article fifteen, 69 chapter eleven of this code; any moneys received, directly or indirectly, from any source for use in any project completed 70

pursuant to this article; and any other moneys received by theauthority for the purposes of this article;

73 (9) "School major improvement plan" means a ten-year school maintenance plan that: (i) Is prepared by a county board 74 75 of education in accordance with the guidelines established by 76 the authority and incorporated in its countywide comprehensive educational facilities plan or is prepared by the state board of 77 78 education or the administrative council of an area vocational 79 educational center in accordance with the guidelines if the 80 entities seek funding from the authority for a major improve-81 ment project; (ii) addresses the regularly scheduled mainte-82 nance for all school facilities of the county or under the jurisdiction of the entity seeking funding; (iii) includes a 83 84 projected repair and replacement schedule for all school facilities of the county or of entity seeking funding; (iv) 85 addresses the major improvement needs of each school within 86 87 the county or under the jurisdiction of the entity seeking 88 funding; and (v) is required prior to the distribution of state funds for a major improvement project pursuant to this article 89 90 to the county board, state board or administrative council; and

91 (10) "School major improvement project" means a project 92 with a cost greater than fifty thousand dollars and less than five 93 hundred thousand dollars for the renovation, expansion, repair and safety upgrading of existing school facilities, buildings and 94 95 structures, including the substantial repair or upgrading of 96 equipment, machinery, building systems, utilities and other 97 similar items convenient in connection with such renovation. repair or upgrading in the furtherance of a school major 98 99 improvement plan: Provided, That a major improvement project 100 may not include such items as books, computers or equipment 101 used for instructional purposes, fuel, supplies, routine utility 102 services fees, routine maintenance costs, ordinary course of 103 business improvements and other items which are customarily

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104 considered to result in a current or ordinary course of business

105 operating charge.

§18-9D-6. School building capital improvements fund in state treasury; school construction fund in state treasury; school building debt service fund in state treasury; school improvement fund in state treasury; collections to be paid into special funds; authority to pledge the collections as security for refunding revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis.

1 (a) There is continued in the state treasury a school building 2 capital improvements fund to be expended by the authority as 3 provided in this article. The school building capital improve-4 ments fund shall be an interest-bearing account with interest 5 credited to and deposited in the school building capital im-6 provements fund and expended in accordance with the provi-7 sions of this article.

8 The school building authority may pledge all or any part of the revenues paid into the school building capital improvements 9 fund that are needed to meet the requirements of any revenue 10 bond issue or issues authorized by this article prior to the 11 12 twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, 13 or revenue bonds issued to refund revenue bonds issued prior to 14 that date, including the payment of principal of, interest and 15 redemption premium, if any, on the revenue bonds and the 16 establishing and maintaining of a reserve fund or funds for the 17 payment of the principal of, interest and redemption premium, 18 if any, on the revenue bond issue or issues when other moneys 19 pledged may be insufficient for the payment of the principal, 20 interest and redemption premium, including any additional protective pledge of revenues that the authority in its discretion 21 22 has provided by resolution authorizing the issuance of the 23 bonds or in any trust agreement made in connection with the 24 bond issue. Additionally, the authority may provide in the

resolution and in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the school building capital improvements fund that are necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this article.

30 Any balance remaining in the school building capital 31 improvements fund after the authority has issued bonds 32 authorized by this article and after the requirements of all funds, 33 including reserve funds established in connection with the 34 bonds issued prior to the twentieth day of July, one thousand 35 nine hundred ninety-three, pursuant to this article have been 36 satisfied may be used for the redemption of any of the outstand-37 ing bonds issued under this article which by their terms are then 38 redeemable, or for the purchase of the bonds at the market 39 price, but not exceeding the price, if any, at which the bonds are 40 in the same year redeemable and all bonds redeemed or 41 purchased shall immediately be canceled and shall not again be 42 issued.

43 The school building authority, in its discretion, may use the moneys in the school building capital improvements fund to 44 45 finance the cost of projects authorized in accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article on a cash basis. Any 46 47 pledge of moneys in the fund for revenue bonds issued prior to 48 the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 49 ninety-three, is a prior and superior charge on the fund over the 50 use of any of the moneys in the fund to pay for the cost of any 51 project on a cash basis: *Provided*, That any expenditures from 52 the fund, other than for the retirement of revenue bonds, may only be made by the authority in accordance with the provisions 53 54 of this article.

(b) There is continued in the state treasury a special revenue
fund named the school building debt service fund into which
shall be deposited the amounts specified in section eighteen,

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58 article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code. All 59 amounts deposited in the fund shall be pledged to the repay-60 ment of the principal, interest and redemption premium, if any, 61 on any revenue bonds or refunding revenue bonds authorized by 62 this article: Provided, That deposited moneys may not be 63 pledged to the repayment of any revenue bonds issued prior to 64 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, 65 or with respect to revenue bonds issued for the purpose of 66 refunding revenue bonds issued prior to the first day of January, 67 one thousand nine hundred ninety-four. Additionally, the 68 authority may provide in the resolution and in the trust agree-69 ment for priorities on the revenues paid into the school building 70 debt service fund that are necessary for the protection of the 71 prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times 72 under the provisions of this article. On or prior to the first day 73 of May of each year, the authority shall certify to the state 74 lottery director the principal and interest and coverage ratio 75 requirements for the following fiscal year on any revenue bonds issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine 76 77 hundred ninety-four, and for which moneys deposited in the 78 school building debt service fund have been pledged, or will be 79 pledged, for repayment pursuant to this section.

80 After the authority has issued bonds authorized by this 81 article and after the requirements of all funds have been 82 satisfied, including coverage and reserve funds established in 83 connection with the bonds issued pursuant to this article, any 84 balance remaining in the school building debt service fund may be used for the redemption of any of the outstanding bonds 85 86 issued under this article which, by their terms, are then redeem-87 able or for the purchase of the outstanding bonds at the market 88 price, but not to exceed the price, if any, at which the bonds are 89 redeemable and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall be 90 immediately canceled and shall not again be issued: Provided, 91 That after the authority has issued bonds authorized by this 92 article and after the requirements of debt service and all

93 associated funds have been satisfied for the fiscal year, includ-94 ing coverage and reserve funds established in connection with 95 the bonds issued pursuant to this article, any remaining balance 96 in the school building debt service fund may be transferred to 97 the school construction fund created in subsection (c) of this 98 section and used by the school building authority in its discre-99 tion to finance the cost of school construction or improvement 100 projects authorized in accordance with the provisions of section 101 sixteen of this article on a cash basis.

102 (c) There is continued in the state treasury a special revenue fund named the school construction fund into which shall be 103 104 deposited the amounts specified in section thirty, article fifteen, 105 chapter eleven of this code and section eighteen-a, article 106 twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, together with any 107 moneys appropriated to the fund by the Legislature: Provided, 108 That for the school year beginning the first day of July, two 109 thousand and four, only, funds from the excess lottery allocated 110 in section eighteen-a, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine 111 of this code shall not be transferred to the school construction 112 fund and, in lieu thereof, made available for legislative appro-113 priation: Provided, however, That for the school year beginning 114 the first day of July, two thousand and four, only, up to five 115 million dollars of the amounts in the fund may be appropriated 116 by the Legislature for budget shortfalls. Expenditures from the 117 school construction fund shall be for the purposes set forth in 118 this article, including lease-purchase payments under agree-119 ments made pursuant to subsection (e), section fifteen of this 120 article and section nine, article five of this chapter and are 121 authorized from collections in accordance with the provisions 122 of article three, chapter twelve of this code and from other 123 revenues annually appropriated by the Legislature from lottery 124 revenues as authorized by section eighteen, article twenty-two, 125 chapter twenty-nine of this code pursuant to the provisions set 126 forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code. Amounts 127 collected which are found, from time to time, to exceed the

128 funds needed for purposes set forth in this article may be 129 transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other 130 purposes by appropriation of the Legislature. The school 131 construction fund shall be an interest-bearing account, with the 132 interest credited to and deposited in the school construction 133 fund and expended in accordance with the provisions of this 134 article. Deposits to and expenditures from the school construc-135 tion fund are subject to the provisions of subsection (k), section 136 fifteen of this article.

137 (d) There is continued in the state treasury a special revenue 138 fund named the school major improvement fund into which 139 shall be deposited the amounts specified in section thirty, article 140 fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, together with any moneys 141 appropriated to the fund by the Legislature. Expenditures from 142 the school major improvement fund shall be for the purposes set 143 forth in this article and are authorized from collections in 144 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve 145 of this code and from other revenues annually appropriated by 146 the Legislature from lottery revenues as authorized by section 147 eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code 148 pursuant to the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a 149 of this code. Amounts collected which are found, from time to 150 time, to exceed the funds needed for purposes set forth in this 151 article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and 152 redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legisla-153 ture. The school major improvement fund shall be an interest-154 bearing account, with interest being credited to and deposited 155 in the school major improvement fund and expended in 156 accordance with the provisions of this article.

(e) The Legislature finds and declares that the Supreme
Court of Appeals of West Virginia has held that the issuance of
additional revenue bonds authorized under the school building
authority act, as enacted in this article prior to the twentieth day
of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, constituted an

162 indebtedness of the state in violation of section four, article X 163 of the Constitution of West Virginia, but that revenue bonds 164 issued under this article prior to the twentieth day of July, one 165 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, are not invalid. The 166 Legislature further finds and declares that the financial capacity 167 of a county to construct, lease and improve school facilities 168 depends upon the county's bonding capacity (local property 169 wealth), voter willingness to pass bond issues and the county's 170 ability to reallocate other available county funds instead of 171 criteria related to educational needs or upon the ability of the 172 school building authority created in this article to issue bonds 173 that comply with the holding of the West Virginia Supreme 174 Court of Appeals or otherwise assist counties with the financing 175 of facilities construction and improvement. The Legislature 176 further finds and declares that this section, as well as section 177 eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, 178 have been reenacted during the first extraordinary session of the 179 West Virginia Legislature in the year one thousand nine 180 hundred ninety-four in an attempt to comply with the holding 181 of the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia.

182 The Legislature further finds and declares that it intends, 183 through the reenactment of this section and section eighteen, 184 article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, to dedicate 185 a source of state revenues to special revenue funds for the 186 purposes of paying the debt service on bonds and refunding 187 bonds issued subsequent to the first day of January, one 188 thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the proceeds of which will 189 be used for the construction and improvement of school 190 building facilities. The Legislature further finds and declares 191 that it intends, through the reenactment of this section and 192 section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code and 193 section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this 194 code, to appropriate revenues to two special revenue funds for 195 the purposes of construction and improvement of school 196 building facilities. Furthermore, the Legislature intends to
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197 encourage county boards to maintain existing levels of county 198 funding for construction, improvement and maintenance of school building facilities and to generate additional county 199 200 funds for those purposes through bonds and special levies 201 whenever possible. The Legislature further encourages the 202 school building authority, the state board and county boards of education to propose uniform project specifications for compa-203 204 rable projects whenever possible to meet county needs at the 205 lowest possible cost.

The Legislature further finds and declares that it intends, through the reenactment of this section and section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, to comply with the provisions of sections four and six, article X of the Constitution of West Virginia; and section one, article XII of said Constitution.

## §18-9D-8. Use of proceeds of bonds; bonds exempt from taxation.

1 (a) The maximum aggregate face value of bonds that may 2 be issued by the authority, for which the moneys in the school 3 building debt service fund are to be pledged, is four hundred 4 million dollars. The issuance of revenue bonds under the 5 provisions of this article shall be authorized, from time to time, by resolution or resolutions of the school building authority 6 7 which shall set forth the proposed projects authorized in 8 accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article 9 and provide for the issuance of bonds in amounts sufficient, 10 when sold as provided in this section, to provide moneys 11 considered sufficient by the authority to pay the costs, less the 12 amounts of any other funds available for the costs or from any 13 appropriation, grant or gift for the costs: Provided. That bond 14 issues from which bond revenues are to be distributed in 15 accordance with section fifteen of this article for projects 16 authorized pursuant to the provisions of section sixteen of this 17 article are not required to set forth the proposed projects in the

resolution. The resolution shall prescribe the rights and duties 18 of the bondholders and the school building authority and, for 19 20 that purpose, may prescribe the form of the trust agreement 21 referred to in this section. The bonds may be issued, from time 22 to time, in such amounts; shall be of such series; bear such date 23 or dates; mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years from their respective dates; bear interest at such rate or rates; be 24 25 in such denominations; be in such form, either coupon or registered, carrying such registration, exchangeability and 26 interchangeability privileges; be payable in such medium of 27 28 payment and at such place or places within or without the state; be subject to such terms of redemption at such prices not 29 exceeding one hundred five percent of the principal amount of 30 the bonds; and be entitled to such priorities on the revenues 31 paid into the fund pledged for repayment of the bonds as may 32 33 be provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in any trust agreement made in connection with the 34 bonds: Provided, however, That revenue bonds issued on or 35 36 after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninetyfour, which are secured by lottery proceeds shall mature at such 37 time or times not exceeding ten years from their respective 38 39 dates.

40 (b) The bonds shall be signed by the governor, and by the president or vice president of the authority, under the great seal 41 of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the coupons 42 43 attached to the bonds shall bear the facsimile signature of the 44 president or vice president of the authority. In case any of the 45 officers whose signatures appear on the bonds or coupons cease 46 to be officers before the delivery of the bonds, the signatures shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the 47 same as if the officers had remained in office until the delivery. 48 49 The revenue bonds shall be sold in the manner determined by 50 the authority to be for the best interests of the state.

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51 (c) Any pledge of revenues made by the school building 52 authority for revenue bonds issued prior to the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, pursuant to this 53 54 article is valid and binding between the parties from the time 55 the pledge is made; and the revenues pledged shall immediately 56 be subject to the lien of the pledge without any further physical delivery of the revenues pledged or further act. The lien of the 57 58 pledge is valid and binding against all parties having claims of 59 any kind in tort, contract or otherwise, irrespective of whether 60 the parties have notice of the lien of the pledge, and the pledge shall be a prior and superior charge over any other use of the 61 62 revenues pledged.

63 (d) The proceeds of any bonds shall be used solely for the purpose or purposes as may be generally or specifically set 64 65 forth in the resolution authorizing those bonds and shall be 66 disbursed in the manner and with the restrictions, if any, that 67 the authority provides in the resolution authorizing the issuance 68 of the bonds or in the trust agreement referred to in this section securing the bonds. If the proceeds of the bonds, by error in 69 calculations or otherwise, are less than the cost of any projects 70 71 specifically set forth in the resolution, additional bonds may in like manner be issued to provide the amount of the deficiency; 72 73 and unless otherwise provided for in the resolution or trust 74 agreement hereinafter mentioned, the additional bonds shall be 75 considered to be of the same issue and are entitled to payment 76 from the same fund, without preference or priority, as the bonds before issued for the projects. If the proceeds of bonds issued 77 78 for the projects specifically set forth in the resolution authoriz-79 ing the bonds issued by the authority exceed the cost of the bonds, the surplus may be used for any other projects autho-80 rized in accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this 81 article or in any other manner that the resolution authorizing the 82 bonds provides. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the 83 84 authority may, under like restrictions, issue temporary bonds

with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bondsupon the issuance of the definitive bonds.

(e) After the issuance of any of revenue bonds, the revenues
pledged for the revenue bonds shall not be reduced as long as
any of the revenue bonds are outstanding and unpaid except
under the terms, provisions and conditions that are contained in
the resolution, trust agreement or other proceedings under
which the revenue bonds were issued.

93 (f) The revenue bonds and the revenue refunding bonds and
94 bonds issued for combined purposes, together with the interest
95 on the bonds, are exempt from all taxation by the state of West
96 Virginia, or by any county, school district, municipality or
97 political subdivision thereof.

(g) To meet the operational costs of the school building
authority, the school building authority may transfer to a special
revenue account in the state treasury interest on any debt
service reserve funds created within any resolution authorizing
the issue of bonds or any trust agreement made in connection
with the bonds for expenditure in accordance with legislative
appropriation or allocation of appropriation.

(h) Any school construction bonds issued under this section
shall be issued on parity with any existing school building
authority bonds previously issued under this article.

§18-9D-15. Legislative intent; allocation of money among categories of projects; lease purchase options; limitation on time period for expenditure of project allocation; county maintenance budget requirements; project disbursements over period of years; preference for multicounty arrangements; submission of project designs; set-aside to encourage local participation; etc.

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1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to empower the school 2 building authority to facilitate and provide state funds and to 3 administer all federal funds provided for the construction and 4 major improvement of school facilities so as to meet the educational needs of the people of this state in an efficient and 5 6 economical manner. The authority shall make funding determi-7 nations in accordance with the provisions of this article and 8 shall assess existing school facilities and each facility's school 9 major improvement plan in relation to the needs of the individual student, the general school population, the communities 10 served by the facilities and facility needs statewide. 11

12 (b) An amount that is no more than three percent of the sum 13 of moneys that are determined by the authority to be available 14 for distribution during the then current fiscal year from: (1) Moneys paid into the school building capital improvements 15 16 fund pursuant to section ten, article nine-a of this chapter; (2) the issuance of revenue bonds for which moneys in the school 17 18 building debt service fund are pledged as security; (3) moneys 19 paid into the school construction fund pursuant to section six of 20 this article; and (4) any other moneys received by the authority, 21 except moneys paid into the school major improvement fund 22 pursuant to section six of this article, may be allocated and may 23 be expended by the authority for projects authorized in accor-24 dance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article that service the educational community statewide or, upon applica-25 tion by the state board, for educational programs that are under 26 27 the jurisdiction of the state board. In addition, upon application by the state board or the administrative council of an area 28 vocational educational center established pursuant to article 29 30 two-b of this chapter, the authority may allocate and expend under this subsection moneys for school major improvement 31 32 projects authorized in accordance with the provisions of section 33 sixteen of this article proposed by the state board or an administrative council for school facilities under the direct supervision 34 35 of the state board or an administrative council, respectively.

36 Furthermore, upon application by a county board, the authority 37 may allocate and expend under this subsection moneys for 38 school major improvement projects for vocational programs at 39 comprehensive high schools, vocational schools cooperating 40 with community and technical college programs, or both. Each 41 county board is encouraged to cooperate with community and 42 technical colleges in the use of existing or development of new 43 vocational technical facilities. All projects eligible for funds 44 from this subsection shall be submitted directly to the authority 45 which shall be solely responsible for the project's evaluation: 46 Provided, That the authority may not expend any moneys for a 47 school major improvement project proposed by the state board 48 or the administrative council of an area vocational educational 49 center unless the state board or an administrative council has 50 submitted a ten-year facilities plan: Provided, however, That the 51 authority shall, before allocating any moneys to the state board or the administrative council of an area vocational educational 52 center for a school improvement project, consider all other 53 54 funding sources available for the project.

55 (c) An amount that is no more than two percent of the 56 moneys that are determined by the authority to be available for 57 distribution during the current fiscal year from: (1) Moneys 58 paid into the school building capital improvements fund 59 pursuant to section ten, article nine-a of this chapter; (2) the 60 issuance of revenue bonds for which moneys in the school 61 building debt service fund are pledged as security; (3) moneys 62 paid into the school construction fund pursuant to section six of 63 this article; and (4) any other moneys received by the authority, 64 except moneys deposited into the school major improvement 65 fund, shall be set aside by the authority as an emergency fund to be distributed in accordance with the guidelines adopted by 66 67 the authority.

68 (d) An amount that is no more than five percent of the69 moneys that are determined by the authority to be available for

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70 distribution during the current fiscal year from: (1) Moneys 71 paid into the school building capital improvements fund 72 pursuant to section ten, article nine-a of this chapter; (2) the 73 issuance of revenue bonds for which moneys in the school 74 building debt service fund are pledged as security; (3) moneys 75 paid into the school construction fund pursuant to section six of 76 this article; and (4) any other moneys received by the authority, 77 except moneys deposited into the school major improvement 78 fund, may be reserved by the authority for multiuse vocational-79 technical education facilities projects that may include post-80 secondary programs as a first priority use. The authority may 81 allocate and expend under this subsection moneys for any 82 purposes authorized in this article on multiuse vocational-technical education facilities projects, including equip-83 84 ment and equipment updates at the facilities, authorized in 85 accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article. If the projects approved under this subsection do not require the 86 87 full amount of moneys reserved, moneys above the amount 88 required may be allocated and expended in accordance with 89 other provisions of this article. A county board, the state board, 90 an administrative council or the joint administrative board of a 91 vocational-technical education facility which includes postsecondary programs may propose projects for facilities or 92 93 equipment, or both, which are under the direct supervision of 94 the respective body: Provided, That the authority shall, before 95 allocating any moneys for a project under this subsection, 96 consider all other funding sources available for the project.

97 (e) The remaining moneys determined by the authority to 98 be available for distribution during the then current fiscal year 99 from: (1) Moneys paid into the school building capital improve-100 ments fund pursuant to section ten, article nine-a of this 101 chapter; (2) the issuance of revenue bonds for which moneys in 102 the school building debt service fund are pledged as security; 103 (3) moneys paid into the school construction fund pursuant to 104 section six of this article; and (4) any other moneys received by

105 the authority, except moneys deposited into the school major 106 improvement fund, shall be allocated and expended on the basis 107 of need and efficient use of resources for projects funded in 108 accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article.

109 (f) If a county board of education proposes to finance a 110 project that is authorized in accordance with section sixteen of 111 this article through a lease with an option to purchase leased 112 premises upon the expiration of the total lease period pursuant 113 to an investment contract, the authority may allocate no moneys 114 to the county board in connection with the project: Provided, 115 That the authority may transfer moneys to the state board of 116 education which, with the authority, shall lend the amount 117 transferred to the county board to be used only for a one-time 118 payment due at the beginning of the lease term, made for the 119 purpose of reducing annual lease payments under the invest-120 ment contract, subject to the following conditions:

(1) The loan shall be secured in the manner required by the
authority, in consultation with the state board, and shall be
repaid in a period and bear interest at a rate as determined by
the state board and the authority and shall have any terms and
conditions that are required by the authority, all of which shall
be set forth in a loan agreement among the authority, the state
board and the county board;

128 (2) The loan agreement shall provide for the state board and 129 the authority to defer the payment of principal and interest upon 130 any loan made to the county board during the term of the 131 investment contract, and annual renewals of the investment 132 contract, among the state board, the authority, the county board 133 and a lessor: Provided, That in the event a county board which 134 has received a loan from the authority for a one-time payment 135 at the beginning of the lease term does not renew the subject 136 lease annually until performance of the investment contract in 137 its entirety is completed, the county board is in default and the

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138 principal of the loan, together with all unpaid interest accrued 139 to the date of the default, shall, at the option of the authority, in 140 consultation with the state board, become due and payable 141 immediately or subject to renegotiation among the state board, 142 the authority and the county board: Provided, however, That if 143 a county board renews the lease annually through the perfor-144 mance of the investment contract in its entirety, the county 145 board shall exercise its option to purchase the leased premises: 146 Provided further, That the failure of the county board to make 147 a scheduled payment pursuant to the investment contract 148 constitutes an event of default under the loan agreement: And 149 provided further, That upon a default by a county board, the 150 principal of the loan, together with all unpaid interest accrued 151 to the date of the default, shall, at the option of the authority, in 152 consultation with the state board, become due and payable 153 immediately or subject to renegotiation among the state board, 154 the authority and the county board: And provided further, That 155 if the loan becomes due and payable immediately, the authority, 156 in consultation with the state board, shall use all means avail-157 able under the loan agreement and law to collect the outstand-158 ing principal balance of the loan, together with all unpaid 159 interest accrued to the date of payment of the outstanding 160 principal balance; and

(3) The loan agreement shall provide for the state board and
the authority to forgive all principal and interest of the loan
upon the county board purchasing the leased premises pursuant
to the investment contract and performance of the investment
contract in its entirety.

(g) To encourage county boards to proceed promptly with facilities planning and to prepare for the expenditure of any state moneys derived from the sources described in this section, any county board or other entity to whom moneys are allocated by the authority that fails to expend the money within three years of the allocation shall forfeit the allocation and thereafter

172 is ineligible for further allocations pursuant to this section until 173 it is ready to expend funds in accordance with an approved 174 facilities plan: Provided, That the authority may authorize an 175 extension beyond the three-year forfeiture period not to exceed 176 an additional two years. Any amount forfeited shall be added to 177 the total funds available in the school construction fund of the 178 authority for future allocation and distribution. Funds may not 179 be distributed for any project under this article unless the 180responsible entity has a facilities plan approved by the state 181 board and the school building authority and is prepared to 182 commence expenditure of the funds during the fiscal year in 183 which the moneys are distributed.

184 (h) The remaining moneys that are determined by the 185 authority to be available for distribution during the then current 186 fiscal year from moneys paid into the school major improve-187 ment fund pursuant to section six of this article shall be 188 allocated and distributed on the basis of need and efficient use 189 of resources for projects authorized in accordance with the 190 provisions of section sixteen of this article: *Provided*, That the 191 moneys may not be distributed for any project under this 192 section unless the responsible entity has a facilities plan 193 approved by the state board and the authority and is to com-194 mence expenditures of the funds during the fiscal year in which 195 the moneys are distributed: Provided, however, That any 196 moneys allocated to a project and not distributed for that project 197 shall be deposited in an account to the credit of the project, the 198 principal amount to remain to the credit of and available to the 199 project for a period of two years. Any moneys which are 200unexpended after a two-year period shall be redistributed on the 201 basis of need from the school major improvement fund in that 202 fiscal year.

(i) No local matching funds may be required under the
provisions of this section. However, the responsibilities of the
county boards of education to maintain school facilities are not

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206 negated by the provisions of this article. To be eligible to 207 receive an allocation of school major improvement funds from 208 the authority, a county board must have expended in the 209 previous fiscal year an amount of county moneys equal to or 210 exceeding the lowest average amount of money included in the county board's maintenance budget over any three of the 211 212 previous five years and must have budgeted an amount equal to 213 or greater than the average in the current fiscal year: Provided, 214 That the state board shall promulgate rules relating to county 215 boards' maintenance budgets, including items which shall be 216 included in the budgets.

217 (j) Any county board may use moneys provided by the 218 authority under this article in conjunction with local funds derived from bonding, special levy or other sources. Distribu-219 220 tion to a county board, or to the state board or the administra-221 tive council of an area vocational educational center pursuant 222 to subsection (b) of this section, may be in a lump sum or in 223 accordance with a schedule of payments adopted by the 224 authority pursuant to guidelines adopted by the authority.

(k) Funds in the school construction fund shall first betransferred and expended as follows:

227 Any funds deposited in the school construction fund shall 228 be expended first in accordance with an appropriation by the 229 Legislature. To the extent that funds are available in the school 230 construction fund in excess of that amount appropriated in any 231 fiscal year, the excess funds may be expended for projects 232 authorized in accordance with the provisions of section sixteen 233 of this article. Any projects which the authority identified and 234 announced for funding on or before the first day of August, one 235 thousand nine hundred ninety-five, or identified and announced 236 for funding on or before the thirty-first day of December, one 237 thousand nine hundred ninety-five, shall be funded by the

authority in an amount which is not less than the amountspecified when the project was identified and announced.

240 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage county 241 boards to explore and consider arrangements with other 242 counties that may facilitate the highest and best use of all 243 available funds, which may result in improved transportation 244 arrangements for students or which otherwise may create 245 efficiencies for county boards and the students. In order to 246 address the intent of the Legislature contained in this subsec-247 tion, the authority shall grant preference to those projects which 248 involve multicounty arrangements as the authority shall 249 determine reasonable and proper.

(m) County boards shall submit all designs for construction of new school buildings to the school building authority for review and approval prior to preparation of final bid documents: *Provided*, That a vendor who has been debarred pursuant to the provisions of sections thirty-three-a through thirtythree-f, inclusive, article three, chapter five-a of this code, may not bid on or be awarded a contract under this section.

(n) The authority may elect to disburse funds for approved
construction projects over a period of more than one year
subject to the following:

(1) The authority may not approve the funding of a schoolconstruction project over a period of more than three years;

(2) The authority may not approve the use of more than
fifty percent of the revenue available for distribution in any
given fiscal year for projects that are to be funded over a period
of more than one year; and

(3) In order to encourage local participation in funding
school construction projects, the authority may set aside limited
funding, not to exceed five hundred thousand dollars, in reserve

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269 for one additional year to provide a county the opportunity to 270 complete financial planning for a project prior to the allocation 271 of construction funds. Any funding shall be on a reserve basis 272 and converted to a part of the construction grant only after all 273 project budget funds have been secured and all county commit-274 ments have been fulfilled. Failure of the county to solidify the 275 project budget and meet its obligations to the state within 276 eighteen months of the date the funding is set aside by the 277 authority will result in expiration of the reserve and the funds 278 shall be reallocated by the authority in the succeeding funding 279 cycle.

§18-9D-16. Authority to establish guidelines and procedures for facilities and major improvement plans; guidelines for modifications and updates, etc.; guidelines for project evaluation; submission of certified list of projects to be funded; department onsite inspection of facilities; enforcement of required changes or additions to project plans.

(a) The authority shall establish guidelines and procedures
 to promote the intent and purposes of this article and assure the
 prudent and resourceful expenditure of state funds for projects
 under this article including, but not limited to, the following:

5 (1) Guidelines and procedures for the facilities plans, 6 school major improvement plans and projects submitted in the 7 furtherance of the plans that address, but are not limited to, the 8 following:

9 (A) All of the elements of the respective plans as defined in 10 section two of this article;

(B) The procedures for a county to submit a preliminary
plan, a plan outline or a proposal for a plan to the authority
prior to the submission of the facilities plan. The preliminary
plan, plan outline or proposal for a plan shall be the basis for a

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15 consultation meeting between representatives of the county and 16 members of the authority, including at least one citizen mem-17 ber, which shall be held promptly following submission of the 18 preliminary plan, plan outline or proposal for a plan to assure 19 understanding of the general goals of this article and the 20objective criteria by which projects will be evaluated, to discuss 21 ways the plan may be structured to meet those goals, and to 22 assure efficiency and productivity in the project approval 23 process;

(C) The manner, time line and process for the submissionof each plan and annual plan updates to the authority;

26 (D) The requirements for public hearings, comments or 27 other means of providing broad-based input on plans and 28 projects under this article within a reasonable time period as the 29 authority may consider appropriate. The submission of each 30 plan must be accompanied by a synopsis of all comments 31 received and a formal comment by the county board, the state 32 board or the administrative council of an area vocational 33 educational center submitting the plan;

(E) Any project specifications and maintenance specifications considered appropriate by the authority including, but not
limited to, such matters as energy efficiency, preferred siting,
construction materials, maintenance plan and any other matter
related to how the project is to proceed;

(F) A prioritization by the county board, the state board or the administrative council submitting the plan of each project contained in the plan. In prioritizing the projects, the county board, the state board or the administrative council submitting the plan shall make determinations in accordance with the objective criteria formulated by the school building authority in accordance with this section. The priority list is one of the

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46 criteria that shall be considered by the authority deciding how47 the available funds should be expended;

48 (G) The objective means to be set forth in the plan and used 49 in evaluating implementation of the overall plan and each 50 project included in the plan. The evaluation must measure how 51 the plan addresses the goals of this article and any guidelines 52 adopted under this article, and how each project is in further-53 ance of the facilities plan and school major improvement plan, 54 as applicable, as well as the importance of the project to the overall success of the facilities plan or school major improve-55 56 ment plan and the overall goals of the authority; and

(H) Any other matters considered by the authority to be
important reflections of how a construction project or a major
improvement project or projects will further the overall goals
of this article.

61 (2) Guidelines and procedures which may be adopted by the 62 authority for requiring that a county board modify, update, 63 supplement or otherwise submit changes or additions to an approved facilities plan or for requiring that a county board, the 64 65 state board or the administrative council of an area vocational educational center modify, update, supplement or otherwise 66 submit changes or additions to an approved school major 67 68 improvement plan. The authority shall provide reasonable 69 notification and sufficient time for the change or addition as 70 delineated in guidelines developed by the authority.

71 (3) Guidelines and procedures for evaluating project
72 proposals that are submitted to the authority that address, but
73 are not limited to, the following:

(A) Any project funded by the authority must be in further-ance of the facilities plan or school major improvement plan

and in compliance with the guidelines established by theauthority;

(B) If a project is to benefit more than one county in the
region, the facilities plan must state the manner in which the
cost and funding of the project will be apportioned among the
counties;

(C) If a county board proposes to finance a construction 82 project through a lease with an option to purchase pursuant to 83 an investment contract as described in subsection (f), section 84 fifteen of this article, the specifications for the project must 85 86 include the term of the lease, the amount of each lease payment, including the payment due upon exercise of the option to 87 88 purchase, and the terms and conditions of the proposed invest-89 ment contract; and

90 (D) The objective criteria for the evaluation of projects 91 which shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

92 (i) How the current facilities do not meet and how the plan93 and any project under the plan meets the following:

94 (I) Student health and safety including, but not limited to,95 critical health and safety needs;

96 (II) Economies of scale, including compatibility with 97 similar schools that have achieved the most economical 98 organization, facility use and pupil-teacher ratios;

99 (III) Reasonable travel time and practical means of address-100 ing other demographic considerations;

(IV) Multicounty and regional planning to achieve the mosteffective and efficient instructional delivery system;

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103	(V) Curriculum improvement and diversification	n, including
104	the use of instructional technology, distance learning	g and access
105	to advanced courses in science, mathematics, langu	age arts and
106	social studies;	

107 (VI) Innovations in education;

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108 (VII) Adequate space for projected student enrollments;

(VIII) The history of efforts taken by the county board to
propose or adopt local school bond issues or special levies to
the extent constitutionally permissible; and

112 (IX) Regularly scheduled preventive maintenance; and

(ii) How the project will assure the prudent and resourceful
expenditure of state funds and achieve the purposes of this
article for constructing, expanding, renovating or otherwise
improving and maintaining school facilities for a thorough and
efficient education.

(4) Guidelines and procedures for evaluating projects forfunding that address, but are not limited to, the following:

120 (A) Requiring each county board's facilities plan and 121 school major improvement plan to prioritize all the construction 122 projects or major improvement projects, respectively, within the 123 county. A school major improvement plan submitted by the 124 state board or the administrative council of an area vocational 125 educational center shall prioritize all the school improvement 126 projects contained in the plan. The priority list shall be one of 127 the criteria to be considered by the authority in determining 128 how available funds shall be expended. In prioritizing the 129 projects, the county board, the state board or the administrative 130 council submitting a plan shall make determinations in accor-131 dance with the objective criteria formulated by the school 132 building authority;

#### 133 (B) The return to each county submitting a project proposal 134 an explanation of the evaluative factors underlying the decision 135 of the authority to fund or not to fund the project; and 136 (C) The allocation and expenditure of funds in accordance 137 with this article, subject to the availability of funds. 138 (b) Prior to final action on approving projects for funding 139 under this article, the authority shall submit a certified list of 140the projects to the joint committee on government and finance. 141 (c) The state department of education shall conduct on-site 142 inspections, at least annually, of all facilities which have been 143 funded wholly or in part by moneys from the authority or state 144 board to ensure compliance with the county board's facilities plan and school major improvement plan as related to the 145 146 facilities; to preserve the physical integrity of the facilities to the extent possible; and to otherwise extend the useful life of 147 148 the facilities: Provided, That the state board shall submit reports 149 regarding its on-site inspections of facilities to the authority within thirty days of completion of the on-site inspections: 150 Provided, however, That the state board shall promulgate rules 151 152 regarding the on-site inspections and matters relating thereto, 153 in consultation with the authority, as soon as practical and shall 154 submit proposed rules for legislative review no later than the 155 first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four.

156 (d) Based on its on-site inspection or notification by the 157 authority to the state board that the changes or additions to a 158 county's board facilities plan or school major improvement 159 plan required by the authority have not been implemented 160 within the time period prescribed by the authority, the state 161 board shall restrict the use of the necessary funds or otherwise allocate funds from moneys appropriated by the Legislature for 162 those purposes set forth in section nine, article nine-a of this 163 164 chapter.

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## CHAPTER 103

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4085 - By Delegate Beane)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-10L-3, §18-10L-4 and §18-10L-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating generally to the Ron Yost personal assistance services act; modifying definitions; clarifying requirements to receive personal assistance services; providing that the division of rehabilitation services shall directly or through contract administer program; providing that the statewide independent living council shall appoint members of board; duties of board members; board to approve contracts proposed by division of rehabilitation services; providing that no member of board can receive services through program; and duties of recipients.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-10L-3, §18-10L-4 and §18-10L-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 10L. RON YOST PERSONAL ASSISTANCE SERVICES ACT.

- §18-101-3. Definitions.
- §18-101-4. Program requirements.
- §18-101-5. Funding.

#### §18-10L-3. Definitions.

- 1 The following words and phrases, when used in this article,
- 2 have the following meanings unless the context clearly indi-
- 3 cates otherwise:

4 (1) "Personal assistance services" means:

5 (A) Those basic and ancillary services that enable eligible 6 individuals to live in their homes and communities rather than 7 in institutions and to carry out functions of daily living, self-8 care and mobility;

9 (B) Basic services include, but are not limited to, getting in 10 and out of a bed, wheelchair or motor vehicle; assistance with 11 routine bodily functions, such as health maintenance activities; 12 bathing and personal hygiene; dressing and grooming; and 13 feeding, including preparation and cleanup.

(2) "Personal assistant" means an individual of the con-sumer's choice who provides personal assistance services forthe eligible individual.

17 (3) "Recipient" means any individual receiving funds18 through the Ron Yost personal assistance program.

(4) "Ron Yost personal assistance program functional
assessment tool" means the written and physical evaluation
used to determine eligibility of individuals to receive services
and the hours of service to be provided under this article.

## §18-10L-4. Program requirements.

(a) To be eligible for assistance from the Ron Yost personal
 assistance program, a recipient must have a physical, mental or
 sensory impairment that affects one or more major life activity,
 and who:

5 (1) Experiences any physical, mental or sensory impair-6 ment, or combination of impairments, which can be expected to 7 recur or last for a period of not less than twelve months as 8 determined by the evaluation conducted using the Ron Yost 9 personal assistance program functional assessment tool; Ch. 103]

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(2) Requires assistance to complete functions of daily
living, self-care and mobility, including, but not limited to,
those functions included in the definition of personal assistance
services;

(3) Must apply for medicaid and provide written documen-tation of eligibility or denial to the board; and

16 (4) Is currently not receiving personal assistance services17 through medicaid.

(b) The division of rehabilitation services shall, directly or
through contract approved by the Ron Yost personal assistance
services board:

(1) Administer the personal assistance services program in
accordance with the state plan for independent living established pursuant to the provisions of section seven, article ten-m
of this chapter; and

(2) Provide training, information, and referral services
relating to state and federal payroll taxes, deductions and
withholding, and wage withholding for child support and
workers' compensation, to recipients as necessary.

(c) The West Virginia statewide independent living council,
established pursuant to section six, article ten-m of this chapter,
shall:

(1) Appoint members to the Ron Yost personal assistance
services board to fulfill the functions as set forth in subsection
(d) of this section. The board shall be composed of individuals
with disabilities: *Provided*, That one member shall be a
representative of the West Virginia statewide independent
living council with a disability; and

38 (2) Develop and update as necessary, the Ron Yost personal39 assistance program functional assessment tool.

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40	(d) The Ron Yost personal assistance servic	es board shall:
41	(1) Determine eligibility and approve hours	s of service for
42	all applicants based on functional assessments co	
43	the Ron Yost personal assistance program fun	•
44	ment tool. Each determination shall be in writ	
45	which shall be provided to the applicant;	
46	(2) Monitor disbursements and utilization of	of the program;
47	(3) Survey consumer satisfaction and recom	mend program
48	revisions to the division of rehabilitation servic	es;
49	(4) Develop and maintain a waiting list for	those eligible
50	individuals who cannot be served immediately;	•
51	(5) Contract with public or private entitie	
52	fulfilling the functions set forth in this subsection	on;
53	(6) Approve contracts proposed by the divis	ion of rehabili-
54	tation services with a public or private entity	for the fiscal
55	management of the program established under t	his article; and
56	(7) Establish operating procedures.	
57	(e) No member of the board is eligible to re	ceive personal
58	assistance services through the program provide	ded for in this
59	article.	
60	(f) Recipients shall:	
61	(1) Apply for services through medicaid and	provide a copy
62	of that determination to the board;	
63	(2) Comply with the employer responsibil	ities of hiring,
64	supervising and, if needed, terminating the em	ployment of a
65	personal assistant;	

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66 (3) Manage his or her own financial and legal affairs67 regarding the Ron Yost personal assistance program; and

68 (4) Designate an individual, if necessary, to assist in69 fulfilling the functions set forth in this subsection.

## §18-10L-5. Funding.

(a) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special
 fund designated the "Ron Yost Personal Assistance Services
 Fund". The fund shall be an appropriated account within the
 division of rehabilitation services and the moneys shall be
 expended exclusively for the purposes of this article.

6 (b) Funds made available for programs under this article 7 may be used only for the planning, designing, delivering and 8 administering of personal assistance services and training. The 9 division of rehabilitation services may use not more than seven 10 percent of the total allocation for administrative costs.

(c) The division of rehabilitation services may apply for and
use all funding sources to carry out this program, including
state and federal funds, program fees and other allocated
moneys.

(d) Funds shall be disbursed in a manner that ensures
maximum consumer control of the services provided under the
program.

(e) Personal assistance services shall be available only to
the extent funding is available through annual appropriations of
state, federal and other allotted funds.

(f) Funds or services provided to eligible individuals by the
personal assistance services program under this article shall not
be considered as income to those individuals for any purpose

under this code or under the rules of any agency of stategovernment.



CHAPTER 104

(H. B. 4553 — By Delegates Tabb, Swartzmiller, Crosier, Hartman, Poling, Renner and Long)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18A-3-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to standards for awarding certificates to teach in the public schools; and establishing condition on award of certificates to teachers certified by another state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18A-3-1Enacting Section of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 3. TRAINING, CERTIFICATION, LICENSING, PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

# §18A-3-1. Teacher preparation programs; program approval and standards; authority to issue teaching certificates.

(a) The education of professional educators in the state shall
 be under the general direction and control of the state board of
 education after consultation with the secretary of education and
 the arts and the chancellor for higher education who shall
 represent the interests of teacher preparation programs within
 the institutions of higher education in this state as those

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7 institutions are defined in section two, article one, chapter8 eighteen-b of this code.

9 The education of professional educators in the state includes all programs leading to certification to teach or serve 10 11 in the public schools including: (1) Those programs in all institutions of higher education, including student teaching in 12 13 the public schools; (2) beginning teacher internship programs; 14 (3) the granting of West Virginia certification to persons who 15 received their preparation to teach outside the boundaries of this 16 state, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section; (4) 17 any alternative preparation programs in this state leading to certification, including programs established pursuant to the 18 19 provisions of section one-a of this article and programs which 20 are in effect on the effective date of this section; and (5) any 21 continuing professional education, professional development 22 and in-service training programs for professional educators 23 employed in the public schools in the state.

24 (b) The state board of education, after consultation with the 25 secretary of education and the arts and the chancellor for higher 26 education who shall represent the interests of teacher preparation programs within the institutions of higher education in this 27 28 state as those institutions are defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code, shall adopt standards for the 29 30 education of professional educators in the state and for the 31 awarding of certificates valid in the public schools of this state 32 subject to the following conditions:

(1) The standards approved by the board for teacher
preparation shall include a provision for the study of multicultural education. As used in this section, multicultural education
means the study of the pluralistic nature of American society
including its values, institutions, organizations, groups, status
positions and social roles;

(2) Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine
hundred ninety-three, the standards approved by the board shall
also include a provision for the study of classroom management
techniques and shall include methods of effective management
of disruptive behavior which shall include societal factors and
their impact on student behavior; and

45 (3) Effective on the effective date of this section, any teacher who has graduated from a teacher preparation program 46 47 at a regionally accredited institution of higher education and 48 who holds a valid teaching certificate or certificates issued by 49 another state shall be, upon application, awarded a teaching 50 certificate or certificates for the same grade level or levels and 51 subject area or areas valid in the public schools of this state, subject only to the provisions of section ten of this article. 52

53 (c) To give prospective teachers the teaching experience 54 needed to demonstrate competence as a prerequisite to certification, the state board of education may enter into an agreement 55 with county boards for the use of the public schools. Such 56 57 agreement shall recognize student teaching as a joint responsibility of the teacher preparation institution and the cooperating 58 59 public schools and shall include: (1) The minimum qualifications for the employment of public school teachers selected as 60 61 supervising teachers; (2) the remuneration to be paid public 62 school teachers by the state board, in addition to their contrac-63 tual salaries, for supervising student teachers; and (3) minimum 64 standards to guarantee the adequacy of the facilities and program of the public school selected for student teaching. The 65 66 student teacher, under the direction and supervision of the 67 supervising teacher, shall exercise the authority of a substitute teacher. 68

(d) The state superintendent of schools may issue certificates to graduates of teacher education programs and alternative
teacher education programs approved by the state board of

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education and in accordance with this section and rules adopted by the state board after consultation with the secretary of education and the arts and the chancellor for higher education. A certificate to teach shall not be granted to any person who is not a citizen of the United States, is not of good moral character and physically, mentally and emotionally qualified to perform the duties of a teacher and who has not attained the age of eighteen years on or before the first day of October of the year

in which his or her certificate is issued; except that an exchange
teacher from a foreign country, or an alien person who meets
the requirements to teach, may be granted a permit to teach
within the public schools of the state.

84 (e) In consultation with the secretary of education and the 85 arts and the chancellor for higher education, institutions of 86 higher education approved for teacher preparation may cooper-87 ate with each other, with the center for professional develop-88 ment and with one or more county boards in the organization 89 and operation of centers to provide selected phases of the teacher preparation program such as student teaching, begin-90 91 ning teacher internship programs, instruction in methodology 92 and seminar programs for college students, teachers with provisional certification, professional support team members 93 94 and supervising teachers.

95 The institutions of higher education, the center for profes-96 sional development and county boards may by mutual agree-97 ment budget and expend funds for the operation of the centers 98 through payments to the appropriate fiscal office of the partici-99 pating institutions, the center for professional development and 100 the county boards.

(f) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to
require the discontinuation of an existing student teacher
training center or school which meets the standards of the state
board of education.

(g) All institutions of higher education approved for teacher
preparation in the school year of one thousand nine hundred
sixty-two—sixty-three shall continue to hold that distinction so
long as they meet the minimum standards for teacher preparation. Nothing contained herein shall infringe upon the rights
granted to any institution by charter given according to law
previous to the adoption of this code.



CHAPTER 105

(H. B. 4552 — By Delegates Tabb, Williams, Renner, Shelton, Crosier, Long and Canterbury)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18A-3-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to grounds for the revocation of teacher certificates; providing additional specification of grounds; and limitations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18A-3-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 3. TRAINING, CERTIFICATION, LICENSING, PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

# §18A-3-6. Grounds for revocation of certificates; recalling certificates for correction.

- 1 The state superintendent may, after ten days' notice and
- 2 upon proper evidence, revoke the certificates of any teacher for
- 3 any of the following causes: Intemperance; untruthfulness;

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4 cruelty; immorality; the conviction of a felony or a guilty plea 5 or a plea of no contest to a felony charge; the conviction, guilty plea or plea of no contest to any charge involving sexual 6 7 misconduct with a minor or a student; or for using fraudulent, 8 unapproved or insufficient credit to obtain the certificates: 9 Provided, That the certificates of a teacher may not be revoked 10 for any matter for which the teacher was disciplined, less than dismissal, by the county board that employs the teacher, nor for 11 12 which the teacher is meeting or has met an improvement plan 13 determined by the county board, unless it can be proven by clear and convincing evidence that the teacher has committed 14 15 one of the offences listed in this subsection and his or her actions render him or her unfit to teach: Provided, however, 16 That in order for any conduct of a teacher involving intemper-17 18 ance; cruelty; immorality; or using fraudulent, unapproved or 19 insufficient credit to obtain the certificates to constitute grounds 20 for the revocation of the certificates of the teacher, there must 21 be a rational nexus between the conduct of the teacher and the 22 performance of his or her job. The state superintendent may 23 designate the West Virginia commission for professional teaching standards or members thereof to conduct hearings on 24 25 revocations or certificate denials and make recommendations 26 for action by the state superintendent.

It shall be the duty of any county superintendent who knows of any acts on the part of any teacher for which a certificate may be revoked in accordance with this section to report the same, together with all the facts and evidence, to the state superintendent for such action as in the state superintendent's judgment may be proper.

If a certificate has been granted through an error, oversight,
or misinformation, the state superintendent has authority to
recall the certificate and make such corrections as will conform
to the requirements of law and the state board.

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CHAPTER 106

(H. B. 4040 — By Delegate Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 10, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18A-4-7a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to criteria for making decisions affecting the filling of vacancies if one or more permanently employed instructional personnel apply for a classroom teaching position.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18A-4-7a of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.**

# §18A-4-7a. Employment, promotion and transfer of professional personnel; seniority.

(a) A county board of education shall make decisions
 affecting the hiring of professional personnel other than
 classroom teachers on the basis of the applicant with the highest
 qualifications.

5 (b) The county board shall make decisions affecting the 6 hiring of new classroom teachers on the basis of the applicant 7 with the highest qualifications.

8 (c) In judging qualifications for hiring employees pursuant
9 to subsections (a) and (b) of this section, consideration shall be
10 given to each of the following:

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11	(1) Appropriate certification, licensure or both;	
12 13 14	(2) Amount of experience relevant to the position; or, in the case of a classroom teaching position, the amount of teaching experience in the subject area;	
15 16	(3) The amount of course work, degree level or both in the relevant field and degree level generally;	9
17	(4) Academic achievement;	
18	(5) Relevant specialized training;	
19 20	(6) Past performance evaluations conducted pursuant to section twelve, article two of this chapter; and	)
21 22	(7) Other measures or indicators upon which the relative qualifications of the applicant may fairly be judged.	3
23 24 25 26 27	(d) If one or more permanently employed instructional personnel apply for a classroom teaching position and meet the standards set forth in the job posting, the county board of education shall make a decision affecting the filling of the position on the basis of the following criteria:	e f
28	(1) Appropriate certification, licensure or both;	
29	(2) Total amount of teaching experience;	
30 31	(3) The existence of teaching experience in the required certification area;	i
32	(4) Degree level in the required certification area;	
33 34	(5) Specialized training directly related to the performance of the job as stated in the job description;	•

35 (6) Receiving an overall rating of satisfactory in the
36 previous two evaluations conducted pursuant to section twelve,
37 article two of this chapter; and

38 (7) Seniority.

(e) In filling positions pursuant to subsection (d) of this
section, consideration shall be given to each criterion with each
criterion being given equal weight. If the applicant with the
most seniority is not selected for the position, upon the request
of the applicant a written statement of reasons shall be given to
the applicant with suggestions for improving the applicant's
qualifications.

(f) With the exception of guidance counselors, the seniority of classroom teachers, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter shall be determined on the basis of the length of time the employee has been employed as a regular full-time certified and/or licensed professional educator by the county board of education and shall be granted in all areas that the employee is certified, licensed or both.

53 (g) Upon completion of one hundred thirty-three days of 54 employment in any one school year, substitute teachers, except 55 retired teachers and other retired professional educators 56 employed as substitutes, shall accrue seniority exclusively for 57 the purpose of applying for employment as a permanent, full-58 time professional employee. One hundred thirty-three days or 59 more of said employment shall be prorated and shall vest as a fraction of the school year worked by the permanent, full-time 60 61 teacher.

(h) Guidance counselors and all other professional employees, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, except
classroom teachers, shall gain seniority in their nonteaching
area of professional employment on the basis of the length of
time the employee has been employed by the county board of

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67 education in that area: Provided, That if an employee is 68 certified as a classroom teacher, the employee accrues class-69 room teaching seniority for the time that that employee is 70 employed in another professional area. For the purposes of 71 accruing seniority under this paragraph, employment as 72 principal, supervisor or central office administrator, as defined 73 in section one, article one of this chapter, shall be considered 74 one area of employment.

75 (i) Employment for a full employment term shall equal one 76 year of seniority, but no employee may accrue more than one 77 year of seniority during any given fiscal year. Employment for 78 less than the full employment term shall be prorated. A random 79 selection system established by the employees and approved by 80 the board shall be used to determine the priority if two or more 81 employees accumulate identical seniority: Provided, That when 82 two or more principals have accumulated identical seniority, 83 decisions on reductions in force shall be based on qualifica-84 tions.

(j) Whenever a county board is required to reduce the
number of professional personnel in its employment, the
employee with the least amount of seniority shall be properly
notified and released from employment pursuant to the provisions of section two, article two of this chapter. The provisions
of this subsection are subject to the following:

91 (1) All persons employed in a certification area to be
92 reduced who are employed under a temporary permit shall be
93 properly notified and released before a fully certified employee
94 in such a position is subject to release;

95 (2) An employee subject to release shall be employed in
96 any other professional position where the employee is certified
97 and was previously employed or to any lateral area for which
98 the employee is certified, licensed or both, if the employee's

seniority is greater than the seniority of any other employee inthat area of certification, licensure or both;

101 (3) If an employee subject to release holds certification, licensure or both in more than one lateral area and if the 102 103 employee's seniority is greater than the seniority of any other employee in one or more of those areas of certification, 104 105 licensure or both, the employee subject to release shall be 106 employed in the professional position held by the employee with the least seniority in any of those areas of certification, 107 108 licensure or both; and

109 (4) If, prior to the first day of August of the year a reduction 110 in force is approved, the reason for any particular reduction in force no longer exists as determined by the county board in its 111 112 sole and exclusive judgment, the board shall rescind the reduction in force or transfer and shall notify the released 113 114 employee in writing of his or her right to be restored to his or 115 her position of employment. Within five days of being so notified, the released employee shall notify the board, in 116 117 writing, of his or her intent to resume his or her position of 118 employment or the right to be restored shall terminate. Notwith-119 standing any other provision of this subdivision, if there is 120 another employee on the preferred recall list with proper 121 certification and higher seniority, that person shall be placed in 122 the position restored as a result of the reduction in force being 123 rescinded.

124 (k) For the purpose of this article, all positions which meet 125 the definition of classroom teacher as defined in section one. 126 article one of this chapter shall be lateral positions. For all other 127 professional positions, the county board of education shall 128 adopt a policy by the thirty-first day of October, one thousand 129 nine hundred ninety-three, and may modify the policy thereafter 130 as necessary, which defines which positions shall be lateral positions. The board shall submit a copy of its policy to the 131

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132 state board within thirty days of adoption or any modification, 133 and the state board shall compile a report and submit the report to the legislative oversight commission on education account-134 ability by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 135 hundred ninety-three, and by that date in any succeeding year 136 in which any county board submits a modification of its policy 137 138 relating to lateral positions. In adopting the policy, the board 139 shall give consideration to the rank of each position in terms of 140 title; nature of responsibilities; salary level; certification, 141 licensure or both; and days in the period of employment.

(1) After the fifth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term, no person employed and assigned to a professional
position may transfer to another professional position in the
county during that instructional term unless the person holding
that position does not have valid certification. The provisions
of this subsection are subject to the following:

(1) The person may apply for any posted, vacant positionswith the successful applicant assuming the position at thebeginning of the next instructional term;

(2) Professional personnel who have been on an approved
leave of absence may fill these vacancies upon their return from
the approved leave of absence; and

154 (3) The county board, upon recommendation of the 155 superintendent may fill a position before the next instructional 156 term when it is determined to be in the best interest of the 157 students: *Provided*, That the county superintendent shall notify the state board of each transfer of a person employed in a 158 159 professional position to another professional position after the 160 fifth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term. The 161 Legislature finds that it is not in the best interest of the students particularly in the elementary grades to have multiple teachers 162 for any one grade level or course during the instructional term. 163 It is the intent of the Legislature that the filling of positions 164

through transfers of personnel from one professional positionto another after the fifth day prior to the beginning of theinstructional term should be kept to a minimum.

168 (m) All professional personnel whose seniority with the 169 county board is insufficient to allow their retention by the 170 county board during a reduction in work force shall be placed upon a preferred recall list. As to any professional position 171 172 opening within the area where they had previously been employed or to any lateral area for which they have certifica-173 174 tion, licensure or both, the employee shall be recalled on the basis of seniority if no regular, full-time professional personnel, 175 or those returning from leaves of absence with greater seniority, 176 are qualified, apply for and accept the position. 177

178 (n) Before position openings that are known or expected to extend for twenty consecutive employment days or longer for 179 professional personnel may be filled by the board, the board 180 shall be required to notify all qualified professional personnel 181 on the preferred list and give them an opportunity to apply, but 182 failure to apply shall not cause the employee to forfeit any right 183 184 to recall. The notice shall be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the employee, and it shall be the duty of each 185 186 professional personnel to notify the board of continued avail-187 ability annually, of any change in address or of any change in certification, licensure or both. 188

(o) Openings in established, existing or newly createdpositions shall be processed as follows:

(1) Boards shall be required to post and date notices whichshall be subject to the following:

(A) The notices shall be posted in conspicuous working
places for all professional personnel to observe for at least five
working days;
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196 197	(B) The notice shall be posted within twenty working days of the position openings and shall include the job description;
198 199 200	(C) Any special criteria or skills that are required by the position shall be specifically stated in the job description and directly related to the performance of the job;
201 202 203	(D) Postings for vacancies made pursuant to this section shall be written so as to ensure that the largest possible pool of qualified applicants may apply; and
204 205 206	(E) Job postings may not require criteria which are not necessary for the successful performance of the job and may not be written with the intent to favor a specific applicant;
207 208	(2) No vacancy shall be filled until after the five-day minimum posting period;
209 210 211 212	(3) If one or more applicants meets the qualifications listed in the job posting, the successful applicant to fill the vacancy shall be selected by the board within thirty working days of the end of the posting period;
<ul> <li>213</li> <li>214</li> <li>215</li> <li>216</li> <li>217</li> </ul>	(4) A position held by a teacher who is certified, licensed or both, who has been issued a permit for full-time employment and is working toward certification in the permit area shall not be subject to posting if the certificate is awarded within five years; and
218 219	(5) Nothing provided herein shall prevent the county board of education from eliminating a position due to lack of need.
220 221	(p) Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, where the total number of classroom teaching

221 contrary, where the total number of classroom teaching 222 positions in an elementary school does not increase from one 223 school year to the next, but there exists in that school a need to 224 realign the number of teachers in one or more grade levels, 225 kindergarten through six, teachers at the school may be reas-

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signed to grade levels for which they are certified without that

- 227 position being posted: *Provided*, That the employee and the
- 228 county board of education mutually agree to the reassignment.

(q) Reductions in classroom teaching positions in elemen-tary schools shall be processed as follows:

(1) When the total number of classroom teaching positions
in an elementary school needs to be reduced, the reduction shall
be made on the basis of seniority with the least senior classroom teacher being recommended for transfer; and

235 (2) When a specified grade level needs to be reduced and the least senior employee in the school is not in that grade level, 236 237 the least senior classroom teacher in the grade level that needs 238 to be reduced shall be reassigned to the position made vacant by 239 the transfer of the least senior classroom teacher in the school 240 without that position being posted: Provided, That the em-241 ployee is certified, licensed or both and agrees to the reassign-242 ment.

243 (r) Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this 244 article may be compelled to do so by mandamus and shall be 245 liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and reasonable attorney fees as determined and established by 246 247 the court. Further, employees denied promotion or employment in violation of this section shall be awarded the job, pay and 248 249 any applicable benefits retroactive to the date of the violation 250 and payable entirely from local funds. Further, the board shall 251 be liable to any party prevailing against the board for any court reporter costs including copies of transcripts. 252

(s) The county board shall compile, update annually on the
first day of July and make available by electronic or other
means to all employees a list of all professional personnel
employed by the county, their areas of certification and their
seniority.

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# CHAPTER 107

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4297 — By Delegates Perry, Ennis, Cann, Tabb, Crosier and Williams)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18A-4-8e of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to competency testing of service personnel; and clarifying that county board of education and superintendent may designate places for testing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18A-4-8e of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.**

### §18A-4-8e. Competency testing for service personnel.

1 (a) The state board of education shall develop and cause to 2 be made available competency tests for all of the classification 3 titles defined in section eight and listed in section eight-a of this 4 article for service personnel. Each classification title defined 5 and listed is considered a separate classification category of 6 employment for service personnel and has a separate compe-7 tency test, except for those class titles having Roman numeral 8 designations, which are considered a single classification of 9 employment and have a single competency test. The cafeteria 10 manager class title is included in the same classification 11 category as cooks and has the same competency test. The 12 executive secretary class title is included in the same classifica-13 tion category as secretaries and has the same competency test.

14 The classification titles of chief mechanic, mechanic and15 assistant mechanic are included in one classification title and16 have the same competency test.

17 (b) The purpose of these tests is to provide county boards 18 of education a uniform means of determining whether school 19 service personnel employees who do not hold a classification title in a particular category of employment meet the definition 20 21 of the classification title in another category of employment as defined in section eight of this article. Competency tests may 22 23 not be used to evaluate employees who hold the classification title in the category of their employment. 24

25 (c) The competency test consists of an objective written or performance test, or both: Provided, That applicants have the 26 27 opportunity to take the written test orally if requested. Oral tests are recorded mechanically and kept on file. The oral test is 28 administered by persons who do not know the applicant 29 30 personally. The performance test for all classifications and categories other than bus operator is administered by an 31 employee of the county board of education at a location 32 33 designated by the superintendent and approved by the board. The location may be a vocational school that serves the county. 34 35 A standard passing score is established by the state department 36 of education for each test and is used by county boards of education. The subject matter of each competency test is 37 38 commensurate with the requirements of the definitions of the 39 classification titles as provided in section eight of this article. The subject matter of each competency is designed in such a 40 manner that achieving a passing grade does not require knowl-41 edge and skill in excess of the requirements of the definitions 42 of the classification titles. Achieving a passing score conclu-43 sively demonstrates the qualification of an applicant for a 44 45 classification title. Once an employee passes the competency test of a classification title, the applicant is fully qualified to fill 46 47 vacancies in that classification category of employment as

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48 provided in section eight-b of this article and shall not be49 required to take the competency test again.

50 (d) An applicant who fails to achieve a passing score is 51 given other opportunities to pass the competency test when 52 making application for another vacancy within the classification 53 category.

(e) Competency tests are administered to applicants in a
uniform manner under uniform testing conditions. County
boards of education are responsible for scheduling competency
tests, notifying applicants of the date and time of the one day of
training prior to taking the test and the date and time of the test.
County boards of education may not use a competency test
other than the test authorized by this section.

(f) When scheduling of the competency test conflicts with
the work schedule of a school employee who has applied for a
vacancy, the employee is excused from work to take the
competency test without loss of pay.

65 (g) A minimum of one day of appropriate in-service 66 training is provided to employees to assist them in preparing to 67 take the competency tests.

68 (h) Competency tests are used to determine the qualifica69 tion of new applicants seeking initial employment in a particu70 lar classification title as either a regular or substitute employee.

(i) Notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the
contrary, once an employee holds or has held a classification
title in a category of employment, that employee is considered
qualified for the classification title even though that employee
no longer holds that classification.

(j) The requirements of this section do not alter the definitions of class titles as provided in section eight of this article or
the procedure and requirements of section eight-b of this article.

# CHAPTER 108

(H. B. 4554 — By Delegates Shaver, Beach, Howard, Paxton, Long, Canterbury and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 10, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18A-4-15 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the rights, privileges and benefits of substitute service personnel employed to fill vacancies created by leaves of absence, workers' compensation and suspensions for more than thirty working days; and considering certain bus operators to be employed in the same building or working station.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18A-4-15 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

# §18A-4-15. Employment of service personnel substitutes.

- 1 (a) The county board shall employ and the county superin-
- 2 tendent, subject to the approval of the county board, shall assign
- 3 substitute service personnel on the basis of seniority to perform
- 4 any of the following duties:

5 (1) To fill the temporary absence of another service 6 employee;

7 (2) To fill the position of a regular service employee who 8 requests a leave of absence from the county board in writing

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9 and who is granted the leave in writing by the county board, and 10 to fill the position of a regular service employee who is on workers' compensation and absent: Provided, That if the 11 12 absence is to extend beyond thirty working days, the county 13 board shall post the position of the absent employee under the 14 procedures set forth in section eight-b of this article. If a 15 substitute service employee is employed to fill the position of 16 the absent employee and is employed in the position for twenty 17 or more working days, the substitute service personnel shall 18 have regular employment status and be accorded all rights, privileges and benefits pertaining to the position until the 19 20 regular employee returns to the position or ceases to be em-21 ployed by the county board: Provided, however, That if a 22 regular or substitute employee fills a vacancy that is related to a leave of absence or the absence of an employee on workers' 23 24 compensation in any manner as provided in this section, upon 25 termination of the absence the employee shall be returned to his 26 or her original position: Provided further, That no service 27 person may be required to request or to take a leave of absence: 28 And provided further, That no service person shall be deprived of any right or privilege of regular employment status for 29 30 refusal to request or failure to take a leave of absence;

31 (3) To perform the service of a service employee who is32 authorized to be absent from duties without loss of pay;

33 (4) To temporarily fill a vacancy in a permanent position 34 caused by severance of employment by the resignation, transfer, 35 retirement, permanent disability, dismissal pursuant to section 36 eight, article two of this chapter, or death of the regular service 37 employee who had been assigned to fill the position: Provided, That within twenty working days from the commencement of 38 39 the vacancy, the board shall fill the vacancy under the proce-40 dures set out in section eight-b of this article and section five, 41 article two of this chapter and the person hired to fill the

42 vacancy shall have and shall be accorded all rights, privileges43 and benefits pertaining to the position;

44 (5) To fill the vacancy created by a regular employee's 45 suspension: Provided, That if the suspension is for more than 46 thirty working days, the county board shall post the position of 47 the suspended employee under the procedures set forth in 48 section eight-b of this article. If a substitute service employee 49 is employed to fill the suspended employee's position, the 50 substitute service personnel shall have regular employment 51 status and be accorded all rights, privileges and benefits 52 pertaining to the position until the termination by the county 53 board becomes final or the suspended employee is returned to 54 employment. If the suspended employee is not returned to his 55 or her job, the board shall fill the vacancy under the procedures 56 set out in section eight-b of this article and section five, article 57 two of this chapter; and

58 (6) To temporarily fill a vacancy in a newly created 59 position prior to employment of a service personnel on a regular 60 basis under the procedure set forth in section eight-b of this 61 article.

62 (b) Substitutes shall be assigned in the following manner: 63 A substitute with the greatest length of service time, that is, 64 from the date he or she began his or her assigned duties as a 65 substitute in that particular category of employment, shall be 66 given priority in accepting the assignment throughout the period 67 of the regular employee's absence or until the vacancy is filled 68 on a regular basis under the procedures set out in section eightb of this article. All substitutes shall be employed on a rotating 69 70 basis according to the length of their service time until each substitute has had an opportunity to perform similar assign-71 72 ments: Provided, That if there are regular service employees 73 employed in the same building or working station as the absent 74 employee and who are employed in the same classification

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75 category of employment, the regular employees shall be first 76 offered the opportunity to fill the position of the absent employee on a rotating and seniority basis with the substitute then 77 78 filling the regular employee's position. A regular employee 79 assigned to fill the position of an absent employee shall be 80 given the opportunity to hold that position throughout the 81 absence. For the purpose of this section only, all regularly 82 employed school bus operators are considered to be employed 83 within the same building or working station.

84 (c) Regular school service personnel shall be returned by 85 the county board of education to the same position held prior to any approved leave of absence or period of recovery from 86 87 injury or illness. The school service personnel shall retain all 88 rights, privileges and benefits which had accrued at the time of 89 the absence or accrued under any other provision of law during 90 the absence and shall have all rights, privileges and benefits 91 generally accorded school service employees at the time of 92 return to work.

(d) The salary of a substitute service employee shall be
based upon his or her years of employment as defined in section
eight of this article and as provided in the state minimum pay
scale set forth in section eight-a of this article and shall be in
accordance with the salary schedule of persons regularly
employed in the same position in the county in which he or she
is employed.

(e) Before any substitute service employee enters upon his
or her duties, he or she shall execute with the county board a
written contract as provided in section five, article two of this
chapter.

(f) To establish a uniform system of providing a fair and
equitable opportunity for substitutes to enter upon their duties
for the first time, the following method shall be used: The
initial order of assigning newly employed substitutes shall be

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108 determined by a random selection system established by the 109 affected substitute employees and approved by the county 110 board. This initial priority order shall be in effect only until the 111 substitute service personnel have entered upon their duties for 112 the first time.

(g) Substitute service employees who have worked thirty days for a school system shall have all rights pertaining to suspension, dismissal and contract renewal as is granted to regular service personnel in sections six, seven, eight and eighta, article two of this chapter.

# CHAPTER 109

# (S. B. 524 - By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Dempsey)

[Passed February 24, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18B-2B-4 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §18C-7-4 of said code, all relating to changing the appointment process for certain members of the council for community and technical college education and the PROMISE scholarship board of control.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18B-2B-4 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §18C-7-4 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

18B. Higher Education.

18C. Student Loans; Scholarships and State Aid.

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# **CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.**

# ARTICLE 2B. WEST VIRGINIA COUNCIL FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE EDUCATION.

# \*§18B-2B-4. Appointment, composition and terms of council.

(a) There is hereby continued the West Virginia council for
 community and technical college education. Any member
 appointed by the governor prior to the effective date of this
 section may continue to serve the term for which the member
 has been appointed.

6 (b) The council is comprised of eight members selected as7 follows:

8 (1) Seven members appointed by the governor, with the 9 advice and consent of the Senate; and

(2) The assistant superintendent for technical and adult
education of the state department of education who serves as an
ex officio, nonvoting member of the council.

(c) The governor may, but is not required to, reappoint any
person who was a member of the joint commission immediately
prior to the effective date of this section: *Provided*, That the
individual selected is otherwise eligible to serve.

(d) All appointed members shall be citizens of the state,
shall represent the public interest and shall be persons who
understand and are committed to achieving the goals and
objectives set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter,
the essential conditions for community and technical college
education programs and services set forth in article three-c of
this chapter and the goals for secondary and post-secondary

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by H. B. 4111 (Chapter 95), which passed prior to this act.

vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education inthe state. The appointed members shall represent the interests

- 26 of the business, labor and employer communities and demon-
- 27 strate knowledge of the education needs of the various regions,
- 28 attainment levels and age groups within the state.

29 (e) The governor may not appoint any person to be a member of the council who is an officer, employee or member 30 of an advisory board of any state college or university, the 31 32 holder of any other public office or public employment under 33 the government of this state or any of its political subdivisions, an appointee or employee of any governing board or an 34 immediate family member of any employee under the jurisdic-35 tion of the commission or any governing board. No individual 36 may serve on the council who is engaged in providing, or 37 employed by a person or company whose primary function is to 38 39 provide, workforce development services and activities. Of the members appointed by the governor, no more than four thereof 40 may belong to the same political party and no more than three 41 may be appointed from any congressional district. 42

43 (f) Members of the council shall serve for terms of four years, except that of the original appointments, one member 44 shall be appointed for one year; two members shall be ap-45 46 pointed for two years; two members shall be appointed for three years; and two members shall be appointed for four years. No 47 48 member may serve more than two consecutive full terms nor may any member be appointed to a term which results in the 49 member serving more than eight consecutive years. 50

# CHAPTER 18C. STUDENT LOANS; SCHOLARSHIPS AND STATE AID.

# ARTICLE 7. WEST VIRGINIA PROVIDING REAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR MAXIMIZING IN-STATE STUDENT EXCELLENCE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

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# §18C-7-4. Appointment of the PROMISE scholarship board of control; compensation; proceedings generally.

(a) On the effective date of this section, the board of the
 PROMISE scholarship program is abolished.

As soon as practical after the effective date of this section,
the governor shall appoint the West Virginia PROMISE
scholarship board of control comprised of fifteen members as
follows:

7 (1) The chairperson of the higher education policy commis-8 sion or a designee who is a member of the commission;

9 (2) The chancellor of the higher education policy commis-10 sion or his or her designee;

11 (3) The state superintendent of schools or his or her12 designee;

13 (4) The secretary of education and the arts;

14 (5) The state treasurer or his or her designee;

15 (6) Ten at-large private sector members representative of 16 the state's business and economic community who have 17 knowledge, skill and experience in an academic, business or 18 financial field. Any member appointed by the governor prior 19 to the effective date of this section may continue to serve the 20 term for which the member has been appointed.

The ten appointed members shall be residents of the state. The ten appointed members shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. No more than six of the ten appointed members may be from the same political party. No more than four of the ten appointed members may be from the same congressional district.

27 (b) Appointed members shall serve a term of four years and 28 may be reappointed at the expiration of their terms. In the 29 event of a vacancy among appointed members, the governor 30 shall appoint a person representing the same interests to fill the 31 unexpired term. A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall be 32 appointed only for the remainder of that term and is eligible for 33 reappointment. Unless a vacancy occurs due to death, resigna-34 tion or removal pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, an 35 appointed member of the board shall continue to serve until a 36 successor has been appointed and qualified as provided in 37 subsection (a) of this section. Of the initial appointments, the 38 governor shall appoint three members to a one-year term, two 39 members to a two-year term, three members to a three-year 40 term and two members to a four-year term. Thereafter, all 41 terms shall be for four years.

42 (c) Members of the board shall serve without compensation,
43 but shall be reimbursed by the office of the secretary of
44 education and the arts for expenses, including travel expenses,
45 actually incurred by a member in the official conduct of the
46 business of the board at the same rate as is paid the employees
47 of the state.

(d) The secretary of education and the arts is the chairperson and presiding officer of the board. A majority of the
members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of
business.

52 (e) The members appointed by the governor may be 53 removed by the governor for official misconduct, incompe-54 tence, neglect of duty or gross immorality and then only in the 55 manner prescribed by law for the removal by the governor of 56 the state elective officers in accordance with section five, article 57 six, chapter six of this code. Ch. 109]

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# CHAPTER 110

(H. B. 4287 — By Delegates Leach, Morgan, Craig, Beach, Long, Renner and Houston)

[Passed February 24, 2004; in effect July 1, 2004. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18B-9-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to higher education; classified employee salary; and eliminating certain provisions relating to funding the salary increment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18B-9-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLAS-SIFICATION SYSTEM.

# §18B-9-5. Classified employee salary.

1 (a) Any classified employee may receive merit increases 2 and salary adjustments in accordance with policies established 3 by the board of governors. Merit raises may be granted only 4 pursuant to a rule adopted by the board of governors, and 5 approved by the chancellor. The rule shall provide a fair and 6 equitable basis for granting merit raises pursuant to regular 7 evaluations based upon reasonable performance standards.

8 (b) The current annual salary of any classified employee
9 may not be reduced by the provisions of this article nor by any
10 other action inconsistent with the provisions of this article.

11 Nothing in this article prohibits promotion of any classified 12 employee to a job title carrying a higher pay grade if the 13 promotion is in accordance with the provisions of this article 14 and the personnel classification system established by the 15 appropriate governing board.



# CHAPTER 111

(S. B. 512 — By Senators Edgell, Bowman, Caldwell, Dempsey, Harrison, Hunter, Guills and Oliverio)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §18B-17-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to authorizing rules; higher education policy commission; higher education adult part-time student grant program HEAPS; and purchasing efficiencies.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:* 

That §18B-17-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 17. LEGISLATIVE RULES.

# §18B-17-6. Authorizing rules of higher education policy commission.

1 (a) The legislative rule filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-fifth day of August, two thousand three, relating to the 3 higher education policy commission (higher education adult 4 part-time student grant program -- HEAPS -- rule), is autho-5 rized.

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6 (b) The legislative rule filed in the state register on the

7 twenty-second day of October, two thousand three, relating to

- 8 the higher education policy commission (purchasing efficien-
- 9 cies rule), is authorized.



# CHAPTER 112

(S. B. 449 — By Senators Kessler, Caldwell, Fanning, Hunter, Jenkins, Minard, Oliverio, Ross, Rowe, Snyder, White, Deem, Harrison, McKenzie, Smith and Weeks)

[Passed February 23, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §3-2-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §3-4-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §3-5-8, §3-5-13 and §3-5-13a of said code; and to amend and reenact §3-8-7 of said code, all relating to elections generally; correcting United States code reference; authorizing county commissions to discontinue use of voting machines and replace them with other systems meeting certain federal requirements under certain circumstances; reducing the filing fee for presidential and vice presidential candidates; clarifying that the filing fee for certain county offices is based only on the annual salary of the position; adding family court judge to list of offices on county ballot; and removing the requirement that ballots be printed with space for ballot commissioners' signatures.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §3-2-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §3-4-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §3-4A-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; that

\$3-5-8, \$3-5-13 and \$3-5-13a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that \$3-8-7 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

## Article

- 2. Registration of Voters.
- 4. Voting Machines.
- 4A. Electronic Voting Systems.
- 5. Primary Elections and Nominating Procedures.
- 8. Regulation and Control of Elections.

# **ARTICLE 2. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS**

# §3-2-10. Application for registration by mail.

(a) Any qualified person may apply to register, change,
 transfer or correct his or her voter registration by mail.
 Application shall be made on a prescribed form as provided by
 section five of this article.

5 (b) To the extent possible, with funds allocated annually for 6 such purpose, the secretary of state shall make state mail 7 registration forms available for distribution through govern-8 mental and private entities and organized voter registration programs. The secretary of state shall make a record of all 9 requests by entities or organizations for ten or more forms with 10 a description of the dates and locations in which the proposed 11 registration drive is to be conducted. The secretary of state may 12 limit the distribution to a reasonable amount per group. 13

(c) The clerk of the county commission shall provide up to four mail registration forms to any resident of the county upon request. To the extent possible with funds allocated annually for the purpose, the clerk of the county commission shall make state mail registration forms available for distribution through organized voter registration programs within the county. The clerk of the county commission shall make a record of all

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requests by entities or organizations for ten or more forms with
a description of the dates and locations in which the proposed
registration drive is to be conducted. The clerk may limit the
distribution to a reasonable amount per group.

25 (d) The applicant shall provide all required information and, 26 only after completing the information, sign the prescribed applicant's oath under penalty of perjury as provided in section 27 thirty-six of this article. No person may alter or add any entry 28 29 or make any mark which would alter any material information on the voter registration application after the applicant has 30 31 signed the oath: Provided, That the clerk of the county commis-32 sion may correct any entry upon the request of the applicant provided the request is properly documented and the correction 33 34 is dated and initialed by the clerk.

(e) Completed applications shall be mailed or delivered to
the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the
voter resides. If a clerk receives a completed mail application
form from a voter whose residence address is located in another
county, the clerk shall forward that application within three
days to the clerk of the county commission of the county of the
applicant's residence.

42 (f) Upon receipt of the application for registration by the 43 appropriate clerk of the county commission, the clerk shall:

44 (1) Attempt to establish whether the residence address
45 given is within the boundaries of an incorporated municipality
46 and, if so, make the proper entry required for municipal
47 residents to be properly identified for municipal voter registra48 tion purposes; and

49 (2) Immediately begin the verification process required by50 the provisions of section sixteen of this article.

51 (g) Any person who registers by mail pursuant to this 52 section and who has not previously voted in an election in the 53 state, or if the statewide voter registration has not yet been 54 implemented, the voter has not previously voted in the county, 55 shall be required to present the following forms of identification 56 to the secretary of state or clerk of the county commission:

57 (1) In the case of an individual who votes in person, a 58 current and valid photo identification; or a copy of a current 59 utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck or 60 other government document that shows the name and address 61 of the voter;

(2) In the case of an individual who votes by mail, submits
with the ballot a copy of a current and valid photo identification
or a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government
check, paycheck or other government document that shows the
name and address of the voter.

(h) An individual who desires to vote in person or by mail,
but who does not meet the requirements of subsection (g) of
this section, may cast a provisional ballot.

(i) Subsection (g) of this section shall not apply in the caseof a person:

(1) Who registers to vote by mail under 42 U. S. C.
§1973gg-4, *et seq.*, and submits as part of his or her registration
either a copy of a current and valid photo identification or a
copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check,
paycheck or government document that shows the name and
address of the voter;

(2) (A) Who registers to vote by mail under 42 U. S. C.
§1973gg-4, *et seq.*, and submits with his or her registration
either a driver's license number or at least the last four digits of

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the individual's social security number; and (B) with respect to
whom the secretary of state or clerk of the county commission
matches the information submitted under paragraph (A) of this
subdivision with an existing state identification record bearing
the same number, name and date of birth as provided in the
registration; or

87 (3) Who is: (A) Entitled to vote by absentee ballot under 42 U. S. C. §1973ff-1, et seq., the Uniformed and Overseas 88 89 Citizens Absentee Voting Act; (B) provided the right to vote 90 otherwise than in person under 42 U. S. С. 91 §1973ee-1(b)(2)(B)(ii); or 25 (iii), section 3(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the 92 Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped Act; (C) 93 entitled to vote otherwise than in person under any other federal 94 law: Provided, That any person who has applied for an absentee 95 ballot pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection 96 (b), section one, article three of this chapter; paragraph (B), 97 subdivision (2) of said subsection; subdivision (3) of said 98 subsection; or subsection (c) of said section shall not have his 99 or her ballot in that election challenged for failure to appear in person or for failure to present identification. 100

(j) Any person who submits a state mail voter registration application to the clerk of the county commission in the county in which he or she is currently registered for the purpose of entering a change of address within the county, making a change of party affiliation or recording a change of legal name shall not be required to make his or her first vote in person or to present identification or proof of age.

# **ARTICLE 4. VOTING MACHINES.**

## **§3-4-3.** Procedures for terminating use of voting machines.

1 The county commission may discontinue the use of voting 2 machines and replace them with a different voting system

- 3 meeting the requirements of "The Help America Vote Act of
- 4 2002", 42 U. S. C. 15302, et seq., six months prior to a primary
- 5 or general election by majority vote of the commission.

# ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

# **§3-4A-3.** Procedure for adopting electronic voting systems.

- 1 An electronic voting system that has been approved in
- 2 accordance with section eight of this article may be adopted for
- 3 use in general, primary and special elections in any county by
- 4 the following procedure and not otherwise:
- 5 By a majority of the members of the county commission 6 voting to adopt the same at a public meeting called for that 7 purpose, with notice thereof published as a Class II-0 legal 8 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article 9 three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The publication area for 10 such publication shall be the county involved.

# ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

- §3-5-8. Filing fees and their disposition.§3-5-13. Form and contents of ballots and ballot labels.
- §3-5-13a. Order of offices and candidates on the ballot; uniform drawing date.

# \*§3-5-8. Filing fees and their disposition.

- 1 Every person who becomes a candidate for nomination for
- 2 or election to office in any primary election shall, at the time of
- 3 filing the certificate of announcement as required in this article,
- 4 pay a filing fee as follows:
- 5 (a) A candidate for president of the United States, for vice
- 6 president of the United States, for United States senator, for
- 7 member of the United States House of Representatives, for

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by S. B. 190 (Chapter 113), which passed prior to this act.

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8 governor and for all other state elective offices shall pay a fee

9 equivalent to one percent of the annual salary of the office for 10 which the candidate announces: *Provided*. That the filing fee

10 which the candidate announces: *Provided*, That the filing fee

for any candidate for president or vice president of the UnitedStates shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars

13 commencing with the two thousand four filing period;

(b) A candidate for the office of judge of a circuit court and
judge of a family court shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent
of the total annual salary of the office for which the candidate
announces;

(c) A candidate for member of the House of Delegates shall
pay a fee of one-half percent of the total annual salary of the
office and a candidate for state senator shall pay a fee of one
percent of the total annual salary of the office;

22 (d) A candidate for sheriff, prosecuting attorney, circuit 23 clerk, county clerk, assessor, member of the county commission and magistrate shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent of the 24 25 annual salary, excluding any additional compensation or 26 commission of the office for which the candidate announces. A candidate for county board of education shall pay a fee of 27 twenty-five dollars. A candidate for any other county office 28 29 shall pay a fee of ten dollars;

30 (e) Delegates to the national convention of any political31 party shall pay the following filing fees:

A candidate for delegate-at-large shall pay a fee of twenty
dollars; and a candidate for delegate from a congressional
district shall pay a fee of ten dollars;

35 (f) Candidates for members of political executive commit36 tees and other political committees shall pay the following
37 filing fees:

A candidate for member of a state executive committee of any political party shall pay a fee of twenty dollars; a candidate for member of a county executive committee of any political party shall pay a fee of ten dollars; and a candidate for member of a congressional, senatorial or delegate district committee of any political party shall pay a fee of five dollars.

Candidates filing for an office to be filled by the voters of one county shall pay the filing fee to the clerk of the circuit court and candidates filing for an office to be filled by the voters of more than one county shall pay the filing fee to the secretary of state at the time of filing their certificates of announcement and no certificate of announcement shall be received until the filing fee is paid.

51 All moneys received by such clerk from such fees shall be credited to the general county fund. Moneys received by the 52 secretary of state from fees paid by candidates for offices to be 53 54 filled by all the voters of the state shall be deposited in a special 55 fund for that purpose and shall be apportioned and paid by him 56 to the several counties on the basis of population and that 57 received from candidates from a district or judicial circuit of 58 more than one county shall be apportioned to the counties 59 comprising the district or judicial circuit in like manner. When 60 such moneys are received by sheriffs, it shall be credited to the general county fund. 61

#### §3-5-13. Form and contents of ballots and ballot labels.

1 The face of every primary election ballot shall conform as 2 nearly as practicable to that used at the general election.

3 (a) The heading of every ballot is to be printed in display
4 type. The heading is to contain a ballot title, the name of the
5 county, the state, the words "Primary Election" and the month,
6 day and year of the election. The ballot title of the political

7 party ballots is to contain the words "Official Ballot of the (Name) Party" and the official symbol of the political party 8 9 may be included in the heading. The ballot title of any separate 10 paper ballot or portion of any electronic or voting machine ballot for the board of education is to contain the words 11 12 "Nonpartisan Ballot of Election of Members of the 13 County Board of Education". The districts 14 for which less than two candidates may be elected and the number of available seats are to be specified and the names of 15 16 the candidates are to be printed without reference to political 17 party affiliation and without designation as to a particular term of office. Any other ballot or portion of a ballot on a question 18 19 is to have a heading which clearly states the purpose of the 20 election according to the statutory requirements for that 21 question.

22 (b) (1) For paper ballots, the heading of the ballot is to be 23 separated from the rest of the ballot by heavy lines and the 24 offices shall be arranged in columns with the following 25 headings, from left to right across the ballot: "National Ticket", "State Ticket", "County Ticket" and, in a presidential election 26 year, "National Convention" or, in a nonpresidential election 27 year, "District Ticket". The columns are to be separated by 28 29 heavy lines. Within the columns, the offices are to be arranged 30 in the order prescribed in section thirteen-a of this article.

31 (2) For voting machines, electronic voting devices and any 32 ballot tabulated by electronic means, the offices are to appear 33 in the same sequence as prescribed in section thirteen-a of this 34 article and under the same headings as prescribed in subsection 35 (a) of this section. The number of pages, columns or rows, 36 where applicable, may be modified to meet the limitations of 37 ballot size and composition requirements subject to approval by 38 the secretary of state.

39 (3) The title of each office is to be separated from preceding 40 offices or candidates by a line and is to be printed in **bold** type no smaller than eight point. Below the office is to be printed 41 the number of the district, if any, the number of the division, if 42 43 any, and the words "Vote for " with the number to be nominated or elected or "Vote For Not More Than 44 in multicandidate elections. For offices in which there are 45 46 limitations relating to the number of candidates which may be 47 nominated, elected or appointed to or hold office at one time from a political subdivision within the district or county in 48 49 which they are elected, there is to be a clear explanation of the 50 limitation, as prescribed by the secretary of state, printed in 51 bold type immediately preceding the names of the candidates 52 for those offices on the ballot in every voting system. For 53 counties in which the number of county commissioners exceeds 54 three and the total number of members of the county commis-55 sion is equal to the number of magisterial districts within the 56 county, the office of county commission is to be listed sepa-57 rately for each district to be filled with the name of the magiste-58 rial district and the words "Vote for One" printed below the 59 name of the office.

60 (c) The location for indicating the voter's choices on the 61 ballot is to be clearly shown. For paper ballots, other than those 62 tabulated electronically, the official primary ballot is to contain 63 a square formed in dark lines at the left of each name on the 64 ballot, arranged in a perpendicular column of squares before 65 each column of names.

(d) (1) The name of every candidate certified by the
secretary of state or the board of ballot commissioners is to be
printed in capital letters in no smaller than eight-point type on
the ballot for the appropriate precincts. Subject to the rules
promulgated by the secretary of state, the name of each
candidate is to appear in the form set out by the candidate on

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the certificate of announcement, but in no case may the name misrepresent the identity of the candidate nor may the name include any title, position, rank, degree or nickname implying or inferring any status as a member of a class or group or affiliation with any system of belief.

(2) The city of residence of every candidate, the state of
residence of every candidate residing outside the state, the
county of residence of every candidate for an office on the
ballot in more than one county and the magisterial district of
residence of every candidate for an office subject to magisterial
district limitations are to be printed in lower case letters beneath
the names of the candidates.

84 (3) The arrangement of names within each office must be85 determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a of this article.

(4) If the number of candidates for an office exceeds the
space available on a column or ballot label page and requires
that candidates for a single office be separated, to the extent
possible, the number of candidates for the office on separate
columns or pages are to be nearly equal and clear instructions
given the voter that the candidates for the office are continued
on the following column or page.

93 (e) When an insufficient number of candidates has filed for 94 a party to make the number of nominations allowed for the office or for the voters to elect sufficient members to the board 95 of education or to executive committees, the vacant positions on 96 97 the ballot shall be filled with the words "No Candidate Filed": 98 Provided, That in paper ballot systems which allow for 99 write-ins to be made directly on the ballot, a blank line shall be 100 placed in any vacant position in the office of board of education 101 or for election to any party executive committee. A line shall 102 separate each candidate from every other candidate for the same 103 office. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, if

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104 105 106 107 108	there are multiple vacant positions on a ballot for one office, the multiple vacant positions which would otherwise be filled with the words "No Candidate Filed" may be replaced with a brief detailed description, approved by the secretary of state, indicat- ing that there are no candidates listed for the vacant positions.	
109 110 111 112	(f) In presidential election years, the words " accordance with the plan adopted by the party an secretary of state" is to be printed following the candidates for delegate to national convention.	d filed with the
<ol> <li>113</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> </ol>	(g) All paper ballots are to be printed in blac sufficiently thick so that the printing or mark discernible from the back. Ballot cards and pap ballots using electronically sensible ink are to r requirements of the tabulating systems.	ting cannot be per for printing
<ol> <li>118</li> <li>119</li> <li>120</li> <li>121</li> <li>122</li> <li>123</li> <li>124</li> </ol>	(h) Ballots and ballot cards are to contain per the top of the ballots and are to be printed with a tial numbers from one to the highest number re- total number of ballots or ballot cards printed ballots, the ballot is to be bordered by a solid lis sixteenth of an inch wide and the ballot is to within one-half inch of that border.	unique sequen- epresenting the ed. On paper ine at least one
125 126 127 128 129	(i) On the back of every official ballot or words "Official Ballot" with the name of the of date of the election are to be printed. Beneath election there are to be two blank lines followe "Poll Clerks".	county and the the date of the
130 131 132 133 134	(j) The face of sample paper ballots and labels are to be like other official ballots or ballo that the word "sample" is to be prominently pri- front of the ballot in a manner that ensures candidates are not obscured and the word "sa	ot labels except nted across the the names of

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printed in red ink. No printing may be placed on the back of thesample.

# §3-5-13a. Order of offices and candidates on the ballot; uniform drawing date.

(a) The order of offices for state and county elections on all
 ballots within the state shall be as prescribed herein. When the
 office does not appear on the ballot in an election, then it shall
 be omitted from the sequence. When an unexpired term for an
 office appears on the ballot along with a full term, the unex pired term shall appear immediately below the full term.

7 NATIONAL TICKET: President (and vice president in the
8 general election), United States senator, member of the United
9 States house of representatives

STATE TICKET: Governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, commissioner of agriculture, attorney general, justice of
the supreme court of appeals, state senator, member of the
House of Delegates, circuit judge in multicounty districts,
family court judge in multicounty districts, any other
multicounty office, state executive committee

16 COUNTY TICKET: Circuit judge in single-county districts,
17 family court judge in single-county districts, clerk of the circuit
18 court, county commissioner, clerk of the county commission,
19 prosecuting attorney, sheriff, assessor, magistrate, surveyor,
20 congressional district executive committee, senatorial district
21 executive committee in multicounty districts, delegate district
22 executive committee in multicounty districts

23 NATIONAL CONVENTION: Delegate to the national conven-

24 tion -- at-large, delegate to the national convention -- congres-

25 sional district

26 DISTRICT TICKET: County executive committee.

(b) Except for office divisions in which no more than one
person has filed a certificate of announcement, the arrangement
of names for all offices shall be determined by lot according to
the following provisions:

31 (1) On the fourth Tuesday following the close of the 32 candidate filing, beginning at nine o'clock a. m., a drawing by 33 lot shall be conducted in the office of the clerk of the circuit 34 court in each county. Notice of the drawing shall be given on 35 the form for the certificate of announcement and no further 36 notice shall be required. The clerk of the circuit court shall 37 superintend and conduct the drawing and the method of 38 conducting the drawing shall be prescribed by the secretary of 39 state.

40 (2) Except as provided herein, the position of each candi-41 date within each office division shall be determined by the 42 position drawn for that candidate individually: *Provided*, That 43 if fewer candidates file for an office division than the total 44 number to be nominated or elected, the vacant positions shall 45 appear following the names of all candidates for the office.

46 (3) Candidates for delegate to national convention who have filed a commitment to a candidate for president shall be 47 listed alphabetically within the group of candidates committed 48 to the same candidate for president and uncommitted candidates 49 50 shall be listed alphabetically in an uncommitted category. The 51 position of each group of committed candidates and uncommit-52 ted candidates shall be determined by lot by drawing the names 53 of the presidential candidates and for an uncommitted category.

54 (4) A candidate or the candidate's representative may attend55 the drawings.

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## **ARTICLE 8. REGULATION AND CONTROL OF ELECTIONS.**

# §3-8-7. Failure to file statement; delinquent or incomplete filing; criminal and civil penalties.

1 (a) Any candidate, financial agent or treasurer of a political party committee who fails to file a sworn, itemized statement 2 within the time limitations specified in this article or who 3 willfully files a grossly incomplete or grossly inaccurate 4 statement shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic-5 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars or 6 7 imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year, or 8 both, in the discretion of the court. Forty days after any such primary or other election, the secretary of state, or county clerk, 9 or municipal recorder, as the case may be, shall give notice of 10 any failure to file such sworn statement or the filing of any 11 grossly incomplete or grossly inaccurate statement by any 12 candidate, financial agent or treasurer of a political party 13 committee and forward copies of any grossly incomplete or 14 grossly inaccurate statement to the prosecuting attorney of the 15 16 county where such candidate, agent or treasurer resides.

17 (b) (1) Any candidate, financial agent or treasurer of a political party committee who fails to file a sworn, itemized 18 statement as provided in this article or who files a grossly 19 incomplete or grossly inaccurate statement may be assessed a 20 civil penalty by the secretary of state of twenty-five dollars a 21 22 day for each day after the due date the statement is delinquent, grossly incomplete or grossly inaccurate. Forty days after any 23 such primary or other election the county clerk shall give notice 24 to the secretary of state of any failure to file such sworn 25 statement or the filing of any grossly incomplete or grossly 26 inaccurate statement by any candidate, financial agent or 27 28 treasurer of a political party committee and forward copies of

such delinquent, incomplete or inaccurate statements to thesecretary of state.

(2) A civil penalty assessed pursuant to the provisions of
this section shall be payable to the state of West Virginia and is
collectable in any manner authorized by law for the collection
of debts.

35 (3) The secretary of state may negotiate and enter into
36 settlement agreements for the payment of civil penalties
37 assessed as a result of the filing of a delinquent, grossly
38 incomplete or inaccurate statement.

(4) The secretary of state and county clerk may review and
audit any sworn statement required to be filed pursuant to the
provisions of this article. The state election commission shall
propose legislative rule for promulgation, in accordance with
the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to establish
procedures for the assessment of civil penalties as provided in
this section.

46 (c) No candidate nominated at a primary election who has 47 failed to file a sworn statement, as required by the provisions of 48 this article, shall have his name placed on the official ballot for 49 the ensuing election, unless there has been filed by or on behalf 50 of such candidate, or by his financial agent, if any, the financial 51 statement relating to nominations required by this article. It is unlawful to issue a commission or certificate of election, or to 52 53 administer the oath of office, to any person elected to any 54 public office who has failed to file a sworn statement as required by the provisions of this article and no such person 55 56 may enter upon the duties of his office until he has filed such 57 statement, nor may he receive any salary or emolument for any 58 period prior to the filing of such statement.

# CHAPTER 113

(S. B. 190 — By Senators Kessler, Helmick, Unger, Edgell, Prezioso, Oliverio, Snyder, Bailey, Sharpe, Plymale, McCabe, Ross, Bowman, Chafin, Caldwell, Dempsey, Hunter, Minard, Rowe and Fanning)

[Passed January 23, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §3-5-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to altering the amount of presidential and vice presidential certificate of announcement filing fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §3-5-8 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

# \*§3-5-8. Filing fees and their disposition.

- 1 Every person who becomes a candidate for nomination for
- 2 or election to office in any primary election shall, at the time of
- 3 filing the certificate of announcement as required in this article,
- 4 pay a filing fee as follows:
- 5 (a) A candidate for president of the United States, for vice 6 president of the United States, for United States senator, for 7 member of the United States House of Representatives, for 8 governor and for all other state elective offices shall pay a fee 9 equivalent to one percent of the annual salary of the office for

<sup>\*</sup> CLERK'S NOTE: This section was also amended by S. B. 449 (Chapter 112), which passed prior to this act.

10 which the candidate announces: *Provided*, That the filing fee

11 for any candidate for president or vice president of the United 12 States shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars

12 States shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars

13 commencing with the two thousand four filing period;

(b) A candidate for the office of judge of a circuit court and
judge of a family court shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent
of the total annual salary of the office for which the candidate
announces;

(c) A candidate for member of the House of Delegates shall
pay a fee of one-half percent of the total annual salary of the
office and a candidate for state senator shall pay a fee of one
percent of the total annual salary of the office;

(d) A candidate for sheriff, prosecuting attorney, circuit
clerk, county clerk, assessor, member of the county commission
and magistrate shall pay a fee equivalent to one percent of the
annual salary of the office for which the candidate announces.
A candidate for county board of education shall pay a fee of
twenty-five dollars. A candidate for any other county office
shall pay a fee of ten dollars;

(e) Delegates to the national convention of any politicalparty shall pay the following filing fees:

A candidate for delegate-at-large shall pay a fee of twenty
dollars; and a candidate for delegate from a congressional
district shall pay a fee of ten dollars;

34 (f) Candidates for members of political executive commit35 tees and other political committees shall pay the following
36 filing fees:

A candidate for member of a state executive committee ofany political party shall pay a fee of twenty dollars; a candidate

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for member of a county executive committee of any political
party shall pay a fee of ten dollars; and a candidate for member
of a congressional, senatorial or delegate district committee of
any political party shall pay a fee of five dollars.

Candidates filing for an office to be filled by the voters of one county shall pay the filing fee to the clerk of the circuit court and candidates filing for an office to be filled by the voters of more than one county shall pay the filing fee to the secretary of state at the time of filing their certificates of announcement and no certificate of announcement shall be received until the filing fee is paid.

50 All moneys received by such clerk from such fees shall be 51 credited to the general county fund. Moneys received by the 52 secretary of state from fees paid by candidates for offices to be 53 filled by all the voters of the state shall be deposited in a special 54 fund for that purpose and shall be apportioned and paid by him to the several counties on the basis of population and that 55 56 received from candidates from a district or judicial circuit of 57 more than one county shall be apportioned to the counties 58 comprising the district or judicial circuit in like manner. When such moneys are received by sheriffs, it shall be credited to the 59 general county fund. 60





(Com. Sub. for S. B. 125 — By Senators Kessler, Plymale, Edgell and Bowman)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §3-8-12 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to permitting solicitation of certain state employees for contributions to campaigns for or against ballot issues in county or local elections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §3-8-12 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 8. REGULATION AND CONTROL OF ELECTIONS.

- §3-8-12. Additional acts forbidden; circulation of written matter; newspaper advertising; solicitation of contributions; intimidation and coercion of employees; promise of employment or other benefits; limitations on contributions; public contractors; penalty.
  - (a) No person may publish, issue or circulate, or cause to be
     published, issued or circulated, any anonymous letter, circular,
     placard, radio or television advertisement or other publication
     expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identi fied candidate.
  - 6 (b) No owner, publisher, editor or employee of a newspaper 7 or other periodical may insert, either in its advertising or 8 reading columns, any matter, paid for or to be paid for, which 9 tends to influence the voting at any election, unless directly 10 designating it as a paid advertisement and stating the name of 11 the person authorizing its publication and the candidate in 12 whose behalf it is published.
  - (c) No person may, in any room or building occupied for
    the discharge of official duties by any officer or employee of
    the state or a political subdivision of the state, solicit orally or
    by written communication delivered within the room or
    building, or in any other manner, any contribution of money or
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18 other thing of value for any party or political purpose, from any 19 postmaster or any other officer or employee of the federal 20 government, or officer or employee of the state, or a political 21 subdivision of the state. No officer, agent, clerk or employee 22 of the federal government, or of this state, or any political 23 subdivision of the state, who may have charge or control of any 24 building, office or room, occupied for any official purpose, may 25 knowingly permit any person to enter any building, office or 26 room, occupied for any official purpose, for the purpose of 27 soliciting or receiving any political assessments from, or 28 delivering or giving written solicitations for, or any notice of, 29 any political assessments to, any officer or employee of the 30 state or a political subdivision of the state.

31 (d) Except as provided in section eight of this article, no 32 person entering into any contract with the state or its subdivi-33 sions, or any department or agency of the state, either for 34 rendition of personal services or furnishing any material, 35 supplies or equipment or selling any land or building to the 36 state, or its subdivisions, or any department or agency of the 37 state, if payment for the performance of the contract or payment 38 for the material, supplies, equipment, land or building is to be 39 made, in whole or in part, from public funds may, during the 40 period of negotiation for or performance under the contract or 41 furnishing of materials, supplies, equipment, land or buildings, 42 directly or indirectly, make any contribution to any political 43 party, committee or candidate for public office or to any person 44 for political purposes or use; nor may any person or firm solicit 45 any contributions for any purpose during any period.

(e) No person may, directly or indirectly, promise any
employment, position, work, compensation or other benefit
provided for, or made possible, in whole or in part, by act of the
Legislature, to any person as consideration, favor or reward for

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any political activity for the support of or opposition to anycandidate or any political party in any election.

52 (f) No person may, directly or indirectly, make any contribution in excess of the value of one thousand dollars in connec-53 54 tion with any campaign for nomination or election to or on 55 behalf of any statewide office, or in excess of the value of one 56 thousand dollars, in connection with any other campaign for 57 nomination or election to or on behalf of any other elective office in the state or any of its subdivisions, or in connection 58 59 with or on behalf of any committee or other organization or person engaged in furthering, advancing or advocating the 60 61 nomination or election of any candidate for any of the offices.

62 (g) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of 63 this section to the contrary, the aggregate contributions made to 64 a state party executive committee or state party legislative 65 caucus committee are to be permitted only pursuant to the 66 limitations imposed by the provisions of this subsection.

(2) No person may, directly or indirectly, make contributions to a state party executive committee or state party
legislative caucus committee which, in the aggregate, exceed
the value of one thousand dollars in any calendar year.

71 (h) The limitations on contributions contained in this 72 section do not apply to transfers between and among a state 73 party executive committee or a state party's legislative caucus 74 political committee from national committees of the same 75 political party: Provided, That transfers permitted by this subsection may not exceed fifty thousand dollars in the aggre-76 77 gate in any calendar year to any state party executive committee 78 or state party legislative caucus political committee: Provided, 79 *however*. That the moneys transferred may only be used for 80 voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities of the state 81 committees.

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82 (i) No person may solicit any contribution, other than contributions to a campaign for or against a county or local 83 84 government ballot issue, from any nonelective salaried employee of the state government or of any of its subdivisions: 85 86 *Provided*, That in no event shall any person acting in a supervisory role solicit a person who is a subordinate employee for any 87 88 contribution. No person may coerce or intimidate any nonelective salaried employee into making a contribution. No 89 90 person may coerce or intimidate any nonsalaried employee of 91 the state government or any of its subdivisions into engaging in 92 any form of political activity. The provisions of this subsection may not be construed to prevent any employee from making a 93 contribution or from engaging in political activity voluntarily 94 95 without coercion, intimidation or solicitation.

96 (j) No person may solicit a contribution from any other person without informing the other person at the time of the 97 98 solicitation of the amount of any commission, remuneration or 99 other compensation that the solicitor or any other person will 100 receive or expect to receive as a direct result of the contribution being successfully collected. Nothing in this subsection may be 101 102 construed to apply to solicitations of contributions made by any 103 person serving as an unpaid volunteer.

104 (k) No person may place any letter, circular, flyer, adver-105 tisement, election paraphernalia, solicitation material or other printed or published item tending to influence voting at any 106 107 election in a roadside receptacle unless it is: (1) Approved for 108 placement into a roadside receptacle by the business or entity 109 owning the receptacle; and (2) contains a written acknowledg-110 ment of the approval. This subdivision does not apply to any 111 printed material contained in a newspaper or periodical pub-112 lished or distributed by the owner of the receptacle. The term 113 "roadside receptacle" means any container placed by a newspa-114 per or periodical business or entity to facilitate home or

# 948ELEVATOR SAFETY[Ch. 115115personal delivery of a designated newspaper or periodical to its

116 customers.

(I) Any person violating any provision of this section is
guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
fined not more than one thousand dollars, or confined in a
regional or county jail for not more than one year or, in the
discretion of the court, be subject to both fine and confinement.
(m) The provisions of subsection (i) of this section,
permitting contributions to a campaign for or against a county

permitting contributions to a campaign for or against a countyor local government ballot issue, shall become operable on and

125 after the first day of January, two thousand five.



(H. B. 4582 - By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Kuhn)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §21-3C-1, §21-3C-2, §21-3C-3, §21-3C-4, §21-3C-5 and §21-3C-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to elevator safety; adding and modifying definitions; adding grounds for revocation or suspension of certificate of competency; limiting division inspectors to inspections of state owned elevators; and making technical and stylistic changes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §21-3C-1, §21-3C-2, §21-3C-3, §21-3C-4, §21-3C-5 and §21-3C-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3C. ELEVATOR SAFETY.

§21-3C-1. Definitions.

- §21-3C-2. Inspectors; application; examination; certificates of competency; reexamination.
- §21-3C-3. Suspension or revocation of certificates.
- §21-3C-4. Registration of elevators; notification to counties and municipalities.
- §21-3C-5. Powers and duties of counties and municipalities; annual inspections required; acceptance inspection.
- §21-3C-6. Report of inspection; hearing on construction plans and specifications; findings and orders of division.

# §21-3C-1. Definitions.

1 (1) "Certificate of acceptance" means a certificate issued by 2 the division of labor certifying that a newly installed elevator 3 has been inspected and was found to be installed in compliance with the safety standards set forth in the American Society of 4 Mechanical Engineers Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators 5 (ASME) A17.1-3, "Safety Code for Elevators" and ASME 6 A18.1, "Safety Code for Platform Lifts and Stairway Chair-7 8 lifts".

9 (2) "Certificate of competency" means a certificate issued 10 by the division of labor certifying that an individual is qualified 11 to inspect elevators.

(3) "Certificate of operation" means a certificate issued by
the division of labor certifying that an elevator has been
inspected and is safe for operation.

15 (4) "Division" means the division of labor.

(5) "Division inspector" means an employee or contractor
of the division who has been examined and issued a certificate
of competency and who only inspects elevators in state owned
buildings.

#### ELEVATOR SAFETY

20 (6) "Elevator" means all the machinery, construction, 21 apparatus and equipment used in raising and lowering a car, cage or platform vertically between permanent rails or guides 22 23 and includes all elevators, power dumbwaiters, escalators, 24 gravity elevators and other lifting or lowering apparatus permanently installed between rails or guides, but does not 25 include hand operated dumbwaiters, manlifts of the platform 26 27 type with a platform area not exceeding nine hundred square 28 inches, construction hoists or other similar temporary lifting or 29 lowering apparatus.

30 (7) "Freight elevator" means an elevator used for carrying
31 freight and on which only the operator, by the permission of the
32 employer, is allowed to ride.

33 (8) "Inspector" means both a division inspector and a34 private inspector.

35 (9) "Passenger elevator" means an elevator that is designed36 to carry persons to its contract capacity.

37 (10) "Private inspector" means a person who has been
38 examined and issued a certificate of competency to inspect
39 elevators within this state.

# §21-3C-2. Inspectors; application; examination; certificates of competency; reexamination.

(a) No person may serve as an inspector unless he or she
 successfully completes the examination required by this section
 and holds a certificate of competency for elevator inspections
 issued by the division.

5 (b) The application for examination for elevator inspector 6 shall be in writing, accompanied by a fee of ten dollars, upon a 7 form furnished by the division. The applicant shall state his or

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8 her social security number, level of education, previous
9 employers, the period of employment, the position held with
10 each employer, and other information required by the division.
11 The applicant shall also submit a letter from one of his or her
12 previous employers concerning his or her character and
13 experience.

14 (c) Applications which contain any willfully submitted false15 or untrue information shall be rejected.

(d) The division shall administer an examination to a
qualified applicant testing the applicant's knowledge of the
construction, installation, operation, maintenance and repair of
elevators and accessories.

(e) The division shall issue a certificate of competency for
elevator inspections to an applicant who successfully completes
the examination and who complies with the requirements of this
article and legislative rules promulgated by the division.

24 (f) An applicant who fails to successfully complete an initial examination may submit an application for a second 25 26 examination ninety days or more after the initial examination. The second application must be accompanied by the ten dollar 27 examination fee. Should an applicant fail to successfully 28 complete the prescribed examination on the second trial, he or 29 30 she is not permitted to submit an application for another examination for a period of one year after the second failure. 31

32 (g) Any person hired as a private inspector by a county or
33 municipality shall possess a certificate of competency issued by
34 the division.

(h) The division may hire division inspectors or enter into
a contract for the services of a division inspector so long as the
inspector has been certified competent by the division. The

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38 division may hire an inspector supervisor who shall supervise

5

39 the inspection activities under this article.

# §21-3C-3. Suspension or revocation of certificates.

1 A certificate of competency for elevator inspectors may be 2 suspended or revoked by the division if the inspector is found 3 to be incompetent or untrustworthy or for the falsification of 4 any matter or statement contained on the application or in a 5 report of any inspection. Any willfully submitted false state-6 ment contained in an inspection report shall constitute grounds 7 for suspension of the certificate of competency.

# §21-3C-4. Registration of elevators; notification to counties and municipalities.

1 The owner or operator of an elevator shall register each 2 elevator with the division, giving the type, capacity and 3 description, name of manufacturer, and purpose for which each 4 is used. The registration shall be made on a form designed and 5 furnished by the division. The division shall forward a list of 6 registered elevators to the county or municipality wherein the 7 elevators are located.

# §21-3C-5. Powers and duties of counties and municipalities; annual inspections required; acceptance inspection.

(a) A county or municipality may hire a private inspector or
 contract with any person who possesses a West Virginia
 elevator inspector's certificate of competency issued by the
 division.

5 (b) The county or municipality shall ensure that every 6 elevator which has been in use for five years or more is 7 inspected annually. A private inspector shall inspect all 8 elevators except elevators in state owned buildings. A division

9 inspector shall inspect elevators in state owned buildings.

(c)(1) The county or municipality shall ensure that each
newly installed elevator within its jurisdiction is inspected and
issued a certificate of acceptance by the division prior to being
placed in service.

(2) A certificate of acceptance shall only be issued if the
elevator was installed in compliance with the safety standards
set forth in the American Society of Mechanical Engineers
Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators (ASME) A17.1-3,
"Safety Code for Elevators" and ASME A18.1, "Safety Code
for Platform Lifts and Stairway Chairlifts".

20 (3) The acceptance inspection shall be subject to the same21 procedures and requirements as any other elevator inspection.

# §21-3C-6. Report of inspection; hearing on construction plans and specifications; findings and orders of division.

(a) The division shall propose rules for legislative approval
 in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
 code, prescribing inspection procedures and reporting require ments.

(b) Each inspector shall submit a complete report of each
inspection made of an elevator to the division and to the county
or municipality in which the elevator is located.

8 (c)(1) The inspection report shall list all changes or repairs 9 required to be made for the safe operation of the elevator. A 10 copy of the report as approved by the division shall be submit-11 ted to the owner or operator of the elevator. Unless the findings 12 in the report are appealed, the owner or operator of the elevator

#### **ELEVATOR SAFETY**

shall make the required changes or repairs before a certificateof operation is issued.

(2) The owner or operator, within twenty days from receipt
of the copy of an inspection report, may make written application to the division, upon forms to be furnished by the division,
for a hearing on the inspection report including the issue of
whether the elevator in question is reasonably safe. The division
shall promptly consider the submitted application.

21 (3) If it appears from the evidence that the elevator will be 22 reasonably safe to operate without the recommended changes 23 or repairs set forth in the report or by making only a part of the 24 recommended changes or repairs, the division shall make its 25 finding and order accordingly. If the finding and order require 26 changes or repairs to be made to the elevator, the division may 27 not issue a certificate of operation until the elevator owner has 28 complied with the order or the division issues its approval of 29 the change or repair plans or specifications. If the finding and 30 order of the division has been affirmed or modified by appeal, 31 on the grounds of reasonable safety considered by the division, 32 the division shall, upon the owner or operator's compliance 33 with the order, issue the certificate of operation, but if the 34 finding and order of the division has been vacated, the certifi-35 cate of operation shall be issued immediately.

36 (4) An elevator owner adversely affected by a finding and
37 order of the division, is entitled to judicial review of the finding
38 and order in accordance with the provisions of section four,
39 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

40 (d) No elevator may be operated after being inspected
41 without having the certificate of operation conspicuously posted
42 except during the period a hearing on the issuance of the
43 certificate of operation is pending.



# CHAPTER 116

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4027 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 11, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §22-25-1, §22-25-2, §22-25-3, §22-25-4, §22-25-5, §22-25-6, §22-25-7, §22-25-8, §22-25-9, §22-25-10, §22-25-11, §22-25-12 and §22-25-13, all relating to establishing a voluntary environmental excellence program; creating certain incentives for businesses that exceed the requirements of certain state and federal environmental laws and regulations and increase the quantity and quality of public participation; establishing legislative findings and purpose; defining certain terms; directing the secretary of the department of environmental protection to develop and implement the environmental excellence program; authorizing the secretary of the department of environmental protection to propose certain legislative rules regarding the environmental excellence program; establishing eligibility and application requirements for participation; authorizing the department of environmental protection to enter into environmental performance agreements with qualified entities and timely review applications; providing for certain program elements; providing for appeal of certain adverse application decisions; providing for the withdrawal, enforcement and termination of participation under certain circumstances; providing for certain incentives to be established for participating in the program; providing certain guidelines for the content of environmental performance agreements; establishing the environmental excellence administrative fund; allowing for gifts and donations to be received by the fund; providing for public participation in the environmental excellence program; providing for a performance review of the program; and providing for expiration of the program in two thousand nine.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §22-25-1, §22-25-2, §22-25-3, §22-25-4, §22-25-5, §22-25-6, §22-25-7, §22-25-8, §22-25-9, §22-25-10, §22-25-11, §22-25-12 and §22-25-13, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 25. ENVIRONMENTAL EXCELLENCE PROGRAM.

- §22-25-1. Legislative findings.
- §22-25-2. Purpose.
- §22-25-3. Definitions.
- §22-25-4. Powers and duties of the department.
- §22-25-5. Eligibility and application requirements.
- §22-25-6. Application review and authority to enter into environmental performance agreement.
- §22-25-7. Judicial review of department decision on acceptance of application to participate in the environmental excellence program.
- §22-25-8. Withdrawal, enforcement and termination from the program.
- §22-25-9. Incentives.
- §22-25-10. Environmental performance agreements; contents, and specifications.
- §22-25-11. Recovery of costs to department in developing, negotiating and publicizing environmental performance agreement; deposition of moneys collected; creation of environmental excellence program administrative fund.
- §22-25-12. Public participation.
- §22-25-13. Review and repeal of the environmental excellence program.

# §22-25-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds that:
- 2 (1) Regulated and nonregulated entities that demonstrate a
- 3 commitment to the environment by going beyond compliance
- 4 with environmental laws and rules positively impact the quality

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5 of life for all citizens of the state by improving the economy 6 and the environment by increasing consumer and public 7 confidence, boosting management and employee morale, and 8 operating in a safe and sensible manner that lessens impacts on 9 the environment.

(2) While West Virginia's existing environmental laws play
 an important role in protecting the environment, environmental
 protection could be further enhanced by authorizing innovative
 advances in environmental regulatory methods and approaches.

(3) Enhanced public involvement allows the public and
community to meaningfully participate in finding solutions for
environmental issues in their community while maintaining the
vitality of the local and state economy and strengthening ties
between businesses, nonbusiness entities and community.

19 (4) Increased use of pollution prevention strategies, more 20cost-effective options for compliance with environmental 21 standards, improvement of environmental performance, and 22 reduction in occurrences of noncompliance with environmental 23 standards can be achieved through the establishment and 24 implementation of a voluntary environmental excellence 25 program pursuant to this article. This voluntary program will 26 provide entities with the opportunity to enter into an agreement 27 with the department of environmental protection through which 28the department shall grant recognition and other benefits to 29 participating entities that comply with a prescribed number of 30 program elements established by the secretary of the depart-31 ment of environmental protection designed to reduce environ-32 mental impacts beyond those achieved by compliance with 33 environmental laws and permits alone.

#### §22-25-2. Purpose.

1 The purpose of this article is to authorize the department of 2 environmental protection to establish and administer an

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3 environmental excellence program to promote, reward, and 4 encourage superior environmental performance in this state. 5 The environmental excellence program will establish a system 6 to encourage voluntary environmental performance that will exceed existing regulatory standards for health and the environ-7 8 ment and result in continual improvement in the state's environ-9 ment, economy, and quality of life. The program should, if practical, be compatible with other federal programs which 10 create incentives for achieving environmental performance 11 12 beyond the regulatory requirements, such as the United States 13 environmental protection agency's national performance track 14 program. The environmental excellence program will be 15 established and implemented to accomplish the following:

16 (1) Encourage facility owners and operators to assess theenvironmental impact of their operations;

(2) Encourage innovation by and measure success through
facility owners and operators setting measurable and verifiable
goals;

(3) Increase public participation and encourage stakeholder
 consensus in the development of innovative environmental
 regulatory approaches and methods and in monitoring the
 environmental performance of projects under this article;

(4) Focus resources toward achieving positive environmen-tal goals that are important to the community and the state;

(5) Report environmental performance information and
ambient environmental data to the public in a manner that is
accurate, timely, credible, relevant and usable to interested
parties;

31 (6) Provide for the measurement of environmental perfor32 mance in terms of accomplishing goals and objectives, and
33 require the reporting of those results;

34 (7) Provide facility owners and operators with flexibility to
35 implement the most effective pollution prevention, source
36 reduction, or other pollution reduction strategies for their
37 particular facilities, while complying with verifiable and
38 enforceable pollution limits;

39 (8) Encourage superior environmental performance and
40 continuous improvement toward sustainable levels of resource
41 usage and minimization of pollution discharges, emissions and
42 releases;

43 (9) Promote the transfer of technological and practical
44 environmental innovations that improve environmental perfor45 mance in a more efficient, effective, and safe manner; and

46 (10) Strive to lower transaction costs associated with 47 environmental performance.

#### §22-25-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 2 requires:

3 (a) "Cross-media transfer" means a pollutant transfer from4 one environmental media to another, such as air to water.

5 (b) "Department" means the department of environmental6 protection.

7 (c) "Environmental goals" means the environmental
8 performance objectives proposed by a qualified applicant that
9 demonstrates superior environmental performance and which
10 may support variances from environmental laws.

(d) "Environmental laws" means the following articles of
chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, two thousand
two, as amended: Four, five, eleven, twelve, fifteen, sixteen,
seventeen, and eighteen and legislative rules adopted under one

15 of those articles, or a policy, rule, permit, license, other approval or order issued by the department under one of those articles. "Environmental laws" do not include any provision of the code of West Virginia or of any municipal ordinance or enactment that regulates the selection of a location for a new facility.

(e) "Environmental management system" means a formal 21 22 set of voluntary procedures and policies used to evaluate 23 environmental performance and to achieve measurable or noticeable improvements in that environmental performance 24 through planning and changes in operations, based on a 25 commitment to superior environmental performance. An 26 environmental management system is the part of the overall 27 management system that includes organizational structure, 28 planning activities, responsibilities, practices, procedures, 29 processes, and resources for developing, implementing, 30 achieving, reviewing, and maintaining an environmental policy. 31 An environmental management system includes the following 32 elements: 33

(1) Adoption of an environmental policy that includes a
commitment to maintain or exceed compliance with environmental and other requirements, pollution prevention, and
continual improvement;

38 (2) An analysis of the environmental aspects and impacts39 of the organization's activities;

40 (3) Significance ranking of environmental aspects and 41 procedures;

42 (4) Plans and procedures to achieve, maintain and exceed43 requirements set forth by environmental laws;

44 (5) Identification of all legal requirements applicable to the45 organization's environmental performance;

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46 (6) Setting environmental objectives and developing
47 appropriate environmental management programs to meet the
48 objectives;

49 (7) Establishment of a structure for operational control and50 responsibility for environmental performance;

(8) An employee training program to develop awareness ofand competence to manage environmental issues;

53 (9) A plan for taking preventive, corrective and emergency54 action to address environmental problems;

(10) A communication plan to collaborate with employees,
the public and department on the design of the projects and
activities to achieve superior environmental performance;

58 (11) Document control and record keeping of environmen-59 tal performance;

60 (12) Third party audits of the environmental management61 system;

62 (13) Third party audits of environmental compliance;

63 (14) Senior management review;

64 (15) Monitoring and measurement of environmental 65 performance; and

66 (16) Other criteria as established by the secretary.

67 (f) "Environmental management system audit" means a 68 systematic and documented third party verification process of 69 evaluating whether an organization's environmental manage-70 ment system conforms to the criteria set forth by the depart-71 ment.

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(g) "Environmental performance agreement" means an
agreement entered into between the department and a participant of the program that specifies the participant's commitment
to superior environmental performance, enhanced public
involvement, and the incentives to be provided to the participant.

(h) "Environmental performance baseline" means the actual
emissions, discharges, and impact to the environment by a
facility at the time the application to participate in the environmental excellence program is filed with the department.

(i) "Hazardous substance" or "toxic substance" means those
chemicals defined as hazardous substances under section 313 of
the federal Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of
1986 (SARA Title III), including any subsequent amendments,
and sections 101(14) and 102 of the federal Comprehensive
Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
(CERCLA), as amended.

(j) "Participant" means a qualified applicant that has been
admitted into the environmental excellence program through
the execution of an environmental performance agreement with
the department. Participant is limited to the site or facility
where the environmental goals will be achieved and does not
include the entire company where the company operates
multiple sites or facilities.

96 (k) "Pollution prevention" means any practice that reduces the use of any hazardous substance or amount of a pollutant or 97 98 contaminant prior to reuse, recycling, treatment, or disposal, 99 and reduces the hazards to public health and the environment 100 associated with the use and release of hazardous substances, 101 pollutants or contaminants. Pollution prevention does not 102 include cross-media pollution transfers that do not result in a 103 net decrease of discharge, emission or impact to the environ-104 ment.

(1) "Program" means the environmental excellence programcreated pursuant to this article.

107 (m) "Qualified applicant" means any regulated or 108 nonregulated facility of a government entity, corporation, 109 partnership, sole proprietorship, municipality, county, city and 110 county, or special district located and doing business in this 111 state that meets the requirements for participation in the 112 program set forth by this article.

(n) "Regulated entity" means an entity that requires a
permit issued under one of the environmental laws to legally
operate in this state or is otherwise subject to enforcement of
environmental laws.

(o) "Nonregulated entity" means an entity that does notrequire a permit issued pursuant to environmental laws tolegally operate in this state.

(p) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department ofenvironmental protection.

(q) "Significant impact to the environment" means a release
of a substance into the environment which has caused or may
cause an adverse affect to natural resources, organisms, flora,
fauna or the ecosystem.

(r) "Significant impact to human health" means a release of
a substance into the environment which has caused or may
cause an acute or chronic affect to human health.

(s) "Source reduction" means any practice which reduces
the amount of any pollutant, contaminant, or hazardous
substance entering any waste stream or otherwise being
released into the environment, including fugitive emissions,
prior to recycling, treatment, or disposal and reduces the
hazards to public health and the environment associated with

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135 the release of these pollutants, contaminants, or hazardous 136 substances. "Source reduction" includes equipment or technol-137 ogy modifications, process or procedure modifications, refor-138 mulation or redesign of products, substitution of raw materials, 139 and improvements in housekeeping, maintenance, training or inventory control. "Source reduction" does not include any 140 141 practice which alters the physical, chemical, or biological 142 characteristics or the volume of a hazardous substance, pollut-143 ant or contaminant through a process or activity which itself is 144 not integral to and necessary for the production of a product or 145 the providing of a service.

146 (t) "Superior environmental performance" means environ-147 mental performance that results in measurable or discernable 148 improvement in the quality of the air, water, land or natural 149 resources or in the protection of the ecosystem beyond that which is actually being achieved by the qualified applicant 150 151 under compliance with current environmental laws. "Superior environmental performance" does not include pollutant 152 153 reductions resulting from cross-media pollutant transfers unless 154 it can be demonstrated that such transfer results in an overall 155 improvement to the quality of the air, water, land and natural 156 resources. "Superior environmental performance" may include, 157 but is not limited to, any of the following:

(1) An entity limits the discharges or emissions of pollutants from, or in some other way minimizes the negative effects
on air, water, land, natural resources, or human health of, a
facility that is owned or operated by the entity or an activity
that is performed by the entity to an extent that is greater than
is required by applicable environmental laws.

(2) An entity minimizes the negative impact on air, water,
land, natural resources, or human health of the raw materials
used by the entity or the products or services produced or

167 provided by the entity to an extent that is greater than is 168 required by applicable environmental laws.

(3) An entity voluntary engages in restoring, reclaiming,enhancing, or preserving natural resources.

(4) An entity organizes segmented or uncoordinated entities
that are producing environmental harm into a program that
achieves positive environmental results.

174 (5) An entity reduces waste, hazardous substances, or toxic
175 substances in the design, production, delivery, use or reuse of
176 goods and services.

177 (6) An entity reduces or conserves energy, nonrenewable or
178 renewable natural resources through more efficient and
179 sustainable methods.

(u) "Toxic use reduction" means changes in production
processes, products, or raw materials that reduce, avoid or
eliminate the use of toxic or hazardous substances and the
generation of hazardous byproducts per unit of production, so
as to reduce the overall risks to the health of workers, consumers or the environment without creating new risks of concern.

#### §22-25-4. Powers and duties of the department.

1 (a) Within one year after the effective date of this section, 2 the secretary, after consultation with representatives from the 3 regulated community, local governments, environmental 4 advocacy groups and other interested citizens, shall develop and 5 implement a voluntary environmental excellence program in 6 accordance with this article. The secretary shall propose 7 legislative rules for promulgation in accordance with article 8 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to establish 9 and implement all necessary program elements for the environmental excellence program as established in this article. Such 10

11 program elements shall include, but are not limited to, the 12 following criteria:

- 13 (1) Participation and entry into the program;
- 14 (2) Public involvement;
- 15 (3) Environmental management system;
- 16 (4) Commitment to superior environmental performance;
- 17 (5) Communication of program results to the public; and
- 18 (6) Incentives.

(b) In establishing the environmental excellence business
program, the secretary may establish classes, categories, or tiers
of environmental performance agreements as the secretary
considers appropriate, taking into consideration the diversity of
businesses and industries in the state, the impact these entities
may have on the environment, and the incentives sought by the
qualified applicant.

(c) The secretary may negotiate with federal regulatory
agencies to obtain authority to grant incentives under federal
regulatory programs.

29 (d) Participation in the program by any participant is30 voluntary and is subject to review every three years.

# §22-25-5. Eligibility and application requirements.

1 (a) The secretary shall establish by rule the minimum 2 criteria for participation in the environmental excellence 3 program. The minimum criteria shall include, but not be limited 4 to, the following:

5 (1) An identified number of years with no serious civil 6 noncompliance;

7 (2) An identified number of years without any criminal8 noncompliance;

9 (3) An identified number of years with no activities that 10 resulted in a significant negative impact to human health or the 11 environment;

12 (4) The existence and maintenance of an environmental13 management system;

14 (5) The existence and maintenance of an environmental15 management system audit program;

(6) The establishment of quantifiable environmental goals
which are designed to achieve superior environmental performance;

19 (7) The existence and maintenance of verifiable, quantita20 tive and qualitative measures or methods to document attain21 ment of environmental goals; and

(8) The existence or establishment of a public participation
plan as approved by the secretary that demonstrates that the
proposal has broad support, its environmental implications are
fully understood by all interested parties, and assures ongoing
engagement of the public.

(b) The secretary shall establish alternative elective
program elements in addition to the mandatory program
elements set forth in subsection (a) of this section. Qualified
applicants shall select from among the alternative elective
program elements and complete those selected within a
specified time period. The number of elective program elements
shall be determined by the secretary and based on the activity

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of the participant and the nature of the proposal. All elective
program elements shall be designed to result in measurable
improvement and enhancement of the environmental quality of
the state or shall be activities that are beneficial to the environment. Elective program elements may include, but are not
limited to:

40 (1) Development and maintenance of programs that provide
41 technical assistance or mentoring to one or more specified
42 organizations to encourage technology transfers;

43 (2) Active participation in industry or business environmen-44 tal improvement programs;

45 (3) Publication and public distribution of annual environ-46 mental performance summary reports;

47 (4) Promotion, sponsorship and participation in community48 environmental and advisory programs;

(5) Development and maintenance of management programs that encourage and reward employees for meeting or
exceeding requirements of environmental laws or permits and
for participation in voluntary environmental activities; and

(6) Development and implementation of programs that
reduce adverse environmental impact of development, manufacturing, distribution and marketing of the participant's
products or services.

57 The secretary may establish additional alternative elective 58 program elements so long as the elements are designed to result 59 in the measurable improvement and enhancement of the 60 environmental quality of this state. Any additional alternative 61 elective program elements established by the secretary shall 62 have a reasonable nexus to the industry or business to which it 63 applies.

64 (c) The secretary shall establish application requirements 65 and application forms for entities to submit proposals to 66 participate in the program. The department shall review all applications submitted for the program and shall notify the 67 68 eligible applicant that the application is complete or that the 69 application is incomplete. If the application is incomplete, the 70 department shall describe what additional information is required to complete the application. The applicant may correct 71 the application and resubmit it at any time. 72

(d) Applicants accepted into an equivalent federal program
at the time of submitting an application to the department may
satisfy some or all of the eligibility and application requirements pursuant to this article at the secretary's discretion.

# §22-25-6. Application review and authority to enter into environmental performance agreement.

1 (a) The secretary shall review all completed applications within a reasonable period of time. If the secretary determines 2 that the application meets the requirements for the program, the 3 4 secretary shall notify the applicant in writing, and the applica-5 tion shall be incorporated into a written agreement. If the 6 secretary determines the application does not meet the requirements of the program, the secretary shall notify the applicant in 7 writing and shall provide an adequate opportunity for the 8 9 applicant to address the outstanding items.

10 (b) The secretary may enter into one or more agreements 11 with a participant as necessary to implement the provisions of 12 this article. The agreement shall describe the requirements for 13 continued participation and incentives to be provided to the 14 participant.

(c) The secretary shall not enter into any environmentalperformance agreement that would:

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17	(1) Violate or waive any specific statutory provision;		
18 19	(2) Waive any federal regulation, unless specifically authorized by the federal government;		
20 21 22	(3) Result in an increase in emissions, discharges, or other releases above those allowable under the otherwise applicable regulatory requirements; or		
23 24	(4) Address past or ongoing violations or noncompliance by a qualified applicant.		
25 26	(d) The following documents shall be made available for public review:		
27 28 29 30 31 32	(1) The application, including documentation of compliance with environmental laws and permits applicable to the facility over the last three years, information regarding an appropriate environmental management system, a description of the current status of proposed performance indicators, and an outline of the measures by which the program will be evaluated;		
33 34	(2) The executive's determination regarding their applica- tion; and		
35 36	(3) The agreement described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section.		
§22-25-7. Judicial review of department decision on acceptance of application to participate in the environmental excellence program.			
1 2 3 4 5 6	The decision of the department to refuse to accept an application for participation in the environmental excellence program is not subject to judicial review. The decision of the department to enter into an environmental performance agreement may be appealed to the environmental quality board by any person aggrieved or adversely affected by the action		

- 7 being appealed, pursuant to the provisions of article one,
- 8 chapter twenty-two-b of this code.

# §22-25-8. Withdrawal, enforcement and termination from the program.

(a) Any participant may elect to withdraw from participa tion in the program at any time upon written notice to the
 secretary.

4 (b) The secretary shall terminate the participation of any 5 participant in the program if a serious violation is discovered or 6 occurs and the violation is not properly disclosed in accordance 7 with the law or is not corrected or remedied in a timely manner 8 to the satisfaction of the secretary.

9 (c) The secretary may continue the participation of a 10 participant in the program if a serious violation is discovered or 11 occurs and the violation is properly disclosed in accordance 12 with law and is corrected or remedied in a timely manner to the 13 satisfaction of the secretary.

(d) A participant's participation in the program shall be
suspended from the time the serious violation is discovered or
occurs until the time it is corrected or remedied to the satisfaction of the secretary.

(e) If the secretary determines at any time a participant is
failing to perform in accordance with the environmental
performance agreement, and if, after written notice to the
participant, the participant does not come into conformance
within a reasonable period of time, as established by the
secretary, the secretary may terminate the participant's participation in the program.

(f) All incentives provided by the state pursuant to sectionnine of this article shall be withdrawn, effective upon termina-

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27 tion or withdrawal of the participant's participation in the program. If a participant withdraws or is terminated from the 28

29 program, any unused incentives will be forfeited.

30 (g) The secretary shall establish, by rule, procedures and criteria that set forth circumstances under which a participant's 31 participation shall be suspended or terminated and criteria for 32 a transition plan for returning to otherwise applicable environ-33 mental laws if the environmental performance agreement is 34 terminated by the participant for any reason or by the secretary 35 for failure to meet the agreement's stated environmental goals, 36 37 despite good faith efforts.

# §22-25-9. Incentives.

- 1 The secretary shall propose rules for legislative approval,
- 2 pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- establishing incentives to be granted to any participant that 3
- complies with all of the mandatory program elements and the 4
- prescribed number of elective program elements, as determined 5
- by the secretary. Participants may seek some or all of the 6
- 7 incentives established pursuant to this subsection.

# §22-25-10. Environmental performance agreements; contents, and specifications.

1 (a) The environmental performance agreement shall clearly establish the environmental goals of the participant; public 2 involvement requirements; incentives; reporting requirements; 3 and all other terms to ensure that the proposal is properly 4 5 implemented and enforceable.

(b) In entering into environmental performance agreements, 6 the secretary shall require stricter monitoring, or take other 7 appropriate steps to ensure accountability, for proposals with 8 9 greater uncertainty of meeting their stated environmental goals.

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10 (c) A final environmental performance agreement shall11 specify:

(1) Any otherwise applicable rules, requirements, policies,or practices, modified, waived or replaced;

(2) The specific environmental goals of the agreement and
the criteria for determining whether the agreement is meeting
those goals;

(3) A description of how compliance with the agreement
will be monitored and enforced, including any penalties that
may be imposed for failure to carry out the terms of the
agreement;

21 (4) The duration of the agreement and terms for renewal or22 extension;

(5) A transition plan for returning to otherwise applicable
environmental laws in the event the agreement is terminated by
either the participant or the department;

(6) A plan for integrating into the agreement any relevant
regulations that are promulgated during the duration of the
agreement; and

(7) Criteria for determining whether agreement may be
transferred in the event of a transfer of ownership of the facility
subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement and when
applicable, the procedures for transferring the agreement.

# §22-25-11. Recovery of costs to department in developing, negotiating and publicizing environmental performance agreement; deposition of moneys collected; creation of environmental excellence program administrative fund.

1 To recover the costs to the department in developing, 2 negotiating and publicizing an environmental performance

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3 agreement, the secretary may establish by legislative rule reasonable application, renewal, and administration fees. An 4 5 "Environmental Excellence Program Administrative Fund" is hereby created in the state treasury. The funds shall be dedi-6 7 cated and appropriated to the department to administer the program. Expenditures are not authorized from collections but 8 9 are to be made only in accordance with appropriation by the 10 Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of article 11 three, chapter twelve of this code and upon the fulfillment of 12 the provisions of article two, chapter five-a of this code: 13 *Provided*, That for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of 14 June, two thousand five, expenditures are authorized from 15 collections rather than pursuant to appropriation by the Legisla-16 ture. Any moneys not utilized by the department for the 17 purposes set forth herein by the thirtieth day of June, two thousand nine, shall revert to the state general revenue fund and 18 19 the environmental excellence program administration fund shall 20be dissolved.

### §22-25-12. Public participation.

- 1 To promote a participatory process that will conform to the
- 2 legislative rules adopted pursuant to section four of this article,
- 3 to the extent that resources are available in the environmental
- 4 excellence program administration fund and appropriated by the
- 5 Legislature, the secretary is authorized to provide logistical and
- 6 technical support to assure balanced and timely participation in
- 7 any public process associated with this program.

# §22-25-13. Review and repeal of the environmental excellence program.

(a) The joint committee on government operations shall,
 pursuant to authority granted in article ten, chapter four of this
 code, conduct a preliminary performance review of the depart ment of environmental protection's compliance with the
 provisions of this article, and whether it is appropriate to

6 continue this program. In conducting a preliminary performance
7 review, the committee shall follow the guidelines established in
8 section ten, article ten, chapter four of this code. The committee
9 may direct that the focus of the preliminary performance review
10 be on a specific area of operation and may direct further
11 inquiry, when necessary and desirable.

(b) This article and any rules promulgated thereunder shall
remain in effect until the thirtieth day of June, two thousand
nine, at which time this article and any rules promulgated
thereunder shall be repealed.



# CHAPTER 117

## (H. B. 2991 — By Delegates Cann, Kominar, Amores, Stemple, Palumbo and Hrutkay)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §44-2-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the fee charged by fiduciary commissioners in settling an estate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §44-2-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2. PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS.

§44-2-1. Reference of decedents' estates; proceedings thereon.

#### ESTATES AND TRUSTS

1 (a) Upon the return of the appraisement by the personal 2 representative to the county clerk, the estate of his or her 3 decedent, by order of the county commission, must be referred 4 to a fiduciary commissioner for proof and determination of 5 debts and claims, establishment of their priority, determination of the amount of the respective shares of the legatees and 6 7 distributees, and any other matter necessary for the settlement of the estate: Provided, That in counties where there are two or 8 9 more commissioners, the estates of decedents must be referred 10 to the commissioners in rotation, so there may be an equal division of the work. Notwithstanding any other provision of 11 12 this code to the contrary, a fiduciary commissioner may not 13 charge to the estate a fee greater than three hundred dollars and 14 expenses for the settlement of an estate, except upon: (i) 15 Approval of the personal representative; or (ii) a determination by the county commission that the fee is based upon the actual 16 time spent and actual services rendered pursuant to a schedule 17 18 of fees or rate of compensation for fiduciary commissioners 19 promulgated by the commission in accordance with the 20 provisions of section nine, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this 21 code.

22 (b) If the personal representative delivers to the clerk an 23 appraisement of the assets of the estate showing their value to 24 be one hundred thousand dollars or less, exclusive of real estate 25 specifically devised and nonprobate assets, or if it appears to 26 the clerk that there is only one beneficiary of the probate estate 27 and that the beneficiary is competent at law, the clerk shall 28 record the appraisement. If an unpaid creditor files a claim 29 against the estate, the personal representative has twenty days 30 after the date of the filing of a claim against the estate of the decedent to approve or reject the claim before the estate is 31 32 referred to a fiduciary commissioner. If the personal representa-

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tive approves all claims as filed, then no reference may bemade.

35 The personal representative shall, within a reasonable time 36 after the date of recordation of the appraisement: (i) File a 37 waiver of final settlement in accordance with the provisions of 38 section twenty-nine of this article; or (ii) make a report to the 39 clerk of his or her receipts, disbursements and distribution and 40 submit an affidavit stating that all claims against the estate for 41 expenses of administration, taxes and debts of the decedent 42 have been paid in full. Upon receipt of the waiver of final 43 settlement or report, the clerk shall record the waiver or report 44 and mail copies to each beneficiary and creditor by first-class 45 mail, postage prepaid. The clerk shall retain the report for ten days to allow any beneficiary or creditor to appear before the 46 47 county commission to request reference to a fiduciary commis-48 sioner. The clerk shall collect a fee of ten dollars for recording 49 and mailing the waiver of final settlement or report.

50 If no request or objection is made to the clerk or to the 51 county commission, the county commission may confirm the 52 report of the personal representative, the personal representative 53 and his or her surety shall be discharged; but if an objection or 54 request is made, the county commission may confirm and 55 record the accounting or may refer the estate to its fiduciary 56 commissioners: Provided, That the personal representative has 57 twenty days after the date of the filing of a claim against the 58 estate of the decedent to approve or reject the claim before the 59 estate is referred to a fiduciary commissioner and if all claims 60 are approved as filed, then no reference may be made.

61 (c) For purposes of this section, the term beneficiary means
62 a person designated in a will to receive real or personal prop63 erty.

# CHAPTER 118

(S. B. 569 - By Senator McCabe)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §44-5-15 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to clarifying and preserving the irrevocability of trusts that have been drafted to be irrevocable.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §44-5-15 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO FIDUCIARIES.

#### §44-5-15. Nonmerger of trusts.

(a) No trust is invalid or terminated, and title to trust assets
 is not merged, because the trustee or trustees are the same
 person or persons as the beneficiaries of the trust.

4 (b) No trust, which is otherwise irrevocable because the 5 grantor or settlor of the trust has not expressly reserved the right 6 to alter, amend, modify or revoke the trust or because the 7 creating instrument expressly provides or states that the trust is 8 irrevocable, is or becomes revocable by the grantor or settlor 9 because the grantor or settlor is the sole beneficiary of the trust.

10 (c) This section applies to all trusts whenever executed or 11 created. Ch. 119]

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# CHAPTER 119

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2801 — By Delegates Hrutkay, Amores, Pethtel, Pino and Stemple)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §6B-2-3 and §6B-2-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, clarifying the law relating to the solicitation of donations by a member of the Legislature, and requiring the ethics commission to furnish copies of advisory opinions to the Legislature and the Supreme Court of Appeals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §6B-2-3 and §6B-2-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES.

§6B-2-3. Advisory opinions; enforcement; applicability; legislative review; rule making.

§6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.

# §6B-2-3. Advisory opinions; enforcement; applicability; legislative review; rule making.

1 (a) A person subject to the provisions of this chapter may 2 make application in writing to the ethics commission for an 3 advisory opinion on whether an action or proposed action 4 violates the provisions of this chapter or the provisions of 5 section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code and

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would thereby expose the person to sanctions by the commis-6 sion or criminal prosecution. The commission shall respond 7 within thirty days from the receipt of the request by issuing an 8 advisory opinion on the matter raised in the request. All 9 advisory opinions shall be published and indexed in the code of 10 state rules by the secretary of state: Provided, That before an 11 advisory opinion is made public, any material which may 12 identify the person who is the subject of the opinion shall, to the 13 fullest extent possible, be deleted and the identity of the person 14 shall not be revealed. A person subject to the provisions of this 15 chapter may rely upon the published guidelines or an advisory 16 opinion of the commission, and any person acting in good faith 17 reliance on any such guideline or opinion shall be immune from 18 the sanctions of this chapter and the sanctions of section fifteen, 19 20 article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code, and shall have an 21 absolute defense to any criminal prosecution for actions taken in good faith reliance upon any such opinion or guideline in 22 regard to the sanctions of this chapter and the sanctions of 23 24 section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code.

25 (b) By the first day of the third month of the calendar year, 26 the ethics commission shall annually furnish copies of all 27 advisory opinions issued during the preceding calendar year to 28 the archives and history section of the division of culture and history, the office of the Clerk of the West Virginia House of 29 30 Delegates, the office of the Clerk of the West Virginia Senate and the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals Law Library. 31 32 Accompanying the initial delivery of the previous calendar 33 year's advisory opinions after the enactment of this subsection, 34 the commission shall supply each of these offices with copies of all advisory opinions issued subsequent to the creation of the 35 36 commission.

# §6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.
(a) Persons subject to section.—The provisions of this
 section apply to all elected and appointed public officials and
 public employees, whether full or part time, in state, county,
 municipal governments and their respective boards, agencies,
 departments and commissions and in any other regional or local
 governmental agency, including county school boards.

7 (b) Use of public office for private gain. -(1) A public 8 official or public employee may not knowingly and intentionally use his or her office or the prestige of his or her office for 9 his or her own private gain or that of another person. The 10 performance of usual and customary duties associated with the 11 12 office or position or the advancement of public policy goals or 13 constituent services, without compensation, does not constitute 14 the use of prestige of office for private gain.

15 (2) The Legislature, in enacting this subsection (b), relating 16 to the use of public office or public employment for private 17 gain, recognizes that there may be certain public officials or public employees who bring to their respective offices or 18 employment their own unique personal prestige which is based 19 20 upon their intelligence, education, experience, skills and 21 abilities, or other personal gifts or traits. In many cases, these 22 persons bring a personal prestige to their office or employment 23 which inures to the benefit of the state and its citizens. Such 24 persons may, in fact, be sought by the state to serve in their 25 office or employment because, through their unusual gifts or 26 traits, they bring stature and recognition to their office or 27 employment and to the state itself. While the office or employ-28 ment held or to be held by such persons may have its own 29 inherent prestige, it would be unfair to such individuals and 30 against the best interests of the citizens of this state to deny 31 such persons the right to hold public office or be publicly employed on the grounds that they would, in addition to the 32 emoluments of their office or employment, be in a position to 33 34 benefit financially from the personal prestige which otherwise

inheres to them. Accordingly, the commission is directed, by 35 36 legislative rule, to establish categories of such public officials 37 and public employees, identifying them generally by the office or employment held, and offering persons who fit within such 38 39 categories the opportunity to apply for an exemption from the 40 application of the provisions of this subsection. Such exemp-41 tions may be granted by the commission, on a case-by-case 42 basis, when it is shown that: (A) The public office held or the 43 public employment engaged in is not such that it would 44 ordinarily be available or offered to a substantial number of the 45 citizens of this state; (B) the office held or the employment 46 engaged in is such that it normally or specifically requires a 47 person who possesses personal prestige; and (C) the person's employment contract or letter of appointment provides or 48 49 anticipates that the person will gain financially from activities which are not a part of his or her office or employment. 50

51 (c) Gifts.—(1) A public official or public employee may 52 not solicit any gift unless the solicitation is for a charitable 53 purpose with no resulting direct pecuniary benefit conferred 54 upon the official or employee or his or her immediate family: 55 *Provided*, That no public official or public employee may solicit for a charitable purpose any gift from any person who is 56 57 also an official or employee of the state and whose position as 58 such is subordinate to the soliciting official or employee: 59 Provided, however, That nothing herein shall prohibit a 60 candidate for public office from soliciting a lawful political 61 contribution. No official or employee may knowingly accept 62 any gift, directly or indirectly, from a lobbyist or from any 63 person whom the official or employee knows or has reason to 64 know:

65 (A) Is doing or seeking to do business of any kind with his66 or her agency;

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67 (B) Is engaged in activities which are regulated or con-68 trolled by his or her agency; or

(C) Has financial interests which may be substantially and
materially affected, in a manner distinguishable from the public
generally, by the performance or nonperformance of his official
duties.

73 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person who is a public official or public 74 75 employee may accept a gift described in this subdivision, and 76 there shall be a presumption that the receipt of such gift does not impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the 77 person. This presumption may be rebutted only by direct 78 79 objective evidence that the gift did impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person or that the person knew or 80 had reason to know that the gift was offered with the intent to 81 82 impair his or her impartiality and independent judgment. The 83 provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection do not apply to:

#### 84 (A) Meals and beverages;

(B) Ceremonial gifts or awards which have insignificantmonetary value;

- (C) Unsolicited gifts of nominal value or trivial items ofinformational value;
- (D) Reasonable expenses for food, travel and lodging of the
  official or employee for a meeting at which the official or
  employee participates in a panel or speaking engagement at the
  meeting;
- 93 (E) Gifts of tickets or free admission extended to a public
  94 official or public employee to attend charitable, cultural or
  95 political events, if the purpose of such gift or admission is a
  96 courtesy or ceremony customarily extended to the office;

- 97 (F) Gifts that are purely private and personal in nature; or
- 98 (G) Gifts from relatives by blood or marriage, or a member99 of the same household.

100 (3) The commission shall, through legislative rule promul-101 gated pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establish 102 guidelines for the acceptance of a reasonable honorarium by 103 public officials and elected officials. The rule promulgated shall 104 be consistent with this section. Any elected public official may 105 accept an honorarium only when: (1) That official is a part-time 106 elected public official; (2) the fee is not related to the official's public position or duties; (3) the fee is for services provided by 107 108 the public official that are related to the public official's 109 regular, nonpublic trade, profession, occupation, hobby or 110 avocation; and (4) the honorarium is not provided in exchange 111 for any promise or action on the part of the public official.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as toprohibit the giving of a lawful political contribution as definedby law.

(5) The governor or his designee may, in the name of the state of West Virginia, accept and receive gifts from any public or private source. Any such gift so obtained shall become the property of the state and shall, within thirty days of the receipt thereof, be registered with the commission and the division of culture and history.

121 (6) Upon prior approval of the joint committee on govern-122 ment and finance, any member of the Legislature may solicit 123 donations for a regional or national legislative organization 124 conference or other legislative organization function to be held 125 in the state for the purpose of deferring costs to the state for 126 hosting of the conference or function. Legislative organizations 127 are bipartisan regional or national organizations in which the joint committee on government and finance authorizes payment 128

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129 130 131	of dues or other membership fees for the Legislature's pa pation, and which assist this and other state legislatures their staff through any of the following:	
132 133	(i) Advancing the effectiveness, independence, and i rity of legislatures in the states of the United States;	nteg-
134 135	(ii) Fostering interstate cooperation and facilitating i mation exchange among state legislatures;	nfor-
136 137	(iii) Representing the states and their legislatures i American federal system of government;	n the
138	(iv) Improving the operations and management of	state
139	legislatures and the effectiveness of legislators and legisl	ative
140	staff, and to encourage the practice of high standards of con	nduct
141	by legislators and legislative staff;	
142	(v) Promoting cooperation between state legislatures	in the
143	United States and legislatures in other countries.	
144	The solicitations may only be made in writing. The least	gisla-
145	tive organization may act as fiscal agent for the conference	
146	receive all donations. In the alternative, a bona fide bar	ıking
147	institution may act as the fiscal agent. The official letterhe	
148	the Legislature may not be used by the legislative memb	ber in
149	conjunction with the fund raising or solicitation effort.	The
150	legislative organization for which solicitations are being	made
151	shall file with the joint committee on government and fir	nance
152	and with the secretary of state for publication in the	state
153	register as provided in article two of chapter twenty-nine	e-a of
154	the code, copies of letters, brochures and other solicit	
155	documents, along with a complete list of the names and	
156	known addresses of all donors and the amount of dona	
157	received. Any solicitation by a legislative member shall co	ntain
158	the following disclaimer:	

159 "This solicitation is endorsed by [name of member]. This 160 endorsement does not imply support of the soliciting organiza-161 tion, nor of the sponsors who may respond to the solicitation. A 162 copy of all solicitations are on file with the West Virginia 163 Legislature's Joint Committee on Government and Finance, and 164 with the Secretary of State, and are available for public review."

165 (d) Interests in public contracts.--(1) In addition to the 166 provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of 167 this code, no elected or appointed public official or public 168 employee or member of his or her immediate family or business 169 with which he or she is associated may be a party to or have an 170 interest in the profits or benefits of a contract which such 171 official or employee may have direct authority to enter into, or 172 over which he or she may have control: Provided, That nothing 173 herein shall be construed to prevent or make unlawful the 174 employment of any person with any governmental body: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to 175 176 prohibit a member of the Legislature from entering into a 177 contract with any governmental body, or prohibit a part-time 178 appointed public official from entering into a contract which 179 such part-time appointed public official may have direct 180 authority to enter into or over which he or she may have control 181 when such official has been recused from deciding or evaluat-182 ing and excused from voting on such contract and has fully 183 disclosed the extent of such interest in the contract.

184 (2) In the absence of bribery or a purpose to defraud, an 185 elected or appointed public official or public employee or a 186 member of his or her immediate family or a business with 187 which he or she is associated shall not be considered as having 188 an interest in a public contract when such a person has a limited 189 interest as an owner, shareholder or creditor of the business 190 which is the contractor on the public contract involved. A 191 limited interest for the purposes of this subsection is:

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192 (A) An interest:

(i) Not exceeding ten percent of the partnership or theoutstanding shares of a corporation; or

(ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest in theprofits or benefits of the contract; or

197 (B) An interest as a creditor:

(i) Not exceeding ten percent of the total indebtedness of abusiness; or

(ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest in theprofits or benefits of the contract.

202 (3) Where the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this 203 subsection would result in the loss of a quorum in a public body 204 or agency, in excessive cost, undue hardship, or other substan-205 tial interference with the operation of a state, county, munici-206 pality, county school board or other governmental agency, the 207 affected governmental body or agency may make written 208 application to the ethics commission for an exemption from 209 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

(e) Confidential information.—No present or former public
official or employee may knowingly and improperly disclose
any confidential information acquired by him or her in the
course of his or her official duties nor use such information to
further his or her personal interests or the interests of another
person.

(f) Prohibited representation.—No present or former elected
or appointed public official or public employee shall, during or
after his or her public employment or service, represent a client
or act in a representative capacity with or without compensation
on behalf of any person in a contested case, rate-making

proceeding, license or permit application, regulation filing or 221 222 other particular matter involving a specific party or parties 223 which arose during his or her period of public service or 224 employment and in which he or she personally and substantially 225 participated in a decision-making, advisory or staff support capacity, unless the appropriate government agency, after 226 227 consultation, consents to such representation. A staff attorney, 228 accountant or other professional employee who has represented 229 a government agency in a particular matter shall not thereafter 230 represent another client in the same or substantially related 231 matter in which that client's interests are materially adverse to 232 the interests of the government agency, without the consent of 233 the government agency: Provided, That this prohibition on 234 representation shall not apply when the client was not directly 235 involved in the particular matter in which such professional 236 employee represented the government agency, but was involved 237 only as a member of a class. The provisions of this subsection 238 shall not apply to legislators who were in office and legislative 239 staff who were employed at the time it originally became 240 effective on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 241 eighty-nine, and those who have since become legislators or 242 legislative staff and those who shall serve hereafter as legisla-243 tors or legislative staff.

244 (g) Limitation on practice before a board, agency, commis-245 sion or department.—(1) No elected or appointed public official 246 and no full-time staff attorney or accountant shall, during his or 247 her public service or public employment or for a period of six months after the termination of his or her public service or 248 249 public employment with a governmental entity authorized to 250 hear contested cases or promulgate regulations, appear in a 251representative capacity before the governmental entity in which 252 he or she serves or served or is or was employed in the follow-253 ing matters:

256 (B) To support or oppose a proposed regulation;

(C) To support or contest the issuance or denial of a licenseor permit;

(D) A rate-making proceeding; and

260 (E) To influence the expenditure of public funds.

261 (2) As used in this subsection, "represent" includes any 262 formal or informal appearance before, or any written or oral 263 communication with, any public agency on behalf of any person: Provided, That nothing contained in this subsection 264 265 shall prohibit, during any period, a former public official or employee from being retained by or employed to represent, 266 267 assist, or act in a representative capacity on behalf of the public 268 agency by which he or she was employed or in which he or she served. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent 269 270 a former public official or employee from representing another state, county, municipal or other governmental entity before the 271 governmental entity in which he or she served or was employed 272 273 within six months after the termination of his or her employ-274 ment or service in the entity.

(3) A present or former public official or employee may
appear at any time in a representative capacity before the
Legislature, a county commission, city or town council or
county school board in relation to the consideration of a statute,
budget, ordinance, rule, resolution or enactment.

(4) Members and former members of the Legislature and
professional employees and former professional employees of
the Legislature shall be permitted to appear in a representative
capacity on behalf of clients before any governmental agency

of the state, or of county or municipal governments includingcounty school boards.

286 (5) An elected or appointed public official, full-time staff 287 attorney or accountant who would be adversely affected by the 288 provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics commis-289 sion for an exemption from the six months prohibition against 290 appearing in a representative capacity, when the person's 291 education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for 292 all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. 293 294 The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish 295 general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption or 296 reducing the time period, but shall decide each application on 297 a case-by-case basis.

(h) Employment by regulated persons.—(1) No full-time
official or full-time public employee may seek employment
with, be employed by, or seek to sell or lease real or personal
property to any person who:

302 (A) Had a matter on which he or she took, or a subordinate
303 is known to have taken, regulatory action within the preceding
304 twelve months; or

305 (B) Has a matter before the agency to which he or she is306 working or a subordinate is known by him or her to be working.

307 (2) Within the meaning of this section, the term "employ-308 ment" includes professional services and other services 309 rendered by the public official or public employee, whether 310 rendered as employee or as an independent contractor; "seek 311 employment" includes responding to unsolicited offers of 312 employment as well as any direct or indirect contact with a 313 potential employer relating to the availability or conditions of 314 employment in furtherance of obtaining employment; and

315 "subordinate" includes only those agency personnel over whom316 the public servant has supervisory responsibility.

317 (3) A full-time public official or full-time public employee
318 who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this
319 subsection may apply to the ethics commission for an exemp320 tion from the prohibition contained in subsection (1). The ethics
321 commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines
322 or standards for granting an exemption, but shall decide each
323 application on a case-by-case basis.

(4) A full-time public official or full-time public employee
may not take personal regulatory action on a matter affecting a
person by whom he or she is employed or with whom he or she
is seeking employment or has an agreement concerning future
employment.

329 (5) A full-time public official or full-time public employee
330 may not receive private compensation for providing informa331 tion or services that he or she is required to provide in carrying
332 out his or her public job responsibilities.

333 (i) Members of the Legislature required to vote.—Members 334 of the Legislature who have asked to be excused from voting or 335 who have made inquiry as to whether they should be excused from voting on a particular matter and who are required by the 336 337 presiding officer of the House of Delegates or Senate of West Virginia to vote under the rules of the particular house shall not 338 be guilty of any violation of ethics under the provisions of this 339 340 section for a vote so cast.

(j) Limitations on participation in licensing and rate-making
proceedings.—No public official or employee may participate
within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or
employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in
section three, article one of this chapter, in any license or
rate-making proceeding that directly affects the license or rates

347 of any person, partnership, trust, business trust, corporation or association in which the public official or employee or his or 348 349 her immediate family owns or controls more than ten percent. 350 No public official or public employee may participate within 351 the scope of his or her duties as a public official or public 352 employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in 353 section three, article one of this chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that directly affects the license or rates 354 355 of any person to whom the public official or public employee 356 or his or her immediate family, or a partnership, trust, business 357 trust, corporation or association of which the public official or 358 employee, or his or her immediate family, owns or controls 359 more than ten percent, has sold goods or services totaling more 360 than one thousand dollars during the preceding year, unless the public official or public employee has filed a written statement 361 362 acknowledging such sale with the public agency and the 363 statement is entered in any public record of the agency's 364 proceedings. This subsection shall not be construed to require 365 the disclosure of clients of attorneys or of patients or clients of persons licensed pursuant to articles three, eight, fourteen, 366 367 fourteen-a, fifteen, sixteen, twenty, twenty-one or thirty-one, 368 chapter thirty of this code.

(k) Certain expenses prohibited.—No public official or
public employee shall knowingly request or accept from any
governmental entity compensation or reimbursement for any
expenses actually paid by a lobbyist and required by the
provisions of this chapter to be reported, or actually paid by any
other person.

(1) Any person who is employed as a member of the faculty
or staff of a public institution of higher education and who is
engaged in teaching, research, consulting or publication
activities in his or her field of expertise with public or private
entities and thereby derives private benefits from such activities
shall be exempt from the prohibitions contained in subsections

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(b), (c) and (d) of this section when the activity is approved as
a part of an employment contract with the governing board of
such institution or has been approved by the employees'
department supervisor or the president of the institution by
which the faculty or staff member is employed.

386 (m) Except as provided in this section, a person who is a 387 public official or public employee may not solicit private 388 business from a subordinate public official or public employee 389 whom he or she has the authority to direct, supervise or control. 390 A person who is a public official or public employee may 391 solicit private business from a subordinate public official or 392 public employee whom he or she has the authority to direct, 393 supervise or control when:

(A) The solicitation is a general solicitation directed to the
public at large through the mailing or other means of distribution of a letter, pamphlet, handbill, circular or other written or
printed media; or

(B) The solicitation is limited to the posting of a notice ina communal work area; or

400 (C) The solicitation is for the sale of property of a kind that401 the person is not regularly engaged in selling; or

402 (D) The solicitation is made at the location of a private
403 business owned or operated by the person to which the subordi404 nate public official or public employee has come on his or her
405 own initiative.

406 (n) The commission by legislative rule promulgated in
407 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code may define
408 further exemptions from this section as necessary or appropri409 ate.



## CHAPTER 120

(H. B. 4140 — By Delegates Amores, Kominar, Palumbo, Webster and Armstead)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §6B-2-5a, relating to requiring the ethics commission to establish a code of conduct for state administrative law judges, including civil penalties and sanctions for violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §6B-2-5a, to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES; CODE OF CONDUCT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES.

#### §6B-2-5a. Code of conduct for state administrative law judges.

(a) As used in this section, "state administrative law judge"
 means any public employee, public officer or contractor
 functioning as a hearing officer, referee, trial examiner or other
 position in state government to whom the authority to conduct
 an administrative adjudication has been delegated by an agency
 or by statute and who exercises independent and impartial

7 judgment in conducting hearings and in issuing recommended

8 decisions or reports containing findings of fact and conclusions
9 of law in accordance with applicable statutes or rules, but does
10 not include any person whose conduct is subject to the code of
11 judicial conduct promulgated by the West Virginia Supreme
12 Court of Appeals.

13 (b) In accordance with the provisions of chapter 14 twenty-nine-a of this code, the commission, in consultation with 15 the West Virginia state bar, shall propose rules for legislative 16 approval establishing a code of conduct for state administrative 17 law judges, which shall incorporate the following major 18 provisions:

(1) A state administrative law judge shall uphold theintegrity and independence of the administrative judiciary;

21 (2) A state administrative law judge shall avoid impropriety22 and the appearance of impropriety in all activities;

(3) A state administrative law judge shall perform theduties of the office impartially and diligently;

(4) A state administrative law judge shall regulate the
judge's extra-judicial activities to minimize the risk of conflict
with judicial duties;

(5) A state administrative law judge shall refrain frompolitical activity inappropriate to the office; and

30 (6) Appropriate civil penalties and sanctions for violations.

In proposing the rules, the commission shall consider the
model codes of judicial conduct for state administrative law
judges as drafted by the National Association of Administrative
Law Judges and the American Bar Association.

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(c) The legislative rules shall provide that an individual 35 agency may develop a code of conduct for its own administra-36 tive law judges, which shall supersede the general code of 37 conduct established under this section, if the commission 38 39 determines that it is in substantial compliance with the objectives of the code proposed by the commission. Upon granting 40 a waiver to an agency, the commission shall retain a copy of the 41 42 agency's code to be made available to the public.

(d) The commission shall propose the legislative rules by
the first day of October, two thousand four, so that it may be
considered by the Legislature at the regular session in the year
two thousand five, and the commission may not promulgate an
emergency rule on this matter in the interim.



(H. B. 3150 — By Delegates Calvert and Amores)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5-22-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §5-22A-10 of said code; to amend and reenact §7-11B-14 of said code; and to amend and reenact §38-2-39 of said code, all relating to establishing the West Virginia fairness in competitive bidding act; definitions; establishing procedures and requirements for awarding contracts for government construction projects; requirements for performance, payment, bid and surety bonds; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That §5-22-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §5-22A-10 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §7-11B-14 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that §38-2-39 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 38. Liens.

## CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

#### Article

- 22. Government Construction Contracts.
- 22A. Design-Build Procurement Act.

#### ARTICLE 22. GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS.

## §5-22-1. Bidding required; government construction contracts to go to lowest qualified responsible bidder; procedures to be followed in awarding government construction projects; penalties for violation of procedures and requirements debarment; exceptions.

(a) This section and the requirements set forth in this
 section may be referred to as the "West Virginia Fairness In
 Competitive Bidding Act".

4 (b) As used in this section:

5 (1) "Lowest qualified responsible bidder" means the bidder 6 that bids the lowest price and that meets, as a minimum, all the 7 following requirements in connection with the bidder's re-8 sponse to the bid solicitation. The bidder must certify that it:

- 9 (A) Is ready, able and willing to timely furnish the labor 10 and materials required to complete the contract;
- (B) Is in compliance with all applicable laws of the state ofWest Virginia; and
- 13 (C) Has supplied a valid bid bond or other surety authorized14 or approved by the contracting public entity.

(2) "The state and its subdivisions" means the state of West
Virginia, every political subdivision thereof, every administrative entity that includes such a subdivision, all municipalities
and all county boards of education.

19 (c) The state and its subdivisions shall, except as provided 20 in this section, solicit competitive bids for every construction project exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars in total cost: 21 22 Provided, That a vendor who has been debarred pursuant to the 23 provisions of sections thirty-three-a through thirty-three-f, 24 inclusive, article three, chapter five-a of this code may not bid on or be awarded a contract under this section. All bids submit-25 26 ted pursuant to this chapter shall include a valid bid bond or 27 other surety as approved by the state of West Virginia or its 28 subdivisions.

(d) Following the solicitation of bids, the construction
contract shall be awarded to the lowest qualified responsible
bidder who shall furnish a sufficient performance and payment
bond: *Provided*, That the state and its subdivisions may reject
all bids and solicit new bids on the project.

34 (e) The contracting public entity may not award the contract35 to a bidder which fails to meet the minimum requirements set

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36 out in this section. As to any prospective low bidder which the 37 contracting public entity determines not to have met any one or 38 more of the requirements of this section or other requirements 39 as determined by the public entity in the written bid solicitation, 40 prior to the time a contract award is made, the contracting 41 public entity shall document in writing and in reasonable detail 42 the basis for the determination and shall place the writing in the 43 bid file. After the award of a bid under this section, the bid file 44 of the contracting public agency and all bids submitted in 45 response to the bid solicitation shall be open and available for 46 public inspection.

(f) Any public official or other person who individually or
together with others knowingly makes an award of a contract
under this section in violation of the procedures and requirements of this section is subject to the penalties set forth in
section twenty-nine, article three, chapter five-a of the code of
West Virginia.

(g) No officer or employee of this state or of any public agency, public authority, public corporation or other public entity and no person acting or purporting to act on behalf of such officer or employee or public entity shall require that any performance bond, payment bond or surety bond required or permitted by this section be obtained from any particular surety company, agent, broker or producer.

(h) All bids shall be open in accordance with the provisions
of section two of this article, except design-build projects which
are governed by article twenty-two-a of this chapter and are
exempt from these provisions.

64 (i) Nothing in this section shall apply to:

65 (1) Work performed on construction or repair projects by66 regular full-time employees of the state or its subdivisions;

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67 (2) Prevent students enrolled in vocational educational
68 schools from being utilized in construction or repair projects
69 when the use is a part of the student's training program;

(3) Emergency repairs to building components and systems.
For the purpose of this subdivision, the term emergency repairs
means repairs that if not made immediately will seriously
impair the use of building components and systems or cause
danger to those persons using the building components and
systems; and

(4) Any situation where the state or a subdivision thereof
reaches an agreement with volunteers, or a volunteer group,
whereby the governmental body will provide construction or
repair materials, architectural, engineering, technical or any
other professional services and the volunteers will provide the
necessary labor without charge to, or liability upon, the
governmental body.

## ARTICLE 22A. DESIGN-BUILD PROCUREMENT ACT.

## §5-22A-10. Solicitation of proposals.

1 Proposals must be solicited from not less than three 2 design-builders. A request for proposal must be prepared for 3 each design-build contract and shall consist of, but not be 4 limited to:

5 (1) The identity of the agency which will award the 6 design-build contract;

- 7 (2) The procedures to be followed for submitting proposals,
- 8 the criteria for evaluation of proposals and their relative weight,
- 9 and the procedures for making awards, including a reference to
- 10 the requirements of this article, the rules promulgated herein
- 11 and any regulations pertaining to the agency;

(3) The proposed terms and conditions for the design-buildcontract;

14 (4) The performance criteria;

(5) The description of the drawings, specifications or other
submittals to be submitted with the proposal, with guidance as
to the form and level of completeness of the drawings, specifications or submittals that will be acceptable;

(6) A schedule for planned commencement and completionof the design-build contract;

21 (7) Budget limits for the design-build contract, if any;

22 (8) Design-builder qualifications; and

23 (9) Requirements for performance bonds, payment bonds 24 and insurance: *Provided*, That no officer or employee of this 25 state or of any public agency, public authority, public corpora-26 tion, or other public entity, and no person acting or purporting 27 to act on behalf of such officer or employee or public entity 28 shall require that any performance bond, payment bond, or bid 29 bond required or permitted by this section be obtained from any 30 particular surety company, agent, broker or producer.

The request for proposals may include any other information that the agency, at its discretion, chooses to supply, including, but not limited to, surveys, soils reports, drawings or models of existing structures, environmental studies, photographs or references to public records.

Notice of requests for proposals must be advertised as
prescribed by the procedures utilized by the purchasing division
pursuant to article three, chapter five-a of this code.

## **CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.**

#### ARTICLE 11B. WEST VIRGINIA TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT.

## §7-11B-14. Projects financed by tax increment financing considered to be public improvements subject to prevailing wage, local labor preference and competitive bid requirements.

(a) Any project acquired, constructed, or financed, in whole
 or in part, by a county commission or municipality under this
 article shall be considered to be a "public improvement" within
 the meaning of the provisions of articles one-c and five-a,
 chapter twenty-one of this code.

6 (b) The county commission or municipality shall, except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, solicit or require 7 solicitation of competitive bids and require the payment of 8 prevailing wage rates as provided in article five-a, chapter 9 twenty-one of this code and compliance with article one-c of 10 said chapter for every project or infrastructure project funded 11 pursuant to this article exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars 12 13 in total cost.

(c) Following the solicitation of the bids, the construction
contract shall be awarded to the lowest qualified responsible
bidder, who shall furnish a sufficient performance and payment
bond: *Provided*, That the county commission, municipality or
other person soliciting the bids may reject all bids and solicit
new bids on the project.

(d) No officer or employee of this state or of any public
agency, public authority, public corporation, or other public
entity, and no person acting or purporting to act on behalf of
such officer or employee or public entity shall require that any
performance bond, payment bond, or bid bond required or

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permitted by this section be obtained from any particular suretycompany, agent, broker or producer.

27 (e) This section does not:

(1) Apply to work performed on construction projects not
exceeding a total cost of fifty thousand dollars by regular
full-time employees of the county commission or the municipality: *Provided*, That no more than fifty thousand dollars shall
be expended on an individual project in a single location in a
twelve-month period;

34 (2) Prevent students enrolled in vocational educational
35 schools from being used in construction or repair projects when
36 such use is a part of the students' training program;

(3) Apply to emergency repairs to building components and
systems: *Provided*, That the term "emergency repairs" means
repairs that, if not made immediately, will seriously impair the
use of the building components and systems or cause danger to
those persons using the building components and systems; or

42 (4) Apply to any situation where the county commission or municipality comes to an agreement with volunteers, or a 43 44 volunteer group, by which the governmental body will provide 45 construction or repair materials, architectural, engineering, 46 technical or any other professional services and the volunteers 47 will provide the necessary labor without charge to, or liability 48 upon, the governmental body: Provided, That the total cost of 49 the construction or repair projects does not exceed fifty 50 thousand dollars.

(f) The provisions of subsection (b) of this section apply to
privately owned projects or infrastructure projects constructed
on lands not owned by the county commission, a municipality
or a government agency or instrumentality when the owner or

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55 the owner's agent or person financing the owner's project

- 56 receives money from the tax increment financing fund for the
- 57 owner's project.

#### CHAPTER 38. LIENS.

#### ARTICLE 2. MECHANICS' LIENS.

# §38-2-39. Public building; bond of contractor; recordation of bond; no lien in such case.

1 It shall be the duty of the state commissioner of public 2 institutions, and of all county courts, boards of education, 3 boards of trustees, and other legal bodies having authority to 4 contract for the erection, construction, improvement, alteration or repair of any public building or other structure, or any 5 6 building or other structure used or to be used for public purposes, to require of every person to whom it shall award, and 7 8 with whom it shall enter into, any contract for the erection, 9 construction, improvement, alteration or repair of any such public building or other structure used or to be used for public 10 11 purposes, that such contractor shall cause to be executed and delivered to the secretary of such commissioner or other legal 12 13 body, or other proper and designated custodian of the papers and records thereof, a good, valid, solvent and sufficient bond, 14 15 in a penal sum equal at the least to the reasonable cost of the materials, machinery, equipment and labor required for the 16 completion of such contract, and conditioned that in the event 17 18 such contractor shall fail to pay in full for all such materials, 19 machinery, equipment and labor delivered to him for use in the 20 erection, construction, improvement, alteration or repair of such public building or other structure, or building or other structure 21 22 used or to be used for public purposes, then such bond and the 23 sureties thereon shall be responsible to such materialman, 24 furnisher of machinery or equipment, and furnisher or performer of such labor, or their assigns, for the full payment ofthe full value thereof.

No officer or employee of this state or of any public agency, public authority, public corporation, or other public entity, and no person acting or purporting to act on behalf of such officer or employee or public entity shall require that any surety bond required or permitted by this section be obtained from any particular surety company, agent, broker or producer.

33 All such bonds shall have as surety thereon either some incorporated bonding and/or surety company authorized to 34 35 carry on business in this state, or in lieu of such corporate 36 surety the contractor may deposit as security for such bond with the said state commissioner of public institutions, county court, 37 38 board of education, board of trustees or other legal body having 39 authority so to contract, a sum in cash or bonds and securities 40 of the United States of America or of the state of West Virginia 41 of sufficient amount and value equal at least to the reasonable 42 cost of materials, machinery, equipment and labor required for 43 the completion of such contract. Immediately upon the accep-44 tance of either of said bonds by the state commissioner of 45 public institutions, county court, board of education and board 46 of trustees, or other legal body, the bond shall be recorded by 47 the secretary of such commissioner or other legal body, or by 48 the proper designated custodian of the papers or records thereof, 49 in the office of the clerk of the county court of the county or 50 counties wherein such work is to be done and where such 51 materials, machinery or equipment are to be delivered, and no such contract shall be binding and effective upon either party or 52 53 parties thereto until such bond has been executed, delivered and 54 recorded as aforesaid.

Nothing in this article shall be construed to give a lien uponsuch a public building or improvement as is mentioned in this

section, or upon the land upon which such public building orimprovement is situated.



## CHAPTER 122

(H. B. 4020 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed February 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated §5A-8-21 and §5A-8-22, all relating to limiting disclosure of personal information maintained by the legislative, judicial or executive agencies of the state of West Virginia relating to state employees due to their state employment and creating lesser restrictions on information maintained by executive branch agencies on citizens generally.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated §5A-8-21 and §5A-8-22, all to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 8. PUBLIC RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION ACT.

- §5A-8-21. Limitation on release of certain personal information maintained by state agencies and entities regarding state employees.
- §5A-8-22. Personal information maintained by state entities.

## §5A-8-21. Limitation on release of certain personal information maintained by state agencies and entities regarding state employees.

## Ch. 122] FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

1 (a) The following personal information maintained by executive, legislative or judicial branch agencies of the state of 2 West Virginia regarding persons in their capacity as state 3 4 officers, employees, retirees or the legal dependents thereof is 5 hereby deemed to be confidential and exempt from disclosure 6 to non-governmental entities in documents otherwise subject to disclosure under the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this 7 8 code:

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9 (1) An individual's home address;

10 (2) An individual's social security number;

11 (3) An individual's credit or debit card numbers;

12 (4) An individual's driver's license identification number;13 and

14 (5) An individual's marital status or maiden name.

15 (b) It is the policy of the state of West Virginia that the 16 information enumerated in subsection (a) of this section is 17 personal and confidential and should only be released to non-18 governmental entities for such purposes as are authorized by 19 federal law or regulation, a provision of this code or a legisla-20 tive rule promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 21 twenty-nine-a of this code.

### §5A-8-22. Personal information maintained by state entities.

(a) The following information maintained by state execu tive branch agencies with respect to individuals and their
 dependents, is personal information, exempted from disclosure
 under the provisions of article one, chapter twenty nine-b of this
 code, and may not be released to non-governmental entities:

6 (1) An individual's social security number; or

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7 (2) An individual's credit or debit card number.

8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this

9 section, the information enumerated in said subsection may be

10 released for such purposes as are authorized by federal law or

11 regulation, a provision of this code or a legislative rule promul-

12 gated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this

13 code.



## CHAPTER 123

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 197 — By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 21, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated §5A-4-5a and §5A-4-6; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §5B-2-3b; to amend and reenact §5B-2-12 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-1B-12; and to amend and reenact §29-22A-10 and §29-22A-10b of said code, all relating generally to distribution of net terminal income of racetrack video lottery terminals and the proceeds thereof for funding purposes; creating a 2004 capitol complex parking garage fund, a capitol renovation and improvement fund, a development office promotion fund and a research challenge fund for specified purposes; transferring funds from the tourism promotion fund; prohibiting members of the tourism commission from participating in the discussion of, or action upon, an application for or an award of any grant from the tourism promotion fund in which the member has a direct financial interest; and reallocating certain percentages of net terminal income.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated §5A-4-5a and §5A-4-6; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5B-2-3b; that §5B-2-12 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §18B-1B-12; and that §29-22A-10 and §29-22A-10b of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 5A. Department of Administration.
- 5B. Economic Development Act of 1985.
- 18B. Higher Education.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

## CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

#### **ARTICLE 4. GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION.**

§5A-4-5a. Construction of parking garage for general public; creation of fund.§5A-4-6. Renovation and improvement of capitol building and capitol complex.

## §5A-4-5a. Construction of parking garage for general public; creation of fund.

- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a parking
   facility for the general public and to direct the secretary of the
   department of administration to plan and construct a parking
   garage at the state capitol complex that will provide sufficient
   and additional parking exclusively for the general public.
- 6 (b) There is created in the state treasury to be administered
  7 by the department of administration a special fund to be named
  8 the "2004 capitol complex parking garage fund" into which

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- 9 shall be deposited funds that are appropriated and funds from
- 10 other sources to be used for the construction and maintenance
- 11 of a parking garage on or adjacent to the state capitol complex.

# §5A-4-6. Renovation and improvement of capitol building and capitol complex.

- 1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide renovation and improvement of the existing state capitol building and the 2 capitol complex and to direct the secretary of the department of 3 4 administration to plan and make renovations and improvements of the existing state capitol building and the capitol complex for 5 the purpose of reversing deterioration to existing facilities, 6 7 securing the safety of the general public and state employees, 8 promoting efficiency of governmental operations and enhancing 9 tourism in the state.
- 10 (b) There is created in the state treasury to be administered
- 11 by the department of administration a special fund to be named
- 12 the "capitol renovation and improvement fund" into which shall
- 13 be deposited funds that are appropriated and funds from other
- 14 sources to be used for renovations and improvements of the
- 15 existing state capitol building and the capitol complex.

## CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.

## ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA DEVELOPMENT OFFICE.

- §5B-2-3b. Development office promotion fund.
- §5B-2-12. Tourism promotion fund continued; use of funds.

## §5B-2-3b. Development office promotion fund.

- 1 There is hereby established in the state treasury a special
- 2 revenue fund known as the "development office promotion
- 3 fund". Moneys deposited in this fund shall be administered by
- 4 the development office and used solely to promote business
- 5 formation, expansion, recruitment and retention through

- 6 aggressive marketing and international development and export
- 7 assistance, which together lead to more and better jobs with
- 8 higher wages for all geographic regions and communities of the
- 9 state, including rural areas and urban core areas, and for all
- 10 residents, including minorities.

## §5B-2-12. Tourism promotion fund continued; use of funds.

There is hereby continued in the state treasury the special
 revenue fund known as the "tourism promotion fund" created
 under prior enactment of section nine, article one of this
 chapter.

5 (a) A minimum of five percent of the moneys deposited in the fund each year shall be used solely for direct advertising for 6 7 West Virginia travel and tourism: Provided, That no less than 8 twenty percent of these funds be expended with the approval of the director of the division of natural resources to effectively 9 promote and market the state's parks, state forests, state 10 11 recreation areas and wildlife recreational resources. Direct 12 advertising means advertising which is limited to television, 13 radio, mailings, newspaper, magazines and outdoor billboards, or any combination thereof. 14

(b) The balance of the moneys deposited in the fund shall
be used for direct advertising within the state's travel regions as
defined by the commission. The funds shall be made available
to these districts beginning the first day of July, one thousand
nine hundred ninety-five, according to legislative rules authorized for promulgation by the tourism commission.

(c) All advertising expenditures over twenty-five thousand
dollars from the tourism promotion fund require prior approval
by recorded vote of the commission. No member of the
commission or of any committee created by the commission to
evaluate applications for advertising or other grants may

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- 26 participate in the discussion of, or action upon, an application
  - 27 for or an award of any grant in which the member has a direct

28 financial interest.

## **CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.**

## ARTICLE 1B. HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY COMMISSION.

## §18B-1B-12. Research challenge.

(a) There is established in the state treasury a special
 revenue fund known as the "research challenge fund". Moneys
 deposited in this fund shall be administered by the higher
 education policy commission.

5 The moneys deposited in this fund shall be used to fund 6 coal research and development projects at institutions of higher 7 education located in this state. Research includes, but is not 8 limited to, carbon sequestration and carbon technology research 9 and development projects. The moneys deposited in this fund 10 shall also be used to fund other research and development 11 projects at institutions of higher education in this state.

(b) The policy commission shall use the recommendations 12 of the EPSCoR state advisory council in its allocation of 13 appropriations made to the research challenge fund and in its 14 development of procedures for competitive application and 15 review of proposals for funding. The research challenge is a 16 17 critical component in the state's strategic plan for economic development and the contribution of higher education in the 18 economic health of the state and the EPSCoR state advisory 19 council is well qualified, by virtue of its research-oriented 20 mission and membership, to advise the policy commission in 21 the allocation of research challenge funding. 22

23 The objectives of the research challenge are to:

(1) Increase the research capacity of institutions of higher
education and the competitiveness of these institutions to apply
for external funding;

(2) Stimulate the development of research and research
products that are directly applicable in improving the economic
competitiveness of existing West Virginia industries and the
development of new business and jobs in the state;

31 (3) Leverage limited state resources with private and
32 federal funds to support projects and activities directly related
33 to economic development by requiring matching funds and
34 cooperative agreements with external partners;

35 (4) Increase the production of undergraduate and graduate
36 students of programs in the sciences, technology, engineering
37 and mathematics, with special attention to emerging disciplines
38 such as biometrics; and

(5) Hold institutions more accountable for the success of
research projects funded under this program with the expectation that state support will be phased out and the project or
activity will be terminated if it is unable to generate ongoing
external support.

44 (c) The priorities for the research challenge shall be:

45 (1) Research on energy generation, distribution and
46 utilization that builds on the state's existing energy research
47 strengths, related research products and technology transfer
48 programs;

49 (2) Research, education and outreach conducted by the
50 EPSCOR program. This federal program is recognized by the
51 national science foundation as the state's primary entity for
52 developing the research capacity that is so important to the
53 state's economic and educational development;

54 (3) Research projects that are related to the economic 55 development of the state and that have significant potential to 56 attract participation and funding from industrial, federal or 57 foundation partners;

58 (4) Collaborative projects between higher education and
59 public education to improve science and mathematics educa60 tion;

61 (5) Graduate education in science (including medical
62 education), technology, engineering and mathematics. The
63 allocation shall be used for the increase in doctoral students and
64 programs at West Virginia university and Marshall university
65 in these fields; and

66 (6) Recruitment of eminent scholars to strengthen research67 capacity and competitiveness for external funding.

(d) The policy commission shall report to the legislative
oversight committee on educational accountability annually on
the results of the projects and activities funded by the research
challenge appropriation.

(e) The priorities established in subsection (c) of this
section shall be reviewed biannually by the policy commission
and the EPSCoR state advisory council beginning in two
thousand six. The policy commission shall include any
recommended adjustments in its budget request for the two
thousand seven budget.

## CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

#### ARTICLE 22A. RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY.

§29-22A-10. Accounting and reporting; commission to provide communications protocol data; distribution of net terminal income; remittance through electronic transfer of funds; establishment of accounts and nonpayment penalties; commission control of accounting for net terminal income; settlement of accounts; manual reporting and payment may be required; request for reports; examination of accounts and records.

§29-22A-10b. Distribution of excess net terminal income.

§29-22A-10. Accounting and reporting; commission to provide communications protocol data; distribution of net terminal income; remittance through electronic transfer of funds; establishment of accounts and nonpayment penalties; commission control of accounting for net terminal income; settlement of accounts; manual reporting and payment may be required; request for reports; examination of accounts and records.

1 (a) The commission shall provide to manufacturers, or 2 applicants applying for a manufacturer's permit, the protocol 3 documentation data necessary to enable the respective manufac-4 turer's video lottery terminals to communicate with the com-5 mission's central computer for transmitting auditing program 6 information and for activation and disabling of video lottery 7 terminals.

8 (b) The gross terminal income of a licensed racetrack shall 9 be remitted to the commission through the electronic transfer of 10 funds. Licensed racetracks shall furnish to the commission all information and bank authorizations required to facilitate the 11 12 timely transfer of moneys to the commission. Licensed 13 racetracks must provide the commission thirty days' advance notice of any proposed account changes in order to assure the 14 uninterrupted electronic transfer of funds. From the gross 15 16 terminal income remitted by the licensee to the commission, the 17 commission shall deduct an amount sufficient to reimburse the 18 commission for its actual costs and expenses incurred in 19 administering racetrack video lottery at the licensed racetrack 20 and the resulting amount after the deduction is the net terminal

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21 income. The amount deducted for administrative costs and 22 expenses of the commission may not exceed four percent of 23 gross terminal income: Provided, That any amounts deducted 24 by the commission for its actual costs and expenses that exceeds its actual costs and expenses shall be deposited into the 25 26 state lottery fund. For all fiscal years beginning on or after the 27 first day of July, two thousand one, the commission shall not 28 receive an amount of gross terminal income in excess of the 29 amount of gross terminal income received during the fiscal year 30 ending on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one, but four 31 percent of any amount of gross terminal income received in 32 excess of the amount of gross terminal income received during 33 the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 34 one, shall be deposited into the fund established in section 35 eighteen-a, article twenty-two of this chapter.

36 (c) Net terminal income shall be divided as set out in this 37 subsection. For all fiscal years beginning on or after the first 38 day of July, two thousand one, any amount of net terminal income received in excess of the amount of net terminal income 39 40 received during the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of 41 June, two thousand one, shall be divided as set out in section 42 ten-b of this article. The licensed racetrack's share is in lieu of 43 all lottery agent commissions and is considered to cover all 44 costs and expenses required to be expended by the licensed 45 racetrack in connection with video lottery operations. The 46 division shall be made as follows:

47 (1) The commission shall receive thirty percent of net
48 terminal income, which shall be paid into the state lottery fund
49 as provided in section ten-a of this article;

50 (2) Fourteen percent of net terminal income at a licensed 51 racetrack shall be deposited in the special fund established by 52 the licensee and used for payment of regular purses in addition
(3) The county where the video lottery terminals are located
shall receive two percent of the net terminal income: *Provided*,
That:

(A) Any amount in excess of the two percent received
during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine by a
county in which a racetrack is located that has participated in
the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund since on or
before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
ninety-nine, shall be divided as follows:

64 (i) The county shall receive fifty percent of the excess65 amount; and

(ii) The municipalities of the county shall receive fifty
percent of the excess amount, the fifty percent to be divided
among the municipalities on a per capita basis as determined by
the most recent decennial United States census of population;
and

(B) Any amount in excess of the two percent received during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine by a county in which a racetrack other than a racetrack described in paragraph (A) of this proviso is located and where the racetrack has been located in a municipality within the county since on or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, shall be divided, if applicable, as follows:

(i) The county shall receive fifty percent of the excessamount; and

80 (ii) The municipality shall receive fifty percent of the81 excess amount; and

82 (C) This proviso shall not affect the amount to be received
83 under this subdivision by any county other than a county
84 described in paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision;

(4) One half of one percent of net terminal income shall be
paid for and on behalf of all employees of the licensed racing
association by making a deposit into a special fund to be
established by the racing commission to be used for payment
into the pension plan for all employees of the licensed racing
association;

91 (5) The West Virginia thoroughbred development fund 92 created under section thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter 93 nineteen of this code and the West Virginia greyhound breeding 94 development fund created under section ten of said article shall 95 receive an equal share of a total of not less than one and one-96 half percent of the net terminal income: Provided, That for any 97 racetrack which does not have a breeder's program supported 98 by the thoroughbred development fund or the greyhound 99 breeding development fund, the one and one-half percent 100 provided in this subdivision shall be deposited in the special 101 fund established by the licensee and used for payment of 102 regular purses in addition to other amounts provided in subdivi-103 sion (2) of this subsection and article twenty-three, chapter 104 nineteen of this code:

105 (6) The West Virginia racing commission shall receive one
106 percent of the net terminal income which shall be deposited and
107 used as provided in section thirteen-c, article twenty-three,
108 chapter nineteen of this code;

109 (7) A licensee shall receive forty-seven percent of net110 terminal income;

(8)(A) The tourism promotion fund established in section
twelve, article two, chapter five-b of this code shall receive
three percent of the net terminal income: *Provided*, That for the

114 fiscal year beginning the first day of July, two thousand three, 115 the tourism commission shall transfer from the tourism promo-116 tion fund five million dollars of the three percent of the net 117 terminal income described in this section and section ten-b of 118 this article into the fund administered by the West Virginia 119 economic development authority pursuant to section seven, 120 article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code five million dollars into the capitol renovation and improvement fund 121 122 administered by the department of administration pursuant to 123 section six, article four, chapter five-a of this code and five 124 million dollars into the tax reduction and federal funding 125 increased compliance fund; and

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (A) of this
subdivision to the contrary, for each fiscal year beginning after
the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, this three percent
of net terminal income and the three percent of net terminal
income described in paragraph (B), subdivision (8), subsection
(a), section ten-b of this article shall be distributed as provided
in this paragraph as follows:

(i) 1.375 percent of the total amount of net terminal income
described in this section and in section ten-b of this article shall
be deposited into the tourism promotion fund created under
section twelve, article two, chapter five-b of this code;

(ii) 0.375 percent of the total amount of net terminal income
described in this section and in section ten-b of this article shall
be deposited into the development office promotion fund
created under section three-b, article two, chapter five-b of this
code;

(iii) 0.5 percent of the total amount of net terminal income
described in this section and in section ten-b of this article shall
be deposited into the research challenge fund created under
section ten, article one-b, chapter eighteen-b of this code;

(iv) 0.6875 percent of the total amount of net terminal
income described in this section and in section ten-b of this
article shall be deposited into the capitol renovation and
improvement fund administered by the department of administration pursuant to section six, article four, chapter five-a of this
code; and

(v) 0.0625 percent of the total amount of net terminal
income described in this section and in section ten-b of this
article shall be deposited into the 2004 capitol complex parking
garage fund administered by the department of administration
pursuant to section five-a, article four, chapter five-a of this
code; and

(9) The remaining one percent of net terminal income shallbe deposited as follows:

160 (A) For the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, two 161 thousand three, the veterans memorial program shall receive 162 one percent of the net terminal income until sufficient moneys 163 have been received to complete the veterans memorial on the 164 grounds of the state capitol complex in Charleston, West 165 Virginia. The moneys shall be deposited in the state treasury in 166 the division of culture and history special fund created under 167 section three, article one-i, chapter twenty-nine of this code: 168 Provided, That only after sufficient moneys have been depos-169 ited in the fund to complete the veterans memorial and to pay 170 in full the annual bonded indebtedness on the veterans memo-171 rial, not more than twenty thousand dollars of the one percent 172 of net terminal income provided for in this subdivision shall be 173 deposited into a special revenue fund in the state treasury, to be 174 known as the "John F. 'Jack' Bennett Fund". The moneys in 175 this fund shall be expended by the division of veterans affairs 176 to provide for the placement of markers for the graves of 177 veterans in perpetual cemeteries in this state. The division of 178 veterans affairs shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to

179 the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 180 code specifying the manner in which the funds are spent, 181 determine the ability of the surviving spouse to pay for the placement of the marker and setting forth the standards to be 182 183 used to determine the priority in which the veterans grave markers will be placed in the event that there are not sufficient 184 185 funds to complete the placement of veterans grave markers in 186 any one year, or at all. Upon payment in full of the bonded 187 indebtedness on the veterans memorial, one hundred thousand 188 dollars of the one percent of net terminal income provided for 189 in this subdivision shall be deposited in the special fund in the 190 division of culture and history created under section three, 191 article one-i, chapter twenty-nine of this code and be expended 192 by the division of culture and history to establish a West 193 Virginia veterans memorial archives within the cultural center 194 to serve as a repository for the documents and records pertain-195 ing to the veterans memorial, to restore and maintain the 196 monuments and memorial on the capitol grounds: Provided, 197 *however*, That five hundred thousand dollars of the one percent 198 of net terminal income shall be deposited in the state treasury 199 in a special fund of the department of administration, created 200 under section five, article four, chapter five-a of this code, to be 201 used for construction and maintenance of a parking garage on 202 the state capitol complex; and the remainder of the one percent 203 of net terminal income shall be deposited in equal amounts in 204 the capitol dome and improvements fund created under section 205 two, article four, chapter five-a of this code and cultural 206 facilities and capitol resources matching grant program fund 207 created under section three, article one of this chapter.

(B) For each fiscal year beginning after the thirtieth day ofJune, two thousand four:

(i) Five hundred thousand dollars of the one percent of net
terminal income shall be deposited in the state treasury in a
special fund of the department of administration, created under

213 section five, article four, chapter five-a of this code, to be used 214 for construction and maintenance of a parking garage on the

211 For construction and maintenance of a parking garage on the

215 state capitol complex; and

216 (ii) The remainder of the one percent of net terminal 217 income and all of the one percent of net terminal income 218 described in paragraph (B), subdivision (9), subsection (a), 219 section ten-b of this article shall be distributed as follows: The 220 net terminal income shall be deposited in equal amounts into 221 the capitol dome and capitol improvements fund created under 222 section two, article four, chapter five-a of this code and the 223 cultural facilities and capitol resources matching grant program 224 fund created under section three, article one, chapter twenty-225 nine of this code until a total of one million five hundred 226 thousand dollars is deposited into the cultural facilities and 227 capitol resources matching grant program fund; thereafter, the 228 remainder shall be deposited into the capitol dome and capitol 229 improvements fund.

(d) Each licensed racetrack shall maintain in its account an 230 231 amount equal to or greater than the gross terminal income from 232 its operation of video lottery machines, to be electronically 233 transferred by the commission on dates established by the 234 commission. Upon a licensed racetrack's failure to maintain 235 this balance, the commission may disable all of a licensed 236 racetrack's video lottery terminals until full payment of all 237 amounts due is made. Interest shall accrue on any unpaid 238 balance at a rate consistent with the amount charged for state 239 income tax delinquency under chapter eleven of this code. The 240 interest shall begin to accrue on the date payment is due to the 241 commission.

(e) The commission's central control computer shall keep
accurate records of all income generated by each video lottery
terminal. The commission shall prepare and mail to the
licensed racetrack a statement reflecting the gross terminal

246 income generated by the licensee's video lottery terminals. Each licensed racetrack shall report to the commission any 247 248 discrepancies between the commission's statement and each 249 terminal's mechanical and electronic meter readings. The 250 licensed racetrack is solely responsible for resolving income 251 discrepancies between actual money collected and the amount 252 shown on the accounting meters or on the commission's billing 253 statement.

254 (f) Until an accounting discrepancy is resolved in favor of 255 the licensed racetrack, the commission may make no credit 256 For any video lottery terminal reflecting a adjustments. 257 discrepancy, the licensed racetrack shall submit to the commis-258 sion the maintenance log which includes current mechanical 259 meter readings and the audit ticket which contains electronic 260 meter readings generated by the terminal's software. If the 261 meter readings and the commission's records cannot be 262 reconciled, final disposition of the matter shall be determined by the commission. Any accounting discrepancies which 263 264 cannot be otherwise resolved shall be resolved in favor of the 265 commission.

266 (g) Licensed racetracks shall remit payment by mail if the 267 electronic transfer of funds is not operational or the commission notifies licensed racetracks that remittance by this method is 268 269 required. The licensed racetracks shall report an amount equal 270 to the total amount of cash inserted into each video lottery 271 terminal operated by a licensee, minus the total value of game credits which are cleared from the video lottery terminal in 272 273 exchange for winning redemption tickets, and remit the amount 274 as generated from its terminals during the reporting period. The 275 remittance shall be sealed in a properly addressed and stamped 276 envelope and deposited in the United States mail no later than 277 noon on the day when the payment would otherwise be com-278 pleted through electronic funds transfer.

(h) Licensed racetracks may, upon request, receive additional reports of play transactions for their respective video
lottery terminals and other marketing information not considered confidential by the commission. The commission may
charge a reasonable fee for the cost of producing and mailing
any report other than the billing statements.

(i) The commission has the right to examine all accounts,
bank accounts, financial statements and records in a licensed
racetrack's possession under its control or in which it has an
interest and the licensed racetrack shall authorize all third
parties in possession or in control of the accounts or records to
allow examination of any of those accounts or records by the
commission.

# §29-22A-10b. Distribution of excess net terminal income.

(a) Any amount of net terminal income generated annually
 by a licensed racetrack in excess of the amount of net terminal
 income generated by that licensed racetrack during the fiscal
 year ending on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one, shall
 be divided as follows:

6 (1) The commission shall receive forty-one percent of net
7 terminal income, which the commission shall deposit in the
8 state excess lottery revenue fund created in section eighteen-a,
9 article twenty-two of this chapter;

(2) Eight percent of net terminal income at a licensed
racetrack shall be deposited in the special fund established by
the licensee and used for payment of regular purses in addition
to other amounts provided for in article twenty-three, chapter
nineteen of this code;

(3) The county where the video lottery terminals are located
shall receive two percent of the net terminal income: *Provided*,
That:

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(A) Any amount by which the total amount under this section and subdivision (3), subsection (c), section ten of this article is in excess of the two percent received during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine by a county in which a racetrack is located that has participated in the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund since on or before the first day

thoroughbred development fund since on or before the first day
of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, shall be
divided as follows:

26 (i) The county shall receive fifty percent of the excess27 amount; and

(ii) The municipalities of the county shall receive fifty
percent of the excess amount, the fifty percent to be divided
among the municipalities on a per capita basis as determined by
the most recent decennial United States census of population;
and

33 (B) Any amount by which the total amount under this 34 section and subdivision (3), subsection (c), section ten of this 35 article is in excess of the two percent received during fiscal year 36 one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine by a county in which a 37 racetrack other than a racetrack described in paragraph (A) of 38 this proviso is located and where the racetrack has been located 39 in a municipality within the county since on or before the first 40 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, shall be 41 divided, if applicable, as follows:

42 (i) The county shall receive fifty percent of the excess43 amount; and

44 (ii) The municipality shall receive fifty percent of the45 excess amount; and

46 (C) This proviso shall not affect the amount to be received
47 under this subdivision by any county other than a county
48 described in paragraph (A) or (B) of this proviso;

(4) One half of one percent of net terminal income shall be
paid for and on behalf of all employees of the licensed racing
association by making a deposit into a special fund to be
established by the racing commission to be used for payment
into the pension plan for all employees of the licensed racing
association;

55 (5) The West Virginia thoroughbred development fund 56 created under section thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter 57 nineteen of this code and the West Virginia greyhound breeding 58 development fund created under section ten, article twenty-59 three, chapter nineteen of this code shall receive an equal share 60 of a total of not less than one and one-half percent of the net terminal income: Provided, That for any racetrack which does 61 62 not have a breeder's program supported by the thoroughbred development fund or the greyhound breeding development 63 64 fund, the one and one-half percent provided for in this subdivision shall be deposited in the special fund established by the 65 66 licensee and used for payment of regular purses, in addition to 67 other amounts provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection 68 and article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of this code;

69 (6) The West Virginia racing commission shall receive one
70 percent of the net terminal income which shall be deposited and
71 used as provided in section thirteen-c, article twenty-three,
72 chapter nineteen of this code;

73 (7) A licensee shall receive forty-two percent of net74 terminal income;

(8) The tourism promotion fund established in section
twelve, article two, chapter five-b of this code shall receive
three percent of the net terminal income: *Provided*, That for
each fiscal year beginning after the thirtieth day of June, two
thousand four, this three percent of net terminal income shall be

(9)(A) One percent of the net terminal income shall be
deposited in equal amounts in the capitol dome and improvements fund created under section two, article four, chapter fivea of this code and cultural facilities and capitol resources
matching grant program fund created under section three,
article one of this chapter; and

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (A) of this
subdivision to the contrary, for each fiscal year beginning after
the thirtieth day of June, two thousand four, this one percent of
net terminal income shall be distributed pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (ii), paragraph (B), subdivision (9),
subsection (c), section ten of this article.

94 (b) The commission may establish orderly and effective
95 procedures for the collection and distribution of funds under
96 this section in accordance with the provisions of this section
97 and section ten of this article.

# CHAPTER 124

(H. B. 4107 — By Delegates Long, Perry, Caruth, R. M. Thompson and Frederick)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §47-20-11, §47-20-12a and §47-20-16 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §47-21-12 and §47-21-16 of said code, all relating to charitable bingo and charitable raffles; allowing certain employees to operate bingo and raffle games; allowing game proceeds to be transferred, by check, between raffle and bingo accounts to offset losses; and allowing certain residents of other states to be employed by charitable bingo and charitable raffle operations.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §47-20-11, §47-20-12a and §47-20-16 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §47-21-12 and §47-21-16 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 20. Charitable Bingo.
- 21. Charitable Raffles.

#### ARTICLE 20. CHARITABLE BINGO.

- §47-20-11. Operator of bingo games and related concessions.§47-20-12a. Compensation of bingo operator; number of employees.
- §47-20-16. Records; commissioner audit.

# §47-20-11. Operator of bingo games and related concessions.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in sections thirteen and twenty-two
- 2 of this article, the only persons, as defined in section two of this
- 3 article, that may participate in any manner in the conduct of any
- 4 bingo game or operate any concession in conjunction with a
- 5 bingo occasion are either:
- 6 (1) Residents of this state and who are active members of 7 the licensee organization or its authorized auxiliary organiza-8 tion and who have been active members in good standing of the 9 licensee organization or its authorized auxiliary for at least two 10 years prior to the date of filing of the application for a charita-11 ble bingo license or the most recent filing of an application for
- 12 renewal of the license; or

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13 (2) Employees of the licensee organization or its authorized14 auxiliary organization who are:

15 (A) Residents of this state;

(B) Residents of a state bordering this state if the county of
his or her residence is contiguous to the county in this state in
which the bingo operation is conducted; or

19 (C) Residents of a bordering state who reside within thirty-20 five miles of the county in which the bingo operation is21 conducted.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in this article to the
contrary, no individual under the age of eighteen years may
directly or indirectly participate in the conduct of a bingo game,
except for junior firefighters, in accordance with the provisions
of this article.

# §47-20-12a. Compensation of bingo operator; number of employees.

(a) Within the guidelines set forth in subsections (b), (c)
and (d) of this section, a licensee may pay a salary, the minimum of which is the federal minimum wage and the maximum
of which is six dollars and fifty cents per hour, to operators of
bingo games who are either:

6 (1) Active members of the licensee organization and who 7 have been active members in good standing for at least two 8 years prior to the date of filing of the application for a charita-9 ble bingo license or the most recent filing of an application for 10 renewal of the license; or

(2) Employees of the licensee organization or its authorizedauxiliary organization who are:

13 (A) Residents of this state;

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(B) Residents of a state bordering this state if the county of
his or her residence is contiguous to the county in this state in
which the bingo operation is conducted; or

17 (C) Residents of a bordering state who reside within thirty-18 five miles of the county in which the bingo operation is19 conducted.

(b) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions
equal or exceed one hundred thousand dollars for the licensee's
most recently filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid
to not more than eight operators.

(c) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions are
less than one hundred thousand dollars, but equal or exceed
fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently filed
annual financial report, a salary may be paid to not more than
five operators.

(d) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions are
less than fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently
filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid to not more
than three operators.

(e) If the licensee also possesses a super bingo license, it
may pay a salary to not more than fifteen operators during the
super bingo occasion.

36 (f) In the case of a licensee lawfully holding a charitable 37 bingo occasion simultaneously with a charitable raffle occasion, 38 the number of paid charitable bingo operator employees 39 allowed under this limitation for bingo licensees is in addition 40 to the number of charitable raffle operator employees allowed under section fifteen, article twenty-one of this chapter. 41 42 Licensees holding simultaneous occasions shall pay bingo 43 operators from the proceeds of bingo operations and shall pay 44 raffle operators from the proceeds of raffle operations and the

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45 charitable bingo fund and the charitable raffle fund and46 payments from the funds may not be commingled.

(g) For purposes of the limitations set forth in this section,
the term "operator" or "bingo operator" or "raffle operator"
does not include concession stand workers. Wages paid to
concession workers may not exceed six dollars and fifty cents
per hour.

# §47-20-16. Records; commissioner audit.

1 Any licensee which holds a bingo occasion as provided by 2 this article shall maintain a separate checking account and 3 separate book-keeping procedure for its bingo operations: 4 Provided, That nothing in this article restricts a licensee from 5 transferring moneys in the account from a bingo occasion to an account created under section sixteen, article twenty-one of this 6 7 chapter in an amount not to exceed the actual loss of the raffle 8 occasion receiving the transfer: Provided, however, That money 9 transferred shall be withdrawn only by checks having preprinted consecutive numbers and made payable to the 10 11 account created under section sixteen, article twenty-one of this 12 code. Money for expenses shall be withdrawn only by checks 13 having preprinted consecutive numbers and made payable to a 14 specific person, firm or corporation and at no time shall a check 15 be made payable to cash. A licensee shall maintain all records 16 required by this article for at least three years and the records 17 shall be open to the commissioner for reasonable inspection. Whenever the tax commissioner has reasonable cause to believe 18 19 a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this article, he or she may perform or cause to be performed an audit of the 20 21 licensee's books and records: Provided further, That the tax 22 commissioner shall perform or cause to be performed an audit 23 of the books and records of any licensee that has awarded total prizes in excess of one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars. 24 25 The tax commissioner shall file a copy of the completed audit

- 26 with the county commission of the county wherein the licensee
- 27 holds bingo occasions.

#### ARTICLE 21. CHARITABLE RAFFLES.

§47-21-12. Compensation.

§47-21-16. Records; commissioner audit.

# §47-21-12. Compensation.

- (a) A licensee may pay a salary, the minimum of which is
   the federal minimum wage and the maximum of which is six
- 3 dollars and fifty cents per hour, to operators of charitable raffle
- 4 games who are either:
- 5 (1) Active members of the licensee organization and who 6 have been active members in good standing for at least two 7 years prior to the date of filing of the application for a charita-8 ble raffle license or the most recent filing of an application for 9 renewal of the license; or
- 10 (2) Employees of the licensee organization or its authorized11 auxiliary organization who are:
- 12 (A) Residents of this state;
- (B) Residents of a state bordering this state if the county of
  his or her residence is contiguous to the county in this state in
  which the raffle operation is conducted; or
- 16 (C) Residents of a bordering state who reside within thirty-17 five miles of the county in which the raffle operation is con-18 ducted.
- (b) If the licensee's gross receipts from raffle occasions
  equal or exceed one hundred thousand dollars for the licensee's
  most recently filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid
  to not more than eight operators.

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(c) If the licensee's gross receipts from charitable raffle
occasions are less than one hundred thousand dollars, but equal
or exceed fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently
filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid to not more
than five operators.

(d) If the licensee's gross receipts from charitable raffle
occasions are less than fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's
most recently filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid
to no more than three operators.

32 (e) In the case of a licensee lawfully holding a charitable bingo occasion simultaneously with a charitable raffle occasion, 33 34 the number of paid charitable raffle operator employees allowed 35 under this limitation for charitable raffle licensees is in addition to the number of charitable bingo operator employees allowed 36 37 under section twelve-a, article twenty of this chapter. Licensees 38 holding simultaneous occasions shall pay bingo operators from 39 the proceeds of bingo operations and shall pay raffle operators 40 from the proceeds of raffle operations and the charitable bingo fund and the charitable raffle fund and payments from the funds 41 42 may not be commingled.

(f) For purposes of the limitations set forth in this section,
the term "operator" or "bingo operator" or "raffle operator" do
not include concession stand workers. Wages paid to concession workers may not exceed six dollars and fifty cents per
hour.

# §47-21-16. Records; commissioner audit.

1 Any licensee which holds a raffle occasion as provided by 2 this article shall maintain a separate account and separate book-3 keeping procedure for its raffle operations: *Provided*, That 4 nothing in this article restricts a licensee from transferring 5 moneys in the account from a raffle occasion to an account 6 created under section sixteen, article twenty of this chapter in

7 an amount not to exceed the actual loss of the bingo occasion 8 receiving the transfer: Provided, however, That money transferred shall be withdrawn only by checks having preprinted 9 consecutive numbers and made payable to the account created 10 11 under section sixteen, article twenty of this code. All records required by this article shall be maintained for at least three 12 years and shall be open to the commissioner for reasonable 13 14 inspection. Whenever the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this 15 article, he may perform or cause to be performed an audit of the 16 17 licensee's books and records.

# CHAPTER 125

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4257 - By Delegates Warner and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §47-21-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to increasing the amount of prizes that may be given and the total annual gross proceeds that may be generated in the conduct of raffles by charitable and public service organizations without a license.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §47-21-3 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# **ARTICLE 21. CHARITABLE RAFFLES.**

§47-21-3. Authorizing the conduct of certain raffles without a license.

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1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article to the 2 contrary, any charitable or public service organization which has been in existence in this state for at least one year is hereby 3 4 authorized to conduct raffles without compliance with the 5 licensing provisions of this article: Provided, That any prize 6 awarded in any single raffle at a raffle occasion may not exceed 7 in value the sum of four thousand dollars: Provided, however, That the cumulative gross proceeds derived from the conduct of 8 raffle occasions by any such charitable or public service 9 10 organization shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars during 11 any calendar year: Provided further, That any such organization shall not be subject to the record keeping provisions of section 12 sixteen of this article but shall maintain a separate accounting 13 14 for the operation of raffles. All records required by this section 15 shall be maintained for at least three calendar years and shall be 16 available for reasonable inspection by the commissioner.





(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4259 — By Delegates Ennis, Hatfield, laquinta, Perdue, Talbott, Yost and Leggett)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal §5-26-7 and §5-26-9 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §5-26-1, §5-26-2, §5-26-3, §5-26-4 and §5-26-8 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §5-26-2a and §5-26-2b, all relating generally to the governor's cabinet on children and families; clarifying statement of purpose; revising membership of cabinet; establishing citizen advisory council; defining family resource networks; revising duties and powers of cabinet;

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requiring state plan; requiring annual reports; and providing for continuation of cabinet and council.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5-26-7 and §5-26-9 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that §5-26-1, §5-26-2, §5-26-3, §5-26-4 and §5-26-8 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated §5-26-2a and §5-26-2b, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 26. GOVERNOR'S CABINET ON CHILDREN AND FAMILIES.

- §5-26-1. Legislative findings; statement of purpose.
- §5-26-2. Cabinet established.
- §5-26-2a. Citizen's advisory council.
- §5-26-2b. Family resource networks.
- §5-26-3. Duties of cabinet generally.
- §5-26-4. Powers of cabinet generally.
- §5-26-8. Continuation of cabinet and council.

# §5-26-1. Legislative findings; statement of purpose.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that in order to avoid the human 2 and financial costs to the state of individual and family instabil-3 ity, and to benefit the state and society as a whole, it is in the 4 best interests of the state to provide programs and services to 5 support children and families. The Legislature further finds that 6 children and families are best supported by programs and 7 services in or as close to the local community as possible.

8 The Legislature intends to accomplish its goals relating to 9 children and families through a family-centered, comprehen-10 sive, community-based system for the provision of social 11 services, programs and facilities for children and families 12 overseen by the highest levels of state government.

(b) The Legislature hereby declares that one purpose of thisarticle and the policy of the state is to achieve the coordination

15 of programs and services to children and families through a 16 cabinet in the governor's office which is independent from any 17 state agency and which shall act as an interagency cabinet 18 created to nurture a flexible system for the comprehensive, 19 unified, effective and efficient administration of programs and 20 services to children and families which avoids fragmentation 21 and duplication of programs and services. For maximum effectiveness, the Legislature intends to provide services in a 22 23 long-term manner with such intensity as the needs of the 24 particular situation require.

(c) The service delivery system shall be driven by the needs
and preferences of the child and family, shall reflect local
community characteristics and resources, shall allow for local
input, and shall focus on prevention, education and early
intervention.

30 The Legislature intends, by this article, to allow diversity 31 and regional, cultural and ethnic sensitivity in the development 32 of programs and services for children and families. To the 33 greatest extent possible, families and communities are to be 34 involved in all aspects of planning, delivery and evaluation of 35 services. This is intended to foster strong family and commu-36 nity program ownership while maintaining clear parameters for 37 program goals and purposes through the governor's cabinet on 38 children and families.

#### §5-26-2. Cabinet established.

1 (a) There is hereby created the governor's cabinet on 2 children and families, hereinafter referred to as the "cabinet". 3 The cabinet shall include the secretary of health and human 4 resources or a designee; the secretary of military affairs and 5 public safety or a designee; the secretary of administration or a 6 designee; the state superintendent of schools or a designee; and 7 the attorney general or a designee; one member of the Senate, 8 to be appointed by the governor, and one member of the House

9 of Delegates, to be appointed by the governor, both of whom 10 shall serve in an advisory capacity only; and three members 11 selected by the governor from the citizens' advisory council as 12 set forth in section two-a of this article. The governor may 13 appoint other administrative heads of government who shall 14 serve in an advisory capacity only.

(b) In order to promote consistency and continuity in the
work of the cabinet, each cabinet member appointed by virtue
of his or her governmental office is encouraged to select a
primary designee and an alternate designee to serve in his or her
place when necessary.

(c) The cabinet shall be chaired by the governor and shall
convene at least monthly during the first year and thereafter
shall meet at least six times annually. The cabinet shall establish bylaws which govern its decision making.

(d) The governor shall appoint an executive director tocarry out its work and to oversee staff adequate to fulfill itsfunctions.

#### §5-26-2a. Citizen's advisory council.

(a) The governor shall appoint a citizens' advisory council
 to assist the cabinet with the implementation of its mission and
 policy objectives.

4 (b) The council shall be comprised of not fewer than twelve 5 nor more than thirty citizens who will serve terms of one, two or three years as assigned at the time of appointment. The 6 7 council members will have knowledge and experience in 8 serving children and families in such areas as housing: Health 9 promotion and disease prevention; education; transportation; 10 reading and literacy; food and nutrition; clothing; utilities; job training and employment; child care; child protection; early 11 12 intervention and crisis intervention; assessment and diagnosis;

home-based family development; preservation and reunification; financial planning; mental health and counseling; substance abuse prevention counseling and treatment; addiction
awareness training; pregnancy prevention; and information,
referral and placement.

18 (c) The purpose of the council is to:

(1) Provide a forum for discussion of issues that affect thestate's children and families;

(2) Identify and promote best practices in the provision ofservices to children and families;

23 (3) Review information and research that can inform state24 policy;

(4) Make recommendations to the cabinet in areas of policyand allocation of resources;

27 (5) Focus attention on accountability and results;

(6) Assist the cabinet in developing a cross-agency multiyear state plan for improving the well being of children and
families;

31 (7) Connect government officials who make decisions with32 the families affected by their decisions;

(8) Engage local communities through family resourcenetworks to work on local issues and statewide priorities;

(9) Assure that community and family voices are heard bythe cabinet; and

(10) Promote family support practices by all publiclyfunded agencies.

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39 (d) The governor shall select three members of the council 40 to serve on the cabinet, two of whom are family representatives 41 from families who have received or are receiving services 42 funded, in whole or in part, by federal, state or local govern-43 ments, and one of whom is a community representative who is 44 not employed in a managerial or decision-making position of a 45 provider of services funded in whole or in part by federal, state 46 or local governments.

47 (e) The community representative initially appointed shall 48 serve for a term of one year and the family representatives 49 initially appointed shall serve for terms of two years and three 50 years respectively. If a member's term on the cabinet exceeds 51 his or her term on the council, his or her term on the council 52 will be extended automatically to coincide with his or her term 53 on the cabinet. Members appointed subsequent to the initial 54 appointments shall serve for terms of three years, and may 55 serve up to three consecutive full terms: Provided, That 56 members appointed under this section shall continue to serve 57 until their successors are appointed. An appointment to fill a 58 vacancy will be for the unexpired term.

(f) Citizen members may be reimbursed for actual and
necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official
duties in a manner consistent with guidelines of the travel
management office of the department of administration.

(g) The governor may remove any citizen member from the
council or the cabinet for neglect of duty, incompetency or
official misconduct.

# §5-26-2b. Family resource networks.

1 (a) "Family resource network" means a local community 2 organization charged with service coordination, needs and 3 resource assessment, planning, community mobilization and Ch. 126] GOVERNOR'S CABINET ON CHILDREN AND FAMILIES 1041

4 evaluation, and which has been recognized by the cabinet as5 having met the following criteria:

6 (1) Agreeing to a single governing entity;

7 (2) Agreeing to engage in activities to improve service 8 systems for children and families within the community;

9 (3) Addressing a geographic area of a county or two or 10 more contiguous counties;

(4) Having nonproviders, which include family representatives and other members who are not employees of publicly
funded agencies, as the majority of the members of the governing body, and having family representatives as the majority of
the nonproviders;

(5) Having representatives of local service agencies,
including, but not limited to, the public health department, the
behavioral health center, the local health and human resources
agency and the county school district, on the governing body;

20 (6) Accepting principles consistent with the cabinet's21 mission as part of its philosophy.

(b) A family resource network may not provide direct
services, which means to provide programs or services directly
to children and families.

# §5-26-3. Duties of cabinet generally.

In addition to all other duties and responsibilities assigned
 to the cabinet in this article and elsewhere by law, the cabinet
 shall:

4 (1) Establish, oversee, evaluate and provide technical 5 assistance, and such moneys as may be made available by 6 legislative appropriation to family resource networks, starting

7 points centers, early parent education programs and other 8 community based initiatives;

9 (2) Develop a cross-agency multi-year state plan consistent 10 with priorities established by local plans developed by family 11 resource networks, which includes provisions for regular 12 updates of the plan and which requires the cabinet to:

13 (A) Articulate core results desired by the state for its14 children and families;

(B) Choose indicators to measure progress in reaching coreresults;

17 (C) Establish baseline data for measuring progress by18 examining current conditions and trends;

(D) Set targets and explore strategies for improving thelives of children and families;

21 (E) Put selected strategies into action to achieve core 22 results;

(F) Monitor progress and make course corrections asnecessary; and

25 (G) Identify tools to achieve articulated goals, including:

26 (i) Shifting focus from process to core results;

(ii) Increasing flexibility to remove barriers, encourageinnovation and provide incentives for achieving results;

(iii) Providing flexible financing to reinvest savings anddecategorize, pool, redeploy or reinstate funding;

31 (iv) Employing results-based budgeting; and

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32 (v) Improving accountability through results-based decision33 making.

34 (3) Prepare a proposed budget for the operation of the
35 cabinet and recommend it to the governor for inclusion in the
36 executive budget to be submitted to the Legislature;

37 (4) Promote the work of the governor's cabinet on children
38 and families in order to engender strong support from the
39 community, the Legislature and business leaders;

40 (5) Report annually to the joint committee on government
41 and finance on its progress in implementing the comprehensive
42 multi-year state plan required under subdivision (2) of this
43 section; and

44 (6) Submit an annual electronic report before the first day 45 of January to the Legislature and a written copy of the report to 46 the legislative librarian on its financial transactions for the preceding year, minutes of its meetings, narrative descriptions 47 48 of any training sessions, conferences or other events, and a 49 progress report on its implementation of the comprehensive 50 multi-year state plan required under subdivision (2) of this 51 section.

#### **§5-26-4.** Powers of cabinet generally.

1 In addition to all other powers granted to the cabinet in this 2 article and elsewhere by law, the cabinet may:

(1) Negotiate written agreements and procedures between
and among departments of state government which assure that
children and families are provided with health care, social
services, appropriate education and vocational training, and any
other services to which they may be entitled under state and
federal law;

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9 (2) Provide or contract with any agencies or persons in this 10 state and other states for any facilities, equipment or service 11 necessary to achieve the purposes of this article, and hire staff 12 sufficient to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the 13 cabinet;

(3) In addition to the citizens' advisory council established
pursuant to section two-a of this article, form subcommittees,
convene task teams or consult experts to advise the cabinet
generally or on selected topics as necessary to accomplish its
goals or to otherwise carry out its duties under this article;

(4) Develop and implement rules, standards and policiesgoverning the internal operation and administration of thecabinet;

(5) Delegate any of the cabinet's powers, duties or functions as the cabinet may deem appropriate, expedient and
effective;

(6) Solicit and accept proposals in furtherance of any
program or service required by this article, especially for the
establishment of family resource networks at the regional or
local level and for the implementation of pilot programs;

29 (7) Waive rules that impede coordinated service delivery;

30 (8) Solicit, accept and expend grants, gifts, bequests,
31 donations and other funds made available to the cabinet:
32 *Provided*, That all unrestricted grants, gifts, bequests and
33 donations shall be deposited in the children's fund created
34 pursuant to section six of this article; and,

35 (9) Exercise any and all other powers, including the 36 adoption of an official seal and the chartering of public or 37 quasi-public corporations, necessary for the discharge of the

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cabinet's duties and the implementation of the purposes of thisarticle.

# §5-26-8. Continuation of cabinet and council.

- 1 The cabinet and the council shall continue to exist, pursuant
- 2 to the provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code, until
- 3 the first day of July, two thousand seven, unless sooner termi-
- 4 nated, continued or reestablished pursuant to the provisions of
- 5 that article.



# CHAPTER 127

#### (H. B. 4132 — By Delegates Mezzatesta, Cann, Frederick, Stalnaker, Sumner and Walters)

[Passed February 26, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5B-2D-2, §5B-2D-3, §5B-2D-4, §5B-2D-5, §5B-2D-6 and §5B-2D-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the West Virginia Guaranteed Work Force Program; updating terms; establishing that funds may be provided by the Legislature; requiring certain reporting and increasing the maximum amount that may be spent on certain training.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5B-2D-2, §5B-2D-3, §5B-2D-4, §5B-2D-5, §5B-2D-6 and §5B-2D-7 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

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## ARTICLE 2D. WEST VIRGINIA GUARANTEED WORK FORCE PRO-GRAM.

§5B-2D-2. Definitions.

§5B-2D-3. Training program.

§5B-2D-4. Funds.

§5B-2D-5. Program activities.

§5B-2D-6. Reporting.

§5B-2D-7. Marketing.

#### §5B-2D-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the following words and terms have

2 the following meanings unless the context indicates another or

3 different meaning or intent:

4 (1) "WVDO" means the West Virginia development office;

5 (2) "Employer" means an individual, partnership, corpora-6 tion, or other legal entity that employs or plans to employ 7 skilled workers;

8 (3) "Retraining and job upgrade" means the specialized 9 training that is given to an identified level of employees to 10 enable them to advance to a higher level of employment;

(4) "Program" means the West Virginia Guaranteed Work
Force Program established pursuant to section three of this
article;

14 (5) "Training" means custom-designed training given to
15 employees or prospective employees of new or expanding
16 businesses and industries within the state;

17 (6) "Training provider" means any persons, public or
18 private educational institutions, agencies, companies or other
19 entities that may be utilized for training or consultative services
20 for an employer.

#### §5B-2D-3. Training program.

1 The West Virginia development office shall develop a 2 business and industrial training program, the purpose of which 3 is to provide assistance for new or expanding businesses for the 4 training, retraining or upgrading of the skills of potential 5 employees. The program shall emphasize employee training 6 specifically designed to accommodate the needs of individual 7 employers. The program shall encourage the expansion of 8 existing businesses and industries within the state, promote 9 retention of businesses and industries within the state, promote retention of existing jobs within the state, prevent economic and 10 11 industrial out-migration, and assist in the relocation of 12 out-of-state businesses and industries in the state. Under this 13 program, the West Virginia development office may pay up to one hundred percent or two thousand dollars per employee, 14 15 whichever is less, of training costs of new employees in firms 16 creating at least ten jobs in a one-year period. Training assis-.17 tance may also be provided to existing businesses in cases in 18 which training, retraining or upgrading services will result in the retention of existing jobs or the creation of additional jobs, 19 20 or both: Provided, That the West Virginia development office may pay up to one hundred percent or two thousand dollars per 21 22 employee, whichever is less, for the training, retraining or upgrading. Training costs associated with this program will be  $23^{\circ}$ 24 paid directly by the training provider.

25 Provision of training services will depend upon the em-26 ployer meeting program requirements as set forth by the West 27 Virginia development office and this article. The state of West 28 Virginia guarantees if employer satisfaction is not achieved, the West Virginia development office will carefully review the 29 30 effectiveness of the recently completed training plan and 31 program with the employer and the training provider. After such review, if the West Virginia development office deter-32 33 mines that the training program was inadequate to meet the

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34 employer's specifications and satisfaction as originally agreed 35 to, then those employees so trained shall be eligible for retrain-36 ing under the guarantee provision except when the training 37 program curriculum or provider were selected solely at the 38 discretion of the employer, then no such additional training 39 shall be considered or approved: Provided, That in no instance 40 may the cost of training and retraining an employee exceed four 41 thousand dollars.

#### §5B-2D-4. Funds.

1 The funds made available by this section shall supplement 2 but not displace funds available through existing programs 3 conducted by employers themselves and public programs such 4 as the Workforce Investment Act (WIA), the Carl D. Perkins 5 Vocational Education Act, the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless 6 Assistance Act, and the JOBS Act, or apportionment fund 7 allocated to the community colleges, regional occupational 8 centers and programs, or other local educational agencies. In 9 addition, it is further the intention of the Legislature that the program established pursuant to this section shall not replace, 10 11 parallel, supplant, compete with, or duplicate in any way 12 existing, approved apprenticeship programs.

13 The fund shall consist of all moneys provided by the 14 Legislature and also any contributions, grants or bequests 15 received from federal, private or other sources. Appropriations 16 made from the funds shall be for the purpose of providing 17 contractual services through the West Virginia development 18 office for vocational related training or retraining provided by 19 public or private training institutions within West Virginia and 20 for contracted services through the West Virginia development 21 office for vocational related training, retraining or upgrading 22 provided by public or private training institutions located 23 outside of West Virginia and for vocational related training or

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retraining provided on site, within West Virginia by anytraining provider as defined in this article.

#### §5B-2D-5. Program activities.

1 The primary concern in the provision of training services 2 shall be the needs and types of services identified by the 3 employer. A college or university, community college or area 4 vocational education center shall be given initial consideration 5 to provide any training, retraining, or job upgrade training. The employer will have the opportunity to participate in the 6 7 selection of a training provider and training program curriculum. Training services may begin upon execution of a written 8 9 agreement between the West Virginia development office and 10 the employer.

Program activities may include, but not be limited to, thefollowing:

(a) The performance of a job skills analysis and thedesigning of a training curriculum for an employer.

(b) The recruitment and referral of trainee applicants to anemployer.

(c) The provision of off site pre-employment training to
prospective employees of a new or expanding business or
industry or to existing employees for purposes of retraining or
upgrading: *Provided*, That on site pre-employment training may
be provided if off site pre-employment training is not practical.

(d) Retraining of employees in response to a technologicalchange.

(e) The provision of job upgrade training, if the trainingwill retain or increase the employer's total work force.

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26 (f) Contracting with persons, public or private educational
27 institutions, agencies or other bodies for training or consultative
28 services for an employer.

(g) The provision of materials and supplies used in the
training process, instructors with specialized skills, instructional
training aids and equipment, consultative services relative to
highly specific or technical data and other services.

(h) Assisting a foreign employer locating or expanding in
this state by familiarizing the employer's foreign personnel
with the work attitudes, work methods, expectations, customs
and life style of employees who work within this state.

37 (i) Taking any other action that is considered to be neces38 sary or desirable for the furtherance of the provisions of this
39 article.

Funds may not be awarded or reimbursed to any business
or industry for the training, retraining or upgrading of skills of
potential employees with the purpose of replacing or supplanting employees engaged in an authorized work stoppage.

# §5B-2D-6. Reporting.

(a) The office shall file a report with the Legislature, the
 legislative oversight commission on workforce investment for
 economic development and the governor at the end of each
 fiscal year, commencing June thirtieth, one thousand nine
 hundred ninety. This report shall include the following:

- 6 (1) The number of persons trained and their demographics;
- 7 (2) The number of persons placed in employment;

8 (3) The number of employers for which persons have been9 trained and placed;

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10 (4) The number of persons trained and placed for each11 employer;

12 (5) The types of work for which persons have been trained;

13 (6) The source of training fund; and

14 (7) The overall effectiveness of this article in contributing
15 to economic stabilization and business and industrial growth
16 within this state.

(b) In addition, the West Virginia development office shall
report on a quarterly basis to the West Virginia workforce
investment council and the legislative oversight commission on
workforce investment for economic development the following
as they relate to the training program established by this article:

(1) The names of all companies approved for trainingduring the reporting quarter;

(2) The names of all companies receiving funding fortraining during the reporting quarter;

26 (3) The amount and source of funds utilized for each27 training program;

28 (4) The type of training being delivered;

29 (5) The number of employees trained; and

30 (6) Those agencies providing the training.

# §5B-2D-7. Marketing.

The West Virginia development office shall market and
 promote the program.

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# CHAPTER 128

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4273 — By Delegates Foster, Palumbo, Brown and Faircloth)

[Passed March 8, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §44-10-3, §44-10-4, §44-10-5 and §44-10-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §51-2A-2 of said code, all relating to the modification of procedures for the appointment of guardians for minor children.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §44-10-3, §44-10-4, §44-10-5 and §44-10-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and §51-2A-2 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

44. Administration of Estates and Trusts.

51. Courts and Their Officers.

# CHAPTER 44. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES AND TRUSTS.

#### **ARTICLE 10. GUARDIANS AND WARDS GENERALLY.**

§44-10-3. Appointment and revocation of guardian by county commission.

§44-10-4. Right of minor to nominate guardian.

§44-10-5. Bond of guardian.

§44-10-6. Curator; bond; powers and duties.
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## **G**UARDIANS

# §44-10-3. Appointment and revocation of guardian by county commission.

1 (a) The circuit court or family court of the county in which 2 the minor resides, or if the minor is a nonresident of the state, 3 the county in which the minor has an estate, may appoint as the minor's guardian a suitable person. The father or mother shall 4 receive priority. However, in every case, the competency and 5 fitness of the proposed guardian and the welfare and best 6 7 interests of the minor shall be given precedence by the court 8 when appointing the guardian.

9 (b) Within five days of the filing of a petition for the 10 appointment of a guardian, the circuit clerk shall notify the 11 court. The court shall hear the petition for the appointment of 12 a guardian within ten days after the petition is filed.

13 (c) The court, the guardian or the minor may revoke or14 terminate the guardianship appointment when:

(1) The minor reaches the age of eighteen and executes a
release stating that the guardian estate was properly administered and that the minor has received the assets of the estate
from the guardian;

19 (2) The guardian or the minor dies;

20 (3) The guardian petitions the court to resign and the court21 enters an order approving the resignation; or

(4) A petition is filed by the guardian, the minor, an
interested person or upon the motion of the court stating that the
minor is no longer in need of the assistance or protection of a
guardian.

26 (d) A guardianship may not be terminated by the court if27 there are any assets in the estate due and payable to the minor:

## **GUARDIANS**

- 28 Provided, That another guardian may be appointed upon the
- 29 resignation of a guardian whenever there are assets in the estate
- 30 due and payable to the minor.

# §44-10-4. Right of minor to nominate guardian.

- (a) If the minor is above the age of fourteen years, he or she
   may in the presence of the circuit or family court, or in writing
   acknowledged before any officer authorized to take the ac knowledgment of a deed, nominate his or her own guardian,
   who, if approved by the court, shall be appointed accordingly.
- (b) If the guardian nominated by the minor is not appointed
  by the court, or if the minor resides outside the state, or if, after
  being summoned, the minor neglects to nominate a suitable
  person, the court may appoint the guardian in the same manner
- 10 as if the minor were under the age of fourteen years.

# §44-10-5. Bond of guardian.

- 1 (a) Every guardian, except in the case of a testamentary 2 guardian where the will otherwise directs and the court in which
- 3 the will is recorded deems it unnecessary for the safety of the
- 4 ward, shall give bond with security to be approved by the court
- 5 by whom he or she is appointed, or before whom he or she
- 6 accepts the trust, in such penalty as shall be prescribed by the
- 7 court.
- 8 (b) The bond shall be given before the clerk of the court in9 which the petition is filed.

# §44-10-6. Curator; bond; powers and duties.

- 1 Until a guardian gives bond, or while there is no guardian,
- 2 the circuit or family court, may, from time to time, appoint a
- 3 curator, who shall give bond, and during the continuance of his

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- 4 or her trust, have all the powers and perform all the duties of a
- 5 guardian, and be responsible in the same way.

# **CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.**

## ARTICLE 2A. FAMILY COURTS.

# §51-2A-2. Family court jurisdiction; exceptions; limitations.

1 (a) The family court shall exercise jurisdiction over the 2 following matters:

3 (1) All actions for divorce, annulment or separate mainte4 nance brought under the provisions of article three, four or five,
5 chapter forty-eight of this code except as provided in subsec6 tions (b) and (c) of this section;

7 (2) All actions to obtain orders of child support brought
8 under the provisions of articles eleven, twelve and fourteen,
9 chapter forty-eight of this code;

(3) All actions to establish paternity brought under the
provisions of article twenty-four, chapter forty-eight of this
code and any dependent claims related to such actions regarding child support, parenting plans or other allocation of custodial responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a child;

(4) All actions for grandparent visitation brought under theprovisions of article ten, chapter forty-eight of this code;

(5) All actions for the interstate enforcement of family
support brought under article sixteen, chapter forty-eight of this
code and for the interstate enforcement of child custody brought
under the provisions of article twenty, chapter forty-eight of
this code;

(6) All actions for the establishment of a parenting plan orother allocation of custodial responsibility or decision-making

## **GUARDIANS**

24 responsibility for a child, including actions brought under the

- 25 uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act, as
- 26 provided in article twenty, chapter forty-eight of this code;
- (7) All petitions for writs of habeas corpus wherein theissue contested is custodial responsibility for a child;
- (8) All motions for temporary relief affecting parenting
  plans or other allocation of custodial responsibility or decisionmaking responsibility for a child, child support, spousal support
  or domestic violence;
- (9) All motions for modification of an order providing for
  a parenting plan or other allocation of custodial responsibility
  or decision-making responsibility for a child or for child
  support or spousal support;
- 37 (10) All actions brought, including civil contempt proceed38 ings, to enforce an order of spousal or child support or to
  39 enforce an order for a parenting plan or other allocation of
  40 custodial responsibility or decision-making responsibility for a
  41 child;
- 42 (11) All actions brought by an obligor to contest the
  43 enforcement of an order of support through the withholding
  44 from income of amounts payable as support or to contest an
  45 affidavit of accrued support, filed with the circuit clerk, which
  46 seeks to collect an arrearage;
- 47 (12) All final hearings in domestic violence proceedings;
- 48 (13) Petitions for a change of name, exercising concurrent49 jurisdiction with the circuit court;
- 50 (14) All proceedings for payment of attorney fees if the 51 family court judge has jurisdiction of the underlying action;

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54 (16) All proceedings to obtain spousal support brought55 under article eight, chapter forty-eight of this code; and

(17) All proceedings relating to the appointment of guardians or curators of minor children brought pursuant to sections
three, four and six, article ten, chapter forty-four of this code,
exercising concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit court.

60 (b) If an action for divorce, annulment or separate mainte-61 nance does not require the establishment of a parenting plan or other allocation of custodial responsibility or decision-making 62 63 responsibility for a child and does not require an award or any 64 payment of child support, the circuit court has concurrent 65 jurisdiction with the family court over the action if, at the time of the filing of the action, the parties also file a written property 66 67 settlement agreement executed by both parties.

68 (c) If an action for divorce, annulment or separate mainte-69 nance is pending and a petition is filed pursuant to the provi-70 sions of article six, chapter forty-nine of this code alleging abuse or neglect of a child by either of the parties to the 71 72 divorce, annulment or separate maintenance action, the orders 73 of the circuit court in which the abuse or neglect petition is filed 74 shall supercede and take precedence over an order of the family 75 court respecting the allocation of custodial and decision-making 76 responsibility for the child between the parents. If no order for 77 the allocation of custodial and decision-making responsibility 78 for the child between the parents has been entered by the family 79 court in the pending action for divorce, annulment or separate 80 maintenance, the family court shall stay any further proceedings concerning the allocation of custodial and decision-making 81 82 responsibility for the child between the parents and defer to the 83 orders of the circuit court in the abuse or neglect proceedings.

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84 (d) A family court is a court of limited jurisdiction. A family court is a court of record only for the purpose of 85 exercising jurisdiction in the matters for which the jurisdiction 86 of the family court is specifically authorized in this section and 87 in chapter forty-eight of this code. A family court may not 88 89 exercise the powers given courts of record in section one, article five, chapter fifty-one of this code or exercise any other 90 powers provided for courts of record in this code unless 91 specifically authorized by the Legislature. A family court judge 92 is not a "judge of any court of record" or a "judge of a court of 93 94 record" as the terms are defined and used in article nine of this 95 chapter.



# CHAPTER 129

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 554 - By Senator Fanning)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §44A-4-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to continuing the guardianship or conservatorship of protected persons; and continuing the authority of a guardian or conservator for limited decisionmaking regarding the body of a deceased protected person.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §44A-4-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 4. TERMINATION, REVOCATION AND MODIFICATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

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# §44A-4-5. Termination of guardianship or conservatorship of protected person - When authorized.

1 A guardianship or conservatorship of a protected person 2 shall terminate upon the death of the protected person: Provided, That in the absence of an advanced directive or preneed 3 4 burial or cremation contract, after the death of the protected 5 person, a guardian or a conservator, if there is no guardian, shall continue to have authority to make decisions regarding the body 6 7 of the deceased protected person for the purposes of authorizing 8 an autopsy and making funeral arrangements. The guardian's 9 or conservator's authority shall continue until an executor or 10 executrix or an administrator or administratrix has been appointed. A guardianship or conservatorship shall terminate 11 12 whenever jurisdiction is transferred to another state or if 13 ordered by the court following a hearing on the petition of any 14 interested person. In the case of a missing person, a conserva-15 torship shall terminate when the person's death is established by the production of a certified death certificate, the person is 16 17 presumed dead pursuant to the provisions of article nine, chapter forty-four of this code or the missing person is located. 18



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2755 — By Delegates Stemple, Kominar, Pethtel, Crosier, Williams and Amores)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §16-1-4 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to authorizing the secretary of the department of health and human resources to promulgate emer-

gency rules to regulate opioid treatment centers; establishing a moritorium on licensure of new opioid treatment facilities without certificates of need until emergency rule filed; and establishing time period for compliance.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-1-4 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 1. STATE PUBLIC HEALTH SYSTEM.

## **§16-1-4.** Proposal of rules by the secretary.

1 The secretary may propose rules, in accordance with the 2 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code, 3 that are necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of this 4 chapter. The secretary may appoint or designate advisory 5 councils of professionals in the areas of hospitals, nursing homes, barbers and beauticians, postmortem examinations, 6 7 mental health and mental retardation centers and any other 8 areas necessary to advise the secretary on rules.

9 The rules may include, but are not limited to, the regulation 10 of:

11 (a) Land usage endangering the public health: *Provided*, 12 That no rules may be promulgated or enforced restricting the 13 subdivision or development of any parcel of land within which the individual tracts, lots or parcels exceed two acres each in 14 total surface area and which individual tracts, lots or parcels 15 16 have an average frontage of not less than one hundred fifty feet even though the total surface area of the tract, lot or parcel 17 18 equals or exceeds two acres in total surface area, and which 19 tracts are sold, leased or utilized only as single family dwelling units. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, 2021 nothing in this section may be construed to abate the authority

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22 of the department to: (1) Restrict the subdivision or develop-23 ment of a tract for any more intense or higher density occu-24 pancy than a single family dwelling unit; (2) propose or enforce 25 rules applicable to single family dwelling units for single family 26 dwelling unit sanitary sewerage disposal systems; or (3) restrict 27 any subdivision or development which might endanger the 28 public health, the sanitary condition of streams, or sources of 29 water supply;

(b) The sanitary condition of all institutions and schools,
whether public or private, public conveyances, dairies, slaughterhouses, workshops, factories, labor camps, all other places
open to the general public and inviting public patronage or
public assembly, or tendering to the public any item for human
consumption, and places where trades or industries are conducted;

37 (c) Occupational and industrial health hazards, the sanitary 38 conditions of streams, sources of water supply, sewerage 39 facilities and plumbing systems and the qualifications of 40 personnel connected with any of those facilities, without regard 41 to whether the supplies or systems are publicly or privately 42 owned; and the design of all water systems, plumbing systems, 43 sewerage systems, sewage treatment plants, excreta disposal 44 methods and swimming pools in this state, whether publicly or 45 privately owned;

46 (d) Safe drinking water, including:

(1) The maximum contaminant levels to which all public
water systems must conform in order to prevent adverse effects
on the health of individuals, and, if appropriate, treatment
techniques that reduce the contaminant or contaminants to a
level which will not adversely affect the health of the consumer.
The rule shall contain provisions to protect and prevent
contamination of wellheads and well fields used by public

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water supplies so that contaminants do not reach a level thatwould adversely affect the health of the consumer;

(2) The minimum requirements for: Sampling and testing; 56 57 system operation; public notification by a public water system 58 on being granted a variance or exemption or upon failure to 59 comply with specific requirements of this section and rules 60 promulgated under this section; record keeping; laboratory 61 certification; as well as procedures and conditions for granting 62 variances and exemptions to public water systems from state 63 public water systems rules; and

64 (3) The requirements covering the production and distribu65 tion of bottled drinking water and may establish requirements
66 governing the taste, odor, appearance and other consumer
67 acceptability parameters of drinking water;

(e) Food and drug standards, including cleanliness, proscription of additives, proscription of sale and other requirements in accordance with article seven of this chapter, as are
necessary to protect the health of the citizens of this state;

72 (f) The training and examination requirements for emer-73 gency medical service attendants and emergency medical care 74 technician-paramedics; the designation of the health care facilities, health care services, and the industries and occupa-75 76 tions in the state that must have emergency medical service attendants and emergency medical care technician-paramedics 77 78 employed, and the availability, communications, and equipment requirements with respect to emergency medical service 79 attendants and to emergency medical care technician-paramed-80 81 ics: Provided, That any regulation of emergency medical 82 service attendants and emergency medical care technician-83 paramedics shall not exceed the provisions of article four-c of 84 this chapter;

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85 (g) The health and sanitary conditions of establishments 86 commonly referred to as bed and breakfast inns. For purposes 87 of this article, "bed and breakfast inn" means an establishment 88 providing sleeping accommodations and, at a minimum, a 89 breakfast for a fee: Provided, That the secretary may not require 90 an owner of a bed and breakfast providing sleeping accommo-91 dations of six or fewer rooms to install a restaurant style or 92 commercial food service facility: Provided, however, That the 93 secretary may not require an owner of a bed and breakfast 94 providing sleeping accommodations of more than six rooms to 95 install a restaurant-type or commercial food service facility if 96 the entire bed and breakfast inn or those rooms numbering 97 above six are used on an aggregate of two weeks or less per 98 year;

(h) Fees for services provided by the bureau for public
health including, but not limited to, laboratory service fees,
environmental health service fees, health facility fees and
permit fees;

(i) The collection of data on health status, the health systemand the costs of health care;

105 (j) Opioid treatment programs duly licensed and operating 106 under the requirements of chapter twenty-seven of this code. The secretary shall promulgate emergency rules to govern such 107 108 programs: Provided, That there shall be a moratorium on the 109 licensure of new opioid treatment programs that do not have a 110 certificate of need as of the effective date of this subsection 111 until such time as the secretary files emergency rules with the 112 secretary of state to regulate such programs. All existing opioid 113 treatment programs shall be in compliance within one hundred eighty days of the effective date of this rule; and 114

(k) Other health-related matters which the department is
authorized to supervise and for which the rule-making authority
has not been otherwise assigned.



AN ACT to amend and reenact §16-29F-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to extending the pilot program for the uninsured and underinsured from two thousand four to two thousand six.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-29F-1 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29F. UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED PILOT PROGRAMS.

# §16-29F-1. Uninsured and underinsured health coverage assistance; pilot program.

(a) The United States department of health and human
services has established a federal grant program to encourage
innovative integrated health care delivery systems to serve
uninsured and underinsured persons with greater efficiency and
improved quality of care and to further maximize reimbursements to health care providers which provide these services.
The "Community Access Program" grants as authorized in the

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8 federal register: February 4, 2000 (volume 65, number 24), 9 allow for the establishment of local programs to reorganize and reintegrate local health care delivery systems. This section 10 11 authorizes, on a trial basis, the establishment of pilot programs 12 in the state which receive a grant under the community access 13 program to coordinate health care provider reimbursements, to allow an opportunity for innovations in payment for health care 14 15 services to be tested and, if successful, to be permanently 16 implemented.

17 (b) An entity receiving a community access program grant may initiate a program that comports to the federal grant 18 requirements and meets the requirements of this section. The 19 20 pilot program may enroll persons to participate in this pilot 21 program who currently do not have insurance and whose income does not exceed two hundred fifty percent of the federal 22 23 poverty level. The pilot program may coordinate payments from enrollees and businesses employing enrollees to be 24 utilized to capture available federal moneys to assist in provid-25 26 ing reimbursements to enrollee's health care providers. The 27 pilot program shall coordinate reimbursements limited to areas 28 not covered by other federal reimbursement programs such as the children's health insurance agency within the department of 29 30 administration and the federal medicaid program. In no instance 31 may the pilot program allow health care reimbursements to enrollees and to health care providers that limit or otherwise 32 33 impede the eligibility of the enrollee or the health care provider 34 to be eligible for these or other federal health care cost reim-35 bursement programs.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter thirty-three
of this code to the contrary, any grant program created and
authorized pursuant to this section is not to be considered as
providing insurance or as offering insurance services. Community access pilot programs are specifically excluded from the
definitions of "insurance" and "insurer" as defined in article

42 one, chapter thirty-three of this code, and these programs are
43 not subject to regulation by the insurance commissioner, nor are
44 they unauthorized insurers pursuant to section four, article
45 forty-four of chapter thirty-three of this code.

46 (d) The community access pilot program is authorized to 47 enter into agreements with health care providers to coordinate 48 and otherwise provide services to enrollees. These agreements must be contingent on the health care provider agreeing to 49 accept payment from the community access pilot program 50 based on available funding to the program for the health care 51 services being provided. If the health care provider decides to 52 no longer accept the community access pilot program's 53 enrollee's reimbursement, the health care provider must 54 provide, at a minimum, thirty days' notice of discontinuance of 55 56 providing services and further acceptance of enrollee's pay-57 ments.

(e) The community access pilot program must provide
enrollees and the participating employer with a minimum of
thirty days' notice of discontinuance or reduction of enrollee
benefits.

62 (f) The community access pilot program must submit 63 quarterly reports to the legislative oversight commission of 64 health and human resources accountability as established in 65 article twenty-nine-e of this chapter. The report shall include at 66 a minimum, analysis of the financial status, the number of 67 health care provider reimbursements, enrollee services utilized 68 and other information as requested by the commission.

(g) The authorization for the creation and existence of a
pilot program as established pursuant to this section expires on
the thirtieth day of June, two thousand six.

HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TAX



# CHAPTER 132

(S. B. 719 — By Senators Helmick, Sharpe, Chafin, Plymale, Prezioso, Edgell, Love, Bailey, Bowman, McCabe, Unger, Dempsey, Boley, Minear, Guills and Sprouse)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §11-27-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §11-27-37, relating to increasing the health care provider tax imposed on gross receipts of providers of nursing facility services and establishing a contingent provider tax increase if certain conditions occur; specifying condition precedent to tax increase; study panel; and setting forth effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §11-27-11 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and to further amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §11-27-37, all to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 27. HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TAXES.

§11-27-11. Imposition of tax on providers of nursing facility services, other than services of intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded.

§11-27-37. Contingent increase in rates of certain health care provider taxes.

## §11-27-11. Imposition of tax on providers of nursing facility services, other than services of intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded.

1 (a) *Imposition of tax.* -- For the privilege of engaging or 2 continuing within this state in the business of providing nursing

## HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TAX

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facility services, other than those services of intermediate care 3 facilities for the mentally retarded, there is hereby levied and 4 5 shall be collected from every person rendering such service an annual broad-based health care-related tax: Provided, That 6 hospitals which provide nursing facility services may adjust 7 nursing facility rates to the extent necessary to compensate for 8 the tax without first obtaining approval from the health care 9 authority: Provided, however, That the rate adjustment is 10 11 limited to a single adjustment during the initial year of the 12 imposition of the tax which adjustment shall be exempt from prospective review by the health care authority and further 13 14 which is limited to an amount not to exceed the amount of the tax which is levied against the hospital for the provision of 15 nursing facility services pursuant to this section. The health 16 care authority shall retroactively review the rate increases 17 18 implemented by the hospitals under this section during the 19 regular rate review process. A hospital which fails to meet the 20 criteria established by this section for a rate increase exempt 21 from prospective review shall be subject to the penalties imposed under article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the 22 23 code.

24 (b) Rate and measure of tax. -- The tax imposed in subsec-25 tion (a) of this section shall be five and one-half percent of the gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from furnishing nursing 26 facility services in this state, other than services of intermediate 27 care facilities for the mentally retarded. This rate shall be 28 29 increased to five and ninety-five one hundredths percent of the 30 gross receipts received or receivable by providers of nursing facility services after the thirtieth day of June, two thousand 31 32 four.

## 33 (c) Definitions. --

34 (1) "Gross receipts" means the amount received or receiv35 able, whether in cash or in kind, from patients, third-party
36 payors and others for nursing facility services furnished by the

provider, including retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors, without any deduction for any expenses of any kind: *Provided*, That accrual basis providers shall be allowed to reduce gross receipts by their bad debts, to the extent the amount of such bad debts was previously included in gross receipts upon which the tax imposed by this section was paid.

44 (2) "Nursing facility services" means those services that are
45 nursing facility services for purposes of Section 1903(w) of the
46 Social Security Act.

47 (d) *Effective date.* -- The tax imposed by this section shall
48 apply to gross receipts received or receivable by providers after
49 the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred
50 ninety-three.

# §11-27-37. Contingent increase in rates of certain health care provider taxes.

(a) *Increase in rates of certain provider taxes.* -- Notwith standing any provision of this code to the contrary:

3 (1) The rate of the tax imposed by section four of this 4 article on providers of ambulatory surgical centers shall be two 5 and thirty-six hundredths percent of the gross receipts received 6 or receivable by providers on and after the first day of the 7 calendar month as provided in subsection (b) of this section;

8 (2) The rate of the tax imposed by section nine of this 9 article on providers of inpatient hospital services shall be three 10 and thirty-eight hundredths percent of the gross receipts 11 received or receivable by providers on and after the first day of 12 the calendar month as provided in subsection (b) of this section;

(3) The rate of tax imposed by section ten of this article on
 providers of intermediate care facility services shall be five and
 ninety-five hundredths percent of the gross receipts received or

16 receivable by providers on and after the first day of the calendar

17 month as provided in subsection (b) of this section; and

(4) The rate of the tax imposed by section fifteen of this
article on providers of outpatient hospital services shall be three
and thirty-eight hundredths percent of the gross receipts
received or receivable by providers on and after the first day of
the calendar month as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) Effective date. -- This section shall take effect as 23 24 provided in article six, section thirty of the constitution of this 25 *Provided*, That this section does not apply to any state: 26 taxpayer unless and until all of the following have occurred: 27 (1) The governor makes a determination that both estimated 28 general revenue fund collections and the funds available to fund 29 this state's medicaid program as set forth in the annual budget 30 bill enacted by the Legislature will both be less in the next 31 fiscal year than those funds are estimated to be in the current 32 fiscal year, with this decrease being a result of changes, or 33 anticipated changes, in the medicaid program at the federal 34 level or a result of federal administrative actions with respect to 35 this state's medicaid program; (2) the governor notifies the 36 president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Dele-37 gates of this determination; (3) the governor issues an executive order convening a panel to study and examine possible alterna-38 39 tive means of addressing and resolving the anticipated medicaid 40 program budget shortfall, which panel shall include, but may 41 not be limited to, one or more representatives of each group of 42 providers upon which the provider tax increases contemplated 43 by this section may be imposed; (4) this panel is afforded not 44 less than seventy-five days in which to conduct its study and 45 provide a report and recommendations to the governor, the 46 president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Dele-47 gates; and (5) the Legislature adopts a resolution authorizing imposition of the rate increases described in this section. If, 48 49 and only if, no other solution than the tax increase set forth 50 herein is implemented by either administrative or legislative

51 action in response to the report and recommendations of the

52 study panel to the anticipated medicaid budget shortfall, and

53 upon adoption of a resolution of the Legislature, the provisions

54 of this section shall become effective on the date specified by

55 the Legislature in the resolution.

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(H. B. 4523 — By Delegates Michael, Doyle, G. White and Foster)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §19-23-3, §19-23-9, §19-23-10, §19-23-13 and §19-23-13b of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to horse and dog racing generally; defining certain terms; allowing a yearling horse to be shipped from the state to obtain veterinary services without losing its status as an accredited thoroughbred horse; authorizing thoroughbred racetrack licensees to enter into agreements with local Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association for payment of up to two percent of purses actually paid for medical trusts for backstretch personnel and administrative fees; allowing certain racing associations or licensees qualifying for an alternate tax, when conducting more than one racing performance a day, to increase the number of races each performance may have to thirteen, before it must pay both the daily license tax and the alternative tax; requiring owners of accredited West Virginia whelped greyhounds to be both bona fide residents of West Virginia and registered for purposes of receiving funds from the greyhound breeding development fund; establishing qualifications

to be considered a bona fide resident; establishing qualifications for considerations as an accredited West Virginia whelped greyhound; providing breeding requirements for mares participating in the West Virginia futurity; and increasing the amount of restricted thoroughbred horse races in certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §19-23-3, §19-23-9, §19-23-10, §19-23-13 and §19-23-13b of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

- §19-23-3. Definitions.
- §19-23-9. Pari-mutuel system of wagering authorized; licensee authorized to deduct commissions from pari-mutuel pools; retention of breakage; auditing; minors.
- §19-23-10. Daily license tax; pari-mutuel pools tax; how taxes paid; alternate tax; credits.
- §19-23-13. Disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed parimutuel tickets; publication of notice; irredeemable tickets; stake races for dog tracks.
- §19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; nonrestricted purse supplements; preference for West Virginia accredited thoroughbreds.

PART VII. TAXATION OF HORSE AND DOG RACING AND PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING; DISPOSITION OF REVENUES.

## §19-23-3. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different 2 meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Horse racing" means any type of horse racing, includ-
- 4 ing, but not limited to, thoroughbred racing and harness racing;

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## HORSE RACING

5 (2) "Thoroughbred racing" means flat or running type horse 6 racing in which each horse participating therein is a thorough-7 bred and is mounted by a jockey;

8 (3) "Harness racing" means horse racing in which the 9 horses participating therein are harnessed to a sulky, carriage or 10 other vehicle and shall not include any form of horse racing in 11 which the horses are mounted by jockeys;

(4) "Horse race meeting" means the whole period of time
for which a license is required by the provisions of section one
of this article;

15 (5) "Dog racing" means any type of dog racing, including,16 but not limited to, greyhound racing;

17 (6) "Purse" means any purse, stake or award for which a18 horse or dog race is run;

(7) "Racing association" or "person" means any individual,
partnership, firm, association, corporation or other entity or
organization of whatever character or description;

(8) "Applicant" means any racing association making
application for a license under the provisions of this article or
any person making application for a permit under the provisions
of this article, or any person making application for a construction permit under the provisions of this article, as the case may
be;

(9) "License" means the license required by the provisionsof section one of this article;

30 (10) "Permit" means the permit required by the provisions31 of section two of this article;

32 (11) "Construction permit" means the construction permit33 required by the provisions of section eighteen of this article;

34 (12) "Licensee" means any racing association holding a
35 license required by the provisions of section one of this article
36 and issued under the provisions of this article;

37 (13) "Permit holder" means any person holding a permit
38 required by the provisions of section two of this article and
39 issued under the provisions of this article;

40 (14) "Construction permit holder" means any person
41 holding a construction permit required by the provisions of
42 section eighteen of this article and issued under the provisions
43 of this article;

44 (15) "Hold or conduct" includes "assist, aid or abet in45 holding or conducting";

46 (16) "Racing commission" means the West Virginia racing47 commission;

48 (17) "Stewards" means the steward or stewards represent-49 ing the racing commission, the steward or stewards representing 50 a licensee and any other steward or stewards, whose duty it is 51 to supervise any horse or dog race meeting, all as may be 52 provided by reasonable rules and regulations of the racing 53 commission, and the reasonable rules and regulations shall 54 specify the number of stewards to be appointed, the method and 55 manner of their appointment and their powers, authority and 56 duties;

(18) "Pari-mutuel" means a mutuel or collective pool that
can be divided among those who have contributed their wagers
to one central agency, the odds to be reckoned in accordance to
the collective amounts wagered upon each contestant running
in a horse or dog race upon which the pool is made, but the total

to be divided among the first three contestants on the basis ofthe number of wagers on these;

(19) "Pari-mutuel clerk" means any employee of a licensed
racing association who is responsible for the collection of
wagers, the distribution of moneys for winning pari-mutuel
tickets, verification of the validity of pari-mutuel tickets and
accounting for pari-mutuel funds;

69 (20) "Pool" means a combination of interests in a joint70 wagering enterprise or a stake in such enterprise;

71 (21) "Legitimate breakage" is the percentage left over in the72 division of a pool;

73 (22) "To the dime" means that wagers shall be figured and74 paid to the dime;

(23) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand
 nine hundred thirty-one, as heretofore and hereinafter amended;

77 (24) "Accredited thoroughbred horse" means a thorough-78 bred horse that is: (a) Foaled in West Virginia; (b) sired by an 79 accredited West Virginia sire; or (c) as a yearling, finished 80 twelve consecutive months of verifiable residence in the state, except for thirty days grace: (A) for the horse to be shipped to 81 82 and from horse sales where the horse is officially entered in the 83 sales catalogue of a recognized thoroughbred sales company, or 84 (B) for obtaining veterinary services, documented by veterinary 85 reports;

86 (25) "Accredited West Virginia sire" is a sire that is
87 permanently domiciled in West Virginia, stands a full season in
88 West Virginia and is registered with West Virginia thorough89 bred breeders association;

90 (26) "Breeder of an accredited West Virginia horse" is the91 owner of the foal at the time it was born in West Virginia;

92 (27) "Raiser of an accredited West Virginia horse" is the 93 owner of the yearling at the time it finished twelve consecutive 94 months of verifiable residence in the state. During the period, 95 the raiser will be granted one month of grace for his or her 96 horse to be shipped to and from thoroughbred sales where the 97 horse is officially entered in the sales catalogue of a recognized 98 thoroughbred sales company. Prior to the horse being shipped 99 out of the state for sales, the raiser must notify the racing 100 commission of his or her intentions:

101 (28) The "owner of an accredited West Virginia sire" is the102 owner of record at the time the offspring is conceived;

103 (29) The "owner of an accredited West Virginia horse"
104 means the owner at the time the horse earned designated purses
105 to qualify for restricted purse supplements provided for in
106 section thirteen-b of this article; and

107 (30) "Registered Greyhound Owner" means an owner of a108 greyhound that is registered with the National Greyhound109 Association.

(31) "Fund" means the West Virginia thoroughbreddevelopment fund established in section thirteen-b of thisarticle.

(32) "Regular Purse" means both regular purses and stakespurses.

# §19-23-9. Pari-mutuel system of wagering authorized; licensee authorized to deduct commissions from parimutuel pools; retention of breakage; auditing; minors.

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## HORSE RACING

(a) The pari-mutuel system of wagering upon the results of any horse or dog race at any horse or dog race meeting conducted or held by any licensee is hereby authorized, if and only if such pari-mutuel wagering is conducted by the licensee within the confines of the licensee's horse racetrack or dog racetrack, and the provisions of section one, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code, relating to gaming shall not apply to the pari-mutuel system of wagering in manner and form as provided for in this article at any horse or dog race meeting within

this state where horse or dog racing shall be permitted for any purse by any licensee. A licensee shall permit or conduct only the pari-mutuel system of wagering within the confines of the licensee's racetrack at which any horse or dog race meeting is conducted or held.

(b) A licensee is hereby expressly authorized to deduct acommission from the pari-mutuel pools, as follows:

17 (1) The commission deducted by any licensee from the 18 pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred horse racing, except from thoroughbred horse racing pari-mutuel pools involving what is 19 known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel 20 21 ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two or 22 more winning horses, shall not exceed seventeen and one-fourth 23 percent of the total of the pari-mutuel pools for the day. Out of 24 the commission, as is mentioned in this subdivision, the licensee: (i) Shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in 25 26 subsection (b), section ten of this article; (ii) shall make a 27 deposit into a special fund to be established by the licensee and 28 to be used for the payment of regular purses offered for 29 thoroughbred racing by the licensee, which deposits out of pari-30 mutuel pools for each day during the months of January, 31 February, March, October, November and December shall be 32 seven and three hundred seventy-five one-thousandths percent of the pari-mutuel pools and which, out of pari-mutuel pools for 33 34 each day during all other months, shall be six and eight hundred

seventy-five one-thousandths percent of the pari-mutuel pools, 35 36 which shall take effect beginning fiscal year one thousand nine 37 hundred ninety; (iii) shall, after allowance for the exclusion 38 given by subsection (b), section ten of this article, make a deposit into a special fund to be established by the racing 39 40 commission and to be used for the payment of breeders, awards 41 and capital improvements as authorized by section thirteen-b of this article, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools shall from 42 43 the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thou-44 sand nine hundred eighty-five, be four-tenths percent; for fiscal 45 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be seven-tenths 46 percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, 47 be one percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be one and one-half percent; and for fiscal year 48 49 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and each year thereaf-50 ter, be two percent of the pools; and (iv) shall pay one tenth of 51 one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is 52 53 located, except if within a municipality, then to the municipal 54 general fund. The remainder of the commission shall be 55 retained by the licensee.

56 Each licensee that permits or conducts pari-mutuel wager-57 ing at the licensee's thoroughbred horse racetrack shall annually pay five hundred thousand dollars from the special fund 58 59 required by this section to be established by the licensee for the payment of regular purses offered for thoroughbred racing by 60 the licensee into a special fund established by the racing 61 62 commission for transfer to a pension plan established by the 63 racing commission for all back-stretch personnel, including, but not limited to, exercise riders, trainers, grooms and stable 64 65 forepersons licensed by the racing commission to participate in horse racing in this state and their dependents. 66

Each thoroughbred racetrack licensee is authorized to enterinto an agreement with its local Horsemen's Benevolent and

69 Protective Association under which an agreed upon percentage
70 of up to two percent of purses actually paid during the preced71 ing month may be paid to the local Horsemen's Benevolent and
72 Protective Association from the special fund required by this

respective medical trusts for backstretchpersonnel and administrative fees.

75 The commission deducted by any licensee from the parimutuel pools on thoroughbred horse racing involving what is 76 77 known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel 78 ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two 79 winning horses shall not exceed nineteen percent and by a 80 combination of three or more winning horses shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for 81 the day. Out of the commission, as is mentioned in this para-82 83 graph, the licensee: (i) Shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax 84 provided for in subsection (b), section ten of this article; (ii) 85 shall make a deposit into a special fund to be established by the 86 licensee and to be used for the payment of regular purses 87 offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee, which deposits 88 out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during the months of 89 January, February, March, October, November and December 90 for pools involving a combination of two winning horses shall 91 be eight and twenty-five one-hundredths percent and out of 92 pari-mutuel pools for each day during all other months shall be 93 seven and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the parimutuel pools; and involving a combination of three or more 94 95 winning horses for the months of January, February, March, 96 October, November and December the deposits out of the fund 97 shall be eleven and twenty-five one-hundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools; and which, out of pari-mutuel pools for each 98 99 day during all other months, shall be ten and seventy-five onehundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools; (iii) shall, after 100 101 allowance for the exclusion given by subsection (b), section ten 102 of this article, make a deposit into a special fund to be estab-103 lished by the racing commission and to be used for the payment

104 of breeders' awards and capital improvements as authorized by 105 section thirteen-b of this article, which deposits out of parimutuel pools shall from the effective date of this section and for 106 107 fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be four-108 tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 109 eighty-six, be seven-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand 110 nine hundred eighty-seven, be one percent; for fiscal year one 111 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be one and one-half 112 percent; and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-113 nine, and each year thereafter, be two percent of the pools; and 114 (iv) shall pay one tenth of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools 115 into the general fund of the county commission of the county in 116 which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, 117 then to the municipal general fund. The remainder of the 118 commission shall be retained by the licensee.

119 The commission deducted by the licensee under this 120 subdivision may be reduced only by mutual agreement between 121 the licensee and a majority of the trainers and horse owners 122 licensed by subsection (a), section two of this article or their 123 designated representative. The reduction in licensee commis-124 sions may be for a particular race, racing day or days or for a 125 horse race meeting. Fifty percent of the reduction shall be 126 retained by the licensee from the amounts required to be paid 127 into the special fund established by the licensee under the provisions of this subdivision. The racing commission shall 128 129 promulgate any reasonable rules that are necessary to imple-130 ment the foregoing provisions.

(2) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on harness racing shall not exceed seventeen and one-half percent of the total of the pari-mutuel pools for the day. Out of the commission the licensee shall pay the parimutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (c), section ten of this article and shall pay one tenth of one percent into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which

138 the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to 139 the municipal general fund. The remainder of the commission

140 shall be retained by the licensee.

141 (3) The commission deducted by any licensee from the 142 pari-mutuel pools on dog racing, except from dog racing pari-143 mutuel pools involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined 144 145 by a combination of two or more winning dogs, shall not 146 exceed sixteen and thirty one-hundredths percent of the total of 147 all pari-mutuel pools for the day. The commission deducted by 148 any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing involv-149 ing what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination 150 151 of two winning dogs shall not exceed nineteen percent, by a 152 combination of three winning dogs shall not exceed twenty 153 percent, and by a combination of four or more winning dogs 154 shall not exceed twenty-one percent of the total of such pari-155 mutuel pools for the day. The foregoing commissions are in 156 effect for the fiscal years one thousand nine hundred ninety and 157 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Thereafter, the commis-158 sion shall be at the percentages in effect prior to the effective date of this article unless the Legislature, after review, deter-159 160 mines otherwise. Out of the commissions, the licensee shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (d), section 161 162 ten of this article and one tenth of one percent of such parimutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of 163 164 the county in which the racetrack is located. In addition, out of 165 the commissions, if the racetrack is located within a municipal-166 ity, then the licensee shall also pay three tenths of one percent 167 of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the municipal-168 ity; or, if the racetrack is located outside of a municipality, then 169 the licensee shall also pay three tenths of one percent of the 170 pari-mutuel pools into the state road fund for use by the 171 division of highways in accordance with the provisions of this

subdivision. The remainder of the commission shall be retainedby the licensee.

For the purposes of this section, "municipality" means and includes any Class I, Class II and Class III city and any Class IV town or village incorporated as a municipal corporation under the laws of this state prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

179 Each dog racing licensee, when required by the provisions 180 of this subdivision to pay a percentage of its commissions to the 181 state road fund for use by the division of highways, shall 182 transmit the required funds, in such manner and at such times 183 as the racing commission shall by procedural rule direct, to the 184 state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of 185 the division of highways state road fund. All funds collected 186 and received in the state road fund pursuant to the provisions of 187 this subdivision shall be used by the division of highways in accordance with the provisions of article seventeen-a, chapter 188 189 seventeen of this code for the acquisition of right-of-way for, 190 the construction of, the reconstruction of and the improvement 191 or repair of any interstate or other highway, secondary road, 192 bridge and toll road in the state. If on the first day of July, one 193 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, any area encompassing a 194 dog racetrack has incorporated as a Class I, Class II or Class III city or as a Class IV town or village, whereas such city, town or 195 196 village was not incorporated as such on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, then on and after the 197 198 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, any 199 balances in the state road fund existing as a result of payments 200 made under the provisions of this subdivision may be used by 201 the state road fund for any purpose for which other moneys in 202 the fund may lawfully be used, and in lieu of further payments 203 to the state road fund, the licensee of a racetrack which is located in the municipality shall thereafter pay three tenths of 204 205 one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the

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municipality. If no incorporation occurs before the first day ofJuly, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, then payments tothe state road fund shall thereafter continue as provided for

209 under the provisions of this subdivision.

210 A dog racing licensee, before deducting the commissions 211 authorized by this subdivision, shall give written notification to the racing commission not less than thirty days prior to any 212 213 change in the percentage rates for the commissions. The racing 214 commission shall prescribe blank forms for filing the notifica-215 tion. The notification shall disclose the following: (A) The 216 revised commissions to be deducted from the pari-mutuel pools 217 each day on win, place and show betting and on different forms of multiple bettings; (B) the dates to be included in the revised 218 219 betting; (C) such other information as may be required by the 220 racing commission.

221 The licensee shall establish a special fund to be used only 222 for capital improvements or long-term debt amortization or 223 both: Provided, That any licensee, heretofore licensed for a 224 period of eight years prior to the effective date of the amend-225 ment made to this section during the regular session of the 226 Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-227 seven, shall establish the special fund to be used only for capital 228 improvements or physical plant maintenance, or both, at the licensee's licensed facility or at the licensee's commonly 229 230 owned racing facility located within this state. Deposits made 231 into the funds shall be in an amount equal to twenty-five 232 percent of the increased rate total over and above the applicable 233 rate in effect as of the first day of January, one thousand nine 234 hundred eighty-seven, of the pari-mutuel pools for the day. Any 235 amount deposited into the funds must be expended or liability 236 therefor incurred within a period of two years from the date of 237 deposit. Any funds not expended shall be transferred immedi-238 ately into the state general fund after expiration of the two-year 239 period.

The licensee shall make a deposit into a special fund established by the licensee and used for payment of regular purses offered for dog racing, which deposits out of the licensee's commissions for each day shall be three and seventyfive one-hundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools.

The licensee shall further establish a special fund to be used exclusively for marketing and promotion programs; the funds shall be in an amount equal to five percent over and above the applicable rates in effect as of the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven of the total pari-mutuel pools for the day.

251 The racing commission shall prepare and transmit annually 252 to the governor and the Legislature a report of the activities of 253 the racing commission under this subdivision. The report shall 254 include a statement of: The amount of commissions retained by 255 licensees; the amount of taxes paid to the state; the amounts 256 paid to municipalities, counties and the division of highways dog racing fund; the amounts deposited by licensees into 257 258 special funds for capital improvements or long-term debt 259 amortization and a certified statement of the financial condition 260 of any licensee depositing into the fund; the amounts paid by 261 licensees into special funds and used for regular purses offered 262 for dog racing; the amounts paid by licensees into special funds and used for marketing and promotion programs; and such 263 264 other information as the racing commission may consider 265 appropriate for review.

(c) In addition to any commission, a licensee of horse race
or dog race meetings shall also be entitled to retain the legitimate breakage, which shall be made and calculated to the dime,
and from the breakage, the licensee of a horse race meeting
(excluding dog race meetings), shall deposit daily fifty percent
of the total of the breakage retained by the licensee into the
special fund created pursuant to the provisions of subdivision

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(1), subsection (b) of this section for the payment of regularpurses.

275 (d) The director of audit, and any other auditors employed 276 by the racing commission who are also certified public accoun-277 tants or experienced public accountants, shall have free access 278 to the space or enclosure where the pari-mutuel system of wagering is conducted or calculated at any horse or dog race 279 280 meeting for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the 281 licensee is deducting and retaining only a commission as 282 provided in this section and is otherwise complying with the 283 provisions of this section. They shall also, for the same pur-284 poses only, have full and free access to all records and papers 285 pertaining to the pari-mutuel system of wagering and shall 286 report to the racing commission in writing, under oath, whether or not the licensee has deducted and retained any commission 287 288 in excess of that permitted under the provisions of this section 289 or has otherwise failed to comply with the provisions of this 290 section.

(e) No licensee shall permit or allow any individual under
the age of eighteen years to wager at any horse or dog racetrack,
knowing or having reason to believe that the individual is under
the age of eighteen years.

295 (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of subdivision 296 (1), subsection (b) of this section, to the contrary, a thorough-297 bred licensee qualifying for and paying the alternate reduced 298 tax on pari-mutuel pools provided in section ten of this article 299 shall distribute the commission authorized to be deducted by 300 subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section as follows: (i) The 301 licensee shall pay the alternate reduced tax provided in section 302 ten of this article; (ii) the licensee shall pay one tenth of one 303 percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is 304 305 located, except if within a municipality, then to the municipal

306 general fund; (iii) the licensee shall pay one half of the remain-307 der of the commission into the special fund established by the 308 licensee and to be used for the payment of regular purses 309 offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee; and (iv) the 310 licensee shall retain the amount remaining after making the 311 payments required in this subsection.

(g) Each kennel which provides or races dogs owned or leased by others shall furnish to the commission a surety bond in an amount to be determined by the commission to secure the payment to the owners or lessees of the dogs the portion of any purse owed to the owner or lessee.

# §19-23-10. Daily license tax; pari-mutuel pools tax; how taxes paid; alternate tax; credits.

(a) Any racing association conducting thoroughbred racing 1 2 at any horse racetrack in this state shall pay each day upon which horse races are run a daily license tax of two hundred 3 fifty dollars. Any racing association conducting harness racing 4 at any horse racetrack in this state shall pay each day upon 5 6 which horse races are run a daily license tax of one hundred fifty dollars. Any racing association conducting dog races shall 7 pay each day upon which dog races are run a daily license tax 8 of one hundred fifty dollars. In the event thoroughbred racing, 9 harness racing, dog racing, or any combination of the foregoing 10 are conducted on the same day at the same racetrack by the 11 12 same racing association, only one daily license tax in the amount of two hundred fifty dollars shall be paid for that day. 13 14 Any daily license tax shall not apply to any local, county or state fair, horse show or agricultural or livestock exposition at 15 which horse racing is conducted for not more than six days. 16

(b) Any racing association licensed by the racing commission to conduct thoroughbred racing and permitting and
conducting pari-mutuel wagering under the provisions of this
article shall, in addition to the daily license tax set forth in

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21 subsection (a) of this section, pay to the racing commission, 22 from the commission deducted each day by the licensee from 23 the pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred racing a tax calculated 24 on the total daily contribution of all pari-mutuel pools con-25 ducted or made at any and every thoroughbred race meeting of the licensee licensed under the provisions of this article. The 26 27 tax, on the pari-mutuel pools conducted or made each day 28 during the months of January, February, March, October, 29 November and December, shall from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-30 31 five be calculated at two and six-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be calculated at two and 32 33 three-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 34 eighty-seven, be calculated at two percent of the pool; for fiscal 35 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be calculated at 36 one and one-half percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be calculated at one percent of the pool; 37 38 for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety, seven tenths 39 of one percent, and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 40 ninety-one and each fiscal year thereafter be calculated at four tenths of one percent of the pool; and, on the pari-mutuel pools 41 42 conducted or made each day during all other months, shall from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thou-43 44 sand nine hundred eighty-five, be calculated at three and six-45 tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 46 eighty-six, be calculated at three and three-tenths percent; for 47 fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, be calcu-48 lated at three percent of the pool; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be calculated at two and one-half 49 50 percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 51 be calculated at two percent of the pool; for fiscal year one 52 thousand nine hundred ninety, be calculated at one and seven-53 tenths percent of the pool; and for fiscal year one thousand nine

hundred ninety-one and each fiscal year thereafter, be calcu-lated at one and four-tenths percent of the pool: *Provided*, That

56 out of the amount realized from the three tenths of one percent

57 decrease in the tax effective for fiscal year one thousand nine 58 hundred ninety-one and thereafter, which decrease correspondingly increases the amount of commission retained by the 59 licensee, the licensee shall annually expend or dedicate: (i) One 60 61 half of the realized amount for capital improvements in its barn 62 area at the track, subject to the racing commission's prior 63 approval of the plans for the improvements; and (ii) the 64 remaining one half of the realized amount for capital improvements as the licensee may determine appropriate at the track. 65 66 The term "capital improvement" shall be as defined by the Internal Revenue Code: Provided, however, That any racing 67 68 association operating a horse racetrack in this state having an average daily pari-mutuel pool on horse racing of two hundred 69 70 eighty thousand dollars or less per day for the race meetings of the preceding calendar year shall, in lieu of payment of the pari-71 72 mutuel pool tax, calculated as in this subsection, be permitted 73 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering at the horse racetrack on the 74 basis of a daily pari-mutuel pool tax fixed as follows: On the daily pari-mutuel pool not exceeding three hundred thousand 75 76 dollars the daily pari-mutuel pool tax shall be one thousand dollars plus the otherwise applicable percentage rate imposed 77 78 by this subsection of the daily pari-mutuel pool, if any, in 79 excess of three hundred thousand dollars: Provided further, 80 That upon the effective date of the reduction of the daily parimutuel pool tax to one thousand dollars from the former two 81 82 thousand dollars, the association or licensee shall daily deposit 83 five hundred dollars into the special fund for regular purses 84 established by subdivision (1), subsection (b), section nine of 85 this article: And provided further, That if an association or 86 licensee qualifying for the foregoing alternate tax conducts more than one racing performance, each consisting of up to 87 thirteen races in a calendar day, the association or licensee shall 88 89 pay both the daily license tax imposed in subsection (a) of this 90 section and the alternate tax in this subsection for each perfor-91 mance: And provided further, That a licensee qualifying for the
92 foregoing alternate tax is excluded from participation in the 93 fund established by section thirteen-b of this article: And 94 provided further, That this exclusion shall not apply to any 95 thoroughbred racetrack at which the licensee has participated in 96 the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund for more 97 than four consecutive years prior to the thirty-first day of 98 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

99 (c) Any racing association licensed by the racing commission to conduct harness racing and permitting and conducting 100 101 pari-mutuel wagering under the provisions of this article shall, 102 in addition to the daily license tax required under subsection (a) 103 of this section, pay to the racing commission, from the commis-104 sion deducted each day by the licensee from the pari-mutuel 105 pools on harness racing, as a tax, three percent of the first one 106 hundred thousand dollars wagered, or any part thereof; four 107 percent of the next one hundred fifty thousand dollars; and five 108 and three-fourths percent of all over that amount wagered each 109 day in all pari-mutuel pools conducted or made at any and 110 every harness race meeting of the licensee licensed under the 111 provisions of this article.

112 (d) Any racing association licensed by the racing commission to conduct dog racing and permitting and conducting pari-113 114 mutuel wagering under the provisions of this article shall, in 115 addition to the daily license tax required under subsection (a) of 116 this section, pay to the racing commission, from the commis-117 sion deducted each day by the licensee from the pari-mutuel 118 pools on dog racing, as a tax, four percent of the first fifty 119 thousand dollars or any part thereof of the pari-mutuel pools, 120 five percent of the next fifty thousand dollars of the pari-mutuel 121 pools, six percent of the next one hundred thousand dollars of 122 the pari-mutuel pools, seven percent of the next one hundred 123 fifty thousand dollars of the pari-mutuel pools, and eight 124 percent of all over three hundred fifty thousand dollars wagered 125 each day: Provided, That the licensee shall deduct daily from

126 the pari-mutuel tax an amount equal to one tenth of one percent 127 of the daily pari-mutuel pools in dog racing in fiscal year one 128 thousand nine hundred ninety; fifteen hundredths of one percent 129 in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; two tenths 130 of one percent in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-131 two; one quarter of one percent in fiscal year one thousand nine 132 hundred ninety-three; and three tenths of one percent in fiscal 133 year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four and every fiscal 134 year thereafter. The amounts deducted shall be paid to the 135 racing commission to be deposited by the racing commission in a banking institution of its choice in a special account to be 136 137 known as "West Virginia Racing Commission-Special Account-West Virginia Greyhound Breeding Development Fund". 138 139 The purpose of the fund is to promote better breeding and 140racing of greyhounds in the state through awards and purses to 141 bona fide resident registered greyhound owners of accredited West Virginia whelped greyhounds. In order to be eligible to 142 143 receive an award or purse through the fund, the registered 144 greyhound owner of the accredited West Virginia whelped 145 greyhound must be a bonafide resident of this state. To qualify 146 as a bona fide resident of West Virginia, a registered greyhound 147 owner may not claim residency in any other state. A registered 148 greyhound owner must prove bona fide residency by providing 149 to the commission personal income tax returns filed in the state 150 of West Virginia for the most recent tax year and the three 151 previous tax years, has real or personal property in this state on 152 which the owner has paid real or personal property taxes during 153 the most recent tax year and the previous three tax years and an 154 affidavit stating that the owner claims no other state of resi-155 dency. The racing commission and the West Virginia registered 156 greyhound owners and breeders association shall maintain a 157 registry for West Virginia bred greyhounds. The moneys shall 158 be expended by the racing commission for purses for stake 159 races, supplemental purse awards, administration, promotion 160 and educational programs involving West Virginia whelped

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161 dogs, owned by residents of this state under rules promulgated 162 by the racing commission. The racing commission shall pay out 163 of the greyhound breeding development fund to each of the 164 licensed dog racing tracks the sum of seventy-five thousand 165 dollars for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one 166 thousand nine hundred ninety-four. The licensee shall deposit 167 the sum into the special fund for regular purses established 168 under the provisions of section nine of this article. The funds 169 shall be expended solely for the purpose of supplementing 170 regular purses under rules promulgated by the racing commis-171 sion.

Supplemental purse awards will be distributed as follows:
Supplemental purses shall be paid directly to the registered
greyhound owner of an accredited greyhound.

The registered greyhound owner of accredited West Virginia whelped greyhounds that earn a purse at any West Virginia meet will receive a bonus award calculated at the end of each month as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the owners as purse supplements, which shall be a minimum of fifty percent of the total moneys deposited into the West Virginia greyhound breeding development fund monthly.

The total amount of the fund available for the owners' awards shall be distributed according to the ratio of purses earned by an accredited greyhound to the total amount earned in races by all accredited West Virginia whelped greyhounds for that month as a percentage of the funds dedicated to the owners' purse supplements.

188 The registered greyhound owner of an accredited West 189 Virginia whelped greyhound shall file a purse distribution form 190 with the racing commission for a percentage of his or her dog's 191 earnings to be paid directly to the registered greyhound owner 192 or owners of the greyhound. Distribution shall be made on the HORSE RACING [Ch. 133

193 fifteenth day of each month for the preceding month's achieve-194 ments.

In no event shall purses earned at a meet held at a track which did not make contributions to the West Virginia greyhound breeder's development fund out of the daily pool on the day the meet was held qualify or count toward eligibility for supplemental purse awards.

Any balance in the purse supplement funds after all
distributions have been made for the year revert to the general
account of the fund for distribution in the following year.

203 In an effort to further promote the breeding of quality West 204 Virginia whelped greyhounds, a bonus purse supplement shall 205 be established in the amount of fifty thousand dollars per 206 annum, to be paid in equal quarterly installments of twelve 207 thousand five hundred dollars per quarter using the same 208 method to calculate and distribute these funds as the regular 209 supplemental purse awards. This bonus purse supplement is for 210three years only, commencing on the first day of July, one 211 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and ending the thirtieth day 212 of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. This money 213 would come from the current existing balance in the greyhound 214 development fund.

Each pari-mutuel greyhound track shall provide stakes races for accredited West Virginia whelped greyhounds: *Provided*, That each pari-mutuel track shall have one juvenile and one open stake race annually. The racing commission shall oversee and approve racing schedules and purse amounts.

Ten percent of the deposits into the greyhound breeding development fund beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three and continuing each year thereafter, shall be withheld by the racing commission and placed in a special revenue account hereby created in the state treasury

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225 called the "administration, promotion and educational account". 226 The racing commission is authorized to expend the moneys 227 deposited in the administration, promotion and educational 228 account at such times and in such amounts as the commission 229 determines to be necessary for purposes of administering and 230 promoting the greyhound development program: Provided, That 231 beginning with fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 232 ninety-five and in each fiscal year thereafter in which the 233 commission anticipates spending any money from the account, 234 the commission shall submit to the executive department during 235 the budget preparation period prior to the Legislature convening 236 before that fiscal year for inclusion in the executive budget 237 document and budget bill, the recommended expenditures, as 238 well as requests of appropriations for the purpose of administra-239 tion, promotion and education. The commission shall make an

annual report to the Legislature on the status of the administration, promotion and education account, including the previous
year's expenditures and projected expenditures for the next
year.

The racing commission, for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four only, may expend up to thirty-five thousand dollars from the West Virginia greyhound breeding development fund to accomplish the purposes of this section without strictly following the requirements in the previous paragraph.

(e) All daily license and pari-mutuel pools tax payments
required under the provisions of this section shall be made to
the racing commission or its agent after the last race of each
day of each horse or dog race meeting, and the pari-mutuel
pools tax payments shall be made from all contributions to all
pari-mutuel pools to each and every race of the day.

(f) Every association or licensee subject to the provisionsof this article, including the changed provisions of sections nine

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and ten of this article, shall annually submit to the racing commission and the Legislature financial statements, including a balance sheet, income statement, statement of change in financial position and an audit of any electronic data system used for pari-mutuel tickets and betting, prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, as certified by an experienced public accountant or a certified public accountant.

#### §19-23-13. Disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets; publication of notice; irredeemable tickets; stake races for dog tracks.

1 (a) All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of 2 outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not claimed 3 within ninety days after the close of a horse or dog race meeting or the televised racing day, as the case may be, in connection 4 with which the tickets were issued, shall be turned over by the 5 licensee to the racing commission within fifteen days after the 6 expiration of the ninety-day period, and the licensee shall give 7 any information required by the racing commission concerning 8 9 the outstanding and unredeemed tickets. The moneys shall be deposited by the racing commission in a banking institution of 10 11 its choice in a special account to be known as "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account - Unredeemed Pari-12 Mutuel Tickets." Notice of the amount, date and place of each 13 deposit shall be given by the racing commission, in writing, to 14 the state treasurer. The racing commission shall then cause to 15 16 be published a notice to the holders of the outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, notifying them to present their 17 unredeemed tickets for payment at the principal office of the 18 racing commission within ninety days from the date of the 19 publication of the notice. The notice shall be published within 20 21 fifteen days following the receipt of the outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel ticket moneys by the commission from 22 23 the licensee as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with

the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for the publication shall be the county in which the horse or dog race meeting was held and the county in which the televised racing day wagering was conducted in this state.

29 (b) Any outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets 30 that are not presented for payment within ninety days from the 31 date of the publication of the notice are thereafter irredeemable, 32 and the moneys theretofore held for the redemption of the pari-33 mutuel tickets shall become the property of the racing commis-34 sion and shall be expended as provided in this subsection. The 35 racing commission shall maintain separate accounts for each 36 licensee and shall record in each separate account the moneys 37 turned over by the licensee and the amount expended at the 38 licensee's track for the purposes set forth in this subsection. The 39 moneys in the West Virginia racing commission special account 40 - unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets shall be expended as follows:

41 (1) To the owner of the winning horse in any horse race at 42 a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee: 43 *Provided*. That the owner of the horse is at the time of the horse 44 race a bona fide resident of this state, a sum equal to ten percent 45 of the purse won by the horse at that race: Provided, however, 46 That in the event there are more than ten races in any performance, the award to the resident owner of the winning horse 47 48 will be that fractional share of the purse with a numerator of 49 one and a denominator representing the number of races on the 50 day of the performance. The commission may require proof that 51 the owner was, at the time of the race, a bona fide resident of 52 this state. Upon proof by the owner that he or she filed a 53 personal income tax return in this state for the previous two 54 years and that he or she owned real or personal property in this 55 state and paid taxes in this state on real or personal property for 56 the previous two years, he or she shall be presumed to be a bona 57 fide resident of this state; and

58 (2) To the breeder (that is, the owner of the mare) of the 59 winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or 60 conducted by any licensee: Provided, That the mare foaled in 61 this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse won by the horse: Provided, however, That in the event there are more than 62 63 ten races in any performance, the award to the breeder will be 64 that fractional share of the purse with a numerator of one and a 65 denominator representing the number of races on the day of the 66 performance; and

67 (3) To the owner of the stallion which sired the winning 68 horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or con-69 ducted by any licensee: Provided, That the mare which foaled the winning horse was served by a stallion standing and 70 71 registered in this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse 72 won by the horse: Provided, however, That in the event there 73 are more than ten races in any performance, the award to the 74 owner of the stallion will be percentage of the purse based upon 75 the fractional share represented by the number of races on the 76 day of the performance; and

77 (4) To those horse racing licensees not participating in the 78 thoroughbred development fund authorized in section thirteen-b 79 of this article, the unexpended balance of the licensee's account 80 not expended as provided in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this 81 subsection: Provided, That all moneys distributed under this subdivision shall be expended solely for capital improvements 82 83 at the licensee's track: Provided, however, That the capital 84 improvements must be approved, in writing, by the West Virginia racing commission before funds are expended by the 85 licensee for that capital improvement; and 86

(5) When the moneys in the special account, known as the
West Virginia racing commission special account - unredeemed
pari-mutuel tickets will more than satisfy the requirements of
subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection, the West

91 Virginia racing commission shall have the authority to expend 92 the excess moneys from unredeemed horse racing pari-mutuel 93 tickets as purse money in any race conditioned exclusively for West Virginia bred or sired horses, and to expend the excess 94 moneys from unredeemed dog racing pari-mutuel tickets in 95 96 supplementing purses and establishing stake races and dog 97 racing handicaps at the dog tracks: Provided, That subject to the 98 availability of funds, the commission shall, after the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection 99 100 have been satisfied:

101 (A) Transfer annually two hundred thousand dollars to the
102 West Virginia racing commission special account - West
103 Virginia greyhound breeding development fund;

(B) Transfer annually two hundred thousand dollars into a
separate account to be used for stakes races for West Virginia
bred greyhounds at dog racetracks; and

107 (C) Transfer annually two hundred thousand dollars to a 108 trust maintained and administered by the organization which is recognized by the West Virginia racing commission, pursuant 109 110 to a legislative rule proposed for promulgation by the commis-111 sion and authorized by the Legislature, as the representative of 112 the majority of the active jockeys in West Virginia, for the 113 purpose of providing health and disability benefits to eligible 114 active or disabled West Virginia jockeys and their dependents 115 in accordance with eligibility criteria established by said 116 organization. For purposes of this section in determining health 117 benefits, an eligible active jockey is one who rides at least one 118 hundred mounts per calendar year of which fifty-one must be in the state of West Virginia: Provided, That a jockey is not 119 120 eligible for health benefits if he or she receives health benefits 121 from any other state; and

122 (D) After all payments to satisfy the requirements of (A), (B) and (C) of this proviso have been satisfied, the commission 123 124 shall have authority to transfer one hundred fifty thousand 125 dollars left from all uncashed pari-mutuel tickets to the trust 126 maintained and administered by the organization which is 127 recognized by the West Virginia racing commission, pursuant 128 to legislative rule proposed for promulgation by the commis-129 sion and authorized by the Legislature as the representative of 130 the majority of the active jockeys in West Virginia.

(c) The commission shall submit to the legislative auditor
a quarterly report and accounting of the income, expenditures
and unobligated balance in the special account created by this
section known as the West Virginia racing commission special
account - unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets.

(d) Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit one
person from qualifying for all or more than one of the aforesaid
awards or for awards under section thirteen-b of this article.

(e) The cost of publication of the notice provided for in this
section shall be paid from the funds in the hands of the state
treasurer collected from the pari-mutuel pools' tax provided for
in section ten of this article, when not otherwise provided in the
budget; but no such costs shall be paid unless an itemized
account thereof, under oath, be first filed with the state auditor.

(f) The racing commission is authorized to promulgate
emergency rules, prior to the first day of July, two thousand
four, to incorporate the revisions to this article enacted during
the two thousand four regular legislative session.

#### §19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; nonrestricted purse supplements; preference for West Virginia accredited thoroughbreds.

1 (a) The racing commission shall deposit moneys required 2 to be withheld by an association or licensee in subsection (b), section nine of this article in a banking institution of its choice 3 in a special account to be known as "West Virginia racing 4 commission special account -- West Virginia thoroughbred 5 development fund." Notice of the amount, date and place of the 6 deposit shall be given by the racing commission, in writing, to 7 8 the state treasurer. The purpose of the fund is to promote better breeding and racing of thoroughbred horses in the state through 9 awards and purses for accredited breeders/raisers, sire owners 10 and thoroughbred race horse owners. A further objective of the 11 fund is to aid in the rejuvenation and development of the 12 present horse tracks now operating in West Virginia for capital 13 14 improvements, operations or increased purses: Provided, That five percent of the deposits required to be withheld by an 15 16 association or licensee in subsection (b), section nine of this 17 article shall be placed in a special revenue account hereby 18 created in the state treasury called the "administration and 19 promotion account."

20 (b) The racing commission is authorized to expend the 21 moneys deposited in the administration and promotion account 22 at times and in amounts as the commission determines to be necessary for purposes of administering and promoting the 23 24 thoroughbred development program: Provided, That during any 25 fiscal year in which the commission anticipates spending any 26 money from the account, the commission shall submit to the 27 executive department during the budget preparation period prior to the Legislature convening before that fiscal year for inclusion 28 29 in the executive budget document and budget bill the recommended expenditures, as well as requests of appropriations for 30 31 the purpose of administration and promotion of the program. The commission shall make an annual report to the Legislature 32 33 on the status of the administration and promotion account, 34 including the previous year's expenditures and projected 35 expenditures for the next year.

36 (c) The fund and the account established in subsection (a)37 of this section shall operate on an annual basis.

38 (d) Funds in the thoroughbred development fund shall be 39 expended for awards and purses except as otherwise provided in this section. Annually, the first three hundred thousand 40 41 dollars of the fund shall be available for distribution for stakes 42 races. One of the stakes races shall be the West Virginia futurity 43 and the second shall be the Frank Gall memorial stakes. For the 44 purpose of participating in the West Virginia futurity only, all 45 mares, starting with the breeding season beginning the first day of February through the thirty-first day of July, two thousand 46 47 four, and each successive breeding season thereafter shall be 48 bred back that year to an accredited West Virginia stallion only 49 which is registered with the West Virginia thoroughbred breeders association. The remaining races may be chosen by the 50 51 committee set forth in subsection (g) of this section.

52 (e) Awards and purses shall be distributed as follows:

53 (1) The breeders/raisers of accredited thoroughbred horses 54 that earn a purse at any West Virginia meet shall receive a bonus award calculated at the end of the year as a percentage of 55 the fund dedicated to the breeders/raisers, which shall be sixty 56 57 percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year. The total amount available for the breeders'/raisers' awards 58 59 shall be distributed according to the ratio of purses earned by an 60 accredited race horse to the total amount earned in the races by 61 all accredited race horses for that year as a percentage of the 62 fund dedicated to the breeders/raisers. However, no 63 breeder/raiser may receive from the fund dedicated to breed-64 ers'/raisers' awards an amount in excess of the earnings of the 65 accredited horse at West Virginia meets. In addition, should a 66 horse's breeder and raiser qualify for the same award on the same horse, they will each be awarded one half of the proceeds. 67 68 The bonus referred to in this subdivision (1) may only be paid

on the first one hundred thousand dollars of any purse, and noton any amounts in excess of the first one hundred thousanddollars.

72 (2) The owner of a West Virginia sire of an accredited 73 thoroughbred horse that earns a purse in any race at a West 74 Virginia meet shall receive a bonus award calculated at the end 75 of the year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to sire owners, 76 which shall be fifteen percent of the fund available for distribu-77 tion in any one year. The total amount available for the sire 78 owners' awards shall be distributed according to the ratio of 79 purses earned by the progeny of accredited West Virginia 80 stallions in the races for a particular stallion to the total purses 81 earned by the progeny of all accredited West Virginia stallions 82 in the races. However, no sire owner may receive from the fund 83 dedicated to sire owners an amount in excess of thirty-five 84 percent of the accredited earnings for each sire. The bonus 85 referred to in this subdivision (2) shall only be paid on the first one hundred thousand dollars of any purse, and not on any 86 amounts in excess of the first one hundred thousand dollars. 87

88 (3) The owner of an accredited thoroughbred horse that 89 earns a purse in any race at a West Virginia meet shall receive 90 a restricted purse supplement award calculated at the end of the 91 year, which shall be twenty-five percent of the fund available 92 for distribution in any one year, based on the ratio of the 93 earnings in the races of a particular race horse to the total 94 amount earned by all accredited race horses in the races during 95 that year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to purse supple-96 ments. However, the owners may not receive from the fund 97 dedicated to purse supplements an amount in excess of thirty-98 five percent of the total accredited earnings for each accredited 99 race horse. The bonus referred to in this subdivision shall only 100 be paid on the first one hundred thousand dollars of any purse, 101 and not on any amounts in excess of the first one hundred 102 thousand dollars.

(4) In no event may purses earned at a meet held at a track
which did not make a contribution to the thoroughbred development fund out of the daily pool on the day the meet was held
qualify or count toward eligibility for an award under this
subsection.

108 (5) Any balance in the breeders/raisers, sire owners and 109 purse supplement funds after yearly distributions shall first be 110 used to fund the races established in subsection (g) of this 111 section. Any amount not so used shall revert back into the 112 general account of the thoroughbred development fund for 113 distribution in the next year.

114 Distribution shall be made on the fifteenth day of each 115 February for the preceding year's achievements.

(f) The remainder, if any, of the thoroughbred development
fund that is not available for distribution in the program
provided for in subsection (e) of this section in any one year is
reserved for regular purses, marketing expenses and for capital
improvements in the amounts and under the conditions provided in this subsection (f).

(1) Fifty percent of the remainder shall be reserved forpayments into the regular purse fund established in subsection(b), section nine of this article.

(2) Up to five hundred thousand dollars per year shall beavailable for:

127 (A) Capital improvements at the eligible licensed horse128 racing tracks in the state; and

(B) Marketing and advertising programs above and beyond
two hundred fifty thousand dollars for the eligible licensed
horse racing tracks in the state: *Provided*, That moneys shall be
expended for capital improvements or marketing and advertis-

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133 ing purposes as described in this subsection only in accordance 134 with a plan filed with and receiving the prior approval of the 135 racing commission, and on a basis of fifty percent participation 136 by the licensee and fifty percent participation by moneys from 137 the fund, in the total cost of approved projects: Provided, 138 however, That funds approved for one track may not be used at 139 another track unless the first track ceases to operate or is 140 viewed by the commission as unworthy of additional invest-141 ment due to financial or ethical reasons.

(g)(1) Each pari-mutuel thoroughbred horse track shall
provide at least one restricted race per racing day: *Provided*,
That sufficient horses and funds are available.

(2) The restricted races established in this subsection shallbe administered by a three-member committee consisting of:

147 (A) The racing secretary;

(B) A member appointed by the authorized representativeof a majority of the owners and trainers at the thoroughbredtrack; and

151 (C) A member appointed by a majority of the thoroughbred152 breeders.

(3) The purses for the restricted races established in thissubsection shall be twenty percent larger than the purses forsimilar type races at each track.

(4) Restricted races shall be funded by each racing associa-tion from:

(A) Moneys placed in the general purse fund up to amaximum of three hundred fifty thousand dollars per year.

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(B) Moneys as provided in subdivision (5), subsection (e)
of this section, which shall be placed in a special fund called the
"West Virginia accredited race fund."

(5) The racing schedules, purse amounts and types of racesare subject to the approval of the West Virginia racing commis-sion.

(h) As used in this section, "West Virginia bred-foal"means a horse that was born in the state of West Virginia.

(i) To qualify for the West Virginia accredited race fund,the breeder must qualify under one of the following:

- (1) The breeder of the West Virginia bred-foal is a WestVirginia resident;
- (2) The breeder of the West Virginia bred-foal is not a WestVirginia resident, but keeps his or her breeding stock in West

174 Virginia year round; or

(3) The breeder of the West Virginia bred-foal is not a West
Virginia resident and does not qualify under subdivision (2) of
this subsection, but either the sire of the West Virginia bredfoal is a West Virginia stallion, or the mare is covered by a
West Virginia stallion following the birth of that West Virginia
bred-foal.

181 (j) No association or licensee qualifying for the alternate 182 tax provision of subsection (b), section ten of this article is 183 eligible for participation in any of the provisions of this section: 184 *Provided*, That the provisions of this subsection do not apply to 185 a thoroughbred race track at which the licensee has participated 186 in the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund for a period of more than four consecutive calendar years prior to the 187 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 188 189 ninety-two.

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(k) From the first day of July, two thousand one, West Virginia accredited thoroughbred horses have preference for entry in all accredited races at a thoroughbred race track at which the licensee has participated in the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund for a period of more than four consecutive calendar years prior to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.



### CHAPTER 134

(H. B. 4468 — By Delegates Manuel, Doyle and Tabb)

[Passed March 12, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §16-15-7 and §16-15-18 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to allowing housing development authorities to pay for persons of eligible income the costs of preparation of any title instrument, deed of trust, note or security instrument, the costs of recording any title instrument, deed of trust, note or security instrument and the amount of impact fees imposed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-15-7 and §16-15-18 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 15. STATE HOUSING LAW.**

- §16-15-7. Authority a body corporate and politic; powers; investigations or examinations.
- §16-15-18. Duties of authority and limitation of powers.

#### HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY [Ch. 134

#### §16-15-7. Authority a body corporate and politic; powers; investigations or examinations.

(a) An authority is a body both corporate and politic,
 exercising public powers, and having all the powers necessary
 or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and
 provisions of this article, including the following powers in
 addition to others granted:

6 (1) To investigate living and housing conditions in the 7 authority's area of operation and the means and methods of 8 improving the conditions;

9 (2) To determine whether unsanitary or substandard 10 housing conditions exist;

11 (3) To study and make recommendations concerning the 12 city or county plan in relation to the problems of clearing, 13 replanning, redevelopment and reconstruction of areas in which 14 unsanitary or substandard conditions exist, and the providing of 15 housing accommodations for persons of low and moderate income, and to cooperate with any city, county or regional 16 17 planning agency, to prepare, carry out and operate develop-18 ments;

(4) To provide for the construction, reconstruction, redevelopment, improvement, alteration or repair of any development
or any part of a development;

(5) To take over by purchase, lease or otherwise anydevelopment undertaken by any government;

(6) To act as agent for the federal government in connection
with the acquisition, construction, operation or management of
a development or any part of a development;

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(7) To arrange with the city or with a government for the
furnishing, planning, replanning, opening or closing of streets,
roads, roadways, alleys or other places or facilities, or for the
acquisition by the city, county, state or federal government or
any agency, instrumentality or subdivision thereof, of property,
options or property rights or for the furnishing of property or
services in connection with a development;

(8) To sell, lease or rent any of the housing or other
accommodations of any of the lands, buildings, structures or
facilities embraced in any development, and to establish and
revise the rents or charges therefor;

(9) To enter upon any building or property in order to
conduct investigations or to make surveys or soundings; to
purchase, lease, obtain options upon, acquire by eminent
domain or otherwise, sell, exchange, transfer, assign or mortgage any property real or personal or any interest therein;

(10) To acquire any property real or personal or any interest
therein from any person, firm, corporation, or the city, county,
state or federal government or any agency, instrumentality or
subdivision thereof, by gift, grant, bequest or devise; to own,
hold, clear and improve property; in its discretion, to insure or
provide for the insurance of the property or operations of the
authority against risks as the authority considers advisable;

(11) To borrow money upon its bonds, notes, debentures or
other evidences of indebtedness, and to secure them by mortgages upon property held or to be held by it or by pledge of its
revenues, or in any other manner;

54 (12) To invest any funds held in reserves or sinking funds,
55 or any funds not required for immediate disbursement in
56 property or securities in which savings banks may legally invest
57 funds subject to their control;

- 58 (13) To sue and be sued;
- 59 (14) To have a seal, and to alter it;
- 60 (15) To have perpetual succession;

61 (16) To make and execute contracts and other instruments
62 necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers of the
63 authority;

64 (17) To form and operate nonprofit corporations and other
65 affiliates of every kind and description, which may be wholly
66 or partially owned or controlled, for carrying out the purposes
67 of this article and in connection with the exercise of any of the
68 powers of a housing authority;

(18) To participate in cooperative arrangements with 69 persons and for-profit entities whose purpose is solely that of 70 pecuniary gain, as well as with nonprofit entities and persons 71 who seek no pecuniary gain. The participation of a housing 72 authority in any arrangement with other persons or entities, 73 including for-profit persons and entities, may not cause any 74 75 activity engaged in by the authority to be characterized as proprietary nor deprive the authority of any privilege or 76 immunity otherwise existing under law; 77

(19) To participate as a general or limited partner,
coventurer, shareholder, or otherwise as a principal, an investor,
a lender, a guarantor, a contracting party, or in any other
manner, all upon terms and conditions, and with rights and
obligations, as the governing board of the housing authority
shall, from time to time, in its discretion determine to be
appropriate;

(20) To make and, from time to time, amend and repeal
bylaws and rules not inconsistent with this article to carry into
effect the powers and purposes of the authority;

88 (21) To conduct examinations and investigations and to
89 hear testimony and take proof under oath at public or private
90 hearings on any matter material for its information;

91 (22) To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of
92 witnesses or the production of documents and things, for the
93 examination of witnesses who are out of the state or unable to
94 attend before the authority, or excused from attendance;

95 (23) To pay, in whole or in part, for any person of eligible 96 income the costs of preparation of any title instrument, deed of 97 trust, note or security instrument, the costs of recording any title 98 instrument, deed of trust, note or security instrument, and any 99 impact fee levied pursuant to article twenty, chapter seven of 100 this code, with the condition that in the event the person 101 receiving a payment under this subdivision sells the property 102 attributable to the payment within five years from receiving the 103 payment, the person will repay the full amount of the payment 104 to the authority; and

105 (24) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out106 the powers given in this article.

(b) Any of the investigations or examinations provided for 107 108 in this article may be conducted by the authority or by a 109 committee appointed by it, consisting of one or more members 110 thereof, or by counsel, or by an officer or employee specifically 111 authorized by the authority to conduct it. Any member of the 112 authority, its counsel, or any person designated by it to conduct 113 an investigation or examination, shall have power to administer 114 oaths, take affidavits and issue subpoenas.

#### §16-15-18. Duties of authority and limitation of powers.

1 (a) In the operation or management of housing develop-2 ments an authority shall at all times observe the following 3 duties with respect to rentals, tenant selection and home 4 ownership:

5 (1) It may rent or lease dwellings in the developments only
6 to persons of eligible income and at rentals within the financial
7 reach of the persons;

8 (2) It may rent or lease to a tenant housing consisting of the 9 number of rooms, but no greater number, which it considers 10 necessary to provide safe and sanitary accommodations to the 11 proposed occupants, without overcrowding;

12 (3) Subject only to the limitations contained in this article or imposed by the federal government, an authority may lease 13 14 or rent any dwellings, facilities or other real or personal property owned, controlled, or possessed by the authority, or 15 with respect to which the authority has contractual rights 16 permitting the lease or rental, for terms, upon conditions and 17 lease terms and in exchange for rentals as the authority may 18 19 from time to time in its discretion determine; further, and 20 without limiting the foregoing, to establish rents in a manner 21 and in amounts as the authority considers appropriate, including, but not limited to, rents based upon family income, 22 23 (determined with adjustments and exclusions as the authority considers appropriate,) minimum rents, flat rents, graduated 24 25 rents, rent ranges, and maximum rents, (any of which may vary 26 among the authority's developments,) and to establish any other 27 standards and conditions relating to rentals that the authority 28 considers appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article;

(4) At and subsequent to an acquisition of occupied
property, a housing authority may permit existing tenants in the
property to remain in occupancy upon terms and conditions and
for periods as the authority considers appropriate, notwithstanding that the tenants do not qualify as persons of eligible income;

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34 (5) A housing authority may operate programs to increase 35 home ownership by residents of its developments and by other 36 persons of eligible income; and may acquire, rehabilitate, 37 construct, reconstruct, sell, convey, lease, option, and take all 38 other actions considered appropriate to achieve home owner-39 ship of dwellings and associated property by persons of eligible 40 income. In connection with any program to encourage owner-41 ship, a housing authority may dispose of dwellings and other 42 associated property in exchange or for fair market purchase 43 prices, and upon terms and conditions, as the authority consid-44 ers appropriate;

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(6) To develop, acquire, own, lease and operate properties
and facilities that are nonresidential in character, which are
used for office, administrative, management, maintenance,
commercial, or educational purposes, or providing services, or
carrying out any other purpose authorized under this article; to
acquire, own, lease, and operate properties and facilities that are
both residential and nonresidential in character;

52 (7) To develop, acquire, own, or lease community facilities, 53 and to provide such facilities to any public agency or to any 54 person, agency, institution, or organization, public or private, 55 for recreational, educational, health or welfare purposes for the 56 benefit and use of the housing authority or occupants of its 57 developments, or persons of eligible income, elderly or handi-58 capped persons, or any combination of the foregoing; to operate 59 or manage community facilities, itself, or as agent or any public 60 agency, or any person, institution, or organization, public or 61 private; and to receive compensation therefor, if any, as the 62 parties may agree; community facilities may be utilized by 63 private persons or organizations with or without charge, upon 64 a determination by the authority that the utilization would be 65 advisable to promote the public purposes of this article;

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66 (8) To carry out plans, programs, contracts and agreements 67 of every kind and description and to provide grants, loans, guarantees and other financial assistance to public or private 68 69 persons or entities, whether nonprofit or for-profit, in order to 70 rehabilitate, maintain, procure, and preserve existing affordable 71 housing stocks in safe, decent and sanitary condition and to 72 ensure that they remain affordable to persons of eligible 73 income; and

74 (9) To pay, in whole or in part, for any person of eligible 75 income the costs of preparation of any title instrument, deed of 76 trust, note or security instrument, the costs of recording any title 77 instrument, deed of trust, note or security instrument, and any 78 impact fee levied pursuant to article twenty, chapter seven of 79 this code, with the condition that in the event the person 80 receiving a payment under this subdivision sells the property 81 attributable to the payment within five years from receiving the 82 payment, the person will repay the full amount of the payment 83 to the housing authority.

84 (b) A housing authority shall conduct its affairs in accor-85 dance with sound financial and business practices, taking into 86 account the nature of its activities and intended purpose. 87 Therefore, a housing authority shall establish and charge rents 88 no higher than it determines to be necessary to produce revenue 89 which, together with all other available money, revenue, 90 income and receipts of the authority from whatever source 91 derived, will be sufficient:

92 (1) To pay when due all indebtedness of the authority;

93 (2) To pay all administrative and other costs of operating94 the authority's developments and programs of assistance;

95 (3) To pay the administrative and other costs of the
96 maintenance, rehabilitation, renovation, repair, and replacement
97 of the authority's developments and other property;

98 (4) To otherwise carry out its purposes under this article,
99 including acquiring or creating additional housing develop100 ments and acquiring or improving property for other purposes
101 authorized under this article, including community facilities,
102 commercial facilities, and all other facilities and developments
103 authorized under this article;

104 (5) To pay the costs of insurance, including the costs of
105 claims, liabilities, losses and other expenses incurred in
106 connection with any self-insurance program;

107 (6) To provide funds for all required payments in lieu of108 taxes;

(7) To make all payments required under and otherwise
fully perform the authority's obligations under any contract,
agreement, or arrangement entered into by the authority,
including without limitation, those required in connection with
any partnership or joint venture entered into by the authority;

(8) To perform the terms of any commitment or guaranteeissued or given by the authority;

116 (9) To provide a reasonable return on the value of the 117 property so as to enable the housing authority to continue to 118 fulfill its duties, including, but not limited to, the acquisition of 119 additional housing developments, land acquisition, acquisition or construction of buildings, equipment, facilities or other real 120 or personal property for public purposes, including parks or 121 122 other recreational, educational, welfare or community facilities 123 within its area of operation;

(10) To accommodate economic factors which affect the
financial stability and solvency of the authority's developments
and programs;

127 (11) To pay the cost of actions occasioned by natural128 disasters and other emergencies; and

(12) (12) To create and maintain operating and capital reserves that are reasonable and adequate to ensure the authority's ability to make all payments referred to herein and any other matter with respect to which the authority, in its discretion reasonably exercised, determines that the creation and maintenance of a reserve is appropriate.

135 Nothing in this section limits the amount which a housing 136 authority may charge for nondwelling facilities or for dwelling 137 facilities that are not rented to persons of eligible income: 138 Provided, That the authority's actions do not conflict with the 139 purposes of this article: Provided, however, That a housing 140 authority may allow police officers and maintenance and management employees, not otherwise eligible for residence, to 141 142 reside in its developments.



## CHAPTER 135

(H. B.4068 — By Delegates Stemple, Beach, Coleman, Swartzmiller, Williams, Yeager and Anderson)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §20-2-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to allowing hunting of coyotes by use of amber colored artificial light with certain restrictions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1114

That §20-2-5 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.**

## §20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing and other unlawful acts.

1 Except as authorized by the director, it is unlawful at any 2 time for any person to:

3 (1) Shoot at or to shoot any wild bird or animal unless it is4 plainly visible to him or her;

5 (2) Dig out, cut out or smoke out, or in any manner take or 6 attempt to take, any live wild animal or wild bird out of its den 7 or place of refuge except as may be authorized by rules 8 promulgated by the director or by law;

9 (3) Make use of, or take advantage of, any artificial light in 10 hunting, locating, attracting, taking, trapping or killing any wild 11 bird or wild animal, or to attempt to do so, while having in his 12 or her possession or subject to his or her control, or for any 13 person accompanying him or her to have in his or her posses-14 sion or subject to his or her control, any firearm, whether cased 15 or uncased, bow, arrow, or both, or other implement or device 16 suitable for taking, killing or trapping a wild bird or animal: 17 *Provided*, That it is lawful to hunt or take raccoon, opossum or 18 skunk by the use of artificial light subject to the restrictions set 19 forth in this subdivision: Provided, however, That it is lawful to 20 hunt or take coyotes by the use of amber colored artificial light 21 subject to the restrictions set forth in this subdivision. No 22 person is guilty of a violation of this subdivision merely 23 because he or she looks for, looks at, attracts or makes motion-24 less a wild bird or wild animal with or by the use of an artificial 25 light, unless at the time he or she has in his or her possession a

firearm, whether cased or uncased, bow, arrow, or both, or other
implement or device suitable for taking, killing or trapping a
wild bird or wild animal, or unless the artificial light (other than
the head lamps of an automobile or other land conveyance) is
attached to, a part of, or used from within or upon an automobile or other land conveyance.

Any person violating the provisions of this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and shall be imprisoned in the county or regional jail for not less than ten days nor more than one hundred days;

(4) Hunt for, take, kill, wound or shoot at wild animals or
wild birds from an airplane, or other airborne conveyance, an
automobile, or other land conveyance, or from a motor-driven
water conveyance, except as authorized by rules promulgated
by the director;

43 (5) Take any beaver or muskrat by any means other than by44 trap;

45 (6) Catch, capture, take or kill by seine, net, bait, trap or
46 snare or like device of any kind, any wild turkey, ruffed grouse,
47 pheasant or quail;

(7) Destroy or attempt to destroy needlessly or willfully the
nest or eggs of any wild bird or have in his or her possession the
nest or eggs unless authorized to do so under rules promulgated
by or under a permit issued by the director;

(8) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an
uncased or loaded gun in any of the woods of this state except
during the open firearms hunting season for wild animals and
nonmigratory wild birds within any county of the state, unless

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#### HUNTING

he or she has in his or her possession a permit in writing issued
to him or her by the director: *Provided*, That this section shall
not prohibit hunting or taking of unprotected species of wild
animals and wild birds and migratory wild birds, during the
open season, in the open fields, open water and open marshes
of the state;

62 (9) Have in his or her possession a loaded firearm or a 63 firearm from the magazine of which all shells and cartridges 64 have not been removed, in or on any vehicle or conveyance, or 65 its attachments, within the state, except as may otherwise be 66 provided by law or regulation. Except as hereinafter provided, 67 between five o'clock postmeridian of one day and seven 68 o'clock antemeridian, eastern standard time of the day follow-69 ing, any unloaded firearm, being lawfully carried in accordance 70 with the foregoing provisions, shall be so carried only when in 71 a case or taken apart and securely wrapped. During the period 72 from the first day of July to the thirtieth day of September, 73 inclusive, of each year, the foregoing requirements relative to carrying certain unloaded firearms are permissible only from 74 75 eight-thirty o'clock postmeridian to five o'clock antemeridian, eastern standard time: Provided, That the time periods for 76 77 carrying unloaded and uncased firearms are extended for one 78 hour after the postmeridian times and one hour before the 79 antemeridian times established above if a hunter is preparing to 80 or in the process of transporting or transferring the firearms to 81 or from a hunting site, campsite, home or other place of abode;

82 (10) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue with 83 firearms or other implement by which wildlife may be taken 84 after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday on 85 private land without the written consent of the landowner any 86 wild animals or wild birds except when a big game season 87 opens on a Monday, the Sunday prior to that opening day will 88 be closed for any taking of wild animals or birds after five

89 o'clock antemeridian on that Sunday: Provided, That traps 90 previously and legally set may be tended after the hour of five 91 o'clock antemeridian on Sunday and the person so doing may 92 carry only a twenty-two caliber firearm for the purpose of 93 humanely dispatching trapped animals. Any person violating 94 the provisions of this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any fines that may 95 96 be imposed by this or other sections of this code, shall be 97 subject to a one hundred dollar fine;

- 98 (11) Hunt with firearms or long bow while under the99 influence of intoxicating liquor;
- 100 (12) Hunt, catch, take, kill, injure or pursue a wild animal101 or bird with the use of a ferret;
- 102 (13) Buy raw furs, pelts or skins of fur-bearing animals103 unless licensed to do so;

(14) Catch, take, kill or attempt to catch, take or kill any
fish at any time by any means other than by rod, line and hooks
with natural or artificial lures unless otherwise authorized by
law or rules issued by the director: *Provided*, That snaring of
any species of suckers, carp, fallfish and creek chubs shall at all
times be lawful;

(15) Employ or hire, or induce or persuade, by the use of money or other things of value, or by any means, any person to hunt, take, catch or kill any wild animal or wild bird except those species on which there is no closed season, or to fish for, catch, take or kill any fish, amphibian or aquatic life which is protected by the provisions of this chapter or rules of the director or the sale of which is prohibited;

(16) Hunt, catch, take, kill, capture, pursue, transport,
possess or use any migratory game or nongame birds included
in the terms of conventions between the United States and Great

120 Britain and between the United States and United Mexican 121 States for the protection of migratory birds and wild mammals concluded, respectively, the sixteenth day of August, one 122 123 thousand nine hundred sixteen, and the seventh day of Febru-124 ary, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six, except during the time and in the manner and numbers prescribed by the Federal 125 Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16 U.S.C. §703, et seq., and 126 127 regulations made thereunder;

128 (17) Kill, take, catch or have in his or her possession, living 129 or dead, any wild bird, other than a game bird; or expose for 130 sale or transport within or without the state any bird except as 131 aforesaid. No part of the plumage, skin or body of any protected 132 bird shall be sold or had in possession for sale except mounted 133 or stuffed plumage, skin, bodies or heads of the birds legally 134 taken and stuffed or mounted, irrespective of whether the bird 135 was captured within or without this state, except the English or 136 European sparrow (passer domesticus), starling (sturnus 137 vulgaris), and cowbird (molothrus ater), which may not be 138 protected and the killing thereof at any time is lawful;

(18) Use dynamite or any like explosive or poisonous
mixture placed in any waters of the state for the purpose of
killing or taking fish. Any person violating the provisions of
this subdivision is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or
imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than three
years, or both fined and imprisoned;

(19) Have a bow and gun, or have a gun and any arrow orarrows, in the fields or woods at the same time;

(20) Have a crossbow in the woods or fields or use acrossbow to hunt for, take or attempt to take any wildlife;

(21) Take or attempt to take turkey, bear, elk or deer withany arrow unless the arrow is equipped with a point having at

152 least two sharp cutting edges measuring in excess of three153 fourths of an inch wide;

154 (22) Take or attempt to take any wildlife with an arrow
155 having an explosive head or shaft, a poisoned arrow or an arrow
156 which would affect wildlife by any chemical action;

(23) Shoot an arrow across any public highway or from
aircraft, motor-driven watercraft, motor vehicle or other land
conveyance;

160 (24) Permit any dog owned by him or her or under his or 161 her control to chase, pursue or follow upon the track of any wild animal or wild bird, either day or night, between the first day of 162 May and the fifteenth day of August next following: Provided, 163 That dogs may be trained on wild animals and wild birds, 164 165 except deer and wild turkeys, and field trials may be held or 166 conducted on the grounds or lands of the owner or by his or her 167 bona fide tenant or tenants or upon the grounds or lands of another person with his or her written permission or on public 168 169 lands at any time: *Provided*, *however*, That nonresidents may not train dogs in this state at any time except during the legal 170 small game hunting season: Provided further, That the person 171 172 training said dogs does not have firearms or other implements 173 in his or her possession during the closed season on wild 174 animals and wild birds, whereby wild animals or wild birds 175 could be taken or killed;

176 (25) Conduct or participate in a field trial, shoot-to-retrieve 177 field trial, water race or wild hunt hereafter referred to as trial: 178 Provided, That any person, group of persons, club or organiza-179 tion may hold the trial at any time of the year upon obtaining a permit as is provided for in section fifty-six of this article. The 180 181 person responsible for obtaining the permit shall prepare and 182 keep an accurate record of the names and addresses of all 183 persons participating in said trial and make same readily

(26) Except as provided in section four of this article, hunt,
catch, take, kill or attempt to hunt, catch, take or kill any wild
animal, wild bird or wild fowl except during the open season
established by rule of the director as authorized by subdivision
(6), section seven, article one of this chapter;

(27) Hunting on public lands on Sunday after five o'clockantemeridian is prohibited; and

193 (28) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue with 194 firearms or other implement which wildlife can be taken, on 195 private lands on Sunday after the hour of five o'clock 196 antemeridian: Provided, That the provisions of this subdivision 197 do not apply in any county until the county commission of the 198 county holds an election on the question of whether the 199 provisions of this subdivision prohibiting hunting on Sunday 200 shall apply within the county and the voters approve the 201 allowance of hunting on Sunday in the county. The election is 202 determined by a vote of the resident voters of the county in 203 which the hunting on Sunday is proposed to be authorized. The 204 county commission of the county in which Sunday hunting is 205 proposed shall give notice to the public of the election by 206 publication of the notice as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in 207 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 208 fifty-nine of this code and the publication area for the publica-209 tion shall be the county in which the election is to be held. The 210 date of the last publication of the notice shall fall on a date 211 within the period of the fourteen consecutive days next preced-212 ing the election.

213 On the local option election ballot shall be printed the 214 following:

215 Shall hunting on Sunday be authorized in \_\_\_\_\_216 County?

217 []Yes []No

218 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)

Any local option election to approve or disapprove of the proposed authorization of Sunday hunting within a county shall be in accordance with procedures adopted by the commission. The local option election may be held in conjunction with a primary or general election, or at a special election. Approval shall be by a majority of the voters casting votes on the question of approval or disapproval of Sunday hunting at the election.

226 If a majority votes against allowing Sunday hunting, no 227 election on the issue may be held for a period of one hundred 228 four weeks. If a majority votes "yes", no election reconsidering 229 the action may be held for a period of five years. A local option 230 election may thereafter be held if a written petition of qualified 231 voters residing within the county equal to at least five percent 232 of the number of persons who were registered to vote in the 233 next preceding general election is received by the county 234 commission of the county in which Sunday hunting is autho-235 rized. The petition may be in any number of counterparts. The 236 election shall take place at the next primary or general election 237 scheduled more than ninety days following receipt by the 238 county commission of the petition required by this subsection: 239 *Provided*. That the issue may not be placed on the ballot until 240all statutory notice requirements have been met. No local law 241 or regulation providing any penalty, disability, restriction, regulation or prohibition of Sunday hunting may be enacted and 242 243 the provisions of this article preempt all regulations, rules, 244 ordinances and laws of any county or municipality in conflict with this subdivision. 245

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HUNTING



## CHAPTER 136

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4561 — By Delegates Butcher, Ferrell, Hrutkay, Stemple, Wright and Boggs)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §20-2-5f, relating to authorizing the director of the division of natural resources to allow a nonresident to seasonally train dogs for coon hunting, if the nonresident's state reciprocates for West Virginia residents; and establishing the dog training season.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §20-2-5f, to read as follows:

#### **ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.**

## §20-2-5f. Nonresident dog training for coon hunting; training season.

1 Notwithstanding subdivision (24), section five of this article or any other provision to the contrary, the director is 2 3 authorized to allow a nonresident to train dogs for coon hunting 4 in West Virginia, if the state in which the nonresident resides allows residents from West Virginia to train dogs for coon 5 6 hunting. The dog training season for a nonresident to train dogs 7 for coon hunting is from the fifteenth day of August of each year through the legal small game hunting season. 8

# CHAPTER 137

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 230 — By Senators Plymale, McCabe, Jenkins, Caldwell, Fanning, Snyder and Rowe)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §33-1-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §33-3-14 of said code, all relating to definitions of casualty insurance and federal flood insurance; establishing special funds; and transferring collections on certain insurance premium taxes to benefit office of emergency services for flood plain enhancement activities.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §33-1-10 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §33-3-14 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

1. Definitions.

3. Licensing, Fees and Taxation of Insurers.

#### **ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS.**

#### §33-1-10. Kinds of insurance defined.

- 1 The following definitions of kinds of insurance are not
- 2 mutually exclusive and, if reasonably adaptable thereto, a
- 3 particular coverage may be included under one or more of such
- 4 definitions:
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### INSURANCE

5 (a) Life insurance -- Life insurance is insurance on human 6 lives including endowment benefits, additional benefits in the 7 event of death or dismemberment by accident or accidental 8 means, additional benefits for disability and annuities.

9 (b) Accident and sickness -- Accident and sickness insurance is insurance against bodily injury, disability or death by 10 accident or accidental means, or the expense thereof, or against 11 12 disability or expense resulting from sickness and insurance 13 relating thereto. Group credit accident and health insurance 14 may also include loss of income insurance which is insurance against the failure of a debtor to pay his or her monthly obliga-15 tion due to involuntary loss of employment. For the purposes 16 17 of this definition, involuntary loss of employment means the 18 debtor loses employment income (salary or wages) as a result 19 of unemployment caused by individual or mass layoff, general 20 strikes, labor disputes, lockout or termination by employer for 21 other than willful or criminal misconduct. Any or all of the above-mentioned perils may be included in an insurance policy, 22 23 at the discretion of the policyholder.

(c) Fire -- Fire insurance is insurance on real or personal
property of every kind and interest therein, against loss or
damage from any or all hazard or cause, and against loss
consequential upon such loss or damage, other than
noncontractual liability for any such loss or damage. Fire
insurance shall also include miscellaneous insurance as defined
in paragraph (12), subdivision (e) of this section.

31 (d) Marine insurance is insurance:

(1) Against any and all kinds of loss or damage to vessels,
craft, aircraft, cars, automobiles and vehicles of every kind, as
well as all goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects,
disbursements, profits, moneys, bullion, precious stones,
securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers,

37 bottomry and respondentia interests and all other kinds of 38 property and interests therein, in respect to, appertaining to or in connection with any and all risks or perils of navigation, 39 transit or transportation, including war risks, on or under any 40 41 seas or other waters, on land (above or below ground), or in the air, or while being assembled, packed, crated, baled, com-42 pressed or similarly prepared for shipment or while awaiting the 43 44 same or during any delays, storage, transshipment, or reshipment incident thereto, including marine builders' risks 45 46 and all personal property floater risks;

47 (2) Against any and all kinds of loss or damage to person or 48 to property in connection with or appertaining to a marine, inland marine, transit or transportation insurance, including 49 liability for loss of or damage to either, arising out of or in 50 connection with the construction, repair, operation, mainte-51 nance or use of the subject matter of such insurance (but not 52 including life insurance or surety bonds nor insurance against 53 54 loss by reason of bodily injury to the person arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of automobiles); 55

(3) Against any and all kinds of loss or damage to precious
stones, jewels, jewelry, gold, silver and other precious metals,
whether used in business or trade or otherwise and whether the
same be in course of transportation or otherwise;

60 (4) Against any and all kinds of loss or damage to bridges, 61 tunnels and other instrumentalities of transportation and 62 communication (excluding buildings, their furniture and 63 furnishings, fixed contents and supplies held in storage) unless 64 fire, windstorm, sprinkler leakage, hail, explosion, earthquake, 65 riot or civil commotion or any or all of them are the only 66 hazards to be covered;

67 (5) Against any and all kinds of loss or damage to piers,68 wharves, docks and ships, excluding the risks of fire, wind-

storm, sprinkler leakage, hail, explosion, earthquake, riot andcivil commotion and each of them;

(6) Against any and all kinds of loss or damage to other aids
to navigation and transportation, including dry docks and
marine railways, dams and appurtenant facilities for control of
waterways; and

75 (7) Marine protection and indemnity insurance, which is insurance against, or against legal liability of the insured for, 76 77 loss, damage or expense arising out of, or incident to, the 78 ownership, operation, chartering, maintenance, use, repair or construction of any vessel, craft or instrumentality in use in 79 80 ocean or inland waterways, including liability of the insured for 81 personal injury, illness or death or for loss of or damage to the property of another person. 82

83 (e) Casualty -- Casualty insurance includes:

84 (1) Vehicle insurance, which is insurance against loss of or 85 damage to any land vehicle or aircraft or any draft or riding animal or to property while contained therein or thereon or 86 being loaded therein or therefrom, from any hazard or cause, 87 88 and against any loss, liability or expense resulting from or 89 incident to ownership, maintenance or use of any such vehicle, aircraft or animal; together with insurance against accidental 90 91 death or accidental injury to individuals, including the named insured, while in, entering, alighting from, adjusting, repairing 92 93 or cranking, or caused by being struck by any vehicle, aircraft or draft or riding animal, if such insurance is issued as a part of 94 95 insurance on the vehicle, aircraft or draft or riding animal;

96 (2) Liability insurance, which is insurance against legal
97 liability for the death, injury or disability of any human being,
98 or for damage to property; and provisions for medical, hospital,
99 surgical, disability benefits to injured persons and funeral and
100 death benefits to dependents, beneficiaries or personal represen-

101 tatives of persons killed, irrespective of legal liability of the 102 insured, when issued as an incidental coverage with or supple-

103 mental to liability insurance;

104 (3) Burglary and theft insurance, which is insurance against loss or damage by burglary, theft, larceny, robbery, forgery, 105 106 fraud, vandalism, malicious mischief, confiscation, or wrongful conversion, disposal or concealment, or from any attempt at any 107 of the foregoing, including supplemental coverages for medical, 108 hospital, surgical and funeral benefits sustained by the named 109 110 insured or other person as a result of bodily injury during the commission of a burglary, robbery or theft by another; also 111 insurance against loss of or damage to moneys, coins, bullion, 112 securities, notes, drafts, acceptances or any other valuable 113 papers and documents resulting from any cause; 114

(4) Personal property floater insurance, which is insuranceupon personal effects against loss or damage from any cause;

(5) Glass insurance, which is insurance against loss ordamage to glass, including its lettering, ornamentation andfittings;

(6) Boiler and machinery insurance, which is insurance
against any liability and loss or damage to property or interest
resulting from accidents to or explosion of boilers, pipes,
pressure containers, machinery or apparatus and to make
inspection of and issue certificates of inspection upon boilers,
machinery and apparatus of any kind, whether or not insured;

(7) Leakage and fire extinguishing equipment insurance,
which is insurance against loss or damage to any property or
interest caused by the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, hoses,
pumps and other fire extinguishing equipment or apparatus,
water mains, pipes and containers, or by water entering through
leaks or openings in buildings, and insurance against loss or

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#### INSURANCE

132 damage to such sprinklers, hoses, pumps and other fire extin-133 guishing equipment or apparatus;

134 (8) Credit insurance, which is insurance against loss or 135 damage resulting from failure of debtors to pay their obligations 136 to the insured. Credit insurance shall include loss of income 137 insurance which is insurance against the failure of a debtor to 138 pay his or her monthly obligation due to involuntary loss of 139 employment. For the purpose of this definition, involuntary 140 loss of employment means the debtor loses employment income 141 (salary or wages) as a result of unemployment caused by 142 individual or mass layoff, general strikes, labor disputes, lockout or termination by employer for other than willful or 143 144 criminal misconduct; any or all of the above-mentioned perils 145 may be included in an insurance policy, at the discretion of the 146 policyholder;

147 (9) Malpractice insurance, which is insurance against legal 148 liability of the insured and against loss, damage or expense 149 incidental to a claim of such liability, and including medical, 150 hospital, surgical and funeral benefits to injured persons, 151 irrespective of legal liability of the insured arising out of the 152 death, injury or disablement of any person, or arising out of 153 damage to the economic interest of any person, as the result of negligence in rendering expert, fiduciary or professional 154 155 service;

(10) Entertainment insurance, which is insurance indemnifying the producer of any motion picture, television, radio,
theatrical, sport, spectacle, entertainment or similar production,
event or exhibition against loss from interruption, postponement or cancellation thereof due to death, accidental injury or
sickness of performers, participants, directors or other principals;

163 (11) Mine subsidence insurance as provided for in article164 thirty of this chapter;

165 (12) Miscellaneous insurance, which is insurance against 166 any other kind of loss, damage or liability properly a subject of 167 insurance and not within any other kind of insurance as defined 168 in this chapter, if such insurance is not disapproved by the 169 commissioner as being contrary to law or public policy; and

170 (13) Federal flood insurance, which is insurance provided 171 by the federal insurance administration or by private insurers 172 through the write your own program within the national flood insurance program, instituted by the federal insurance adminis-173 174 tration pursuant to the provision of 42 U. S. C. §4071, on real 175 or personal property of every kind and interest therein, against 176 loss or damage from flood or mudslide and against loss consequential to such loss or damage, other than noncontractual 177 178 liability for any loss or damage.

179 (f) Surety -- Surety insurance includes:

180 (1) Fidelity insurance, which is insurance guaranteeing the181 fidelity of persons holding positions of public or private trust;

(2) Insurance guaranteeing the performance of contracts,
other than insurance policies, and guaranteeing and executing
bonds, undertakings and contracts of suretyship: Provided, That
surety insurance does not include the guaranteeing and executing of bonds by professional bondsmen in criminal cases or by
individuals not in the business of becoming a surety for
compensation upon bonds;

(3) Insurance indemnifying banks, bankers, brokers,
financial or moneyed corporations or associations against loss,
resulting from any cause, of bills of exchange, notes, bonds,
securities, evidences of debt, deeds, mortgages, warehouse
receipts or other valuable papers, documents, money, precious

194 metals and articles made therefrom, jewelry, watches, necklaces, bracelets, gems, precious and semiprecious stones, 195 196 including any loss while they are being transported in armored 197 motor vehicles or by messenger, but not including any other risks of transportation or navigation, and also insurance against 198 199 loss or damage to such an insured's premises or to his furnish-200 ings, fixtures, equipment, safes and vaults therein, caused by burglary, robbery, theft, vandalism or malicious mischief, or 201 202 any attempt to commit such crimes; and

(4) Title insurance, which is insurance of owners of
property or others having an interest therein, or liens or
encumbrances thereon, against loss by encumbrance, defective
title, invalidity or adverse claim to title.

#### **ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.**

## §33-3-14. Annual financial statement and premium tax return; remittance by insurer of premium tax, less certain deductions; special revenue fund created.

1 (a) Every insurer transacting insurance in West Virginia shall file with the commissioner, on or before the first day of 2 3 March, each year, a financial statement made under oath of its president or secretary and on a form prescribed by the commis-4 5 sioner. The insurer shall also, on or before the first day of 6 March of each year subject to the provisions of section fourteen-c of this article, under the oath of its president or secretary, 7 8 make a premium tax return for the previous calendar year on a 9 form prescribed by the commissioner showing the gross amount of direct premiums, whether designated as a premium or by 10 11 some other name, collected and received by it during the previous calendar year on policies covering risks resident, 12 13 located or to be performed in this state and compute the amount 14 of premium tax chargeable to it in accordance with the provi-15 sions of this article, deducting the amount of quarterly payments as required to be made pursuant to the provisions of 16

17 section fourteen-c of this article, if any, less any adjustments to the gross amount of the direct premiums made during the 18 19 calendar year, if any, and transmit with the return to the commissioner a remittance in full for the tax due. The tax is the 20 sum equal to two percent of the taxable premium and also 21 includes any additional tax due under section fourteen-a of this 22 article. All taxes, except those received on write your own 23 federal flood insurance premium taxes, received by the com-24 25 missioner shall be paid into the insurance tax fund created in subsection (b) of this section: Provided, That no later than the 26 27 thirtieth day of June of each year, one million six hundred sixty-seven thousand dollars of the portion of taxes received by 28 the commissioner from insurance policies for medical liability 29 insurance as defined in section three, article twenty-f of this 30 chapter and from any insurer on its medical malpractice line 31 32 shall be temporarily dedicated to replenishing moneys appropri-33 ated from the tobacco settlement account pursuant to subsection (c), section two, article eleven-a, chapter four of this code. 34 35 Upon determination by the commissioner that these moneys have been fully replenished to the tobacco settlement account, 36 the commissioner shall resume depositing taxes received from 37 38 medical malpractice premiums as provided in subsection (b) of this section. 39

40 (b) There is created in the state treasury a special revenue fund, administered by the treasurer, designated the "insurance 41 tax fund". This fund is not part of the general revenue fund of 42 the state. It consists of all amounts deposited in the fund 43 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, sections fifteen and 44 45 seventeen of this article, except those received on write your 46 own federal flood insurance premium taxes, any appropriations 47 to the fund, all interest earned from investment of the fund and 48 any gifts, grants or contributions received by the fund.

49 (c) After the transfers authorized in this section, the 50 treasurer shall, no later than the last business day of each

54 (d) There is created in the state treasury a special revenue 55 fund, administered by the treasurer, designated the "flood 56 insurance tax fund". This fund is not part of the general 57 revenue fund of the state. All taxes collected pursuant to 58 subsection (a) of this section from federal flood insurance 59 policy premium taxes shall be deposited into the flood insur-60 ance tax fund. The flood insurance tax fund shall contain 61 collections, any appropriations to the fund and any gifts, grants 62 and contributions received.

(e) The treasurer is restricted to, and shall distribute from,
the flood insurance tax fund for activities which promote and
enhance flood plain management issues and for subgrants to
local units of government and other eligible entities after full
consideration of the recommendations of the office of emergency services.



## CHAPTER 138

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4004 — By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegate Trump) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated §33-2-15b and §33-2-15c; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-2-20; to amend and reenact §33-6A-4 of said

code; to amend said code by adding thereto three new sections, designated §33-6A-4a, §33-6A-4b and §33-6A-4c; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-22-2a; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-23-2a; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-24-4b; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25A-24b; to amend and reenact §33-41-1, §33-41-2 and §33-41-3 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto nine new sections, designated \$33-41-4, \$33-41-5, \$33-41-6, \$33-41-7, \$33-41-8, \$33-41-9, §33-41-10, §33-41-11 and §33-41-12, all relating to insurance generally; requiring the insurance commissioner to submit a report to the Legislature on the impact of third party causes of actions on rates and availability and to make recommendations; authorizing the commissioner to request information from insurers; providing that certain information provided by insurers is not subject to disclosure; requiring the insurance commissioner to submit a report to the Legislature on the office of the consumer advocate; requiring the commissioner to make recommendations regarding the office of the consumer advocate; permitting additional reasons for nonrenewal of automobile liability or physical damage policies; requiring the submission of withdrawal plans in certain instances; providing that a certain percentage of existing policies or any policies issued or renewed after the effective date of the bill may be nonrenewed by an insurer for any reason with proper notice to the insured; providing that a certain percentage of policies may be nonrenewed for underwriting reasons; allowing insurers to elect a method of nonrenewal; requiring renewal in certain instances when there are restrictive endorsements; authorizing the commissioner of insurance to act regarding withdrawal of insurers from the state; authorizing the commissioner to allow certain insurers to withdraw from the state; requiring insurers and the insurance commissioner to submit information regarding the impact of legislation on rates

and availability; prevention and investigation of insurance fraud generally; subjecting farmers' mutual insurance companies, fraternal benefit societies, certain hospital, medical, dental and health services corporations, health care corporations, and health maintenance organizations to insurance fraud provisions; creating the West Virginia insurance fraud prevention act; legislative intent; defining terms; requiring fraud warning on forms; use of special assistant prosecutor; establishing an insurance fraud unit within agency of insurance commissioner; authorizing promulgation of rules; establishing powers and duties of the unit; establishing investigative powers and procedures; providing confidentiality of fraud unit records; immunity for providing information provided to law enforcement regarding fraud; exceptions; creating offense of insurance fraud; establishing penalties and fines; authorizing prosecution for insurance fraud; authorizing fraud unit attorneys to act as special prosecutors at request of county prosecutors; specifying duties of insurers; creating misdemeanor and felony offenses for the commission of fraudulent acts; creating civil penalties; granting authority to commissioner to administratively sanction regulated persons and insureds for violations of the article; and exceptions and immunities.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated § 33-2-15b and § 33-2-15c; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-2-20; that §33-6A-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated §33-6A-4a, §33-6A-4b and §33-6A-4c; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-22-2a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-23-2a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-24-4b; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-25-6a; that said code be

that §33-41-1, §33-41-2 and §33-41-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto nine new sections, designated §33-41-4, §33-41-5, §33-41-6, §33-41-7, §33-41-8, §33-41-9, §33-41-10, §33-41-11 and §33-41-12, all to read as follows:

## CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

#### Article

- 2. Insurance Commissioner.
- 6A. Cancellation or Nonrenewal of Automobile Liability Policies.
- 22. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 41. Insurance Fraud Prevention Act.

#### **ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.**

- §33-2-15b. Reports to the Legislature.
- §33-2-15c. Reports to the Legislature.
- §33-2-20. Authority of commission to allow withdrawal of insurance carriers from doing business in the state.

## §33-2-15b. Reports to the Legislature.

- 1 (a) By the first of February, two thousand five, the commis-
- 2 sioner shall submit to the Legislature a report on third party
- 3 causes of action;
- 4 (b) The report shall contain the following information:

5 (1) The legal history of the creation of a third party causes
6 of action brought pursuant to Unfair Trade Practices Act as
7 codified in article eleven of this chapter;

8 (2) An analysis of the impact of third party causes of action
9 upon insurance rates and the availability of insurance in this
10 state;

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(3) A summary of the types of data which the commissioner
utilized in preparing the analysis: *Provided*, That the commissioner will not disclose information which is otherwise confidential: *Provided*, *however*, That if the commissioner is unable
to obtain data which he or she considers necessary to preparing
a full analysis, the commissioner shall state in the report:

17 (A) The reasons that he or she was not able to obtain the18 data;

(B) Recommendations or proposed legislation for facilitating the collection of necessary data and protecting proprietary
information;

(4) Information on what other states have this cause ofaction;

(5) Based upon the findings of the commissioner, and if the
findings so suggest, proposed legislation to address any reforms
needed for third party claims under the Unfair Trade Practices
Act;

28 (c) For purpose of preparing the report, the commissioner 29 may request from companies authorized to conduct business in 30 this state any information that he or she believes is necessary to determine the economic effect of third-party lawsuits on 31 32 insurance premiums. The companies shall not be required to 33 provide the information. Any information which the company 34 agrees to provide, shall be considered confidential by law and 35 privileged, is exempt from disclosure pursuant to chapter 36 twenty-nine-b of this code, is not open to public inspection, is not subject to subpoena, and is not subject to discovery or 37 admissible in evidence in any criminal, private civil or adminis-38 trative action and is not subject to production pursuant to court 39 40 order. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section, 41 while the commissioner is to provide his or her general conclu-42 sions based upon the review of the data, the commissioner is 43 not to disclose the information in a manner so as to violate the44 confidentiality provisions of this section.

#### §33-2-15c. Reports to the Legislature.

(a) By the first of February, two thousand five, the commis sioner shall submit to the Legislature a report relating to the
 office of the consumer advocate.

4 (b) The report shall contain the following information:

5 (1) An overview of the function of the office of the con-6 sumer advocacy and how the office addresses consumer 7 complaints;

8 (2) The number of staff in the office of the consumer9 advocate and the structure of the existing office;

(3) Statistics reflecting the number of consumer complaints
and types handled by the office from the first of January two
thousand one until the first of January two thousand four;

13 (4) The number of states which have consumer advocates
14 and the lines of insurance for which the advocates are autho15 rized to act on behalf of consumers;

(5) The recommendation of the commissioner in regard to
whether this state would benefit by having the role of the
consumer advocate expanded to other lines of insurance;

(6) Based upon the findings and recommendations, of the
commissioner, and if the findings so suggest, proposed legislation for expanding the office of the consumer advocate to other
lines of insurance

22 lines of insurance.

## §33-2-20. Authority of commission to allow withdrawal of insurance carriers from doing business in the state.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the code to the 2 contrary, the commissioner may, consistent with the provisions 3 of this section, authorize an insurer to withdraw from the line 4 of automobile liability insurance for personal, private passenger 5 automobiles covered by article six-a of this chapter or from 6 doing business entirely in this state if:

7 (1) The insurer has submitted and received approval from8 the commissioner of a withdrawal plan; and

9 (2) The insurer demonstrates to the satisfaction of the 10 commissioner that allowing the insurer to withdraw would be 11 in the best interest of the insurer, its policyholders and the 12 citizens of this state.

(b) Any insurer that elects to nonrenew or cancel the
particular type or line of insurance coverage provided for by
section five, article seventeen-a of this chapter shall submit to
the insurance commissioner a withdrawal plan for informational
purposes only prior to cancellation or nonrenewal of all its
business in this state.

(c) The commissioner shall promulgate rules pursuant tochapter twenty-nine-a of this code setting forth the criteria forwithdrawal plans.

#### ARTICLE 6A. CANCELLATION OR NONRENEWAL OF AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY POLICIES.

- §33-6A-4. Advance notice of nonrenewal required; assigned risk policies; reasons for nonrenewal; hearing and review after nonrenewal.
- §33-6A-4a. Alternative method for nonrenewal for automobile liability and physical damage insurance.
- §33-6A-4b. Manner of making election relating to nonrenewals.
- §33-6A-4c. Report to the Legislature.

## §33-6A-4. Advance notice of nonrenewal required; assigned risk policies; reasons for nonrenewal; hearing and review after nonrenewal.

(a) No insurer shall fail to renew an outstanding automobile 1 2 liability or physical damage insurance policy unless the 3 nonrenewal is preceded by at least forty-five days advance 4 notice to the named insured of the insurer's election not to 5 renew the policy: Provided, That subject to this section, nothing 6 contained in this article shall be construed to prevent an insurer from refusing to issue an automobile liability or physical 7 8 damage insurance policy upon application to the insurer, nor 9 shall any provision of this article be construed to prevent an 10 insurer from refusing to renew a policy upon expiration, except 11 as to the notice requirements of this section, and except further 12 as to those applicants lawfully submitted pursuant to the West Virginia assigned risk plan. 13

(b) An insurer may not fail to renew an outstanding
automobile liability or physical damage insurance policy which
has been in existence for two consecutive years or longer except
for the following reasons:

(1) The named insured fails to make payments of premiumfor the policy or any installment of the premium when due;

20 (2) The policy is obtained through material misrepresenta-21 tion;

(3) The insured violates any of the material terms andconditions of the policy;

(4) The named insured or any other operator, either residing
in the same household or who customarily operates an automobile insured under the policy:

(A) Has had his or her operator's license suspended orrevoked during the policy period; or

(B) Is or becomes subject to a physical or mental conditionthat prevents the insured from operating a motor vehicle, and

.33	(5) The named insured or any other operator, either residing
34	in the same household or who customarily operates an automo-
35	bile insured under the policy, is convicted of or forfeits bail
36	during the policy period for any of the following reasons:
37	(A) Any felony or assault involving the use of a motor
38	vehicle;
39	(B) Negligent homicide arising out of the operation of a
40	motor vehicle;
41	(C) Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of
42	intoxicating liquor or of any narcotic drug;
43	(D) Leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident in which
44	the insured is involved without reporting it as required by law;
45	(E) Theft of a motor vehicle or the unlawful taking of a
46	motor vehicle; or
47	(F) Making false statements in an application for a motor
48	vehicle operator's license;
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49 (6) The named insured or any other operator, either residing in the same household or who customarily operates an automo-50 bile insured under the policy, is convicted of or forfeits bail 51 during the policy period for two or more moving traffic 52 53 violations committed within a period of twelve months, each of which results in three or more points being assessed on the 54 driver's record by the division of motor vehicles, whether or not 55 56 the insurer renewed the policy without knowledge of all of the 57 violations: Provided, That an insurer that makes an election 58 pursuant to section four-b of this article to issue all nonrenewal 59 notices pursuant to this section, may nonrenew an automobile

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testifying to his or her ability to operate a motor vehicle;

the individual cannot produce a certificate from a physician

60 liability or physical damage insurance policy if the named 61 insured, or any other operator, either residing in the same 62 household or who customarily operates an automobile insured under the policy is convicted of or forfeits bail during the policy 63 64 period for two or more moving traffic violations committed 65 within a period of twenty-four months, each of which occurs on 66 or after the first day of July, two thousand four and after the 67 date that the insurer makes an election pursuant to section four-68 b of this article, and results in three or more points being assessed on the driver's record by the division of motor 69 70 vehicles, whether or not the insurer renewed the policy without 71 knowledge of all of the violations. Notice of any nonrenewal 72 made pursuant to this subdivision shall be mailed to the named 73 insured either during the current policy period or during the 74 first full policy period following the date that the second moving traffic violation is recorded by the division of motor 75 76 vehicles:

77 (7) The named insured or any other operator either residing 78 in the same household or who customarily operates an automo-79 bile insured under the policy has had a second at-fault motor 80 vehicle accident within a period of twelve months, whether or 81 not the insurer renewed the policy without knowledge of all of 82 the accidents: Provided, That an insurer that makes an election 83 pursuant to section four-b of this article to issue all nonrenewal 84 notices pursuant to this section, may non-renew an automobile 85 liability or physical damage insurance policy under this 86 subsection if the named insured or any other operator either 87 residing in the same household or who customarily operates an 88 automobile insured under such policy has had two at-fault 89 motor vehicle accidents within a period of thirty-six months, 90 each of which occurs after the first day of July, two thousand 91 four and after the date that the insurer makes an election 92 pursuant to section four-b of this article, and results in a claim 93 paid by the insurer for each accident, whether or not the insurer renewed the policy without knowledge of all of the accidents. 94

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95 Notice of any nonrenewal made pursuant to this subsection
96 shall be mailed to the named insured either during the current
97 policy period or during the first full policy period following the
98 date of the second accident; or

(8) The insurer ceases writing automobile liability or
physical damage insurance policies throughout the state after
submission to and approval by the commissioner of a withdrawal plan or discontinues operations within the state pursuant
to a withdrawal plan approved by the commissioner.

104 (c) An insurer that makes an election pursuant to section 105 four-b of this article to issue all nonrenewal notices pursuant to 106 this section shall not fail to renew an automobile liability or 107 physical damage insurance policy when an operator other than 108 the named insured has violated the provisions of subdivision (6) 109 or (7), subsection (b) of this section, if the named insured, by 110 restrictive endorsement, specifically excludes the operator who violated the provision. An insurer issuing a nonrenewal notice 111 112 informing the named insured that the policy will be nonrenewed 113 for the reason that an operator has violated the provisions of 114 subdivision (6) or (7), subsection (b) of this section, shall at that time inform the named insured of his or her option to specifi-115 116 cally exclude the operator by restrictive endorsement and shall further inform the named insured that upon obtaining the 117 118 restrictive endorsement, the insurer will renew the policy or rescind the nonrenewal absent the existence of any other basis 119 120 for nonrenewal set forth in this section.

(d) A notice provided under this section shall state the
specific reason or reasons for nonrenewal and shall advise the
named insured that nonrenewal of the policy for any reason is
subject to a hearing and review as provided for in section five
of this article. Cost of the hearing shall be assessed against the
losing party but shall not exceed seventy-five dollars. The

notice must also advise the insured of possible eligibility forinsurance through the West Virginia assigned risk plan.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this
section, the insurer shall reinstate any automobile liability or
physical damage insurance policy that has not been renewed
due to the insured's failure to pay the renewal premium when
due if:

(1) None of the other grounds for nonrenewal as set forth inof this section exist; and

136 (2) The insured makes an application for reinstatement within forty-five days of the original expiration date of the 137 138 policy. If a policy is reinstated as provided for in this paragraph, then the coverage afforded shall not be retroactive to the 139 140 original expiration date of the policy: Provided, That such 141 policy shall be effective on the reinstatement date at the current 142 premium levels offered by the company and shall not be afforded the protections of this section relating to renewal of an 143 144 outstanding automobile liability or physical damage insurance policy that has been in existence for at least two consecutive 145 146 years.

## §33-6A-4a. Alternative method for nonrenewal for automobile liability and physical damage insurance.

(a) On or after the first day of July, two thousand four, an
 insurer may nonrenew an automobile liability or physical
 damage insurance policy for any reason which is consistent
 with its underwriting standards.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section,
race, religion, nationality, ethnic group, age, sex, marital status,
or other reason prohibited by the provisions of this chapter may
not be considered as a reason for nonrenewal;

9 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section four of this 10 article, a nonrenewal may only be issued pursuant to the 11 provisions of this section upon forty-five days advance notice 12 to the named insured of the insurer's election not to renew the 13 policy.

14 (d) The total number of nonrenewal notices issued each 15 year, commencing on the first day of July, two thousand four, 16 by the insurer, resulting in nonrenewal, pursuant to this section 17 may not exceed one percent per year of the total number of the policies of the insurer in force at the end of the previous 18 19 calendar year in this state: Provided, That the total number of 20 nonrenewal notices issued each year to insureds within any 21 given county in this state resulting in nonrenewal may not 22 exceed one percent per year of the total number of the policies of the insurer in force in that county at the end of the previous 23 24 calendar year: Provided, however, That an insurer may 25 nonrenew one policy per year in any county if the applicable 26 percentage limitation results in less than one policy.

27 (e) A notice issued pursuant to this section shall state the 28 specific reason or reasons for refusal to renew and shall advise 29 the named insured that nonrenewal of the policy for any reason 30 is subject to a hearing and review as provided for in section five 31 of this article: Provided, That the hearing shall relate to whether the nonrenewal of the policy was issued for a discriminatory 32 33 reason, was based upon inadequate notice, an underwriting 34 standard by the commissioner found to be in violation of this 35 chapter or causes the insurer to exceed the percentage limita-36 tions, or percentage limitations by county, of nonrenewal 37 notices set forth in this section. Cost of the hearing shall be 38 assessed against the losing party but shall not exceed seventy-39 five dollars. The notice shall also advise the insured of possible 40 eligibility for insurance through the West Virginia assigned risk 41 plan.

42 (f) Each insurer licensed to write automobile liability and physical damage insurance policies in this state shall file with 43 44 the commissioner a copy of its underwriting standards, includ-45 ing any amendments or supplements. The commissioner shall 46 review and examine the underwriting standards to ensure that they are consistent with generally accepted underwriting 47 48 principles. The underwriting standards filed with the commissioner shall be considered confidential by law and privileged, 49 are exempt from disclosure pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-b 50 of this code, are not open to public inspection, are not subject 51 to subpoena, and are not subject to discovery or admissible in 52 evidence in any criminal, private civil or administrative action 53 and are not subject to production pursuant to court order. The 54 55 commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to 56 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this section. 57

58 (g) Each insurer that has elected to issue nonrenewal 59 notices pursuant to the percentage limitations provided in this section shall report to the commissioner, on a form prescribed 60 by the commissioner, on or before the thirtieth day of Septem-61 62 ber of each year the total number of nonrenewal notices issued 63 in this state and in each county of this state for the preceding year. The insurer shall also report to the commissioner the 64 65 specific reason or reasons for the nonrenewals by county which have been issued pursuant to this section. 66

### §33-6A-4b. Manner of making election relating to nonrenewals.

(a) Each insurer licensed to write automobile liability or
physical damage insurance policies in this state, as of the first
day of July, two thousand four, may elect to issue all
nonrenewal notices either pursuant to section four or section
four-a of this article. Each insurer may notify the commissioner
of its election any time after the first day of July, two thousand
four, and shall remain bound by the election for a period of five

9 notify the commissioner of its election to issue all nonrenewal10 notices either pursuant to section four or section four-a of this11 article.

(1) If no election is made by the first day of July, two thousand four, then, until the first day of July, two thousand five, the insurer shall continue to issue all nonrenewal notices pursuant to the existing nonrenewal provisions in section four prior to the amendments enacted therein by the acts of the Seventy-Sixth Legislature during the second session, two thousand four.

19 (2) As of the first day of July, two thousand five, each insurer licensed to write automobile liability or physical 20 21 damage insurance policies in this state, and that has not previously made an election under this section, shall elect to 22 23 issue all nonrenewal notices either pursuant to section four or 24 section four-a of this article. Each insurer which has not 25 previously made an election must notify the commissioner of its 26 election no later than the first day of July, two thousand five, and shall remain bound by the election for a period of five 27 28 years. For each subsequent five-year period each insurer shall 29 notify the commissioner of its election to issue all nonrenewal 30 notices either pursuant to section four or section four-a of this 31 article.

32 (b) An insurer that is not licensed to write automobile 33 liability or physical damage insurance policies in this state, as of the first day of July, two thousand four, but becomes licensed 34 35 to write such policies after that date shall, no later than two 36 years after the date the insurer becomes licensed to write such policies, make an election to issue all nonrenewal notices either 37 38 pursuant to section four or section four-a of this article, and 39 shall notify the commissioner of its election. If the insurer 40 elects to issue all nonrenewal notices pursuant to section four-a

41 of this article, the total number of nonrenewals may not exceed the percentage limitations set forth in section four-a of this 42 43 article. An insurer first becoming licensed to issue automobile 44 liability and physical damage insurance policies in this state 45 after the first day of July, two thousand four, shall be bound by 46 its election for a period of five years, and for each subsequent 47 five-year period shall notify the commissioner of its election to 48 issue all nonrenewal notices either pursuant to section four or 49 section four-a of this article.

50 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the 51 contrary, a named insured by restrictive endorsement may 52 specifically exclude from automobile liability or physical 53 damage insurance policy an operator who has violated the 54 provisions of subdivision (6) or (7), subsection (b), section four 55 of this article.

## §33-6A-4c. Report to the Legislature.

1 By the first day of January, two thousand nine, the commis-2 sioner shall submit a report to the Legislature. The report shall

3 contain the following:

4 (1) An analysis of the impact of legislation enacted during 5 the two thousand four legislative session upon rates and 6 insurance availability in the state;

7 (2) Statistics reflecting the rate history of insurers conduct-

8 ing business in West Virginia from the first day of July two

9 thousand four until the first day of July, two thousand eight.

## ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

## §33-22-2a. Applicability of insurance fraud prevention act.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary,
- 2 article forty-one of this chapter is applicable to farmers' mutual
- 3 fire insurance companies.

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## ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

## §33-23-2a. Applicability of insurance fraud prevention act.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary,
- 2 article forty-one of this chapter is applicable to fraternal benefit
- 3 societies.

## ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SER-VICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORA-TIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

## §33-24-4b. Applicability of insurance fraud prevention act.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary,
- 2 article forty-one of this chapter is applicable to hospital service
- 3 corporations, medical service corporations, dental service
- 4 corporations and health service corporations.

## ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

## §33-25-6a. Applicability of insurance fraud prevention act.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary,
- 2 article forty-one of this chapter is applicable to health care
- 3 corporations.

## ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

## §33-25A-24b. Applicability of insurance fraud prevention act.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary,
- 2 article forty-one of this chapter is applicable to health mainte-
- 3 nance organizations.

## ARTICLE 41. INSURANCE FRAUD PREVENTION ACT.

- §33-41-1. Short title; legislative findings and purpose.
- §33-41-2. Definitions.
- §33-41-3. Fraud warning authorized; statement required of nonadmitted insurers.
- §33-41-4. Authority of the commissioner; use of special assistant prosecutors.

- §33-41-5. Reporting of insurance fraud or criminal offenses otherwise related to the business of insurance.
- §33-41-6. Immunity from liability.
- §33-41-7. Confidentiality.
- §33-41-8. Creation of insurance fraud unit; purpose; duties; personnel qualifications.
- §33-41-9. Other law-enforcement or regulatory authority.
- §33-41-10. Rules.
- §33-41-11. Fraudulent claims to insurance companies.
- §33-41-12. Civil penalties; injunctive relief; employment disqualification.

## §33-41-1. Short title; legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 (a) This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Insur-
- 2 ance Fraud Prevention Act".
- 3 (b) The Legislature finds that the business of insurance 4 involves many transactions of numerous types that have potential for fraud and other illegal activities. This article is 5 intended to permit use of the expertise of the commissioner to 6 investigate and help prosecute insurance fraud and other crimes 7 8 related to the business of insurance more effectively, and to assist and receive assistance from state, local and federal law-9 enforcement and regulatory agencies in enforcing laws prohibit-10 ing crimes relating to the business of insurance. 11

## §33-41-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Benefits" mean money payments, goods, services or 3 other thing of value paid in response to a claim filed with an
- 4 insurer based upon a policy of insurance;
- 5 (2) "Business of insurance" means the writing of insurance 6 or the reinsuring of risks by an insurer, including acts necessary 7 or incidental to writing insurance or reinsuring risks and the 8 activities of persons who act as or are officers, directors, agents

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(3) "Claim" means an application or request for payment orbenefits provided under the terms of a policy of insurance;

13 (4) "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner of14 West Virginia or his or her designee;

(5) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership,
corporation, facility or institution licensed by, or certified in,
this state or another state, to provide health care or professional
health care services, including, but not limited to, a physician,
osteopathic physician, hospital, dentist, registered or licensed
practical nurse, optometrist, pharmacist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical therapist or psychologist;

(6) "Insurance" means a contract or arrangement in whicha person undertakes to:

(A) Pay or indemnify another person as to loss from certain
 contingencies called "risks," including through reinsurance;

(B) Pay or grant a specified amount or determinable benefit
to another person in connection with ascertainable risk contingencies;

- 29 (C) Pay an annuity to another person; or
- 30 (D) Act as surety.

31 (7) "Insurer" means a person entering into arrangements or 32 contracts of insurance or reinsurance. Insurer includes, but is 33 not limited to, any domestic or foreign stock company, mutual 34 company, mutual protective association, farmers' mutual fire 35 companies, fraternal benefit society, reciprocal or 36 interinsurance exchange, nonprofit medical care corporation, 37 nonprofit health care corporation, nonprofit hospital service

association, nonprofit dental care corporation, health maintenance organization, captive insurance company, risk retention group or other insurer, regardless of the type of coverage written, benefits provided or guarantees made by each. A person is an insurer regardless of whether the person is acting in violation of laws requiring a certificate of authority or regardless of whether the person denies being an insurer;

45 (8) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, an association, a joint stock 46 47 company, a trust, trustees, an unincorporated organization, or 48 any similar business entity or any combination of the foregoing. 49 "Person" also includes hospital service corporations, medical service corporations and dental service corporations as defined 50 51 in article twenty-four of this chapter, health care corporations as defined in article twenty-five of this chapter, or a health 52 53 maintenance organization organized pursuant to article twenty-54 five-a of this chapter;

55 (9) "Policy" means an individual or group policy, group 56 certificate, contract or arrangement of insurance or reinsurance 57 affecting the rights of a resident of this state or bearing a 58 reasonable relation to this state, regardless of whether delivered 59 or issued for delivery in this state;

(10) "Reinsurance" means a contract, binder of coverage
(including placement slip) or arrangement under which an
insurer procures insurance for itself in another insurer as to all
or part of an insurance risk of the originating insurer;

64 (11) "Statement" means any written or oral representation
65 made to any person, insurer or authorized agency. A statement
66 includes, but is not limited to, any oral report or representation;
67 any insurance application, policy, notice or statement; any proof
68 of loss, bill of lading, receipt for payment, invoice, account,
69 estimate of property damages, or other evidence of loss, injury
70 or expense; any bill for services, diagnosis, prescription,

hospital or doctor record, X ray, test result or other evidence of
treatment, services or expense; and any application, report,
actuarial study, rate request or other document submitted or
required to be submitted to any authorized agency. A statement
also includes any written or oral representation recorded by
electronic or other media; and

(12) "Unit" means the insurance fraud unit established
pursuant to the provisions of this article acting collectively or
by its duly authorized representatives.

## §33-41-3. Fraud warning authorized; statement required of nonadmitted insurers.

- (a) Claims forms and applications for insurance, regardless
   of the form of transmission, may contain the following warning
- 3 or a substantially similar caveat:
- 4 "Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent
  5 claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents
  6 false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a
  7 crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison."

8 (b) The lack of a warning as authorized by the provisions of 9 subsection (a) of this section does not constitute a defense in 10 any prosecution for a fraudulent or illegal act nor shall it 11 constitute the basis for any type of civil cause of action.

12 (c) Policies issued by nonadmitted insurers pursuant to 13 article twelve-c of this chapter shall contain a statement disclosing the status of the insurer to do business in the state 14 15 where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery or the state where coverage is in force. The requirement of this subsection 16 may be satisfied by a disclosure specifically required by section 17 five, article twelve-c of this chapter; section nine, article thirty-18 two of this chapter; and section eighteen, article thirty-two of 19 20 this chapter.

## §33-41-4. Authority of the commissioner; use of special assistant prosecutors.

(a) The commissioner may investigate suspected criminal
 acts relating to the business of insurance as authorized by the
 provisions of this article.

4 (b) If the prosecuting attorney of the county in which a criminal violation relating to the business of insurance occurs 5 6 determines that his or her office is unable to take appropriate action, he or she may petition the appropriate circuit court for 7 the appointment of a special prosecutor or special assistant 8 9 prosecutor from the West Virginia Prosecuting Attorney Institute pursuant to the provisions of section six, article four, 10 chapter seven of this code. Notwithstanding the provisions of 11 that section, attorneys employed by the commissioner and 12 assigned to the insurance fraud unit created by the provisions of 13 14 section eight of this article may prosecute or assist in the prosecution of violations of the criminal laws of this state 15 related to the business of insurance and may act as special 16 prosecutors or special assistant prosecutors in those cases if 17 assistance is sought by the prosecuting attorney or special 18 prosecutor assigned by the institute to prosecute those matters. 19

(c) Funds allocated for insurance fraud prevention may be
dispersed by the commissioner, at his or her discretion, for the
purpose of insurance fraud enforcement as authorized by the
provisions of this code.

(d) The Insurance Fraud Unit authorized by the provisions
of section eight of this article may assist federal law enforcement agencies, the West Virginia state police, the state fire
marshal, municipal police departments and the sheriffs of the
counties in West Virginia in investigating crimes related to the
business of insurance.

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30 (e) The commissioner may conduct public outreach,

31 education, and awareness programs on the costs of insurance

32 fraud to the public.

## §33-41-5. Reporting of insurance fraud or criminal offenses otherwise related to the business of insurance.

(a) A person engaged in the business of insurance having
 knowledge or a reasonable belief that fraud or another crime
 related to the business of insurance is being, will be or has been
 committed shall provide to the commissioner the information
 required by, and in a manner prescribed by, the commissioner.

6 (b) The commissioner may prescribe a reporting form to 7 facilitate reporting of possible fraud or other offenses related to 8 the business of insurance for use by persons other than those 9 persons referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

## §33-41-6. Immunity from liability.

- 1 (a) There shall be no civil liability imposed on and no cause 2 of action shall arise from a person's furnishing information 3 concerning suspected or anticipated fraud relating to the 4 business of insurance, if the information is provided to or 5 received from:
- 6 (1) The commissioner or the commissioner's employees,7 agents or representatives;
- 8 (2) Federal, state, or local law-enforcement or regulatory
  9 officials or their employees, agents or representatives;

10 (3) A person involved in the prevention and detection of
11 insurance fraud or that person's agents, employees or represen12 tatives; or

13 (4) The national association of insurance commissioners or14 its employees, agents or representatives.

15 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section are not applicable to materially incorrect statements made maliciously 16 or fraudulently by a person designated a mandated reporter 17 18 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a), section five of this 19 article or made in reckless disregard to the truth or falsity of the statement by those not mandated to report. In an action brought 2021 against a person for filing a report or furnishing other information concerning an alleged insurance fraud, the party bringing 22 23 the action shall plead with specificity any facts supporting the 24 allegation that subsection (a) of this section does not apply because the person filing the report or furnishing the incorrect 25 26 information did so maliciously in the case of a mandated 27 reporter or in the case of a person not designated a mandated reporter, in reckless disregard for the truth or falsity of the 28 29 statement.

30 (c) Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit,
31 abrogate or modify existing statutes or case law applicable to
32 the duties or liabilities of insurers regarding bad faith or unfair
33 trade practices.

34 (d) This section does not abrogate or modify common law35 or statutory privileges or immunities.

#### **§33-41-7.** Confidentiality.

1 (a) Documents, materials or other information in the 2 possession or control of the office of the insurance commis-3 sioner that are provided pursuant to section six of this article or 4 obtained by the commissioner in an investigation of alleged fraudulent acts related to the business of insurance shall be 5 confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to the 6 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, shall not be 7 8 open to public inspection, shall not be subject to subpoena, and 9 shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. The commissioner may use the 10

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11 documents, materials or other information in the furtherance of 12 any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the commissioner's official duties. The commissioner may use the docu-13 14 ments, materials or other information if they are required for evidence in criminal proceedings or other action by the state or 15 federal government and in such context may be discoverable as 16 ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction exercising its 17 18 discretion.

(b) Neither the commissioner nor any person who receives
documents, materials or other information while acting under
the authority of the commissioner may be permitted or required
to testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential
documents, materials or information subject to subsection (a)
of this section except as ordered by a court of competent
jurisdiction.

(c) In order to assist in the performance of the commis-sioner's duties, the commissioner:

28 (1) May share documents, materials or other information, 29 including the confidential and privileged documents, materials or information subject to subsection (a) of this section with 30 31 other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, with 32 the national association of insurance commissioners and its 33 affiliates and subsidiaries, and with local, state, federal and 34 international law-enforcement authorities, provided that the 35 recipient agrees to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material or other information; 36

37 (2) May receive documents, materials or information,
38 including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,
39 materials or information, from the national association of
40 insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and
41 from regulatory and law-enforcement officers of other foreign
42 or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or

43 privileged any document, material or information received with

44 notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged

45 under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the

46 document, material or information; and

47 (3) May enter into agreements governing sharing and use of
48 information including the furtherance of any regulatory or legal
49 action brought as part of the recipient's official duties.

50 (d) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of 51 confidentiality in the documents, materials or information shall 52 occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this 53 section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsection (c) 54 of this section

54 of this section.

(e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the commissioner
from providing information to or receiving information from
any local, state, federal or international law-enforcement
authorities, including any prosecuting authority; or from
complying with subpoenas or other lawful process in criminal
actions; or as may otherwise be provided in this article.

61 (f) Nothing in this article may be construed to abrogate or62 limit the attorney-client or work product privileges existing at

63 common law or established by statute or court rule.

# §33-41-8. Creation of insurance fraud unit; purpose; duties; personnel qualifications.

(a) There is established the West Virginia insurance fraud 1 2 unit within the office of the insurance commissioner of West Virginia. The commissioner may employ full-time supervisory, 3 legal and investigative personnel for the unit, who shall be 4 qualified by training and experience in the areas of detection, 5 investigation or prosecution of fraud within and against the 6 insurance industry to perform the duties of their positions. The 7 8 director of the fraud unit shall be a full-time position and shall

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9 be appointed by the commissioner and serve at his or her will 10 and pleasure. The commissioner shall provide office space, 11 equipment, supplies, clerical and other staff that is necessary for 12 the unit to carry out its duties and responsibilities under this 13 article.

14 (b) The fraud unit may in its discretion:

(1) Initiate inquiries and conduct investigations when the
unit has cause to believe violations of the provisions of this
chapter or the provisions of article three, chapter sixty-one of
this code relating to the business of insurance have been or are
being committed;

(2) Review reports or complaints of alleged fraud related to
the business of insurance activities from federal, state and local
law-enforcement and regulatory agencies, persons engaged in
the business of insurance and the general public to determine
whether the reports require further investigation; and

(3) Conduct independent examinations of alleged fraudulent activity related to the business of insurance and undertake
independent studies to determine the extent of fraudulent
insurance acts.

29 (c) The insurance fraud unit may:

30 (1) Employ and train personnel to achieve the purposes of
31 this article and to employ legal counsel, investigators, auditors
32 and clerical support personnel and other personnel as the
33 commissioner determines necessary from time to time to
34 accomplish the purposes of this article;

35 (2) Inspect, copy or collect records and evidence;

36 (3) Serve subpoenas issued by grand juries and trial courts37 in criminal matters;

38 (4) Share records and evidence with federal, state or local
39 law-enforcement or regulatory agencies, and enter into inter40 agency agreements;

41 (5) Make criminal referrals to the county prosecutors;

42 (6) Conduct investigations outside this state. If the informa-43 tion the insurance fraud unit seeks to obtain is located outside 44 this state, the person from whom the information is sought may 45 make the information available to the insurance fraud unit to 46 examine at the place where the information is located. The 47 insurance fraud unit may designate representatives, including 48 officials of the state in which the matter is located, to inspect 49 the information on behalf of the insurance fraud unit, and the 50 insurance fraud unit may respond to similar requests from 51 officials of other states;

52 (7) The fraud unit may initiate investigations and partici-53 pate in the development of, and if necessary, the prosecution of 54 any health care provider, including a provider of rehabilitation 55 services, suspected of fraudulent activity related to the business 56 of insurance;

57 (8) Specific personnel, designated by the commissioner,
58 shall be permitted to operate vehicles owned or leased for the
59 state displaying Class A registration plates;

60 (9) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 61 contrary, specific personnel designated by the commissioner 62 may carry firearms in the course of their official duties after 63 meeting specialized qualifications established by the governor's 64 committee on crime, delinquency and correction, which shall include the successful completion of handgun training provided 65 66 to law-enforcement officers by the West Virginia state police: 67 Provided, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 68 include any person designated by the commissioner as a
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69 law-enforcement officer as that term is defined by the provi-

- 70 sions of section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this
- 71 code; and

(10) The insurance fraud unit shall not be subject to the provisions of article nine-a, chapter six of this code and the investigations conducted by the insurance fraud unit and the materials placed in the files of the unit as a result of any such investigation are exempt from public disclosure under the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.

# §33-41-9. Other law-enforcement or regulatory authority.

1 This article does not:

2 (1) Preempt the authority or relieve the duty of other
3 law-enforcement or regulatory agencies to investigate, examine
4 and prosecute suspected violations of law;

5 (2) Prevent or prohibit a person from disclosing voluntarily
6 information concerning insurance fraud to a law-enforcement
7 or regulatory agency other than the insurance fraud unit; or

8 (3) Limit the powers granted elsewhere by the laws of this 9 state to the commissioner or his or her agents to investigate and 10 examine possible violations of law and to take appropriate 11 action against violators of law.

# §33-41-10. Rules.

The insurance commissioner shall, pursuant to the provi sions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
 promulgate such legislative rules as are necessary or proper to
 carry out the purposes of this article.

# §33-41-11. Fraudulent claims to insurance companies.

1 (a) Any person who knowingly and willfully and with 2 intent to defraud submits a materially false statement in support 3 of a claim for insurance benefits or payment pursuant to a 4 policy of insurance or who conspires to do so is guilty of a 5 crime and is subject to the penalties set forth in the provisions 6 of this section.

7 (b) Any person who commits a violation of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section where the benefit sought 8 exceeds one thousand dollars in value is guilty of a felony and, 9 10 upon conviction thereof shall be confined in a correctional facility for not less than one nor more than ten years, fined not 11 more than ten thousand dollars, or both or in the discretion of 12 the circuit court confined in a county or regional jail for not 13 more than one year and so fined. 14

15 (c) Any person who commits a violation of the provisions 16 of subsection (a) of this section where the benefit sought is one 17 thousand dollars or less in value, is guilty of a misdemeanor 18 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a county or 19 regional jail for not more than one year, fined not more than 20 two thousand five hundred dollars, or both.

(d) Any person convicted of a violation of this section is
subject to the restitution provisions of article eleven-a, chapter
sixty-one of this code.

(e) The circuit court may award to the unit or other law
enforcement agency investigating a violation of this section or
other criminal offense related to the business of insurance its

27 cost of investigation.

# §33-41-12. Civil penalties; injunctive relief; employment disqualification.

1 A person or entity engaged in the business of insurance or 2 a person or entity making a claim against an insurer who

5 (1) Where applicable, suspension or revocation of license or certificate of authority or a civil penalty of up to ten thou-6 sand dollars per violation, or where applicable, both. Suspen-7 8 sion or revocation of license or certificate of authority or imposition of civil penalties may be pursuant to an order of the 9 commissioner issued pursuant to the provisions of section 10 11 thirteen, article two of this chapter. The commissioner's order 12 may require a person found to be in violation of this article to 13 make reasonable restitution to persons aggrieved by violations 14 of this article. The commissioner may assess a person sanctioned pursuant to the provisions of this section the cost of 15 16 investigation;

17 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a civil18 penalty imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section is19 mandatory and not subject to suspension;

20 (3) A person convicted of a felony violation law reasonably
21 related to the business of insurance shall be disqualified from
22 engaging in the business of insurance; and

(4) The commissioner may apply for a temporary or 23 permanent injunction in any appropriate circuit court of this 24 state seeking to enjoin and restrain a person from violating or 25 26 continuing to violate the provisions of this article or rule 27 promulgated under this article, notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. The circuit court shall have jurisdiction 28 29 of the proceeding and have the power to make and enter an order or judgment awarding temporary or permanent injunctive 30 31 relief restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any provision of this article or rule promulgated under 32 the article as in its judgment is proper. 33

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# CHAPTER 139

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 176 - By Senator Minard)

[Passed March 13, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §33-3-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §33-8-1, §33-8-2, §33-8-3, §33-8-4, §33-8-5, §33-8-6, §33-8-7, §33-8-8, §33-8-9, §33-8-10, §33-8-11, §33-8-12, §33-8-13, §33-8-14, §33-8-15, \$33-8-16, \$33-8-17, \$33-8-18, \$33-8-19, \$33-8-20, \$33-8-21, §33-8-22, §33-8-23, §33-8-24 and §33-8-25 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto seven new sections, designated §33-8-26, §33-8-27, §33-8-28, §33-8-29, §33-8-30, §33-8-31 and §33-8-32; to amend and reenact §33-9-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-22-11 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-23-31 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-24-10 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-25A-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-25D-5 of said code; and to amend and reenact §33-27-2a of said code, all relating to investments and investment practices of insurance companies; and correcting references to amended sections of article eight, chapter thirtythree of said code.

#### *Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

That §33-3-6 of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that §33-8-1, §33-8-2, §33-8-3, §33-8-4, §33-8-5, §33-8-6, §33-8-7, §33-8-8, §33-8-9, §33-8-10, §33-8-11, §33-8-12, §33-8-13, §33-8-14, §33-8-15, §33-8-16, §33-8-17, §33-8-18, §33-8-19, §33-8-20, §33-8-21, §33-8-22, §33-8-23, §33-8-24 and §33-8-25 of said code be amended and reenacted; that

said code be amended by adding thereto seven new sections, designated §33-8-26, §33-8-27, §33-8-28, §33-8-29, §33-8-30, §33-8-31 and §33-8-32; that §33-9-3 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-22-11 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-23-31 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-24-10 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-24-10 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-25A-4 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §33-25D-5 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that §33-27-2a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 3. Licensing, Fees and Taxation of Insurers.
- 8. Investments.
- 9. Administration of Deposits.
- 22. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 25D. Prepaid Limited Health Service Organization.
- 27. Insurance Holding Company Systems.

#### ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

# §33-3-6. Property and casualty, financial guaranty and mortgage guaranty insurers - Deposit requirements.

- 1 The commissioner shall not issue a license to any insurer 2 unless it has deposited and maintained in trust with the state 3 treasurer, for the protection of its policyholders or its policy-4 holders and creditors, cash or government securities eligible for 5 the investment of capital funds of domestic insurers (of the type 6 described in paragraph (A) or (B), subdivision (1), subsection 7 (a), section eleven, article eight of this chapter or paragraph 8 (A), (B) or (C), subdivision (3) of said subsection, under this 9 chapter in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; except:
- (a) As to foreign insurers in lieu of the deposit or part of adeposit with the state treasurer, the commissioner may accept

the current certificate of the state insurance supervisory official of any other state that a like deposit by the insurer is being maintained in public custody or in a depository approved by the supervisory official in that state in trust for the purpose of protection of all policyholders or policyholders and creditors of the insurer in the United States.

18 (b) As to alien insurers in lieu of the deposit or part of a 19 deposit with the state treasurer, the commissioner may accept evidence satisfactory to him or her that the insurer maintains 20 21 within the United States in public depositories, or in trust 22 institutions within the United States approved by the commis-23 sioner, assets available for discharge of its United States 24 insurance obligations which are in an amount not less than the 25 outstanding liabilities of the insurer arising out of its insurance 26 transactions in the United States, together with an amount equal 27 to the deposit required under this section for other insurers 28 requesting license to transact like kinds of insurance.

#### ARTICLE 8. INVESTMENTS.

- §33-8-1. Purpose and scope.
- §33-8-2. Definitions.
- §33-8-3. General investment qualifications.
- §33-8-4. Authorization of investments by the board of directors.
- §33-8-5. Prohibited investments.
- §33-8-6. Loans to officers and directors.
- §33-8-7. Valuation of investments.
- §33-8-8. Rules.
- §33-8-9. Life and health insurers Applicability.
- §33-8-10. Same General three percent diversification, medium and lower grade investments and Canadian investments.
- §33-8-11. Same Rated credit instruments.
- §33-8-12. Same Insurer investment pools.
- §33-8-13. Same Equity interests.
- §33-8-14. Same Tangible personal property under lease.
- §33-8-15. Same Mortgage loans and real estate.

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- §33-8-16. Same Securities lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase and dollar roll transactions.
- §33-8-17. Same Foreign investments and foreign currency exposure.
- §33-8-18. Same Derivative transactions.
- §33-8-19. Same Policy loans.
- §33-8-20. Same Additional investment authority.
- §33-8-21. Property and casualty, financial guaranty and mortgage guaranty insurers - Applicability.
- §33-8-22. Same Reserve requirements.
- §33-8-23. Same General five percent diversification, medium and lower grade investments and Canadian investments.
- §33-8-24. Same Rated credit instruments.
- §33-8-25. Same Insurer investment pools.
- §33-8-26. Same Equity interests.
- §33-8-27. Same Tangible personal property under lease.
- §33-8-28. Same Mortgage loans and real estate.
- §33-8-29. Same Securities lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase and dollar roll transactions.
- §33-8-30. Same Foreign investments and foreign currency exposure.
- §33-8-31. Same Derivative transactions.
- §33-8-32. Same Additional investment authority.

#### §33-8-1. Purpose and scope.

- (a) The purpose of this article is to protect the interests of
   insureds by promoting insurer solvency and financial strength.
   This will be accomplished through the application of invest ment standards that facilitate a reasonable balance of the
- 5 following objectives:
- 6 (1) To preserve principal;
- 7 (2) To assure reasonable diversification as to type of 8 investment, issuer and credit quality; and
- 9 (3) To allow insurers to allocate investments in a manner 10 consistent with principles of prudent investment management 11 to achieve an adequate return so that obligations to insureds are

adequately met and financial strength is sufficient to coverreasonably foreseeable contingencies.

(b) This article applies only to investments and investment
practices of domestic insurers and United States branches of
alien insurers entered through this state. This article does not
apply to separate accounts of an insurer except as provided in
article thirteen-a of this chapter.

19 (c) This recodification of former article eight preserves and 20 continues prior limitations contained in section 106(a)(1) or (2) 21 of the Secondary Mortgage Market Enhancement Act of 1984 22 ("SMMEA"), an act of the Congress of the United States 23 adopted by the acts of the Legislature in 1991 albeit under 24 separate sections of the same article. Pursuant to section 106(b) 25 of SMMEA, this section prohibits domestic insurers from 26 exercising the investment authority granted any person, trust, 27 corporation, partnership, association, business trust or business 28 entity pursuant to section 106(a)(1) or (2) of that act.

# §33-8-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following terms are defined for purposes of this article:
- 2 (1) "Acceptable collateral" means:

3 (A) As to securities lending transactions and for the purpose 4 of calculating counter party exposure amount, cash, cash 5 equivalents, letters of credit, direct obligations of, or securities 6 that are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the 7 government of the United States or any agency of the United 8 States, or by the federal national mortgage association or the 9 federal home loan mortgage corporation, and as to lending 10 foreign securities, sovereign debt rated 1 by the securities 11 valuation office ("SVO") of the national association of insur-12 ance commissioners;

(B) As to repurchase transactions, cash, cash equivalents
and direct obligations of, or securities that are fully guaranteed
as to principal and interest by, the government of the United
States or an agency of the United States, or by the federal
national mortgage association or the federal home loan mortgage corporation; and

(C) As to reverse repurchase transactions, cash and cashequivalents.

(2) "Acceptable private mortgage insurance" means
insurance written by a private insurer protecting a mortgage
lender against loss occasioned by a mortgage loan default and
issued by a licensed mortgage insurance company, with an SVO
1 designation or a rating issued by a nationally recognized
statistical rating organization equivalent to an SVO 1 designation, that covers losses to an eighty percent loan-to-value ratio.

(3) "Accident and sickness insurance" means protection
which provides payment of benefits for covered sickness or
accidental injury, excluding credit insurance, disability insurance, accidental death and dismemberment insurance and
long-term care insurance.

(4) "Accident and sickness insurer" means a licensed life or
sickness insurer or health service corporation whose insurance
premiums and required statutory reserves for accident and
sickness insurance constitute at least ninety-five percent of total
premium considerations or total statutory required reserves,
respectively.

39 (5) "Admitted assets" means assets permitted to be reported
40 as admitted assets on the statutory financial statement of the
41 insurer most recently required to be filed with the commis42 sioner, but excluding assets of separate accounts, the invest43 ments of which are not subject to the provisions of this article.

(6) "Affiliate" means, as to any person, another person that,
directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries,
controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the
person.

(7) "Asset-backed security" means a security or other
instrument, excluding a mutual fund, evidencing an interest in,
or the right to receive payments from, or payable from distributions on, an asset, a pool of assets or specifically divisible cash
flows which are legally transferred to a trust or another special
purpose bankruptcy-remote business entity, on the following
conditions:

55 (A) The trust or other business entity is established solely 56 for the purpose of acquiring specific types of assets or rights to 57 cash flows, issuing securities and other instruments represent-58 ing an interest in or right to receive cash flows from those 59 assets or rights and engaging in activities required to service the 60 assets or rights and any credit enhancement or support features 61 held by the trust or other business entity; and

62 (B) The assets of the trust or other business entity consist 63 solely of interest bearing obligations or other contractual obligations representing the right to receive payment from the 64 65 cash flows from the assets or rights. However, the existence of 66 credit enhancements, such as letters of credit or guarantees, or 67 support features such as swap agreements, does not cause a 68 security or other instrument to be ineligible as an asset-backed 69 security.

(8) "Business entity" includes a sole proprietorship,
corporation, limited liability company, association, partnership,
joint stock company, joint venture, mutual fund, trust, joint
tenancy or other similar form of business organization, whether
organized for-profit or not-for-profit.

(9) "Cap" means an agreement obligating the seller to make
payments to the buyer, with each payment based on the amount
by which a reference price or level or the performance or value
of one or more underlying interests exceeds a predetermined
number, sometimes called the strike rate or strike price.

(10) "Capital and surplus" means the sum of the capital and
surplus of the insurer required to be shown on the statutory
financial statement of the insurer most recently required to be
filed with the commissioner.

(11) "Cash equivalents" means short-term, highly rated and
highly liquid investments or securities readily convertible to
known amounts of cash without penalty and so near maturity
that they present insignificant risk of change in value. Cash
equivalents include government money market mutual funds
and class one money market mutual funds. For purposes of this
definition:

91 (A) "Short-term" means investments with a remaining term92 to maturity of ninety days or less; and

(B) "Highly rated" means an investment rated"P-1" by
Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or"A-1" by Standard and
Poor's division of the McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., or its
equivalent rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating
organization recognized by the SVO.

98 (12) "Class one bond mutual fund" means a mutual fund 99 that at all times qualifies for investment using the bond class 100 one reserve factor under the purposes and procedures of the 101 securities valuation office of the national association of 102 insurance commissioners, or any successor publication.

(13) "Class one money market mutual fund" means a
money market mutual fund that at all times qualifies for
investment using the bond class one reserve factor under the

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106 purposes and procedures of the securities valuation office or 107 any successor publication.

(14) "Collar" means an agreement to receive payments asthe buyer of an option, cap or floor and to make payments asthe seller of a different option, cap or floor.

(15) "Commercial mortgage loan" means a loan secured bya mortgage, other than a residential mortgage loan.

(16) "Construction loan" means a loan of less than three
years in term, made for financing the cost of construction of a
building or other improvement to real estate, that is secured by
the real estate.

117 (17) "Control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, 118 of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of 119 120 voting securities, by contract (other than a commercial contract 121 for goods or nonmanagement services), or otherwise, unless the 122 power is the result of an official position with or corporate 123 office held by the person. Control will be presumed to exist if 124 a person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the 125 power to vote or holds proxies representing ten percent or more 126 of the voting securities of another person. This presumption 127 may be rebutted by a showing that control does not exist in fact. 128 The commissioner may determine, after furnishing all inter-129 ested persons notice and an opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support the determination, that 130 131 control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a pre-132 sumption to that effect.

133 (18) "Counterparty exposure amount" means:

(A) The net amount of credit risk attributable to a derivative
instrument entered into with a business entity other than
through a qualified exchange, qualified foreign exchange, or

137 cleared through a qualified clearinghouse ("over-the-counter138 derivative instrument"). The amount of credit risk equals:

(i) The market value of the over-the-counter derivative
instrument if the liquidation of the derivative instrument would
result in a final cash payment to the insurer; or

(ii) Zero if the liquidation of the derivative instrumentwould not result in a final cash payment to the insurer.

144 (B) If over-the-counter derivative instruments are entered 145 into under a written master agreement which provides for 146 netting of payments owed by the respective parties and the 147 domiciliary jurisdiction of the counterparty is either within the 148 United States or if not within the United States, within a foreign 149 jurisdiction listed in the purposes and procedures of the 150 securities valuation office as eligible for netting, the net amount 151 of credit risk will be the greater of zero or the net sum of:

(i) The market value of the over-the-counter derivativeinstruments entered into under the agreement, the liquidation ofwhich would result in a final cash payment to the insurer; and

(ii) The market value of the over-the-counter derivative
instruments entered into under the agreement, the liquidation of
which would result in a final cash payment by the insurer to the
business entity.

(C) For open transactions, market value will be determined
at the end of the most recent quarter of the insurer's fiscal year
and will be reduced by the market value of acceptable collateral
held by the insurer or placed in escrow by one or both parties.

(19) "Covered" means that an insurer owns or can immediately acquire, through the exercise of options, warrants or
conversion rights already owned, the underlying interest in
order to fulfill or secure its obligations under a call option, cap

or floor it has written, or has set aside under a custodial or
escrow agreement cash or cash equivalents with a market value
equal to the amount required to fulfill its obligations under a put
ontion it has written in an income concretion transaction

170 option it has written, in an income generation transaction.

(20) "Credit tenant loan" means a mortgage loan which is
made primarily in reliance on the credit standing of a major
tenant, structured with an assignment of the rental payments to
the lender with real estate pledged as collateral in the form of
a first lien.

(21) "Derivative instrument" means an agreement, option,instrument or a series or combination of those instruments:

(A) To make or take delivery of, or assume or relinquish, a
specified amount of one or more underlying interests, or to
make a cash settlement in lieu thereof; or that has a price,
performance, value or cash flow based primarily upon the
actual or expected price, level, performance, value or cash flow
of one or more underlying interests.

(B) Derivative instruments include options, warrants used 184 185 in a hedging transaction and not attached to another financial instrument, caps, floors, collars, swaps, forwards, futures and 186 any other agreements, options or instruments substantially 187 188 similar to those instruments or any series or combination thereof and any agreements, options or instruments permitted 189 under rules adopted under section eight of this article. Deriva-190 191 tive instruments does not include an investment authorized by 192 sections eleven through seventeen, inclusive, nineteen and twenty-four through thirty, inclusive, of this article. 193

(22) "Derivative transaction" means a transaction involvingthe use of one or more derivative instruments.

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199 (24) "Dollar roll transaction" means two simultaneous 200 transactions with different settlement dates no more than 201 ninety-six days apart, so that in the transaction with the earlier 202 settlement date, an insurer sells to a business entity, and in the 203 other transaction the insurer is obligated to purchase from the 204 same business entity substantially similar securities that are 205 asset-backed securities issued, assumed or guaranteed by the government national mortgage association, the federal national 206 mortgage association or the federal home loan mortgage 207 corporation or their respective successors. 208

(25) "Domestic jurisdiction" means the United States,Canada, any state, any province of Canada or any politicalsubdivision of any of those jurisdictions.

(26) "Equity interest" means any of the following that arenot rated credit instruments:

- 214 (A) Common stock;
- 215 (B) Preferred stock;
- 216 (C) Trust certificates;
- (D) Equity investment in an investment company other thana money market mutual fund or a class one bond mutual fund;
- (E) Investment in a common trust fund of a bank regulatedby a federal or state agency;
- (F) An ownership interest in minerals, oil or gas, the rights
  to which have been separated from the underlying fee interest
  in the real estate where the minerals, oil or gas are located;

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224 225	(G) Instruments which are mandatorily, or at the issuer, convertible to equity;	ne option of
226 227 228	(H) Limited partnership interests and those gene ship interests authorized under subdivision (4), sec this article;	-
229	(I) Member interests in limited liability compa	nies;
230 231 232	(J) Warrants or other rights to acquire equity in are created by the person that owns or would issue t be acquired; or	
233 234 235	(K) Instruments that would be rated credit except for the provisions of paragraph (B), subdivi- this section.	
236	(27) "Equivalent securities" means:	
237 238 239 240 241 242 243	(A) In a securities lending transaction, securities identical to the loaned securities in all features in amount of the loaned securities, except as to certific if held in physical form, but if any different secu- exchanged for a loaned security by recapitalization consolidation or other corporate action, the differ- shall be considered to be the loaned security;	cluding the cate number urity will be on, merger,
244 245 246 247	(B) In a repurchase transaction, securities that a to the purchased securities in all features including of the purchased securities, except as to the certific if held in physical form; or	the amount
248 249 250	(C) In a reverse repurchase transaction, securi identical to the sold securities in all features in amount of the sold securities, except as to the	cluding the

251 number if held in physical form.

(28) "Floor" means an agreement obligating the seller to
make payments to the buyer in which each payment is based on
the amount by which that a predetermined number, sometimes
called the floor rate or price, exceeds a reference price, level,
performance or value of one or more underlying interests.

(29) "Foreign currency" means a currency other than thatof a domestic jurisdiction.

259 (30) "Foreign investment" means an investment in a foreign 260 jurisdiction, or an investment in a person, real estate or asset domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction, that is substantially of the 261 262 same type as those eligible for investment under this article, 263 other than under sections seventeen and thirty of this article. 264 An investment will not be considered to be foreign if the 265 issuing person, qualified primary credit source or qualified 266 guarantor is a domestic jurisdiction or a person domiciled in a 267 domestic jurisdiction, unless:

268 (A) The issuing person is a shell business entity; and

(B) The investment is not assumed, accepted, guaranteed or
insured or otherwise backed by a domestic jurisdiction or a
person, that is not a shell business entity, domiciled in a
domestic jurisdiction.

273 (C) For purposes of this definition:

(i) "Shell business entity" means a business entity having
no economic substance, except as a vehicle for owning interests
in assets issued, owned or previously owned by a person
domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction;

(ii) "Qualified guarantor" means a guarantor against which
an insurer has a direct claim for full and timely payment,
evidenced by a contractual right for which an enforcement
action can be brought in a domestic jurisdiction; and

(iii) "Qualified primary credit source" means the credit
source to which an insurer looks for payment as to an investment and against which an insurer has a direct claim for full and
timely payment, evidenced by a contractual right for which an
enforcement action can be brought in a domestic jurisdiction.

(31) "Foreign jurisdiction" means a jurisdiction other thana domestic jurisdiction.

(32) "Forward" means an agreement (other than a future) to
make or take delivery of, or effect a cash settlement based on
the actual or expected price, level, performance or value of, one
or more underlying interests.

(33) "Future" means an agreement, traded on a qualified
exchange or qualified foreign exchange, to make or take
delivery of, or effect a cash settlement based on the actual or
expected price, level, performance or value of, one or more
underlying interests.

(34) "Government money market mutual fund" means amoney market mutual fund that at all times:

300 (A) Invests only in obligations issued, guaranteed or
301 insured by the federal government of the United States or
302 collateralized repurchase agreements composed of these
303 obligations; and

304 (B) Qualifies for investment without a reserve under the
 305 purposes and procedures of the securities valuation office or
 306 any successor publication.

307 (35) "Government-sponsored enterprise" means a:

308 (A) Governmental agency; or

309 (B) Corporation, limited liability company, association,
310 partnership, joint stock company, joint venture, trust or other
311 entity or instrumentality organized under the laws of any
312 domestic jurisdiction to accomplish a public policy or other
313 governmental purpose.

314 (36) "Guaranteed or insured", when used in connection with
315 an obligation acquired under this article, means that the
316 guarantor or insurer has agreed to:

317 (A) Perform or insure the obligation of the obligor or318 purchase the obligation; or

(B) Be unconditionally obligated until the obligation is
repaid to maintain in the obligor a minimum net worth, fixed
charge coverage, stockholders' equity or sufficient liquidity to
enable the obligor to pay the obligation in full.

323 (37) "Hedging transaction" means a derivative transaction324 which is entered into and maintained to reduce:

325 (A) The risk of a change in the value, yield, price, cash flow
326 or quantity of assets or liabilities which the insurer has acquired
327 or incurred or anticipates acquiring or incurring; or

328 (B) The currency exchange rate risk or the degree of
329 exposure as to assets or liabilities which an insurer has acquired
330 or incurred or anticipates acquiring or incurring.

(38) "High grade investment" means a rated credit instru-ment rated 1 or 2 by the SVO.

333 (39) "Income" means, as to a security, interest, accrual of
334 discount, dividends or other distributions, such as rights, tax or
335 assessment credits, warrants and distributions in kind.

(40) "Income generation transaction" means a derivative
transaction involving the writing of covered call options,
covered put options, covered caps or covered floors that is
intended to generate income or enhance return.

340 (41) "Initial margin" means the amount of cash, securities
341 or other consideration initially required to be deposited to
342 establish a futures position.

343 (42) "Insurance future" means a future relating to an index344 or pool that is based on insurance-related items.

345 (43) "Insurance futures option" means an option on an346 insurance future.

347 (44) "Investment company" means an investment company
348 as defined in Section 3(a) of the Investment Company Act of
349 1940, as amended, and a person described in Section 3(c) of
350 that act.

351 (45) "Investment company series" means an investment
352 portfolio of an investment company that is organized as a series
353 company and to which assets of the investment company have
354 been specifically allocated.

355 (46) "Investment practices" means transactions of the types
356 described in sections sixteen, eighteen, twenty-nine or
357 thirty-one of this article.

358 (47) "Investment subsidiary" means a subsidiary of an 359 insurer engaged or organized to engage exclusively in the 360 ownership and management of assets authorized as investments 361 for the insurer if each subsidiary agrees to limit its investment 362 in any asset so that its investments will not cause the amount of 363 the total investment of the insurer to exceed any of the invest-364 ment limitations or avoid any other provisions of this article Ch. 139]

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366 investment of the insurer shall include:

367 (A) Direct investment by the insurer in an asset; and

(B) The insurer's proportionate share of an investment in an
asset by an investment subsidiary of the insurer, which shall be
calculated by multiplying the amount of the subsidiary's
investment by the percentage of the insurer's ownership interest
in the subsidiary.

373 (48) "Investment strategy" means the techniques and
374 methods used by an insurer to meet its investment objectives,
375 such as active bond portfolio management, passive bond
376 portfolio management, interest rate anticipation, growth
377 investing and value investing.

378 (49) "Letter of credit" means a clean, irrevocable and 379 unconditional letter of credit issued or confirmed by, and 380 payable and presentable at, a financial institution on the list of 381 financial institutions meeting the standards for issuing letters of 382 credit under the purposes and procedures of the securities 383 valuation office or any successor publication. To constitute 384 acceptable collateral for the purposes of sections sixteen and twenty-nine of this article, a letter of credit must have an 385 386 expiration date beyond the term of the subject transaction.

(50) "Limited liability company" means a business organization, excluding partnerships and ordinary business corporations, organized or operating under the laws of the United
States or any state thereof that limits the personal liability of
investors to the equity investment of the investor in the business
entity.

(51) "Lower grade investment" means a rated creditinstrument rated 4, 5 or 6 by the SVO.

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395 (52) "Market value" means:

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(A) As to cash and letters of credit, the amounts of the cashand letters of credit; and

(B) As to a security as of any date, the price for the security
on that date obtained from a generally recognized source or the
most recent quotation from such a source or, to the extent no
generally recognized source exists, the price for the security as
determined in good faith by the parties to a transaction, plus
accrued but unpaid income on the security to the extent not
included in the price as of that date.

405 (53) "Medium grade investment" means a rated credit406 instrument rated 3 by the SVO.

407 (54) "Money market mutual fund" means a mutual fund
408 that meets the conditions of 17 code of federal regulations par.
409 270.2a-7, under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as
410 amended or renumbered.

411 (55) "Mortgage loan" means an obligation secured by a
412 mortgage, deed of trust, trust deed or other consensual lien on
413 real estate.

414 (56) "Multilateral development bank" means an interna-415 tional development organization of which the United States is416 a member.

417 (57) "Mutual fund" means an investment company or, in
418 the case of an investment company that is organized as a series
419 company, an investment company series that, in either case, is
420 registered with the United States securities and exchange
421 commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as
422 amended.

423 (58) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance424 commissioners.

425 (59) "Obligation" means a bond, note, debenture, trust certificate including an equipment certificate, production 426 427 payment, negotiable bank certificate of deposit, bankers' 428 acceptance, credit tenant loan, loan secured by financing net 429 leases and other evidence of indebtedness for the payment of 430 money (or participations, certificates or other evidences of an 431 interest in any of the foregoing), whether constituting a general 432 obligation of the issuer or payable only out of certain revenues 433 or certain funds pledged or otherwise dedicated for payment.

(60) "Option" means an agreement giving the buyer the
right to buy or receive (a"call option"), sell or deliver (a"put
option"), enter into, extend or terminate or effect a cash
settlement based on the actual or expected price, level, performance or value of one or more underlying interests.

439 (61) "Person" means an individual, a business entity, a
440 multilateral development bank or a government or quasi441 governmental body, such as a political subdivision or a govern442 ment-sponsored enterprise.

443 (62) "Potential exposure" means the amount determined in444 accordance with the NAIC annual statement instructions.

(63) "Preferred stock" means preferred, preference or
guaranteed stock of a business entity authorized to issue the
stock, that has a preference in liquidation over the common
stock of the business entity.

449 (64) "Qualified bank" means:

(A) A national bank, state bank or trust company that at all
times is no less than adequately capitalized as determined by
standards adopted by United States banking regulators and that

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453 454	is either regulated by state banking laws or is a federal reserve system; or	member of the
455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462	<ul> <li>(B) A bank or trust company incorporate under the laws of a country other than the Unite regulated as a bank or trust company by that comment or an agency of the government and that a less than adequately capitalized as determined by adopted by international banking authorities.</li> <li>(65) "Qualified business entity" means a that is:</li> </ul>	ed States that is untry's govern- it all times is no by the standards
463 464 465 466 467	(A) An issuer of obligations or preferred sto 1 or 2 by the SVO or an issuer of obligations, pr derivative instruments that are rated the equiva the SVO or by a nationally recognized statistica zation recognized by the SVO; or	eferred stock or lent of 1 or 2 by
468 469	(B) A primary dealer in United States gov ties, recognized by the Federal Reserve Bank of	
470 471 472 473 474	(66) "Qualified clearinghouse" means a clear and subject to the rules of, a qualified exchange foreign exchange, which provides clearing ser- acting as a counterparty to each of the parties to that the parties no longer have credit risk as to	e or a qualified vices, including a transaction so
475	(67) "Qualified exchange" means:	
476 477 478	(A) A securities exchange registered as a na exchange, or a securities market regulated under Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;	
479 480 481	(B) A board of trade or commodities exchanges as a contract market by the commodity futures to sion or any successor thereof;	

482 (C) Private offerings, resales and trading through automated483 linkages (PORTAL);

484 (D) A designated offshore securities market as defined in
485 securities exchange commission regulation S, 17 C. F. R. part
486 230, as amended; or

487 (E) A qualified foreign exchange.

488 (68) "Qualified foreign exchange" means a foreign ex489 change, board of trade or contract market located outside the
490 United States, its territories or possessions:

491 (A) That has received regulatory comparability relief under
492 commodity futures trading commission (CFTC) rule 30.10 (as
493 set forth in appendix C to part 30 of the CFTC's regulations, 17
494 C. F. R. part 30);

(B) That is, or its members are, subject to the jurisdiction
of a foreign futures authority that has received regulatory
comparability relief under CFTC rule 30.10 (as set forth in
appendix C to part 30 of the CFTC's regulations, 17 C. F. R.
part 30) as to futures transactions in the jurisdiction where the
exchange, board of trade or contract market is located; or

501 (C) Upon which foreign stock index futures contracts are 502 listed that are the subject of no-action relief issued by the 503 CFTC's office of general counsel, provided that an exchange, 504 board of trade or contract market that qualifies as a "qualified 505 foreign exchange" only under this subdivision shall only be a 506 "qualified foreign exchange" as to foreign stock index futures 507 contracts that are the subject of no-action relief.

508 (69) "Rated credit instrument" means:

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509 510	(A) A contractual right to receive cash or credit instrument from another entity which:	another rated
511	(i) Is rated or required to be rated by the SV	О;
512 513 514 515 516	(ii) In the case of an instrument with a mathematical ninety-seven days or less, is issued, a insured by an entity that is rated by, or another obentity is rated by, the SVO or by a national statistical rating organization recognized by the	guaranteed or ligation of the ly recognized
517 518	(iii) In the case of an instrument with a matu days or less, is issued by a qualified bank;	urity of ninety
519	(iv) Is a share of a class one bond mutual fur	nd; or
520	(v) Is a share of a money market mutual fun	d.
521	(B) However,"rated credit instrument" does	not mean:
522 523	(i) An instrument that is mandatorily, or at the issuer, convertible to an equity interest; or	e option of the
524 525 526 527 528 529	(ii) A security that has a par value and whose that the issuer's net obligation to repay all a security's par value is determined by reference mance of an equity, a commodity, a foreign c index of equities, commodities, foreign currencies tions thereof.	or part of the to the perfor- urrency or an
530	(70) "Real estate" means:	
531 532 533 534	(A) Real property, including: Interests in real as leaseholds, minerals and oil and gas that h separated from the underlying fee interest; impr fixtures located on or in real property; and the se	nave not been rovements and

535 a contract providing for a deed of real estate.

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(B) As to a mortgage on a leasehold estate, real estate shall
include the leasehold estate only if it has an unexpired term
(including renewal options exercisable at the option of the
lessee) extending beyond the scheduled maturity date of the
obligation that is secured by a mortgage on the leasehold estate
by a period equal to at least twenty percent of the original term
of the obligation or ten years, whichever is greater.

(71) "Replication transaction" means a derivative transaction that is intended to replicate the performance of one or more
assets that an insurer is authorized to acquire under this article.
A derivative transaction that is entered into as a hedging
transaction will not be considered a replication transaction.

548 (72) "Repurchase transaction" means a transaction in which 549 an insurer purchases securities from a business entity that is 550 obligated to repurchase the purchased securities or equivalent 551 securities from the insurer at a specified price, either within a 552 specified period of time or upon demand.

(73) "Required liabilities" means total liabilities required to
be reported on the statutory financial statement of the insurer
most recently required to be filed with the commissioner.

556 (74) "Residential mortgage loan" means a loan primarily 557 secured by a mortgage on real estate improved with a 558 one-to-four family residence.

(75) "Reverse repurchase transaction" means a transaction in which an insurer sells securities to a business entity and is obligated to repurchase the sold securities or equivalent securities from the business entity at a specified price, either within a specified period of time or upon demand.

564 (76) "Secured location" means the contiguous real estate 565 owned by one person. 566 (77) "Securities lending transaction" means a transaction in 567 which securities are loaned by an insurer to a business entity 568 that is obligated to return the loaned securities or equivalent 569 securities to the insurer, either within a specified period of time 570 or upon demand.

571 (78) "Series company" means an investment company that
572 is organized as a series company, as defined in rule 18f-2(a)
573 adopted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as
574 amended.

575 (79) "Sinking fund stock" means preferred stock that:

(A) Is subject to a mandatory sinking fund or similar
arrangement that will provide for the redemption (or open
market purchase) of the entire issue over a period not longer
than forty years from the date of acquisition; and

(B) Provides for mandatory sinking fund installments (or open market purchases) commencing not more than ten and one-half years from the date of issue, with the sinking fund installments providing for the purchase or redemption, on a cumulative basis commencing ten years from the date of issue, of at least two and one-half percent per year of the original number of shares of that issue of preferred stock.

(80) "Special rated credit instrument" means a rated creditinstrument that is:

(A) An instrument that is structured so that, if it is held until retired by or on behalf of the issuer, its rate of return, based on its purchase cost and any cash flow stream possible under the structure of the transaction, may become negative due to reasons other than the credit risk associated with the issuer of the instrument; however, a rated credit instrument will not be a special rated credit instrument under this subdivision if it is: Ch. 139]

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(i) A share in a class one bond mutual fund;

(ii) An instrument, other than an asset-backed security, with payments of par value fixed as to amount and timing, or callable but in any event payable only at par or greater, and interest or dividend cash flows that are based on either a fixed or variable rate determined by reference to a specified rate or follows;

603 (iii) An instrument, other than an asset-backed security, that
604 has a par value and is purchased at a price no greater than one
605 hundred ten percent of par;

606 (iv) An instrument, including an asset-backed security,
607 whose rate of return would become negative only as a result of
608 a prepayment due to casualty, condemnation or economic
609 obsolescence of collateral or change of law;

(v) An asset-backed security that relies on collateral that
meets the requirements of subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph,
the par value of which collateral:

613 (I) Is not permitted to be paid sooner than one half of the614 remaining term to maturity from the date of acquisition;

615 (II) Is permitted to be paid prior to maturity only at a 616 premium sufficient to provide a yield to maturity for the 617 investment, considering the amount prepaid and reinvestment 618 rates at the time of early repayment, at least equal to the yield 619 to maturity of the initial investment; or

(III) Is permitted to be paid prior to maturity at a premium
at least equal to the yield of a treasury issue of comparable
remaining life; or

623 (vi) An asset-backed security that relies on cash flows from624 assets that are not prepayable at any time at par, but is not

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625 otherwise governed by subparagraph (v) of this paragraph, if 626 the asset-backed security has a par value reflecting principal 627 payments to be received if held until retired by or on behalf of 628 the issuer and is purchased at a price no greater than one 629 hundred five percent of such par amount.

630 (B) An asset-backed security that:

631 (i) Relies on cash flows from assets that are prepayable at632 par at any time;

(ii) Does not make payments of par that are fixed as toamount and timing; and

(iii) Has a negative rate of return at the time of acquisition
if a prepayment threshold assumption is used with the prepayment threshold assumption defined as either:

638 (I) Two times the prepayment expectation reported by a 639 recognized, publicly available source as being the median of expectations contributed by broker dealers or other entities, 640 641 except insurers, engaged in the business of selling or evaluating 642 the securities or assets. The prepayment expectation used in 643 this calculation shall be, at the insurer's election, the prepay-644 ment expectation for pass-through securities of the federal 645 national mortgage association, the federal home loan mortgage 646 corporation, the government national mortgage association or 647 for other assets of the same type as the assets that underlie the 648 asset-backed security, in either case with a gross weighted 649 average coupon comparable to the gross weighted average 650 coupon of the assets that underlie the asset-backed security; or

(II) Another prepayment threshold assumption specified by
the commissioner by rule promulgated under section eight of
this article.

654 (C) For purposes of paragraph (B) of this subdivision, if the 655 asset-backed security is purchased in combination with one or more other asset-backed securities that are supported by 656 657 identical underlying collateral, the insurer shall calculate the 658 rate of return for these specific combined asset-backed securi-659 ties in combination. The insurer must maintain documentation demonstrating that the securities were acquired and are continu-660 661 ing to be held in combination.

(81) "State" means a state, territory or possession of theUnited States of America, the District of Columbia or theCommonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(82) "Substantially similar securities" means securities that
meet all criteria for substantially similar specified in the NAIC
accounting practices and procedures manual, as amended, and
in an amount that constitutes good delivery form as determined
from time to time by the public securities administration.

670 (83) "SVO" means the securities valuation office of the671 NAIC or any successor office established by the NAIC.

(84) "Swap" means an agreement to exchange or to net
payments at one or more times based on the actual or expected
price, level, performance or value of one or more underlying
interests.

(85) "Underlying interest" means the assets, liabilities,
other interests or a combination thereof underlying a derivative
instrument, such as any one or more securities, currencies,
rates, indices, commodities or derivative instruments.

680 (86) "Unrestricted surplus" means the amount by which
681 total admitted assets exceed one hundred twenty-five percent of
682 the insurer's required liabilities.

(87) "Warrant" means an instrument that gives the holder the right to purchase an underlying financial instrument at a given price and time or at a series of prices and times outlined in the warrant agreement. Warrants may be issued alone or in connection with the sale of other securities, for example, as part of a merger or recapitalization agreement, or to facilitate divestiture of the securities of another business entity.

# §33-8-3. General investment qualifications.

(a) Insurers shall acquire, hold or invest in investments or
 engage in investment practices as set forth in this article.
 Investments not conforming to this article will not be admitted
 assets.

5 (b) Subject to subsection (c) of this section, an insurer may
6 not acquire or hold an investment as an admitted asset unless at
7 the time of acquisition it is:

8 (1) Eligible for the payment or accrual of interest or 9 discount (whether in cash or other securities), eligible to receive 10 dividends or other distributions or is otherwise income produc-11 ing; or

(2) Acquired under subsection (c), section fifteen of this
article; sections sixteen, eighteen or twenty of this article;
subsection (c), section twenty-eight of this article; sections
twenty-nine, thirty-one or thirty-two of this article; or under the
authority of sections of the code other than this article.

17 (c) An insurer may acquire or hold as admitted assets 18 investments that do not otherwise qualify as provided in this 19 article if the insurer has not acquired them for the purpose of 20 circumventing any limitations contained in this article, if the 21 insurer acquires the investments in the following circumstances 22 and the insurer complies with the provisions of sections five 23 and seven of this article as to the investments:

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(1) As payment on account of existing indebtedness or in
connection with the refinancing, restructuring or workout of
existing indebtedness, if taken to protect the insurer's interest
in that investment;

28 (2) As realization on collateral for an obligation;

(3) In connection with an otherwise qualified investment or
investment practice, as interest on or a dividend or other
distribution related to the investment or investment practice or
in connection with the refinancing of the investment, in each
case for no additional or only nominal consideration;

34 (4) Under a lawful and bona fide agreement of recapitaliza35 tion or voluntary or involuntary reorganization in connection
36 with an investment held by the insurer; or

37 (5) Under a bulk reinsurance, merger or consolidation
38 transaction approved by the commissioner if the assets consti39 tute admissible investments for the ceding, merged or consoli40 dated companies.

41 (d) An investment or portion of an investment acquired by 42 an insurer under subsection (c) of this section shall become a 43 nonadmitted asset three years (or five years in the case of 44 mortgage loans and real estate) from the date of its acquisition, 45 unless within that period the investment has become a qualified investment under a section of this article other than subsection 46 47 (c) of this section, but an investment acquired under an agree-48 ment of bulk reinsurance, merger or consolidation may be qualified for a longer period if so provided in the plan for 49 50 reinsurance, merger or consolidation as approved by the 51 commissioner. Upon application by the insurer and a showing 52 that the nonadmission of an asset held under said subsection 53 would materially injure the interests of the insurer, the commis-54 sioner may extend the period for admissibility for an additional 55 reasonable period of time.

(e) Except as provided in subsections (f) and (h) of this
section, an investment shall qualify under this article if, on the
date the insurer committed to acquire the investment or on the
date of its acquisition, it would have qualified under this article.
For the purposes of determining limitations contained in this
article, an insurer shall give appropriate recognition to any
commitments to acquire investments.

63 (f) Investments held and investment transactions entered64 into before the effective date of this article are valid as follows:

(1) An investment held as an admitted asset by an insurer
on the effective date of this article which qualified under
applicable law in effect before the effective date remains
qualified as an admitted asset under this article; and

69 (2) Each specific transaction constituting an investment
70 practice of the type described in this article that was lawfully
71 entered into by an insurer and was in effect on the effective date
72 of this article continues to be permitted under this article until
73 its expiration or termination under its terms;

74 (g) Unless otherwise specified, an investment limitation computed on the basis of an insurer's admitted assets or capital 75 76 and surplus relates to the amount required to be shown on the 77 statutory balance sheet of the insurer most recently required to 78 be filed with the commissioner. For purposes of computing any 79 limitation based upon admitted assets, the insurer shall deduct from the amount of its admitted assets the amount of the 80 liability recorded on its statutory balance sheet for: 81

82 (1) The return of acceptable collateral received in a reverse83 repurchase transaction or a securities lending transaction;

84 (2) Cash received in a dollar roll transaction; and

(3) The amount reported as borrowed money in the most
recently filed financial statement to the extent not included in
subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

(h) An investment qualified, in whole or in part, for
acquisition or holding as an admitted asset may be qualified or
requalified at the time of acquisition or a later date, in whole or
in part, under any other section, if the relevant conditions
contained in the other section are satisfied at the time of
qualification or requalification.

94 (i) An insurer shall maintain documentation demonstrating
95 that investments were acquired in accordance with this article,
96 and specifying the section of this article under which they were
97 acquired.

(j) An insurer may not enter into an agreement to purchase
securities in advance of their issuance for resale to the public as
part of a distribution of the securities by the issuer or otherwise
guarantee the distribution, except that an insurer may acquire
privately placed securities with registration rights.

(k) Notwithstanding the provisions of this article, the
commissioner, for good cause, may order under the state's
administrative procedures or equivalent, an insurer to nonadmit,
limit, dispose of, withdraw from or discontinue an investment
or investment practice. The authority of the commissioner
under this subsection is in addition to any other authority of the
commissioner.

(1) Insurance futures and insurance futures options are notconsidered investments or investment practices for purposes ofthis article.

# §33-8-4. Authorization of investments by the board of directors.

(a) An insurer's board of directors shall adopt a written plan 1 2 for acquiring and holding investments and for engaging in 3 investment practices that specifies guidelines as to the quality, maturity and diversification of investments and other specifica-4 5 tions including investment strategies intended to assure that the investments and investment practices are appropriate for the 6 business conducted by the insurer, its liquidity needs and its 7 capital and surplus. The board shall review and assess the 8 9 insurer's technical investment and administrative capabilities and expertise before adopting a written plan concerning an 10 investment strategy or investment practice. 11

12 (b) Investments acquired and held under this article shall be 13 acquired and held under the supervision and direction of the board of directors of the insurer. The board of directors shall 14 15 evidence by formal resolution, at least annually, that it has determined whether all investments have been made in accor-16 17 dance with delegations, standards, limitations and investment objectives prescribed by the board or a committee of the board 18 charged with the responsibility to direct its investments. 19

(c) On no less than a quarterly basis, and more often if
considered appropriate, an insurer's board of directors or
committee of the board of directors shall:

(1) Receive and review a summary report on the insurer's
investment portfolio, its investment activities and investment
practices engaged in under delegated authority, in order to
determine whether the investment activity of the insurer is
consistent with its written plan; and

28 (2) Review and revise, as appropriate, the written plan.

(d) In discharging its duties under this section, the board of
directors shall require that records of any authorizations or
approvals, other documentation as the board may require and
reports of any action taken under authority delegated under the
33 plan referred to in subsection (a) of this section shall be made34 available on a regular basis to the board of directors.

(e) In discharging their duties under this section, the
directors of an insurer shall perform their duties in good faith
and with that degree of care that ordinarily prudent individuals
in like positions would use under similar circumstances.

(f) If an insurer does not have a board of directors, all
references to the board of directors in this article shall be
considered to be references to the governing body of the insurer
having authority equivalent to that of a board of directors.

## §33-8-5. Prohibited investments.

1 An insurer may not, directly or indirectly:

2 (a) Invest in an obligation or security or make a guarantee
3 for the benefit of or in favor of an officer or director of the
4 insurer, except as provided in section six of this article;

5 (b) Invest in an obligation or security, make a guarantee for 6 the benefit of or in favor of, or make other investments in a 7 business entity of which ten percent or more of the voting 8 securities or equity interests are owned directly or indirectly by 9 or for the benefit of one or more officers or directors of the 10 insurer, except as authorized in article twenty-seven of this 11 chapter or provided in section six of this article;

(c) Engage on its own behalf or through one or more
affiliates in a transaction or series of transactions designed to
evade the prohibitions of this article;

(d) Invest in a partnership as a general partner, except thatan insurer may make an investment as a general partner:

17 (1) If all other partners in the partnership are subsidiaries of18 the insurer;

19 (2) For the purpose of meeting cash calls committed to prior to the effective date of this article, completing those 20 specific projects or activities of the partnership in which the 21 insurer was a general partner as of the effective date of this 22 article that had been undertaken as of that date, or making 23 24 capital improvements to property owned by the partnership on the effective date of this article if the insurer was a general 25 26 partner as of that date; or

(3) In accordance with subsection (c), section three of this
article, this paragraph does not prohibit a subsidiary or other
affiliate of the insurer from becoming a general partner; or

(e) Invest in or lend its funds upon the security of shares of
its own stock, except that an insurer may acquire shares of its
own stock for the following purposes, but the shares may not be
admitted assets of the insurer:

34 (1) Conversion of a stock insurer into a mutual or reciprocal
 35 insurer or a mutual or reciprocal insurer into a stock insurer;

36 (2) Issuance to the insurer's officers, employees or agents
37 in connection with a plan approved by the commissioner for
38 converting a publicly held insurer into a privately held insurer
39 or in connection with other stock option and employee benefit
40 plans; or

41 (3) In accordance with any other plan approved by the 42 commissioner.

## §33-8-6. Loans to officers and directors.

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(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an
 insurer may not, without the prior written approval of the
 commissioner, directly or indirectly:

4 (1) Make a loan to or other investment in an officer or 5 director of the insurer or a person in which the officer or 6 director has any direct or indirect financial interest;

7 (2) Make a guarantee for the benefit of or in favor of an
8 officer or director of the insurer or a person in which the officer
9 or director has any direct or indirect financial interest; or

(3) Enter into an agreement for the purchase or sale of
property from or to an officer or director of the insurer or a
person in which the officer or director has any direct or indirect
financial interest.

14 (b) For purposes of this section, an officer or director may not be determined to have a financial interest by reason of an 15 interest that is held directly or indirectly through the ownership 16 of equity interests representing less than two percent of all 17 outstanding equity interests issued by a person that is a party to 18 19 the transaction, or solely by reason of that individual's position 20as a director or officer of a person that is a party to the transac-21 tion.

(c) This subsection does not permit an investment that isprohibited by section five of this article.

(d) This subsection does not apply to a transaction between
an insurer and any of its subsidiaries or affiliates that is entered
into in compliance with article twenty-seven of this chapter,
other than a transaction between an insurer and its officer or
director.

(e) An insurer may make, without the prior written approvalof the commissioner:

31 (1) Policy loans in accordance with the terms of the policy32 or contract and section nineteen of this article;

(2) Advances to officers or directors for expenses reasonably expected to be incurred in the ordinary course of the
insurer's business or guarantees associated with credit or charge
cards issued or credit extended for the purpose of financing
these expenses;

(3) Loans secured by the principal residence of an existing
or new officer of the insurer made in connection with the
officer's relocation at the insurer's request, if the loans comply
with the requirements of section fifteen or twenty-eight of this
article and the terms and conditions otherwise are the same as
those generally available from unaffiliated third parties;

44 (4) Secured loans to an existing or new officer of the45 insurer made in connection with the officer's relocation at the46 insurer's request, if the loans:

47 (A) Do not have a term exceeding two years;

48 (B) Are required to finance mortgage loans outstanding at49 the same time on the prior and new residences of the officer;

50 (C) Do not exceed an amount equal to the equity of the 51 officer in the prior residence; and

52 (D) Are required to be fully repaid upon the earlier of the 53 end of the two-year period or the sale of the prior residence; and

54 (5) Loans and advances to officers or directors made in 55 compliance with state or federal law specifically related to the 56 loans and advances by a regulated noninsurance subsidiary or 57 affiliate of the insurer in the ordinary course of business and on 58 terms no more favorable than available to other customers of 59 the entity.

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## **§33-8-7.** Valuation of investments.

1 For the purposes of this article, the value or amount of an 2 investment acquired or held, or an investment practice engaged 3 in, under this article, unless otherwise specified in this code, is the value at which assets of an insurer are required to be 4 reported for statutory accounting purposes as determined in 5 6 accordance with procedures prescribed in published accounting and valuation standards of the NAIC, including the purposes 7 8 and procedures of the securities valuation office, the valuation 9 of securities manual, the accounting practices and procedures manual, the annual statement instructions or any successor 10 11 valuation procedures officially adopted by the NAIC.

## §33-8-8. Rules.

- 1 The commissioner may, in accordance with article one,
- 2 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, promulgate rules imple-
- 3 menting the provisions of this article.

# §33-8-9. Life and health insurers - Applicability.

- 1 Sections ten through twenty, inclusive, of this article apply
- 2 to the investments and investment practices of life and health
- 3 insurers, subject to the provisions of subsection (b), section one
- 4 of this article.

# §33-8-10. Same - General three percent diversification, medium and lower grade investments and Canadian investments.

(a) Except as otherwise specified in this article, an insurer
 may not acquire, directly or indirectly through an investment
 subsidiary, an investment under this article if, as a result of and
 after giving effect to the investment, the insurer would hold
 more than three percent of its admitted assets in investments of
 all kinds issued, assumed, accepted, insured or guaranteed by a

7 single person, or five percent of its admitted assets in invest-

8 ments in the voting securities of a depository institution or any

9 company that controls the institution.

10 (b) This three-percent limitation does not apply to the 11 aggregate amounts insured by a single financial guaranty 12 insurer with the highest generic rating issued by a nationally 13 recognized statistical rating organization.

(c) Asset-backed securities are not subject to the limitations 14 of subsection (a) of this section, however, an insurer may not 15 acquire an asset-backed security if, as a result of and after 16 17 giving effect to the investment, the aggregate amount of asset-backed securities secured by or evidencing an interest in 18 19 a single asset or single pool of assets held by a trust or other 20 business entity, then held by the insurer would exceed three 21 percent of its admitted assets.

22 (d) Medium and lower grade investments. --

An insurer may not acquire, directly or indirectly through an investment subsidiary, an investment under sections eleven, fourteen and seventeen of this article or counterparty exposure under subsection (d), section eighteen of this article if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment:

(1) The aggregate amount of medium and lower grade
investments then held by the insurer would exceed twenty
percent of its admitted assets;

31 (2) The aggregate amount of lower grade investments then
32 held by the insurer would exceed ten percent of its admitted
33 assets;

34 (3) The aggregate amount of investments rated 5 or 6 by the
35 SVO then held by the insurer would exceed three percent of its
36 admitted assets;

37 (4) The aggregate amount of investments rated 6 by the
38 SVO then held by the insurer would exceed one percent of its
39 admitted assets; or

40 (5) The aggregate amount of medium and lower grade
41 investments then held by the insurer that receive as cash income
42 less than the equivalent yield for treasury issues with a compar43 ative average life, would exceed one percent of its admitted
44 assets.

(e) An insurer may not acquire, directly or indirectly
through an investment subsidiary, an investment under sections
eleven, fourteen and seventeen of this article or counterparty
exposure under subsection (d), section eighteen of this article
if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment:

50 (1) The aggregate amount of medium and lower grade 51 investments issued, assumed, guaranteed, accepted or insured 52 by any one person or, as to asset-backed securities secured by 53 or evidencing an interest in a single asset or pool of assets, then 54 held by the insurer would exceed one percent of its admitted 55 assets;

56 (2) The aggregate amount of lower grade investments 57 issued, assumed, guaranteed, accepted or insured by any one 58 person or, as to asset-backed securities secured by or evidenc-59 ing an interest in a single asset or pool of assets, then held by 60 the insurer would exceed one half of one percent of its admitted 61 assets; or

62 (3) If an insurer attains or exceeds the limit of any one
63 rating category referred to in this subsection, the insurer will
64 not be precluded from acquiring investments in other rating
65 categories subject to the specific and multicategory limits
66 applicable to those investments.

67 (f) Canadian investments. --

68 An insurer may not acquire, directly or indirectly through 69 an investment subsidiary, a Canadian investment authorized by this article if, as a result of and after giving effect to the 70 71 investment, the aggregate amount of these investments then 72 held by the insurer would exceed forty percent of its admitted 73 assets, or if the aggregate amount of Canadian investments not 74 acquired under subdivision (2), section eleven of this article then held by the insurer would exceed twenty-five percent of its 75 76 admitted assets.

(g) However, as to an insurer that is authorized to do
business in Canada or that has outstanding insurance, annuity
or reinsurance contracts on lives or risks resident or located in
Canada and denominated in Canadian currency, the limitations
of subsection (f) of this section shall be increased by the greater
of:

83 (1) The amount the insurer is required by Canadian law to84 invest in Canada or to be denominated in Canadian currency; or

85 (2) One hundred fifteen percent of the amount of its
86 reserves and other obligations under contracts on lives or risks
87 resident or located in Canada.

## §33-8-11. Same - Rated credit instruments.

1 (a) Subject to the limitations of subsection (b) of this 2 section, an insurer may acquire rated credit instruments:

3 (1) Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), section ten
4 of this article, but not to the limitations of subsection (a),
5 section ten of this article, an insurer may acquire rated credit
6 instruments issued, assumed, guaranteed or insured by:

7 (A) The United States; or

8 (B) A government-sponsored enterprise of the United 9 States, if the instruments of the government-sponsored enter-10 prise are assumed, guaranteed or insured by the United States 11 or are otherwise backed or supported by the full faith and credit 12 of the United States.

(2) Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), section ten
of this article, but not to the limitations of subsection (a) of said
section, an insurer may acquire rated credit instruments issued,
assumed, guaranteed or insured by:

17 (A) Canada; or

18 (B) A government-sponsored enterprise of Canada, if the 19 instruments of the government-sponsored enterprise are 20 assumed, guaranteed or insured by Canada or are otherwise 21 backed or supported by the full faith and credit of Canada. 22 However, an insurer may not acquire an instrument under this 23 subdivision if, as a result of and after giving effect to the 24 investment, the aggregate amount of investments then held by the insurer under this subdivision would exceed forty percent of 25 26 its admitted assets.

(3) Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), section ten
of this article, but not to the limitations of subsection (a) of said
section, an insurer may acquire rated credit instruments,
excluding asset-backed securities:

31 (A) Issued by a government money market mutual fund, a
32 class one money market mutual fund or a class one bond mutual
33 fund;

34 (B) Issued, assumed, guaranteed or insured by a govern35 ment-sponsored enterprise of the United States other than those
36 eligible under subsection (a) of this section;

37 (C) Issued, assumed, guaranteed or insured by a state, if the38 instruments are general obligations of the state; or

39 (D) Issued by a multilateral development bank. However, 40 an insurer may not acquire an instrument of any one fund, any 41 one enterprise or entity or any one state under this subdivision 42 if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment, the 43 aggregate amount of investments then held in any one fund, 44 enterprise or entity or state under this subdivision would exceed 45 ten percent of its admitted assets.

46 (4) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article,
47 an insurer may acquire preferred stocks that are not foreign
48 investments and that meet the requirements of rated credit
49 instruments if, as a result of and after giving effect to the
50 investment:

51 (A) The aggregate amount of preferred stocks then held by
52 the insurer under this subdivision does not exceed twenty
53 percent of its admitted assets; and

(B) The aggregate amount of preferred stocks then held by
the insurer under this subdivision which are not sinking fund
stocks or rated P1 or P2 by the SVO does not exceed ten
percent of its admitted assets.

(5) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article,
in addition to those investments eligible under subdivisions (1),
(2), (3) and (4) of this section, an insurer may acquire rated
credit instruments that are not foreign investments.

(b) An insurer may not acquire special rated credit instruments under this section if, as a result of and after giving effect
to the investment, the aggregate amount of special rated credit
instruments then held by the insurer would exceed five percent
of its admitted assets.

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# §33-8-12. Same - Insurer investment pools.

(a) An insurer may acquire investments in investment pools
 that:

3 (1) Invest only in:

4 (A) Obligations that are rated 1 or 2 by the SVO or have an 5 equivalent of an SVO 1 or 2 rating (or, in the absence of a 1 or 6 2 rating or equivalent rating, the issuer has outstanding obliga-7 tions with an SVO 1 or 2 or equivalent rating) by a nationally 8 recognized statistical rating organization recognized by the 9 SVO and have:

(i) A remaining maturity of three hundred ninety-seven
days or less or a put that entitles the holder to receive the
principal amount of the obligation which may be exercised
through maturity at specified intervals not exceeding three
hundred ninety-seven days; or

(ii) A remaining maturity of three years or less and a
floating interest rate that resets no less frequently than quarterly
on the basis of a current short-term index (federal funds, prime
rate, treasury bills, London interbank offered rate (LIBOR) or
commercial paper) and is subject to no maximum limit, if the
obligations do not have an interest rate that varies inversely to
market interest rate changes;

(B) Government money market mutual funds or class onemoney market mutual funds; or

(C) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase
transactions that meet all the requirements of section sixteen of
this article, except the quantitative limitations of subdivision
(4), section sixteen of this article; or

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(2) Invest only in investments which an insurer may acquire
under this article, if the insurer's proportionate interest in the
amount invested in these investments does not exceed the
applicable limits of this article.

32 (b) For an investment in an investment pool to be qualified33 under this article, the investment pool may not:

34 (1) Acquire securities issued, assumed, guaranteed or35 insured by the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer;

36 (2) Borrow or incur any indebtedness for borrowed money,
37 except for securities lending and reverse repurchase transac38 tions that meet the requirements of section sixteen of this article
39 except the quantitative limitations of subdivision (4), section
40 sixteen of this article; or

41 (3) Permit the aggregate value of securities then loaned or
42 sold to, purchased from or invested in any one business entity
43 under this section to exceed ten percent of the total assets of the
44 investment pool.

(c) The limitations of subsection (a), section ten of this article do not apply to an insurer's investment in an investment pool, however, an insurer may not acquire an investment in an investment pool under this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment, the aggregate amount of investments then held by the insurer under this section:

51 (1) In any one investment pool would exceed ten percent of52 its admitted assets;

53 (2) In all investment pools investing in investments
54 permitted under subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section
55 would exceed twenty-five percent of its admitted assets; or

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56 (3) In all investment pools would exceed thirty-five percent57 of its admitted assets.

(d) For an investment in an investment pool to be qualifiedunder this article, the manager of the investment pool shall:

60 (1) Be organized under the laws of the United States or a
61 state and designated as the pool manager in a pooling agree62 ment;

(2) Be the insurer, an affiliated insurer or a business entity
affiliated with the insurer, a qualified bank, a business entity
registered under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, as
amended, or, in the case of a reciprocal insurer or interinsurance
exchange, its attorney-in-fact, or in the case of a United States
branch of an alien insurer, its United States manager or affiliates or subsidiaries of its United States manager;

70 (3) Compile and maintain detailed accounting records71 setting forth:

(A) The cash receipts and disbursements reflecting eachparticipant's proportionate investment in the investment pool;

(B) A complete description of all underlying assets of the
investment pool (including amount, interest rate, maturity date
(if any) and other appropriate designations); and

(C) Other records which, on a daily basis, allow third
parties to verify each participant's investment in the investment
pool; and

(4) Maintain the assets of the investment pool in one or
more accounts, in the name of or on behalf of the investment
pool, under a custody agreement with a qualified bank. The
custody agreement shall:

84 (A) State and recognize the claims and rights of each85 participant;

(B) Acknowledge that the underlying assets of the investment pool are held solely for the benefit of each participant in
proportion to the aggregate amount of its investments in the
investment pool; and

90 (C) Contain an agreement that the underlying assets of the
91 investment pool may not be commingled with the general assets
92 of the custodian qualified bank or any other person.

93 (e) The pooling agreement for each investment pool shall94 be in writing and shall provide that:

95 (1) An insurer and its affiliated insurers or, in the case of an investment pool investing solely in investments permitted under 96 97 subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section, the insurer and its 98 subsidiaries, affiliates or any pension or profit sharing plan of 99 the insurer, its subsidiaries and affiliates or, in the case of a 100 United States branch of an alien insurer, affiliates or subsidiar-101 ies of its United States manager, shall, at all times, hold one 102 hundred percent of the interests in the investment pool;

(2) The underlying assets of the investment pool may not be
commingled with the general assets of the pool manager or any
other person;

106 (3) In proportion to the aggregate amount of each pool107 participant's interest in the investment pool:

108 (A) Each participant owns an undivided interest in the 109 underlying assets of the investment pool; and

(B) The underlying assets of the investment pool are heldsolely for the benefit of each participant;

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(4) A participant, or in the event of the participant's
insolvency, bankruptcy or receivership, its trustee, receiver or
other successor-in-interest, may withdraw all or any portion of
its investment from the investment pool under the terms of the
pooling agreement;

117 (5) Withdrawals may be made on demand without penalty 118 or other assessment on any business day, but settlement of 119 funds shall occur within a reasonable and customary period 120 thereafter not to exceed five business days. Distributions under 121 this subdivision shall be calculated in each case net of all then 122 applicable fees and expenses of the investment pool. The 123 pooling agreement shall provide that the pool manager shall 124 distribute to a participant, at the discretion of the pool manager:

- (A) In cash, the then fair market value of the participant'spro rata share of each underlying asset of the investment pool;
- 127 (B) In kind, a pro rata share of each underlying asset; or

(C) In a combination of cash and in kind distributions, a prorata share in each underlying asset; and

(6) The pool manager shall make the records of the invest-ment pool available for inspection by the commissioner.

## §33-8-13. Same - Equity interests.

(a) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article, an
 insurer may acquire equity interests in business entities
 organized under the laws of any domestic jurisdiction.

4 (b) An insurer may not acquire an investment under this 5 section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the invest-6 ment, the aggregate amount of investments then held by the 7 insurer under this section would exceed twenty percent of its 8 admitted assets, or the amount of equity interests then held by

9 the insurer that are not listed on a qualified exchange would 10 exceed five percent of its admitted assets. An accident and 11 sickness insurer, health maintenance organization, hospital . 12 service corporation, medical service corporation, dental service corporation, or health service corporation is not subject to this 13 14 section but is subject to the same aggregate limitation on equity interests as a property and casualty insurer under section 15 twenty-six of this article and also to the provisions of section 16 17 twenty-two of this article.

18 (c) An insurer may not acquire under this section any19 investments that the insurer may acquire under section fifteen20 of this article.

(d) An insurer may not short sell equity investments unless
the insurer covers the short sale by owning the equity investment or an unrestricted right to the equity instrument exercisable within six months of the short sale.

## §33-8-14. Same - Tangible personal property under lease.

1 (a) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article, an 2 insurer may acquire tangible personal property or equity 3 interests in tangible personal property located or used wholly, or in part, within a domestic jurisdiction either directly or 4 5 indirectly through limited partnership interests and general 6 partnership interests not otherwise prohibited by subdivision 7 (4), section five of this article, joint ventures, stock of an 8 investment subsidiary or membership interests in a limited liability company, trust certificates or other similar instruments. 9

10 (b) Investments acquired under subsection (a) of this 11 section are eligible only if:

(1) The property is subject to a lease or other agreementwith a person whose rated credit instruments in the amount of

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the purchase price of the personal property the insurer couldthen acquire under section eleven of this article; and

16 (2) The lease or other agreement provides the insurer the 17 right to receive rental, purchase or other fixed payments for the 18 use or purchase of the property, and the aggregate value of the 19 payments, together with the estimated residual value of the property at the end of its useful life and the estimated tax 20 21 benefits to the insurer resulting from ownership of the property, 22 shall be adequate to return the cost of the insurer's investment 23 in the property, plus a return considered adequate by the 24 insurer.

(c) The insurer shall compute the amount of each investment under this section on the basis of the out-of-pocket purchase price and applicable related expenses paid by the insurer for the investment, net of each borrowing made to finance the purchase price and expenses, to the extent the borrowing is without recourse to the insurer.

(d) An insurer may not acquire an investment under this
section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment, the aggregate amount of all investments then held by the
insurer under this section would exceed:

35 (1) Two percent of its admitted assets; or

36 (2) One half of one percent of its admitted assets as to any37 single item of tangible personal property.

38 (e) For purposes of determining compliance with the 39 limitations of section ten of this article, investments acquired by 40 an insurer under this section shall be aggregated with those 41 acquired under section eleven of this article, and each lessee of 42 the property under a lease referred to in this section shall be 43 considered the issuer of an obligation in the amount of the

44 investment of the insurer in the property determined as pro-45 vided in subsection (c) of this section.

46 (f) Nothing in this section is applicable to tangible personal

47 property lease arrangements between an insurer and its subsid-

48 iaries and affiliates under a cost sharing arrangement or

49 agreement permitted under article twenty-seven of this chapter.

## §33-8-15. Same - Mortgage loans and real estate.

1 (a) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article, an 2 insurer may acquire, either directly, indirectly through limited partnership interests and general partnership interests not 3 otherwise prohibited by subsection (d), section five of this 4 article, joint ventures, stock of an investment subsidiary or 5 membership interests in a limited liability company, trust 6 certificates, or other similar instruments, obligations secured by 7 8 mortgages on real estate situated within a domestic jurisdiction, 9 but a mortgage loan which is secured by other than a first lien may not be acquired unless the insurer is the holder of the first 10 lien. The obligations held by the insurer and any obligations 11 12 with an equal lien priority may not, at the time of acquisition of 13 the obligation, exceed:

(1) Ninety percent of the fair market value of the real estate,
if the mortgage loan is secured by a purchase money mortgage
or like security received by the insurer upon disposition of the
real estate;

(2) Eighty percent of the fair market value of the real estate, 18 if the mortgage loan requires immediate scheduled payment in 19 20periodic installments of principal and interest, has an amortization period of thirty years or less and periodic payments made 21 no less frequently than annually. Each periodic payment shall 22 be sufficient to assure that at all times the outstanding principal 23 24 balance of the mortgage loan is not greater than the outstanding principal balance that would be outstanding under a mortgage 25

26 loan with the same original principal balance, with the same 27 interest rate and requiring equal payments of principal and 28 interest with the same frequency over the same amortization 29 period. Mortgage loans permitted under this subsection are 30 permitted notwithstanding the fact that they provide for a 31 payment of the principal balance prior to the end of the period 32 of amortization of the loan. For residential mortgage loans, the 33 eighty percent limitation may be increased to ninety-seven 34 percent if acceptable private mortgage insurance has been 35 obtained; or

36 (3) Seventy-five percent of the fair market value of the real
37 estate for mortgage loans that do not meet the requirements of
38 subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection.

39 (b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, the 40 amount of an obligation required to be included in the calcula-41 tion of the loan-to-value ratio may be reduced to the extent the 42 obligation is insured by the federal housing administration or 43 guaranteed by the administrator of veterans affairs, or their 44 successors.

(c) A mortgage loan that is held by an insurer under
subsection (f), section three of this article or acquired under this
section and is restructured in a manner that meets the requirements of a restructured mortgage loan in accordance with the
NAIC accounting practices and procedures manual or successor
publication continues to qualify as a mortgage loan under this
article.

(d) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article,
credit lease transactions that do not qualify for investment
under section eleven of this article with the following characteristics are exempt from the provisions of subsection (a) of this
section:

57 (1) The loan amortizes over the initial fixed lease term at
58 least in an amount sufficient so that the loan balance at the end
59 of the lease term does not exceed the original appraised value
60 of the real estate;

61 (2) The lease payments cover or exceed the total debt62 service over the life of the loan;

63 (3) A tenant or its affiliated entity whose rated credit
64 instruments have an SVO 1 or 2 designation or a comparable
65 rating from a nationally recognized statistical rating organiza66 tion recognized by the SVO has a full faith and credit obligation
67 to make the lease payments;

68 (4) The insurer holds or is the beneficial holder of a first69 lien mortgage on the real estate;

(5) The expenses of the real estate are passed through to the
tenant, excluding exterior, structural, parking and heating,
ventilation and air conditioning replacement expenses, unless
annual escrow contributions, from cash flows derived from the
lease payments, cover the expense shortfall; and

(6) There is a perfected assignment of the rents duepursuant to the lease to, or for the benefit of, the insurer.

77 (e) An insurer may acquire, manage and dispose of real 78 estate situated in a domestic jurisdiction either directly or 79 indirectly through limited partnership interests and general 80 partnership interests not otherwise prohibited by subsection (d), section five of this article, joint ventures, stock of an investment 81 82 subsidiary or membership interests in a limited liability 83 company, trust certificates or other similar instruments. The 84 real estate shall be income producing or intended for improvement or development for investment purposes under an existing 85 program (in which case the real estate shall be considered to be 86 87 income producing).

88 (f) Income producing real estate that is acquired, managed 89 or disposed of pursuant to subsection (e) of this section may be 90 subject to mortgages, liens or other encumbrances, the amount of which may, to the extent that the obligations secured by the 91 92 mortgages, liens or encumbrances are without recourse to the 93 insurer, be deducted from the amount of the investment of the 94 insurer in the real estate for purposes of determining compli-95 ance with subsections (i) and (j) of this section.

96 (g) An insurer may acquire, manage, and dispose of real 97 estate for the convenient accommodation of the insurer's 98 (which may include its affiliates) business operations, including 99 home office, branch office and field office operations, as 100 follows:

(1) Real estate acquired under this subsection may include
excess space for rent to others, if the excess space, valued at its
fair market value, would otherwise be a permitted investment
under subsection (e) of this section and is qualified by the
insurer;

(2) The real estate acquired under this subsection may be
subject to one or more mortgages, liens or other encumbrances,
the amount of which may, to the extent that the obligations
secured by the mortgages, liens or encumbrances are without
recourse to the insurer, be deducted from the amount of the
investment of the insurer in the real estate for purposes of
determining compliance with subsection (k) of this section; and

(3) For purposes of this subsection, business operations
may not include that portion of real estate used for the direct
provision of health care services by an accident and sickness
insurer for its insureds. An insurer may acquire real estate used
for these purposes under subsection (e) of this section.

(h) An insurer may not acquire an investment undersubsection (a) of this section if, as a result of and after giving

120 121 122	ments then held by the insurer under subsection (a) of this
123 124	
125 126	
127 128	
129	(i) An insurer may not acquire an investment under
130	• •
13	giving effect to the investment and any outstanding guarantees
132	2 made by the insurer in connection with the investment, the
133	aggregate amount of investments then held by the insurer under
134	subsections (e) and (f) of this section plus the guarantees then
135	outstanding would exceed:
130	(1) One percent of its admitted assets in one parcel or group
13	
138	
139	
140	
14	*
142	the purpose of providing health services; or
14	(2) Fifteen percent of its admitted assets in the aggregate,
144	
14	*
140	(j) An insurer may not acquire an investment under
14'	
148	

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149 insurer in connection with the investment, the aggregate amount

150 of all investments then held by the insurer under subsections (a)

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151 and (e) of this section plus the guarantees then outstanding

152 would exceed forty-five percent of its admitted assets. How-

153 ever, an insurer may exceed this limitation by no more than

154 thirty percent of its admitted assets if:

(1) This increased amount is invested only in residentialmortgage loans;

(2) The insurer has no more than ten percent of its admitted
assets invested in mortgage loans other than residential mortgage loans;

(3) The loan-to-value ratio of each residential mortgage
loan does not exceed sixty percent at the time the mortgage loan
is qualified under this increased authority and the fair market
value is supported by an appraisal no more than two years old,
prepared by an independent appraiser;

(4) A single mortgage loan qualified under this increased
authority may not exceed one half of one percent of its admitted
assets;

(5) The insurer files with the commissioner, and receives
approval from the commissioner for, a plan that is designed to
result in a portfolio of residential mortgage loans that is
sufficiently geographically diversified; and

(6) The insurer agrees to file annually with the commissioner records that demonstrate that its portfolio of residential
mortgage loans is geographically diversified in accordance with
the plan.

(k) The limitations of section ten of this article do not apply
to an insurer's acquisition of real estate under subsection (g) of
this section. An insurer may not acquire real estate under said
subsection if, as a result of and after giving effect to the

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acquisition, the aggregate amount of real estate then held by the
insurer under said subsection would exceed ten percent of its
admitted assets. With the permission of the commissioner,
additional amounts of real estate may be acquired under said
subsection.

# §33-8-16. Same - Securities lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase and dollar roll transactions.

(a) An insurer may enter into securities lending, repurchase,
 reverse repurchase and dollar roll transactions with business
 entities, subject to the following requirements:

4 (1) The insurer's board of directors shall adopt a written
5 plan that is consistent with the requirements of the written plan
6 in subsection (a), section four of this article that specifies
7 guidelines and objectives to be followed, such as:

8 (A) A description of how cash received will be invested or9 used for general corporate purposes of the insurer;

10 (B) Operational procedures to manage interest rate risk, 11 counterparty default risk, the conditions under which proceeds 12 from reverse repurchase transactions may be used in the 13 ordinary course of business and the use of acceptable collateral 14 in a manner that reflects the liquidity needs of the transaction; 15 and

16 (C) The extent to which the insurer may engage in these 17 transactions.

(2) The insurer shall enter into a written agreement for all
transactions authorized in this section other than dollar roll
transactions. The written agreement shall require that each
transaction terminate no more than one year from its inception
or upon the earlier demand of the insurer. The agreement shall
be with the business entity counterparty, but for securities

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lending transactions, the agreement shall be with an agentacting on behalf of the insurer, if the agent is a qualifiedbusiness entity, and if the agreement:

(A) Requires the agent to enter into separate agreements
with each counterparty that are consistent with the requirements
of this section; and

30 (B) Prohibits securities lending transactions under the31 agreement with the agent or its affiliates.

32 (3) Cash received in a transaction under this section shall be 33 invested in accordance with this article and in a manner that 34 recognizes the liquidity needs of the transaction or used by the insurer for its general corporate purposes. For so long as the 35 transaction remains outstanding, the insurer, its agent or 36 37 custodian shall maintain, as to acceptable collateral received in 38 a transaction under this section, either physically or through the book entry systems of the federal reserve, depository trust 39 40 company, participants trust company or other securities depositories approved by the commissioner: 41

42 (A) Possession of the acceptable collateral;

43 (B) A perfected security interest in the acceptable collat-44 eral; or

45 (C) In the case of a jurisdiction outside of the United States,
46 title to, or rights of a secured creditor to, the acceptable
47 collateral.

48 (4) In a securities lending transaction, the insurer shall 49 receive acceptable collateral having a market value as of the 50 transaction date at least equal to one hundred two percent of the 51 market value of the securities loaned by the insurer in the 52 transaction as of that date. If at any time the market value of 53 the acceptable collateral is less than the market value of the 54 the market value of the securities with the market value of the 55 the acceptable collateral is less than the market value of the

54 loaned securities, the business entity counterparty shall be 55 obligated to deliver additional acceptable collateral, the market 56 value of which, together with the market value of all acceptable 57 collateral then held in connection with the transaction, at least 58 equals one hundred two percent of the market value of the 59 loaned securities.

60 (5) In a reverse repurchase transaction, other than a dollar 61 roll transaction, the insurer shall receive acceptable collateral 62 having a market value as of the transaction date at least equal 63 to ninety-five percent of the market value of the securities transferred by the insurer in the transaction as of that date. If at 64 65 any time the market value of the acceptable collateral is less 66 than ninety-five percent of the market value of the securities so transferred, the business entity counterparty is obligated to 67 68 deliver additional acceptable collateral, the market value of 69 which, together with the market value of all acceptable collateral then held in connection with the transaction, at least equals 70 ninety-five percent of the market value of the transferred 71 72 securities.

(6) In a dollar roll transaction, the insurer shall receive cash
in an amount at least equal to the market value of the securities
transferred by the insurer in the transaction as of the transaction
date.

77 (7) In a repurchase transaction, the insurer shall receive as acceptable collateral transferred securities having a market 78 79 value at least equal to one hundred two percent of the purchase price paid by the insurer for the securities. If at any time the 80 market value of the acceptable collateral is less than one 81 82 hundred percent of the purchase price paid by the insurer, the business entity counterparty is obligated to provide additional 83 acceptable collateral, the market value of which, together with 84 the market value of all acceptable collateral then held in 85 connection with the transaction, at least equals one hundred two 86

percent of the purchase price. Securities acquired by an insurer
in a repurchase transaction may not be sold in a reverse
repurchase transaction, loaned in a securities lending transaction or otherwise pledged.

91 (b) The limitations of sections ten and seventeen of this 92 article do not apply to the business entity counterparty exposure 93 created by transactions under this section. For purposes of calculations made to determine compliance with this subsec-94 95 tion, no effect will be given to the insurer's future obligation to 96 resell securities, in the case of a repurchase transaction, or to 97 repurchase securities, in the case of a reverse repurchase 98 transaction. An insurer may not enter into a transaction under 99 this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the 100 transaction:

(1) The aggregate amount of securities then loaned, sold to
or purchased from any one business entity counterparty under
this section would exceed five percent of its admitted assets. In
calculating the amount sold to or purchased from a business
entity counterparty under repurchase or reverse repurchase
transactions, effect will be given to netting provisions under a
master written agreement; or

(2) The aggregate amount of all securities then loaned, sold
to or purchased from all business entities under this section
would exceed forty percent of its admitted assets.

# §33-8-17. Same - Foreign investments and foreign currency exposure.

(a) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article, an
insurer may acquire foreign investments, or engage in investment practices with persons of or in foreign jurisdictions, of
substantially the same types as those that an insurer is permitted
to acquire under this article, other than of the type permitted

6 under section twelve of this article, if, as a result and after7 giving effect to the investment:

8 (1) The aggregate amount of foreign investments then held 9 by the insurer under this subsection does not exceed twenty

10 percent of its admitted assets; and

11 (2) The aggregate amount of foreign investments then held 12 by the insurer under this subsection in a single foreign jurisdic-13 tion does not exceed ten percent of its admitted assets as to a 14 foreign jurisdiction that has a sovereign debt rating of SVO 1 or 15 three percent of its admitted assets as to any other foreign 16 jurisdiction.

(b) Subject to the limitations of section ten of this article,
an insurer may acquire investments, or engage in investment
practices denominated in foreign currencies, whether or not
they are foreign investments acquired under subsection (a) of
this section, or additional foreign currency exposure as a result
of the termination or expiration of a hedging transaction with
respect to investments denominated in a foreign currency, if:

(1) The aggregate amount of investments then held by the
insurer under this subsection denominated in foreign currencies
does not exceed ten percent of its admitted assets; and

27 (2) The aggregate amount of investments then held by the 28 insurer under this subsection denominated in the foreign 29 currency of a single foreign jurisdiction does not exceed ten percent of its admitted assets as to a foreign jurisdiction that has 30 a sovereign debt rating of SVO 1 or three percent of its admit-31 32 ted assets as to any other foreign jurisdiction; an investment 33 will not be considered denominated in a foreign currency if the 34 acquiring insurer enters into one or more contracts in transac-35 tions permitted under section eighteen of this article and the 36 business entity counterparty agrees under the contract or contracts to exchange all payments made on the foreign 37

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currency denominated investment for United States currency at
a rate which effectively insulates the investment cash flows
against future changes in currency exchange rates during the
period the contract or contracts are in effect.

42 (c) In addition to investments permitted under subsections 43 (a) and (b) of this section, an insurer that is authorized to do 44 business in a foreign jurisdiction, and that has outstanding 45 insurance, annuity or reinsurance contracts on lives or risks 46 resident or located in that foreign jurisdiction and denominated 47 in foreign currency of that jurisdiction, may acquire foreign investments respecting that foreign jurisdiction, and may 48 49 acquire investments denominated in the currency of that 50 jurisdiction, subject to the limitations of section ten of this 51 article. However, investments made under this subsection in obligations of foreign governments, their political subdivisions 52 53 and government-sponsored enterprises will not be subject to the limitations of section ten of this article if those investments 54 55 carry an SVO rating of 1 or 2. The aggregate amount of investments acquired by the insurer under this subsection may 56 57 not exceed the greater of:

58 (1) The amount the insurer is required by the law of the 59 foreign jurisdiction to invest in the foreign jurisdiction; or

60 (2) One hundred fifteen percent of the amount of its 61 reserves, net of reinsurance, and other obligations under the 62 contracts on lives or risks resident or located in the foreign 63 jurisdiction.

(d) In addition to investments permitted under subsections
(a) and (b) of this section, an insurer that is not authorized to do
business in a foreign jurisdiction, but which has outstanding
insurance, annuity or reinsurance contracts on lives or risks
resident or located in that foreign jurisdiction and denominated
in foreign currency of that jurisdiction, may acquire foreign

70 investments respecting that foreign jurisdiction, and may acquire investments denominated in the currency of that 71 jurisdiction subject to the limitations of section ten of this 72 73 article. However, investments made under this subsection in 74 obligations of foreign governments, their political subdivisions 75 and government-sponsored enterprises are not subject to the limitations of section ten of this article if those investments 76 77 carry an SVO rating of 1 or 2. The aggregate amount of investments acquired by the insurer under this subsection may 78 79 not exceed one hundred five percent of the amount of its 80 reserves, net of reinsurance, and other obligations under the 81 contracts on lives or risks resident or located in the foreign 82 jurisdiction.

83 (e) Investments acquired under this section shall be 84 aggregated with investments of the same types made under all 85 other sections of this article, and in a similar manner, for purposes of determining compliance with the limitations, if any, 86 contained in the other sections. Investments in obligations of 87 88 foreign governments, their political subdivisions and govern-89 ment-sponsored enterprises of these persons, except for those 90 exempted under subsections (c) and (d) of this section, are subject to the limitations of section ten of this article. 91

## §33-8-18. Same - Derivative transactions.

(a) An insurer may, directly or indirectly through an
 investment subsidiary, engage in derivative transactions under
 this section under the following conditions:

4 (1) An insurer may use derivative instruments under this
5 section to engage in hedging transactions and certain income
6 generation transactions, as these terms may be further defined
7 in rules promulgated by the commissioner.

8 (2) An insurer shall be able to demonstrate to the commis-9 sioner the intended hedging characteristics and the ongoing

11 transactions through cash flow testing or other appropriate12 analyses.

(b) An insurer may enter into hedging transactions underthis section if, as a result of and after giving effect to thetransaction:

(1) The aggregate statement value of options, caps, floors
and warrants not attached to another financial instrument
purchased and used in hedging transactions does not exceed
seven and one-half percent of its admitted assets;

(2) The aggregate statement value of options, caps and
floors written in hedging transactions does not exceed three
percent of its admitted assets; and

(3) The aggregate potential exposure of collars, swaps,
forwards and futures used in hedging transactions does not
exceed six and one-half percent of its admitted assets.

26 (c) An insurer may only enter into the following types of 27 income generation transactions if as a result of and after giving 28 effect to the transactions, the aggregate statement value of the 29 fixed income assets that are subject to call or that generate the cash flows for payments under the caps or floors, plus the face 30 31 value of fixed income securities underlying a derivative 32 instrument subject to call, plus the amount of the purchase 33 obligations under the puts, does not exceed ten percent of its 34 admitted assets:

35 (1) Sales of covered call options on noncallable fixed
36 income securities, callable fixed income securities if the option
37 expires by its terms prior to the end of the noncallable period or
38 derivative instruments based on fixed income securities;

39 (2) Sales of covered call options on equity securities, if the
40 insurer holds in its portfolio, or can immediately acquire
41 through the exercise of options, warrants or conversion rights
42 already owned, the equity securities subject to call during the
43 complete term of the call option sold;

(3) Sales of covered puts on investments that the insurer is
permitted to acquire under this article, if the insurer has
escrowed, or entered into a custodian agreement segregating,
cash or cash equivalents with a market value equal to the
amount of its purchase obligations under the put during the
complete term of the put option sold; or

50 (4) Sales of covered caps or floors, if the insurer holds in its 51 portfolio the investments generating the cash flow to make the 52 required payments under the caps or floors during the complete 53 term that the cap or floor is outstanding.

(d) An insurer shall include all counterparty exposure
amounts in determining compliance with the limitations of
section ten of this article.

(e) Pursuant to rules promulgated under section eight of this
article, the commissioner may approve additional transactions
involving the use of derivative instruments in excess of the
limits of subsection (b) of this section or for other risk management purposes under rules promulgated by the commissioner,
but replication transactions may not be permitted for other than
risk management purposes.

## §33-8-19. Same - Policy loans.

1 A life insurer may lend to a policyholder on the security of 2 the cash surrender value of the policyholder's policy a sum not 3 exceeding the legal reserve that the insurer is required to 4 maintain on the policy.

## §33-8-20. Same - Additional investment authority.

1 (a) Solely for the purpose of acquiring investments that 2 exceed the quantitative limitations of sections ten through 3 seventeen, inclusive, of this article, an insurer may acquire 4 under this subsection an investment, or engage in investment 5 practices described in section sixteen of this article, but an 6 insurer may not acquire an investment, or engage in investment 7 practices described in said section, under this subsection if, as 8 a result of and after giving effect to the transaction:

9 (1) The aggregate amount of investments then held by an 10 insurer under this subsection would exceed three percent of its 11 admitted assets; or

(2) The aggregate amount of investments as to one limitation in sections ten through seventeen, inclusive, of this article
then held by the insurer under this subsection would exceed one
percent of its admitted assets.

16 (b) In addition to the authority provided under subsection 17 (a) of this section, an insurer may acquire under this subsection 18 an investment of any kind, or engage in investment practices 19 described in section sixteen of this article, that are not specifi-20 cally prohibited by this article, without regard to the categories, 21 conditions, standards or other limitations of sections ten 22 through seventeen, inclusive, of this article if, as a result of and 23 after giving effect to the transaction, the aggregate amount of 24 investments then held under this subsection would not exceed 25 the lesser of:

26 (1) Ten percent of its admitted assets; or

(2) Seventy-five percent of its capital and surplus. However, an insurer may not acquire any investment or engage in
any investment practice under this subsection if, as a result of
and after giving effect to the transaction, the aggregate amount

31 of all investments in any one person then held by the insurer

32 under this subsection would exceed three percent of its admitted

33 assets.

34 (c) In addition to the investments acquired under subsec-35 tions (a) and (b) of this section, an insurer may acquire under 36 this subsection an investment of any kind, or engage in invest-37 ment practices described in section sixteen of this article, that 38 are not specifically prohibited by this article without regard to 39 any limitations of sections ten through seventeen, inclusive, of 40 this article if:

41 (1) The commissioner grants prior approval;

42 (2) The insurer demonstrates that its investments are being
43 made in a prudent manner and that the additional amounts will
44 be invested in a prudent manner; and

45 (3) As a result of and after giving effect to the transaction
46 the aggregate amount of investments then held by the insurer
47 under this subsection does not exceed the greater of:

48 (A) Twenty-five percent of its capital and surplus; or

49 (B) One hundred percent of capital and surplus less ten50 percent of its admitted assets.

(d) An investment prohibited under section five of this
article, not permitted under section eighteen of this article or
additional derivative instruments acquired under said section
may not be acquired under this section.

# §33-8-21. Property and casualty, financial guaranty and mortgage guaranty insurers - Applicability.

1 Sections twenty-two through thirty-two, inclusive, of this 2 article apply to the investments and investment practices of

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- 3 property and casualty, financial guaranty and mortgage guar-
- 4 anty insurers, subject to the provisions of subsection (b), section
- 5 one of this article.

## §33-8-22. Same - Reserve requirements.

(a) Subject to all other limitations and requirements of this 1 2 article, a property and casualty, financial guaranty, mortgage guaranty or accident and sickness insurer shall maintain an 3 4 amount at least equal to one hundred percent of adjusted loss reserves and loss adjustment expense reserves, one hundred 5 percent of adjusted unearned premium reserves and one 6 hundred percent of statutorily required policy and contract 7 8 reserves in:

9 (1) Cash and cash equivalents;

10 (2) High and medium grade investments that qualify under11 section twenty-four or twenty-five of this article;

- (3) Equity interests that qualify under section twenty-six ofthis article and that are traded on a qualified exchange;
- (4) Investments of the type set forth in section thirty of this
  article if the investments are rated in the highest generic rating
  category by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization recognized by the SVO for rating foreign jurisdictions and
  if any foreign currency exposure is effectively hedged through
  the maturity date of the investments;
- 20 (5) Qualifying investments of the type set forth in subdivi21 sion (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection that are acquired under
  22 section thirty-two of this article;
- (6) Interest and dividends receivable on qualifying investments of the type set forth in subdivisions (1) through (5),
  inclusive, of this subsection; or

26 (7) Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses.

(b) For purposes of determining the amount of assets to be
maintained under subsection (a) of this section, the calculation
of adjusted loss reserves and loss adjustment expense reserves,
adjusted unearned premium reserves and statutorily required
policy and contract reserves shall be based on the amounts
reported as of the most recent annual or quarterly statement
date.

34 (1) Adjusted loss reserves and loss adjustment expense
35 reserves shall be equal to the sum of the amounts derived from
36 the following calculations:

37 (A) The result of each amount reported by the insurer as
38 losses and loss adjustment expenses unpaid for each accident
39 year for each individual line of business; multiplied by

(B) The discount factor that is applicable to the line of
business and accident year published by the internal revenue
service under Section 846 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
amended, for the calendar year that corresponds to the most
recent annual statement of the insurer; minus

45 (C) Accrued retrospective premiums discounted by an 46 average discount factor. The discount factor shall be calculated 47 by dividing the losses and loss adjustment expenses unpaid 48 after discounting (the product of subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of 49 this paragraph) by loss and loss adjustment expense reserves 50 before discounting subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.

51 (D) For purposes of these calculations, the losses and loss 52 adjustment expenses unpaid shall be determined net of antici-53 pated salvage and subrogation, and gross of any discount for the 54 time value of money or tabular discount.
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(2) Adjusted unearned premium reserves shall be equal tothe result of the following calculation:

57 (A) The amount reported by the insurer as unearned 58 premium reserves; minus

59 (B) The admitted asset amounts reported by the insurer as:

(i) Premiums in and agents' balances in the course of
collection, accident and sickness premiums due and unpaid and
uncollected premiums for accident and sickness premiums;

63 (ii) Premiums, agents' balances and installments booked64 but deferred and not yet due; and

65 (iii) Bills receivable, taken for premium.

66 (3) Statutorily required policy and contract reserves also 67 include, in the case of a financial guaranty insurer, or a mort-68 gage guaranty insurer the contingency reserves, and with 69 respect to accident and sickness insurers the additional or 70 contingency reserves, prescribed by the NAIC in the accounting 71 practices and procedures manual as amended.

72 (c) Monitoring and reporting. --

73 A property and casualty, financial guaranty, mortgage 74 guaranty or accident and health sickness insurer shall supplement its annual statement with a reconciliation and summary of 75 76 its assets and reserve requirements as required in subsection (a) 77 of this section. A reconciliation and summary showing that an 78 insurer's assets as required in said subsection are greater than 79 or equal to its undiscounted reserves referred to in said subsec-80 tion are sufficient to satisfy this requirement. Upon prior 81 notification, the commissioner may require an insurer to submit 82 a reconciliation and summary with any quarterly statement filed 83 during the calendar year.

84 (d) If a property and casualty, financial guaranty, mortgage guaranty or accident and sickness insurer's assets and reserves 85 86 do not comply with subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the 87 insurer shall notify the commissioner immediately of the 88 amount by which the reserve requirements exceed the annual statement value of the qualifying assets, explain why the 89 90 deficiency exists and within thirty days of the date of the notice 91 propose a plan of action to remedy the deficiency.

92 (e) If the commissioner determines that an insurer is not in compliance with subsection (a) of this section, the commis-93 94 sioner shall require the insurer to eliminate the condition 95 causing the noncompliance within a specified time from the 96 date the notice of the commissioner's requirement is mailed or delivered to the insurer. If an insurer fails to comply with the 97 98 commissioner's requirement the insurer is considered to be in hazardous financial condition, and the commissioner may take 99 one or more of the actions authorized by law as to insurers in 100 101 hazardous financial condition.

## §33-8-23. Same - General five percent diversification, medium and lower grade investments and Canadian investments.

1 (a) Except as otherwise specified in this article, an insurer 2 may not acquire directly or indirectly through an investment 3 subsidiary an investment under this article if, as a result of and 4 after giving effect to the investment, the insurer would hold 5 more than five percent of its admitted assets in investments of 6 all kinds issued, assumed, accepted, insured or guaranteed by a 7 single person.

8 (b) The five percent limitation set forth in subsection (a) of 9 this section does not apply to the aggregate amounts insured by 10 a single financial guaranty insurer with the highest generic 13 (c) Asset-backed securities are not subject to the limitations 14 of subsection (a) of this section, however an insurer may not acquire an asset-backed security if, as a result of and after 15 16 giving effect to the investment, the aggregate amount of 17 asset-backed securities secured by or evidencing an interest in 18 a single asset or single pool of assets held by a trust or other 19 business entity, then held by the insurer would exceed five 20 percent of its admitted assets.

(d) An insurer may not acquire, directly or indirectly
through an investment subsidiary, an investment under sections
twenty-four, twenty-seven and thirty of this article or
counterparty exposure under subsection (d), section thirty-one
of this article if, as a result of and after giving effect to the
investment:

(1) The aggregate amount of all medium and lower grade
investments then held by the insurer would exceed twenty
percent of its admitted assets;

30 (2) The aggregate amount of lower grade investments then
31 held by the insurer would exceed ten percent of its admitted
32 assets;

33 (3) The aggregate amount of investments rated 5 or 6 by the
34 SVO then held by the insurer would exceed five percent of its
35 admitted assets;

36 (4) The aggregate amount of investments rated 6 by the
37 SVO then held by the insurer would exceed one percent of its
38 admitted assets; or

39 (5) The aggregate amount of medium and lower grade40 investments then held by the insurer that receive as cash income

41 less than the equivalent yield for treasury issues with a compar-

42 ative average life, would exceed one percent of its admitted43 assets.

(e) An insurer may not acquire, directly or indirectly
through an investment subsidiary, an investment under section
twenty-four, twenty-seven or thirty of this article or
counterparty exposure under subsection (d), section thirty-one
of this article if, as a result of and after giving effect to the
investment:

50 (1) The aggregate amount of medium and lower grade 51 investments issued, assumed, guaranteed, accepted or insured 52 by any one person or, as to asset-backed securities secured by 53 or evidencing an interest in a single asset or pool of assets, then 54 held by the insurer would exceed one percent of its admitted 55 assets; or

56 (2) The aggregate amount of lower grade investments 57 issued, assumed, guaranteed, accepted or insured by any one 58 person or, as to asset-backed securities secured by or evidenc-59 ing an interest in a single asset or pool of assets, then held by 60 the insurer would exceed one half of one percent of its admitted 61 assets.

62 (f) If an insurer attains or exceeds the limit of any one 63 rating category referred to in subsection (d) or (e) of this 64 section, the insurer may not be precluded from acquiring 65 investments in other rating categories subject to the specific and 66 multicategory limits applicable to those investments.

67 (g) An insurer may not acquire, directly or indirectly 68 through an investment subsidiary, any Canadian investments 69 authorized by this article, if as a result of and after giving effect 70 to the investment, the aggregate amount of these investments 71 then held by the insurer would exceed forty percent of its 72 admitted assets, or if the aggregate amount of Canadian

73 investments not acquired under subsection (b), section twenty-four of this article then held by the insurer would exceed 74 75 twenty-five percent of its admitted assets. However, as to an 76 insurer that is authorized to do business in Canada or that has 77 outstanding insurance, annuity or reinsurance contracts on lives 78 or risks resident or located in Canada and denominated in 79 Canadian currency, the limitations of this subsection shall be 80 increased by the greater of:

81 (1) The amount the insurer is required by Canadian law to82 invest in Canada or to be denominated in Canadian currency; or

83 (2) One hundred twenty-five percent of the amount of its
84 reserves and other obligations under contracts on risks resident
85 or located in Canada.

## §33-8-24. Same - Rated credit instruments.

(a) Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), section
twenty-three of this article, but not to the limitations of subsection (a) of said section, an insurer may acquire rated credit
instruments issued, assumed, guaranteed or insured by:

5 (1) The United States; or

6 (2) A government-sponsored enterprise of the United 7 States, if the instruments of the government-sponsored enter-8 prise are assumed, guaranteed or insured by the United States 9 or are otherwise backed or supported by the full faith and credit 10 of the United States.

(b) Subject to the limitations of subsections (d), (e) and (f),
section twenty-three of this article, but not to the limitations of
subsections (a), (b) and (c) of said section, an insurer may
acquire rated credit instruments issued, assumed, guaranteed or
insured by:

16 (1) Canada; or

17 (2) A government-sponsored enterprise of Canada, if the 18 instruments of the government-sponsored enterprise are 19 assumed, guaranteed or insured by Canada or are otherwise 20 backed or supported by the full faith and credit of Canada; 21 however, an insurer may not acquire an instrument under this 22 subdivision if, as a result of and after giving effect to the 23 investment, the aggregate amount of investments then held by the insurer under this subsection would exceed forty percent of 24 25 its admitted assets.

(c) Subject to the limitations of subsections (d), (e) and (f),
section twenty-three of this article, but not to the limitations of
subsections (a), (b) and (c) of said section, an insurer may
acquire rated credit instruments, excluding asset-backed
securities:

31 (1) Issued by a government money market mutual fund, a
32 class one money market mutual fund or a class one bond mutual
33 fund;

34 (2) Issued, assumed, guaranteed or insured by a govern35 ment-sponsored enterprise of the United States other than those
36 eligible under subsection (a) of this section;

(3) Issued, assumed, guaranteed or insured by a state, if theinstruments are general obligations of the state; or

(4) Issued by a multilateral development bank. However,
an insurer may not acquire an instrument of any one fund, any
one enterprise or entity, or any one state under this subsection
if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment, the
aggregate amount of investments then held in any one fund,
enterprise or entity or state under this subsection would exceed
ten percent of its admitted assets.

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(d) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this
article, an insurer may acquire preferred stocks that are not
foreign investments and that meet the requirements of rated
credit instruments if, as a result of and after giving effect to the
investment:

(1) The aggregate amount of preferred stocks then held by
the insurer under this subsection does not exceed twenty
percent of its admitted assets; and

54 (2) The aggregate amount of preferred stocks then held by 55 the insurer under this subsection which are not sinking fund 56 stocks or rated P1 or P2 by the SVO does not exceed ten 57 percent of its admitted assets.

(e) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this
article in addition to those investments eligible under subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section, an insurer may acquire
rated credit instruments that are not foreign investments.

(f) An insurer may not acquire special rated credit instruments under this section if, as a result of and after giving effect
to the investment, the aggregate amount of special rated credit
instruments then held by the insurer would exceed five percent
of its admitted assets.

## §33-8-25. Same - Insurer investment pools.

(a) An insurer may acquire investments in investment pools
 that:

3 (1) Invest only in:

4 (A) Obligations that are rated 1 or 2 by the SVO or have an

5 equivalent of an SVO 1 or 2 rating (or, in the absence of a 1 or

6 2 rating or equivalent rating, the issuer has outstanding obliga-

7 tions with an SVO 1 or 2 or equivalent rating) by a nationally

8 recognized statistical rating organization recognized by the9 SVO and have:

(i) A remaining maturity of three hundred ninety-seven
days or less or a put that entitles the holder to receive the
principal amount of the obligation which put may be exercised
through maturity at specified intervals not exceeding three
hundred ninety-seven days; or

(ii) A remaining maturity of three years or less and a
floating interest rate that resets no less frequently than quarterly
on the basis of a current short-term index (federal funds, prime
rate, treasury bills, LIBOR or commercial paper) and is subject
to no maximum limit, if the obligations do not have an interest
rate that varies inversely to market interest rate changes;
(B) Government money market mutual funds or class one

21 (B) Government money market mutual funds or class 4 22 money market mutual funds; or

(C) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase
transactions that meet all the requirements of section
twenty-nine of this article, except the quantitative limitations of
subsection (b), section twenty-nine of this article; or

(2) Invest only in investments which an insurer may acquire
under this article, if the insurer's proportionate interest in the
amount invested in these investments does not exceed the
applicable limits of this article.

31 (b) For an investment in an investment pool to be qualified32 under this article, the investment pool may not:

33 (1) Acquire securities issued, assumed, guaranteed or34 insured by the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer;

35 (2) Borrow or incur any indebtedness for borrowed money,
 36 except for securities lending and reverse repurchase transac-

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37 tions that meet the requirements of section twenty-nine of this

38 article except the quantitative limitations of subsection (b),

39 section twenty-nine of this article; or

40 (3) Permit the aggregate value of securities then loaned or
41 sold to, purchased from or invested in any one business entity
42 under this section to exceed ten percent of the total assets of the
43 investment pool.

(c) The limitations of subsection (a), section twenty-three
of this article do not apply to an insurer's investment in an
investment pool, however an insurer may not acquire an
investment in an investment pool under this section if, as a
result of and after giving effect to the investment, the aggregate
amount of investments then held by the insurer under this
section:

51 (1) In any one investment pool would exceed ten percent of52 its admitted assets;

53 (2) In all investment pools investing in investments
54 permitted under subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section
55 would exceed twenty-five percent of its admitted assets; or

56 (3) In all investment pools would exceed forty percent of its57 admitted assets.

(d) For an investment in an investment pool to be qualifiedunder this article, the manager of the investment pool shall:

60 (1) Be organized under the laws of the United States or a
61 state and designated as the pool manager in a pooling agree62 ment;

63 (2) Be the insurer, an affiliated insurer or a business entity
64 affiliated with the insurer, a qualified bank, a business entity
65 registered under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, as

66 amended, or, in the case of a reciprocal insurer or interinsurance

67 exchange, its attorney-in-fact, or in the case of a United States

68 branch of an alien insurer, its United States manager or affili-

69 ates or subsidiaries of its United States manager;

70 (3) Compile and maintain detailed accounting records71 setting forth:

(A) The cash receipts and disbursements reflecting eachparticipant's proportionate investment in the investment pool;

(B) A complete description of all underlying assets of the
investment pool (including amount, interest rate, maturity date
(if any) and other appropriate designations); and

(C) Other records which, on a daily basis, allow third
parties to verify each participant's investment in the investment
pool; and

80 (4) Maintain the assets of the investment pool in one or 81 more accounts, in the name of or on behalf of the investment 82 pool, under a custody agreement with a qualified bank. The 83 custody agreement shall:

84 (A) State and recognize the claims and rights of each85 participant;

(B) Acknowledge that the underlying assets of the investment pool are held solely for the benefit of each participant in
proportion to the aggregate amount of its investments in the
investment pool; and

90 (C) Contain an agreement that the underlying assets of the
91 investment pool may not be commingled with the general assets
92 of the custodian qualified bank or any other person.

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95 (1) An insurer and its affiliated insurers or, in the case of an 96 investment pool investing solely in investments permitted under 97 subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section, the insurer and its 98 subsidiaries, affiliates or any pension or profit sharing plan of 99 the insurer, its subsidiaries and affiliates or, in the case of a 100 United States branch of an alien insurer, affiliates or subsidiar-101 ies of its United States manager, shall, at all times, hold one 102 hundred percent of the interests in the investment pool;

(2) The underlying assets of the investment pool may not be
commingled with the general assets of the pool manager or any
other person;

106 (3) In proportion to the aggregate amount of each pool107 participant's interest in the investment pool:

108 (A) Each participant owns an undivided interest in the109 underlying assets of the investment pool; and

(B) The underlying assets of the investment pool are heldsolely for the benefit of each participant;

(4) A participant, or in the event of the participant's
insolvency, bankruptcy or receivership, its trustee, receiver or
other successor-in-interest, may withdraw all or any portion of
its investment from the investment pool under the terms of the
pooling agreement;

(5) Withdrawals may be made on demand without penalty
or other assessment on any business day, but settlement of
funds shall occur within a reasonable and customary period
thereafter not to exceed five business days. Distributions under
this subdivision shall be calculated in each case net of all then
applicable fees and expenses of the investment pool. The

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pooling agreement shall provide that the pool manager shalldistribute to a participant, at the discretion of the pool manager:

(A) In cash, the then fair market value of the participant'spro rata share of each underlying asset of the investment pool;

127 (B) In kind, a pro rata share of each underlying asset; or

(C) In a combination of cash and in kind distributions, a prorata share in each underlying asset; and

(6) The pool manager shall make the records of the invest-ment pool available for inspection by the commissioner.

## **§33-8-26.** Same - Equity interests.

(a) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this
 article, an insurer may acquire equity interests in business
 entities organized under the laws of any domestic jurisdiction.

4 (b) An insurer may not acquire an investment under this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the invest-5 6 ment, the aggregate amount of investments then held by the 7 insurer under this section would exceed the greater of 8 twenty-five percent of its admitted assets or one hundred 9 percent of its surplus as regards policyholders: Provided, That the aggregate investments of a health maintenance organization 10 may not exceed the greater of thirty percent of its admitted 11 12 assets or one hundred percent of its total capital and surplus.

(c) An insurer may not acquire under this section any
investments that the insurer may acquire under section
twenty-eight of this article.

(d) An insurer may not short sell equity investments unlessthe insurer covers the short sale by owning the equity invest-

18 ment or an unrestricted right to the equity instrument exercis-

19 able within six months of the short sale.

## §33-8-27. Same - Tangible personal property under lease.

1 (a) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this 2 article, an insurer may acquire tangible personal property or equity interests therein located or used, wholly or in part, within 3 a domestic jurisdiction either directly or indirectly through 4 limited partnership interests and general partnership interests 5 not otherwise prohibited by subdivision (d), section five of this 6 7 article, joint ventures, stock of an investment subsidiary or membership interests in a limited liability company, trust 8 certificates or other similar instruments. 9

10 (b) Investments acquired under subsection (a) of this 11 section are eligible only if:

(1) The property is subject to a lease or other agreement
with a person whose rated credit instruments in the amount of
the purchase price of the personal property the insurer could
then acquire under section twenty-four of this article; and

16 (2) The lease or other agreement provides the insurer the right to receive rental, purchase or other fixed payments for the 17 use or purchase of the property, and the aggregate value of the 18 19 payments, together with the estimated residual value of the 20 property at the end of its useful life and the estimated tax benefits to the insurer resulting from ownership of the property, 21 22 is adequate to return the cost of the insurer's investment in the property, plus a return considered adequate by the insurer. 23

(c) The insurer shall compute the amount of each investment under this section on the basis of the out-of-pocket
purchase price and applicable related expenses paid by the
insurer for the investment, net of each borrowing made to

finance the purchase price and expenses, to the extent theborrowing is without recourse to the insurer.

30 (d) An insurer may not acquire an investment under this
31 section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the invest32 ment, the aggregate amount of all investments then held by the

33 insurer under this section would exceed:

34 (1) Two percent of its admitted assets; or

35 (2) One half of one percent of its admitted assets as to any36 single item of tangible personal property.

37 (e) For purposes of determining compliance with the 38 limitations of section twenty-three of this article, investments 39 acquired by an insurer under this section shall be aggregated 40 with those acquired under section twenty-four of this article, 41 and each lessee of the property under a lease referred to in this 42 section shall be considered the issuer of an obligation in the 43 amount of the investment of the insurer in the property deter-44 mined as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

(f) Nothing in this section is applicable to tangible personal
property lease arrangements between an insurer and its subsidiaries and affiliates under a cost sharing arrangement or
agreement permitted under this article.

## §33-8-28. Same - Mortgage loans and real estate.

1 (a) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this article, an insurer may acquire, either directly, indirectly 2 3 through limited partnership interests and general partnership 4 interests not otherwise prohibited by subdivision (4), section five of this article, joint ventures, stock of an investment 5 6 subsidiary or membership interests in a limited liability company, trust certificates, or other similar instruments, 7 8 obligations secured by mortgages on real estate situated within

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9 a domestic jurisdiction, but a mortgage loan which is secured
10 by other than a first lien may not be acquired unless the insurer
11 is the holder of the first lien. The obligations held by the
12 insurer and any obligations with an equal lien priority, may not,
13 at the time of acquisition of the obligation, exceed:

(1) Ninety percent of the fair market value of the real estate,
if the mortgage loan is secured by a purchase money mortgage
or like security received by the insurer upon disposition of the
real estate;

18 (2) Eighty percent of the fair market value of the real estate, 19 if the mortgage loan requires immediate scheduled payment in periodic installments of principal and interest, has an amortiza-20 21 tion period of thirty years or less and periodic payments made 22 no less frequently than annually. Each periodic payment shall 23 be sufficient to assure that at all times the outstanding principal 24 balance of the mortgage loan is not greater than the outstanding principal balance which would be outstanding under a mortgage 25 26 loan with the same original principal balance, with the same 27 interest rate and requiring equal payments of principal and 28 interest with the same frequency over the same amortization 29 period. Mortgage loans permitted under this subsection are 30 permitted notwithstanding the fact that they provide for a payment of the principal balance prior to the end of the period 31 of amortization of the loan. For residential mortgage loans, the 32 33 eighty percent limitation may be increased to ninety-seven 34 percent if acceptable private mortgage insurance has been 35 obtained; or

36 (3) Seventy-five percent of the fair market value of the real
37 estate for mortgage loans that do not meet the requirements of
38 subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection.

39 (b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, the40 amount of an obligation required to be included in the calcula-

41 tion of the loan-to-value ratio may be reduced to the extent the
42 obligation is insured by the federal housing administration or
43 guaranteed by the administrator of veterans affairs, or their

44 successors.

(c) A mortgage loan that is held by an insurer under subsection (f), section three of this article or acquired under this section and is restructured in a manner that meets the requirements of a restructured mortgage loan in accordance with the NAIC accounting practices and procedures manual or successor publication continues to qualify as a mortgage loan under this article.

(d) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this
article, credit lease transactions that do not qualify for investment under section twenty-four of this article with the following characteristics are exempt from the provisions of subsection
(a) of this section:

57 (1) The loan amortizes over the initial fixed lease term at
58 least in an amount sufficient so that the loan balance at the end
59 of the lease term does not exceed the original appraised value
60 of the real estate;

61 (2) The lease payments cover or exceed the total debt62 service over the life of the loan;

(3) A tenant or its affiliated entity whose rated credit
instruments have a SVO 1 or 2 designation or a comparable
rating from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization recognized by the SVO has a full faith and credit obligation
to make the lease payments;

68 (4) The insurer holds or is the beneficial holder of a first69 lien mortgage on the real estate;

(5) The expenses of the real estate are passed through to the
tenant, excluding exterior, structural, parking and heating,
ventilation and air conditioning replacement expenses, unless
annual escrow contributions, from cash flows derived from the
lease payments, cover the expense shortfall; and

(6) There is a perfected assignment of the rents duepursuant to the lease to, or for the benefit of, the insurer.

77 (e) An insurer may acquire, manage and dispose of real 78 estate situated in a domestic jurisdiction either directly or 79 indirectly through limited partnership interests and general 80 partnership interests not otherwise prohibited by subsection (d), section five of this article, joint ventures, stock of an investment 81 82 subsidiary or membership interests in a limited liability 83 company, trust certificates, or other similar instruments. The real estate shall be income producing or intended for improve-84 85 ment or development for investment purposes under an existing 86 program (in which case the real estate shall be considered to be income producing). 87

88 (f) The income producing real estate that is acquired, 89 managed or disposed of pursuant to subsection (e) of this section may be subject to mortgages, liens or other encum-90 91 brances, the amount of which may, to the extent that the 92 obligations secured by the mortgages, liens or encumbrances 93 are without recourse to the insurer, be deducted from the 94 amount of the investment of the insurer in the real estate for purposes of determining compliance with subsections (i) and (j) 95 96 of this section.

97

(g) Real estate for the accommodation of business. --

98 An insurer may acquire, manage, and dispose of real estate
99 for the convenient accommodation of the insurer's (which may
100 include its affiliates) business operations, including home
101 office, branch office and field office operations, as follows:

(1) Real estate acquired under this subsection may include
excess space for rent to others, if the excess space, valued at its
fair market value, would otherwise be a permitted investment
under subsection (e) of this section and is qualified by the
insurer;

(2) The real estate acquired under this subsection may be
subject to one or more mortgages, liens or other encumbrances,
the amount of which may, to the extent that the obligations
secured by the mortgages, liens or encumbrances are without
recourse to the insurer, be deducted from the amount of the
investment of the insurer in the real estate for purposes of
determining compliance with subsection (k) of this section; and

114 (3) For purposes of this subsection, business operations 115 may not include that portion of real estate used for the direct 116 provision of health care services by an insurer whose insurance premiums and required statutory reserves for accident and 117 sickness insurance constitute at least ninety-five percent of total 118 premium considerations or total statutory required reserves, 119 120 respectively. An insurer may acquire real estate used for these 121 purposes under subsection (e) of this section.

(h) An insurer may not acquire an investment under
subsection (a) of this section if, as a result of and after giving
effect to the investment, the aggregate amount of all investments
ments then held by the insurer under subsection (a) of this
section would exceed:

(1) One percent of its admitted assets in mortgage loanscovering any one secured location;

(2) One quarter of one percent of its admitted assets inconstruction loans covering any one secured location; or

(3) One percent of its admitted assets in construction loansin the aggregate.

(i) An insurer may not acquire an investment under
subsections (e) and (f) of this section if, as a result of and after
giving effect to the investment and any outstanding guarantees
made by the insurer in connection with the investment, the
aggregate amount of investments then held by the insurer under
subsections (e) and (f) of this section plus the guarantees then
outstanding would exceed:

140 (1) One percent of its admitted assets in any one parcel or 141 group of contiguous parcels of real estate, except that this limitation may not apply to that portion of real estate used for 142 143 the direct provision of health care services by an insurer whose 144 insurance premiums and required statutory reserves for accident and sickness constitute at least ninety-five percent of total 145 146 premium considerations or total statutory required reserves, respectively, such as hospitals, medical clinics, medical 147 148 professional buildings or other health facilities used for the 149 purpose of providing health services; or

150 (2) The lesser of ten percent of its admitted assets or forty 151 percent of its surplus as regards policyholders in the aggregate, except for an insurer whose insurance premiums and required 152 153 statutory reserves for accident and sickness insurance constitute at least ninety-five percent of total premium considerations or 154 155 total statutory required reserves, respectively, this limitation shall be increased to fifteen percent of its admitted assets in the 156 157 aggregate.

(j) An insurer may not acquire an investment under subsection (a) or (b) of this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the investment and any guarantees it has made in connection with the investment, the aggregate amount of all investments then held by the insurer under subsections (a) and (b) of this section plus the guarantees then outstanding would exceed twenty-five percent of its admitted assets.

165 (k) The limitations of section twenty-three of this article do 166 not apply to an insurer's acquisition of real estate under subsection (g) of this section. An insurer may not acquire real 167 168 estate under said subsection if, as a result of and after giving effect to the acquisition, the aggregate amount of all real estate 169 170 then held by the insurer under said subsection would exceed ten percent of its admitted assets. With the permission of the 171 172 commissioner, additional amounts of real estate may be 173 acquired under said subsection.

## §33-8-29. Same - Securities lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase and dollar roll transactions.

(a) An insurer may enter into securities lending, repurchase,
 reverse repurchase and dollar roll transactions with business
 entities, subject to the following requirements:

4 (1) The insurer's board of directors shall adopt a written 5 plan that is consistent with the requirements of the written plan 6 in subsection (a), section four of this article that specifies 7 guidelines and objectives to be followed, such as:

8 (A) A description of how cash received will be invested or9 used for general corporate purposes of the insurer;

10 (B) Operational procedures to manage interest rate risk, 11 counterparty default risk, the conditions under which proceeds 12 from reverse repurchase transactions may be used in the 13 ordinary course of business and the use of acceptable collateral 14 in a manner that reflects the liquidity needs of the transaction; 15 and

16 (C) The extent to which the insurer may engage in these 17 transactions.

(2) The insurer shall enter into a written agreement for alltransactions authorized in this section other than dollar roll

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transactions. The written agreement shall require that each transaction terminate no more than one year from its inception or upon the earlier demand of the insurer. The agreement shall be with the business entity counterparty, but for securities lending transactions, the agreement shall be with an agent acting on behalf of the insurer, if the agent is a qualified business entity, and if the agreement:

(A) Requires the agent to enter into separate agreements
with each counterparty that are consistent with the requirements
of this section; and

30 (B) Prohibits securities lending transactions under the 31 agreement with the agent or its affiliates.

32 (3) Cash received in a transaction under this section shall be 33 invested in accordance with this article and in a manner that recognizes the liquidity needs of the transaction or used by the 34 insurer for its general corporate purposes. For so long as the 35 transaction remains outstanding, the insurer, its agent or 36 37 custodian shall maintain, as to acceptable collateral received in 38 a transaction under this section, either physically or through the 39 book entry systems of the federal reserve, depository trust 40 company, participants trust company or other securities 41 depositories approved by the commissioner:

42 (A) Possession of the acceptable collateral;

43 (B) A perfected security interest in the acceptable collat-44 eral; or

45 (C) In the case of a jurisdiction outside of the United States,
46 title to, or rights of a secured creditor to, the acceptable
47 collateral.

48 (4) In a securities lending transaction, the insurer shall49 receive acceptable collateral having a market value as of the

transaction date at least equal to one hundred two percent of the 50 market value of the securities loaned by the insurer in the 51 transaction as of that date. If at any time the market value of 52 53 the acceptable collateral is less than the market value of the loaned securities, the business entity counterparty shall be 54 obligated to deliver additional acceptable collateral, the market 55 value of which, together with the market value of all acceptable 56 collateral then held in connection with the transaction, at least 57 equals one hundred two percent of the market value of the 58 loaned securities. 59

60 (5) In a reverse repurchase transaction, (other than a dollar roll transaction), the insurer shall receive acceptable collateral 61 having a market value as of the transaction date at least equal 62 63 to ninety-five percent of the market value of the securities 64 transferred by the insurer in the transaction as of that date. If at 65 any time the market value of the acceptable collateral is less than ninety-five percent of the market value of the securities 66 transferred, the business entity counterparty is obligated to 67 deliver additional acceptable collateral, the market value of 68 69 which, together with the market value of all acceptable collat-70 eral then held in connection with the transaction, at least equals 71 ninety-five percent of the market value of the transferred 72 securities.

(6) In a dollar roll transaction, the insurer shall receive cash
in an amount at least equal to the market value of the securities
transferred by the insurer in the transaction as of the transaction
date.

(7) In a repurchase transaction, the insurer shall receive as
acceptable collateral transferred securities having a market
value at least equal to one hundred two percent of the purchase
price paid by the insurer for the securities. If at any time the
market value of the acceptable collateral is less than one
hundred percent of the purchase price paid by the insurer, the

83 business entity counterparty is obligated to provide additional acceptable collateral, the market value of which, together with 84 85 the market value of all acceptable collateral then held in 86 connection with the transaction, at least equals one hundred two 87 percent of the purchase price. Securities acquired by an insurer in a repurchase transaction may not be sold in a reverse 88 89 repurchase transaction, loaned in a securities lending transac-90 tion or otherwise pledged.

91 (b) The limitations of sections twenty-three and thirty of 92 this article do not apply to the business entity counterparty 93 exposure created by transactions under this section. For purposes of calculations made to determine compliance with 94 95 this subdivision, no effect will be given to the insurer's future 96 obligation to resell securities, in the case of a repurchase 97 transaction, or to repurchase securities, in the case of a reverse 98 repurchase transaction. An insurer may not enter into a 99 transaction under this section if, as a result of and after giving 100 effect to the transaction:

(1) The aggregate amount of securities then loaned, sold to
or purchased from any one business entity counterparty under
this section would exceed five percent of its admitted assets. In
calculating the amount sold to or purchased from a business
entity counterparty under repurchase or reverse repurchase
transactions, effect will be given to netting provisions under a
master written agreement; or

108 (2) The aggregate amount of all securities then loaned, sold to or purchased from all business entities under this section 109 would exceed forty percent of its admitted assets but the 110 111 limitation of this subdivision does not apply to reverse repurchase transactions for so long as the borrowing is used to meet 112 113 operational liquidity requirements resulting from an officially 114 declared catastrophe and subject to a plan approved by the 115 commissioner.

# §33-8-30. Same - Foreign investments and foreign currency exposure.

(a) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this
article, an insurer may acquire foreign investments, or engage
in investment practices with persons of or in foreign jurisdictions, of substantially the same types as those that an insurer is
permitted to acquire under this article, other than of the type
permitted under section twenty-five of this article, if, as a result
and after giving effect to the investment:

8 (1) The aggregate amount of foreign investments then held
9 by the insurer under this subsection does not exceed twenty
10 percent of its admitted assets; and

11 (2) The aggregate amount of foreign investments then held 12 by the insurer under this subsection in a single foreign jurisdic-13 tion does not exceed ten percent of its admitted assets as to a 14 foreign jurisdiction that has a sovereign debt rating of SVO 1 or 15 five percent of its admitted assets as to any other foreign 16 jurisdiction.

17 (b) Subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this article, an insurer may acquire investments, or engage in 18 19 investment practices denominated in foreign currencies, 20 whether or not they are foreign investments acquired under 21 subsection (a) of this section, or additional foreign currency exposure as a result of the termination or expiration of a 22 23 hedging transaction with respect to investments denominated in 24 a foreign currency, if:

(1) The aggregate amount of investments then held by the
insurer under this subsection denominated in foreign currencies
does not exceed fifteen percent of its admitted assets; and

(2) The aggregate amount of investments then held by theinsurer under this subsection denominated in the foreign

30 currency of a single foreign jurisdiction does not exceed ten 31 percent of its admitted assets as to a foreign jurisdiction that has a sovereign debt rating of SVO 1 or five percent of its admitted 32 assets as to any other foreign jurisdiction. 33 However, an 34 investment will not be considered denominated in a foreign 35 currency if the acquiring insurer enters into one or more 36 contracts in transactions permitted under section thirty-one of 37 this article and the business entity counterparty agrees under the 38 contract or contracts to exchange all payments made on the 39 foreign currency denominated investment for United States 40 currency at a rate which effectively insulates the investment 41 cash flows against future changes in currency exchange rates 42 during the period the contract or contracts are in effect.

43 (c) In addition to investments permitted under subsections 44 (a) and (b) of this section, an insurer that is authorized to do 45 business in a foreign jurisdiction, and that has outstanding 46 insurance, annuity or reinsurance contracts on lives or risks resident or located in that foreign jurisdiction and denominated 47 48 in foreign currency of that jurisdiction, may acquire foreign 49 investments respecting that foreign jurisdiction, and may 50 acquire investments denominated in the currency of that jurisdiction, subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of 51 this article. However, investments made under this subsection 52 in obligations of foreign governments, their political subdivi-53 54 sions and government-sponsored enterprises are not subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this article if those 55 56 investments carry an SVO rating of 1 or 2. The aggregate 57 amount of investments acquired by the insurer under this 58 subsection may not exceed the greater of:

59 (1) The amount the insurer is required by law to invest in60 the foreign jurisdiction; or

61 (2) One hundred twenty-five percent of the amount of its 62 reserves, net of reinsurance, and other obligations under the 63 contracts.

64 (d) In addition to investments permitted under subsections (a) and (b) of this section, an insurer that is not authorized to do 65 business in a foreign jurisdiction but which has outstanding 66 insurance, annuity or reinsurance contracts on lives or risks 67 resident or located in a foreign jurisdiction and denominated in 68 69 foreign currency of that jurisdiction, may acquire foreign 70 investments respecting that foreign jurisdiction and may acquire investments denominated in the currency of that jurisdiction 71 72 subject to the limitations set forth in section twenty-three of this 73 article. However, investments made under this subsection in obligations of foreign governments, their political subdivisions 74 75 and government-sponsored enterprises are not subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this article if those 76 investments carry an SVO rating of 1 or 2. The aggregate 77 amount of investments acquired by the insurer under this 78 79 subsection may not exceed one hundred five percent of the amount of its reserves, net of reinsurance, and other obligations 80 81 under the contracts on risks resident or located in the foreign 82 jurisdiction.

83 (e) Investments acquired under this section shall be aggregated with investments of the same types made under all 84 85 other sections of this article, and in a similar manner, for purposes of determining compliance with the limitations, if any, 86 87 contained in the other sections. Investments in obligations of foreign governments, their political subdivisions and govern-88 89 ment-sponsored enterprises of these persons, except for those 90 exempted under subsections (c) and (d) of this section, are 91 subject to the limitations of section twenty-three of this article.

#### §33-8-31. Same - Derivative transactions.

(a) An insurer may, directly or indirectly through an
 investment subsidiary, engage in derivative transactions under
 this section under the following conditions:

4 (1) An insurer may use derivative instruments under this
5 section to engage in hedging transactions and certain income
6 generation transactions, as these terms may be further defined
7 in rules promulgated by the commissioner.

8 (2) An insurer must be able to demonstrate to the commis-9 sioner the intended hedging characteristics and the ongoing 10 effectiveness of the derivative transaction or combination of 11 transactions through cash flow testing or other appropriate 12 analyses.

(b) An insurer may enter into hedging transactions underthis section if, as a result of and after giving effect to thetransaction:

(1) The aggregate statement value of options, caps, floors
and warrants not attached to another financial instrument
purchased and used in hedging transactions does not exceed
seven and one-half percent of its admitted assets;

(2) The aggregate statement value of options, caps and
floors written in hedging transactions does not exceed three
percent of its admitted assets; and

(3) The aggregate potential exposure of collars, swaps,
forwards and futures used in hedging transactions does not
exceed six and one-half percent of its admitted assets.

(c) An insurer may only enter into the following types of
income generation transactions if as a result of and after giving
effect to the transactions, the aggregate statement value of the
fixed income assets that are subject to call plus the face value
of fixed income securities underlying a derivative instrument

31 subject to call, plus the amount of the purchase obligations32 under the puts, does not exceed ten percent of its admitted33 assets:

(1) Sales of covered call options on noncallable fixed
income securities, callable fixed income securities if the option
expires by its terms prior to the end of the noncallable period or
derivative instruments based on fixed income securities;

(2) Sales of covered call options on equity securities, if the
insurer holds in its portfolio, or can immediately acquire
through the exercise of options, warrants or conversion rights
already owned, the equity securities subject to call during the
complete term of the call option sold; or

(3) Sales of covered puts on investments that the insurer is
permitted to acquire under this article, if the insurer has
escrowed, or entered into a custodian agreement segregating,
cash or cash equivalents with a market value equal to the
amount of its purchase obligations under the put during the
complete term of the put option sold.

49 (d) An insurer shall include all counterparty exposure50 amounts in determining compliance with the limitations of51 section twenty-three of this article.

(e) Pursuant to rules promulgated under section eight of this
article, the commissioner may approve additional transactions
involving the use of derivative instruments in excess of the
limits of subsection (b) of this section or for other risk management purposes under rules promulgated by the commissioner,
but replication transactions may not be permitted for other than
risk management purposes.

## §33-8-32. Same - Additional investment authority.

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1 (a) An insurer may acquire under this section investments, 2 or engage in investment practices, of any kind that are not specifically prohibited by this article, or engage in investment 3 4 practices, without regard to any limitation in sections 5 twenty-three through thirty of this article, but an insurer may 6 not acquire an investment or engage in an investment practice 7 under this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the 8 transaction, the aggregate amount of the investments then held by the insurer under this section would exceed the greater of: 9

- 10 (1) Its unrestricted surplus; or
- 11 (2) The lesser of:
- 12 (A) Ten percent of its admitted assets; or
- 13 (B) Fifty percent of its surplus as regards policyholders.

(b) An insurer may not acquire any investment or engage in
any investment practice under subdivision (2), subsection (a) of
this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the
transaction the aggregate amount of all investments in any one
person then held by the insurer under that subsection would
exceed five percent of its admitted assets.

## ARTICLE 9. ADMINISTRATION OF DEPOSITS.

## §33-9-3. Assets eligible for deposit.

(a) All deposits required for a license to transact insurance
in West Virginia shall consist of cash or any combination of the
government obligations described in paragraph (A) or (B),
subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven, article eight of
this chapter or paragraph (A), (B) or (C), subdivision (3) of said
subsection.

7 (b) All deposits required pursuant to the laws of another 8 state, province or country, or pursuant to the retaliatory

9 provision, section sixteen, article three of this chapter, shall

10 consist of those assets that are required or permitted by the

11 laws, or as required pursuant to the retaliatory provision.

## ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

## §33-22-11. Surplus or emergency fund.

(a) Each company may accumulate a surplus or emergency
 fund in an amount determined advisable by its board of
 directors.

4 (b) The first twenty-five thousand dollars of the accumu-5 lated surplus shall be in cash or invested in government 6 securities described in subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (a), 7 section twenty-four, article eight of this chapter or subdivision 8 (1), (2) or (3), subsection (c) of said section, and the balance of 9 the surplus may be invested in any of the other classes of 10 investments described in article eight of this chapter subject to 11 the limitations as to each class provided therein.

12 (c) All assets of the company other than the accumulated 13 surplus shall be in cash or invested in the government securities described in subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (a), section 14 15 twenty-four, article eight of this chapter or subdivision (1), (2)16 or (3), subsection (c) of said section: Provided, That any 17 company having received an extension of its license to permit it to issue policies of insurance pursuant to subsection (c), 18 19 section eight, article twenty-two of this chapter shall with the 20 prior approval of the commissioner be permitted to invest all assets of the company other than the accumulated surplus in the 21 22 investments that are authorized by sections twenty-three 23 through thirty-two, inclusive, of said article.

## ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

## §33-23-31. Investments.

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(a) A domestic society shall invest its funds only in the investments that are authorized by sections ten through twenty, inclusive, article eight of this chapter for the investment of the assets of domestic insurers.

5 (b) Foreign and alien societies shall have investments of the 6 same general quality as required of domestic societies, except 7 that other investments authorized by the laws of the foreign or 8 alien society's state or country of domicile may be recognized 9 as assets in the discretion of the commissioner.

## ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SER-VICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPO-RATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

## §33-24-10. Investments; bonds of corporate officers and employees, minimum statutory surplus.

1 (a) The funds of any corporation shall be invested only as 2 follows:

3 (1) The first two million dollars of the funds shall be in
4 cash or government securities of the type described in para5 graph (A) or (B), subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven,
6 article eight of this chapter or paragraph (A), (B) or (C),
7 subdivision (3) of said subsection.

(2) The balance of the funds may be in cash, invested in the 8 9 classes of investments described in subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven, article eight of this chapter or invested in the 10 classes of investments described in the following sections of 11 12 article eight of this chapter: Subdivision (4), subsection (a) and section eleven (preferred stock), section twelve (investment 13 pools), section thirteen (equity interests), section fourteen 14 (tangible personal property under lease), section fifteen 15 (mortgage loans and real estate), section sixteen (securities 16 17 lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase and dollar roll transac-

18 tions), section seventeen (foreign investments) and section

19 eighteen (derivative transactions). All investments are subject

- 20 to all the restrictions and conditions contained in said article
- 21 eight as applying to similar investments of insurers generally.

(b) Every officer or employee of any corporation, who is
entrusted with the handling of its funds, shall furnish, in an
amount fixed by the board of directors of the corporation, with
the approval of the commissioner, a bond with corporate surety,
conditioned upon the faithful performance of all his or her
duties.

28 (c) A corporation shall have and maintain statutory surplus 29 funds of at least two million dollars: Provided, That any 30 corporation duly licensed under this article in West Virginia 31 prior to the effective date of this section whose surplus require-32 ments are increased by virtue of this section shall maintain 33 statutory surplus funds of at least five hundred thousand dollars 34 after the effective date of this section, and any corporation is 35 then subject to the full two million dollar statutory surplus 36 requirement.

## ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

## §33-25A-4. Issuance of certificate of authority.

1 (1) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of 2 authority, the commissioner shall determine whether the 3 application for a certificate of authority, with respect to health 4 care services to be furnished, has demonstrated:

5 (a) The willingness and potential ability of the organization 6 to assure that basic health services will be provided in a manner 7 to enhance and assure both the availability and accessibility of 8 adequate personnel and facilities;

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9 (b) Arrangements for an ongoing evaluation of the quality 10 of health care provided by the organization and utilization 11 review which meet those standards required by the commis-12 sioner by rule; and

(c) That the organization has a procedure to develop,
compile, evaluate and report statistics relating to the cost of its
operations, the pattern of utilization of its services, the quality,
availability and accessibility of its services and any other
matters reasonably required by rule.

(2) The commissioner shall issue or deny a certificate of
authority to any person filing an application within one hundred
twenty days after receipt of the application. Issuance of a
certificate of authority shall be granted upon payment of the
application fee prescribed, if the commissioner is satisfied that
the following conditions are met:

(a) The health maintenance organization's proposed plan of
operation meets the requirements of subsection (1) of this
section;

27 (b) The health maintenance organization will effectively 28 provide or arrange for the provision of at least basic health care 29 services on a prepaid basis except for copayments: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve a 30 31 health maintenance organization from the obligations to provide 32 health care services because of the nonpayment of copayments 33 unless the enrollee fails to make payment in at least three 34 instances over any twelve-month period: Provided, however, 35 That nothing in this section shall permit a health maintenance 36 organization to charge copayments to medicare beneficiaries or 37 medicaid recipients in excess of the copayments permitted 38 under those programs, nor shall a health maintenance organiza-39 tion be required to provide services to the medicare beneficia-40 ries or medicaid recipients in excess of the benefits compen-41 sated under those programs;

42 (c) The health maintenance organization is financially
43 responsible and may reasonably be expected to meet its
44 obligations to enrollees and prospective enrollees. In making
45 this determination, the commissioner may consider:

46 (i) The financial soundness of the health maintenance
47 organization's arrangements for health care services and the
48 proposed schedule of charges used in connection with the health
49 care services;

50 (ii) That the health maintenance organization has and 51 maintains the following:

52 (A) If a for-profit stock corporation, at least one million53 dollars of fully paid-in capital stock; or

(B) If a nonprofit corporation, at least one million dollarsof statutory surplus funds; and

56 (C) Both for-profit and nonprofit health maintenance 57 organization, additional surplus funds of at least one million 58 dollars;

(iii) Any arrangements that will guarantee for the continuation of benefits and payments to providers for services rendered both prior to and after insolvency for the duration of the contract period for which payment has been made, except that benefits to members who are confined on the date of insolvency in an inpatient facility shall be continued until their discharge; and

66 (iv) Any agreement with providers for the provision of 67 health care services;

68 (d) Reasonable provisions have been made for emergency69 and out-of-area health care services;

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73 (f) The health maintenance organization has demonstrated 74 that it will assume full financial risk on a prospective basis for 75 the provision of health care services, including hospital care: 76 *Provided*, That the requirement of this subdivision shall not 77 prohibit a health maintenance organization from obtaining 78 reinsurance acceptable to the commissioner from an accredited 79 reinsurer or making other arrangements acceptable to the 80 commissioner:

(i) For the cost of providing to any enrollee health care
services, the aggregate value of which exceeds four thousand
dollars in any year;

(ii) For the cost of providing health care services to its
members on a nonelective emergency basis, or while they are
outside the area served by the organization; or

(iii) For not more than ninety-five percent of the amount by
which the health maintenance organization's costs for any of its
fiscal years exceed one hundred five percent of its income for
those fiscal years;

91 (g) The ownership, control and management of the organi-92 zation is competent and trustworthy and possesses managerial 93 experience that would make the proposed health maintenance 94 organization operation beneficial to the subscribers. The 95 commissioner may, at his or her discretion, refuse to grant or 96 continue authority to transact the business of a health mainte-97 nance organization in this state at any time during which the 98 commissioner has probable cause to believe that the ownership, 99 control or management of the organization includes any person 100 whose business operations are or have been marked by business

practices or conduct that is to the detriment of the public,stockholders, investors or creditors;

103 (h) The health maintenance organization has deposited and maintained in trust with the state treasurer, for the protection of 104 105 its subscribers or its subscribers and creditors, cash or govern-106 ment securities eligible for the investment of capital funds of 107 domestic insurers as described in paragraph (A) or (B), subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven, article eight of this 108 chapter or paragraph (A), (B) or (C), subdivision (3) of said 109 subsection, in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; and 110

111 (i) The health maintenance organization has a quality assurance program which has been reviewed by the commis-112 113 sioner or by a nationally recognized accreditation and review 114 organization approved by the commissioner; meets at least those standards set forth in section seventeen-a of this article; 115 116 and is determined satisfactory by the commissioner. If the 117 commissioner determines that the quality assurance program of 118 a health maintenance organization is deficient in any significant 119 area, the commissioner, in addition to other remedies provided 120 in this chapter, may establish a corrective action plan that the health maintenance organization must follow as a condition to 121 122 the issuance of a certificate of authority: Provided, That in 123 those instances where a health maintenance organization has 124 timely applied for and reasonably pursued a review of its 125 quality assurance program, but the review has not been com-126 pleted, the health maintenance organization shall submit proof 127 to the commissioner of its application for that review.

(3) A certificate of authority shall be denied only aftercompliance with the requirements of section twenty-one of thisarticle.

(4) No person who has not been issued a certificate ofauthority shall use the words "health maintenance organization"

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133 or the initials "HMO" in its name, contracts, logo or literature: Provided, That persons who are operating under a contract with, 134 135 operating in association with, enrolling enrollees for, or 136 otherwise authorized by a health maintenance organization 137 licensed under this article to act on its behalf may use the terms 138 "health maintenance organization", or "HMO" for the limited 139 purpose of denoting or explaining their association or relation-140 ship with the authorized health maintenance organization. No 141 health maintenance organization which has a minority of board 142 members who are consumers shall use the words "consumer 143 controlled" in its name or in any way represent to the public 144 that it is controlled by consumers.

## ARTICLE 25D. PREPAID LIMITED HEALTH SERVICE ORGANIZATION.

## §33-25D-5. Issuance of certificate of authority.

1 (a) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of 2 authority, the commissioner shall determine whether the 3 application for a certificate of authority, with respect to limited 4 health services to be furnished has demonstrated:

5 (1) The willingness and potential ability of the organization 6 to assure that limited health services will be provided in such a 7 manner as to enhance and assure both the availability and 8 accessibility of adequate personnel and facilities;

9 (2) Arrangements for an ongoing evaluation of the quality 10 of health care provided by the organization and utilization 11 review which meet the minimum standards set forth in section 12 nineteen of this article;

(3) That the organization has a procedure to develop,
compile, evaluate and report statistics relating to the cost of its
operations, the pattern of utilization of its services, the quality,
availability and accessibility of its services and other matters as
may be reasonably required by rule.

(b) The commissioner shall issue or deny a certificate of
authority to any person filing an application within one hundred
twenty days after receipt of the application. Issuance of a
certificate of authority shall be granted upon payment of the
application fee prescribed, if the commissioner is satisfied that
the following conditions are met:

(1) The prepaid limited health service organization's
proposed plan of operation meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this section;

27 (2) The prepaid limited health service organization will 28 effectively provide or arrange for the provision of no more than 29 four limited health services on a prepaid basis except for 30 copayments: Provided, That nothing in this section relieves a 31 prepaid limited health service organization from the obligations 32 to provide a limited health service because of the nonpayment 33 of copayments unless the enrollee fails to make payment in at 34 least three instances over any twelve-month period: Provided, 35 *however*, That nothing in this section permits a prepaid limited 36 health service organization to charge copayments to medicare 37 beneficiaries or medicaid recipients in excess of the 38 copayments permitted under those programs, nor is a prepaid 39 limited health service organization required to provide a limited 40 health service to medicare beneficiaries or medicaid recipients 41 in excess of the benefits compensated under those programs;

42 (3) The prepaid limited health service organization is
43 financially responsible and may reasonably be expected to meet
44 its obligations to enrollees and prospective enrollees. In
45 making this determination, the commissioner may consider:

46 (A) The financial soundness of the prepaid limited health
47 service organization's arrangements for no more than four
48 limited health services and the proposed schedule of charges
49 used in connection with each limited health service offered;

52 (C) Any arrangements which will guarantee the continua-53 tion of benefits and payments to providers for services rendered 54 both prior to and after insolvency for the duration of the 55 contract period for which payment has been made, except that 56 benefits to members who are confined on the date of insolvency 57 in an inpatient facility shall be continued until their discharge; 58 and

59 (D) Any agreement with providers for the provision of60 limited health care services;

61 (4) The enrollees will be afforded an opportunity to
62 participate in matters of policy and operation pursuant to
63 section eight of this article;

64 (5) The prepaid limited health service organization has 65 demonstrated that it will assume full financial risk on a pro-66 spective basis for the provision of no more than four limited 67 health services: *Provided*, That notwithstanding the requirement 68 of this subdivision, a prepaid limited health service organization 69 may obtain reinsurance acceptable to the commissioner from an 70 accredited reinsurer or make other arrangements:

(A) For the cost of providing to any enrollee limited health
services, the aggregate value of which exceeds four thousand
dollars in any year;

(B) For the cost of providing no more than four limitedhealth services to its enrollees on a nonelective emergencybasis; or

(C) For not more than ninety-five percent of the amount bywhich the prepaid limited health service organization's costs for

any of its fiscal years exceed one hundred five percent of itsincome for those fiscal years;

81 (6) The ownership, control and management of the prepaid 82 limited health service organization is competent and trustwor-83 thy and possesses managerial experience that would make the proposed organization operation beneficial to the subscribers. 84 85 The commissioner may, at his or her discretion, refuse to grant or continue authority to transact the business of a prepaid 86 limited health service organization in this state at any time 87 88 during which the commissioner has probable cause to believe 89 that the ownership, control or management of the organization 90 includes any person whose business operations are or have been 91 marked by business practices or conduct that is to the detriment 92 of the public, stockholders, investors or creditors; and

93 (7) The prepaid limited health service organization has 94 deposited and maintained in trust with the state treasurer, for the protection of its subscribers or its subscribers and creditors, 95 96 cash or government securities eligible for the investment of 97 capital funds of domestic insurers as described in paragraph (A) 98 or (B), subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven, article eight of this chapter or paragraph (A), (B) or (C), subdivision 99 100(3) of said subsection, in the amount of fifty thousand dollars.

101 (c) A certificate of authority may be denied only after102 compliance with the requirements of section twenty-three of103 this article.

(d) No person who has not been issued a certificate of
authority may use the words"prepaid limited health service
organization" or the initials"PLHSO" in its name, contracts,
logo or literature: *Provided*, That persons who are operating
under a contract with, operating in association with, enrolling
enrollees for, or otherwise authorized by a prepaid limited
health service organization licensed under this article to act on

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111 its behalf may use the terms" prepaid limited health service 112 organization" or"PLHSO" for the limited purpose of denoting or explaining their association or relationship with the autho-113 rized prepaid limited health service organization. No prepaid 114 limited health service organization which has a minority of 115 board members who are consumers may use 116 the words" consumer controlled" in its name or in any way repre-117 118 sent to the public that it is controlled by consumers.

## ARTICLE 27. INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS.

## §33-27-2a. Subsidiaries of insurers; authorization; investment authority; exemptions; qualifications; cessation of controls.

(a) Any domestic insurer, either by itself or in cooperation
 with one or more persons, may organize or acquire one or more
 subsidiaries engaged in the following kinds of business with the
 commissioner's prior approval:

- 5 (1) Any kind of insurance business authorized by the 6 jurisdiction in which it is incorporated;
- 7 (2) Acting as an insurance agent for its parent or for any of8 its parent's insurer subsidiaries;

9 (3) Investing, reinvesting or trading in securities for its own 10 account, that of its parent, any subsidiary of its parent, or any 11 affiliate or subsidiary;

- (4) Management of any investment company subject to or
  registered pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940, as
  amended, including related sales and services;
- (5) Acting as a broker-dealer subject to or registeredpursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;

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17 18	(6) Rendering investment advice to governments, govern- ment agencies, corporations or other organizations or groups;		
19 20 21 22	(7) Rendering other services related to the operations of an insurance business, including, but not limited to, actuarial, loss prevention, safety engineering, data processing, accounting, claims, appraisal and collection services;		
23 24	(8) Ownership and management of assets wh corporation could itself own or manage;	ich the parent	
25 26	(9) Acting as administrative agent for a ginstrumentality which is performing an insurance	-	
27 28	(10) Financing of insurance premiums, age forms of consumer financing;	ents and other	
29 30	(11) Any other business activity determined by sioner to be reasonably ancillary to an insurance	•	
31 32 33	(12) Owning a corporation or corporation organized to engage exclusively in one or more nesses specified in this section; and		
34 35	(13) Organizing or acquiring one or more sub are depository institutions.	bsidiaries that	
36 37 38 39	(b) In addition to investments in common sto stock, debt obligations and other securities permit other provision of this chapter, a domestic insu- with the commissioner's prior approval:	tted under any	
40 41 42 43 44	(1) Invest in common stock, preferred stock tions and other securities of one or more subsidia which do not exceed the lesser of ten percent of assets or fifty percent of the insurer's surplu policyholders: <i>Provided</i> , That after the inve	aries, amounts f the insurer's us as regards	

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45 insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in 46 relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to 47 its financial needs. In calculating the amount of the invest-48 ments, investments in domestic or foreign insurance subsidiar-49 ies shall be excluded and there shall be included:

50 (A) Total net moneys or other consideration expended and 51 obligations assumed in the acquisition or formation of a subsidiary, including all organizational expenses and contribu-52 tions to capital and surplus of the subsidiary whether or not 53 54 represented by the purchase of capital stock or issuance of other 55 securities; and

56 (B) All amounts expended in acquiring additional common 57 stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and other securities, and 58 all contributions to the capital or surplus, of a subsidiary 59 subsequent to its acquisition or formation;

60 (2) Invest any amount in common stock, preferred stock, 61 debt obligations and other securities of one or more subsidiaries 62 engaged or organized to engage exclusively in the ownership 63 and management of assets authorized as investments for the 64 insurer: Provided, That each subsidiary agrees to limit its 65 investments in any asset so that the investments will not cause the amount of the total investment of the insurer to exceed any 66 of the investment limitations specified in subdivision (1) of this 67 68 subsection or in article eight of this chapter applicable to the 69 insurer. For the purpose of this subdivision, "the total invest-70 ment of the insurer" includes:

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(A) Any direct investment by the insurer in an asset; and

72 (B) The insurer's proportionate share of any investment in 73 an asset by any subsidiary of the insurer, which shall be 74 calculated by multiplying the amount of the subsidiary's investment by the percentage of the ownership of the subsid-iary.

(3) With the approval of the commissioner, invest any
greater amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations or other securities of one or more subsidiaries: *Provided*,
That after investment the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.

(c) Investments in common stock, preferred stock, debt
obligations or other securities of subsidiaries made pursuant to
subsection (b) of this section are not subject to any of the
otherwise applicable restrictions or prohibitions contained in
this chapter applicable to the investments of insurers.

88 (d) Whether any investment pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section meets the applicable requirements of said 89 90 subsections is to be determined before the investment is made, 91 by calculating the applicable investment limitations as though the investment had already been made, taking into account the 92 93 then outstanding principal balance on all previous investments 94 in debt obligations, and the value of all previous investments in 95 equity securities as of the day they were made, net of any return 96 of capital invested, not including dividends.

97 (e) If an insurer ceases to control a subsidiary, it shall 98 dispose of any investment in the subsidiary made pursuant to 99 this section within three years from the time of the cessation of 100control or within any further time prescribed by the commis-101 sioner, unless at any time after the investment was made, the 102 investment meets the requirements for investment under any 103 other provision of this chapter and the insurer has notified the commissioner of compliance with the provisions of this chapter. 104